

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

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Senate

House

	Senator Rouson moved the following:
1	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
2	
3	Delete lines 116 - 238
4	and insert:
5	mental health or substance use disorders or co-occurring
6	disorders under the supervision of persons who meet all
7	personnel requirements of this chapter for up to 90 days after
8	being notified of the disqualification or until the department a
9	qualified professional licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491
10	or a master's-level-certified addictions professional until the
11	agency makes a final determination regarding the request for an

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12 exemption from disqualification, whichever is earlier. (h) (g) The department may not issue a regular license to 13 any service provider that fails to provide proof that background 14 15 screening information has been submitted in accordance with 16 chapter 435. 17 (4) EXEMPTIONS FROM DISQUALIFICATION.-18 (a) The department may grant to any service provider 19 personnel an exemption from disqualification as provided in s. 435.07. 20 21 (b) Since rehabilitated substance abuse impaired persons 22 are effective in the successful treatment and rehabilitation of 23 individuals with substance use disorders, for service providers 24 which treat adolescents 13 years of age and older, service 25 provider personnel whose background checks indicate crimes under 26 s. 796.07(2)(e), s. 810.02(4), s. 812.014(2)(c), s. 817.563, <u>s.</u> 27 831.01, s. 831.02, s. 893.13, or s. 893.147, and any related criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under s. 777.04, 28 29 may be exempted from disqualification from employment pursuant 30 to this paragraph. 31 (c) The department may grant exemptions from 32 disqualification for service provider personnel to work solely 33 in substance abuse treatment programs or facilities or in 34 programs or facilities that treat co-occurring substance use and 35 mental health disorders. The department may further limit such 36 grant exemptions from disqualification which would limit service 37 provider personnel to working with adults in substance abuse 38 treatment facilities. 39 Section 4. Section 397.417, Florida Statutes, is created to

40 read:

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41 397.417 Behavioral health peer specialists.-42 (1) An individual is eligible for certification as a peer 43 specialist if he or she has been in recovery from a substance 44 use disorder or mental illness for at least 2 years or if he or 45 she has experience as a family member or caregiver of a person 46 with a substance use disorder or mental illness. 47 (2) The department shall develop and implement a training program for individuals seeking certification as peer 48 49 specialists. The department may designate one or more 50 credentialing entities that have met nationally recognized 51 standards for developing and administering professional 52 certification programs to certify peer specialists. 53 (3) An individual providing department-funded recovery 54 support services as a peer specialist shall be certified 55 pursuant to subsection (2). However, an individual who is not 56 certified may provide recovery support services as a peer 57 specialist for up to 1 year if he or she is working toward 58 certification and is supervised by a qualified professional or 59 by a certified peer specialist with supervisory training who has 60 at least 3 years of full-time experience as a peer specialist at 61 a licensed behavioral health organization. 62 (4) A peer specialist service may be reimbursed as a 63 recovery service through the department, a behavioral health 64 managing entity, or the Medicaid program. Medicaid managed care 65 plans are encouraged to use peer specialists in providing 66 recovery services. 67 Section 5. Subsection (1) and subsection (6) of section 68 397.487, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 69 397.487 Voluntary certification of recovery residences.-

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70 (1) The Legislature finds that a person suffering from 71 addiction has a higher success rate of achieving long-lasting 72 sobriety when given the opportunity to build a stronger 73 foundation by living in a recovery residence while receiving 74 treatment or after completing treatment. The Legislature further 75 finds that this state and its subdivisions have a legitimate 76 state interest in protecting these persons, who represent a 77 vulnerable consumer population in need of adequate housing. It 78 is the intent of the Legislature to protect persons who reside 79 in a recovery residence.

80 (6) All owners, directors, and chief financial officers of 81 an applicant recovery residence are subject to level 2 82 background screening as provided under chapter 435 and s. 83 408.809. A recovery residence is ineligible for certification, 84 and a credentialing entity shall deny a recovery residence's 85 application, if any owner, director, or chief financial officer 86 has been found quilty of, or has entered a plea of quilty or 87 nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any offense listed in s. 408.809(4) or s. 435.04(2) unless the department 88 has issued an exemption under s. 397.4073 or s. 397.4872. In 89 90 accordance with s. 435.04, the department shall notify the 91 credentialing agency of an owner's, director's, or chief 92 financial officer's eligibility based on the results of his or her background screening. 93

94 Section 6. Section 397.4873, Florida Statutes, is amended 95 to read:

96 397.4873 Referrals to or from recovery residences; 97 prohibitions; penalties.-

98

(1) A service provider licensed under this part may not

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99	make a referral of a prospective, current, or discharged patient
100	to, or accept a referral of such a patient from, a recovery
101	residence unless the recovery residence holds a valid
102	certificate of compliance as provided in s. 397.487 and is
103	actively managed by a certified recovery residence administrator
104	as provided in s. 397.4871.
105	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:
106	(a) A licensed service provider under contract with a
107	managing entity as defined in s. 394.9082.
108	(b) Referrals by a recovery residence to a licensed service
109	provider when a resident has experienced a recurrence of
110	substance use and, in the best judgment of the recovery
111	residence administrator, it appears that the resident may
112	benefit from clinical treatment services the recovery residence
113	or its owners, directors, operators, or employees do not
114	benefit, directly or indirectly, from the referral.
115	(c) Referrals made before <u>January 1, 2019</u> July 1, 2018 , by
116	a licensed service provider to that licensed service provider's
117	wholly owned subsidiary, provided that applications and
118	associated fees are submitted by July 1, 2018.
119	(3) A recovery residence or its owners, directors,
120	operators, employees, or volunteers may not receive a pecuniary
121	benefit, directly or indirectly, from a licensed service
122	provider in exchange for a referral made pursuant to subsection
123	<u>(1) or</u>
124	
125	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
126	And the title is amended as follows:
127	Delete lines 30 - 34

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128	and insert:
129	specialists; providing that a peer specialist may be
130	reimbursed as a recovery service through the
131	department, a behavioral health managing entity, or
132	the Medicaid program; encouraging Medicaid managed
133	care plans to use peer specialists in providing
134	recovery services; amending s. 397.487, F.S.; revising
135	legislative findings relating to voluntary
136	certification of recovery residences; revising
137	background