By Senator Brandes

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to professional regulation; amending s. 120.565, F.S.; authorizing a person to seek a declaratory statement from an agency as to the effect of the person's criminal background on his or her eligibility for certain licenses, registrations, or certificates; specifying that a person may seek a declaratory statement before meeting any prerequisites for the license, registration, or certification; requiring that an agency's conclusion in the declaratory statement contain certain statements; providing that the agency's conclusion is binding except under certain circumstances; requiring a person seeking a declaratory statement to submit certain items to the agency and pay certain fees and costs; providing requirements for the processing of the fingerprints; requiring the petitioner to pay the actual cost of processing the fingerprints; amending s. 455.213, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; requiring the board to use a specified process for the review of an applicant's criminal record to determine the applicant's eligibility for certain licenses; prohibiting the conviction of a crime before a specified date from being grounds for the denial of certain licenses; defining the term "conviction"; authorizing a person to apply for a license before his or her lawful release from confinement or supervision; prohibiting additional fees for an applicant confined or under supervision; prohibiting the board from

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basing a denial of a license application solely on the applicant's current confinement or supervision; authorizing the board to stay the issuance of an approved license under certain circumstances; requiring the board to verify an applicant's release with the Department of Corrections; providing requirements for the appearance of certain applicants at certain meetings; requiring the board to adopt rules specifying how certain crimes affect an applicant's eligibility for licensure; amending s. 464.203, F.S.; prohibiting the conviction of a crime before a specified date from being grounds for the denial of a certification under certain circumstances; prohibiting the conviction of a crime before a specified date from being grounds for the failure of a background screening; defining the term "conviction"; authorizing a person to apply for certification before his or her lawful release from confinement or supervision; prohibiting additional fees for an applicant confined or under supervision; prohibiting the board from basing the denial of a certification solely on the applicant's current confinement or supervision; authorizing the board to stay the issuance of an approved certificate under certain circumstances; requiring the board to verify an applicant's release with the Department of Corrections; providing requirements for the appearance of certain applicants at certain meetings; requiring the board to adopt rules specifying how certain crimes

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may affect an applicant's eligibility for certification; amending s. 400.211, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (4) is added to section 120.565, Florida Statutes, to read:

120.565 Declaratory statement by agencies.-

- (4) (a) Any person may seek a declaratory statement regarding an agency's opinion as to the effect of the petitioner's criminal background on his or her eligibility for a specific occupational or professional license, registration, or certificate issued by the agency based on the applicable statutes and rules for the occupation or profession. The petition may include mitigating factors or other information the petitioner believes relevant to establish the petitioner's eligibility, including, but not limited to, the time elapsed since completion of or lawful release from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by the court for a disqualifying offense, and the petitioner's standing in his or her community. A person may seek a declaratory statement under this subsection before attaining any education, training, experience, or other prerequisites for the license, registration, or certification.
- (b) The agency's conclusion in the declaratory statement must indicate whether:
- 1. The petitioner is disqualified from obtaining the license, registration, or certification due to the petitioner's

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criminal background, regardless of the petitioner's education, training, experience, or other prerequisites required for the license, registration, or certification.

- 2. The petitioner is not eligible for a specified occupational or professional license, registration, or certification because of his or her criminal background, but that the conclusion may be reversed upon the petitioner's presentation of evidence of rehabilitation or mitigation identified by the agency in the declaratory statement at any time subsequent to the issuance of the declaratory statement.
- 3. Federal laws or regulations may impede the petitioner's licensure, registration, or certification in the profession or occupation.
- 4. Conditions or restrictions imposed by the court on the petitioner for a disqualifying offense may impede the petitioner's licensure, registration, or certification in the profession or occupation.
- (c) The agency's conclusion in the declaratory statement shall be binding on the agency as to the petitioner, unless the petitioner's subsequent criminal history constitutes an independent basis for denial of the petitioner's application for a license, registration, or certification in the profession or occupation. The agency's conclusion is subject to judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68.
- (d) A person seeking a declaratory statement under this subsection must submit to the agency, in addition to the petition for a declaratory statement:
 - 1. A fee set by the agency not to exceed \$100;
 - 2. A certified copy of each criminal judgment rendered

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against the petitioner; and

- 3. A complete set of electronic fingerprints.
- (e) The agency shall submit the fingerprints to the

 Department of Law Enforcement for a state criminal history
 record check and the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward
 them to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national
 criminal history record check. The agency shall review the
 criminal history record results to determine if the petitioner
 meets licensure, registration, or certification requirements.
 The petitioner shall pay the actual cost of state and federal
 processing in addition to the fee in subparagraph (d)1.

Section 2. Present subsections (3) through (12) of section 455.213, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) through (13), respectively, subsection (2) of that section is amended, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

455.213 General licensing provisions.-

(2) Before the issuance of any license, the department may charge an initial license fee as determined by rule of the applicable board or, if no such board exists, by rule of the department. Upon receipt of the appropriate license fee, except as provided in subsection (4) (3), the department shall issue a license to any person certified by the appropriate board, or its designee, or the department when there is no board, as having met the applicable requirements imposed by law or rule. However, an applicant who is not otherwise qualified for licensure is not entitled to licensure solely based on a passing score on a required examination. Upon a determination by the department that it erroneously issued a license, or upon the revocation of

24-01276A-18 20181114 146 a license by the applicable board, or by the department when 147 there is no board, the licensee must surrender his or her 148 license to the department. (3) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 149 150 board shall use the process in this subsection for review of an 151 applicant's criminal record to determine his or her eligibility 152 for licensure as a: 153 1. Barber under chapter 476; 154 2. Cosmetologist or cosmetology specialist under chapter 155 477; or 156 3. Any of the following construction professions under 157 chapter 489: 158 a. Air-conditioning contractor; 159 b. Electrical contractor; 160 c. Mechanical contractor; 161 d. Plumbing contractor; 162 e. Pollutant storage systems contractor; 163 f. Roofing contractor; 164 g. Septic tank contractor; 165 h. Sheet metal contractor; 166 i. Solar contractor; j. Swimming pool and spa contractor; 167 168 k. Underground utility and excavation contractor; and 169 1. Other specialty contractors. (b) A conviction for a crime more than 5 years before the 170 171 date of the application may not be grounds for denial of a 172 license specified in paragraph (a). For purposes of this paragraph, the term "conviction" means a determination of guilt 173

that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether

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adjudication is withheld.

(c)1. A person may apply for a license before his or her lawful release from confinement or supervision. The department may not charge an applicant an additional fee for being confined or under supervision. The board may not deny an application for a license solely on the basis of the applicant's current confinement or supervision.

- 2. After a license application is approved, the board may stay the issuance of a license until the applicant is lawfully released from confinement or supervision and the applicant notifies the board of such release. The board must verify the applicant's release with the Department of Corrections before it issues a license.
- 3. If an applicant is unable to appear in person due to his or her confinement or supervision, the board must permit the applicant to appear by teleconference or video conference, as appropriate, at any meeting of the board or other hearing by the agency concerning his or her application.
- 4. If an applicant is confined or under supervision, the Department of Corrections and the board shall cooperate and coordinate to facilitate the appearance of the applicant at a board meeting or agency hearing in person, by teleconference, or by video conference, as appropriate.
- (d) The board shall adopt rules specifying the crimes that, if committed, and regardless of adjudication, do not relate to the practice of the profession or the ability to practice the profession and do not constitute grounds for denial of a license.
 - (e) The board shall adopt rules specifying the crimes that,

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if committed, and regardless of adjudication, relate to the practice of the profession or the ability to practice the profession and may constitute grounds for denial of a license.

Section 3. Present subsections (2) through (8) of section 464.203, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3) through (9), respectively, and a new subsection (2) is added to that section, to read:

464.203 Certified nursing assistants; certification requirement.—

- (2) (a) 1. Except as provided in s. 435.07(4), a conviction for a crime more than 7 years before the date of the application may not be grounds for denial of a certificate to practice as a certified nursing assistant.
- 2. Except as provided in s. 435.07(4), a conviction for a crime more than 7 years before the date of the application may not be grounds for failure of a required background screening.
- 3. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld.
- (b) 1. A person may apply for a certificate to practice as a certified nursing assistant before his or her lawful release from confinement or supervision. The department may not charge an applicant an additional fee for being confined or under supervision. The board may not deny an application for a certificate solely on the basis of the person's current confinement or supervision.
- 2. After a certification application is approved, the board may stay the issuance of a certificate until the applicant notifies the board of his or her lawful release from confinement

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or supervision. The board must verify the applicant's release with the Department of Corrections before it issues a license.

- 3. If an applicant is unable to appear in person due to his or her confinement or supervision, the board must permit the applicant to appear by teleconference or video conference, as appropriate, at any meeting of the board or other hearing by the agency concerning his or her application.
- 4. If an applicant is confined or under supervision, the Department of Corrections and the board shall cooperate and coordinate to facilitate the appearance of the applicant at a board meeting or agency hearing in person, by teleconference, or by video conference, as appropriate.
- (d) The board shall adopt rules specifying the crimes that, if committed, and regardless of adjudication, do not relate to the practice of the profession or the ability to practice the profession and do not constitute grounds for denial of a certification.
- (e) The board shall adopt rules specifying the crimes that, if committed, and regardless of adjudication, relate to the practice of the profession or the ability to practice the profession and may constitute grounds for denial of a certification.
- Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 400.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 400.211 Persons employed as nursing assistants; certification requirement.—
- (4) When employed by a nursing home facility for a 12-month period or longer, a nursing assistant, to maintain certification, shall submit to a performance review every 12

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months and must receive regular inservice education based on the outcome of such reviews. The inservice training must <u>meet all of</u> the following requirements:

- (a) Be sufficient to ensure the continuing competence of nursing assistants and must meet the standard specified in \underline{s} . 464.203(8). \underline{s} . 464.203(7);
 - (b) Include, at a minimum:
 - 1. Techniques for assisting with eating and proper feeding;
 - 2. Principles of adequate nutrition and hydration;
- 3. Techniques for assisting and responding to the cognitively impaired resident or the resident with difficult behaviors;
- 4. Techniques for caring for the resident at the end-of-life; and
- 5. Recognizing changes that place a resident at risk for pressure ulcers and falls.; and
- (c) Address areas of weakness as determined in nursing assistant performance reviews and may address the special needs of residents as determined by the nursing home facility staff.

Costs associated with this training may not be reimbursed from additional Medicaid funding through interim rate adjustments.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.