The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Transportation									
BILL:	SB 1672								
INTRODUCER:	Senator Latvala and others								
SUBJECT:	Tampa Bay Area Regional Transit Authority								
DATE:	March 21, 2017 REVISED:								
ANALYST		STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION				
1. Price		Miller		TR	Pre-meeting				
2.				CA					
3.				AP					
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·							

I. Summary:

SB 1672 renames the Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority (Transportation Authority) as the Tampa Bay Area Regional *Transit* Authority (Transit Authority), and makes a conforming name change to create the Metropolitan Planning Organization Chairs Coordinating Committee within the Transit Authority. The bill also revises the short title and definitions; revises membership, appointment, term, and quorum requirements; requires the governing board to conduct an evaluation of specified committees; deletes requirements relating to establishment of certain other committees; and revises the new Transit Authority's express purposes to reflect the bill's changes. Additionally, the bill requires the Transit Authority to develop and adopt a regional transit development plan; deletes obsolete provisions; and conforms provisions to changes made by the act.

The fiscal impact on state and local governments is indeterminate. See Section V., "Fiscal Impact Statement," for details.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2017.

II. Present Situation:

The Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority (Transportation Authority)

The Transportation Authority is an agency of the state¹ created in 2007, whose purpose is improving mobility and expanding multimodal transportation options for passengers and freight throughout the area served, Citrus, Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, Pinellas, Manatee, and Sarasota Counties.²

¹ Section 343.92, F.S.

² Section 343.922(1), F.S.

The Transportation Authority governing board currently has 15 voting members as follows:

- Each of the county commissions of the seven counties making up the authority's coverage area appoint one elected official to serve two-year terms, with not more than three consecutive terms.
- The Transportation Authority Metropolitan Planning Organization Chairs Coordinating Committee appoints one member, who must be a chair of one of the Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) in the region and may not serve more than three consecutive terms.
- Two members must be the mayor, or the mayor's designee, of the largest municipality within the service area of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority (PSTA)³ and the Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Authority (HART).⁴ If a mayor chooses not to serve, the designee must be an elected official selected by the mayor from that largest municipality's city council or commission. The mayor or the designee serves two-year terms, with not more than three consecutive terms. Additional provisions address required processes if a mayor or a designee leaves office, or if a mayor has served three consecutive terms.
- One membership on the board rotates every two years between the mayor or designee of
 Manatee County and the mayor or designee of the largest municipality within Sarasota
 County, with the Manatee County mayor or designee serving the first two-year term. If a
 mayor chooses not to serve, the designee must be an elected official selected by the mayor
 from that largest municipality's city council or commission.
- The Governor appoints four business representatives (three-year terms and not more than two consecutive terms), each of whom must reside in one of the seven counties governed by the authority and may not be an elected official. One but not more than two of the four must represent counties within the federally designated Tampa Bay Transportation Management Area.

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) secretary appoints two advisors to the board from the FDOT districts within the seven-county area (Districts 1 and 7).

The respective appointing authority must fill a vacancy during a term within 90 days, in the same manner as the original appointment, for the remainder of the unexpired term.

The Governor appointed the initial chair (to serve for a minimum of two years) from among the full board membership immediately upon their appointment. These appointments were required within 45 days following the authority's creation. At the end of each subsequent chair's term, the board elects a chair from among its members. Eight members constitute a quorum, and the vote of eight members is required for any action taken by the authority. The board may establish Planning, Policy, and Finance Committees; as well as a Citizens Advisory Committee and technical advisory committees.

³ The Legislature by special act in 1970 created the Central Pinellas Transit Authority. In 1982, the Central Pinellas Transit Authority was renamed as the PSTA. The PSTA is the public transit provider in Pinellas County with 38 bus routes, as well as two express routes to Tampa. Beach trollies and a number of other special programs are available. *See* the PSTA website for more information available at: http://psta.net/index.php. (Last visited March 17, 2017.)

⁴ In 1979, the Hillsborough Transit Authority, also known as the Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Authority (HART), was created under Chapter 163, part V, F.S., authorizing creation of regional transportation authorities. HART operates fixed-route local and express bus service, door-to-door paratransit service, flex-route neighborhood connector service, a "lightened" version of bus rapid transit, and manages the TECO Line Streetcar System. See the HART website for more information available at: http://gohart.org/#. (Last visited March 17, 2017.)

Consistent with statutory direction,⁵ the Transportation Authority adopted a regional transportation master plan in May of 2009 and updated the plan in June of 2011, 2013, and 2015.⁶ According to the annual *Transportation Authority Monitoring and Oversight, Fiscal Year 2015 Report*,⁷ the most recent update "refined the established transit, freight, and roadway networks, added a regional trails network, added a future priority projects list, outlined a strategic vision for implementation, [and] identified eight regional priority projects." The update serves as the Regional Long Range Transportation Plan.

The Transportation Authority MPO Chairs Coordinating Committee

Created in 1993, the West Central Florida MPO Chairs Coordinating Committee was established to coordinate projects deemed regionally significant, review regionally significant land use decisions, review all proposed regionally significant projects affecting more than one MPO, and institute a conflict resolution process throughout the West Central Florida region. After creation of the Transportation Authority, the West Central Florida MPO Chairs Coordinating Committee and the authority more closely integrated planning efforts for the region. In 2016, the Chairs Coordinating Committee was placed within the Transportation Authority.^{8, 9}

The Need for Regional Planning

Numerous studies have concluded that regional planning is needed throughout the country to address transportation needs and services. One such study asserts that transportation planning in some places, including Tampa Bay, "remains hyper-localized" and recommends an umbrella or coordinating agency in the form of a regional transit authority. ¹⁰

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 339.175(6)(i), F.S., creating the Transit Authority MPO Chairs Coordinating Committee within the Transit Authority.

Section 2 amends s. 343.90, F.S., revising the short title from the "Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority Act" to the "Tampa Bay Area Regional Transit Authority Act".

Section 3 amends s. 343.91, F.S., redefining the term "authority" to mean the Transit Authority, covering Hillsborough, Manatee, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties and any other contiguous county that is party to an agreement of participation. This revision eliminates express identification of Citrus, Hernando, and Sarasota Counties from the authority's revised coverage area. Citrus

⁵ Section 343.922(3)(a), F.S.

⁶ Master plan updates are statutorily required every five years before July 1 per section 343.922(3)(d), F.S.

⁷ Available, p. 237, at: http://www.ftc.state.fl.us/documents/reports/TAMO/FY2015Report.pdf. (Last visited March 16, 2017.)

⁸ See HB 7061 (2016).

⁹ See the Transportation Authority MPO Chairs Coordinating Committee website for additional information on background, priority projects, and regional planning and coordination efforts, available at: http://www.tbarta.com/en/chairs-coordinating-committee (Last visited March 16, 2017.)

¹⁰ See The Need for Regional Transportation Governance in Tampa Bay, January 2017, available at: https://www.enotrans.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/Eno-TPB-White-Paper-Final.pdf. (Last visited March 16, 2017.)

County would not currently be contiguous to any of the four counties in the revised coverage area.

Section 4 amends s. 343.92, F.S., to:

- Rename the Transportation Authority and creates it as the Transit Authority;
- Reduce the number of voting members from 15 to 13, appointed no later than 45 days after the creation of the authority, and revises the membership as follows:
 - Each of the county commissions of Hillsborough, Manatee, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties appoint one county commissioner to serve two-year terms, with not more than three consecutive terms. If a commissioner leaves elected office, the vacancy must be filled within 90 days.
 - o PSTA and HART (or their successor agencies) each appoint one member to serve a twoyear term with no more than three consecutive terms. If a member no longer meets criteria for appointment, a vacancy exists and must be filled within 90 days.
 - O The Senate President and House Speaker each appoint two members from the regional business community, each of whom must reside in one of the four counties served by the authority and may not be elected officials. A member initially appointed serves a one-year term. Thereafter, these members serve two-year terms with not more than three consecutive terms. A vacancy during a term must be filled within 90 days in the same manner as the original appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term.
 - The Governor appoints three members from the regional business community, each of whom must reside in one of the counties in the authority's coverage area and may not be an elected official. Of the initially appointed members, one serves a one-year term, one serves a two-year term, and one serves a term as the initial chair. Thereafter, these members serve a two-year term with not more than three consecutive terms. A vacancy during a term must be filled within 990 days in the same manner as the original appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term.

The Governor is required to appoint one of his appointees as the initial chair immediately upon their appointment. The initial chair serves a minimum of two years. At the end of the initial chair's term, the board elects a chair from among the members appointed by the Governor, the Senate President, and the House Speaker.

Seven, rather than eight, members constitute a quorum, and the vote of seven members is required by any action taken by the authority.

Beginning July 1, 2017, the authority's governing board must evaluate (and submit evaluation recommendations before the beginning of the 2018 Regular Session) the abolishment, continuance, modification, or establishment of the following:

- Planning committee;
- Policy committee;
- Finance committee;
- Citizens advisory committee;
- Transit Authority MPO Chairs Coordinating Committee; and
- Transit management committee.

Section 5 amends s. 343.922, F.S., revising the purposes, powers, and duties of the Transit Authority to include:

- Planning, implementing, and operating mobility improvements and expansions of multimodal transportation options for passengers and freight throughout Hillsborough, Manatee, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties; and
- Producing a regional *transit* development plan (rather than a regional *transportation* plan), integrating the transit development plans of participant counties, to include a prioritization of regionally significant transit projects and facilities. The bill directs the authority to provide to the Senate President and House Speaker on or before the beginning of the 2018 Regular Session a plan to produce the regional transit development plan. The development plan must adhere to guidance and regulations set forth by the FDOT or any successor agency, including without limitation:
 - o Public involvement:
 - Collection and analysis of socioeconomic data;
 - o Performance evaluation of existing services;
 - o Service design and ridership forecasting; and
 - o Financial planning.
- Serving, with the consent of the Governor or his or her designee, as the recipient of federal funds supporting an intercountry project or a regionally significant transit project that exists in a single county within the designated region.

Sections 3 through 10 delete obsolete language and conform provisions to changes made by the act.

Section 11 provides the bill take effect July 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality	/County	Mandates	Restrictions:
л.	IVIUI IICIDAIILV	Ounty	Manuales	11630160013.

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

To the extent that the bill's changes result in improved and more efficient regional transit services being provided in the Tampa Bay area, public mobility options would be increased.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Transit Authority, the Transit Authority MPO Chairs Coordinating Committee, the four counties in the authority's revised coverage area, and PSTA and HART are expected to experience indeterminate administrative expenses associated with the organization's name change, committee evaluation and recommendations, and various planning requirements related to producing a regional transit development plan.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 339.175, 343.90, 343.91, 343.92, 343.92, 343.94, 343.947, 343.95, 343.975, and 343.976.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.