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By the Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; and Senator Detert

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to guardians; amending s. 39.6251, F.S.; requiring the court at the permanency review hearing to review the necessity of the quardianship and whether restoration of guardianship proceedings are needed when the child reaches a certain age under certain circumstances; amending s. 39.701, F.S.; requiring that, for a child meeting certain requirements, the updated case plan be developed in a face-to-face conference with specified persons present; requiring the Department of Children and Families to take specified actions at the judicial review hearing if the court makes certain determinations; requiring the department to provide documentation and information to a petitioner under certain circumstances; requiring certain proceedings to be conducted separately; expanding the circumstances under which a court, after making certain findings, may issue an order directing the department to show cause; amending s. 393.12, F.S.; providing that the court with proper jurisdiction over probate matters has jurisdiction if a specified petition is filed; requiring the provision of due process rights for a minor; requiring the issuance of the order of appointment of quardian advocate upon the minor turning 18 years of age or as soon thereafter as possible; amending s. 744.301, F.S.; providing that parents are the joint natural guardians of their children unless their parental rights have been

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terminated; authorizing the parents to act as natural guardians of their child under certain circumstances; providing an exception; amending s. 744.3021, F.S.; providing an exception to the appointment of guardians for a minor; specifying that the court with proper jurisdiction over probate matters has jurisdiction over certain proceedings if a specified petition is filed; requiring the provision of due process rights for an alleged incapacitated minor; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (8) of section 39.6251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.6251 Continuing care for young adults.-

(8) During the time that a young adult is in care, the court shall maintain jurisdiction to ensure that the department and the lead agencies are providing services and coordinate with, and maintain oversight of, other agencies involved in implementing the young adult's case plan, individual education plan, and transition plan. The court shall review the status of the young adult at least every 6 months and hold a permanency review hearing at least annually. If the young adult has been appointed a guardian under chapter 744 or a guardian advocate under s. 393.12, the court shall review at the permanency review hearing the necessity of continuing the guardianship and whether

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child reaches 22 years of age. The court may appoint a guardian

restoration of guardianship proceedings are needed when the

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ad litem or continue the appointment of a guardian ad litem with the young adult's consent. The young adult or any other party to the dependency case may request an additional hearing or review.

Section 2. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 39.701, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 39.701 Judicial review.-
- (3) REVIEW HEARINGS FOR CHILDREN 17 YEARS OF AGE.-
- (b) At the first judicial review hearing held subsequent to the child's 17th birthday, the department shall provide the court with an updated case plan that includes specific information related to the independent living skills that the child has acquired since the child's 13th birthday, or since the date the child came into foster care, whichever came later.
- 1. For any child that may meet the requirements for appointment of a guardian pursuant to chapter 744 or a guardian advocate pursuant to s. 393.12, the updated case plan must be developed in a face-to-face conference with the child, if appropriate; the child's attorney; any court-appointed guardian ad litem; the temporary custodian of the child; and the parent, if the parent's rights have not been terminated.
- 2. At the judicial review hearing, if the court determines pursuant to the procedures and requirements of chapter 744 and the Florida Probate Rules that there is a good faith basis to believe the child qualifies for appointment of a guardian or a guardian advocate and that no less restrictive decisionmaking assistance will meet the child's needs:
- a. The department shall complete a multidisciplinary report that must include, but is not limited to, a psychosocial evaluation and educational report if such a report has not been

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completed within the previous 2 years.

b. The department shall identify one or more individuals who are willing to serve as the guardian advocate pursuant to s. 393.12 or as the plenary guardian or limited guardian pursuant to chapter 744 and the Florida Probate Rules. Any other interested parties or participants may make efforts to identify such a guardian advocate or plenary guardian or limited guardian. A child's biological or adoptive family members, including a child's parents if the parents' rights have not been terminated, may not be considered for service as the plenary guardian or limited guardian unless the court enters a written order finding that such an appointment is in the child's best interests.

- c. Proceedings shall be initiated within 180 days after the child's 17th birthday for the appointment of a guardian advocate or plenary guardian or limited guardian for the child in the court with proper jurisdiction over probate matters according to the local rules of judicial administration and the procedures and requirements of chapter 744 and the Florida Probate Rules.
- 3. In the event another interested party or participant initiates proceedings for the appointment of a guardian advocate or plenary guardian or limited guardian for the child, the department shall provide all necessary documentation and information to the petitioner to complete a petition under chapter 393 or chapter 744 within 45 days after the first judicial review hearing after the child's 17th birthday.
- 4. Any proceedings for appointment of a guardian advocate or a determination of incapacity and the appointment of a guardian must be conducted in a separate proceeding in the court

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with proper jurisdiction over probate matters according to local rules of judicial administration and the procedures and requirements of chapter 744 and the Florida Probate Rules.

(c) If the court finds at the judicial review hearing that the department has not met its obligations to the child as stated in this part, in the written case plan, or in the provision of independent living services, the court may issue an order directing the department to show cause as to why it has not done so. If the department cannot justify its noncompliance, the court may give the department 30 days within which to comply. If the department fails to comply within 30 days, the court may hold the department in contempt.

Section 3. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of section 393.12, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 393.12 Capacity; appointment of guardian advocate.-
- (2) APPOINTMENT OF A GUARDIAN ADVOCATE.
- (c) If a petition is filed pursuant to this section requesting appointment of a guardian advocate for a minor who is the subject of any proceeding under chapter 39, the court with proper jurisdiction over probate matters according to local rules of judicial administration and the Florida Probate Rules shall have jurisdiction over the proceedings pursuant to this section when the minor reaches the age of 17 years and 6 months or anytime thereafter. The minor shall be provided all the due process rights conferred upon an alleged developmentally disabled adult pursuant to this chapter. The order of appointment of guardian advocate under this section shall be issued upon the minor's 18th birthday or as soon thereafter as possible.

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Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 744.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

744.301 Natural guardians.-

(1) The parents jointly are the natural guardians of their own children and of their adopted children, during minority, unless the parent's parental rights have been terminated pursuant to chapter 39. If a child is the subject of any proceeding under chapter 39, the parents may act as natural guardians under this section unless the dependency or probate court finds that it is not in the child's best interest. If one parent dies, the surviving parent remains the sole natural quardian even if he or she remarries. If the marriage between the parents is dissolved, the natural guardianship belongs to the parent to whom sole parental responsibility has been granted, or if the parents have been granted shared parental responsibility, both continue as natural guardians. If the marriage is dissolved and neither parent is given parental responsibility for the child, neither may act as natural quardian of the child. The mother of a child born out of wedlock is the natural guardian of the child and is entitled to primary residential care and custody of the child unless the court enters an order stating otherwise.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 744.3021, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

744.3021 Guardians of minors.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (4), upon petition of a parent, brother, sister, next of kin, or other person interested in the welfare of a minor, a guardian for a minor may

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be appointed by the court without the necessity of adjudication pursuant to s. 744.331. A guardian appointed for a minor, whether of the person or property, has the authority of a plenary guardian.

requesting appointment of a guardian for a minor that is the subject of any proceeding under chapter 39 and who is 17 years and 6 months of age or older, the court with proper jurisdiction over probate matters according to local rules of judicial administration and the procedures and requirements of this chapter and the Florida Probate Rules shall have jurisdiction over the proceedings under s. 744.331. The alleged incapacitated minor under this subsection shall be provided all the due process rights conferred upon an alleged incapacitated adult pursuant to this chapter and the Florida Probate Rules. The order of adjudication under s. 744.331 and the letters of limited guardianship or plenary guardianship may be issued upon the minor's 18th birthday or as soon thereafter as possible.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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