1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; providing a short title; amending s. 1009.53, F.S.; removing a condition under which a student is authorized to use a Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program award for summer term enrollment if funds are available; requiring that the Legislature appropriate additional funds necessary for use of an award for summer term enrollment as provided in the General Appropriations Act; amending s. 1009.531, F.S.; revising the initial eligibility criteria relating to test scores and corresponding percentile ranks for certain Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program awards; amending ss. 1009.534 and 1009.535, F.S.; specifying the amounts of the Florida Academic Scholars and Florida Medallion Scholars awards eligible to cover tuition, fees, textbooks, and other college-related expenses; amending ss. 1009.22, 1009.23, and 1009.24, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: This act may be cited as the "Restore Our

Page 1 of 9

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Bright Futures Act."

Section 2. Subsection (7) of section 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

4950

1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.-

- Each district school board and Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, not to exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and not to exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students. Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty and may shall not be included in an any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award or the Florida Medallion Scholars award under ss. 1009.534 and 1009.535, respectively. Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.
- Section 3. Subsection (10) of section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.-
 - (10) Each Florida College System institution board of

Page 2 of 9

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

7374

75

trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, which may not exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and may not exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students. Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may apply to both college credit and developmental education and may shall not be included in an any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award or the Florida Medallion Scholars award under ss. 1009.534 and 1009.535, respectively. Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.

- Section 4. Subsection (13) and paragraph (b) of subsection (16) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1009.24 State university student fees.—
- (13) Each university board of trustees may establish a technology fee of up to 5 percent of the tuition per credit hour. The revenue from this fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The

Page 3 of 9

technology fee may not be included in <u>an</u> any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award or the Florida Medallion Scholars award under ss. 1009.534 and 1009.535, respectively.

- (16) Each university board of trustees may establish a tuition differential for undergraduate courses upon receipt of approval from the Board of Governors. However, beginning July 1, 2014, the Board of Governors may only approve the establishment of or an increase in tuition differential for a state research university designated as a preeminent state research university pursuant to s. 1001.7065(3). The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need.
- (b) Each tuition differential is subject to the following conditions:
- 1. The tuition differential may be assessed on one or more undergraduate courses or on all undergraduate courses at a state university.
- 2. The tuition differential may vary by course or courses, by campus or center location, and by institution. Each university board of trustees shall strive to maintain and increase enrollment in degree programs related to math, science, high technology, and other state or regional high-need fields

101 when establishing tuition differentials by course.

- 3. For each state university that is designated as a preeminent state research university by the Board of Governors, pursuant to s. 1001.7065, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition differential may be increased by no more than 6 percent of the total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the preceding fiscal year. The tuition differential may be increased if the university meets or exceeds performance standard targets for that university established annually by the Board of Governors for the following performance standards, amounting to no more than a 2-percent increase in the tuition differential for each performance standard:
- a. An increase in the 6-year graduation rate for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System.
 - b. An increase in the total annual research expenditures.
- c. An increase in the total patents awarded by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent years.
- 4. The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees per credit hour, including the tuition differential, may not exceed the national average of undergraduate tuition and fees at 4-year degree-granting public postsecondary educational institutions.
- 5. The tuition differential shall not be included in <u>an</u> any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538, except as

Page 5 of 9

authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award or the
Florida Medallion Scholars award under ss. 1009.534 and
128 1009.535, respectively.

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148

149150

- 6. Beneficiaries having prepaid tuition contracts pursuant to s. 1009.98(2)(b) which were in effect on July 1, 2007, and which remain in effect, are exempt from the payment of the tuition differential.
- 7. The tuition differential may not be charged to any student who was in attendance at the university before July 1, 2007, and who maintains continuous enrollment.
- 8. The tuition differential may be waived by the university for students who meet the eligibility requirements for the Florida public student assistance grant established in s. 1009.50.
- 9. Subject to approval by the Board of Governors, the tuition differential authorized pursuant to this subsection may take effect with the 2009 fall term.
- Section 5. Subsection (9) of section 1009.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1009.53 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program.-
 - (9) A student may use an award for summer term enrollment.

 The Legislature shall appropriate additional funds necessary for use of an award for summer term enrollment as provided in the General Appropriations Act if funds are available.
 - Section 6. Subsection (6) of section 1009.531, Florida

Page 6 of 9

151 Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.531 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; student eligibility requirements for initial awards.—

- (6)(a) The State Board of Education shall publicize the examination score required for a student to be eligible for a Florida Academic Scholars award, pursuant to s. 1009.534(1)(a) or (b), as follows:
- $\underline{1.}$ For high school students $\underline{\text{graduating in the 2017-2018}}$ academic year, the student must earn an SAT score of $\underline{1280}$ $\underline{1290}$ which corresponds to the 89th SAT percentile rank or a concordant ACT score of $\underline{27}$ $\underline{29}$.
- 2. For high school students graduating in the 2018-2019 academic year, the student must earn an SAT score of 1275 which corresponds to the 89th SAT percentile rank or a concordant ACT score of 27.
- 3. For high school students graduating in the 2019-2020 academic year, the student must earn an SAT score of 1270 which corresponds to the 88th percentile rank or a concordant ACT score of 26.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall publicize the examination score required for a student to be eligible for a Florida Medallion Scholars award, pursuant to s. 1009.535(1) (a) or (b), as follows:
- 1. For high school students graduating in the 2017-2018 academic year, the student must earn an SAT score of 1100 1170

Page 7 of 9

HB 489 2017

176 which corresponds to the 67th 75th SAT percentile rank or a concordant ACT score of 22 26.

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

184

185

186

187

188 189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

- 2. For high school students graduating in the 2018-2019 academic year, the student must earn an SAT score of 1020 which corresponds to the 52nd SAT percentile rank or a concordant ACT score of 20.
- 3. For high school students graduating in the 2019-2020 academic year, the student must earn an SAT score of 970 which corresponds to the 42nd SAT percentile rank or a concordant ACT score of 18.
- The SAT percentile ranks and corresponding SAT scores (C) specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) are based on the SAT percentile ranks for 2016 2010 college-bound seniors in critical reading and mathematics as reported by the College Board. The next highest SAT score is used when the percentile ranks do not directly correspond.
- Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 1009.534, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1009.534 Florida Academic Scholars award.-
- (2) A Florida Academic Scholar who is enrolled in a certificate, diploma, associate, or baccalaureate degree program at a public or nonpublic postsecondary education institution is eligible, beginning in the fall 2017 academic semester, for an award equal to the amount required to pay 100 percent of tuition and fees established under ss. 1009.22(3), (5), (6), and (7);

Page 8 of 9

1009.23(3), (4), (7), (8), (10), and (11); and 1009.24(4), (7)-(13), (14)(r), and (16), as applicable, and is eligible for an additional \$300 each fall and spring academic semester or the equivalent for textbooks and college-related specified in the General Appropriations Act to assist with the payment of educational expenses.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 1009.535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.535 Florida Medallion Scholars award.-

(2) A Florida Medallion Scholar who is enrolled in a certificate, diploma, associate, or baccalaureate degree program at a public or nonpublic postsecondary education institution is eligible, beginning in the fall 2017 academic semester, for an award equal to the amount required to pay 75 percent of tuition and fees established under ss. 1009.22(3), (5), (6), and (7); 1009.23(3), (4), (7), (8), (10), and (11); and 1009.24(4), (7)-(13), (14)(r), and (16), as applicable, and is eligible for an additional \$200 each fall and spring academic semester or the equivalent for textbooks and college-related specified in the General Appropriations Act to assist with the payment of educational expenses.

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

Page 9 of 9