# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Pre	epared By: The Pi	ofessional Staff of the C	ommittee on Childr	ren, Families, and Elder Affairs		
BILL:	CS/SB 570					
NTRODUCER:	Children, Families, and Elder Affairs Committee and Senator Rouson					
SUBJECT:	Public Assistance					
DATE:	April 4, 2017	REVISED:				
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION		
1. Hendon		Hendon	CF	Fav/CS		
·•	_		CM			
	_		AHS			
			AP			

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

# I. Summary:

CS/SB 570 makes changes to the state's cash assistance program under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families to improve compliance with work requirements. The bill requires agencies assisting recipients to develop a work plan agreement with the recipient to ensure he or she understands the work requirements. The bill imposes a fee on the recipient for replacement electronic benefit cards under certain circumstances. The bill clarifies state law to prohibit relative caregiver payments when both the parent and the child lives with a relative. The bill directs the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct a study of workforce development efforts for TANF recipients.

The bill is not expected to have a fiscal impact to the state and has an effective date of July 1, 2017.

#### **II.** Present Situation:

The Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) is a block grant that provides federal funding to states for a wide range of benefits and activities to support indigent families. It is best known for providing cash assistance to needy families with children. The TANF program was created in the 1996 welfare reform law as part of the Personal Responsibility and Work

Opportunity Reconciliation Act.<sup>1</sup> In Florida, the 1996 legislature passed the Work and Gain Economic Self-Sufficiency Act in anticipation of passage of federal welfare reform. The Department of Children and Families (DCF) refers to the benefits from TANF as Temporary Cash Assistance.

### The purpose of TANF is to:

- To provide assistance to needy families with children so that they can live in their own home or the homes of relatives;
- To end the dependency of needy parents on government benefits through work, job preparation, and marriage;
- To reduce the incidence of out-of-wedlock pregnancies; and
- To promote the formation and maintenance of two-parent families.<sup>2</sup>

## Eligibility

Florida law specifies two major categories of families who may be eligible for TANF cash assistance, those families that are work-eligible, and those child-only cases.<sup>3</sup> While many of the basic eligibility requirements apply to all of these categories, there are some distinctions between the categories in terms of requirements and restrictions.

### Work-Eligible Cases

Within the TANF work-eligible cases, there are single parent families and two-parent families. Single parent families can receive cash assistance for the parent and the children. The parent is subject to all of the financial and non-financial requirements described below including the work requirements and time limits. Single parents with a child under age six meet the participation rate with 20 hours of work participation per week.

Two-parent families with children are eligible on the same basis as single-parent families except the work requirement for two-parent families includes a higher number of hours of participation per week (35 hours or 55 hours if child care is subsidized) than required for single-parent families (30 hours).

#### Child-Only Cases

There are two child-only types of TANF cases. The first is where the child is living with a relative or situations where a custodial parent is not eligible to be included in the eligibility group. In the majority of situations, the child is living with a grandparent or other relative. Child-only families also include situations where a parent is receiving federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments and situations where the parent is not a U.S. citizen and is ineligible due to their immigration status. Grandparents or other relatives receiving child-only payments are not subject to the TANF work requirement or the TANF time limit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, An Overview of Program Requirements. January 2016. Department of Children and Families. http://www.dcf.state.fl.us/programs/access/docs/TANF%20101%20final.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, see <a href="http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ofa/programs/tanf/about">http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ofa/programs/tanf/about</a> (last visited March 29, 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> s. 414.045(1), Florida Statutes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, An Overview of Program Requirements. January 2016. Department of Children and Families. http://www.dcf.state.fl.us/programs/access/docs/TANF%20101%20final.pdf.

The second type of child-only TANF case is called the Relative Caregiver case where the child has been adjudicated dependent due to the original parents' inability to care for the child and the child has been placed with relatives by the court. These relatives are eligible for a payment that is higher than the typical child-only payment, but less than the payment for licensed foster care. As with other child-only families, grandparents or relatives receiving Relative Caregiver payments are not subject to the TANF work requirements or time limits.

To be eligible, families must meet both financial and non-financial requirements established in state law. In general, families must include a child (or a pregnant woman) and be residents of Florida. Children under age 5 must be current with childhood immunizations and children age 6 to 18 must attend school and parents or caretakers must participate in school conferences. Countable assets must be \$2,000 or less and licensed vehicles needed for individuals subject to the work requirement may not exceed \$8,500.

#### Noncitizens

Florida law currently excludes a pro-rata share of the income from a parent who is an illegal noncitizen or ineligible noncitizen.<sup>5</sup> This means that a portion of the income that an illegal citizen parent contributes to the family is not counted towards in the family's income for TANF eligibility.

### Work requirements

Adults in families receiving cash assistance must work or participate in work related activities for a specified number of hours per week depending on the number of work-eligible adults in the family and the age of children.<sup>6</sup>

Type of Family	Work participation Hours Required	
Other single parent families or two-parent	30 hours weekly with at least 20 hours in core	
families where one parent is disabled	activities	
Married teen or teen head of household under age 20	Maintains satisfactory attendance at secondary school or the equivalent or participates in education related to employment for at least 20	
	hours weekly	
Two-parent families who do not receive	35 hours per week (total among both parents) with	
subsidized child care	at least 30 hours in core activities	
Two-parent families who receive subsidized	55 hours per week with at least 50 hours in core	
child care	activities	

Federal law includes 12 work activities, including 9 that are "core" activities in that they may be used to satisfy any of the average weekly participation requirements and 3 that are "supplemental" in that they may only be used to satisfy the work activity requirement after the "core" requirement is met.

Core Activities include:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> s. 414.095(3)(d), F.S.

- Unsubsidized employment
- Subsidized private sector employment
- Subsidized public sector employment
- Job search and job readiness (limited to not more than 6 weeks in a federal fiscal year with not more than 4 weeks consecutive).
- Community service
- Work experience
- On-the-job training
- Vocational educational training (limited to 12 months for an individual), and
- Caring for a child of a recipient in community service.

# Supplemental Activities include:

- Job skills training directly related to employment
- Education directly related to employment (for those without a high school or equivalent degree), and
- Completion of a secondary school program.<sup>8</sup>

The department works with CareerSource Florida, Inc., known locally as the regional workforce boards to serve the families defined as work-eligible. Workforce boards assist the client in employment training and securing employment. The boards also document whether the client meets the work requirements under TANF and reports this information to the department. If a client does not meet his or her work requirements, the department will sanction the client by reducing or eliminating cash assistance.

#### **Amount of Assistance**

The amount of temporary cash assistance received by a family depends on family size and whether the family must pay for housing. The following monthly amounts are specified in s. 414.095(10), F.S.

Family	No Obligation	Shelter Costs	Shelter Costs
Size	To Pay for Shelter	Less than \$50	Greater than \$50
1	\$95	\$153	\$180
2	\$158	\$205	\$241
3	\$198	\$258	\$303
4	\$254	\$309	\$364
5	\$289	\$362	\$426

## **Time Limits**

Federal law restricts receipt of federal TANF benefits to not more than 60 months of assistance. States may exempt up to 20 percent of the caseload from the time limit due to state-defined hardship. Florida law limits receipt of assistance to not more than 48 cumulative months of assistance with exemptions to the time limit provided for hardship. Examples of hardship would

 $<sup>^7</sup>$  Id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> *Id* 

include individuals receiving Social Security disability benefits (which are different than SSI benefits) or individuals caring for a disabled family member when the disability and the need for care have been medically verified.

#### **Relative Caregiver Program**

This program provides monthly cash assistance to relatives who meet eligibility rules and have custody of a child under age 18 who has been court ordered dependent by a Florida court and placed in their home by DCF or the community based care child welfare agencies. The monthly cash assistance amount is higher than the Temporary Cash Assistance for one child, but less than the amount paid for a child in the foster care program.

Only the child's income and assets are counted when determining eligibility and payment amounts. Payments are based on the child's age and any countable income. Monthly payments for children with no countable income are as follows:

Age 0 through 5 - \$242 per child Age 6 through 12 - \$249 per child Age 13 through 17 - \$298 per child

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** amends s. 445.004, F.S., specifying the duties of CareerSource Florida, the private entity responsible for the state's workforce development efforts. The bill requires local workforce boards to report certain work related information, such as the number of individuals served and the employment status, for TANF recipients in CareerSource's annual report.

**Section 2** amends s. 445.024, F.S., relating to work requirements for TANF participants. The bill requires a work plan agreement with the individual developed by the Department of Economic Opportunity, CareerSource Florida, and DCF. The plan must be in plain language, state what is expected of the participant, when and how they would be sanctioned, and contain strategies to help them overcome barriers to complete the work requirements.

**Section 3** amends s. 402.82, F.S., requiring the payment of cash assistance through electronic benefit transfer (EBT) cards. The bill imposes a fee on the TANF participant if the EBT card is lost or stolen 5 times in one year. The cost of the replacement card will be deducted from the amount of the cash assistance. DCF may waive the replacement fee for participants with extreme financial hardships.

**Section 4** amends s. 39.5085, F.S., relating to the Relative Caregiver Program. Consistent with federal law, the bill prohibits payments when both the parent and the child live with the relative caregiver. Payments can however be made in cases where both the parent and child are adjudicated dependent. This could happen when the parent is under 18 years of age.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Department of Children and Families website. <a href="http://www.myflfamilies.com/service-programs/access-florida-food-medical-assistance-cash/temporary-cash-assistance-tca">http://www.myflfamilies.com/service-programs/access-florida-food-medical-assistance-cash/temporary-cash-assistance-tca</a>. (last visited March 29, 2017).

**Section 5** Directs the Legislature's Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct a study of workforce development efforts for TANF recipients. Specifically, the study must examine why TANF recipients do not meet work requirements and report to the Governor and Legislature by November 1, 2017.

**Section 6** provides an effective date of July 1, 2017.

### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The bill imposes a fee on TANF participants when their EBT card is lost or stolen five times in one year. The cost of the replacement card will be deducted from the amount of the cash assistance.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Participants in the TANF program who lose or have their EBT cards stolen more than five times in one year will have to pay for the replacement card.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

# VII. Related Issues:

None.

### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 445.004, 445.024, 402.82, and 39.5085.

### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

### CS by Children, Families, and Elder Affairs Committee on April 3, 2017:

- Removes the increase in penalties for participants in the TANF program who do not meet work requirements.
- Amends s. 445.04, F.S., to add to the requirements of the CareerSource Florida annual report.
- Requires the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct a study of workforce development efforts for TANF recipients.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.