HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

1 2 An act relating to Florida business entities; amending 3 s. 20.60, F.S.; deleting the requirement that the Department of Economic Opportunity manage certain 4 5 activities related to the commercialization of specified products, services, and ideas; specifying 6 7 that the Institute for Commercialization of Florida 8 Technology is not an appropriate direct-support 9 organization; amending s. 288.9621, F.S.; designating 10 an additional section as being included in the Florida Capital Formation Act; amending s. 288.9622, F.S.; 11 12 revising legislative intent; amending s. 288.9623, F.S.; defining terms; amending s. 288.9625, F.S.; 13 14 redesignating the Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research as the Institute for 15 16 Commercialization of Florida Technology; specifying 17 that the institute is not subject to control, supervision, or direction by the department; revising 18 19 the institute's responsibilities; requiring that the investment-related affairs of the institute be managed 20 21 by the private fund manager and overseen by the board of directors; restructuring the board of directors and 22 23 the selection process for the board of directors; 24 specifying term limits of the board members under 25 certain circumstances; requiring the board of

Page 1 of 36

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46 47

48

49

50

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

directors to amend the bylaws of the institute under certain circumstances; providing that a director is subject to restrictions on certain conflicts of interest; prohibiting a director from having a financial interest in certain investments; authorizing a director to be reimbursed for certain expenses; granting the institute certain powers; requiring the institute to indemnify certain persons; delegating certain duties to the board of directors; revising to whom the board must provide a copy of the annual report and who may require and receive supplemental data relative to the institute's operation; requiring that certain requirements be met before the private fund manager is authorized to make an investment in a company, on behalf of the institute; deleting provisions relating to certain duties of the institute; deleting provisions relating to certain fees charged by the institute and the prohibition on using capital in support of certain entities; specifying that the annual report is considered a public record, subject to certain exemptions; revising the requirements of the institute's annual report; listing requirements and prohibitions for the private fund manager; stating the purpose of the institute's use of the private fund manager; requiring the private

Page 2 of 36

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

fund manager to assume the management of certain assets; authorizing the private fund manager to act on behalf of the institute for certain purposes; requiring that the private fund manager be paid certain fees; authorizing the private fund manager to undertake certain activities on behalf of the institute; requiring the private fund manager to issue an annual report to the board of directors by a specific date; specifying that the annual report is considered a public record subject to certain exemptions; requiring that the report contain certain information; requiring that the institute transfer any funds received from a specific appropriation after a specified date to the General Revenue Fund; requiring that all assets held by the institute and the Florida Technology Seed Capital Fund be immediately liquidated if the institute receives such an appropriation; providing that all the proceeds resulting from such liquidation revert to the General Revenue Fund; amending s. 288.96255, F.S.; revising the purpose of the technology fund; requiring that certain proceeds be returned to the fund after the payment of certain costs and fees; requiring the institute to employ a private fund manager; requiring the private fund manager to perform specific duties; requiring that the

Page 3 of 36

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88 89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

private fund manager receive certain fees and costs at a specified time; requiring the private fund manager to use a certain process to evaluate a proposal; requiring the private fund manager to consider certain factors when approving a company for investment; deleting specific requirements for the investment of funds; authorizing the private fund manager, in addition to the institute, to perform certain tasks; amending s. 288.9627, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by this act; amending s. 607.512, F.S.; authorizing the omission of certain confidential information from an annual benefit report of a social purpose corporation; amending s. 607.612, F.S.; authorizing the omission of certain confidential information from an annual benefit report of a benefit corporation; amending s. 658.23, F.S.; authorizing the modification of form articles of incorporation to include provisions required for a social purpose or benefit corporation; amending s. 658.30, F.S.; providing that certain provisions of the act extend to financial institutions in certain circumstances; authorizing stockholders, directors, and committees of financial institutions to hold meetings as authorized by the act; amending s. 658.36, F.S.; authorizing a financial institution to approve special stock

Page 4 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

offering plans notwithstanding provisions of the act; providing an effective date.

102103

104

101

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121122

123124

125

- Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 20.60, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 20.60 Department of Economic Opportunity; creation; powers and duties.—
- (4) The purpose of the department is to assist the Governor in working with the Legislature, state agencies, business leaders, and economic development professionals to formulate and implement coherent and consistent policies and strategies designed to promote economic opportunities for all Floridians. To accomplish such purposes, the department shall:
- (e) Manage the activities of public-private partnerships and state agencies in order to avoid duplication and promote coordinated and consistent implementation of programs in areas including, but not limited to, tourism; international trade and investment; business recruitment, creation, retention, and expansion; minority and small business development; rural community development; commercialization of products, services, or ideas developed in public universities or other public institutions; and the development and promotion of professional

Page 5 of 36

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138139

140

141

142

145

146

147

150

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

126 and amateur sporting events.

- (9) The executive director shall:
- (b) Serve as the manager for the state with respect to contracts with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research, and all applicable direct-support organizations. To accomplish the provisions of this section and applicable provisions of chapter 288, and notwithstanding the provisions of part I of chapter 287, the director shall enter into specific contracts with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research, and other appropriate direct-support organizations. Such contracts may be for multiyear terms and must shall include specific performance measures for each year. For purposes of this section, the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation and the Institute for Commercialization of Florida Technology are not is not an appropriate direct-support organizations organization.

Section 2. Section 288.9621, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9621 Short title.— $\underline{\text{Sections }}$  288.9621—288.9625  $\underline{\text{Sections}}$  288.9621—288.9625 may be cited as the "Florida Capital Formation Act."

Section 3. Section 288.9622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9622 Findings and intent.-

Page 6 of 36

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

- (1) The Legislature finds and declares that there is a need to increase the availability of seed capital and early stage <u>investment</u> venture equity capital for emerging companies in the state, including, without limitation, <u>businesses</u> enterprises in life sciences, information technology, advanced manufacturing processes, aviation and aerospace, and homeland security and defense, as well as other <u>industries of strategic importance to this state</u> strategic technologies.
- It is the intent of the Legislature that ss. 288.9621-288.96255 ss. 288.9621-288.9625 serve to mobilize private investment in a broad variety of <del>venture capital</del> partnerships in diversified industries and geographies; retain private sector investment criteria focused on rate of return; allow the Institute for Commercialization of Florida Technology to use the services of highly qualified private fund managers experienced in the seed and early stage development industry in this state; outline the use, qualifications, and activities of the private management, without any financial support or specific appropriations from the state, by a private fund manager of the assets of the Seed Capital Accelerator Program and the Florida Technology Seed Capital Fund investment portfolio of the Institute for Commercialization of Florida Technology venture capital industry regardless of location; facilitate the organization of the Florida Opportunity Fund as an investor in seed and early stage businesses, infrastructure projects,

Page 7 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

venture capital funds, and angel funds; and precipitate capital investment and extensions of credit to and in the Florida Opportunity Fund.

- investment venture equity capital for investment in such a manner as to result in a significant potential to create new businesses and jobs in this state which that are based on high growth potential technologies, products, or services and which that will further diversify the economy of this state.
- ongoing operational cost and burden of managing the Florida

  Technology Seed Capital Fund and the Seed Capital Accelerator

  Program to this state and eliminate any financial support or

  specific appropriations from the state by engaging a private

  asset management entity in this state which is familiar with the

  seed and early stage investment industry in this state. This

  entity would be responsible for the management of the assets of

  the Seed Capital Accelerator Program and the Florida Technology

  Seed Capital Fund investment portfolio without requiring ongoing

  budget expenditures by this state or receiving any financial

  support or specific appropriations from the state that an

  institute be created to mentor, market, and attract capital to

  such commercialization ventures throughout the state.
- Section 4. Section 288.9623, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 8 of 36

201

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

201	288.9623 Definitions.—As used in <u>ss. 288.9621-288.96255</u> ,
202	the term ss. 288.9621-288.9625:
203	(1) "Accelerator program" means the Seed Capital
204	Accelerator Program managed by the institute.
205	(2) (1) "Board" means the board of directors of the Florida
206	Opportunity Fund.
207	(3) "Fund" means the Florida Opportunity Fund.
208	(4) "Institute" means the Institute for Commercialization
209	of Florida Technology.
210	(5) "Investment portfolio" means individual or collective
211	investment assets held under the technology fund.
212	(6) "Net profits" means the total gross proceeds received
213	from the sale or liquidation of an asset of the investment
214	portfolio less any costs, legal fees, professional fees,
215	consulting fees, government fees, brokerage fees, taxes,
216	management fees pursuant to s. 288.9625(12)(b), disbursement to
217	private investors pursuant to s. 288.96255(6), or other fees,
218	costs, and expenses incurred in the sale or liquidation of any
219	of the investment portfolio assets.
220	(7) "Portfolio companies" means the companies who are part
221	of the Florida Technology Seed Capital Fund investment
222	<pre>portfolio.</pre>
223	(8) "Private fund manager" means the private entity, or
224	its designee, selected to manage the investment portfolio on
225	behalf of the institute.

Page 9 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

- (9) "Technology fund" means the Florida Technology Seed Capital Fund managed by the institute.
- Section 5. Section 288.9625, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 288.9625 Institute for the Commercialization of Florida

  Technology Public Research.—There is established at a public university or research center in this state the Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research.
- (1) The institute <u>is shall be</u> a <u>nonprofit</u> not-for-profit corporation registered, incorporated, and operated in accordance with chapter 617. The institute is not subject to control, supervision, or direction by the department in any manner, including, but not limited to, personnel, purchasing, transactions involving real or personal property, and budgetary matters.
- financial support or specific appropriations from the state, in the commercialization of products developed by the research and development activities of an innovation business, including, but not limited to, those as defined in s. 288.1089; a publicly supported college, university, or research institute; or any other publicly supported organization in this state. The institute shall fulfill its purpose in the best interests of the state. The institute:
  - (a) Is a corporation primarily acting as an

Page 10 of 36

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260261

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

273

274

275

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

251	instrumentality of the	e state pursuant	to s.	768.28(2),	for the
252	purposes of sovereign	immunity;			

- (b) Is not an agency within the meaning of s. 20.03(11);
- (c) Is subject to the open records and meetings requirements of s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution, chapter 119, and s. 286.011;
  - (d) Is not subject to the provisions of chapter 287;
- (e) <u>Is Shall be</u> governed by the code of ethics for public officers and employees as set forth in part III of chapter 112;
  - (f) May create corporate subsidiaries; and
- (g) May not receive any financial support or specific appropriations from the state Shall support existing commercialization efforts at state universities; and
- (h) May not supplant, replace, or direct existing technology transfer operations or other commercialization programs, including incubators and accelerators.
- (3) The articles of incorporation of the institute must be approved in a written agreement with the department. The agreement and the articles of incorporation shall:
- (a) Provide that the institute shall provide equal employment opportunities for all persons regardless of race, color, religion, gender, national origin, age, handicap, or marital status;
- (b) Provide that the institute is subject to the public records and meeting requirements of s. 24, Art. I of the State

Page 11 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

276 Constitution;

- (c) Provide that all officers, directors, and employees of the institute <u>are</u> shall be governed by the code of ethics for public officers and employees as set forth in part III of chapter 112;
- (d) Provide that members of the board of directors of the institute are responsible for the prudent use of all public and private funds and that they will ensure that the use of funds is in accordance with all applicable laws, bylaws, and contractual requirements, including those in subsection (15); and
- (e) Provide that the fiscal year of the institute is from July 1 to June 30.
- (4) The <u>investment-related</u> affairs of the institute shall be managed by the private fund manager, and overseen by a board of directors who shall serve without compensation. Each director shall have only one vote. The chair of the board of directors shall be selected by a majority vote of the directors, a quorum being present. The board of directors shall consist of the following five members:
- (a) The executive director of the department, or the director's designee.
- (b) The president of the university where the institute is located or the president's designee unless multiple universities jointly sponsor the institute, in which case the presidents of the sponsoring universities shall agree upon a designee.

Page 12 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

- (a) (c) The board of directors shall consist of three directors appointed pursuant to the procedures and requirements of this section by the Governor to 3-year staggered terms, to which the directors may be reappointed.
- (b) For any director appointed before July 1, 2018, the term of service for that director may continue through the end of his or her current term. The vacancy created by the expiration of such term must be filled pursuant to the procedures and requirements of this section.
- (c) The bylaws of the institute shall be amended accordingly by the board of directors to reflect the requirements of this section.
- (d) Upon vacancy, or within 90 days before an anticipated vacancy by the expiration of a term of a director, the private fund manager shall submit a list of three eligible nominees, which may include the incumbent director, to replace the outgoing director. The board of directors, voting along with the private fund manager, may appoint a director from the nominee list or may request and appoint a director from a new list of three nominees that were not included on the previous list.
- (e) The persons appointed as replacement directors must include persons who have expertise in the area of the selection and supervision of early stage investment managers or in the fiduciary management of investment funds and other areas of expertise as considered appropriate.

Page 13 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

- (f) Directors are subject to any restrictions on conflicts of interest specified in the organizational documents and may not have a financial interest in any venture capital investment in any portfolio company.
- (g) Directors may be reimbursed for all reasonable, necessary, and actual expenses as determined and approved by the private fund manager pursuant to s. 112.061.
- (h) The institute shall have all powers granted under its organizational documents and shall indemnify its directors and the private fund manager to the broadest extent permissible under the laws of this state.
- manager to ensure consistency with the Florida Capital Formation Act, perform those duties as may be delegated to it in the bylaws of the institute, and provide a copy of the institute's annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the president of the university at which the institute is located.
- (6) The department, the president and the board of trustees of the university where the institute is located, the Auditor General, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability may require and receive from the institute or its independent auditor any detail or supplemental data relative to the operation of the institute.
  - (7) To the extent funds for investment are available in

Page 14 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

the technology	fund, t	he private	fund	manager,	on	behalf	of	the
institute, may	make an	investmen	t in a	company	or	organiz	zati	on
if the following	ng requi	rements ar	e met:					

- (a) <u>Before providing assistance</u>, the institute accepted <del>To be eligible for assistance</del>, the company or organization attempting to commercialize its product <u>based on the guidelines</u> under s. 288.96255(4) <u>must be accepted by the institute before receiving the institute's assistance</u>.
- (b) The company or organization is based in this state institute shall receive recommendations from any publicly supported organization that a company that is commercializing the research, technology, or patents from a qualifying publicly supported organization should be accepted into the institute.
- (c) The institute shall thereafter review the business plans and technology information of each such recommended company. If accepted, the institute shall mentor the company, develop marketing information on the company, and use its resources to attract capital investment into the company, as well as bring other resources to the company which may foster its effective management, growth, capitalization, technology protection, or marketing or business success.
  - (8) The institute shall:
- (a) Maintain a centralized location to showcase companies and their technologies and products;
  - (b) Develop an efficient process to inventory and

Page 15 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

376	publicize companies and products that have been accepted by the
377	institute for commercialization;
378	(c) Routinely communicate with private investors and
379	venture capital organizations regarding the investment
380	opportunities in its showcased companies;
381	(d) Facilitate meetings between prospective investors and
382	eligible organizations in the institute;
383	(e) Hire full-time staff who understand relevant
384	technologies needed to market companies to the angel investors
385	and venture capital investment community; and
386	(f) Develop cooperative relationships with publicly
387	supported organizations all of which work together to provide
388	resources or special knowledge that is likely to be helpful to
389	institute companies.
390	(8) Except as provided under s. 288.96255, the
391	institute may not develop or accrue any ownership, royalty,
392	patent, or other such rights over or interest in companies or
393	products in the institute except in connection with financing
394	provided directly to client companies and shall maintain the
395	confidentiality of proprietary information.
396	(10) The institute may not charge for services provided to
397	state universities and affiliated organizations, community
398	colleges, or state agencies; however, the institute may deliver
399	and charge for services to private companies and affiliated
100	

Page 16 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

core mission of the institute. The institute may not use its capital in support of private companies or affiliated organizations whose products were not developed by research and development activities of a publicly supported college, university, or research institute, or any other organization.

- (9) (11) By December 1 of each year, the institute shall issue an annual report concerning its activities to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The annual report shall be considered a public record, as provided in paragraph (3) (b), subject to any appropriate exemptions under s. 288.9627. The annual report must shall include the following:
- (a) Information on any assistance provided by the institute to an innovation business, as defined in s. 288.1089; a publicly supported college, university, or research institute; or any other publicly supported organization in the state.
- (b) A description of the benefits to this state resulting from the institute, including the number of businesses created, associated industries started, the number of jobs created, and the growth of related projects.
- (c) Independently audited financial statements, including statements that show receipts and expenditures during the preceding fiscal year for personnel, <u>management fees</u>, administration, and operational costs of the institute.
  - (10) The private fund manager:

Page 17 of 36

450

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

426	(a) Must be a for-profit limited liability company or a
427	for-profit corporation formed, governed, and operated in
428	accordance with chapter 605 or chapter 607, respectively.
429	(b) Shall conduct activities on behalf of the institute
430	which are consistent with the purposes set forth in this
431	section.
432	(c) Must have expertise and experience in the management
433	and operation of early stage companies in this state.
434	(d) Must have experience with investment in early stage
435	ventures in this state and have a working knowledge and
436	understanding of the investment portfolio and the relevant
437	industries of the portfolio companies in this state.
438	(e) Shall employ personnel and professionals who have
439	knowledge of the investment portfolio and portfolio companies of
440	the institute, as well as financial, technical, and business
441	expertise to manage the technology fund activity.
442	(f) May not be a public corporation or instrumentality of
443	the state.
444	(g) Is not a corporation primarily acting as an
445	instrumentality of the state pursuant to s. 768.28(2), for the
446	purposes of sovereign immunity.
447	(h) Is not an agency within the meaning of s. 20.03(11).
448	(i) Is not subject to chapter 287.
449	(j) May not be governed by the code of ethics for public

Page 18 of 36

officers and employees as set forth in part III of chapter 112.

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

451	(k) May not receive any specific appropriation from the
452	state in any amount.
453	(11) The purpose of the institute's use of a private fund
454	manager is to alleviate the state's burden of the continued and
455	future operational and management costs related to the
456	technology fund and accelerator program without the financial
457	support of or any specific appropriation from the state, while
458	allowing the institute, through the activities of the private
459	fund manager, to continue to foster greater private-sector
460	investment funding, to encourage seed-stage investments in
461	startup and early stage companies, and to advise companies about
462	how to restructure existing management, operations, product
463	development, or service development to attract advantageous
464	business opportunities.
465	(12) The private fund manager shall assume the management
466	of the assets of the accelerator program and the technology fund
467	investment portfolios associated with the institute.
468	(a) The private fund manager has the authority on behalf
469	of the institute to:
470	1. Negotiate investment, sale, and liquidation terms with
471	portfolio and nonportfolio companies;
472	2. Develop and execute contracts, or amendments thereto,
473	with portfolio and nonportfolio companies;
474	3. Seek new qualified companies for the investment of

Page 19 of 36

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

funds from the technology fund;

475

476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491

492

493

494

495

496

497

498

499500

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

Receive, on behalf of the institute, investment capital from the sale or liquidation of any portion of the investment portfolio, loan proceeds, or other investment returns, and remit such capital, proceeds, and returns to the technology fund pursuant to s. 288.96255, except as otherwise provided in this section and s. 288.96255; and 5. Perform additional duties set forth in s. 288.96255. The private fund manager shall be paid reasonable fees consistent with industry fund management practices and consisting of: 1. An operational management fee, including the reimbursement of expenses, paid from the proceeds of the repayment of loans from the accelerator program or other capital, proceeds, and returns available in the technology fund; 2. A portfolio fee paid from the proceeds of each sale or liquidation of assets or portions of the assets of the investment portfolio; and 3. A closing fee paid from the investment amount paid by the technology fund to a company at the closing of each investment. (13) The private fund manager may undertake the following activities on behalf of the institute: (a) Mentor, assist with the development of marketing information, and assist with attracting capital investment, as

Page 20 of 36

well as bring other resources to the company which may foster

525

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

501	its effective management, growth, capitalization, technology
502	protection, or marketing or business success;
503	(b) Communicate with private investors and venture capital
504	organizations regarding investment opportunities in the
505	portfolio companies of the technology fund and accelerator
506	program;
507	(c) Facilitate meetings between prospective investors and
508	the companies; and
509	(d) Develop cooperative relationships with publicly
510	supported organizations that work together to provide resources
511	or special knowledge likely to be helpful to portfolio
512	companies.
513	(14) By November 1 of each year, the private fund manager
514	shall issue an annual report to the board of directors of the
515	institute concerning the activities the private fund manager
516	conducted which relate to existing accelerator program and
517	technology fund investments in order for the board to be in
518	compliance with its report obligations under subsection (9). The
519	annual report provided by the private fund manager shall be
520	considered a public record, as provided in paragraph (3)(b),
521	subject to any appropriate exemptions under s. 288.9627. The
522	annual report, at a minimum, must include:
523	(a) A description of the benefits to this state resulting
524	from the assets of the accelerator program and technology fund

Page 21 of 36

including the number of jobs created, the amount of capital the

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

- 526 companies raised, and other benefits relating to increased 527 research expenditures and company growth.
  - (b) Independently audited financial statements related to the receipt and calculation of the net profits of the investment portfolio.
  - (15) If the institute receives any specific appropriation from the state after July 1, 2018, the institute shall immediately transfer such funds to the General Revenue Fund. The institute, and all assets held by the institute, including all assets and ownership interests held by the technology fund pursuant to s. 288.96255, shall be liquidated immediately after the receipt of such appropriation, and all proceeds of the sales of such assets and ownership interests shall revert to the General Revenue Fund.
  - Section 6. Subsection (1) and subsections (3) through (7) of section 288.96255, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

    288.96255 Florida Technology Seed Capital Fund; creation; duties.—
  - (1) The Institute for the Commercialization of Florida

    Technology Public Research shall create the Florida Technology

    Seed Capital Fund as a corporate subsidiary. The purpose of the technology fund is, without any financial assistance or specific appropriations from the state, to foster greater private-sector investment funding, to encourage seed-stage investments in start-up companies, and to advise companies about how to

Page 22 of 36

551

552

553

554

555

556

557

558

559

560

561

562

563

564

565

566

567

568

569

570

571

572

573

574

575

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

restructure existing management, operation, or production to attract advantageous business opportunities. The <u>net profits of</u> the proceeds of <u>each sale or liquidation of assets or portions</u> of the assets of the investment portfolio must a sale of the equity held by the fund shall be returned to the <u>technology</u> fund for reinvestment <u>after payment of the applicable costs</u>, professional fees, expenses, fees pursuant to s.

288.9625(12)(b), and disbursement to private investors pursuant to paragraph (6)(e).

(3) The institute shall employ a private fund manager pursuant to s. 288.9625 professionals who have both technical and business expertise to manage the investment portfolio and technology fund activity. The private fund manager institute shall establish an investor advisory board comprised of venture capital professionals and early-stage investors from this and other states who shall advise the institute and guide the fund management of the technology fund and make funding recommendations, provided that capital for investment is available in the technology fund. The private fund manager shall receive reasonable fees consistent with industry practices for performing due diligence and an investment closing fee paid out of the technology fund at the closing of each investment in addition to reasonable attorney fees, other fees prescribed in s. 288.9625(12)(b), and other costs in connection with making an investment. Administrative costs paid out of the fund shall be

Page 23 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

dotorminod	7	1.1		1 '	1 1
accermined	7		TILACPCOT	advisory	Doara.

- (4) The <u>private fund manager</u> institute shall use a thorough and detailed process that is modeled after <u>investment</u> industry practices the best practices of the investment industry to evaluate a proposal. In order to approve a company for investment, the <u>private fund manager</u>, on behalf of the institute, must consider if:
- (a) The company has a strong intellectual property position, a capable management team, readily identifiable paths to market or commercialization, significant job-growth potential, the ability to provide other sources of capital to leverage the state's investment, and the potential to attract additional funding;
- (b) The private fund manager has had an opportunity to complete due diligence to its satisfaction company has been identified by a publicly funded research institution;
- (c) The  $\frac{\text{start-up}}{\text{start-up}}$  company is a target industry business as defined in s. 288.106(2); and
- (d) The company has been identified by An approved private-sector lead investor who has demonstrated due diligence typical of start-up investments in evaluating the potential of the company has identified the company.; and
- (e) The advisory board and fund manager have reviewed the company's proposal and recommended it.
  - (5)  $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$  Seed Funds from the technology fund may be

Page 24 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

invested if the institute approves a company and the initial seed-stage investment. The initial seed-stage investment must be at least \$50,000, but no more than \$300,000. The initial seed-stage investment requires a one-to-one, private-sector match of investment.

- (b) Additional seed funds may be invested in a company if approved by the institute. The cumulative total of investment in a single company may not exceed \$500,000. Any additional investment amount requires a two-to-one, private-sector match of investment.
  - (6) The institute or private fund manager may:
- (a) Provide a company with value-added support services in the areas of business plan development and strategy, the preparation of investor presentations, and other critical areas identified by the <u>private fund manager</u> institute to increase its chances for long-term viability and success;
- (b) Encourage appropriate investment funds to become preapproved to match investment funds;
- (c) Market the attractiveness of the state as an early-stage investment location; and
- (d) Collaborate with state economic-development organizations, national associations of seed and angel funds, and other innovation-based associations to create an enhanced state entrepreneurial ecosystem; and.
  - (e) Transfer any portion of the assets of the investment

Page 25 of 36

 HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

portfolio, on behalf of the institute, into a private fund or special purpose vehicle, receive additional private investment in the private fund or special purpose vehicle, manage the private fund or special purpose vehicle, and distribute to the technology fund and the private investors the respective pro rata portion of any net profits from the sale or liquidation of the assets of such private fund or special purpose vehicle.

(7) The institute shall annually evaluate the activities and results of the funding, taking into consideration that seed investment horizons span from 3 to 7 years.

Section 7. Section 288.9627, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9627 Exemptions from public records and public meetings requirements for the Institute for the Commercialization of Florida Technology Public Research.

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Institute for the Commercialization of Florida

  Technology Public Research" or "institute" means the institute established by s. 288.9625.
- (b)1. "Proprietary confidential business information" means information that has been designated by the proprietor when provided to the institute as information that is owned or controlled by a proprietor; that is intended to be and is treated by the proprietor as private, the disclosure of which would harm the business operations of the proprietor and has not

Page 26 of 36

651

652

653

654

655

656

657

658

659

660

661

662

663

664

665

666

667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674

675

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

- been intentionally disclosed by the proprietor unless pursuant to a private agreement that provides that the information will not be released to the public except as required by law or legal process, or pursuant to law or an order of a court or administrative body; and that concerns:
  - a. Trade secrets as defined in s. 688.002.
- b. Financial statements and internal or external auditor reports of a proprietor corporation, partnership, or person requesting confidentiality under this statute, unless publicly released by the proprietor.
- c. Meeting materials related to financial, operating, investment, or marketing information of the proprietor corporation, partnership, or person.
- d. Information concerning private investors in the proprietor corporation, partnership, or person.
- 2. "Proprietary confidential business information" does not include:
- a. The identity and primary address of the proprietor's principals.
- b. The dollar amount and date of the financial commitment or contribution made by the institute.
- c. The dollar amount, on a fiscal-year-end basis, of cash repayments or other fungible distributions received by the institute from each proprietor.
  - d. The dollar amount, if any, of the total management fees

Page 27 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

and costs paid on an annual fiscal-year-end basis by the institute.

- (c) "Proprietor" means a corporation, partnership, or person that has applied for or received assistance, financial or otherwise, from the institute and that controls or owns the proprietary confidential business information.
  - (2) PUBLIC RECORDS EXEMPTION. -
- (a) The following records held by the institute are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:
- 1. Materials that relate to methods of manufacture or production, potential trade secrets, or patentable material received, generated, ascertained, or discovered during the course of research or through research projects conducted by universities and other publicly supported organizations in this state and that are provided to the institute by a proprietor.
- 2. Information that would identify an investor or potential investor who desires to remain anonymous in projects reviewed by the institute for assistance.
- 3. Any information received from a person from another state or nation or the Federal Government which is otherwise confidential or exempt pursuant to the laws of that state or nation or pursuant to federal law.
- 4. Proprietary confidential business information for 7 years after the termination of the institute's financial

Page 28 of 36

702

703

704

705

706

707

708

709

710711

712

713

714

715

716

717

718

719

720

721

722

723 724

725

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

701 commitment to the company.

- (b) At the time any record made confidential and exempt by this subsection, or portion thereof, is legally available or subject to public disclosure for any other reason, that record, or portion thereof, shall no longer be confidential and exempt and shall be made available for inspection and copying.
  - (3) PUBLIC MEETINGS EXEMPTION. -
- (a) That portion of a meeting of the institute's board of directors at which information is discussed which is confidential and exempt under subsection (2) is exempt from s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (b) Any exempt portion of a meeting shall be recorded and transcribed. The board of directors shall record the times of commencement and termination of the meeting, all discussion and proceedings, the names of all persons present at any time, and the names of all persons speaking. An exempt portion of any meeting may not be off the record.
- (c) A transcript and minutes of exempt portions of meetings are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
  - (4) REQUEST TO INSPECT OR COPY A RECORD.
- (a) Records made confidential and exempt by this section may be released, upon written request, to a governmental entity in the performance of its official duties and responsibilities.
  - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2)(a), a

Page 29 of 36

 HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

request to inspect or copy a public record that contains proprietary confidential business information shall be granted if the proprietor of the information fails, within a reasonable period of time after the request is received by the institute, to verify the following to the institute through a written declaration in the manner provided by s. 92.525:

- 1. That the requested record contains proprietary confidential business information and the specific location of such information within the record;
- 2. If the proprietary confidential business information is a trade secret, a verification that it is a trade secret as defined in s. 688.002;
- 3. That the proprietary confidential business information is intended to be and is treated by the proprietor as private, is the subject of efforts of the proprietor to maintain its privacy, and is not readily ascertainable or publicly available from any other source; and
- 4. That the disclosure of the proprietary confidential business information to the public would harm the business operations of the proprietor.
- (c)1. Any person may petition a court of competent jurisdiction for an order for the public release of those portions of any record made confidential and exempt by subsection (2).
  - 2. Any action under this subsection must be brought in

Page 30 of 36

755

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764

765

766

767

768769

770

771

772

773

774

775

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

- Palm Beach County or Alachua County, and the petition or other initial pleading shall be served on the institute and, if determinable upon diligent inquiry, on the proprietor of the information sought to be released.
  - 3. In any order for the public release of a record under this subsection, the court shall make a finding that:
  - a. The record or portion thereof is not a trade secret as defined in s. 688.002;
  - b. A compelling public interest is served by the release of the record or portions thereof which exceed the public necessity for maintaining the confidentiality of such record; and
  - c. The release of the record will not cause damage to or adversely affect the interests of the proprietor of the released information, other private persons or business entities, or the institute.
  - (5) PENALTIES.—Any person who willfully and knowingly violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
  - Section 8. Subsection (4) is added to section 607.512, Florida Statutes, to read:
    - 607.512 Preparation of annual benefit report.
  - (4) Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, information that is required to be included in the annual benefit report but that is otherwise required by applicable

Page 31 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

regulatory state or federal law to be kept confidential may be omitted from the annual benefit report. If such information is omitted, the annual benefit report shall expressly state that information required by this section has been omitted in reliance on this subsection.

Section 9. Subsection (5) is added to section 607.612, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 607.612 Preparation of annual benefit report.-
- (5) Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, information that is required to be included in the annual benefit report but that is otherwise required by applicable regulatory state or federal law to be kept confidential may be omitted from the annual benefit report. If such information is omitted, the annual benefit report shall expressly state that information required by this section has been omitted in reliance on this subsection.

Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 658.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 658.23 Submission of articles of incorporation; contents; form; approval; filing; commencement of corporate existence; bylaws.—
  - (2) The articles of incorporation shall contain:
  - (a) The name of the proposed bank or trust company.
- (b) The general nature of the business to be transacted or a statement that the corporation may engage in any activity or

Page 32 of 36

801

802

803

804

805

806

807

808

809

810

811

812

813

814

815

816817

818

819

820

821

822

823

824

825

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

business permitted by law. Such statement shall authorize all such activities and business by the corporation.

- (c) The amount of capital stock authorized, showing the maximum number of shares of par value common stock and of preferred stock, and of every kind, class, or series of each, together with the distinguishing characteristics and the par value of all shares.
- (d) The amount of capital with which the corporation will begin business, which may not be less than the amount required by the office pursuant to s. 658.21.
- (e) A provision that the corporation is to have perpetual existence unless existence is terminated pursuant to the financial institutions codes.
- (f) The initial street address of the main office of the corporation, which shall be in this state.
- (g) The number of directors, which shall be five or more, and the names and street addresses of the members of the initial board of directors.
  - (h) A provision for preemptive rights, if applicable.
- (i) A provision authorizing the board of directors to appoint additional directors, pursuant to s. 658.33, if applicable.

The office shall provide to the proposed directors form articles of incorporation which must include only those provisions

Page 33 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

required under this section or under part I of chapter 607. The form articles may be modified by the applicant to include any of the additional provisions required by part II or part III of chapter 607 which are necessary for a corporation to be a social purpose or benefit corporation. The form articles shall be acknowledged by the proposed directors and returned to the office for filing with the Department of State.

Section 11. Section 658.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

658.30 Application of the Florida Business Corporation Act.—

- (1) When not in direct conflict with or superseded by specific provisions of the financial institutions codes, the provisions of the Florida Business Corporation Act, part I of chapter 607, and, if applicable, part II or part III of chapter 607, extend to state banks and trust companies formed under the financial institutions codes. This section shall be liberally construed to accomplish the purposes stated herein.
- (2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), stockholders, directors, and committees of state banks and trust companies may hold meetings in any manner authorized by part I of chapter 607, and, if applicable, part II or part III of chapter 607, and any action by stockholders, directors, or committees required or authorized to be taken at a meeting may be taken without a meeting in any manner authorized by part I of

Page 34 of 36

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

851 chapter 607.

852

853

854

855

856

857

858

859

860861

862

863

864

865

866

867

868

869

870

871

872

873874

875

Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 658.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

658.36 Changes in capital.-

- been diminished by losses to less than the minimum required pursuant to the financial institutions codes, the market value of its shares of capital stock is less than the present par value, and the bank or trust company cannot reasonably issue and sell new shares of stock to restore its capital accounts at a share price of par value or greater of the previously issued capital stock, the office, notwithstanding any other provisions of part I of chapter 607 and, if applicable, part II or part III of chapter 607, or the financial institutions codes, may approve special stock offering plans.
- (a) Such plans may include, but are not limited to, mechanisms for stock splits including reverse splits; revaluations of par value of outstanding stock; changes in voting rights, dividends, or other preferences; and creation of new classes of stock.
- (b) The plan must be approved by majority vote of the bank or trust company's entire board of directors and by holders of two-thirds of the outstanding shares of stock.
- (c) The office shall disapprove a plan that provides unfair or disproportionate benefits to existing shareholders,

Page 35 of 36

876

877

878

879

880

881

882

883

884

HB 1285, Engrossed 1

2018 Legislature

directors, executive officers, or their related interests. The office shall also disapprove any plan that is not likely to restore the capital accounts to sufficient levels to achieve a sustainable, safe, and sound financial institution.

(d) For any bank or trust company that the office determines to be a failing financial institution pursuant to s. 655.4185, the office may approve special stock offering plans without a vote of the shareholders.

Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 36 of 36