The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

i iepai	ed By: The Profe	essional Staff of the Appro	priations Subcomn	nittee on Criminal and Civil Justice
BILL:	CS/SB 360			
INTRODUCER:	Criminal Justice Committee and Senator Clemens			
SUBJECT: Victim Ass		stance		
DATE:	February 23,	, 2016 REVISED:		
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ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
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Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 360 amends section 960.001(1)(h), Florida Statutes, to require a law enforcement agency to give instructions outlining the replevin process for obtaining possession of the victim's property located in a pawnshop. The agency is also required to promptly make reasonable efforts to give the victim the name and location of the pawn shop.

The bill has no significant fiscal impact.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2016.

II. Present Situation:

Victim Notification

Florida law currently provides for notifying victims regarding a variety of matters that affect them. Section 944.605(1), F.S., requires the state attorney or Department of Corrections to notify victims within six months before the release of an inmate from the Department of Corrections, a private correctional facility, a release program, or parole. Additionally, s. 394.926(1), F.S., requires the Department of Children and Families to notify the victim as soon as practicable when a person is released from involuntary civil commitment under ch. 394, F.S.

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Section 960.001, F.S., places a number of requirements on various government entities to ensure that victims are treated fairly and notified of important matters. For example:

- Victims are generally provided the right to be informed, be present, and be heard when relevant, at all crucial stages of criminal and juvenile proceedings.
- In cases involving specified offenses,³ the arresting law enforcement officer or victim assistance personnel must request the victim or the victim's next of kin to complete a victim notification card with various contact information.⁴ The appropriate party⁵ shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the alleged victim or next of kin of the alleged victim within four hours following the defendant's release.⁶
- A victim or witness must be provided information explaining the steps available to law enforcement officers and state attorneys to shield the victim or witness from intimidation.⁷
- Law enforcement agencies and the state attorney shall promptly return the victim's property when there is no compelling law enforcement reason for retaining it.⁸

While Florida requires victim notification for a variety of circumstances, it does not currently require any entity to notify a victim that his or her property has been located in the possession of a pawnbroker.

Florida Pawnbroker Act

"Pawn" means any advancement of funds on the security of pledged goods on condition that the pledged goods are left in the possession of the pawnbroker for the duration of the pawn and may be redeemed by the pledgor on the terms and conditions contained in this section.⁹

"Pawnbroker" means any person who is engaged in the business of making pawns; who makes a public display containing the term "pawn," "pawnbroker," or "pawnshop" or any derivative thereof; or who publicly displays a sign or symbol historically identified with pawns. A pawnbroker may also engage in the business of purchasing goods which includes consignment and trade. ¹⁰

A Pawnbroker must maintain a copy of each completed pawnbroker transaction form for at least one year after the date of the transaction. On or before the end of each business day, the pawnbroker delivers the original transaction forms for the previous business day to law enforcement. If the original transaction form is lost or destroyed by a law enforcement official, a

¹ Victims who are incarcerated are provided the right to be informed and to submit written statements. s. 960.001(1)(a)6., F.S.

² Section 960.001(1)(a)5., F.S.

³ This requirement applies in the case of a homicide, pursuant to ch. 782, F.S.; a sexual offense, pursuant to ch. 794, F.S.; an attempted murder or sexual offense, pursuant to ch. 777, F.S.; stalking, pursuant to s. 784.048, F.S.; or domestic violence, pursuant to s. 25.385, F.S.

⁴ Section 960.001(1)(b)1., F.S.

⁵ The chief administrator, or a person designated by the chief administrator, of a county jail, municipal jail, juvenile detention facility, or residential commitment facility is the appropriate party to provide notice under this subparagraph. s. 960.001(1)(b)3., F.S.

⁶ Section 960.001(1)(b)3., F.S.

⁷ Section 960.001(1)(c), F.S.

⁸ Section 960.001(1)(h), F.S.

⁹ Section 539.001(2)(h), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 539.001(2)(i), F.S.

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copy may be used by the pawnbroker as evidence in court. When an electronic image of a pledgor or seller identification is accepted for a transaction, the pawnbroker must maintain the electronic image in order to meet the same recordkeeping requirements as for the original transaction form. If a criminal investigation occurs, the pawnbroker shall, upon request, provide a clear and legible copy of the image to the appropriate law enforcement official.

To obtain possession of purchased or pledged goods held by a pawnbroker which a claimant claims to be misappropriated:

- The claimant must notify the pawnbroker by certified mail or in person of the claim to the goods and must be accompanied by the law enforcement report concerning the misappropriation of the goods. 11
- If the claim isn't settled within 10 days of the notice, the claimant may file a lawsuit, and must serve the pawnbroker with a copy of the petition.¹²
- If the court finds that the claimant failed to comply with the above procedures, ¹³ or finds against the claimant on any basis, the claimant is liable for the defendant's costs, including attorney fees. ¹⁴
- If the court finds that the property was misappropriated, the claimant may recover the cost of the action, including attorney's fees from the pawnbroker.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends s. 960.001(1)(h), F.S., to require a law enforcement agency to give instructions outlining the replevin process for obtaining possession of the victim's property located in a pawnshop. The agency is also required to promptly make reasonable efforts to give the victim the name and location of the pawn shop.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

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	None.
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B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

¹¹ Section 539.001(15)(a), F.S.

¹² Id.

¹³ The procedures that must be complied with are described in detail in s. 539.001(15)(a), F.S.

¹⁴ Section 539.001(15)(c), F.S.

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V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

CS/SB 360 requires law enforcement agencies to comply with new victim notice requirements. To the extent that state and local law enforcement agencies must carry out the new notification requirements, the bill may have a minimal workload impact on local government expenditures, but no significant fiscal impact.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 960.001 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Criminal Justice on February 16, 2016:

The Committee Substitute amends the notification time by a law enforcement agency to victims whose property is in the possession of a pawnbroker. The bill required law enforcement to "immediately" notify the victim of the name and location of the pawnshop. The Committee Substitute requires that law enforcement "promptly make reasonable efforts" to provide the victim with the name and location of the pawnshop.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.