By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Detert

	591-03104-14 2014812c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to expunction; amending s. 943.0582,
3	F.S.; allowing minors who have certain felony arrests
4	to have the Department of Law Enforcement expunge
5	their nonjudicial arrest record upon successful
6	completion of a prearrest or postarrest diversion
7	program; extending the application submission date for
8	minors who completed the program before a certain
9	date; amending s. 943.0585, F.S.; revising the
10	information that must be provided in the written
11	statement from the state attorney or statewide
12	prosecutor in order for a person to be eligible for a
13	criminal history record expunction; revising when a
14	certificate of eligibility for expunction shall be
15	issued; authorizing the department to enter certain
16	expunged records in specified databases; requiring the
17	department to disclose certain expunged records to
18	specified governmental entities; providing an
19	effective date.
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21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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23	Section 1. Paragraphs (c), (e), and (f) of subsection (3)
24	of section 943.0582, Florida Statutes, are amended, present
25	subsection (5) of that section is redesignated as subsection
26	(6), and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:
27	943.0582 Prearrest, postarrest, or teen court diversion
28	program expunction
29	(3) The department shall expunge the nonjudicial arrest

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30	record of a minor who has successfully completed a prearrest or
31	postarrest diversion program if that minor:
32	(c) Submits to the department, with the application, an
33	official written statement from the state attorney for the
34	county in which the arrest occurred certifying that he or she
35	has successfully completed that county's prearrest or postarrest
36	diversion program, that his or her participation in the program
37	was based on an arrest for a nonviolent misdemeanor, <u>or for a</u>
38	felony that does not relate to a violation of s. 393.135, s.
39	<u>394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s.</u>
40	810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s.
41	<u>847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, a</u>
42	violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or any violation specified
43	as a predicate offense for registration as a sexual predator
44	pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether that offense
45	alone is sufficient to require such registration, or for
46	registration as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, and
47	that he or she has not otherwise been charged with or found to
48	have committed any criminal offense or comparable ordinance
49	violation.
50	(e) Participated in a prearrest or postarrest diversion
51	program based on an arrest for a nonviolent misdemeanor that
52	would not qualify as an act of domestic violence as that term is
53	defined in s. 741.28.
54	<u>(e)</u> Has never, prior to filing the application for
55	expunction, been charged with or been found to have committed
56	any criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation.

57 (5) In the case of a minor whose completion of the program 58 occurred before July 1, 2014, the application for prearrest or

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591-03104-14 2014812c1 59 postarrest diversion expunction must be submitted within 6 60 months after July 1, 2014. (6) (5) Expunction or sealing granted under this section 61 62 does not prevent the minor who receives such relief from 63 petitioning for the expunction or sealing of a later criminal 64 history record as provided for in ss. 943.0583, 943.0585, and 65 943.059, if the minor is otherwise eligible under those 66 sections. 67 Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (h) of subsection (2) and 68 subsection (4) of section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, are 69 amended to read: 70 943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history 71 records.-The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their 72 own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, and 73 correction of judicial records containing criminal history 74 information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent 75 with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by 76 this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a 77 criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal history record 78 of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of 79 this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice 80 agency to expunge a criminal history record until the person 81 seeking to expunge a criminal history record has applied for and 82 received a certificate of eligibility for expunction pursuant to 83 subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, 84 85 s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 86 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 87 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or

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88	any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration
89	as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to
90	whether that offense alone is sufficient to require such
91	registration, or for registration as a sexual offender pursuant
92	to s. 943.0435, may not be expunged, without regard to whether
93	adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of
94	or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the
95	defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled
96	guilty or nolo contendere to committing, the offense as a
97	delinquent act. The court may only order expunction of a
98	criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident
99	of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this
100	section. The court may, at its sole discretion, order the
101	expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to more than
102	one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the
103	original arrest. If the court intends to order the expunction of
104	records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must
105	be specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not
106	expunge any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the
107	order to expunge does not articulate the intention of the court
108	to expunge a record pertaining to more than one arrest. This
109	section does not prevent the court from ordering the expunction
110	of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one
111	arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity.
112	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice
113	agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests
114	of other jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or
115	confidential handling of criminal history records or information
116	derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the
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591-03104-14 2014812c1 117 expunction of any criminal history record, and any request for 118 expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the 119 sole discretion of the court. 120 (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION.-Prior to 121 petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall apply 122 123 to the department for a certificate of eligibility for 124 expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to 125 chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application 126 for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for expunction. 127 A certificate of eligibility for expunction is valid for 12 128 months after the date stamped on the certificate when issued by 129 the department. After that time, the petitioner must reapply to 130 the department for a new certificate of eligibility. Eligibility 131 for a renewed certification of eligibility must be based on the 132 status of the applicant and the law in effect at the time of the 133 renewal application. The department shall issue a certificate of 134 eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a 135 criminal history record if that person:

(a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a
written, certified statement from the appropriate state attorney
or statewide prosecutor which indicates:

139 1. That an indictment, information, or other charging140 document was not filed or issued in the case.

141 2. That an indictment, information, or other charging 142 document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or nolle 143 <u>prossed</u> <del>prosequi</del> by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor, 144 or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction, <u>or a</u> 145 judge or jury rendered a verdict of not guilty. The records of a

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591-03104-14 2014812c1 146 person adjudicated not guilty by reason of insanity are not 147 eligible for expunction under this section and that none of the charges related to the arrest or alleged criminal activity to 148 149 which the petition to expunge pertains resulted in a trial, 150 without regard to whether the outcome of the trial was other 151 than an adjudication of guilt. 152 3. That the criminal history record does not relate to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, 153 154 s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 155 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 156 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or 157 any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration 158 as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether that offense alone is sufficient to require such 159 160 registration, or for registration as a sexual offender pursuant 161 to s. 943.0435, where the defendant was found quilty of, or pled 162 guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the 163 defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled 164 guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a 165 delinquent act, without regard to whether adjudication was 166 withheld. 167 (h) Has previously obtained a court order sealing the record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, 168 or former s. 943.058 for a minimum of 10 years because 169 adjudication was withheld or because all charges related to the 170 171 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 172 expunge pertains were not dismissed prior to trial, without 173 regard to whether the outcome of the trial was other than an adjudication of guilt. The requirement for the record to have 174

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175	previously been sealed for a minimum of 10 years does not apply
176	when a plea was not entered, when <del>or</del> all charges related to the
177	arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to
178	expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial, or when a judge
179	or jury rendered a verdict of not guilty. The records of a
180	person adjudicated not guilty by reason of insanity are not
181	eligible for expunction under this section.
182	(4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTIONAny
183	criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered
184	expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this
185	section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by any
186	criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except
187	that any criminal history record in the custody of the
188	department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history
189	record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is
190	confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and
191	s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not available to
192	any person or entity except upon order of a court of competent
193	jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may retain a notation
194	indicating compliance with an order to expunge. <u>If a person is</u>
195	found to be incompetent to stand trial, the expunction of the
196	criminal history record shall not prevent entry of the judgment
197	or finding in state and national databases for use in
198	determining eligibility to purchase or possess a firearm or to
199	carry a concealed firearm, as authorized in s. 790.065(2)(a)4.c.
200	and 18 U.S.C. s. 922(t), nor shall it prevent a governmental
201	agency that is authorized by state or federal law to determine
202	eligibility to purchase or possess a firearm or to carry a
203	concealed firearm from accessing or using the record of the
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591-03104-14 2014812c1 204 judgment or finding in the course of such agency's official 205 duties. 206 (a) The person who is the subject of a criminal history 207 record that is expunged under this section or under other 208 provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, 209 and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge 210 the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the 211 subject of the record: 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice 212 213 agency; 214 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution; 215 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under 216 this section, s. 943.0583, or s. 943.059; 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar; 217 218 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract 219 with the Department of Children and Families, the Division of 220 Vocational Rehabilitation within the Department of Education, 221 the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for 222 Persons with Disabilities, the Department of Health, the 223 Department of Elderly Affairs, or the Department of Juvenile 224 Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee 225 in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the 226 disabled, or the elderly; or 227 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department 228 of Education, any district school board, any university 229 laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial 230 school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child 231 care facilities. 232 (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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233	who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s.
234	893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held
235	under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to
236	be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of
237	such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an expunged
238	criminal history record.
239	(c) Information relating to the existence of an expunged
240	criminal history record which is provided in accordance with
241	paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of
242	s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution,
243	except that the department shall disclose the existence of a
244	criminal history record ordered expunged to the entities set
245	forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., 6., and 7. for their
246	respective licensing, access authorization, and employment
247	purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for their respective
248	criminal justice purposes, and with respect to a governmental
249	agency that is authorized by state or federal law to determine
250	eligibility to purchase or possess a firearm or to carry a
251	concealed firearm, the department shall disclose the record of a
252	finding of incompetence to stand trial for use in the course of
253	such agency's official duties. It is unlawful for any employee
254	of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph
255	(a)4., subparagraph (a)5., subparagraph (a)6., or subparagraph
256	(a)7. to disclose information relating to the existence of an
257	expunged criminal history record of a person seeking employment,
258	access authorization, or licensure with such entity or
259	contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history
260	record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for
261	employment, access authorization, or licensure decisions. Any

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i	591-03104-14 2014812c1
262	person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the
263	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
264	775.083.
265	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.