By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Artiles 590-01724-17

2017264c1

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

1617

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to self-storage; amending s. 83.806, F.S.; providing that a lien sale may be conducted on certain websites; providing that a self-storage facility owner is not required to have a license to post property for online sale; providing limits for the maximum valuation of property under certain circumstances; providing options for the disposition of motor vehicles or watercraft claimed to be subject to a lien; amending s. 83.808, F.S.; authorizing an owner to impose and collect a late fee from a tenant under certain circumstances; specifying that late fees in a specified amount are deemed reasonable and do not constitute a penalty; authorizing an owner to charge the tenant certain reasonable expenses incurred in rent collection or lien enforcement; providing an effective date.

1819

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

20 21

22

23

24

25

26

27

2829

30

31

32

Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 83.806, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (9) and (10) are added to that section, to read:

83.806 Enforcement of lien.—An owner's lien as provided in s. 83.805 may be satisfied as follows:

- (4) After the expiration of the time given in the notice, an advertisement of the sale or other disposition shall be published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the self-service storage facility or self-contained storage unit is located.
- (a) A lien sale may be conducted on a public website that customarily conducts personal property auctions. The facility or

590-01724-17 2017264c1

unit owner is not required to be licensed to post property online for sale pursuant to this subsection. Inasmuch as any sale may involve property of more than one tenant, a single advertisement may be used to dispose of property at any one sale.

(b) (a) The advertisement shall include:

- 1. A brief and general description of what is believed to constitute the personal property contained in the storage unit, as provided in paragraph (2)(b).
- 2. The address of the self-service storage facility or the address where the self-contained storage unit is located and the name of the tenant.
- 3. The time, place, and manner of the sale or other disposition. The sale or other disposition shall take place not sooner than 15 days after the first publication.
- (c) (b) If there is no newspaper of general circulation in the area where the self-service storage facility or self-contained storage unit is located, the advertisement shall be posted at least 10 days before the date of the sale or other disposition in not fewer than three conspicuous places in the neighborhood where the self-service storage facility or self-contained storage unit is located.
- (9) If the rental agreement contains a limit on the value of property stored in the tenant's storage space, the limit is deemed to be the maximum value of the property stored in that space.
- (10) If a lien is claimed on property that is a motor vehicle or a watercraft and rent and other charges related to the property remain unpaid or unsatisfied for 60 days after the

590-01724-17 2017264c1

maturity of the obligation to pay the rent and other charges, the facility or unit owner may sell the property pursuant to this section or have the property towed. If a motor vehicle or watercraft is towed, the facility or unit owner is not liable for the motor vehicle or watercraft or any damage to the motor vehicle or watercraft once a wrecker operator takes possession of the property. The wrecker operator taking possession must comply with all notification and sale requirements provided in s. 713.78.

Section 2. Subsection (3) is added to section 83.808, Florida Statutes, to read:

83.808 Contracts.-

(3) A reasonable late fee may be imposed and collected by a facility or unit owner for each period that a tenant does not pay rent when due under the rental agreement; however, the fee may be imposed and collected only if the amount of the late fee and the conditions for imposing such fee are stated in the rental agreement or in an addendum to that agreement. For purposes of this subsection, a late fee of \$20 or 20 percent of the monthly rent, whichever is greater, is reasonable. Such late fee does not constitute a penalty. In addition to the late fee, any reasonable expense incurred by an owner as a result of rent collection or lien enforcement may be charged to the lessee.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.