	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
02/26/2016	•	
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The Committee on Appropriations (Simmons) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

3 Delete lines 193 - 755

and insert:

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(50) To reserve a minimum of 5 percent of its annual appropriation from the State Housing Trust Fund for housing projects designed and constructed to serve persons who have a disabling condition, as defined in s. 420.0004, with first priority given to projects serving persons who have a developmental disability, as defined in s. 393.063. Funding

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shall be provided as forgivable loans through a competitive solicitation. Private nonprofit organizations whose primary mission includes serving persons with a disabling condition shall be eligible for these funds. In evaluating proposals for these funds, the corporation shall consider the extent to which funds from local and other sources will be used by the applicant to leverage the funds provided under this section; employment opportunities and supports that will be available to residents of the proposed housing; a plan for residents to effectively access community-based services, resources, and amenities; and partnerships with other supportive services agencies.

Section 3. Subsections (1) and (3), paragraphs (b), (f), and (k) of subsection (6), and subsection (10) of section 420.5087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

420.5087 State Apartment Incentive Loan Program.—There is hereby created the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program for the purpose of providing first, second, or other subordinated mortgage loans or loan guarantees to sponsors, including forprofit, nonprofit, and public entities, to provide housing affordable to very-low-income persons.

(1) Program funds shall be made available through a competitive solicitation process distributed over successive 3year periods in a manner that meets the need and demand for very-low-income housing throughout the state. That need and demand must be determined by using the most recent statewide low-income rental housing market studies conducted every 3 years available at the beginning of each 3-year period. However, at least 10 percent of the program funds, as calculated on an annual basis, distributed during a 3-year period must be made

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available allocated to each of the following categories of counties, as determined by using the population statistics published in the most recent edition of the Florida Statistical Abstract:

- (a) Counties that have a population of 825,000 or more.
- (b) Counties that have a population of more than 100,000 but less than 825,000.
 - (c) Counties that have a population of 100,000 or less.

Any increase in funding required to reach the 10-percent minimum shall be taken from the county category that has the largest portion of the funding allocation. The corporation shall adopt rules that which establish an equitable process for distributing any portion of the 10 percent of program funds made available allocated to the county categories specified in this subsection which remains unallocated at the end of a 3-year period. Counties that have a population of 100,000 or less shall be given preference under these rules.

(3) During the first 6 months of loan or loan guarantee availability, program funds shall be made available reserved for use by sponsors who provide the housing set-aside required in subsection (2) for the tenant groups designated in this subsection. The reservation of funds made available to each of these groups shall be determined using the most recent statewide very-low-income rental housing market study available at the time of publication of each notice of fund availability required by paragraph (6)(b). The reservation of funds made available within each notice of fund availability to the tenant groups in paragraphs (b)-(e) $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$, $\frac{(b)}{(a)}$, and $\frac{(c)}{(a)}$ may not be less than 10



percent of the funds available at that time. Any increase in funding required to reach the required 10-percent minimum must be taken from the tenant group that would receive has the largest percentage of available funds in accordance with the study reservation. The reservation of funds made available within each notice of fund availability to the tenant group in paragraph (a) (c) may not be less than 5 percent of the funds available at that time. The reservation of funds within each notice of fund availability to the tenant group in paragraph (d) may not be more than 10 percent of the funds available at that time. The tenant groups are:

- (a) Commercial fishing workers and farmworkers;
- (b) Families:

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- (c) Persons who are homeless;
- (d) Persons with special needs; and
- (e) Elderly persons. Ten percent of the amount made available reserved for the elderly shall be reserved to provide loans to sponsors of housing for the elderly for the purpose of making building preservation, health, or sanitation repairs or improvements which are required by federal, state, or local regulation or code, or lifesafety or security-related repairs or improvements to such housing. Such a loan may not exceed \$750,000 per housing community for the elderly. In order to receive the loan, the sponsor of the housing community must make a commitment to match at least 5 percent of the loan amount to pay the cost of such repair or improvement. The corporation shall establish the rate of interest on the loan, which may not exceed 3 percent, and the term of the loan, which may not exceed 15 years; however, if the lien of the corporation's encumbrance

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is subordinate to the lien of another mortgagee, then the term may be made coterminous with the longest term of the superior lien. The term of the loan shall be based on a credit analysis of the applicant. The corporation may forgive indebtedness for a share of the loan attributable to the units in a project reserved for extremely-low-income elderly by nonprofit organizations, as defined in s. 420.0004(5), where the project has provided affordable housing to the elderly for 15 years or more. The corporation shall establish, by rule, the procedure and criteria for receiving, evaluating, and competitively ranking all applications for loans under this paragraph. A loan application must include evidence of the first mortgagee's having reviewed and approved the sponsor's intent to apply for a loan. A nonprofit organization or sponsor may not use the proceeds of the loan to pay for administrative costs, routine maintenance, or new construction.

- (6) On all state apartment incentive loans, except loans made to housing communities for the elderly to provide for lifesafety, building preservation, health, sanitation, or security-related repairs or improvements, the following provisions shall apply:
- (b) The corporation shall publish a notice of fund availability in a publication of general circulation throughout the state. Such notice shall be published at least 60 days prior to the application deadline and shall provide notice of the availability temporary reservations of funds established in subsection (3).
- (f) The review committee established by corporation rule pursuant to this subsection shall make recommendations to the

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board of directors of the corporation regarding program participation under the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program. The corporation board shall make the final decisions regarding which applicants shall become program participants based on the scores received in the competitive process, further review of applications, and the recommendations of the review committee. The corporation board shall approve or reject applications for loans and shall determine the tentative loan amount available to each applicant selected for participation in the program. The actual loan amount shall be determined pursuant to rule adopted pursuant to s. 420.507(22)(i) s. 420.507(22)(h).

(k) Rent controls shall not be allowed on any project except as required in conjunction with the issuance of taxexempt bonds or federal low-income housing tax credits and except when the sponsor has committed to set aside units for extremely-low-income persons, in which case rents shall be set restricted at the income set-aside levels committed to by the sponsor at the level applicable income limitations established by the corporation for federal low-income tax credits.

(10) (a) Notwithstanding subsection (3), for the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the reservation of funds for the tenant groups within each notice of fund availability shall be:

1. Not less than 10 percent of the funds available at that time for the following tenant groups:

- a. Families;
- b. Persons who are homeless;
- 153 c. Persons with special needs; and
- 154 d. Elderly persons.
 - 2. Not less than 5 percent of the funds available at that



156 time for the commercial fishing workers and farmworkers tenant 157 group. 158 (b) This subsection expires July 1, 2016. 159 Section 4. Subsection (5) of section 420.511, Florida 160 Statutes, is amended to read: 161 420.511 Strategic business plan; long-range program plan; 162 annual report; audited financial statements.-163 (5) The Auditor General shall conduct an operational audit 164 of the accounts and records of the corporation and provide a 165 written report on the audit to the President of the Senate and 166 the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2016. 167 Both the corporation's business plan and annual report must 168 recognize the different fiscal periods under which the 169 corporation, the state, the Federal Government, and local 170 governments operate. 171 Section 5. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) and 172 subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section 420.622, Florida 173 Statutes, are amended to read: 174 420.622 State Office on Homelessness; Council on 175 Homelessness.-176 (3) The State Office on Homelessness, pursuant to the 177 policies set by the council and subject to the availability of 178 funding, shall: 179 (a) Coordinate among state, local, and private agencies and 180 providers to produce a statewide consolidated inventory program 181 and financial plan for the state's entire system of homeless 182 programs which incorporates regionally developed plans. Such

1. Programs authorized under the Stewart B. McKinney

programs include, but are not limited to:

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Homeless Assistance Act of 1987, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11371 et seq., and carried out under funds awarded to this state; and

- 2. Programs, components thereof, or activities that assist persons who are homeless or at risk for homelessness.
- (b) Collect, maintain, and make available information concerning persons who are homeless or at risk for homelessness, including demographics information, current services and resources available, the cost and availability of services and programs, and the met and unmet needs of this population. All entities that receive state funding must provide access to all data they maintain in summary form, with no individual identifying information, to assist the council in providing this information. The State Office on Homelessness, in consultation with the designated lead agencies for a local homeless continuum of care and with the Council on Homelessness, shall develop the system and process of data collection from all lead agencies for the purpose of analyzing trends and assessing impacts in the statewide homeless delivery system. Any statewide homelessness survey and database system must comply with all state and federal statutory and regulatory confidentiality requirements The council shall explore the potential of creating a statewide Management Information System (MIS), encouraging the future participation of any bodies that are receiving awards or grants from the state, if such a system were adopted, enacted, and accepted by the state.
- (4) The State Office on Homelessness, with the concurrence of the Council on Homelessness, shall may accept and administer moneys appropriated to it to provide annual "Challenge Grants" to lead agencies of homeless assistance continuums of care

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designated by the State Office on Homelessness pursuant to s. 420.624. The department shall establish varying levels of grant awards up to \$500,000 per lead agency. Award levels shall be based upon the total population within the continuum of care catchment area and reflect the differing degrees of homelessness in the catchment planning areas. The department, in consultation with the Council on Homelessness, shall specify a grant award level in the notice of the solicitation of grant applications.

- (a) To qualify for the grant, a lead agency must develop and implement a local homeless assistance continuum of care plan for its designated catchment area. The continuum of care plan must implement a coordinated assessment or central intake system to screen, assess, and refer persons seeking assistance to the appropriate service provider. The lead agency shall also document the commitment of local government or and private organizations to provide matching funds or in-kind support in an amount equal to the grant requested. Expenditures of leveraged funds or resources, including third-party cash or in-kind contributions, are authorized only for eligible activities committed on one project which have not been used as leverage or match for any other project or program and must be certified through a written commitment.
- (b) Preference must be given to those lead agencies that have demonstrated the ability of their continuum of care to provide quality services to homeless persons and the ability to leverage federal homeless-assistance funding under the Stewart B. McKinney Act with local government funding or and private funding for the provision of services to homeless persons.
 - (c) Preference must be given to lead agencies in catchment

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areas with the greatest need for the provision of housing and services to the homeless, relative to the population of the catchment area.

- (d) The grant may be used to fund any of the housing, program, or service needs included in the local homeless assistance continuum of care plan. The lead agency may allocate the grant to programs, services, or housing providers that implement the local homeless assistance continuum care plan. The lead agency may provide subgrants to a local agency to implement programs or services or provide housing identified for funding in the lead agency's application to the department. A lead agency may spend a maximum of 8 percent of its funding on administrative costs.
- (e) The lead agency shall submit a final report to the department documenting the outcomes achieved by the grant in enabling persons who are homeless to return to permanent housing thereby ending such person's episode of homelessness.
- (5) The State Office on Homelessness, with the concurrence of the Council on Homelessness, may administer moneys appropriated to it to provide homeless housing assistance grants annually to lead agencies for local homeless assistance continuum of care, as recognized by the State Office on Homelessness, to acquire, construct, or rehabilitate transitional or permanent housing units for homeless persons. These moneys shall consist of any sums that the state may appropriate, as well as money received from donations, gifts, bequests, or otherwise from any public or private source, which are intended to acquire, construct, or rehabilitate transitional or permanent housing units for homeless persons.

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- (a) Grant applicants shall be ranked competitively. Preference must be given to applicants who leverage additional private funds and public funds, particularly federal funds designated for the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of transitional or permanent housing for homeless persons; who acquire, build, or rehabilitate the greatest number of units; or and who acquire, build, or rehabilitate in catchment areas having the greatest need for housing for the homeless relative to the population of the catchment area.
- (b) Funding for any particular project may not exceed \$750,000.
- (c) Projects must reserve, for a minimum of 10 years, the number of units acquired, constructed, or rehabilitated through homeless housing assistance grant funding to serve persons who are homeless at the time they assume tenancy.
- (d) No more than two grants may be awarded annually in any given local homeless assistance continuum of care catchment area.
- (e) A project may not be funded which is not included in the local homeless assistance continuum of care plan, as recognized by the State Office on Homelessness, for the catchment area in which the project is located.
- (f) The maximum percentage of funds that the State Office on Homelessness and each applicant may spend on administrative costs is 5 percent.
- (6) The State Office on Homelessness, in conjunction with the Council on Homelessness, shall establish performance measures and specific objectives by which it may to evaluate the effective performance and outcomes of lead agencies that receive

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grant funds. Any funding through the State Office on Homelessness shall be distributed to lead agencies based on their overall performance and their achievement of specified objectives. Each lead agency for which grants are made under this section shall provide the State Office on Homelessness a thorough evaluation of the effectiveness of the program in achieving its stated purpose. In evaluating the performance of the lead agencies, the State Office on Homelessness shall base its criteria upon the program objectives, goals, and priorities that were set forth by the lead agencies in their proposals for funding. Such criteria may include, but are not be limited to, the number of persons or households that are no longer homeless, the rate of recidivism to homelessness, and the number of persons who obtain gainful employment homeless individuals provided shelter, food, counseling, and job training.

Section 6. Subsections (3), (7), and (8) of section 420.624, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

420.624 Local homeless assistance continuum of care.

(3) Communities or regions seeking to implement a local homeless assistance continuum of care are encouraged to develop and annually update a written plan that includes a vision for the continuum of care, an assessment of the supply of and demand for housing and services for the homeless population, and specific strategies and processes for providing the components of the continuum of care. The State Office on Homelessness, in conjunction with the Council on Homelessness, shall include in the plan a methodology for assessing performance and outcomes. The State Office on Homelessness shall supply a standardized format for written plans, including the reporting of data.



330	(7) The components of a continuum of care <u>plan</u> should
331	include:
332	(a) Outreach, intake, and assessment procedures in order to
333	identify the service and housing needs of an individual or
334	family and to link them with appropriate housing, services,
335	resources, and opportunities;
336	(b) Emergency shelter, in order to provide a safe, decent
337	alternative to living in the streets;
338	(c) Transitional housing;
339	(d) Supportive services, designed to assist with the
340	development of the skills necessary to secure and retain
341	permanent housing;
342	(e) Permanent supportive housing;
343	(f) Rapid ReHousing, as specified in s. 420.6265;
344	(g)(f) Permanent housing;
345	(h) (g) Linkages and referral mechanisms among all
346	components to facilitate the movement of individuals and
347	families toward permanent housing and self-sufficiency;
348	(i) (h) Services and resources to prevent housed persons
349	from becoming or returning to homelessness; and
350	(j)(i) An ongoing planning mechanism to address the needs
351	of all subgroups of the homeless population, including but not
352	limited to:
353	1. Single adult males;
354	2. Single adult females;
355	3. Families with children;
356	4. Families with no children;
357	5. Unaccompanied children and youth;
358	6. Elderly persons;



7. Persons with drug or alcohol addictions;

360 8. Persons with mental illness; 361 9. Persons with dual or multiple physical or mental 362 disorders: 363 10. Victims of domestic violence; and 364 11. Persons living with HIV/AIDS. 365 (8) Continuum of care plans must promote participation by 366 all interested individuals and organizations and may not exclude 367 individuals and organizations on the basis of race, color, 368 national origin, sex, handicap, familial status, or religion. 369 Faith-based organizations must be encouraged to participate. To 370 the extent possible, these components must should be coordinated 371 and integrated with other mainstream health, social services, 372 and employment programs for which homeless populations may be 373 eligible, including Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance 374 Program, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, Food 375 Assistance Program, and services funded through the Mental 376 Health and Substance Abuse Block Grant, the Workforce Investment 377 Act, and the welfare-to-work grant program. 378 Section 7. Section 420.6265, Florida Statutes, is created 379 to read: 380 420.6265 Rapid ReHousing.-381 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.— 382 (a) The Legislature finds that Rapid ReHousing is a 383 strategy of using temporary financial assistance and case 384 management to quickly move an individual or family out of 385 homelessness and into permanent housing. 386 (b) The Legislature also finds that public and private 387 solutions to homelessness in the past have focused on providing

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individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness with emergency shelter, transitional housing, or a combination of both. While emergency shelter and transitional housing programs may provide critical access to services for individuals and families in crisis, the programs often fail to address their long-term needs.

- (c) The Legislature further finds that most households become homeless as a result of a financial crisis that prevents individuals and families from paying rent or a domestic conflict that results in one member being ejected or leaving without resources or a plan for housing.
- (d) The Legislature further finds that Rapid ReHousing is an alternative approach to the current system of emergency shelter or transitional housing which tends to reduce the length of time a person is homeless and has proven to be cost effective.
- (e) It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to encourage homeless continuums of care to adopt the Rapid ReHousing approach to preventing homelessness for individuals and families who do not require the intense level of supports provided in the permanent supportive housing model.
 - (2) RAPID REHOUSING METHODOLOGY.-
- (a) The Rapid ReHousing response to homelessness differs from traditional approaches to addressing homelessness by focusing on each individual's or family's barriers to housing. By using this approach, communities can significantly reduce the amount of time that individuals and families are homeless and prevent further episodes of homelessness.
 - (b) In Rapid ReHousing, an individual or family is

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identified as being homeless, temporary assistance is provided to allow the individual or family to obtain permanent housing as quickly as possible, and, if needed, assistance is provided to allow the individual or family to retain housing.

(c) The objective of Rapid ReHousing is to provide assistance for as short a term as possible so that the individual or family receiving assistance does not develop a dependency on the assistance.

Section 8. Subsections (16), (25), and (26) of section 420.9071, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

420.9071 Definitions.—As used in ss. 420.907-420.9079, the term:

- (16) "Local housing incentive strategies" means local regulatory reform or incentive programs to encourage or facilitate affordable housing production, which include at a minimum, assurance that permits as defined in s. 163.3164 for affordable housing projects are expedited to a greater degree than other projects, as provided in s. 163.3177(6)(f)3.; an ongoing process for review of local policies, ordinances, regulations, and plan provisions that increase the cost of housing prior to their adoption; and a schedule for implementing the incentive strategies. Local housing incentive strategies may also include other regulatory reforms, such as those enumerated in s. 420.9076 or those recommended by the affordable housing advisory committee in its triennial evaluation of the implementation of affordable housing incentives, and adopted by the local governing body.
- (25) "Recaptured funds" means funds that are recouped by a county or eligible municipality in accordance with the recapture



provisions of its local housing assistance plan pursuant to s. 420.9075(5)(j) s. 420.9075(5)(h) from eligible persons or eligible sponsors, which funds were not used for assistance to an eligible household for an eligible activity, when there is a default on the terms of a grant award or loan award.

(26) "Rent subsidies" means ongoing monthly rental assistance. The term does not include initial assistance to tenants, such as grants or loans for security and utility deposits.

Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and subsection (7) of section 420.9072, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

420.9072 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program.—The State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program is created for the purpose of providing funds to counties and eligible municipalities as an incentive for the creation of local housing partnerships, to expand production of and preserve affordable housing, to further the housing element of the local government comprehensive plan specific to affordable housing, and to increase housing-related employment.

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(b) Within 45 30 days after receiving a plan, the review committee shall review the plan and either approve it or identify inconsistencies with the requirements of the program. The corporation shall assist a local government in revising its plan if it initially proves to be inconsistent with program requirements. A plan that is revised by the local government to achieve consistency with program requirements shall be reviewed within 45 30 days after submission. The deadlines for submitting original and revised plans shall be established by corporation

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rule; however, the corporation shall not require submission of a new local housing assistance plan to implement amendments to this act until the currently effective plan expires.

- (7)(a) A county or an eligible municipality must expend its portion of the local housing distribution only to implement a local housing assistance plan or as provided in this subsection. A county or an eligible municipality may not expend its portion of the local housing distribution to provide rent subsidies; however, this does not prohibit the use of funds for security and utility deposit assistance.
- (b) A county or an eligible municipality may not expend its portion of the local housing distribution to provide ongoing rent subsidies, except for:
 - 1. Security and utility deposit assistance.
 - 2. Eviction prevention not to exceed 6 months' rent.
- 3. A rent subsidy program for very-low-income households with at least one adult who is a person with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeless as defined in s. 420.621. The period of rental assistance may not exceed 12 months for any eligible household.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 420.9075, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (f) and (g) are added to subsection (3) of that section, paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of that section is amended, present paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of that section is redesignated as paragraph (c), present paragraphs (c) through (l) of that subsection are redesignated as paragraphs (e) through (n), respectively, new paragraphs (b) and (d) are added to that subsection, present paragraph (1) of that subsection is amended, paragraph (i) is



added to subsection (10) of that section, and paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of that section is amended, to read:

420.9075 Local housing assistance plans; partnerships.

- (2) (a) Each county and each eligible municipality participating in the State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program shall encourage the involvement of appropriate public sector and private sector entities as partners in order to combine resources to reduce housing costs for the targeted population. This partnership process should involve:
 - 1. Lending institutions.
 - 2. Housing builders and developers.
- 3. Nonprofit and other community-based housing and service organizations.
- 4. Providers of professional services relating to affordable housing.
- 5. Advocates for low-income persons, including, but not limited to, homeless people, the elderly, and migrant farmworkers.
 - 6. Real estate professionals.
- 7. Other persons or entities who can assist in providing housing or related support services.
- 8. Lead agencies of local homeless assistance continuums of care.

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- (f) Each county and each eligible municipality is encouraged to develop a strategy within its local housing assistance plan which provides program funds for reducing homelessness.
 - (g) Local governments may create regional partnerships

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across jurisdictional boundaries through the pooling of appropriated funds to address homeless housing needs identified in local housing assistance plans.

- (4) Each local housing assistance plan is governed by the following criteria and administrative procedures:
- (e) The staff or entity that has administrative authority for implementing a local housing assistance plan assisting rental developments shall annually monitor and determine tenant eligibility or, to the extent another governmental entity or corporation program provides periodic the same monitoring and determination, a municipality, county, or local housing financing authority may rely on such monitoring and determination of tenant eligibility. However, any loan or grant in the original amount of \$10,000 $\frac{3,000}{}$ or less is $\frac{\text{shall}}{}$ not be subject to these annual monitoring and determination of tenant eligibility requirements.
- (5) The following criteria apply to awards made to eligible sponsors or eligible persons for the purpose of providing eligible housing:
- (b) Up to 25 percent of the funds made available in each county and eligible municipality from the local housing distribution may be reserved for rental housing for eligible persons or for the purposes enumerated in s. 420.9072(7)(b).
- (d) Each local government must use a minimum of 20 percent of its allocation to serve persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004. A local government must certify that it will meet this requirement through existing approved strategies in the local housing assistance plan or submit a new local housing assistance plan strategy for this purpose to the corporation for

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approval to ensure that it meets these specifications. The first priority of these special needs funds must be to serve persons with developmental disabilities as defined in s. 393.063, with an emphasis on home modifications, including technological enhancements and devices, which will allow homeowners to remain independent in their own homes and maintain their homeownership.

(n) (1) Funds from the local housing distribution not used to meet the criteria established in paragraph (a) or paragraph (c) (b) or not used for the administration of a local housing assistance plan must be used for housing production and finance activities, including, but not limited to, financing preconstruction activities or the purchase of existing units, providing rental housing, and providing home ownership training to prospective home buyers and owners of homes assisted through the local housing assistance plan.

- 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (c) (b), program income as defined in s. 420.9071(24) may also be used to fund activities described in this paragraph.
- 2. When preconstruction due-diligence activities conducted as part of a preservation strategy show that preservation of the units is not feasible and will not result in the production of an eliqible unit, such costs shall be deemed a program expense rather than an administrative expense if such program expenses do not exceed 3 percent of the annual local housing distribution.
- 3. If both an award under the local housing assistance plan and federal low-income housing tax credits are used to assist a project and there is a conflict between the criteria prescribed in this subsection and the requirements of s. 42 of the Internal



Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the county or eligible municipality may resolve the conflict by giving precedence to the requirements of s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in lieu of following the criteria prescribed in this subsection with the exception of paragraphs (a) and (g) (e) of

===== D I R E C T O R Y C L A U S E A M E N D M E N T ====== And the directory clause is amended as follows:

Delete lines 140 - 141

and insert:

to that subsection, subsection (35) of that section is amended, and subsection (50) is added to that section, to read:

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> ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 31 - 88

607 and insert:

> developed plans; requiring the office, in consultation with the designated lead agencies for a local homeless continuum of care and with the Council on Homelessness, to develop the system and process of data collection from all lead agencies, subject to certain requirements; deleting the requirement that the Council on Homelessness explore the potential of creating a statewide Homeless Management Information System and encourage future participation of certain award or grant recipients; requiring the State Office on Homelessness to accept and administer moneys appropriated to it to provide annual Challenge Grants

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to certain lead agencies of homeless assistance continuums of care; removing the requirement that levels of grant awards be based upon the total population within the continuum of care catchment area and reflect the differing degrees of homelessness in the respective areas; revising the requirement that a lead agency document the commitment of local government and private organizations to provide matching funds or in-kind support in an amount equal to the grant requested; authorizing expenditures of leveraged funds or resources only for eligible activities, subject to certain requirements; revising the preference given to certain lead agencies that have demonstrated the ability to leverage federal homeless-assistance funding under the Stewart B. McKinney Act; requiring the State Office on Homelessness, in conjunction with the Council on Homelessness, to establish specific objectives by which it may evaluate the outcomes of certain lead agencies; requiring that any funding through the State Office on Homelessness be distributed to lead agencies based on their performance and achievement of specified objectives; revising the factors that may be included as criteria for evaluating the performance of lead agencies; amending s. 420.624, F.S.; revising requirements for the local homeless assistance continuum of care plan; providing that the components of a continuum of care plan should include Rapid ReHousing; requiring that specified components of a

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continuum of care plan be coordinated and integrated with other specified services and programs; creating s. 420.6265, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent relating to Rapid ReHousing; providing a Rapid ReHousing methodology; amending s. 420.9071, F.S.; redefining the terms "local housing incentive strategies" and "rent subsidies"; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 420.9072, F.S.; increasing the number of days within which a review committee is required to review a local housing assistance plan or plan revision after receiving it; prohibiting a county or an eligible municipality from expending its portion of the local housing distribution to provide ongoing rent subsidies; specifying exceptions; amending s. 420.9075, F.S.; providing that a certain partnership process of the State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program should involve lead agencies of local homeless assistance continuums of care; encouraging counties and eligible municipalities to develop a strategy within their local housing assistance plans which provides program funds for reducing homelessness; authorizing local governments to create certain regional partnerships to address homeless housing needs identified in local housing assistance plans;