**By** the Committees on Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; and Finance and Tax; and Senators Legg and Simpson

579-04014-16

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to utility projects; providing a short
3	title; defining terms; authorizing certain local
4	governmental entities to finance the costs of a
5	utility project by issuing utility cost containment
6	bonds upon application by a local agency; specifying
7	application requirements; requiring a successor entity
8	of a local agency to assume and perform the
9	obligations of the local agency with respect to the
10	financing of a utility project; providing procedures
11	for local agencies to use when applying to finance a
12	utility project using utility cost containment bonds;
13	authorizing an authority to issue utility cost
14	containment bonds for specified purposes related to
15	utility projects; authorizing an authority to form
16	alternate entities to finance utility projects;
17	requiring the governing body of the authority to adopt
18	a financing resolution and impose a utility project
19	charge on customers of a publicly owned utility as a
20	condition of utility project financing; specifying
21	required and optional provisions of the financing
22	resolution; specifying powers of the authority;
23	requiring the local agency or its publicly owned
24	utility to assist the authority in the establishment
25	or adjustment of the utility project charge; requiring
26	that customers of the public utility specified in the
27	financing resolution pay the utility project charge;
28	providing for adjustment of the utility project
29	charge; establishing ownership of the revenues of the
30	utility project charge; requiring the local agency or
31	its publicly owned utility to collect the utility
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32	project charge; conditioning a customer's receipt of
33	public utility services on payment of the utility
34	project charge; authorizing a local agency or its
35	publicly owned utility to use available remedies to
36	enforce collection of the utility project charge;
37	providing that the pledge of the utility project
38	charge to secure payment of bonds issued to finance
39	the utility project is irrevocable and cannot be
40	reduced or impaired except under certain conditions;
41	providing that a utility project charge constitutes
42	utility project property; providing that utility
43	project property is subject to a lien to secure
44	payment of costs relating to utility cost containment
45	bonds; establishing payment priorities for the use of
46	revenues of the utility project property; providing
47	for the issuance and validation of utility cost
48	containment bonds; securing the payment of utility
49	cost containment bonds and related costs; providing
50	that utility cost containment bonds do not obligate
51	the state or any political subdivision and are not
52	backed by their full faith and credit and taxing
53	power; requiring that certain disclosures be printed
54	on utility cost containment bonds; providing that
55	financing costs related to utility cost containment
56	bonds are an obligation of the authority only;
57	providing limitations on the state's ability to alter
58	financing costs or utility project property under
59	certain circumstances; prohibiting an authority with
60	outstanding payment obligations on utility cost

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61	containment bonds from becoming a debtor under certain
62	federal or state laws; providing for construction;
63	endowing public entities with certain powers;
64	providing an effective date.
65	
66	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
67	
68	Section 1. Utility Cost Containment Bond Act
69	(1) SHORT TITLEThis section may be cited as the "Utility
70	Cost Containment Bond Act."
71	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
72	(a) "Authority" means an entity created under s.
73	163.01(7)(g), Florida Statutes, or a separate legal entity
74	created by one or more local agencies. The term includes any
75	successor to the powers and functions of such an entity.
76	(b) "Cost," as applied to a utility project or a portion of
77	a utility project financed under this section, means:
78	1. Any part of the expense of constructing, renovating, or
79	acquiring lands, structures, real or personal property, rights,
80	rights-of-way, franchises, easements, and interests acquired or
81	used for a utility project;
82	2. The expense of demolishing or removing any buildings or
83	structures on acquired land, including the expense of acquiring
84	any lands to which the buildings or structures may be moved, and
85	the cost of all machinery and equipment used for the demolition
86	or removal;
87	3. Finance charges;
88	4. Interest, as determined by the authority;
89	5. Provisions for working capital and debt service

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90	reserves;
91	6. Expenses for extensions, enlargements, additions,
92	replacements, renovations, and improvements;
93	7. Expenses for architectural, engineering, financial,
94	accounting, and legal services, plans, specifications,
95	estimates, and administration; or
96	8. Any other expenses necessary or incidental to
97	determining the feasibility of constructing a utility project or
98	incidental to the construction, acquisition, or financing of a
99	utility project.
100	(c) "Customer" means a person receiving water or wastewater
101	service from a publicly owned utility.
102	(d) "Finance" or "financing" includes refinancing.
103	(e) "Financing cost" means:
104	1. Interest and redemption premiums that are payable on
105	utility cost containment bonds;
106	2. The cost of retiring the principal of utility cost
107	containment bonds, whether at maturity, including acceleration
108	of maturity upon an event of default, or upon redemption,
109	including sinking fund redemption;
110	3. The cost related to issuing or servicing utility cost
111	containment bonds, including any payment under an interest rate
112	swap agreement and any type of fee;
113	4. A payment or expense associated with a bond insurance
114	policy; financial guaranty; contract, agreement, or other credit
115	or liquidity enhancement for bonds; or contract, agreement, or
116	other financial agreement entered into in connection with
117	utility cost containment bonds;
118	5. Any coverage charges; or

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119	6. The funding of one or more reserve accounts relating to
120	utility cost containment bonds.
121	(f) "Financing resolution" means a resolution adopted by
122	the governing body of an authority that provides for the
123	financing or refinancing of a utility project with utility cost
124	containment bonds and that imposes a utility project charge in
125	connection with the utility cost containment bonds in accordance
126	with subsection (4). A financing resolution may be separate from
127	a resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds.
128	(g) "Governing body" means the body that governs a local
129	agency.
130	(h) "Local agency" means a member of the authority, or an
131	agency or subdivision of that member, which is sponsoring or
132	refinancing a utility project, or any municipality, county,
133	authority, special district, public corporation, regional water
134	authority, or other governmental entity of the state that is
135	sponsoring or refinancing a utility project.
136	(i) "Public utility services" means water or wastewater
137	services provided by a publicly owned utility. The term does not
138	include communications services, as defined in s. 202.11,
139	Florida Statutes, Internet access services, or information
140	services.
141	(j) "Publicly owned utility" means a utility providing
142	retail or wholesale water or wastewater services which is owned
143	and operated by a local agency. The term includes any successor
144	to the powers and functions of such a utility.
145	(k) "Revenue" means income and receipts of the authority
146	related to the financing of utility projects and issuance of
147	utility cost containment bonds, including any of the following:

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148	1. Bond purchase agreements;
149	2. Bonds acquired by the authority;
150	3. Installment sales agreements and other revenue-producing
151	agreements entered into by the authority;
152	4. Utility projects financed or refinanced by the
153	authority;
154	5. Grants and other sources of income;
155	6. Moneys paid by a local agency;
156	7. Interlocal agreements with a local agency, including all
157	service agreements; or
158	8. Interest or other income from any investment of money in
159	any fund or account established for the payment of principal,
160	interest, or premiums on utility cost containment bonds, or the
161	deposit of proceeds of utility cost containment bonds.
162	(1) "Utility cost containment bonds" means bonds, notes,
163	commercial paper, variable rate securities, and any other
164	evidence of indebtedness issued by an authority the proceeds of
165	which are used directly or indirectly to pay or reimburse a
166	local agency or its publicly owned utility for the costs of a
167	utility project and which are secured by a pledge of, and are
168	payable from, utility project property.
169	(m) "Utility project" means the acquisition, construction,
170	installation, retrofitting, rebuilding, or other addition to or
171	improvement of any equipment, device, structure, process,
172	facility, technology, rights, or property located within or
173	outside this state which is used in connection with the
174	operations of a publicly owned utility.
175	(n) "Utility project charge" means a charge levied on
176	customers of a publicly owned utility to pay the financing costs

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177	of utility cost containment bonds issued under subsection (4).
178	The term includes any adjustments to the utility project charge
179	made under subsection (5).
180	(o) "Utility project property" means the property right
181	created pursuant to subsection (6). The term does not include
182	any interest in a customer's real or personal property but
183	includes the right, title, and interest of an authority in any
184	of the following:
185	1. The financing resolution, the utility project charge,
186	and any adjustment to the utility project charge established in
187	accordance with subsection (5);
188	2. The financing costs of the utility cost containment
189	bonds and all revenues, and all collections, claims, payments,
190	moneys, or proceeds for, or arising from, the utility project
191	charge; or
192	3. All rights to obtain adjustments to the utility project
193	charge pursuant to subsection (5).
194	(3) UTILITY PROJECTS.—
195	(a) A local agency that owns and operates a publicly owned
196	utility may apply to an authority to finance the costs of a
197	utility project using the proceeds of utility cost containment
198	bonds. In its application to the authority, the local agency
199	shall specify the utility project to be financed by the utility
200	cost containment bonds and the maximum principal amount, the
201	maximum interest rate, and the maximum stated terms of the
202	utility cost containment bonds.
203	(b) A local agency may not apply to an authority for the
204	financing of a utility project under this section unless the
205	governing body has determined, in a duly noticed public meeting,

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206	all of the following:
207	1. The project to be financed is a utility project.
208	2. The local agency will finance costs of the utility
209	project, and the costs associated with the financing will be
210	paid from utility project property, including the utility
211	project charge for the utility cost containment bonds.
212	3. Based on the best information available to the governing
213	body, the rates charged to the local agency's retail customers
214	by the publicly owned utility, including the utility project
215	charge resulting from the financing of the utility project with
216	utility cost containment bonds, are expected to be lower than
217	the rates that would be charged if the project were financed
218	with bonds payable from revenues of the publicly owned utility.
219	(c) A determination by the governing body that a project to
220	be financed with utility cost containment bonds is a utility
221	project is final and conclusive, and the utility cost
222	containment bonds issued to finance the utility project and the
223	utility project charge are valid and enforceable as set forth in
224	the financing resolution and the documents relating to the
225	utility cost containment bonds.
226	(d) If a local agency that has outstanding utility cost
227	containment bonds ceases to operate a water or wastewater
228	utility, directly or through its publicly owned utility,
229	references in this section to the local agency or to its
230	publicly owned utility must be to the successor entity. The
231	successor entity shall assume and perform all obligations of the
232	local agency and its publicly owned utility required by this
233	section and shall assume the servicing agreement required under
234	subsection (4) while the utility cost containment bonds remain

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235outstanding.236(4) FINANCING UTILITY PROJECTS237(a) An authority may issue utility cost containment bonds238to finance or refinance utility projects; refinance debt of a239local agency incurred in financing or refinancing utility240projects, provided such refinancing results in present value241savings to the local agency; or, with the approval of the local242agency, refinance previously issued utility cost containment243bonds.2441. To finance a utility project, the authority may:245a. Form a single-purpose limited liability company and246authorize the company to adopt the financing resolution of such247utility project; or248b. Create a new single-purpose entity by interlocal249agreement under s. 163.01, Florida Statutes, the membership of250which shall consist of the authority and two or more of its251members or other public agencies.2522. A single-purpose limited liability company or a single-253purpose of performing the duties and responsibilities of the254authority specified in this section and constitutes an authority255includes a company or entity created under this paragraph.256(b) The governing body of an authority that is financing257the costs of a utility project shall adopt a financing258the cost of a utility project shall adopt a financing259the cost of a utility project shall adopt a financing251resolution a		579-04014-16 2016324c2
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<ul> <li>(b) The governing body of an authority that is financing</li> <li>the costs of a utility project shall adopt a financing</li> <li>resolution and shall impose a utility project charge as</li> <li>described in subsection (5). All provisions of a financing</li> <li>resolution adopted pursuant to this section are binding on the</li> </ul>	256	for all purposes of this section. Reference to the authority
259 the costs of a utility project shall adopt a financing 260 resolution and shall impose a utility project charge as 261 described in subsection (5). All provisions of a financing 262 resolution adopted pursuant to this section are binding on the	257	includes a company or entity created under this paragraph.
260 resolution and shall impose a utility project charge as 261 described in subsection (5). All provisions of a financing 262 resolution adopted pursuant to this section are binding on the	258	(b) The governing body of an authority that is financing
261 <u>described in subsection (5). All provisions of a financing</u> 262 <u>resolution adopted pursuant to this section are binding on the</u>	259	the costs of a utility project shall adopt a financing
262 resolution adopted pursuant to this section are binding on the	260	resolution and shall impose a utility project charge as
	261	described in subsection (5). All provisions of a financing
263 <u>authority.</u>	262	resolution adopted pursuant to this section are binding on the
	263	authority.

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264	1. The financing resolution must:
265	a. Provide a brief description of the financial calculation
266	method the authority will use in determining the utility project
267	charge. The calculation method must include a periodic
268	adjustment methodology to be applied at least annually to the
269	utility project charge. The authority shall establish the
270	allocation of the utility project charge among classes of
271	customers of the publicly owned utility. The decision of the
272	authority is final and conclusive, and the method of calculating
273	the utility project charge and the periodic adjustment may not
274	be changed;
275	b. Require each customer in the class or classes of
276	customers specified in the financing resolution who receives
277	water or wastewater service through the publicly owned utility
278	to pay the utility project charge regardless of whether the
279	customer has an agreement to receive water or wastewater service
280	from a person other than the publicly owned utility;
281	c. Require that the utility project charge be charged
282	separately from other charges on the bill of customers of the
283	publicly owned utility in the class or classes of customers
284	specified in the financing resolution; and
285	d. Require that the authority enter into a servicing
286	agreement with the local agency or its publicly owned utility to
287	collect the utility project charge.
288	2. The authority may require in the financing resolution
289	that, in the event of a default by the local agency or its
290	publicly owned utility with respect to revenues from the utility
291	project property, the authority, upon application by the
292	beneficiaries of the statutory lien as set forth in subsection

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293	(6), shall order the sequestration and payment to the
294	beneficiaries of revenues arising from utility project property.
295	This subparagraph does not limit any other remedies available to
296	the beneficiaries by reason of default.
297	(c) An authority has all the powers provided in this
298	section and s. 163.01(7)(g), Florida Statutes.
299	(d) Each authority may work with local agencies that
300	request assistance to determine the most cost-effective manner
301	of financing regional water projects. If these entities
302	determine that the issuance of utility cost containment bonds
303	will result in lower financing costs for a project, the
304	authority may cooperate with such local agencies and, if
305	requested by the local agencies, issue utility cost containment
306	bonds as provided in this section.
307	(5) UTILITY PROJECT CHARGE.—
308	(a) The authority shall impose a sufficient utility project
309	charge, based on estimates of water or wastewater service usage,
310	to ensure timely payment of all financing costs with respect to
311	utility cost containment bonds. The local agency or its publicly
312	owned utility shall provide the authority with information
313	concerning the publicly owned utility which may be required by
314	the authority in establishing the utility project charge.
315	(b) The utility project charge is a nonbypassable charge to
316	all present and future customers of the publicly owned utility
317	in the class or classes of customers specified in the financing
318	resolution upon its adoption. If the regulatory structure for
319	the water or wastewater industry changes in a manner that
320	authorizes a customer to choose to take service from an
321	alternative supplier and the customer chooses an alternative

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322	supplier, the customer remains liable for paying the utility
323	project charge if the customer continues to receive any service
324	from the publicly owned utility for the transmission,
325	distribution, processing, delivery, or metering of the
326	underlying water or wastewater service.
327	(c) The authority shall determine at least annually and at
328	such additional intervals as provided in the financing
329	resolution and documents related to the applicable utility cost
330	containment bonds whether adjustments to the utility project
331	charge are required. The authority shall use the adjustment to
332	correct for any overcollection or undercollection of financing
333	costs from the utility project charge or to make any other
334	adjustment necessary to ensure the timely payment of the
335	financing costs of the utility cost containment bonds, including
336	adjustment of the utility project charge to pay any debt service
337	coverage requirement for the utility cost containment bonds. The
338	local agency or its publicly owned utility shall provide the
339	authority with information concerning the publicly owned utility
340	which may be required by the authority in adjusting the utility
341	project charge.
342	1. If the authority determines that an adjustment to the
343	utility project charge is required, the adjustment must be made
344	using the methodology specified in the financing resolution.
345	2. The adjustment may not impose the utility project charge
346	on a class of customers which was not subject to the utility
347	project charge pursuant to the financing resolution imposing the
348	utility project charge.
349	(d) Revenues from a utility project charge are special
350	revenues of the authority and do not constitute revenue of the
1	

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351	local agency or its publicly owned utility for any purpose,			
352	including any dedication, commitment, or pledge of revenue,			
353	receipts, or other income that the local agency or its publicly			
354	owned utility has made or will make for the security of any of			
355	its obligations.			
356	(e) The local agency or its publicly owned utility shall			
357	act as a servicing agent for collecting the utility project			
358	charge throughout the duration of the servicing agreement			
359	required by the financing resolution. The local agency or its			
360	publicly owned utility shall hold the money collected in trust			
361	for the exclusive benefit of the persons entitled to have the			
362	financing costs paid from the utility project charge, and the			
363	money does not lose its designation as revenues of the authority			
364	by virtue of possession by the local agency or its publicly			
365	owned utility.			
366	(f) The customer must make timely and complete payment of			
367	all utility project charges as a condition of receiving water or			
368	wastewater service from the publicly owned utility. The local			
369	agency or its publicly owned utility may use its established			
370	collection policies and remedies provided under law to enforce			
371	collection of the utility project charge. A customer liable for			
372	a utility project charge may not withhold payment, in whole or			
373	in part, thereof.			
374	(g) The pledge of a utility project charge to secure			
375	payment of utility cost containment bonds is irrevocable, and			
376	the state, or any other entity, may not reduce, impair, or			
377	otherwise adjust the utility project charge, except that the			
378	authority shall implement the periodic adjustments to the			
379	utility project charge as provided under this subsection.			

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579-04014-16 2016324c2 380 (6) UTILITY PROJECT PROPERTY.-(a) A utility project charge constitutes utility project 381 382 property on the effective date of the financing resolution 383 authorizing such utility project charge. Utility project 384 property constitutes property, including contracts for securing 385 utility cost containment bonds, regardless of whether the 386 revenues and proceeds arising with respect to the utility 387 project property have accrued. Utility project property shall 388 continuously exist as property for all purposes with all of the 389 rights and privileges of this section through the end of the 390 period provided in the financing resolution or until all 391 financing costs with respect to the related utility cost 392 containment bonds are paid in full, whichever occurs first. 393 (b) Upon the effective date of the financing resolution, 394 the utility project property is subject to a first-priority 395 statutory lien to secure the payment of the utility cost 396 containment bonds. 397 1. The lien secures the payment of all financing costs then 398 existing or subsequently arising to the holders of the utility 399 cost containment bonds, the trustees or representatives of the 400 holders of the utility cost containment bonds, and any other 401 entity specified in the financing resolution or the documents 402 relating to the utility cost containment bonds. 403 2. The lien attaches to the utility project property regardless of the current ownership of the utility project 404 405 property, including any local agency or its publicly owned 406 utility, the authority, or any other person. 3. Upon the effective date of the financing resolution, the 407 408 lien is valid and enforceable against the owner of the utility

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409	project property and all third parties, and additional public			
410	notice is not required.			
411	4. The lien is a continuously perfected lien on all			
412	revenues and proceeds generated from the utility project			
413	property regardless of whether the revenues or proceeds have			
414	accrued.			
415	(c) All revenues with respect to utility project property			
416	related to utility cost containment bonds, including payments of			
417	the utility project charge, shall be applied first to the			
418	payment of the financing costs of the utility cost containment			
419	bonds then due, including the funding of reserves for the			
420	utility cost containment bonds. Any excess revenues shall be			
421	applied as determined by the authority for the benefit of the			
422	utility for which the utility cost containment bonds were			
423	issued.			
424	(7) UTILITY COST CONTAINMENT BONDS			
425	(a) Utility cost containment bonds shall be issued within			
426	the parameters of the financing provided by the authority			
427	pursuant to this section. The proceeds of the utility cost			
428	containment bonds made available to the local agency or its			
429	publicly owned utility shall be used for the utility project			
430	identified in the application for financing of the utility			
431	project or used to refinance indebtedness of the local agency			
432	which financed or refinanced utility projects.			
433	(b) Utility cost containment bonds shall be issued as set			
434	forth in this section and s. 163.01(7)(g)8., Florida Statutes,			
435	and may be validated pursuant to s. 163.01(7)(g)9., Florida			
436	Statutes.			
437	(c) The authority shall pledge the utility project property			

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438	as security for the payment of the utility cost containment			
439	bonds. All rights of an authority with respect to utility			
440	project property pledged as security for the payment of utility			
441	cost containment bonds shall be for the benefit of, and			
442	enforceable by, the beneficiaries of the pledge to the extent			
443	provided in the financing documents relating to the utility cost			
444	containment bonds.			
445	1. If utility project property is pledged as security for			
446	the payment of utility cost containment bonds, the local agency			
447	or its publicly owned utility shall enter into a contract with			
448	the authority which requires, at a minimum, that the publicly			
449	owned utility:			
450	a. Continue to operate its publicly owned utility,			
451	including the utility project that is being financed or			
452	refinanced;			
453	b. Collect the utility project charge from customers for			
454	the benefit and account of the authority and the beneficiaries			
455	of the pledge of the utility project charge; and			
456	c. Separately account for and remit revenue from the			
457	utility project charge to, or for the account of, the authority.			
458	2. The pledge of a utility project charge to secure payment			
459	of utility cost containment bonds is irrevocable, and the state			
460	or any other entity may not reduce, impair, or otherwise adjust			
461	the utility project charge, except that the authority shall			
462	implement periodic adjustments to the utility project charge as			
463	provided under subsection (5).			
464	(d) Utility cost containment bonds shall be nonrecourse to			
465	the credit or any assets of the local agency or the publicly			
466	owned utility but are payable from, and secured by a pledge of			

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467	the utility project property relating to the utility cost		
468	containment bonds and any additional security or credit		
469	enhancement specified in the documents relating to the utility		
470	cost containment bonds. If, pursuant to subsection (4), the		
471	authority is financing the project through a single-purpose		
472	limited liability company, the utility cost containment bonds		
473	shall be payable from, and secured by, a pledge of amounts paid		
474	by the company to the authority from the applicable utility		
475	project property. This paragraph is the exclusive method of		
476	perfecting a pledge of utility project property by the company		
477	securing the payment of financing costs under any agreement of		
478	the company in connection with the issuance of utility cost		
479	containment bonds.		
480	(e) The issuance of utility cost containment bonds does not		
481	obligate the state or any political subdivision thereof to levy		
482	or to pledge any form of taxation to pay the utility cost		
483	containment bonds or to make any appropriation for their		
484	payment. Each utility cost containment bond must contain on its		
485	face a statement in substantially the following form:		
486			
487	"Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the		
488	State of Florida or any political subdivision thereof is pledged		
489	to the payment of the principal of, or interest on, this bond."		
490			
491	(f) Notwithstanding any other law or this section, a		
492	financing resolution or other resolution of the authority, or		
493	documents relating to utility cost containment bonds, the		
494	authority may not rescind, alter, or amend any resolution or		
495	document that pledges utility cost charges for payment of		

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496	utility cost containment bonds.			
497	(g) Subject to the terms of any pledge document created			
498	under this section, the validity and relative priority of a			
499	pledge is not defeated or adversely affected by the commingling			
500	of revenues generated by the utility project property with other			
501	funds of the local agency or the publicly owned utility			
502	collecting a utility project charge on behalf of an authority.			
503	(h) Financing costs in connection with utility cost			
504	containment bonds are a special obligation of the authority and			
505	do not constitute a liability of the state or any political			
506	subdivision thereof. Financing costs are not a pledge of the			
507	full faith and credit of the state or any political subdivision			
508	thereof, including the authority, but are payable solely from			
509	the funds identified in the documents relating to the utility			
510	cost containment bonds. This paragraph does not preclude			
511	guarantees or credit enhancements in connection with utility			
512	cost containment bonds.			
513	(i) Except as otherwise provided in this section with			
514	respect to adjustments to a utility project charge, the recovery			
515	of the financing costs for the utility cost containment bonds			
516	from the utility project charge is irrevocable, and the			
517	authority does not have the power, by rescinding, altering, or			
518	amending the applicable financing resolution, to revalue or			
519	revise for ratemaking purposes the financing costs of utility			
520	cost containment bonds; to determine that the financing costs			
521	for the related utility cost containment bonds or the utility			
522	project charge is unjust or unreasonable; or to in any way,			
523	either directly or indirectly, reduce or impair the value of			
524	utility project property that includes the utility project			

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525	charge. The amount of revenues arising with respect to the	
526	financing costs for the related utility cost containment bonds	
527	or the utility project charge is not subject to reduction,	
528	impairment, postponement, or termination for any reason until	
529	all financing costs to be paid from the utility project charge	
530	are fully met and discharged.	
531	(j) Except as provided in subsection (5) with respect to	
532	adjustments to a utility project charge, the state pledges and	
533	agrees with the owners of utility cost containment bonds that	
534	the state may not limit or alter the financing costs or the	
535	utility project property, including the utility project charge,	
536	relating to the utility cost containment bonds, or any rights	
537	related to the utility project property, until all financing	
538	costs with respect to the utility cost containment bonds are	
539	fully met and discharged. This paragraph does not preclude	
540	limitation or alteration if adequate provision is made by law to	
541	protect the owners. The authority may include the state's pledge	
542	in the governing documents for utility cost containment bonds.	
543	(8) LIMITATION ON DEBT RELIEFNotwithstanding any other	
544	law, an authority that issued utility cost containment bonds may	
545	not, and a governmental officer or organization may not	
546	authorize the authority to, become a debtor under the United	
547	States Bankruptcy Code or become the subject of any similar case	
548	or proceeding under any other state or federal law if any	
549	payment obligation from utility project property remains with	
550	respect to the utility cost containment bonds.	
551	(9) CONSTRUCTIONThis section and all grants of power and	
552	authority in this section shall be liberally construed to	
553	effectuate their purposes. All incidental powers necessary to	

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554	carry this section into effect are expressly granted to,	and
555	conferred upon, public entities.	
556	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.	