ENROLLED 2017 Legislature

CS for SB 1520, 1st Engrossed

20171520er 1 2 An act relating to termination of a condominium 3 association; amending s. 718.117, F.S.; revising legislative findings; requiring a plan of termination 4 to be approved by the Division of Florida 5 6 Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the 7 Department of Business and Professional Regulation and 8 meet specified requirements for a condominium form of 9 ownership to be terminated for all or a portion of the 10 condominium property under certain circumstances; revising voting requirements for the rejection of a 11 12 plan of termination; revising the amount of time before a new plan of termination may be considered 13 after a previous rejection under certain conditions; 14 15 revising the requirements to qualify for payment as a 16 homestead owner; revising and providing notice 17 requirements; requiring the division to examine a plan of termination and provide specified notice within a 18 certain timeframe; providing applicability; specifying 19 that a plan of termination is presumed to be accepted 20 21 if notice is not provided within the specified 22 timeframe; providing an appropriation and authorizing 23 a position; providing an effective date. 2.4 25 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 26 27 Section 1. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 718.117, 28 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (21) is added to 29 that section, to read:

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30	718.117 Termination of condominium.—
31	(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.—The Legislature finds that:
32	(a) Condominiums are created as authorized by statute and
33	are subject to covenants that encumber the land and restrict the
34	use of real property.
35	(b) In some circumstances, the continued enforcement of
36	<u>those covenants</u> that may create economic waste <u>and</u> , areas of
37	disrepair which threaten the safety and welfare of the public $ au$
38	or <u>cause</u> obsolescence of <u>the</u> a condominium property for its
39	intended use and thereby lower property tax values, <u>and</u> the
40	Legislature further finds that it is the public policy of this
41	state to provide by statute a method to preserve the value of
42	the property interests and the rights of alienation thereof that
43	owners have in the condominium property before and after
44	termination.
45	(c) The Legislature further finds that It is contrary to
46	the public policy of this state to require the continued
47	operation of a condominium when to do so constitutes economic
48	waste or when the ability to do so is made impossible by law or
49	regulation.
50	(d) It is in the best interest of the state to provide for
51	termination of the covenants of a declaration of condominium in
52	certain circumstances in order to:
53	1. Ensure the continued maintenance, management, and repair
54	of stormwater management systems, conservation areas, and
55	conservation easements.
56	2. Avoid transferring the expense of maintaining
57	infrastructure serving the condominium property, including, but
58	not limited to, stormwater systems and conservation areas, to

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20171520er 59 the general tax bases of the state and local governments. 60 3. Prevent covenants from impairing the continued 61 productive use of the property. 62 4. Protect state residents from health and safety hazards created by derelict, damaged, obsolete, or abandoned condominium 63 64 properties. 65 5. Provide fair treatment and just compensation for 66 individuals and preserve property values and the local property 67 tax base. 68 6. Preserve the state's long history of protecting 69 homestead property and homestead property rights by ensuring 70 that such protection is extended to homestead property owners in 71 the context of a termination of the covenants of a declaration 72 of condominium This section applies to all condominiums in this state in existence on or after July 1, 2007. 73 74 (3) OPTIONAL TERMINATION. Except as provided in subsection 75 (2) or unless the declaration provides for a lower percentage, 76 The condominium form of ownership may be terminated for all or a 77 portion of the condominium property pursuant to a plan of termination meeting the requirements of this section and 78 79 approved by the division. Before a residential association submits a plan to the division, the plan must be approved by at 80 81 least 80 percent of the total voting interests of the 82 condominium. However, if 5 10 percent or more of the total 83 voting interests of the condominium have rejected the plan of termination by negative vote or by providing written objections, 84 85 the plan of termination may not proceed. (a) The termination of the condominium form of ownership is 86 87 subject to the following conditions:

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1. The total voting interests of the condominium must include all voting interests for the purpose of considering a plan of termination. A voting interest of the condominium may not be suspended for any reason when voting on termination pursuant to this subsection.

93 2. If 5 ± 10 percent or more of the total voting interests of 94 the condominium reject a plan of termination, a subsequent plan 95 of termination pursuant to this subsection may not be considered 96 for 24 18 months after the date of the rejection.

97 (b) This subsection does not apply to any condominium
98 created pursuant to part VI of this chapter until 5 years after
99 the recording of the declaration of condominium, unless there is
100 no objection to the plan of termination.

(c) For purposes of this subsection, the term "bulk owner" 101 means the single holder of such voting interests or an owner 102 103 together with a related entity or entities that would be 104 considered an insider, as defined in s. 726.102, holding such voting interests. If the condominium association is a 105 106 residential association proposed for termination pursuant to 107 this section and, at the time of recording the plan of termination, at least 80 percent of the total voting interests 108 are owned by a bulk owner, the plan of termination is subject to 109 the following conditions and limitations: 110

111 1. If the former condominium units are offered for lease to 112 the public after the termination, each unit owner in occupancy 113 immediately before the date of recording of the plan of 114 termination may lease his or her former unit and remain in 115 possession of the unit for 12 months after the effective date of 116 the termination on the same terms as similar unit types within

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117 the property are being offered to the public. In order to obtain 118 a lease and exercise the right to retain exclusive possession of 119 the unit owner's former unit, the unit owner must make a written request to the termination trustee to rent the former unit 120 121 within 90 days after the date the plan of termination is recorded. Any unit owner who fails to timely make such written 122 123 request and sign a lease within 15 days after being presented 124 with a lease is deemed to have waived his or her right to retain 125 possession of his or her former unit and shall be required to 126 vacate the former unit upon the effective date of the termination, unless otherwise provided in the plan of 127 termination. 128

2. Any former unit owner whose unit was granted homestead 129 exemption status by the applicable county property appraiser as 130 of the date of the recording of the plan of termination shall be 131 132 paid a relocation payment in an amount equal to 1 percent of the 133 termination proceeds allocated to the owner's former unit. Any relocation payment payable under this subparagraph shall be paid 134 135 by the single entity or related entities owning at least 80 136 percent of the total voting interests. Such relocation payment shall be in addition to the termination proceeds for such 137 owner's former unit and shall be paid no later than 10 days 138 after the former unit owner vacates his or her former unit. 139

3. For their respective units, all unit owners other than the bulk owner must be compensated at least 100 percent of the fair market value of their units. The fair market value shall be determined as of a date that is no earlier than 90 days before the date that the plan of termination is recorded and shall be determined by an independent appraiser selected by the

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146 termination trustee. For a person an original purchaser from the 147 developer who rejects the plan of termination and whose unit was 148 granted homestead exemption status by the applicable county 149 property appraiser, or was an owner-occupied operating business, 150 as of the date that the plan of termination is recorded and who 151 is current in payment of both assessments and other monetary 152 obligations to the association and any mortgage encumbering the 153 unit as of the date the plan of termination is recorded, the 154 fair market value for the unit owner rejecting the plan shall be 155 at least the original purchase price paid for the unit. For 156 purposes of this subparagraph, the term "fair market value" means the price of a unit that a seller is willing to accept and 157 a buyer is willing to pay on the open market in an arms-length 158 159 transaction based on similar units sold in other condominiums, including units sold in bulk purchases but excluding units sold 160 161 at wholesale or distressed prices. The purchase price of units 162 acquired in bulk following a bankruptcy or foreclosure shall not be considered for purposes of determining fair market value. 163 164 4. The plan of termination must provide for payment of a

165 first mortgage encumbering a unit to the extent necessary to satisfy the lien, but the payment may not exceed the unit's 166 share of the proceeds of termination under the plan. If the unit 167 owner is current in payment of both assessments and other 168 169 monetary obligations to the association and any mortgage 170 encumbering the unit as of the date the plan of termination is recorded, the receipt by the holder of the unit's share of the 171 172 proceeds of termination under the plan or the outstanding balance of the mortgage, whichever is less, shall be deemed to 173 174 have satisfied the first mortgage in full.

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175 5. Before a plan of termination is presented to the unit 176 owners for consideration pursuant to this paragraph, the plan 177 must include the following written disclosures in a sworn 178 statement: a. The identity of any person or entity that owns or 179 controls 25 50 percent or more of the units in the condominium 180 181 and, if the units are owned by an artificial entity or entities, 182 a disclosure of the natural person or persons who, directly or 183 indirectly, manage or control the entity or entities and the 184 natural person or persons who, directly or indirectly, own or control 10 20 percent or more of the artificial entity or 185 entities that constitute the bulk owner. 186 b. The units acquired by any bulk owner, the date each unit 187 was acquired, and the total amount of compensation paid to each 188 prior unit owner by the bulk owner, regardless of whether 189 190 attributed to the purchase price of the unit. 191 c. The relationship of any board member to the bulk owner or any person or entity affiliated with the bulk owner subject 192 193 to disclosure pursuant to this subparagraph. 194 d. The factual circumstances that show that the plan complies with the requirements of this section and that the plan 195 supports the expressed public policies of this section. 196 (d) If the members of the board of administration are 197 198 elected by the bulk owner, unit owners other than the bulk owner 199 may elect at least one-third of the members of the board of 200 administration before the approval of any plan of termination. 201 (e) The division shall examine the plan of termination to 202 determine its procedural sufficiency and, within 45 days after 203 receipt of the initial filing, the division shall notify the

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204	association by mail of any procedural deficiencies or that the
205	filing is accepted. If the notice is not given within 45 days
206	after the receipt of the filing, the plan of termination is
207	presumed to be accepted. If the division determines that the
208	conditions required by this section have been met and that the
209	plan complies with the procedural requirements of this section,
210	the division shall authorize the termination, and the
211	termination may proceed pursuant to this section.
212	(f) Subsection (2) does not apply to optional termination
213	pursuant to this subsection.
214	(21) APPLICABILITYThis section applies to all
215	condominiums in this state in existence on or after July 1,
216	<u>2007.</u>
217	Section 2. The amendments made by this act to s. 718.117,
218	Florida Statutes, are intended to clarify existing law, are
219	remedial in nature and intended to address the rights and
220	liabilities of the affected parties, and apply to all
221	condominiums created under the Condominium Act.
222	Section 3. For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sums of
223	\$85,006 in recurring funds and \$4,046 in nonrecurring funds from
224	the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile
225	Homes Trust Fund are appropriated to the Department of Business
226	and Professional Regulation, and one full-time equivalent
227	position with associated salary rate of 56,791 is authorized,
228	for the purpose of implementing this act.
229	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

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