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A bill to be entitled An act relating to economic development; amending s. 163.3202, F.S.; requiring each county and municipality to adopt and enforce land development regulations in accordance with the submitted comprehensive plan; amending s. 212.098, F.S.; providing a sales tax refund for purchases of electricity by certain eligible businesses; providing an annual cap on the total amount of tax refunds that may be approved; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules; amending s. 288.0001, F.S.; requiring an analysis of the New Markets Development Program in the Economic Development Programs Evaluation; amending s. 288.005, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 288.006, F.S.; providing requirements for loan programs relating to accountability and proper stewardship of funds; authorizing the Auditor General to conduct audits for a specified purpose; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 288.061, F.S.; deleting an incorrect cross-reference; amending s. 288.8013, F.S.; clarifying that the Auditor General's annual audit of the Recovery Fund and Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc., is a performance audit; amending s. 288.8014, F.S.; providing that terms of the initial appointments to the board of directors of Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc.,

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begin after the Legislature appropriates funds to the Recovery Fund; providing initial appointment term limits; providing that the audit by the retained independent certified public accountant is annual; amending s. 288.987, F.S.; increasing the amount of funds that may be spent on staffing and administrative expenses of the Florida Defense Support Task Force; amending s. 290.0411, F.S.; revising legislative intent for purposes of the Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program; amending s. 290.044, F.S.; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to adopt rules establishing a competitive selection process for loan guarantees and grants awarded under the block grant program; revising the criteria for the award of grants; amending s. 290.046, F.S.; revising limits on the number of grants that an applicant may apply for and receive; revising the requirement that the department conduct a site visit before awarding a grant; requiring the department to rank applications according to criteria established by rule and to distribute funds according to the rankings; revising scoring factors to consider in ranking applications; revising requirements for public hearings; providing that the creation of a citizen advisory task force is discretionary, rather than

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required; deleting a requirement that a local government obtain consent from the department for an alternative citizen participation plan; amending s. 290.047, F.S.; revising the maximum amount and percentage of block grant funds that may be spent on certain costs and expenses; amending s. 290.0475, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 290.048, F.S.; deleting a provision authorizing the department to adopt and enforce strict requirements concerning an applicant's written description of a service area; amending s. 331.3051, F.S.; requiring Space Florida to consult with the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation, rather than with Enterprise Florida, Inc., in developing a space tourism marketing plan; authorizing Space Florida to enter into an agreement with the corporation, rather than with Enterprise Florida, Inc., for a specified purpose; revising the research and development duties of Space Florida; creating s. 331.371, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Transportation to fund strategic spaceport launch support facilities investment projects under certain conditions; repealing s. 443.036(26), F.S., relating to the definition of the term "initial skills review"; amending s. 443.091, F.S.; deleting the requirement

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that an unemployed individual take an initial skill review before he or she is eligible to receive reemployment assistance benefits; requiring the department to make available for such individual a voluntary online assessment that identifies an individual's skills, abilities, and career aptitude; requiring information from such assessment to be made available to certain groups; revising the requirement that the department offer certain training opportunities; amending s. 443.1116, F.S.; defining the term "employer sponsored training"; revising the requirements for a short-term compensation plan to be approved by the department; revising the treatment of fringe benefits in such plan; requiring an employer to describe the manner in which the employer will implement the plan; requiring the director to approve the plan if it is consistent with employer obligations under law; prohibiting the department from denying short-time compensation benefits to certain individuals; amending s. 443.141, F.S.; providing an employer payment schedule for specified years' contributions to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund; providing applicability; amending s. 443.151, F.S.; requiring the department to provide an alternate means for filing claims when the approved electronic

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101	method is unavailable; amending ss. 125.271, 163.3177,
102	163.3187, 163.3246, 211.3103, 212.098, 218.67, F.S.;
103	renaming "rural areas of critical economic concern" as
104	"rural areas of opportunity"; amending s. 288.018,
105	F.S.; revising the maximum amount of grants that may
106	be awarded; renaming "rural areas of critical economic
107	concern" as "rural areas of opportunity"; amending ss.
108	288.065, 288.0655, 288.0656, 288.1088, 288.1089,
109	290.0055, 339.2819, 339.63, 373.4595, and 380.06,
110	F.S.; renaming "rural areas of critical economic
111	concern" as "rural areas of opportunity"; amending s.
112	380.0651, F.S.; renaming "rural areas of critical
113	economic concern" as "rural areas of opportunity";
114	adding a circumstance under which the requirement that
115	two or more developments be aggregated and treated as
116	a single development is inapplicable; amending ss.
117	985.686 and 1011.76, F.S.; renaming "rural areas of
118	critical economic concern" as "rural areas of
119	opportunity"; amending ss. 215.425 and 443.1216, F.S.;
120	conforming cross-references to changes made by the
121	act; extending and renewing building permits and
122	certain permits issued by the Department of
123	Environmental Protection or a water management
124	district, including any local government-issued
125	development order or building permit issued pursuant

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thereto; limiting certain permit extensions to a
specified period of time; extending commencement and
completion dates for required mitigation associated
with a phased construction project; requiring the
holder of an extended permit or authorization to
provide notice to the authorizing agency; providing
exceptions to the extension and renewal of such
permits; providing that extended permits are governed
by certain rules; providing applicability; creating
Part XIV of ch. 288, F.S., consisting of ss. 288.993-
288.9937, F.S., relating to microfinance programs;
creating s. 288.993, F.S.; providing a short title;
creating s. 288.9931, F.S.; providing legislative
findings and intent; creating s. 288.9932, F.S.;
defining terms; creating s. 288.9933, F.S.;
authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to
adopt rules to implement this part; creating s.
288.9934, F.S.; establishing the Microfinance Loan
Program; providing a purpose; defining the term "loan
administrator"; requiring the Department of Economic
Opportunity to contract with at least one entity to
administer the program; requiring the loan
administrator to contract with the department to
receive an award of funds; providing other terms and
conditions to receiving funds; specifying fees

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authorized to be charged by the department and the		
loan administrator; requiring the loan administrator		
to remit the microloan principal collected from all		
microloans made with state funds received by the loan		
administrator; providing for contract termination;		
providing for auditing and reporting; requiring		
applicants for funds from the Microfinance Loan		
Program to meet certain qualifications; requiring the		
department to be guided by the 5-year statewide		
strategic plan and to advertise and promote the loan		
program; requiring the department to perform a study		
on methods and best practices to increase the		
availability of and access to credit in this state;		
prohibiting the pledging of the credit of the state;		
authorizing the department to adopt rules; creating s.		
288.9935, F.S.; establishing the Microfinance		
Guarantee Program; defining the term "lender";		
requiring the department to contract with Enterprise		
Florida, Inc., to administer the program; prohibiting		
Enterprise Florida, Inc., from guaranteeing certain		
loans; requiring borrowers to meet certain conditions		
before receiving a loan guarantee; requiring		
Enterprise Florida, Inc., to submit an annual report		
to the department; prohibiting the pledging of the		
credit of the state or Enterprise Florida, Inc.;		

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creating s. 288.9936, F.S.; requiring the department		
to report annually on the Microfinance Loan Program;		
requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and		
Government Accountability and the Office of Economic		
and Demographic Research to report on the		
effectiveness of the State Small Business Credit		
Initiative; creating s. 288.9937, F.S.; requiring the		
Office of Economic and Demographic Research to		
evaluate and report on the Microfinance Loan Program		
and the Microfinance Guarantee Program by a specified		
date; authorizing the executive director of the		
Department of Economic Opportunity to adopt emergency		
rules; providing an appropriation to the Department of		
Economic Opportunity; authorizing the Department of		
Economic Opportunity and Enterprise Florida, Inc., to		
spend a specified amount for marketing and promotional		
purposes; authorizing and providing an appropriation		
for one full-time equivalent position; providing an		
effective date.		
Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:		
Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 163.3202, Florida		
Statutes, is amended to read:		
163.3202 Land development regulations.—		

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(1) Within 1 year after submission of its <u>comprehensive</u> <u>plan or</u> revised comprehensive plan for review pursuant to <u>s.</u> $\frac{163.3191}{s. 163.3167(2)}$, each county and each municipality shall adopt or amend and enforce land development regulations that are consistent with and implement their adopted comprehensive plan.

Section 2. Subsection (12) is added to section 212.098, Florida Statutes, to read:

212.098 Rural Job Tax Credit Program.-

(12) A new or existing eligible business that receives a tax credit under subsection (2) or subsection (3) is eligible for a tax refund of up to 50 percent of the amount of sales tax on purchases of electricity paid by the business during the 1-year period after the date the credit is received. The total amount of tax refunds approved pursuant to this subsection may not exceed \$600,000 during any calendar year. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 288.0001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.0001 Economic Development Programs Evaluation.—The Office of Economic and Demographic Research and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) shall develop and present to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees the Economic Development Programs Evaluation.

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- (2) The Office of Economic and Demographic Research and
 OPPAGA shall provide a detailed analysis of economic development
 programs as provided in the following schedule:
- (a) By January 1, 2014, and every 3 years thereafter, an analysis of the following:
- 231 1. The capital investment tax credit established under s. 232 220.191.
- 233 2. The qualified target industry tax refund established under s. 288.106.
- 3. The brownfield redevelopment bonus refund established under s. 288.107.
- 4. High-impact business performance grants established under s. 288.108.
- 5. The Quick Action Closing Fund established under s. 240 288.1088.
- 6. The Innovation Incentive Program established under s. 242 288.1089.
- 7. Enterprise Zone Program incentives established under ss. 212.08(5) and (15), 212.096, 220.181, and 220.182.
- 245 <u>8. The New Markets Development Program established under</u>
 246 <u>ss. 288.991-288.9922.</u>
- Section 4. Subsections (5) and (6) are added to section 248 288.005, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 249 288.005 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
 - (5) "Loan administrator" means an entity statutorily

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eligible to receive state funds and authorized by the department to make loans under a loan program.

(6) "Loan program" means a program established in this chapter to provide appropriated funds to an eligible entity to further a specific state purpose for a limited period of time and with a requirement that such appropriated funds be repaid to the state. The term includes a "loan fund" or "loan pilot program" administered by the department under this chapter.

Section 5. Section 288.006, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.006 General operation of loan programs.-

- (1) The Legislature intends to promote the goals of accountability and proper stewardship by recipients of loan program funds. This section applies to all loan programs established under this chapter.
- (2) State funds appropriated for a loan program may be used only by an eligible recipient or loan administrator, and the use of such funds is restricted to the specific state purpose of the loan program, subject to any compensation due to a loan administrator as provided under this chapter. State funds may be awarded directly by the department to an eligible recipient or awarded by the department to a loan administrator. All state funds, including any interest earned, remain state funds unless otherwise stated in the statutory requirements of the loan program.

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- (3) (a) Upon termination of a loan program by the Legislature or by statute, all appropriated funds shall revert to the General Revenue Fund. The department shall pay the entity for any allowable administrative expenses due to the loan administrator as provided under this chapter, unless otherwise required by law.
- (b) Upon termination of a contract between the department and an eligible recipient or loan administrator, all remaining appropriated funds shall revert to the fund from which the appropriation was made. The department shall become the successor entity for any outstanding loans. Except in the case of the termination of a contract for fraud or a finding that the loan administrator was not meeting the terms of the program, the department shall pay the entity for any allowable administrative expenses due to the loan administrator as provided under this chapter.
- (c) The eligible recipient or loan administrator to which this subsection applies shall execute all appropriate instruments to reconcile any remaining accounts associated with a terminated loan program or contract. The entity shall execute all appropriate instruments to ensure that the department is authorized to collect all receivables for outstanding loans, including, but not limited to, assignments of promissory notes and mortgages.
 - (4) An eligible recipient or loan administrator must avoid

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any potential conflict of interest regarding the use of appropriated funds for a loan program. An eligible recipient or loan administrator or a board member, employee, or agent thereof, or an immediate family member of a board member, employee, or agent, may not have a financial interest in an entity that is awarded a loan under a loan program. A loan may not be made to a person or entity if a conflict of interest exists between the parties involved. As used in this subsection, the term "immediate family" means a parent, spouse, child, sibling, grandparent, or grandchild related by blood or marriage.

- (5) In determining eligibility for an entity applying for the award of funds directly by the department or applying for selection as a loan administrator for a loan program, the department shall evaluate each applicant's business practices, financial stability, and past performance in other state programs, in addition to the loan program's statutory requirements. Eligibility of an entity applying to be a recipient or loan administrator may be conditionally granted or denied outright if the department determines that the entity is noncompliant with any law, rule, or program requirement.
- (6) Recurring use of state funds, including revolving

 loans or new negotiable instruments, which have been repaid to

 the loan administrator may be made if the loan program's

 statutory structure permits. However, any use of state funds

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326 made by a loan administrator remains subject to subsections (2) 327 and (3), and compensation to a loan administrator may not exceed 328 any limitation provided by this chapter. 329 (7) The Auditor General may conduct audits as provided in 330 s. 11.45 to verify that the appropriations under each loan 331 program are expended by the eligible recipient or loan 332 administrator as required for each program. If the Auditor 333 General determines that the appropriations are not expended as 334 required, the Auditor General shall notify the department, which 335 may pursue recovery of the funds. This section does not prevent 336 the department from pursuing recovery of the appropriated loan 337 program funds when necessary to protect the funds or when 338 authorized by law. 339 (8) The department may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) 340 and 120.54 as necessary to carry out this section. 341 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 342 288.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 343 288.061 Economic development incentive application 344 process.-Within 10 business days after the department receives 345 346 the submitted economic development incentive application, the 347 executive director shall approve or disapprove the application 348 and issue a letter of certification to the applicant which

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includes a justification of that decision, unless the business

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requests an extension of that time.



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- (b) The release of funds for the incentive or incentives awarded to the applicant depends upon the statutory requirements of the particular incentive program, except as provided in subsection (4).
- Section 7. Subsection (6) of section 288.8013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 288.8013 Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc.; Recovery Fund; creation; investment.—
- (6) The Auditor General shall conduct an <u>operational</u> audit of the Recovery Fund and Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc., annually. Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc., shall provide to the Auditor General any detail or supplemental data required.
- Section 8. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 288.8014, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 288.8014 Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc.; organization; board of directors.—
- appointment to the board of directors by the Board of Trustees of the State Board of Administration shall serve for a term that ends 4 years after the Legislature appropriates funds to the Recovery Fund. To achieve staggered terms among the members of the board, each initial appointment to the board of directors by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall serve for a term that ends 5 years after the Legislature appropriates funds to the Recovery Fund.

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Thereafter, each member of the board of directors shall serve for a term of 4 years, except that initially the appointments of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives each shall serve a term of 2 years to achieve staggered terms among the members of the board. A member is not eligible for reappointment to the board, except, however, any member appointed to fill a vacancy for a term of 2 years or less may be reappointed for an additional term of 4 years. The initial appointments to the board must be made by November 15, 2013. Vacancies on the board of directors shall be filled by the officer who originally appointed the member. A vacancy that occurs before the scheduled expiration of the term of the member shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term.

- (9)(a) Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc., is permitted to hire or contract for all staff necessary to the proper execution of its powers and duties to implement this act. The corporation is required to retain:
- 1. An independent certified public accountant licensed in this state pursuant to chapter 473 to inspect the records of and to <u>annually</u> audit the expenditure of the earnings and available principal disbursed by Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc.
- 2. An independent financial advisor to assist Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc., in the development and implementation of a strategic plan consistent with the requirements of this act.
 - 3. An economic advisor who will assist in the award

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process, including the development of priorities, allocation decisions, and the application and process; will assist the board in determining eligibility of award applications and the evaluation and scoring of applications; and will assist in the development of award documentation.

4. A legal advisor with expertise in not-for-profit investing and contracting and who is a member of The Florida Bar to assist with contracting and carrying out the intent of this act.

Section 9. Subsection (7) of section 288.987, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.987 Florida Defense Support Task Force.-

(7) The department shall contract with the task force for expenditure of appropriated funds, which may be used by the task force for economic and product research and development, joint planning with host communities to accommodate military missions and prevent base encroachment, advocacy on the state's behalf with federal civilian and military officials, assistance to school districts in providing a smooth transition for large numbers of additional military-related students, job training and placement for military spouses in communities with high proportions of active duty military personnel, and promotion of the state to military and related contractors and employers. The task force may annually spend up to \$250,000 \$200,000 of funds appropriated to the department for the task force for staffing

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and administrative expenses of the task force, including travel and per diem costs incurred by task force members who are not otherwise eligible for state reimbursement.

Section 10. Section 290.0411, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0411 Legislative intent and purpose of ss. 290.0401-290.048.—It is the intent of the Legislature to provide the necessary means to develop, preserve, redevelop, and revitalize Florida communities exhibiting signs of decline, or distress, or economic need by enabling local governments to undertake the necessary community and economic development programs. The overall objective is to create viable communities by eliminating slum and blight, fortifying communities in urgent need, providing decent housing and suitable living environments, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons of low or moderate income. The purpose of ss. 290.0401-290.048 is to assist local governments in carrying out effective community and economic development and project planning and design activities to arrest and reverse community decline and restore community vitality. Community and economic development and project planning activities to maintain viable communities, revitalize existing communities, expand economic development and employment opportunities, and improve housing conditions and expand housing opportunities, providing direct benefit to persons of low or moderate income, are the primary purposes of ss. 290.0401-

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- 290.048. The Legislature, therefore, declares that the
 development, redevelopment, preservation, and revitalization of
 communities in this state and all the purposes of ss. 290.0401290.048 are public purposes for which public money may be
 borrowed, expended, loaned, pledged to guarantee loans, and
 granted.
- Section 11. Section 290.044, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 290.044 Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program Fund; administration; distribution.—
 - (1) The Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program Fund is created. All revenue designated for deposit in such fund shall be deposited by the appropriate agency. The department shall administer this fund as a grant and loan guarantee program for carrying out the purposes of ss. 290.0401-290.048.
 - (2) The department shall distribute such funds as loan guarantees and grants to eligible local governments on the basis of a competitive selection process established by rule.
 - (3) The department shall require applicants for grants to compete against each other in the following grant program categories:
 - (a) Housing rehabilitation.
 - (b) Economic development.
 - (c) Neighborhood revitalization.

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(d) Commercial revitalization.		
(4) (3) The department shall define the broad community		
development objectives objective to be achieved by the		
activities in each of the following grant program categories		
with the use of funds from the Florida Small Cities Community		
Development Block Grant Program Fund. Such objectives shall be		
designed to meet at least one of the national objectives		
provided in the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 $_{\overline{r}}$		
and require applicants for grants to compete against each other		
in these grant program categories:		
(a) Housing.		
(b) Economic development.		
(c) Neighborhood revitalization.		
(d) Commercial revitalization.		
(e) Project planning and design.		
(5) (4) The department may set aside an amount of up to 5		
percent of the funds annually for use in any eligible local		
government jurisdiction for which an emergency or natural		
disaster has been declared by executive order. Such funds may		
only be provided to a local government to fund eligible		
emergency-related activities for which no other source of		
federal, state, or local disaster funds is available. The		
department may provide for such set-aside by rule. In the last		
quarter of the state fiscal year, any funds not allocated under		
the emergency-related set-aside shall be distributed to unfunded		

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applications from the most recent funding cycle.

- (6) (5) The department shall establish a system of monitoring grants, including site visits, to ensure the proper expenditure of funds and compliance with the conditions of the recipient's contract. The department shall establish criteria for implementation of internal control, to include, but not be limited to, the following measures:
- (a) Ensuring that subrecipient audits performed by a certified public accountant are received and responded to in a timely manner.
- (b) Establishing a uniform system of monitoring that documents appropriate followup as needed.
- (c) Providing specific justification for contract amendments that takes into account any change in contracted activities and the resultant cost adjustments which shall be reflected in the amount of the grant.
- Section 12. Section 290.046, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 290.046 Applications for grants; procedures; requirements.—
- (1) In applying for a grant under a specific program category, an applicant shall propose eligible activities that directly address the <u>objectives</u> objective of that program category.
 - (2) (a) Except for applications for economic development

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grants as provided in subparagraph (b)1. paragraph (c), an each eligible local government may submit one an application for a grant under either the housing program category or the neighborhood revitalization program category during each application annual funding cycle. An applicant may not receive more than one grant in any state fiscal year from any of the following categories: housing, neighborhood revitalization, or commercial revitalization.

- (b) 1. An Except as provided in paragraph (c), each eligible local government may apply up to three times in any one annual funding cycle for an economic development a grant under the economic development program category but may not shall receive no more than one such grant per annual funding cycle. A local government may have more than one open economic development grant Applications for grants under the economic development program category may be submitted at any time during the annual funding cycle, and such grants shall be awarded no less frequently than three times per funding cycle.
- 2. The department shall establish minimum criteria pertaining to the number of jobs created for persons of low or moderate income, the degree of private sector financial commitment, and the economic feasibility of the proposed project and shall establish any other criteria the department deems appropriate. Assistance to a private, for-profit business may not be provided from a grant award unless sufficient evidence

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exists to demonstrate that without such public assistance the creation or retention of such jobs would not occur.

- rehabilitation, neighborhood revitalization, or commercial revitalization contract is shall not be eligible to apply for another housing rehabilitation, neighborhood revitalization, or commercial revitalization grant until administrative closeout of its their existing contract. The department shall notify a local government of administrative closeout or of any outstanding closeout issues within 45 days after of receipt of a closeout package from the local government. A local government governments with an open housing rehabilitation, neighborhood revitalization, or commercial revitalization community development block grant contract whose activities are on schedule in accordance with the expenditure rates and accomplishments described in the contract may apply for an economic development grant.
- 2. A local government governments with an open economic development community development block grant contract whose activities are on schedule in accordance with the expenditure rates and accomplishments described in the contract may apply for a housing rehabilitation, or neighborhood revitalization, or and a commercial revitalization community development block grant. A local government governments with an open economic development contract whose activities are on schedule in

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accordance with the expenditure rates and accomplishments described in the contract may receive no more than one additional economic development grant in each fiscal year.

- (d) Beginning October 1, 1988, The department may not shall award a no grant until it the department has conducted determined, based upon a site visit to verify the information contained in the local government's application, that the proposed area matches and adheres to the written description contained within the applicant's request. If, based upon review of the application or a site visit, the department determines that any information provided in the application which affects eligibility or scoring has been misrepresented, the applicant's request shall be rejected by the department pursuant to s. 290.0475(7). Mathematical errors in applications which may be discovered and corrected by readily computing available numbers or formulas provided in the application shall not be a basis for such rejection.
- (3) (a) The department shall rank each application received during the application cycle according to criteria established by rule. The ranking system shall include a procedure to eliminate or reduce any population-related bias that places exceptionally small communities at a disadvantage in the competition for funds Each application shall be ranked competitively based on community need and program impact.

 Community need shall be weighted 25 percent. Program impact

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shall be weighted 65 percent. Outstanding performance in equal opportunity employment and housing shall be weighted 10 percent.

- Funds shall be distributed according to the rankings established in each application cycle. If economic development funds remain available after the application cycle closes, the remaining funds shall be awarded to eligible projects on a first-come, first-served basis until such funds are fully obligated The criteria used to measure community need shall include, at a minimum, indicators of the extent of poverty in the community and the condition of physical structures. Each application, regardless of the program category for which it is being submitted, shall be scored competitively on the same community need criteria. In recognition of the benefits resulting from the receipt of grant funds, the department shall provide for the reduction of community need scores for specified of grant funds provided to a local government the state began using the most recent census data. In the year in which new census data are first used, no such reduction shall occur.
- employment opportunity and fair housing score, and communitywide needs score may take into consideration scoring factors, including, but not limited to, unemployment, poverty levels, low-income and moderate-income populations, benefits to low-income and moderate-income residents, use of minority-owned and

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woman-owned business enterprises in previous grants, health and safety issues, and the condition of physical structures The criteria used to measure the impact of an applicant's proposed activities shall include, at a minimum, indicators of the direct benefit received by persons of low income and persons of moderate income, the extent to which the problem identified is addressed by the proposed activities, and the extent to which resources other than the funds being applied for under this program are being used to carry out the proposed activities.

(d) Applications shall be scored competitively on program impact criteria that are uniquely tailored to the community development objective established in each program category. The criteria used to measure the direct benefit to persons of low income and persons of moderate income shall represent no less

criteria in the scoring of applications:

1. The proportion of very-low-income and low-income households served.

2. The degree to which improvements are related to the health and safety of the households served.

than 42 percent of the points assigned to the program impact

categories, the department shall also include the following

For the housing and neighborhood revitalization

(4) An applicant for a neighborhood revitalization or commercial revitalization grant shall demonstrate that its activities are to be carried out in distinct service areas which

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are characterized by the existence of slums or blighted



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652 conditions, or by the concentration of persons of low or 653 moderate income. 654 (4) (4) (5) In order to provide citizens with information 655 concerning an applicant's proposed project, the applicant shall 656 make available to the public information concerning the amounts 657 of funds available for various activities and the range of 658 activities that may be undertaken. In addition, the applicant 659 shall hold a minimum of two public hearings in the local jurisdiction within which the project is to be implemented to 660 661 obtain the views of citizens before submitting the final 662 application to the department. The applicant shall conduct the 663 initial hearing to solicit public input concerning community 664 needs, inform the public about funding opportunities available 665 to address community needs, and discuss activities that may be 666 undertaken. Before a second public hearing is held, the 667 applicant must publish a summary of the proposed application 668 that provides citizens with an opportunity to examine the 669 contents of the application and to submit comments. The 670 applicant shall conduct a second hearing to obtain comments from citizens concerning the proposed application and to modify the 671 672 proposed application if appropriate program before an 673 application is submitted to the department, the applicant shall: 674 (a) Make available to the public information concerning 675 the amounts of funds available for various activities and the

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locality.

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range of activities that may be undertaken.

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677	(b) Hold at least one public hearing to obtain the views
678	of citizens on community development needs.
679	(c) Develop and publish a summary of the proposed
680	application that will provide citizens with an opportunity to
681	examine its contents and submit their comments.
682	(d) Consider any comments and views expressed by citizens
683	on the proposed application and, if appropriate, modify the
684	proposed application.
685	(e) Hold at least one public hearing in the jurisdiction
686	within which the project is to be implemented to obtain the
687	views of citizens on the final application prior to its
688	submission to the department.
689	(5) (6) The local government may shall establish a citizen
690	advisory task force composed of citizens in the jurisdiction in
691	which the proposed project is to be implemented to provide input
692	relative to all phases of the project process. The local
693	government must obtain consent from the department for any other
694	type of citizen participation plan upon a showing that such plan

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administrative capacity to carry out the proposed activities and

application for a grant, determine that the applicant has the

has performed satisfactorily in carrying out past activities

suited to secure citizen participation for that

(6) $\frac{7}{7}$ The department shall, before prior to approving an



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funded by community development block grants. The evaluation of past performance shall take into account procedural aspects of previous grants as well as substantive results. If the department determines that any applicant has failed to accomplish substantially the results it proposed in its last previously funded application, it may prohibit the applicant from receiving a grant or may penalize the applicant in the rating of the current application. An No application for grant funds may not be denied solely upon the basis of the past performance of the eligible applicant.

Section 13. Subsections (3) and (6) of section 290.047, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

290.047 Establishment of grant ceilings and maximum administrative cost percentages; elimination of population bias; loans in default.—

(3) The maximum percentage of block grant funds that can be spent on administrative costs by an eligible local government shall be 15 percent for the housing rehabilitation program category, 8 percent for both the neighborhood and the commercial revitalization program categories, and 8 percent for the economic development program category. The maximum amount of block grant funds that may be spent on administrative costs by an eligible local government for the economic development program category is \$120,000. The purpose of the ceiling is to maximize the amount of block grant funds actually going toward

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the redevelopment of the area. The department will continue to encourage eligible local governments to consider ways to limit the amount of block grant funds used for administrative costs, consistent with the need for prudent management and accountability in the use of public funds. However, this subsection does shall not be construed, however, to prohibit eligible local governments from contributing their own funds or making in-kind contributions to cover administrative costs which exceed the prescribed ceilings, provided that all such contributions come from local government resources other than Community Development Block Grant funds.

(6) The maximum amount percentage of block grant funds that may be spent on engineering and architectural costs by an eligible local government shall be determined in accordance with a method schedule adopted by the department by rule. Any such method schedule so adopted shall be consistent with the schedule used by the United States Farmer's Home Administration as applied to projects in Florida or another comparable schedule as amended.

Section 14. Section 290.0475, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0475 Rejection of grant applications; penalties for failure to meet application conditions.—Applications <u>are</u>

<u>ineligible received</u> for funding <u>if under all program categories</u>

<u>shall be rejected without scoring only in the event that</u> any of

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- 751 the following circumstances arise:
- 752 (1) The application is not received by the department by 753 the application deadline;
 - (2) The proposed project does not meet one of the three national objectives as contained in federal and state legislation; \div
 - (3) The proposed project is not an eligible activity as contained in the federal legislation; \cdot
 - (4) The application is not consistent with the local government's comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to s. 163.3184;
 - (5) The applicant has an open community development block grant, except as provided in s. 290.046(2) (b) and (c) and department rules; 290.046(2) (c).
 - (6) The local government is not in compliance with the citizen participation requirements prescribed in ss. 104(a)(1) and (2) and 106(d)(5)(c) of Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of $\underline{1974}$, s. $\underline{290.046(4)}$, $\underline{1984}$ and department rules; or.
 - (7) Any information provided in the application that affects eligibility or scoring is found to have been misrepresented, and the information is not a mathematical error which may be discovered and corrected by readily computing available numbers or formulas provided in the application.
 - Section 15. Subsection (5) of section 290.048, Florida

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776 Statutes, is amended to read: 777 290.048 General powers of department under ss. 290.0401-778 290.048.—The department has all the powers necessary or 779 appropriate to carry out the purposes and provisions of the 780 program, including the power to: 781 (5) Adopt and enforce strict requirements concerning an 782 applicant's written description of a service area. Each such 783 description shall contain maps which illustrate the location of the proposed service area. All such maps must be clearly legible 784 785 and must: 786 (a) Contain a scale which is clearly marked on the map. 787 (b) Show the boundaries of the locality. 788 (c) Show the boundaries of the service area where the 789 activities will be concentrated. 790 (d) Display the location of all proposed area activities. 791 the names of streets, route numbers, 792 identifiable landmarks where all service activities are located. 793 Section 16. Subsections (5) and (8) of section 331.3051, 794 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 795 331.3051 Duties of Space Florida.—Space Florida shall: 796 Consult with the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing 797 Corporation Enterprise Florida, Inc., in developing a space 798 tourism marketing plan. Space Florida and the Florida Tourism 799 Industry Marketing Corporation Enterprise Florida, Inc., may

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enter into a mutually beneficial agreement that provides funding

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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- to the corporation Enterprise Florida, Inc., for its services to implement this subsection.
 - (8) Carry out its responsibility for research and development by:
 - (a) Contracting for the operations of the state's Space Life Sciences Laboratory.
 - (b) Working in collaboration with one or more public or private universities and other public or private entities to develop a proposal for a Center of Excellence for Aerospace that will foster and promote the research necessary to develop commercially promising, advanced, and innovative science and technology and will transfer those discoveries to the commercial sector. This may include developing a proposal to establish a Center of Excellence for Aerospace.
 - (c) Supporting universities in this state that are members of the Federal Aviation Administration's Center of Excellence for Commercial Space Transportation to assure a safe, environmentally compatible, and efficient commercial space transportation system in this state.
 - Section 17. Section 331.371, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 331.371 Strategic space infrastructure investment.—In consultation with Space Florida, the Department of Transportation may fund strategic spaceport launch support facilities investment projects, as defined in s. 331.303, at up

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to 100 percent of the project's cost if:
(1) Important access and on-spaceport and commercial
launch facility capacity improvements are provided;
(2) Capital improvements that strategically position the
state to maximize opportunities in international trade are
achieved;
(3) Goals of an integrated intermodal transportation
system for the state are achieved; and
(4) Feasibility and availability of matching funds through
federal, local, or private partners are demonstrated.
Section 18. Subsection (26) of section 443.036, Florida
Statutes, is repealed.
Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
443.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
443.091 Benefit eligibility conditions
(1) An unemployed individual is eligible to receive
benefits for any week only if the Department of Economic
Opportunity finds that:
(c) To make continued claims for benefits, she or he is
reporting to the department in accordance with this paragraph
and department rules, and participating in an initial skills
review, as directed by the department. Department rules may not
conflict with s. $443.111(1)(b)$, which requires that each
claimant continue to report regardless of any pending appeal
relating to her or his eligibility or disqualification for

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851 benefits.

- 1. For each week of unemployment claimed, each report must, at a minimum, include the name, address, and telephone number of each prospective employer contacted, or the date the claimant reported to a one-stop career center, pursuant to paragraph (d).
- 2. The department must offer an online assessment that serves to identify an individual's skills, abilities, and career aptitude. The skills assessment must be voluntary, and the department must allow a claimant to choose whether to take the skills assessment. The online assessment shall be made available to any person seeking services from a regional workforce board or a one-stop career center. The administrator or operator of the initial skills review shall notify the department when the individual completes the initial skills review and report the results of the review to the regional workforce board or the one-stop career center as directed by the workforce board. The department shall prescribe a numeric score on the initial skills review that demonstrates a minimal proficiency in workforce skills.
- a. If the claimant chooses to take the online assessment, the outcome of the assessment must be made available to the claimant, regional workforce board, and one-stop career center. The department, workforce board, or one-stop career center shall use the assessment initial skills review to develop a plan for

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referring individuals to training and employment opportunities. Aggregate data on assessment outcomes may be made available to Workforce Florida, Inc., and Enterprise Florida, Inc., for use in the development of policies related to education and training programs that will ensure that businesses in this state have access to a skilled and competent workforce The failure of the individual to comply with this requirement will result in the individual being determined ineligible for benefits for the week in which the noncompliance occurred and for any subsequent week of unemployment until the requirement is satisfied. However, this requirement does not apply if the individual is exempt from the work registration requirement as set forth in paragraph (b).

b.3. Individuals Any individual who falls below the minimal proficiency score prescribed by the department in subparagraph 2. on the initial skills review shall be informed of and offered services through the one-stop delivery system, including career counseling, provision of skill match and job market information, and skills upgrade and other training opportunities, and shall be encouraged to participate in such services training at no cost to the individuals individual in order to improve his or her workforce skills to the minimal proficiency level.

4. The department shall coordinate with Workforce Florida, Inc., the workforce boards, and the one-stop career centers to identify, develop, and use utilize best practices for improving

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the skills of individuals who choose to participate in skills upgrade and other training opportunities. The department may contract with an entity to create the online assessment in accordance with the competitive bidding requirements in s. 287.057. The online assessment must work seamlessly with the Reemployment Assistance Claims and Benefits Information System and who have a minimal proficiency score below the score prescribed in subparagraph 2.

5. The department, in coordination with Workforce Florida, Inc., the workforce boards, and the one-stop career centers, shall evaluate the use, effectiveness, and costs associated with the training prescribed in subparagraph 3. and report its findings and recommendations for training and the use of best practices to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2013.

Section 20. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 443.1116, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.1116 Short-time compensation.

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Affected unit" means a specified plant, department, shift, or other definable unit of two or more employees designated by the employer to participate in a short-time compensation plan.
- (b) "Employer-sponsored training" means a training component sponsored by an employer to improve the skills of the

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926 employer's workers.

- (c) (b) "Normal weekly hours of work" means the number of hours in a week that an individual would regularly work for the short-time compensation employer, not to exceed 40 hours, excluding overtime.
- (d) (e) "Short-time compensation benefits" means benefits payable to individuals in an affected unit under an approved short-time compensation plan.
- (e) (d) "Short-time compensation employer" means an employer with a short-time compensation plan in effect.
- (f) (e) "Short-time compensation plan" or "plan" means an employer's written plan for reducing unemployment under which an affected unit shares the work remaining after its normal weekly hours of work are reduced.
- (2) APPROVAL OF SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION PLANS.—An employer wishing to participate in the short-time compensation program must submit a signed, written, short-time plan to the Department of Economic Opportunity for approval. The director or his or her designee shall approve the plan if:
- (a) The plan applies to and identifies each specific affected unit;
- (b) The individuals in the affected unit are identified by name and social security number;
- (c) The normal weekly hours of work for individuals in the affected unit are reduced by at least 10 percent and by not more

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951 than 40 percent;

- (d) The plan includes a certified statement by the employer that the aggregate reduction in work hours is in lieu of temporary layoffs that would affect at least 10 percent of the employees in the affected unit and that would have resulted in an equivalent reduction in work hours;
- (e) The plan applies to at least 10 percent of the employees in the affected unit;
- (f) The plan is approved in writing by the collective bargaining agent for each collective bargaining agreement covering any individual in the affected unit;
- (g) The plan does not serve as a subsidy to seasonal employers during the off-season or as a subsidy to employers who traditionally use part-time employees; and
- (h) The plan certifies that, if the employer provides fringe benefits to any employee whose workweek is reduced under the program, the fringe benefits will continue to be provided to the employee participating in the short-time compensation program under the same terms and conditions as though the workweek of such employee had not been reduced or to the same extent as other employees not participating in the short-time compensation program the manner in which the employer will treat fringe benefits of the individuals in the affected unit if the hours of the individuals are reduced to less than their normal weekly hours of work. As used in this paragraph, the term

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"fringe benefits" includes, but is not limited to, health insurance, retirement benefits under defined benefit pension plans as defined in subsection 35 of s. 1002 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C., contributions under a defined contribution plan as defined in s. 414(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, paid vacation and holidays, and sick leave;—

- (i) The plan describes the manner in which the requirements of this subsection will be implemented, including a plan for giving notice, if feasible, to an employee whose workweek is to be reduced, together with an estimate of the number of layoffs that would have occurred absent the ability to participate in short-time compensation; and
- (j) The terms of the employer's written plan and implementation are consistent with employer obligations under applicable federal laws and laws of this state.
- (5) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION BENEFITS.—
- (a) Except as provided in this subsection, an individual is eligible to receive short-time compensation benefits for any week only if she or he complies with this chapter and the Department of Economic Opportunity finds that:
- 1. The individual is employed as a member of an affected unit in an approved plan that was approved before the week and is in effect for the week;

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- 2. The individual is able to work and is available for additional hours of work or for full-time work with the short-time employer; and
- 3. The normal weekly hours of work of the individual are reduced by at least 10 percent but not by more than 40 percent, with a corresponding reduction in wages.
- (b) The department may not deny short-time compensation benefits to an individual who is otherwise eligible for these benefits for any week by reason of the application of any provision of this chapter relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to apply for or accept work from other than the short-time compensation employer of that individual.
- (c) The department may not deny short-time compensation benefits to an individual who is otherwise eligible for these benefits for any week because such individual is participating in an employer-sponsored training or a training under the Workforce Investment Act to improve job skills when the training is approved by the department.
- (d) (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an individual is deemed unemployed in any week for which compensation is payable to her or him, as an employee in an affected unit, for less than her or his normal weekly hours of work in accordance with an approved short-time compensation plan in effect for the week.

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- Section 21. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 443.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.-
- (1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT, ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS.—
- (f) Payments for 2012, 2013, and 2014 contributions.—For an annual administrative fee not to exceed \$5, a contributing employer may pay its quarterly contributions due for wages paid in the first three quarters of each year of 2012, 2013, and 2014 in equal installments if those contributions are paid as follows:
- 1. For contributions due for wages paid in the first quarter of each year, one-fourth of the contributions due must be paid on or before April 30, one-fourth must be paid on or before July 31, one-fourth must be paid on or before October 31, and one-fourth must be paid on or before December 31.
- 2. In addition to the payments specified in subparagraph 1., for contributions due for wages paid in the second quarter of each year, one-third of the contributions due must be paid on or before July 31, one-third must be paid on or before October 31, and one-third must be paid on or before December 31.
- 3. In addition to the payments specified in subparagraphs 1. and 2., for contributions due for wages paid in the third quarter of each year, one-half of the contributions due must be paid on or before October 31, and one-half must be paid on or

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1051 before December 31.

- 4. The annual administrative fee assessed for electing to pay under the installment method shall be collected at the time the employer makes the first installment payment each year. The fee shall be segregated from the payment and deposited into the Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Revenue.
- 5. Interest does not accrue on any contribution that becomes due for wages paid in the first three quarters of each year if the employer pays the contribution in accordance with subparagraphs 1.-4. Interest and fees continue to accrue on prior delinquent contributions and commence accruing on all contributions due for wages paid in the first three quarters of each year which are not paid in accordance with subparagraphs 1.-3. Penalties may be assessed in accordance with this chapter. The contributions due for wages paid in the fourth quarter of 2012, 2013, and 2014 are not affected by this paragraph and are due and payable in accordance with this chapter.

Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 443.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 443.151 Procedure concerning claims.
- (2) FILING OF CLAIM INVESTIGATIONS; NOTIFICATION OF CLAIMANTS AND EMPLOYERS.—
- (a) In general.—Initial and continued claims for benefits must be made by approved electronic or alternate means and in accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Economic

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Opportunity. The department shall provide alternative means, such as by telephone, for filing initial and continued claims if the department determines access to the approved electronic means is or will be unavailable and also must provide public notice of such unavailability. The department must notify claimants and employers regarding monetary and nonmonetary determinations of eligibility. Investigations of issues raised in connection with a claimant which may affect a claimant's eligibility for benefits or charges to an employer's employment record shall be conducted by the department through written, telephonic, or electronic means as prescribed by rule.

Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 125.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.271 Emergency medical services; county emergency medical service assessments.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term "county" means:
- (a) A county that is within a rural area of <u>opportunity</u> critical economic concern as designated by the Governor pursuant to s. 288.0656;
- (b) A small county having a population of 75,000 or fewer on the effective date of this act which has levied at least 10 mills of ad valorem tax for the previous fiscal year; or
- (c) A county that adopted an ordinance authorizing the imposition of an assessment for emergency medical services prior to January 1, 2002.

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Once a county has qualified under this subsection, it always retains the qualification.

Section 24. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (7) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.—

- (7) (a) The Legislature finds that:
- 1. There are a number of rural agricultural industrial centers in the state that process, produce, or aid in the production or distribution of a variety of agriculturally based products, including, but not limited to, fruits, vegetables, timber, and other crops, and juices, paper, and building materials. Rural agricultural industrial centers have a significant amount of existing associated infrastructure that is used for processing, producing, or distributing agricultural products.
- 2. Such rural agricultural industrial centers are often located within or near communities in which the economy is largely dependent upon agriculture and agriculturally based products. The centers significantly enhance the economy of such communities. However, these agriculturally based communities are often socioeconomically challenged and designated as rural areas of opportunity critical economic concern. If such rural agricultural industrial centers are lost and not replaced with

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other job-creating enterprises, the agriculturally based communities will lose a substantial amount of their economies.

- 3. The state has a compelling interest in preserving the viability of agriculture and protecting rural agricultural communities and the state from the economic upheaval that would result from short-term or long-term adverse changes in the agricultural economy. To protect these communities and promote viable agriculture for the long term, it is essential to encourage and permit diversification of existing rural agricultural industrial centers by providing for jobs that are not solely dependent upon, but are compatible with and complement, existing agricultural industrial operations and to encourage the creation and expansion of industries that use agricultural products in innovative ways. However, the expansion and diversification of these existing centers must be accomplished in a manner that does not promote urban sprawl into surrounding agricultural and rural areas.
- (b) As used in this subsection, the term "rural agricultural industrial center" means a developed parcel of land in an unincorporated area on which there exists an operating agricultural industrial facility or facilities that employ at least 200 full-time employees in the aggregate and process and prepare for transport a farm product, as defined in s. 163.3162, or any biomass material that could be used, directly or indirectly, for the production of fuel, renewable energy,

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bioenergy, or alternative fuel as defined by law. The center may also include land contiguous to the facility site which is not used for the cultivation of crops, but on which other existing activities essential to the operation of such facility or facilities are located or conducted. The parcel of land must be located within, or within 10 miles of, a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern.

(e) Nothing in This subsection does not shall be construed to confer the status of rural area of opportunity critical economic concern, or any of the rights or benefits derived from such status, on any land area not otherwise designated as such pursuant to s. 288.0656(7).

Section 25. Subsection (3) of section 163.3187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3187 Process for adoption of small-scale comprehensive plan amendment.—

(3) If the small scale development amendment involves a site within a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern as defined under s. 288.0656(2)(d) for the duration of such designation, the 10-acre limit listed in subsection (1) shall be increased by 100 percent to 20 acres. The local government approving the small scale plan amendment shall certify to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the plan amendment furthers the economic objectives set forth in the executive order issued under s.

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288.0656(7), and the property subject to the plan amendment shall undergo public review to ensure that all concurrency requirements and federal, state, and local environmental permit requirements are met.

Section 26. Subsection (10) of section 163.3246, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3246 Local government comprehensive planning certification program.—

- (10) Notwithstanding subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7), any municipality designated as a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656 which is located within a county eligible to levy the Small County Surtax under s. 212.055(3) shall be considered certified during the effectiveness of the designation of rural area of opportunity critical economic concern. The state land planning agency shall provide a written notice of certification to the local government of the certified area, which shall be considered final agency action subject to challenge under s. 120.569. The notice of certification shall include the following components:
 - (a) The boundary of the certification area.
- (b) A requirement that the local government submit either an annual or biennial monitoring report to the state land planning agency according to the schedule provided in the written notice. The monitoring report shall, at a minimum, include the number of amendments to the comprehensive plan

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- adopted by the local government, the number of plan amendments challenged by an affected person, and the disposition of those challenges.
- Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 205 211.3103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 211.3103 Levy of tax on severance of phosphate rock; rate, basis, and distribution of tax.—
 - (6)(a) Beginning July 1 of the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the proceeds of all taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this section are exempt from the general revenue service charge provided in s. 215.20, and such proceeds shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows:
 - 1. To the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund, 25.5 percent.
 - To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state,35.7 percent.
 - 3. For payment to counties in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 12.8 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Any such proceeds received by a county shall be used only for phosphate-related expenses.
 - 4. For payment to counties that have been designated as a

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rural area of opportunity critical economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656 in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 10.0 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Payments under this subparagraph shall be made to the counties unless the Legislature by special act creates a local authority to promote and direct the economic development of the county. If such authority exists, payments shall be made to that authority.

- 5. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund, 6.2 percent.
- 6. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund in the Division of Universities of the Department of Education, 6.2 percent.
- 7. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, 3.6 percent. Section 28. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 212.098, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 212.098 Rural Job Tax Credit Program.-
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Qualified area" means any area that is contained within a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern designated under s. 288.0656, a county that has a population of fewer than 75,000 persons, or a county that has a population of

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- 1251 125,000 or less and is contiguous to a county that has a
 1252 population of less than 75,000, selected in the following
 1253 manner: every third year, the Department of Economic Opportunity
 1254 shall rank and tier the state's counties according to the
 1255 following four factors:
 - 1. Highest unemployment rate for the most recent 36-month period.
 - 2. Lowest per capita income for the most recent 36-month period.
 - 3. Highest percentage of residents whose incomes are below the poverty level, based upon the most recent data available.
 - 4. Average weekly manufacturing wage, based upon the most recent data available.
 - Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 218.67, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 218.67 Distribution for fiscally constrained counties.-
 - (1) Each county that is entirely within a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern as designated by the Governor pursuant to s. 288.0656 or each county for which the value of a mill will raise no more than \$5 million in revenue, based on the taxable value certified pursuant to s.
- 1272 1011.62(4)(a)1.a., from the previous July 1, shall be considered a fiscally constrained county.
- Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 288.018, Florida 1275 Statutes, is amended to read:

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288.018 Regional Rural Development Grants Program.—
(1) The department shall establish a matching grant
program to provide funding to regionally based economic
development organizations representing rural counties and
communities for the purpose of building the professional
capacity of their organizations. Such matching grants may also
be used by an economic development organization to provide
technical assistance to businesses within the rural counties and
communities that it serves. The department is authorized to
approve, on an annual basis, grants to such regionally based
economic development organizations. The maximum amount an
organization may receive in any year will be $\$50,000$ $\$35,000$, or
\$150,000 $$100,000$ in a rural area of opportunity eritical
economic concern recommended by the Rural Economic Development
Initiative and designated by the Governor, and must be matched
each year by an equivalent amount of nonstate resources.
Section 31. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (2) of
section 288.065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
288.065 Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund.—
(2)(a) The program shall provide for long-term loans, loan
guarantees, and loan loss reserves to units of local
governments, or economic development organizations substantially
underwritten by a unit of local government, within counties with
populations of 75,000 or fewer, or within any county with a
population of 125,000 or fewer which is contiguous to a county

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with a population of 75,000 or fewer, based on the most recent official population estimate as determined under s. 186.901, including those residing in incorporated areas and those residing in unincorporated areas of the county, or to units of local government, or economic development organizations substantially underwritten by a unit of local government, within a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern.

(c) All repayments of principal and interest shall be returned to the loan fund and made available for loans to other applicants. However, in a rural area of opportunity eritical economic concern designated by the Governor, and upon approval by the department, repayments of principal and interest may be retained by the applicant if such repayments are dedicated and matched to fund regionally based economic development organizations representing the rural area of opportunity eritical economic concern.

Section 32. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (e) of subsection (2) of section 288.0655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.0655 Rural Infrastructure Fund.-

1320 (2)

(b) To facilitate access of rural communities and rural areas of opportunity critical economic concern as defined by the Rural Economic Development Initiative to infrastructure funding programs of the Federal Government, such as those offered by the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States

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Department of Commerce, and state programs, including those offered by Rural Economic Development Initiative agencies, and to facilitate local government or private infrastructure funding efforts, the department may award grants for up to 30 percent of the total infrastructure project cost. If an application for funding is for a catalyst site, as defined in s. 288.0656, the department may award grants for up to 40 percent of the total infrastructure project cost. Eligible projects must be related to specific job-creation or job-retention opportunities. Eligible projects may also include improving any inadequate infrastructure that has resulted in regulatory action that prohibits economic or community growth or reducing the costs to community users of proposed infrastructure improvements that exceed such costs in comparable communities. Eligible uses of funds shall include improvements to public infrastructure for industrial or commercial sites and upgrades to or development of public tourism infrastructure. Authorized infrastructure may include the following public or public-private partnership facilities: storm water systems; telecommunications facilities; broadband facilities; roads or other remedies to transportation impediments; nature-based tourism facilities; or other physical requirements necessary to facilitate tourism, trade, and economic development activities in the community. Authorized infrastructure may also include publicly or privately owned self-powered nature-based tourism facilities, publicly owned

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telecommunications facilities, and broadband facilities, and additions to the distribution facilities of the existing natural gas utility as defined in s. 366.04(3)(c), the existing electric utility as defined in s. 366.02, or the existing water or wastewater utility as defined in s. 367.021(12), or any other existing water or wastewater facility, which owns a gas or electric distribution system or a water or wastewater system in this state where:

- 1. A contribution-in-aid of construction is required to serve public or public-private partnership facilities under the tariffs of any natural gas, electric, water, or wastewater utility as defined herein; and
- 2. Such utilities as defined herein are willing and able to provide such service.
- (c) To facilitate timely response and induce the location or expansion of specific job creating opportunities, the department may award grants for infrastructure feasibility studies, design and engineering activities, or other infrastructure planning and preparation activities. Authorized grants shall be up to \$50,000 for an employment project with a business committed to create at least 100 jobs; up to \$150,000 for an employment project with a business committed to create at least 300 jobs; and up to \$300,000 for a project in a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern. Grants awarded under this paragraph may be used in conjunction with grants awarded

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under paragraph (b), provided that the total amount of both grants does not exceed 30 percent of the total project cost. In evaluating applications under this paragraph, the department shall consider the extent to which the application seeks to minimize administrative and consultant expenses.

To enable local governments to access the resources available pursuant to s. 403.973(18), the department may award grants for surveys, feasibility studies, and other activities related to the identification and preclearance review of land which is suitable for preclearance review. Authorized grants under this paragraph may shall not exceed \$75,000 each, except in the case of a project in a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern, in which case the grant may shall not exceed \$300,000. Any funds awarded under this paragraph must be matched at a level of 50 percent with local funds, except that any funds awarded for a project in a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern must be matched at a level of 33 percent with local funds. If an application for funding is for a catalyst site, as defined in s. 288.0656, the requirement for local match may be waived pursuant to the process in s. 288.06561. In evaluating applications under this paragraph, the department shall consider the extent to which the application seeks to minimize administrative and consultant expenses.

Section 33. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of subsection (2) and subsection (7) of section 288.0656, Florida Statutes, are

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1401 amended to read:

288.0656 Rural Economic Development Initiative.-

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Catalyst project" means a business locating or expanding in a rural area of <u>opportunity critical economic</u> concern to serve as an economic generator of regional significance for the growth of a regional target industry cluster. The project must provide capital investment on a scale significant enough to affect the entire region and result in the development of high-wage and high-skill jobs.
- (b) "Catalyst site" means a parcel or parcels of land within a rural area of <u>opportunity critical economic concern</u> that has been prioritized as a geographic site for economic development through partnerships with state, regional, and local organizations. The site must be reviewed by REDI and approved by the department for the purposes of locating a catalyst project.
- (d) "Rural area of opportunity critical economic concern" means a rural community, or a region composed of rural communities, designated by the Governor, which that has been adversely affected by an extraordinary economic event, severe or chronic distress, or a natural disaster or that presents a unique economic development opportunity of regional impact.
- (7) (a) REDI may recommend to the Governor up to three rural areas of <u>opportunity critical economic concern</u>. The Governor may by executive order designate up to three rural

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areas of opportunity critical economic concern which will establish these areas as priority assignments for REDI as well as to allow the Governor, acting through REDI, to waive criteria, requirements, or similar provisions of any economic development incentive. Such incentives shall include, but are not be limited to + the Qualified Target Industry Tax Refund Program under s. 288.106, the Quick Response Training Program under s. 288.047, the Quick Response Training Program for participants in the welfare transition program under s. 288.047(8), transportation projects under s. 339.2821, the brownfield redevelopment bonus refund under s. 288.107, and the rural job tax credit program under ss. 212.098 and 220.1895.

- (b) Designation as a rural area of opportunity eritical economic concern under this subsection shall be contingent upon the execution of a memorandum of agreement among the department; the governing body of the county; and the governing bodies of any municipalities to be included within a rural area of opportunity eritical economic concern. Such agreement shall specify the terms and conditions of the designation, including, but not limited to, the duties and responsibilities of the county and any participating municipalities to take actions designed to facilitate the retention and expansion of existing businesses in the area, as well as the recruitment of new businesses to the area.
 - (c) Each rural area of opportunity critical economic

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concern may designate catalyst projects, provided that each catalyst project is specifically recommended by REDI, identified as a catalyst project by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and confirmed as a catalyst project by the department. All state agencies and departments shall use all available tools and resources to the extent permissible by law to promote the creation and development of each catalyst project and the development of catalyst sites.

Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 288.1088, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1088 Quick Action Closing Fund.-

- (3) (a) The department and Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall jointly review applications pursuant to s. 288.061 and determine the eligibility of each project consistent with the criteria in subsection (2). Waiver of these criteria may be considered under the following criteria:
 - 1. Based on extraordinary circumstances;
- 2. In order to mitigate the impact of the conclusion of the space shuttle program; or
- 3. In rural areas of <u>opportunity critical economic concern</u> if the project would significantly benefit the local or regional economy.
- Section 35. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (4) of section 288.1089, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1475 288.1089 Innovation Incentive Program.-

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- 1476 (4) To qualify for review by the department, the applicant must, at a minimum, establish the following to the satisfaction of the department:
 - (b) A research and development project must:
 - 1. Serve as a catalyst for an emerging or evolving technology cluster.
 - 2. Demonstrate a plan for significant higher education collaboration.
 - 3. Provide the state, at a minimum, a cumulative breakeven economic benefit within a 20-year period.
 - 4. Be provided with a one-to-one match from the local community. The match requirement may be reduced or waived in rural areas of opportunity critical economic concern or reduced in rural areas, brownfield areas, and enterprise zones.
 - (c) An innovation business project in this state, other than a research and development project, must:
 - 1.a. Result in the creation of at least 1,000 direct, new jobs at the business; or
 - b. Result in the creation of at least 500 direct, new jobs if the project is located in a rural area, a brownfield area, or an enterprise zone.
- 1497 2. Have an activity or product that is within an industry that is designated as a target industry business under s. 1499 288.106 or a designated sector under s. 288.108.
 - 3.a. Have a cumulative investment of at least \$500 million

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- 1501 within a 5-year period; or
- b. Have a cumulative investment that exceeds \$250 million within a 10-year period if the project is located in a rural area, brownfield area, or an enterprise zone.
 - 4. Be provided with a one-to-one match from the local community. The match requirement may be reduced or waived in rural areas of opportunity eritical economic concern or reduced in rural areas, brownfield areas, and enterprise zones.
 - (d) For an alternative and renewable energy project in this state, the project must:
 - 1. Demonstrate a plan for significant collaboration with an institution of higher education;
 - 2. Provide the state, at a minimum, a cumulative breakeven economic benefit within a 20-year period;
 - 3. Include matching funds provided by the applicant or other available sources. The match requirement may be reduced or waived in rural areas of opportunity critical economic concern or reduced in rural areas, brownfield areas, and enterprise zones;
 - 4. Be located in this state; and
 - 5. Provide at least 35 direct, new jobs that pay an estimated annual average wage that equals at least 130 percent of the average private sector wage.
- Section 36. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 290.0055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 1526 290.0055 Local nominating procedure.—
- 1527 (6)

- (d)1. The governing body of a jurisdiction which has nominated an application for an enterprise zone that is at least 15 square miles and less than 20 square miles and includes a portion of the state designated as a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern under s. 288.0656(7) may apply to the department to expand the boundary of the existing enterprise zone by not more than 3 square miles.
- 2. The governing body of a jurisdiction which has nominated an application for an enterprise zone that is at least 20 square miles and includes a portion of the state designated as a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern under s. 288.0656(7) may apply to the department to expand the boundary of the existing enterprise zone by not more than 5 square miles.
- 3. An application to expand the boundary of an enterprise zone under this paragraph must be submitted by December 31, 2013.
- 4. Notwithstanding the area limitations specified in subsection (4), the department may approve the request for a boundary amendment if the area continues to satisfy the remaining requirements of this section.
- 5. The department shall establish the initial effective date of an enterprise zone designated under this paragraph.

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1551 Section 37. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 1552 339.2819, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 339.2819 Transportation Regional Incentive Program.-1553 1554 (4)1555 The department shall give priority to projects that: (C) 1556 Provide connectivity to the Strategic Intermodal System 1557 developed under s. 339.64. 1558 Support economic development and the movement of goods 1559 in rural areas of opportunity critical economic concern designated under s. 288.0656(7). 1560 1561 3. Are subject to a local ordinance that establishes 1562 corridor management techniques, including access management 1563 strategies, right-of-way acquisition and protection measures, 1564 appropriate land use strategies, zoning, and setback 1565 requirements for adjacent land uses. 1566 Improve connectivity between military installations and 1567 the Strategic Highway Network or the Strategic Rail Corridor 1568 Network. 1569 1570 The department shall also consider the extent to which local 1571 matching funds are available to be committed to the project. 1572 Section 38. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 1573 339.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1574 339.63 System facilities designated; additions and

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deletions.-

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1576	(5)
1577	(b) A facility designated part of the Strategic Intermodal
1578	System pursuant to paragraph (a) that is within the jurisdiction
1579	of a local government that maintains a transportation
1580	concurrency system shall receive a waiver of transportation
1581	concurrency requirements applicable to Strategic Intermodal
1582	System facilities in order to accommodate any development at the
1583	facility which occurs pursuant to a building permit issued on or
1584	before December 31, 2017, but only if such facility is located:
1585	1. Within an area designated pursuant to s. 288.0656(7) as
1586	a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern;
1587	2. Within a rural enterprise zone as defined in s.
1588	290.004(5); or
1589	3. Within 15 miles of the boundary of a rural area of
1590	opportunity eritical economic concern or a rural enterprise
1591	zone.
1592	Section 39. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section
1593	373.4595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1594	373.4595 Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection
1595	Program.—
1596	(3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE WATERSHED PROTECTION PROGRAM.—A
1597	protection program for Lake Okeechobee that achieves phosphorus
1598	load reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be immediately
1599	implemented as specified in this subsection. The program shall

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address the reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from

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both internal and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions shall be achieved through a phased program of implementation. Initial implementation actions shall be technology-based, based upon a consideration of both the availability of appropriate technology and the cost of such technology, and shall include phosphorus reduction measures at both the source and the regional level. The initial phase of phosphorus load reductions shall be based upon the district's Technical Publication 81-2 and the district's WOD program, with subsequent phases of phosphorus load reductions based upon the total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 403.067. In the development and administration of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program, the coordinating agencies shall maximize opportunities provided by federal cost-sharing programs and opportunities for partnerships with the private sector.

(c) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control Program.—
The Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control Program is
designed to be a multifaceted approach to reducing phosphorus
loads by improving the management of phosphorus sources within
the Lake Okeechobee watershed through implementation of
regulations and best management practices, development and
implementation of improved best management practices,
improvement and restoration of the hydrologic function of
natural and managed systems, and utilization of alternative
technologies for nutrient reduction. The coordinating agencies

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shall facilitate the application of federal programs that offer opportunities for water quality treatment, including preservation, restoration, or creation of wetlands on agricultural lands.

- 1. Agricultural nonpoint source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. The coordinating agencies shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management practices that complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the coordinating agencies during any best management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d. The department shall use best professional judgment in making the initial determination of best management practice effectiveness.
- a. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c), the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall initiate rule development for interim measures, best management practices, conservation plans, nutrient management plans, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee watershed total maximum daily load reduction. The rule shall include thresholds

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for requiring conservation and nutrient management plans and criteria for the contents of such plans. Development of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph (b)1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best management practices for the purpose of adoption of such practices by rule. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall work with the University of Florida's Institute of Food and Agriculture Sciences to review and, where appropriate, develop revised nutrient application rates for all agricultural soil amendments in the watershed.

b. Where agricultural nonpoint source best management practices or interim measures have been adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the owner or operator of an agricultural nonpoint source addressed by such rule shall either implement interim measures or best management practices or demonstrate compliance with the district's WOD program by conducting monitoring prescribed by the department or the district. Owners or operators of agricultural nonpoint sources who implement interim measures or best management practices adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be subject to the provisions of s.

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- 403.067(7). The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in cooperation with the department and the district, shall provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of agricultural best management practices, subject to the availability of funds.
- c. The district or department shall conduct monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices.
- d. Where water quality problems are detected for agricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate implementation of adopted best management practices, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the other coordinating agencies and affected parties, shall institute a reevaluation of the best management practices and make appropriate changes to the rule adopting best management practices.
- 2. Nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. The department and the district shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management practices that complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The

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interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the department and the district during any best management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.

- The department and the district are directed to work with the University of Florida's Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences to develop appropriate nutrient application rates for all nonagricultural soil amendments in the watershed. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c), the department, in consultation with the district and affected parties, shall develop interim measures, best management practices, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee watershed total maximum daily load reduction. Development of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph (b)1. The department, the district, and affected parties shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best management practices. The district shall adopt technology-based standards under the district's WOD program for nonagricultural nonpoint sources of phosphorus. Nothing in this sub-subparagraph shall affect the authority of the department or the district to adopt basin-specific criteria under this part to prevent harm to the water resources of the district.
- b. Where nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices or interim measures have been developed by the department and adopted by the district, the owner or operator of

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a nonagricultural nonpoint source shall implement interim measures or best management practices and be subject to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The department and district shall provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, subject to the availability of funds.

- c. The district or the department shall conduct monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices.
- d. Where water quality problems are detected for nonagricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate implementation of adopted best management practices, the department and the district shall institute a reevaluation of the best management practices.
- 3. The provisions of subparagraphs 1. and 2. <u>may shall</u> not preclude the department or the district from requiring compliance with water quality standards or with current best management practices requirements set forth in any applicable regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of protecting water quality. Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 2. are applicable only to the extent that they do not conflict with any rules <u>adopted promulgated</u> by the department that are necessary to maintain a federally delegated or approved program.
- 4. Projects that reduce the phosphorus load originating from domestic wastewater systems within the Lake Okeechobee

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watershed shall be given funding priority in the department's revolving loan program under s. 403.1835. The department shall coordinate and provide assistance to those local governments seeking financial assistance for such priority projects.

Projects that make use of private lands, or lands held in trust for Indian tribes, to reduce nutrient loadings or concentrations within a basin by one or more of the following methods: restoring the natural hydrology of the basin, restoring wildlife habitat or impacted wetlands, reducing peak flows after storm events, increasing aquifer recharge, or protecting range and timberland from conversion to development, are eligible for grants available under this section from the coordinating agencies. For projects of otherwise equal priority, special funding priority will be given to those projects that make best use of the methods outlined above that involve public-private partnerships or that obtain federal match money. Preference ranking above the special funding priority will be given to projects located in a rural area of opportunity eritical economic concern designated by the Governor. Grant applications may be submitted by any person or tribal entity, and eligible projects may include, but are not limited to, the purchase of conservation and flowage easements, hydrologic restoration of wetlands, creating treatment wetlands, development of a management plan for natural resources, and financial support to implement a management plan.

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- The department shall require all entities disposing of domestic wastewater residuals within the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the remaining areas of Okeechobee, Glades, and Hendry Counties to develop and submit to the department an agricultural use plan that limits applications based upon phosphorus loading. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus concentrations originating from these application sites may shall not exceed the limits established in the district's WOD program. After December 31, 2007, the department may not authorize the disposal of domestic wastewater residuals within the Lake Okeechobee watershed unless the applicant can affirmatively demonstrate that the phosphorus in the residuals will not add to phosphorus loadings in Lake Okeechobee or its tributaries. This demonstration shall be based on achieving a net balance between phosphorus imports relative to exports on the permitted application site. Exports shall include only phosphorus removed from the Lake Okeechobee watershed through products generated on the permitted application site. This prohibition does not apply to Class AA residuals that are marketed and distributed as fertilizer products in accordance with department rule.
- b. Private and government-owned utilities within Monroe, Miami-Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry, and Glades Counties that dispose of wastewater residual sludge from utility operations and septic removal by land spreading in the Lake Okeechobee

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watershed may use a line item on local sewer rates to cover wastewater residual treatment and disposal if such disposal and treatment is done by approved alternative treatment methodology at a facility located within the areas designated by the Governor as rural areas of opportunity critical economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656. This additional line item is an environmental protection disposal fee above the present sewer rate and may shall not be considered a part of the present sewer rate to customers, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in chapter 367. The fee shall be established by the county commission or its designated assignee in the county in which the alternative method treatment facility is located. The fee shall be calculated to be no higher than that necessary to recover the facility's prudent cost of providing the service. Upon request by an affected county commission, the Florida Public Service Commission will provide assistance in establishing the fee. Further, for utilities and utility authorities that use the additional line item environmental protection disposal fee, such fee may shall not be considered a rate increase under the rules of the Public Service Commission and shall be exempt from such rules. Utilities using the provisions of this section may immediately include in their sewer invoicing the new environmental protection disposal fee. Proceeds from this environmental protection disposal fee shall be used for treatment and disposal of wastewater residuals, including any

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treatment technology that helps reduce the volume of residuals that require final disposal, but such proceeds <u>may shall</u> not be used for transportation or shipment costs for disposal or any costs relating to the land application of residuals in the Lake Okeechobee watershed.

- No less frequently than once every 3 years, the Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission through the services of an independent auditor shall perform a financial audit of all facilities receiving compensation from an environmental protection disposal fee. The Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission through the services of an independent auditor shall also perform an audit of the methodology used in establishing the environmental protection disposal fee. The Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission shall, within 120 days after completion of an audit, file the audit report with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and shall provide copies to the county commissions of the counties set forth in sub-subparagraph b. The books and records of any facilities receiving compensation from an environmental protection disposal fee shall be open to the Florida Public Service Commission and the Auditor General for review upon request.
- 7. The Department of Health shall require all entities disposing of septage within the Lake Okeechobee watershed to

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develop and submit to that agency an agricultural use plan that limits applications based upon phosphorus loading. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus concentrations originating from these application sites <u>may shall</u> not exceed the limits established in the district's WOD program.

- 8. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall initiate rulemaking requiring entities within the Lake Okeechobee watershed which land-apply animal manure to develop resource management system level conservation plans, according to United States Department of Agriculture criteria, which limit such application. Such rules may include criteria and thresholds for the requirement to develop a conservation or nutrient management plan, requirements for plan approval, and recordkeeping requirements.
- 9. The district, the department, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, as appropriate, shall implement those alternative nutrient reduction technologies determined to be feasible pursuant to subparagraph (d) 6.
- Section 40. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (26) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 380.06 Developments of regional impact.-
 - (2) STATEWIDE GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS.-
- (e) With respect to residential, hotel, motel, office, and retail developments, the applicable guidelines and standards

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shall be increased by 50 percent in urban central business districts and regional activity centers of jurisdictions whose local comprehensive plans are in compliance with part II of chapter 163. With respect to multiuse developments, the applicable individual use guidelines and standards for residential, hotel, motel, office, and retail developments and multiuse quidelines and standards shall be increased by 100 percent in urban central business districts and regional activity centers of jurisdictions whose local comprehensive plans are in compliance with part II of chapter 163, if one land use of the multiuse development is residential and amounts to not less than 35 percent of the jurisdiction's applicable residential threshold. With respect to resort or convention hotel developments, the applicable guidelines and standards shall be increased by 150 percent in urban central business districts and regional activity centers of jurisdictions whose local comprehensive plans are in compliance with part II of chapter 163 and where the increase is specifically for a proposed resort or convention hotel located in a county with a population greater than 500,000 and the local government specifically designates that the proposed resort or convention hotel development will serve an existing convention center of more than 250,000 gross square feet built before prior to July 1, 1992. The applicable guidelines and standards shall be increased by 150 percent for development in any area designated

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by the Governor as a rural area of <u>opportunity critical economic</u> concern pursuant to s. 288.0656 during the effectiveness of the designation.

- (26) ABANDONMENT OF DEVELOPMENTS OF REGIONAL IMPACT.
- Upon receipt of written confirmation from the state land planning agency that any required mitigation applicable to completed development has occurred, an industrial development of regional impact located within the coastal high-hazard area of a rural area of opportunity county of economic concern which was approved before prior to the adoption of the local government's comprehensive plan required under s. 163.3167 and which plan's future land use map and zoning designates the land use for the development of regional impact as commercial may be unilaterally abandoned without the need to proceed through the process described in paragraph (a) if the developer or owner provides a notice of abandonment to the local government and records such notice with the applicable clerk of court. Abandonment shall be deemed to have occurred upon the recording of the notice. All development following abandonment shall be fully consistent with the current comprehensive plan and applicable zoning.
- Section 41. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 380.0651, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 380.0651 Statewide guidelines and standards.-
 - (3) The following statewide guidelines and standards shall

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be applied in the manner described in s. 380.06(2) to determine whether the following developments shall be required to undergo development-of-regional-impact review:

- (g) Residential development.—A No rule may not be adopted concerning residential developments which treats a residential development in one county as being located in a less populated adjacent county unless more than 25 percent of the development is located within 2 or less miles or less of the less populated adjacent county. The residential thresholds of adjacent counties with less population and a lower threshold may shall not be controlling on any development wholly located within areas designated as rural areas of opportunity eritical economic concern.
- (4) Two or more developments, represented by their owners or developers to be separate developments, shall be aggregated and treated as a single development under this chapter when they are determined to be part of a unified plan of development and are physically proximate to one other.
- (c) Aggregation is not applicable when the following circumstances and provisions of this chapter are applicable:
- 1. Developments which are otherwise subject to aggregation with a development of regional impact which has received approval through the issuance of a final development order shall not be aggregated with the approved development of regional impact. However, nothing contained in this subparagraph shall

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- preclude the state land planning agency from evaluating an allegedly separate development as a substantial deviation pursuant to s. 380.06(19) or as an independent development of regional impact.
 - 2. Two or more developments, each of which is independently a development of regional impact that has or will obtain a development order pursuant to s. 380.06.
 - 3. Completion of any development that has been vested pursuant to s. 380.05 or s. 380.06, including vested rights arising out of agreements entered into with the state land planning agency for purposes of resolving vested rights issues. Development-of-regional-impact review of additions to vested developments of regional impact shall not include review of the impacts resulting from the vested portions of the development.
 - 4. The developments sought to be aggregated were authorized to commence development prior to September 1, 1988, and could not have been required to be aggregated under the law existing prior to that date.
 - $\underline{\text{5. Any development that qualifies for an exemption under}}$ s. 380.06(29).
 - Section 42. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 985.686, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1973 985.686 Shared county and state responsibility for 1974 juvenile detention.—
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:

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(b) "Fiscally constrained county" means a county within a rural area of opportunity critical economic concern as designated by the Governor pursuant to s. 288.0656 or each county for which the value of a mill will raise no more than \$5 million in revenue, based on the certified school taxable value certified pursuant to s. 1011.62(4)(a)1.a., from the previous July 1.

Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 1011.76, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.76 Small School District Stabilization Program.-

district must be located in a rural area of opportunity eritical economic concern designated by the Executive Office of the Governor, and the district school board must submit a resolution to the Department of Economic Opportunity requesting participation in the program. A rural area of opportunity eritical economic concern must be a rural community, or a region composed of such, that has been adversely affected by an extraordinary economic event or a natural disaster or that presents a unique economic development concern or opportunity of regional impact. The resolution must be accompanied by with documentation of the economic conditions in the community and provide information indicating the negative impact of these conditions on the school district's financial stability, and the school district must participate in a best financial management

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practices review to determine potential efficiencies that could be implemented to reduce program costs in the district.

Section 44. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.—

- (4)(a) On or after July 1, 2011, a unit of government that enters into a contract or employment agreement, or renewal or renegotiation of an existing contract or employment agreement, that contains a provision for severance pay with an officer, agent, employee, or contractor must include the following provisions in the contract:
- 1. A requirement that severance pay provided may not exceed an amount greater than 20 weeks of compensation.
- 2. A prohibition of provision of severance pay when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct, as defined in $\underline{s.443.036(29)}$ $\underline{s.443.036(30)}$, by the unit of government.
- Section 45. Paragraph (f) of subsection (13) of section 443.1216, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 443.1216 Employment.—Employment, as defined in s. 443.036, is subject to this chapter under the following conditions:
- (13) The following are exempt from coverage under this chapter:
 - (f) Service performed in the employ of a public employer

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2026 as defined in s. 443.036, except as provided in subsection (2), 2027 and service performed in the employ of an instrumentality of a public employer as described in s. 443.036(35) (b) or (c) s. 2028 2029 443.036(36) (b) or (c), to the extent that the instrumentality is 2030 immune under the United States Constitution from the tax imposed 2031 by s. 3301 of the Internal Revenue Code for that service. 2032 Section 46. (1) Any building permit, and any permit 2033 issued by the Department of Environmental Protection or by a water management district pursuant to part IV of chapter 373, 2034 2035 Florida Statutes, which has an expiration date from January 1, 2036 2014, through January 1, 2016, is extended and renewed for a 2037 period of 2 years after its previously scheduled date of 2038 expiration. This extension includes any local government-issued 2039 development order or building permit including certificates of 2040 levels of service. This section does not prohibit conversion 2041 from the construction phase to the operation phase upon completion of construction. This extension is in addition to any 2042 2043 existing permit extension. Extensions granted pursuant to this 2044 section; s. 14 of chapter 2009-96, Laws of Florida, as 2045 reauthorized by s. 47 of chapter 2010-147, Laws of Florida; s. 2046 46 of chapter 2010-147, Laws of Florida; s. 73 or s. 79 of 2047 chapter 2011-139, Laws of Florida; or s. 24 of chapter 2012-205, 2048 Laws of Florida, may not exceed 4 years in total. Further, 2049 specific development order extensions granted pursuant to s. 380.06(19)(c)2., Florida Statutes, may not be further extended 2050

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2051	by	this	section
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- (2) The commencement and completion dates for any required mitigation associated with a phased construction project are extended so that mitigation takes place in the same timeframe relative to the phase as originally permitted.
- (3) The holder of a valid permit or other authorization that is eligible for the 2-year extension must notify the authorizing agency in writing by December 31, 2014, identifying the specific authorization for which the holder intends to use the extension and the anticipated timeframe for acting on the authorization.
- (4) The extension provided in subsection (1) does not apply to:
- (a) A permit or other authorization under any programmatic or regional general permit issued by the Army Corps of Engineers.
- (b) A permit or other authorization held by an owner or operator determined to be in significant noncompliance with the conditions of the permit or authorization as established through the issuance of a warning letter or notice of violation, the initiation of formal enforcement, or other equivalent action by the authorizing agency.
- (c) A permit or other authorization, if granted an extension that would delay or prevent compliance with a court order.

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- (5) Permits extended under this section shall continue to be governed by the rules in effect at the time the permit was issued unless it is demonstrated that the rules in effect at the time the permit was issued would create an immediate threat to public safety or health. This provision applies to any modification of the plans, terms, and conditions of the permit which lessens the environmental impact, except that any such modification does not extend the time limit beyond 2 additional years.

 (6) This section does not impair the authority of a county
- or municipality to require the owner of a property who has notified the county or municipality of the owner's intent to receive the extension of time granted pursuant to this section to maintain and secure the property in a safe and sanitary condition in compliance with applicable laws and ordinances.
- Section 47. Part XIV of chapter 288, Florida Statutes, consisting of ss. 288.993-288.9937, is created and entitled "Microfinance Programs."
- Section 48. Section 288.993, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- <u>288.993 Short title.—This part may be cited as the</u>
 "Florida Microfinance Act."
- Section 49. Section 288.9931, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 288.9931 Legislative findings and intent.—The Legislature

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finds that the ability of entrepreneurs and small businesses to
access capital is vital to the overall health and growth of this
state's economy; however, access to capital is limited by the
lack of available credit for entrepreneurs and small businesses
in this state. The Legislature further finds that entrepreneurs
and small businesses could be assisted through the creation of a
program that will provide an avenue for entrepreneurs and small
businesses in this state to access credit. Additionally, the
Legislature finds that business management training, business
development training, and technical assistance are necessary to
ensure that entrepreneurs and small businesses that receive
credit develop the skills necessary to grow and achieve long-
term financial stability. The Legislature intends to expand job
opportunities for this state's workforce by expanding access to
credit to entrepreneurs and small businesses. Furthermore, the
Legislature intends to avoid duplicating existing programs and
to coordinate, assist, augment, and improve access to those
programs for entrepreneurs and small businesses in this state.
Section 50. Section 288.9932, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:
288.9932 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
(1) "Applicant" means an entrepreneur or small business
that applies to a loan administrator for a microloan.
(2) "Domiciled in this state" means authorized to do
business in this state and located in this state.

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2126 "Entrepreneur" means an individual residing in this 2127 state who desires to assume the risk of organizing, managing, 2128 and operating a small business in this state. 2129 "Network" means the Florida Small Business Development 2130 Center Network. 2131 (5) "Small business" means a business, regardless of corporate structure, domiciled in this state which employs 25 or 2132 2133 fewer people and generated average annual gross revenues of \$1.5 million or less per year for the preceding 2 years. For the 2134 purposes of this part, the identity of a small business is not 2135 2136 affected by name changes or changes in personnel. 2137 Section 51. Section 288.9933, Florida Statutes, is created 2138 to read: 288.9933 Rulemaking authority.—The department may adopt 2139 2140 rules to implement this part. 2141 Section 52. Section 288.9934, Florida Statutes, is created 2142 to read: 2143 288.9934 Microfinance Loan Program.-2144 (1) PURPOSE.—The Microfinance Loan Program is established in the department to make short-term, fixed-rate microloans in 2145 2146 conjunction with business management training, business 2147 development training, and technical assistance to entrepreneurs 2148 and newly established or growing small businesses for start-up 2149 costs, working capital, and the acquisition of materials, supplies, furniture, fixtures, and equipment. Participation in 2150

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- the loan program is intended to enable entrepreneurs and small
 businesses to access private financing upon completing the loan
 program.

 (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term "loan"
 - (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term "loan administrator" means an entity that enters into a contract with the department pursuant to this section to administer the loan program.
 - (3) REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL.—
 - (a) By December 1, 2014, the department shall contract with at least one but not more than three entities to administer the loan program for a term of 3 years. The department shall award the contract in accordance with the request for proposal requirements in s. 287.057 to an entity that:
 - 1. Is a corporation registered in this state;
 - 2. Does not offer checking accounts or savings accounts;
 - 3. Demonstrates that its board of directors and managers are experienced in microlending and small business finance and development;
 - 4. Demonstrates that it has the technical skills and sufficient resources and expertise to:
 - a. Analyze and evaluate applications by entrepreneurs and small businesses applying for microloans;
 - b. Underwrite and service microloans provided pursuant to this part; and
 - c. Coordinate the provision of such business management

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- 2176 <u>training</u>, business development training, and technical assistance as required by this part.
 - 5. Demonstrates that it has established viable, existing partnerships with public and private nonstate funding sources, economic development agencies, and workforce development and job referral networks; and
 - 6. Demonstrates that it has a plan that includes proposed microlending activities under the loan program, including, but not limited to, the types of entrepreneurs and businesses to be assisted and the size and range of loans the loan administrator intends to make.
 - (b) To ensure that prospective loan administrators meet the requirements of subparagraphs (a)2.-6., the request for proposal must require submission of the following information:
 - 1. A description of the types of entrepreneurs and small businesses the loan administrator has assisted in the past, and the average size and terms of loans made in the past to such entities;
 - 2. A description of the experience of members of the board of directors and managers in the areas of microlending and small business finance and development;
 - 3. A description of the loan administrator's underwriting and credit policies and procedures, credit decisionmaking process, monitoring policies and procedures, and collection practices, and samples of any currently used loan documentation;

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- 4. A description of the nonstate funding sources that will be used by the loan administrator in conjunction with the state funds to make microloans pursuant to this section;
- 5. The loan administrator's three most recent financial audits or, if no prior audits have been completed, the loan administrator's three most recent unaudited financial statements; and
- 6. A conflict of interest statement from the loan administrator's board of directors certifying that a board member, employee, or agent, or an immediate family member thereof, or any other person connected to or affiliated with the loan administrator, is not receiving or will not receive any type of compensation or remuneration from an entrepreneur or small business that has received or will receive funds from the loan program. The department may waive this requirement for good cause shown. As used in this subparagraph, the term "immediate family" means a parent, child, or spouse, or any other relative by blood, marriage, or adoption, of a board member, employee, or agent of the loan administrator.
 - (4) CONTRACT AND AWARD OF FUNDS.-
- (a) The selected loan administrator must enter into a contract with the department for a term of 3 years to receive state funds for the loan program. Funds appropriated to the program must be reinvested and maintained as a long-term and stable source of funding for the program. The amount of state

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- funds used in any microloan made pursuant to this part may not exceed 50 percent of the total microloan amount. The department shall establish financial performance measures and objectives for the loan program and for the loan administrator in order to maximize the state funds awarded.
 - (b) State funds may be used only to provide direct microloans to entrepreneurs and small businesses according to the limitations, terms, and conditions provided in this part.

 Except as provided in subsection (5), state funds may not be used to pay administrative costs, underwriting costs, servicing costs, or any other costs associated with providing microloans, business management training, business development training, or technical assistance.
 - (c) The loan administrator shall reserve 10 percent of the total award amount from the department to provide microloans pursuant to this part to entrepreneurs and small businesses that employ no more than five people and generate annual gross revenues averaging no more than \$250,000 per year for the last 2 years.
 - (d)1. If the loan program is appropriated funding in a fiscal year, the department shall distribute such funds to the loan administrator within 30 days of the execution of the contract by the department and the loan administrator.
 - 2. The total amount of funding allocated to the loan administrator in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount

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- appropriated for the loan program in the same fiscal year. If the funds appropriated to the loan program in a fiscal year exceed the amount of state funds received by the loan administrator, such excess funds shall revert to the General Revenue Fund.
 - (e) Within 30 days of executing its contract with the department, the loan administrator must enter into a memorandum of understanding with the network:
 - 1. For the provision of business management training, business development training, and technical assistance to entrepreneurs and small businesses that receive microloans under this part; and
 - 2. To promote the program to underserved entrepreneurs and small businesses.
 - (f) By September 1, 2014, the department shall review industry best practices and determine the minimum business management training, business development training, and technical assistance that must be provided by the network to achieve the goals of this part.
 - (g) The loan administrator must meet the requirements of this section, the terms of its contract with the department, and any other applicable state or federal laws to be eligible to receive funds in any fiscal year. The contract with the loan administrator must specify any sanctions for the loan administrator's failure to comply with the contract or this

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2276	<pre>part.</pre>
2277	(5) FEES.—
2278	(a) Except as provided in this section, the department may
2279	not charge fees or interest or require collateral from the loan
2280	administrator. The department may charge an annual fee or
2281	interest of up to 80 percent of the Federal Funds Rate as of the
2282	date specified in the contract for state funds received under
2283	the loan program. The department shall require as collateral an
2284	assignment of the notes receivable of the microloans made by the
2285	loan administrator under the loan program.
2286	(b) The loan administrator is entitled to retain a one-
2287	time administrative servicing fee of 1 percent of the total
2288	award amount to offset the administrative costs of underwriting
2289	and servicing microloans made pursuant to this part. This fee
2290	may not be charged to or paid by microloan borrowers
2291	participating in the loan program. Except as provided in
2292	subsection (7)(c), the loan administrator may not be required to
2293	return this fee to the department.
2294	(c) The loan administrator may not charge interest, fees,
2295	or costs except as authorized in subsection (9).
2296	(d) Except as provided in subsection (7), the loan
2297	administrator is not required to return the interest, fees, or
2298	costs authorized under subsection (9).
2299	(6) REPAYMENT OF AWARD FUNDS.—
2300	(a) After collecting interest and any fees or costs

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made pursuant to this part, the loan administrator shall remit
to the department the microloan principal collected from all
microloans made with state funds received under this part.

Repayment of microloan principal to the department may be
deferred by the department for a period not to exceed 6 months;
however, the loan administrator may not provide a microloan
under this part after the contract with the department expires.

(b) If for any reason the loan administrator is unable to

- make repayments to the department in accordance with the contract, the department may accelerate maturity of the state funds awarded and demand repayment in full. In this event, or if a loan administrator violates this part or the terms of its contract, the loan administrator shall surrender to the department possession of all collateral required pursuant to subsection (5). Any loss or deficiency greater than the value of the collateral may be recovered by the department from the loan administrator.
- (c) In the event of a default as specified in the contract, termination of the contract, or violation of this section, the state may, in addition to any other remedy provided by law, bring suit to enforce its interest.
- (d) A microloan borrower's default does not relieve the loan administrator of its obligation to repay an award to the department.

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2326		(7)	CONTRACT	TERMINATION
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- (a) The loan administrator's contract with the department may be terminated by the department, and the loan administrator required to immediately return all state funds awarded, including any interest, fees, and costs it would otherwise be entitled to retain pursuant to subsection (5) for that fiscal year, upon a finding by the department that:
- 1. The loan administrator has, within the previous 5
 years, participated in a state-funded economic development
 program in this or any other state and was found to have failed
 to comply with the requirements of that program;
- 2. The loan administrator is currently in material noncompliance with any statute, rule, or program administered by the department;
- 3. The loan administrator or any member of its board of directors, officers, partners, managers, or shareholders has pled no contest or been found guilty, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld, of any felony or any misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, or dishonesty;
- 4. The loan administrator failed to meet or agree to the terms of the contract with the department or failed to meet this part; or
- 5. The department finds that the loan administrator provided fraudulent or misleading information to the department.
 - (b) The loan administrator's contract with the department

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- may be terminated by the department at any time for any reason upon 30 days' notice by the department. In such a circumstance, the loan administrator shall return all awarded state funds to the department within 60 days of the termination. However, the loan administrator may retain any interest, fees, or costs it has collected pursuant to subsection (5).
- (c) The loan administrator's contract with the department may be terminated by the loan administrator at any time for any reason upon 30 days' notice by the loan administrator. In such a circumstance, the loan administrator shall return all awarded state funds to the department, including any interest, fees, and costs it has retained or would otherwise be entitled to retain pursuant to subsection (5), within 30 days of the termination.
 - (8) AUDITS AND REPORTING. -
- (a) The loan administrator shall annually submit to the department a financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant and an operational performance audit for the most recently completed fiscal year. Both audits must indicate whether any material weakness or instances of material noncompliance are indicated in the audit.
- (b) The loan administrator shall submit quarterly reports to the department as required by s. 288.9936(3).
- (c) The loan administrator shall make its books and records related to the loan program available to the department or its designee for inspection upon reasonable notice.

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2376	(9) ELIGIBILITY AND APPLICATION.—
2377	(a) To be eligible for a microloan, an applicant must, at
2378	a minimum, be an entrepreneur or small business located in this
2379	state.
2380	(b) Microloans may not be made if the direct or indirect
2381	purpose or result of granting the microloan would be to:
2382	1. Pay off any creditors of the applicant, including the
2383	refund of a debt owed to a small business investment company
2384	organized pursuant to 15 U.S.C. s. 681;
2385	2. Provide funds, directly or indirectly, for payment,
2386	distribution, or as a microloan to owners, partners, or
2387	shareholders of the applicant's business, except as ordinary
2388	compensation for services rendered;
2389	3. Finance the acquisition, construction, improvement, or
2390	operation of real property which is, or will be, held primarily
2391	<pre>for sale or investment;</pre>
2392	4. Pay for lobbying activities; or
2393	5. Replenish funds used for any of the purposes specified
2394	in subparagraphs 14.
2395	(c) A microloan applicant shall submit a written
2396	application in the format prescribed by the loan administrator
2397	and shall pay an application fee not to exceed \$50 to the loan
2398	administrator.
2399	(d) The following minimum terms apply to a microloan made
2400	by the loan administrator:

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2401 The amount of a microloan may not exceed \$50,000; 2402 2. A borrower may not receive more than \$75,000 per year 2403 in total microloans; 2404 3. A borrower may not receive more than two microloans per 2405 year and may not receive more than five microloans in any 3-year 2406 period; 2407 4. The proceeds of the microloan may be used only for startup costs, working capital, and the acquisition of 2408 2409 materials, supplies, furniture, fixtures, and equipment; 2410 The period of any microloan may not exceed 1 year; 2411 The interest rate may not exceed the prime rate 2412 published in the Wall Street Journal as of the date specified in 2413 the microloan, plus 1000 basis points; 2414 7. All microloans must be personally quaranteed; 2415 The borrower must participate in business management 2416 training, business development training, and technical 2417 assistance as determined by the loan administrator in the 2418 microloan agreement; 2419 9. The borrower shall provide such information as required 2420 by the loan administrator, including monthly job creation and 2421 financial data, in the manner prescribed by the loan 2422 administrator; and 2423 The loan administrator may collect fees for late 10. 2424 payments which are consistent with standard business lending

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practices and may recover costs and fees incurred for any

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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- 2426 collection efforts necessitated by a borrower's default.
 - (e) The department may not review microloans made by the loan administrator pursuant to this part before approval of the loan by the loan administrator.
 - (10) STATEWIDE STRATEGIC PLAN.—In implementing this section, the department shall be guided by the 5-year statewide strategic plan adopted pursuant to s. 20.60(5). The department shall promote and advertise the loan program by, among other things, cooperating with government, nonprofit, and private industry to organize, host, or participate in seminars and other forums for entrepreneurs and small businesses.
 - (11) STUDY.—By December 31, 2014, the department shall commence or commission a study to identify methods and best practices that will increase access to credit to entrepreneurs and small businesses in this state. The study must also explore the ability of, and limitations on, Florida nonprofit organizations and private financial institutions to expand access to credit to entrepreneurs and small businesses in this state.
 - (12) CREDIT OF THE STATE.—With the exception of funds appropriated to the loan program by the Legislature, the credit of the state may not be pledged. The state is not liable or obligated in any way for claims on the loan program or against the loan administrator or the department.
 - Section 53. Section 288.9935, Florida Statutes, is created

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2451	to read:
2452	288.9935 Microfinance Guarantee Program
2453	(1) The Microfinance Guarantee Program is established in
2454	the department. The purpose of the program is to stimulate
2455	access to credit for entrepreneurs and small businesses in this
2456	state by providing targeted guarantees to loans made to such
2457	entrepreneurs and small businesses. Funds appropriated to the
2458	program must be reinvested and maintained as a long-term and
2459	stable source of funding for the program.
2460	(2) As used in this section, the term "lender" means a
2461	financial institution as defined in s. 655.005.
2462	(3) The department must enter into a contract with
2463	Enterprise Florida, Inc., to administer the Microfinance
2464	Guarantee Program. In administering the program, Enterprise
2465	Florida, Inc., must, at a minimum:
2466	(a) Establish lender and borrower eligibility requirements
2467	in addition to those provided in this section;
2468	(b) Determine a reasonable leverage ratio of loan amounts
2469	guaranteed to state funds; however, the leverage ratio may not
2470	exceed 3 to 1;
2471	(c) Establish reasonable fees and interest;
2472	(d) Promote the program to financial institutions that
2473	provide loans to entrepreneurs and small businesses in order to
2474	maximize the number of lenders throughout the state which
2475	participate in the program;

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2476 (e) Enter into a memorandum of understanding with the 2477 network to promote the program to underserved entrepreneurs and 2478 small businesses; 2479 Establish limits on the total amount of loan (f) 2480 guarantees a single lender can receive; 2481 (g) Establish an average loan guarantee amount for loans 2482 guaranteed under this section; Establish a risk-sharing strategy to be employed in 2483 2484 the event of a loan failure; and 2485 (i) Establish financial performance measures and 2486 objectives for the program in order to maximize the state funds. 2487 Enterprise Florida, Inc., is limited to providing loan 2488 guarantees for loans with total loan amounts of at least \$50,000 2489 and not more than \$250,000. A loan guarantee may not exceed 50 2490 percent of the total loan amount. 2491 (5) Enterprise Florida, Inc., may not guarantee a loan if the direct or indirect purpose or result of the loan would be 2492 2493 to: Pay off any creditors of the applicant, including the 2494 2495 refund of a debt owed to a small business investment company 2496 organized pursuant to 15 U.S.C. s. 681; 2497 Provide funds, directly or indirectly, for payment, 2498 distribution, or as a loan to owners, partners, or shareholders of the applicant's business, except as ordinary compensation for 2499

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services rendered;

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2501	(c) Finance the acquisition, construction, improvement, or
2502	operation of real property which is, or will be, held primarily
2503	for sale or investment;
2504	(d) Pay for lobbying activities; or
2505	(e) Replenish funds used for any of the purposes specified
2506	in paragraphs (a) through (d).
2507	(6) Enterprise Florida, Inc., may not use funds
2508	appropriated from the state for costs associated with
2509	administering the guarantee program.
2510	(7) To be eligible to receive a loan guarantee under the
2511	Microfinance Guarantee Program, a borrower must, at a minimum:
2512	(a) Be an entrepreneur or small business located in this
2513	state;
2514	(b) Employ 25 or fewer people;
2515	(c) Generate average annual gross revenues of \$1.5 million
2516	or less per year for the last 2 years; and
2517	(d) Meet any additional requirements established by
2518	Enterprise Florida, Inc.
2519	(8) By October 1 of each year, Enterprise Florida, Inc.,
2520	shall submit a complete and detailed annual report to the
2521	department for inclusion in the department's report required
2522	under s. 20.60(10). The report must, at a minimum, provide:
2523	(a) A comprehensive description of the program, including
2524	an evaluation of its application and guarantee activities,
2525	recommendations for change, and identification of any other

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2526	state programs that overlap with the program;
2527	(b) An assessment of the current availability of and
2528	access to credit for entrepreneurs and small businesses in this
2529	state;
2530	(c) A summary of the financial and employment results of
2531	the entrepreneurs and small businesses receiving loan
2532	guarantees, including the number of full-time equivalent jobs
2533	created as a result of the guaranteed loans and the amount of
2534	wages paid to employees in the newly created jobs;
2535	(d) Industry data about the borrowers, including the six-
2536	digit North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
2537	code;
2538	(e) The name and location of lenders that receive loan
2539	<pre>guarantees;</pre>
2540	(f) The amount of state funds received by Enterprise
2541	Florida, Inc.;
2542	(g) The number of loan guarantee applications received;
2543	(h) The number, duration, location, and amount of
2544	<pre>guarantees made;</pre>
2545	(i) The number and amount of guaranteed loans outstanding,
2546	if any;
2547	(j) The number and amount of guaranteed loans with
2548	<pre>payments overdue, if any;</pre>
2549	(k) The number and amount of guaranteed loans in default,
2550	if any;

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2551	(1) The repayment history of the guaranteed loans made;
2552	and
2553	(m) An evaluation of the program's ability to meet the
2554	financial performance measures and objectives specified in
2555	subsection (3).
2556	(9) The credit of the state or Enterprise Florida, Inc.,
2557	may not be pledged except for funds appropriated by law to the
2558	Microfinance Guarantee Program. The state is not liable or
2559	obligated in any way for claims on the program or against
2560	Enterprise Florida, Inc., or the department.
2561	Section 54. Section 288.9936, Florida Statutes, is created
2562	to read:
2563	288.9936 Annual report of the Microfinance Loan Program
2564	(1) The department shall include in the report required by
2565	s. 20.60(10) a complete and detailed annual report on the
2566	Microfinance Loan Program. The report must include:
2567	(a) A comprehensive description of the program, including
2568	an evaluation of its application and funding activities,
2569	recommendations for change, and identification of any other
2570	state programs that overlap with the program;
2571	(b) The financial institutions and the public and private
2572	organizations and individuals participating in the program;
2573	(c) An assessment of the current availability of and
2574	access to credit for entrepreneurs and small businesses in this
2575	state;

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2576 (d) A summary of the financial and employment results of 2577 the entities receiving microloans; 2578 The number of full-time equivalent jobs created as a 2579 result of the microloans and the amount of wages paid to 2580 employees in the newly created jobs; 2581 (f) The number and location of prospective loan 2582 administrators that responded to the department request for 2583 proposals; 2584 The amount of state funds received by the loan (g) 2585 administrator; 2586 The number of microloan applications received by the (h) 2587 loan administrator; 2588 (i) The number, duration, and location of microloans made 2589 by the loan administrator, including the aggregate number of 2590 microloans made to minority business enterprises if available; 2591 The number and amount of microloans outstanding, if 2592 any; 2593 The number and amount of microloans with payments 2594 overdue, if any; 2595 The number and amount of microloans in default, if (1)2596 any; 2597 The repayment history of the microloans made; (m) 2598 (n) The repayment history and performance of funding 2599 awards; 2600 An evaluation of the program's ability to meet the (\circ)

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2601	financial performance measures and objectives specified in s.
2602	288.9934; and
2603	(p) A description and evaluation of the technical
2604	assistance and business management and development training
2605	provided by the network pursuant to its memorandum of
2606	understanding with the loan administrator.
2607	(2) The department shall submit the report provided to the
2608	department from Enterprise Florida, Inc., pursuant to
2609	288.9935(7) for inclusion in the department's annual report
2610	required under s. 20.60(10).
2611	(3) The department shall require at least quarterly
2612	reports from the loan administrator. The loan administrator's
2613	report must include, at a minimum, the number of microloan
2614	applications received, the number of microloans made, the amount
2615	and interest rate of each microloan made, the amount of
2616	technical assistance or business development and management
2617	training provided, the number of full-time equivalent jobs
2618	created as a result of the microloans, the amount of wages paid
2619	to employees in the newly created jobs, the six-digit North
2620	American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code associated
2621	with the borrower's business, and the borrower's locations.
2622	(4) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
2623	Accountability shall conduct a study to evaluate the
2624	effectiveness and the Office of Economic and Demographic

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Research shall conduct a study to evaluate the return on

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2626 investment of the State Small Business Credit Initiative 2627 operated in this state pursuant to 12 U.S.C. ss. 5701 et seq. 2628 The offices shall each submit a report to the President of the 2629 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by 2630 January 1, 2015. 2631 Section 55. Section 288.9937, Florida Statutes, is created 2632 to read: 2633 288.9937 Evaluation of programs. - The Office of Economic 2634 and Demographic Research shall analyze, evaluate, and determine the economic benefits, as defined in s. 288.005, of the first 3 2635 2636 years of the Microfinance Loan Program and the Microfinance 2637 Guarantee Program. The analysis must also evaluate the number of 2638 jobs created, the increase or decrease in personal income, and 2639 the impact on state gross domestic product from the direct, 2640 indirect, and induced effects of the state's investment. The 2641 analysis must also identify any inefficiencies in the programs 2642 and provide recommendations for changes to the programs. The 2643 office shall submit a report to the President of the Senate and 2644 the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2018. This section expires January 31, 2018. 2645 2646 Section 56. (1) The executive director of the Department 2647 of Economic Opportunity is authorized, and all conditions are 2648 deemed to be met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 2649 120.536(1) and 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing this act. 2650

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) remain in effect for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules. (3) This section shall expire October 1, 2015. Section 57. For the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the sum of \$10 million in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Department of Economic Opportunity to implement this act. From these nonrecurring funds, the Department of Economic Opportunity and Enterprise Florida, Inc., may spend up to \$100,000 to market and promote the programs created in this act. For the 2014-2015 fiscal year, one fulltime equivalent position is authorized with 55,000 of salary rate, and \$64,759 of recurring funds and \$3,018 of nonrecurring funds from the State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund, \$12,931 of recurring funds and \$604 of nonrecurring funds from the Tourism Promotional Trust Fund, and \$3,233 of recurring funds and \$151 of nonrecurring funds from the Florida International Trade and Promotion Trust Fund are appropriated to the Department of Economic Opportunity to implement this act.

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Section 58. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.