

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

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Senate

House

Senators Passidomo and Galvano moved the following:
Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
Delete everything after the enacting clause
and insert:
Section 1. Section 212.099, Florida Statutes, is created to
read:
212.099 Florida Sales Tax Credit Scholarship Program.—
(1) As used in this section, the term:
(a) "Eligible business" means a tenant or person actually
occupying, using, or entitled to the use of any property from
which the rental or license fee is subject to taxation under s.

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12	<u>212.031.</u>
13	(b) "Eligible contribution" or "contribution" means a
14	monetary contribution from an eligible business to an eligible
15	nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to be used pursuant
16	to s. 1002.385 or s. 1002.395. The eligible business making the
17	contribution may not designate a specific student as the
18	beneficiary of the contribution.
19	(c) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization"
20	or "organization" has the same meaning as provided in s.
21	1002.395(2)(f).
22	(2) An eligible business shall be granted a credit against
23	the tax imposed under s. 212.031 and collected from the eligible
24	business by a dealer. The credit shall be in an amount equal to
25	100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an organization.
26	(3) A dealer shall take a credit against the tax imposed
27	under s. 212.031 in an amount equal to the credit taken by the
28	eligible business under subsection (2).
29	(4)(a) An eligible business must apply to the department
30	for an allocation of tax credits under this section. The
31	eligible business must specify in the application the state
32	fiscal year during which the contribution will be made, the
33	organization that will receive the contribution, the planned
34	amount of the contribution, the address of the property from
35	which the rental or license fee is subject to taxation under s.
36	212.031, and the federal employer identification number of the
37	dealer who collects the tax imposed under s. 212.031 from the
38	eligible business and who will reduce collection of taxes from
39	the eligible business pursuant to this section. The department
40	shall approve allocations of tax credits on a first-come, first-

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served basis and shall provide to the eligible business a 41 42 separate approval or denial letter for each dealer for which the 43 eligible business applied for an allocation of tax credits. 44 Within 10 days after approving or denying an application, the 45 department shall provide a copy of its approval or denial letter 46 to the organization specified by the eligible business in the 47 application. An approval letter must include the name and 48 federal employer identification number of the dealer from whom a 49 credit under this section can be taken and the amount of tax 50 credits approved for use with that dealer. 51 (b) Upon receipt of an eligible contribution, the 52 organization shall provide the eligible business that made the 53 contribution with a separate certificate of contribution for 54 each dealer from whom a credit can be taken as approved under 55 paragraph (a). A certificate of contribution must include the 56 contributor's name and, if available, federal employer 57 identification number, the amount contributed, the date of 58 contribution, the name of the organization, and the name and 59 federal employer identification number of the dealer. 60 (5) Each dealer that receives from an eligible business a 61 copy of the department's approval letter and a certificate of 62 contribution, both of which identify the dealer as the dealer 63 who collects the tax imposed under s. 212.031 from the eligible business and who will reduce collection of taxes from the 64 65 eligible business pursuant to this section, shall reduce the tax 66 collected from the eligible business under s. 212.031 by the 67 total amount of contributions indicated in the certificate of 68 contribution. The reduction may not exceed the amount of credit 69 allocation approved by the department and may not exceed the

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70	amount of tax that would otherwise be collected from the
71	eligible business by a dealer when a payment is made under the
72	rental or license fee arrangement. However, payments by an
73	eligible business to a dealer may not be reduced before October
74	<u>1, 2018.</u>
75	(a) If the total amount of credits an eligible business may
76	take cannot be fully used within any period that a payment is
77	due under the rental or license fee arrangement because of an
78	insufficient amount of tax that the dealer would collect from
79	the eligible business during that period, the unused amount may
80	be carried forward for a period not to exceed 10 years.
81	(b) A tax credit may not be claimed on an amended return or
82	through a refund.
83	(c) A dealer that claims a tax credit must file returns and
84	pay taxes by electronic means under s. 213.755.
85	(d) An eligible business may not convey, assign, or
86	transfer an approved tax credit or a carryforward tax credit to
87	another entity unless all of the assets of the eligible business
88	are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction
89	and the successor business continues the same lease with the
90	dealer.
91	(e) Within any state fiscal year, an eligible business may
92	rescind all or part of a tax credit approved under this section.
93	The amount rescinded shall become available for that state
94	fiscal year to another eligible business as approved by the
95	department if the business receives notice from the department
96	that the rescindment has been accepted by the department. Any
97	amount rescinded under this subsection shall become available to
98	an eligible business on a first-come, first-served basis based

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99 on tax credit applications received after the date the 100 rescindment is accepted by the department. (f) Within 10 days after the rescindment of a tax credit 101 102 under paragraph (e) of this subsection is accepted by the 103 department, the department shall notify the eligible nonprofit 104 scholarship-funding organization specified by the eligible 105 business. The department shall also include the eligible 106 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization specified by the 107 eligible business on all letters or correspondence of 108 acknowledgment for tax credits under this section. (6) An organization shall report to the department, on or 109 110 before the 20th day of each month, the total amount of 111 contributions received pursuant to subsection (4) in the 112 preceding calendar month on a form provided by the department. 113 Such report shall include the amount of contributions received 114 during that reporting period and the federal employer 115 identification number of each dealer associated with the 116 contribution. 117 (7) (a) Eligible contributions may be used to fund the 118 program established under s. 1002.385 if funds appropriated in a 119 state fiscal year for the program are insufficient to fund 120 eligible students. 121 (b) If the conditions in paragraph (a) are met, the 122 organization shall first use eligible contributions received 123 during a state fiscal year to fund scholarships for students in 124 the priority set forth in s. 1002.385(12)(d). Remaining 125 contributions may be used to fund scholarships for students 126 eligible pursuant to s. 1002.395(3)(b)1. or 2. 127 (c) The organization shall separately account for each

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129110129(d) Notwithstanding s. 1002.385(6) (b), any funds remaining130from a closed scholarship account funded pursuant to this131section shall be used to fund other scholarships pursuant to s.1321002.385.133(e) The organization may, subject to the limitations of s.1341002.395(6) (j) 1., use up to 3 percent of eligible contributions135received during the state fiscal year in which such136contributions are collected for administrative expenses.137(f) The sum of tax credits that may be approved by the138department in any state fiscal year is \$ 57.5 million.139(g) For purposes of the distributions of tax revenue under140s. 212.20, the department shall disregard any tax credits141allowed under this section to ensure that any reduction in tax142revenue received that is attributable to the tax credits results143only in a reduction in distributions to the General Revenue144Fund.145(10) The department may adopt rules to administer this146section.147Section 2. Section 212.1831, Florida Statutes, is amended150to read151100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible152nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.395153against any tax imposed by the state and due under this chapter154from a direct pay permit holder as a result of the direct pay155permit held pursuant to s. 212.183. For purposes of the dealer's<	128	achelenship funded purguent to this costion
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155 permit held pursuant to s. 212.183. For purposes of the dealer's	153	against any tax imposed by the state and due under this chapter
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156 credit granted for keeping prescribed records filing timely tax	155	permit held pursuant to s. 212.183. For purposes of the dealer's
100 decate grances for keeping presetibed records, titing timery ta	156	credit granted for keeping prescribed records, filing timely tax

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157	returns, and properly accounting and remitting taxes under s.
158	212.12, the amount of tax due used to calculate the credit shall
159	include any eligible contribution made to an eligible nonprofit
160	scholarship-funding organization from a direct pay permit
161	holder. For purposes of the distributions of tax revenue under
162	s. 212.20, the department shall disregard any tax credits
163	allowed under this section to ensure that any reduction in tax
164	revenue received that is attributable to the tax credits results
165	only in a reduction in distributions to the General Revenue
166	Fund. The provisions of s. 1002.395 apply to the credit
167	authorized by this section.
168	Section 3. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section
169	212.1832, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
170	212.1832 Credit for contributions to the Hope Scholarship
171	Program
172	(1) The purchaser of a motor vehicle shall be granted a
173	credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an
174	eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s.
175	1002.40 against any tax imposed by the state under this chapter
176	and collected from the purchaser by a dealer, designated agent,
177	or private tag agent as a result of the purchase or acquisition
178	of a motor vehicle on or after October 1, 2018, except that a
179	credit may not exceed the tax that would otherwise be collected
180	from the purchaser by a dealer, designated agent, or private tag
181	agent. For purposes of this subsection, the term "purchase" does
182	not include the lease or rental of a motor vehicle.
183	
105	(2) A dealer shall take a credit against any tax imposed by



185	in an amount equal to the credit granted to the purchaser under
186	subsection (1).
187	(3) For purposes of the distributions of tax revenue under
188	s. 212.20, the department shall disregard any tax credits
189	allowed under this section to ensure that any reduction in tax
190	revenue received that is attributable to the tax credits results
191	only in a reduction in distributions to the General Revenue
192	Fund. The provisions of s. 1002.40 apply to the credit
193	authorized by this section.
194	Section 4. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
195	subsection (21) is added to section 213.053, Florida Statutes,
196	to read:
197	213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing
198	(21)(a)For purposes of this subsection, the term:
199	1. "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization"
200	means an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization as
201	defined in s. 1002.395(2) that meets the criteria in s.
202	1002.395(6) to use up to 3 percent of eligible contributions for
203	administrative expenses.
204	2. "Taxpayer" has the same meaning as in s. 220.03, unless
205	disclosure of the taxpayer's name and address would violate any
206	term of an information-sharing agreement between the department
207	and an agency of the Federal Government.
208	(b) The department, upon request, shall provide to an
209	eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that
210	provides scholarships under s. 1002.395 a list of the 200
211	taxpayers with the greatest total corporate income or franchise
212	tax due as reported on the taxpayer's return filed pursuant to
213	s. 220.22 during the previous calendar year. The list must be in
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214	alphabetical order based on the taxpayer's name and shall
215	contain the taxpayer's address. The list may not disclose the
216	amount of tax owed by any taxpayer.
217	(c) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization
218	may request the list once each calendar year. The department
219	shall provide the list within 45 days after the request is made.
220	(d) Any taxpayer information contained in the list may be
221	used by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization
222	only to notify the taxpayer of the opportunity to make an
223	eligible contribution to the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship
224	Program under s. 1002.395. Any information furnished to an
225	eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under this
226	subsection may not be further disclosed by the organization
227	except as provided in this paragraph.
228	(e) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization,
229	its officers, and employees are subject to the same requirements
230	of confidentiality and the same penalties for violating
231	confidentiality as the department and its employees. Breach of
232	confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable
233	as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
234	Section 5. Subsection (22) is added to section 213.053,
235	Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, to read:
236	213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing
237	(22)(a) The department may provide to an eligible nonprofit
238	scholarship-funding organization, as defined in s. 1002.40, a
239	dealer's name, address, federal employer identification number,
240	and information related to differences between credits taken by
241	the dealer pursuant to s. 212.1832(2) and amounts remitted to
242	the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s.

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243	1002.40(13)(b)3. The eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
244	organization may use the information for purposes of recovering
245	eligible contributions designated for that organization that
246	were collected by the dealer but never remitted to the
247	organization.
248	(b) Nothing in this subsection authorizes the disclosure of
249	information if such disclosure is prohibited by federal law. An
250	eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization is bound by
251	the same requirements of confidentiality and the same penalties
252	for a violation of the requirements as the department.
253	Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
254	220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
255	220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined
256	(1) The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount
257	equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in subsection
258	(2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as
259	provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as
260	follows:
261	(a) AdditionsThere shall be added to such taxable income:
262	1. <u>a.</u> The amount of any tax upon or measured by income,
263	excluding taxes based on gross receipts or revenues, paid or
264	accrued as a liability to the District of Columbia or any state
265	of the United States which is deductible from gross income in
266	the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.
267	b. Notwithstanding sub-subparagraph a., if a credit taken
268	under s. 220.1875 is added to taxable income in a previous
269	taxable year under subparagraph 11. and is taken as a deduction
270	for federal tax purposes in the current taxable year, the amount
271	of the deduction allowed shall not be added to taxable income in

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272 <u>the current year. The exception in this sub-subparagraph is</u> 273 <u>intended to ensure that the credit under s. 220.1875 is added in</u> 274 <u>the applicable taxable year and does not result in a duplicate</u> 275 <u>addition in a subsequent year.</u>

276 2. The amount of interest which is excluded from taxable 277 income under s. 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or any other 278 federal law, less the associated expenses disallowed in the 279 computation of taxable income under s. 265 of the Internal Revenue Code or any other law, excluding 60 percent of any 280 281 amounts included in alternative minimum taxable income, as 282 defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the 283 taxpayer pays tax under s. 220.11(3).

3. In the case of a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust, an amount equal to the excess of the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the amount of the capital gain dividends attributable to the taxable year.

4. That portion of the wages or salaries paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.181. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

5. That portion of the ad valorem school taxes paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.182. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

6. The amount taken as a credit under s. 220.195 which is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.

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7. That portion of assessments to fund a guaranty association incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year.

8. In the case of a nonprofit corporation which holds a pari-mutuel permit and which is exempt from federal income tax as a farmers' cooperative, an amount equal to the excess of the gross income attributable to the pari-mutuel operations over the attributable expenses for the taxable year.

9. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1895.

10. Up to nine percent of the eligible basis of any designated project which is equal to the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.185.

11. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1875. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit against the tax. This addition is not intended to result in adding the same expense back to income more than once.

12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.192.

13. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.193.

14. Any portion of a qualified investment, as defined in s. 288.9913, which is claimed as a deduction by the taxpayer and taken as a credit against income tax pursuant to s. 288.9916.

327 15. The costs to acquire a tax credit pursuant to s.
328 288.1254(5) that are deducted from or otherwise reduce federal
329 taxable income for the taxable year.

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330 16. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year 331 pursuant to s. 220.194. 17. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under 332 333 s. 220.196. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to 334 ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes 335 of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit 336 against the tax. The addition is not intended to result in 337 adding the same expense back to income more than once. 338 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 220.1875, Florida 339 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that 340 section, to read: 341 220.1875 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit 342 scholarship-funding organizations.-343 (1) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible 344 contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 345 organization under s. 1002.395 against any tax due for a taxable 346 year under this chapter after the application of any other 347 allowable credits by the taxpayer. An eligible contribution must 348 be made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 349 organization on or before the date the taxpayer is required to 350 file a return pursuant to s. 220.222. The credit granted by this 351 section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of 352 federal corporate income tax taking into account the credit 353 granted by this section and the amount of federal corporate 354 income tax without application of the credit granted by this 355 section. 356 (4) If a taxpayer applies and is approved for a credit

357 under s. 1002.395 after timely requesting an extension to file 358 under s. 220.222(2):

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359	(a) The credit does not reduce the amount of tax due for
360	purposes of the department's determination as to whether the
361	taxpayer was in compliance with the requirement to pay tentative
362	taxes under ss. 220.222 and 220.32.
363	(b) The taxpayer's noncompliance with the requirement to
364	pay tentative taxes shall result in the revocation and
365	rescindment of any such credit.
366	(c) The taxpayer shall be assessed for any taxes,
367	penalties, or interest due from the taxpayer's noncompliance
368	with the requirement to pay tentative taxes.
369	Section 8. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 1001.10,
370	Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to
371	that section, to read:
372	1001.10 Commissioner of Education; general powers and
373	duties
374	(4) The Department of Education shall provide technical
375	assistance to school districts, charter schools, the Florida
376	School for the Deaf and the Blind, and private schools that
377	accept scholarship students who participate in a state
378	scholarship program under chapter 1002 <del>under s. 1002.39 or s.</del>
379	1002.395 in the development of policies, procedures, and
380	training related to employment practices and standards of
381	ethical conduct for instructional personnel and school
382	administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01.
383	(5) The Department of Education shall provide authorized
384	staff of school districts, charter schools, the Florida School
385	for the Deaf and the Blind, and private schools that accept
386	scholarship students <u>who participate in a state scholarship</u>
387	program under chapter 1002 under s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395 with



388	access to electronic verification of information from the
389	following employment screening tools:
390	(a) The Professional Practices' Database of Disciplinary
391	Actions Against Educators; and
392	(b) The Department of Education's Teacher Certification
393	Database.
394	
395	This subsection does not require the department to provide these
396	staff with unlimited access to the databases. However, the
397	department shall provide the staff with access to the data
398	necessary for performing employment history checks of the
399	instructional personnel and school administrators included in
400	the databases.
401	(8) In the event of an emergency situation, the
402	commissioner may coordinate through the most appropriate means
403	of communication with local school districts, Florida College
404	System institutions, and satellite offices of the Division of
405	Blind Services and the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation to
406	assess the need for resources and assistance to enable each
407	school, institution, or satellite office the ability to reopen
408	as soon as possible after considering the health, safety, and
409	welfare of students and clients.
410	Section 9. Paragraphs (d) through (g) of subsection (8) of
411	section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
412	paragraphs (c) through (f), respectively, and paragraph (b) of
413	subsection (6), paragraphs (a), (d), and (e) of subsection (7),
414	present paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (8),
415	paragraph (n) of subsection (9), paragraph (e) of subsection
416	(10), and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (20) of that



417 418 419 section are amended, to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

419 (6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW.—Charter school
 420 applications are subject to the following requirements:

421 (b) A sponsor shall receive and review all applications for 422 a charter school using the evaluation instrument developed by 423 the Department of Education. A sponsor shall receive and 424 consider charter school applications received on or before 425 August 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be opened 426 at the beginning of the school district's next school year, or to be opened at a time agreed to by the applicant and the 427 428 sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a charter school 429 application submitted before August 1 and may receive an 430 application submitted later than August 1 if it chooses. 431 Beginning in 2018 and thereafter, a sponsor shall receive and 432 consider charter school applications received on or before 433 February 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be 434 opened 18 months later at the beginning of the school district's 435 school year, or to be opened at a time agreed to by the 436 applicant and the sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a 437 charter school application submitted before February 1 and may 438 receive an application submitted later than February 1 if it 439 chooses. A sponsor may not charge an applicant for a charter any 440 fee for the processing or consideration of an application, and a 441 sponsor may not base its consideration or approval of a final 442 application upon the promise of future payment of any kind. 443 Before approving or denying any application, the sponsor shall 444 allow the applicant, upon receipt of written notification, at least 7 calendar days to make technical or nonsubstantive 445

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446 corrections and clarifications, including, but not limited to, 447 corrections of grammatical, typographical, and like errors or 448 missing signatures, if such errors are identified by the sponsor 449 as cause to deny the final application.

450 1. In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection 451 process, a sponsor shall be held harmless for FTE students who 452 are not included in the FTE projection due to approval of 453 charter school applications after the FTE projection deadline. 454 In a further effort to facilitate an accurate budget projection, 455 within 15 calendar days after receipt of a charter school 456 application, a sponsor shall report to the Department of 457 Education the name of the applicant entity, the proposed charter 458 school location, and its projected FTE.

459 2. In order to ensure fiscal responsibility, an application 460 for a charter school shall include a full accounting of expected 461 assets, a projection of expected sources and amounts of income, 462 including income derived from projected student enrollments and 463 from community support, and an expense projection that includes 464 full accounting of the costs of operation, including start-up 465 costs.

466 3.a. A sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny an 467 application no later than 90 calendar days after the application 468 is received, unless the sponsor and the applicant mutually agree 469 in writing to temporarily postpone the vote to a specific date, 470 at which time the sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or 471 deny the application. If the sponsor fails to act on the 472 application, an applicant may appeal to the State Board of 473 Education as provided in paragraph (c). If an application is 474 denied, the sponsor shall, within 10 calendar days after such

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475 denial, articulate in writing the specific reasons, based upon 476 good cause, supporting its denial of the application and shall 477 provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the 478 applicant and to the Department of Education.

b. An application submitted by a high-performing charter
school identified pursuant to s. 1002.331 or a high-performing
charter school system identified pursuant to s. 1002.332 may be
denied by the sponsor only if the sponsor demonstrates by clear
and convincing evidence that:

(I) The application <u>of a high-performing charter school</u>
does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraph
(a) <u>or, for a high-performing charter school system, the</u>
<u>application does not materially comply with s. 1002.332(2)(b);</u>

(II) The charter school proposed in the application does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraphs (9)(a)-(f);

(III) The proposed charter school's educational program does not substantially replicate that of the applicant or one of the applicant's high-performing charter schools;

(IV) The applicant has made a material misrepresentation or false statement or concealed an essential or material fact during the application process; or

497 (V) The proposed charter school's educational program and 498 financial management practices do not materially comply with the 499 requirements of this section.

501 Material noncompliance is a failure to follow requirements or a 502 violation of prohibitions applicable to charter school 503 applications, which failure is quantitatively or qualitatively

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504 significant either individually or when aggregated with other 505 noncompliance. An applicant is considered to be replicating a 506 high-performing charter school if the proposed school is 507 substantially similar to at least one of the applicant's high-508 performing charter schools and the organization or individuals 509 involved in the establishment and operation of the proposed 510 school are significantly involved in the operation of replicated 511 schools.

512 c. If the sponsor denies an application submitted by a high-performing charter school or a high-performing charter 513 514 school system, the sponsor must, within 10 calendar days after 515 such denial, state in writing the specific reasons, based upon 516 the criteria in sub-subparagraph b., supporting its denial of 517 the application and must provide the letter of denial and 518 supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department of Education. The applicant may appeal the sponsor's denial of 519 520 the application in accordance with paragraph (c).

4. For budget projection purposes, the sponsor shall report to the Department of Education the approval or denial of an application within 10 calendar days after such approval or denial. In the event of approval, the report to the Department of Education shall include the final projected FTE for the approved charter school.

527 5. Upon approval of an application, the initial startup 528 shall commence with the beginning of the public school calendar 529 for the district in which the charter is granted. A charter 530 school may defer the opening of the school's operations for up 531 to  $\underline{3}$  2 years to provide time for adequate facility planning. The 532 charter school must provide written notice of such intent to the

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sponsor and the parents of enrolled students at least 30calendar days before the first day of school.

535 (7) CHARTER.-The terms and conditions for the operation of 536 a charter school shall be set forth by the sponsor and the 537 applicant in a written contractual agreement, called a charter. 538 The sponsor and the governing board of the charter school shall 539 use the standard charter contract pursuant to subsection (21), 540 which shall incorporate the approved application and any addenda approved with the application. Any term or condition of a 541 542 proposed charter contract that differs from the standard charter 543 contract adopted by rule of the State Board of Education shall 544 be presumed a limitation on charter school flexibility. The 545 sponsor may not impose unreasonable rules or regulations that 546 violate the intent of giving charter schools greater flexibility 547 to meet educational goals. The charter shall be signed by the 548 governing board of the charter school and the sponsor, following 549 a public hearing to ensure community input.

(a) The charter shall address and criteria for approval of the charter shall be based on:

1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the ages and grades to be included.

2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate technologies needed to improve educational and administrative performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and professional standards.

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a. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus



of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies for reading must be consistent with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and grounded in scientifically based reading research.

568 b. In order to provide students with access to diverse 569 instructional delivery models, to facilitate the integration of 570 technology within traditional classroom instruction, and to 571 provide students with the skills they need to compete in the 572 21st century economy, the Legislature encourages instructional 573 methods for blended learning courses consisting of both 574 traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. 575 Charter schools may implement blended learning courses which 576 combine traditional classroom instruction and virtual 577 instruction. Students in a blended learning course must be full-578 time students of the charter school pursuant to s. 579 1011.61(1)(a)1. Instructional personnel certified pursuant to s. 580 1012.55 who provide virtual instruction for blended learning 581 courses may be employees of the charter school or may be under 582 contract to provide instructional services to charter school students. At a minimum, such instructional personnel must hold 583 584 an active state or school district adjunct certification under 585 s. 1012.57 for the subject area of the blended learning course. 586 The funding and performance accountability requirements for 587 blended learning courses are the same as those for traditional 588 courses.

589 3. The current incoming baseline standard of student 590 academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the

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591 method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in 592 this subparagraph shall include a detailed description of:

a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels and prior rates of academic progress will be established.

b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates of
academic progress achieved by these same students while
attending the charter school.

c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other closely comparable student populations.

The district school board is required to provide academic student performance data to charter schools for each of their students coming from the district school system, as well as rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in the district school system.

607 4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths 608 and needs of students and how well educational goals and 609 performance standards are met by students attending the charter 610 school. The methods shall provide a means for the charter school 611 to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing 612 student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and 613 efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in 614 charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the 615 statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22.

5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282.

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6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing

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620 board of the charter school and the sponsor.

7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures, including the school's code of student conduct. Admission or dismissal must not be based on a student's academic performance.

8. The ways by which the school will achieve a racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the same school district.

9. The financial and administrative management of the 62.8 629 school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional 630 experience or competence of those individuals or organizations 631 applying to operate the charter school or those hired or 632 retained to perform such professional services and the 633 description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the 634 policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter 635 school. A description of internal audit procedures and 636 establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are 637 properly managed must be included. Both public sector and 638 private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in 639 such a consideration.

640 10. The asset and liability projections required in the 641 application which are incorporated into the charter and shall be 642 compared with information provided in the annual report of the 643 charter school.

644 11. A description of procedures that identify various risks 645 and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of 646 losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and 647 staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from 648 violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which



649 the school will be insured, including whether or not the school 650 will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the 651 terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage.

652 12. The term of the charter which shall provide for 653 cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been 654 made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the 655 charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be 656 achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a charter shall be for 4 or 5 years, excluding 2 planning years. 657 658 In order to facilitate access to long-term financial resources 659 for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a municipality or other public entity as provided by 660 661 law are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to 662 approval by the district school board. A charter lab school is 663 eligible for a charter for a term of up to 15 years. In 664 addition, to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are 665 666 operated by a private, not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status 667 corporation are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to 668 approval by the district school board. Such long-term charters 669 remain subject to annual review and may be terminated during the 670 term of the charter, but only according to the provisions set 671 forth in subsection (8).

672 13. The facilities to be used and their location. The 673 sponsor may not require a charter school to have a certificate 674 of occupancy or a temporary certificate of occupancy for such a 675 facility earlier than 15 calendar days before the first day of 676 school.

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14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and

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678 the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and 679 retain qualified staff to achieve best value.

15. The governance structure of the school, including the
status of the charter school as a public or private employer as
required in paragraph (12)(i).

683 16. A timetable for implementing the charter which 684 addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the 685 date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this 686 timetable.

687 17. In the case of an existing public school that is being 688 converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for 689 current students who choose not to attend the charter school and 690 for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter 691 school after conversion in accordance with the existing 692 collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in 693 the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However, 694 alternative arrangements shall not be required for current 695 teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except 696 as authorized by the employment policies of the state university 697 which grants the charter to the lab school.

698 18. Full disclosure of the identity of all relatives 699 employed by the charter school who are related to the charter 700 school owner, president, chairperson of the governing board of 701 directors, superintendent, governing board member, principal, 702 assistant principal, or any other person employed by the charter 703 school who has equivalent decisionmaking authority. For the 704 purpose of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father, 705 mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first 706 cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-

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1aw, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law,
stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother,
stepsister, half brother, or half sister.

19. Implementation of the activities authorized under s. 710 711 1002.331 by the charter school when it satisfies the eligibility 712 requirements for a high-performing charter school. A high-713 performing charter school shall notify its sponsor in writing by 714 March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or expand grade 715 levels the following school year. The written notice shall 716 specify the amount of the enrollment increase and the grade 717 levels that will be added, as applicable.

718 (d) A charter may be modified during its initial term or 719 any renewal term upon the recommendation of the sponsor or the 720 charter school's governing board and the approval of both 721 parties to the agreement. Modification during any term may 722 include, but is not limited to, consolidation of multiple 723 charters into a single charter if the charters are operated 724 under the same governing board and physically located on the 725 same campus, regardless of the renewal cycle. A charter school 726 that is not subject to a school improvement plan and that closes 727 as part of a consolidation shall be reported by the school 728 district as a consolidation.

(e) A charter may be terminated by a charter school's governing board through voluntary closure. The decision to cease operations must be determined at a public meeting. The governing board shall notify the parents and sponsor of the public meeting in writing before the public meeting. The governing board must notify the sponsor, parents of enrolled students, and the department in writing within 24 hours after the public meeting

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of its determination. The notice shall state the charter school's intent to continue operations or the reason for the closure and acknowledge that the governing board agrees to follow the procedures for dissolution and reversion of public funds pursuant to <u>paragraphs (8)(d)-(f) and (9)(o)</u> <del>paragraphs</del> (8)(e)-(g) and (9)(o).

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(8) CAUSES FOR NONRENEWAL OR TERMINATION OF CHARTER.-

(a) The sponsor shall make student academic achievement for all students the most important factor when determining whether to renew or terminate the charter. The sponsor may also choose not to renew or may terminate the charter <u>if the sponsor finds</u> <u>that one of the grounds set forth below exists by clear and</u> convincing evidence for any of the following grounds:

1. Failure to participate in the state's education accountability system created in s. 1008.31, as required in this section, or failure to meet the requirements for student performance stated in the charter.

2. Failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management.

3. <u>Material</u> violation of law.

4. Other good cause shown.

757 (b) At least 90 days before renewing, nonrenewing, or 758 terminating a charter, the sponsor shall notify the governing 759 board of the school of the proposed action in writing. The 760 notice shall state in reasonable detail the grounds for the 761 proposed action and stipulate that the school's governing board 762 may, within 14 calendar days after receiving the notice, request 763 a hearing. The hearing shall be conducted at the sponsor's 764 election in accordance with one of the following procedures:



1. A direct hearing conducted by the sponsor within 60 days after receipt of the request for a hearing. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The sponsor shall decide upon nonrenewal or termination by a majority vote. The sponsor's decision shall be a final order; or

2. A hearing conducted by an administrative law judge assigned by the Division of Administrative Hearings. The hearing shall be conducted within <u>90</u> <del>60</del> days after receipt of the request for a hearing and in accordance with chapter 120. The administrative law judge's <u>final</u> recommended order shall be submitted to the sponsor. <u>The administrative law judge shall</u> <u>award the prevailing party reasonable attorney fees and costs</u> <u>incurred during the administrative proceeding and any appeals</u> <del>A</del> <u>majority vote by the sponsor shall be required to adopt or</u> <u>modify the administrative law judge's recommended order. The</u> <u>sponsor shall issue a final order</u>.

(c) The final order shall state the specific reasons for the sponsor's decision. The sponsor shall provide its final order to the charter school's governing board and the Department of Education no later than 10 calendar days after its issuance. The charter school's governing board may, within 30 calendar days after receiving the sponsor's final order, appeal the decision pursuant to s. 120.68.

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(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.-

(n)1. The director and a representative of the governing board of a charter school that has earned a grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 shall appear before the sponsor to present information concerning each contract component having noted deficiencies. The director and a representative of the

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794 governing board shall submit to the sponsor for approval a 795 school improvement plan to raise student performance. Upon approval by the sponsor, the charter school shall begin 796 797 implementation of the school improvement plan. The department 798 shall offer technical assistance and training to the charter 799 school and its governing board and establish guidelines for developing, submitting, and approving such plans. 800 801 2.a. If a charter school earns three consecutive grades below a "C," the charter school governing board shall choose one 802 803 of the following corrective actions: 804 (I) Contract for educational services to be provided 805 directly to students, instructional personnel, and school 806 administrators, as prescribed in state board rule; 807 (II) Contract with an outside entity that has a 808 demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school; 809 (III) Reorganize the school under a new director or 810 principal who is authorized to hire new staff; or 811 (IV) Voluntarily close the charter school. 812 b. The charter school must implement the corrective action 813 in the school year following receipt of a third consecutive 814 grade below a "C." 815 c. The sponsor may annually waive a corrective action if it 816 determines that the charter school is likely to improve a letter 817 grade if additional time is provided to implement the 818 intervention and support strategies prescribed by the school 819 improvement plan. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, a 820 charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" is 821 subject to subparagraph 3. 822 d. A charter school is no longer required to implement a

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823 corrective action if it improves to a "C" or higher. However, 824 the charter school must continue to implement strategies 825 identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must 826 annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to 827 monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to 828 subparagraph 4.

829 e. A charter school implementing a corrective action that 830 does not improve to a "C" or higher after 2 full school years of 8.31 implementing the corrective action must select a different 832 corrective action. Implementation of the new corrective action must begin in the school year following the implementation 833 834 period of the existing corrective action, unless the sponsor 835 determines that the charter school is likely to improve to a "C" 836 or higher if additional time is provided to implement the 837 existing corrective action. Notwithstanding this sub-838 subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second consecutive 839 grade of "F" while implementing a corrective action is subject 840 to subparagraph 3.

841 3. A charter school's charter contract is automatically 842 terminated if the school earns two consecutive grades of "F" 843 after all school grade appeals are final unless:

a. The charter school is established to turn around the
performance of a district public school pursuant to s.
1008.33(4)(b)2. Such charter schools shall be governed by s.
1008.33;

b. The charter school serves a student population the majority of which resides in a school zone served by a district public school subject to s. 1008.33(4) and the charter school earns at least a grade of "D" in its third year of operation.

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852 The exception provided under this sub-subparagraph does not 853 apply to a charter school in its fourth year of operation and 854 thereafter; or

855 c. The state board grants the charter school a waiver of 856 termination. The charter school must request the waiver within 857 15 days after the department's official release of school 858 grades. The state board may waive termination if the charter 859 school demonstrates that the Learning Gains of its students on 860 statewide assessments are comparable to or better than the 861 Learning Gains of similarly situated students enrolled in nearby 862 district public schools. The waiver is valid for 1 year and may 863 only be granted once. Charter schools that have been in 864 operation for more than 5 years are not eligible for a waiver 865 under this sub-subparagraph.

867 The sponsor shall notify the charter school's governing board, 868 the charter school principal, and the department in writing when 869 a charter contract is terminated under this subparagraph. The 870 letter of termination must meet the requirements of paragraph 871 (8) (c). A charter terminated under this subparagraph must follow 872 the procedures for dissolution and reversion of public funds 873 pursuant to paragraphs (8)(d) - (f) and (9)(o) paragraphs (8)(e) -874 (q) and (9)(o).

4. The director and a representative of the governing board
of a graded charter school that has implemented a school
improvement plan under this paragraph shall appear before the
sponsor at least once a year to present information regarding
the progress of intervention and support strategies implemented
by the school pursuant to the school improvement plan and

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881 corrective actions, if applicable. The sponsor shall communicate
882 at the meeting, and in writing to the director, the services
883 provided to the school to help the school address its
884 deficiencies.

5. Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph except sub-subparagraphs 3.a.-c., the sponsor may terminate the charter at any time pursuant to subsection (8).

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(10) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.-

(e) A charter school may limit the enrollment process only to target the following student populations:

891 892 1. Students within specific age groups or grade levels.

2. Students considered at risk of dropping out of school or academic failure. Such students shall include exceptional education students.

3. Students enrolling in a charter school-in-the-workplace or charter school-in-a-municipality established pursuant to subsection (15).

898 4. Students residing within a reasonable distance of the 899 charter school, as described in paragraph (20)(c). Such students 900 shall be subject to a random lottery and to the racial/ethnic 901 balance provisions described in subparagraph (7) (a)8. or any 902 federal provisions that require a school to achieve a 903 racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or 904 within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the 905 same school district.

906 5. Students who meet reasonable academic, artistic, or 907 other eligibility standards established by the charter school 908 and included in the charter school application and charter or, 909 in the case of existing charter schools, standards that are



910 consistent with the school's mission and purpose. Such standards 911 shall be in accordance with current state law and practice in 912 public schools and may not discriminate against otherwise 913 qualified individuals.

914 6. Students articulating from one charter school to another
915 pursuant to an articulation agreement between the charter
916 schools that has been approved by the sponsor.

917 7. Students living in a development in which a business 918 entity provides the school facility and related property having 919 an appraised value of at least \$5 10 million to be used as a 920 charter school to mitigate the educational impact created by for 921 the development of new residential dwelling units. Students 922 living in the development shall be entitled to no more than 50 923 percent of the student stations in the charter school. The 924 students who are eligible for enrollment are subject to a random 925 lottery, the racial/ethnic balance provisions, or any federal 926 provisions, as described in subparagraph 4. The remainder of the 927 student stations shall be filled in accordance with subparagraph 4.

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(20) SERVICES.-

(a)1. A sponsor shall provide certain administrative and 931 educational services to charter schools. These services shall 932 include contract management services; full-time equivalent and 933 data reporting services; exceptional student education 934 administration services; services related to eligibility and 935 reporting duties required to ensure that school lunch services 936 under the National School Lunch Program, consistent with the 937 needs of the charter school, are provided by the school district 938 at the request of the charter school, that any funds due to the

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939 charter school under the National School Lunch Program be paid 940 to the charter school as soon as the charter school begins 941 serving food under the National School Lunch Program, and that 942 the charter school is paid at the same time and in the same 943 manner under the National School Lunch Program as other public 944 schools serviced by the sponsor or the school district; test 945 administration services, including payment of the costs of 946 state-required or district-required student assessments; 947 processing of teacher certificate data services; and information 948 services, including equal access to student information systems 949 that are used by public schools in the district in which the 950 charter school is located. Student performance data for each 951 student in a charter school, including, but not limited to, FCAT 952 scores, standardized test scores, previous public school student 953 report cards, and student performance measures, shall be 954 provided by the sponsor to a charter school in the same manner 955 provided to other public schools in the district.

2. A sponsor may withhold an administrative fee for the provision of such services which shall be a percentage of the available funds defined in paragraph (17) (b) calculated based on weighted full-time equivalent students. If the charter school serves 75 percent or more exceptional education students as defined in s. 1003.01(3), the percentage shall be calculated based on unweighted full-time equivalent students. The administrative fee shall be calculated as follows:

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a. Up to 5 percent for:

965 (I) Enrollment of up to and including 250 students in a 966 charter school as defined in this section.

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(II) Enrollment of up to and including 500 students within

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968 a charter school system which meets all of the following: 969 (A) Includes conversion charter schools and nonconversion 970 charter schools. 971 (B) Has all of its schools located in the same county. 972 (C) Has a total enrollment exceeding the total enrollment 973 of at least one school district in the state. 974 (D) Has the same governing board for all of its schools. 975 (E) Does not contract with a for-profit service provider 976 for management of school operations. 977 (III) Enrollment of up to and including 250 students in a 978 virtual charter school. 979 b. Up to 2 percent for enrollment of up to and including 980 250 students in a high-performing charter school as defined in 981 s. 1002.331. 982 3. A sponsor may not charge charter schools any additional 983 fees or surcharges for administrative and educational services 984 in addition to the maximum percentage of administrative fees 985 withheld pursuant to this paragraph. 986 4. A sponsor shall provide to the department by September 987 15 of each year the total amount of funding withheld from 988 charter schools pursuant to this subsection for the prior fiscal 989 year. The department must include the information in the report 990 required under sub-subparagraph (5)(b)1.k.III. (b) If goods and services are made available to the charter 991

school through the contract with the school district, they shall be provided to the charter school at a rate no greater than the district's actual cost unless mutually agreed upon by the charter school and the sponsor in a contract negotiated separately from the charter. When mediation has failed to

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997 resolve disputes over contracted services or contractual matters 998 not included in the charter, an appeal may be made to an administrative law judge appointed by the Division of 999 1000 Administrative Hearings. The administrative law judge has final 1001 order authority to rule on the dispute. The administrative law 1002 judge shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred during the mediation process, administrative 1003 proceeding, and any appeals, to be paid by the party whom the 1004 1005 administrative law judge rules against for a dispute resolution 1006 hearing before the Charter School Appeal Commission. To maximize 1007 the use of state funds, school districts shall allow charter 1008 schools to participate in the sponsor's bulk purchasing program 1009 if applicable. 1010 Section 10. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection 1011 (2), and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1002.331, 1012 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1013 1002.331 High-performing charter schools.-1014 (1) A charter school is a high-performing charter school if 1015 it: 1016 (a) Received at least two school grades of "A" and no 1017 school grade below "B," pursuant to s. 1008.34, during each of 1018 the previous 3 school years or received at least two consecutive school grades of "A" in the most recent 2 school years. 1019 1020 (b) Received an unqualified opinion on each annual 1021 financial audit required under s. 218.39 in the most recent 3 1022 fiscal years for which such audits are available. 1023 (c) Did not receive a financial audit that revealed one or 1024 more of the financial emergency conditions set forth in s.

1025 218.503(1) in the most recent 3 fiscal years for which such

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1026 audits are available. However, this requirement is deemed met 1027 for a charter school-in-the-workplace if there is a finding in 1028 an audit that the school has the monetary resources available to 1029 cover any reported deficiency or that the deficiency does not result in a deteriorating financial condition pursuant to s. 1030 1031 1002.345(1)(a)3.

1033 For purposes of determining initial eligibility, the 1034 requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) only apply for the most 1035 recent 2 fiscal years if the charter school earns two 1036 consecutive grades of "A." A virtual charter school established 1037 under s. 1002.33 is not eligible for designation as a high-1038 performing charter school.

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(2) A high-performing charter school is authorized to:

(a) Increase its student enrollment once per school year to 1041 more than the capacity identified in the charter, but student enrollment may not exceed the current facility capacity of the facility at the time the enrollment increase will take effect. Facility capacity for purposes of grade level expansion shall include any improvements to an existing facility or any new 1046 facility in which a majority of the students of the high-1047 performing charter school will enroll.

A high-performing charter school shall notify its sponsor in 1049 1050 writing by March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or 1051 expand grade levels the following school year. The written 1052 notice shall specify the amount of the enrollment increase and 1053 the grade levels that will be added, as applicable. If a charter 1054 school notifies the sponsor of its intent to expand, the sponsor

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1055 shall modify the charter within 90 days to include the new 1056 enrollment maximum and may not make any other changes. The 1057 sponsor may deny a request to increase the enrollment of a high-1058 performing charter school if the commissioner has declassified 1059 the charter school as high-performing. If a high-performing 1060 charter school requests to consolidate multiple charters, the 1061 sponsor shall have 40 days after receipt of that request to 1062 provide an initial draft charter to the charter school. The 1063 sponsor and charter school shall have 50 days thereafter to 1064 negotiate and notice the charter contract for final approval by 1065 the sponsor.

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(b) A high-performing charter school may not establish more than two one charter schools school within the state under 1069 paragraph (a) in any year. A subsequent application to establish 1070 a charter school under paragraph (a) may not be submitted unless 1071 each charter school established in this manner achieves highperforming charter school status. However, a high-performing 1073 charter school may establish more than one charter school within the state under paragraph (a) in any year if it operates in the 1075 area of a persistently low-performing school and serves students 1076 from that school.

1077 Section 11. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (10) of 1078 section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, to read:

1002.333 Persistently low-performing schools.-

1080 (10) SCHOOLS OF HOPE PROGRAM.-The Schools of Hope Program 1081 is created within the Department of Education.

(d) Notwithstanding s. 216.301 and pursuant to s. 216.351, funds allocated for the purpose of this subsection which are not 1083

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1084	disbursed by June 30 of the fiscal year in which the funds are
1085	allocated may be carried forward for up to 5 years after the
1086	effective date of the original appropriation.
1087	Section 12. Present paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of
1088	section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, is amended, and a new
1089	paragraph (c) is added to subsection (9) of that section, to
1090	read:
1091	1002.37 The Florida Virtual School
1092	(9)
1093	(c) Industry certification examinations, national
1094	assessments, and statewide assessments offered by the school
1095	district shall be available to all Florida Virtual School
1096	students.
1097	<u>(d)</u> Unless an alternative testing site is mutually
1098	agreed to by the Florida Virtual School and the school district
1099	or as contracted under s. 1008.24, all industry certification
1100	examinations, national assessments, and statewide assessments
1101	must be taken at the school to which the student would be
1102	assigned according to district school board attendance areas. A
1103	school district must provide the student with access to the
1104	school's testing facilities and the date and time of the
1105	administration of each examination or assessment.
1106	Section 13. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2), paragraphs (d)
1107	and (h) of subsection (5), subsection (8), paragraph (c) of
1108	subsection (9), paragraph (a) of subsection (10), and paragraph
1109	(a) of subsection (11) of section 1002.385, Florida Statutes,
1110	are amended, and paragraph (p) is added to subsection (5) of
1111	that section, to read:
1112	1002.385 The Gardiner Scholarship
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(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

(e) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization" 1114 1115 or "organization" means a nonprofit scholarship-funding 1116 organization that is approved pursuant to s. 1002.395(15) s. 1117 1002.395(16). 1118 (5) AUTHORIZED USES OF PROGRAM FUNDS.-Program funds must be 1119 used to meet the individual educational needs of an eligible 1120 student and may be spent for the following purposes: 1121 (d) Enrollment in, or Tuition or fees associated with full-1122 time or part-time enrollment in, a home education program, an 1123 eligible private school, an eligible postsecondary educational 1124 institution or a program offered by the postsecondary 1125 institution, a private tutoring program authorized under s. 1126 1002.43, a virtual program offered by a department-approved 1127 private online provider that meets the provider qualifications 1128 specified in s. 1002.45(2)(a), the Florida Virtual School as a 1129 private paying student, or an approved online course offered pursuant to s. 1003.499 or s. 1004.0961. 1130 1131 (h) Tuition and fees for part-time tutoring services 1132 provided by a person who holds a valid Florida educator's 1133 certificate pursuant to s. 1012.56; a person who holds an 1134 adjunct teaching certificate pursuant to s. 1012.57; a person who has a bachelor's degree or a graduate degree in the subject 1135 1136 area in which instruction is given; or a person who has 1137 demonstrated a mastery of subject area knowledge pursuant to s. 1138 1012.56(5). As used in this paragraph, the term "part-time 1139 tutoring services" does not qualify as regular school attendance as defined in s. 1003.01(13)(e). 1140

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(p) Tuition or fees associated with enrollment in a

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## 1142 <u>nationally or internationally recognized research-based training</u> 1143 <u>program for a child with a neurological disorder or brain</u> 1144 damage.

1146 A provider of any services receiving payments pursuant to this 1147 subsection may not share, refund, or rebate any moneys from the 1148 Gardiner Scholarship with the parent or participating student in 1149 any manner. A parent, student, or provider of any services may 1150 not bill an insurance company, Medicaid, or any other agency for 1151 the same services that are paid for using Gardiner Scholarship 1152 funds.

(8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—An eligible private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and shall:

(a) Comply with all requirements for private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs pursuant to s. 1002.421.

(b) Provide to the organization, upon request, all documentation required for the student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules.

(c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student by:

1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.

(b)1.2. Annually administer or make administering or making provision for students participating in the program in grades 3 through 10 to take one of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the Department of Education or the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22. Students with disabilities for whom standardized testing is not appropriate are exempt from

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1171 this requirement. A participating private school shall report a
1172 student's scores to the parent.

2.3. Administer Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent chooses to have the student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 or, if a private school chooses to offer the statewide assessments, administering the assessments at the school.

a. A participating private school may choose to offer and administer the statewide assessments to all students who attend the private school in grades 3 through 10 and must.

b. A participating private school shall submit a request in writing to the Department of Education by March 1 of each year in order to administer the statewide assessments in the subsequent school year.

(d) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location.

(c) Provide a report from an independent certified public 1188 1189 accountant who performs the agreed-upon procedures developed 1190 under s. 1002.395(6)(o) if the private school receives more than 1191 \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this section 1192 in a state fiscal year. A private school subject to this 1193 paragraph must annually submit the report by September 15 to the 1194 organization that awarded the majority of the school's 1195 scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must be conducted 1196 in accordance with attestation standards established by the 1197 American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 1198

1199 If a private school <u>fails</u> is unable to meet the requirements of

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1200 this subsection or s. 1002.421 or has consecutive years of 1201 material exceptions listed in the report required under 1202 paragraph (e), the commissioner may determine that the private 1203 school is ineligible to participate in the scholarship program.

(9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.-The department shall: 1205

(c) Investigate any written complaint of a violation of this section by a parent, a student, a private school, a public school or a school district, an organization, a provider, or another appropriate party in accordance with the process established by s. 1002.421 s. 1002.395(9)(f).

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(10) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATIONS.-(a) The Commissioner of Education:

1. May suspend or revoke program participation or use of program funds by the student or participation or eligibility of an organization, eligible private school, eligible postsecondary educational institution, approved provider, or other party for a violation of this section.

2. May determine the length of, and conditions for lifting, a suspension or revocation specified in this subsection.

3. May recover unexpended program funds or withhold payment of an equal amount of program funds to recover program funds that were not authorized for use.

4. Shall deny or terminate program participation upon a parent's forfeiture of a Gardiner Scholarship pursuant to 1225 subsection (11).

1226 (11) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM 1227 PARTICIPATION.-A parent who applies for program participation 1228 under this section is exercising his or her parental option to

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determine the appropriate placement or the services that best meet the needs of his or her child. The scholarship award for a student is based on a matrix that assigns the student to support Level III services. If a parent receives an IEP and a matrix of services from the school district pursuant to subsection (7), the amount of the payment shall be adjusted as needed, when the school district completes the matrix.

(a) To satisfy or maintain program eligibility, includingeligibility to receive and spend program payments, the parentmust sign an agreement with the organization and annually submita notarized, sworn compliance statement to the organization to:

 Affirm that the student is enrolled in a program that meets regular school attendance requirements as provided in s.
 1003.01(13)(b)-(d).

2. Affirm that the program funds are used only for authorized purposes serving the student's educational needs, as described in subsection (5).

3. Affirm that the parent is responsible for the education of his or her student by, as applicable:

a. Requiring the student to take an assessment in accordance with paragraph (8)(b) paragraph (8)(c);

b. Providing an annual evaluation in accordance with s. 1002.41(1)(c); or

1252 c. Requiring the child to take any preassessments and 1253 postassessments selected by the provider if the child is 4 years 1254 of age and is enrolled in a program provided by an eligible 1255 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider. A student 1256 with disabilities for whom a preassessment and postassessment is 1257 not appropriate is exempt from this requirement. A participating

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1258 provider shall report a student's scores to the parent. 1259 4. Affirm that the student remains in good standing with 1260 the provider or school if those options are selected by the 1261 parent.

A parent who fails to comply with this subsection forfeits the Gardiner Scholarship.

Section 14. Subsections (8) through (14) of section 1002.39, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7) through (13), respectively, and paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraph (h) of subsection (3), and present subsections (6), (7), and (8) of that section are amended, to read:

1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.—There is established a program that is separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.

(2) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.—The parent of a student with a disability may request and receive from the state a John M. McKay Scholarship for the child to enroll in and attend a private school in accordance with this section if:

1279 (b) The parent has obtained acceptance for admission of the 1280 student to a private school that is eligible for the program 1281 under subsection (7) subsection (8) and has requested from the 1282 department a scholarship at least 60 days before the date of the 1283 first scholarship payment. The request must be communicated 1284 directly to the department in a manner that creates a written or 1285 electronic record of the request and the date of receipt of the request. The department must notify the district of the parent's 1286



1287 intent upon receipt of the parent's request. 1288 (3) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP PROHIBITIONS.-A student is 1289 not eligible for a John M. McKay Scholarship: 1290 (h) While he or she is not having regular and direct 1291 contact with his or her private school teachers at the school's 1292 physical location unless he or she is enrolled in the private 1293 school's transition-to-work program pursuant to subsection (9) 1294 subsection (10); or 1295 (6) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.-The department 1296 shall<del>:</del> 1297 (a) Establish a toll-free hotline that provides parents and 1298 private schools with information on participation in the John M. 1299 McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program. 1300 (b) Annually verify the eligibility of private schools that 1301 meet the requirements of subsection (8). (c) Establish a process by which individuals may notify the 1302 1303 department of any violation by a parent, private school, or 1304 school district of state laws relating to program participation. 1305 The department shall conduct an inquiry of any written complaint 1306 of a violation of this section, or make a referral to the 1307 appropriate agency for an investigation, if the complaint is 1308 signed by the complainant and is legally sufficient. A complaint 1309 is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show 1310 that a violation of this section or any rule adopted by the 1311 State Board of Education has occurred. In order to determine 1312 legal sufficiency, the department may require supporting 1313 information or documentation from the complainant. A department 1314 inquiry is not subject to the requirements of chapter 120. 1315 (d) Require an annual, notarized, sworn compliance

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1316 statement by participating private schools certifying compliance
1317 with state laws and shall retain such records.

(e) cross-check the list of participating scholarship students with the public school enrollment lists prior to each scholarship payment to avoid duplication.

(f)1. Conduct random site visits to private schools participating in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program. The purpose of the site visits is solely to verify the information reported by the schools concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results, which information is required by rules of the State Board of Education, subsection (8), and s. 1002.421. The Department of Education may not make more than three random site visits each year and may not make more than one random site visit each year to the same private school.

2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the Department of Education's actions with respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private school under this program concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and the corrective action taken by the Department of Education. (7) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLICATIONS.-(a) The Commissioner of Education: 1. Shall deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's

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1345 participation in the scholarship program if it is determined 1346 that the private school has failed to comply with the provisions of this section. However, if the noncompliance is correctable 1347 1348 within a reasonable amount of time and if the health, safety, or 1349 welfare of the students is not threatened, the commissioner may issue a notice of noncompliance which provides the private 1350 school with a timeframe within which to provide evidence of 1351 1352 compliance before taking action to suspend or revoke the private 1353 school's participation in the scholarship program.

2. May deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program if the commissioner determines that an owner or operator of the private school is operating or has operated an educational institution in this state or in another state or jurisdiction in a manner contrary to the health, safety, or welfare of the public.

1360 a. In making such a determination, the commissioner may 1361 consider factors that include, but are not limited to, acts or 1362 omissions by an owner or operator which led to a previous denial 1363 or revocation of participation in an education scholarship 1364 program; an owner's or operator's failure to reimburse the 1365 Department of Education for scholarship funds improperly 1366 received or retained by a school; imposition of a prior criminal 1367 sanction related to an owner's or operator's management or 1368 operation of an educational institution; imposition of a civil 1369 fine or administrative fine, license revocation or suspension, 1370 or program eligibility suspension, termination, or revocation 1371 related to an owner's or operator's management or operation of 1372 an educational institution; or other types of criminal 1373 proceedings in which an owner or operator was found guilty of,

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1374 regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere 1375 or guilty to, any offense involving fraud, deceit, dishonesty, 1376 or moral turpitude. 1377 b. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "owner or 1378 operator" includes an owner, operator, superintendent, or 1379 principal of, or a person who has equivalent decisionmaking 1380 authority over, a private school participating in the

authority over, a private school participating in the scholarship program.

(b) The commissioner's determination is subject to the following:

1. If the commissioner intends to deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program, the department shall notify the private school of such proposed action in writing by certified mail and regular mail to the private school's address of record with the department. The notification shall include the reasons for the proposed action and notice of the timelines and procedures set forth in this paragraph.

2. The private school that is adversely affected by the proposed action shall have 15 days from receipt of the notice of proposed action to file with the department's agency clerk a request for a proceeding pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. If the private school is entitled to a hearing under s. 120.57(1), the department shall forward the request to the Division of Administrative Hearings.

1399 3. Upon receipt of a request referred pursuant to this 1400 paragraph, the director of the Division of Administrative 1401 Hearings shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative 1402 law judge who shall commence a hearing within 30 days after the

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1403	receipt of the formal written request by the division and enter
1404	a recommended order within 30 days after the hearing or within
1405	30 days after receipt of the hearing transcript, whichever is
1406	later. Each party shall be allowed 10 days in which to submit
1407	written exceptions to the recommended order. A final order shall
1408	be entered by the agency within 30 days after the entry of a
1409	recommended order. The provisions of this subparagraph may be
1410	waived upon stipulation by all parties.
1411	(c) The commissioner may immediately suspend payment of
1412	scholarship funds if it is determined that there is probable
1413	cause to believe that there is:
1414	1. An imminent threat to the health, safety, or welfare of
1415	the students; or
1416	2. Fraudulent activity on the part of the private school.
1417	Notwithstanding s. 1002.22, in incidents of alleged fraudulent
1418	activity pursuant to this section, the Department of Education's
1419	Office of Inspector General is authorized to release personally
1420	identifiable records or reports of students to the following
1421	persons or organizations:
1422	a. A court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an
1423	order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with
1424	a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family
1425	Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
1426	b. A person or entity authorized by a court of competent
1427	jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the
1428	attorney of record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena,
1429	consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act,
1430	<del>20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.</del>

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c. Any person, entity, or authority issuing a subpoena for



1432 law enforcement purposes when the court or other issuing agency 1433 has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena 1434 or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be 1435 disclosed, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and 1436 Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, and 34 C.F.R. s. 99.31.

The commissioner's order suspending payment pursuant to this paragraph may be appealed pursuant to the same procedures and timelines as the notice of proposed action set forth in paragraph (b).

(7) (8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.-To be eligible to participate in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, a private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must:

(a) Comply with all requirements for private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs pursuant to s. 1002.421.

(b) Provide to the department all documentation required for a student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules, at least 30 days before any quarterly scholarship payment is made for the student pursuant to <u>paragraph (10)(e)</u> <del>paragraph (11)(e)</del>. A student is not eligible to receive a quarterly scholarship payment if the private school fails to meet this deadline.

(c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student by:

1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.

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2. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent

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1461 chooses to participate in the statewide assessments pursuant 1462 s. 1008.22. 1463 (d) Maintain in this state a physical location where a 1464 scholarship student regularly attends classes. 1465 1466 If The inability of a private school fails to meet the requirements of this subsection or s. 1002.421, the commissioner 1467 1468 may determine that the private school is ineligible shall constitute a basis for the ineligibility of the private school 1469 1470 to participate in the scholarship program as determined by the 1471 department. 1472 Section 15. Present subsections (12) through (16) of 1473 section 1002.395, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as 1474 subsections (11) through (15), respectively, and paragraphs (f) 1475 and (j) of subsection (2), paragraphs (b), (c), (f), and (g) of 1476 subsection (5), paragraphs (n), (o), and (p) of subsection (6), subsections (8) and (9), and present subsection (11) of that 1477 section are amended, to read: 1478

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1002.395 Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program.-

(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

(f) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization" means a state university; or an independent college or university that is eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program, located and chartered in this state, is not for profit, and is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; or is a charitable organization that:

1488 1. Is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s. 1489 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;

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1490 2. Is a Florida entity formed under chapter 605, chapter 607, or chapter 617 and whose principal office is located in the 1491 1492 state; and 1493 3. Complies with subsections (6) and (15) subsections (6) 1494 and (16). 1495 (j) "Tax credit cap amount" means the maximum annual tax 1496 credit amount that the department may approve for in a state 1497 fiscal year. 1498 (5) SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS.-1499 (b) A taxpayer may submit an application to the department 1500 for a tax credit or credits under one or more of s. 211.0251, s. 1501 212.1831, s. 220.1875, s. 561.1211, or s. 624.51055. 1502 1. The taxpayer shall specify in the application each tax 1503 for which the taxpayer requests a credit and the applicable 1504 taxable year for a credit under s. 220.1875 or s. 624.51055 or 1505 the applicable state fiscal year for a credit under s. 211.0251, 1506 s. 212.1831, or s. 561.1211. For purposes of s. 220.1875, a 1507 taxpayer may apply for a credit to be used for a prior taxable 1508 year before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return 1509 for that year pursuant to s. 220.222. The department shall 1510 approve tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis and must 1511 obtain the division's approval before approving a tax credit 1512 under s. 561.1211.

1513 2. Within 10 days after approving or denying an 1514 application, the department shall provide a copy of its approval 1515 or denial letter to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 1516 organization specified by the taxpayer in the application.

1517 (c) If a tax credit approved under paragraph (b) is not 1518 fully used within the specified state fiscal year for credits

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1519 under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, or s. 561.1211 or against taxes 1520 due for the specified taxable year for credits under s. 220.1875 1521 or s. 624.51055 because of insufficient tax liability on the 1522 part of the taxpayer, the unused amount shall may be carried 1523 forward for a period not to exceed 10  $\frac{1}{2}$  years. For purposes of 1524 s. 220.1875, a credit carried forward may be used in a 1525 subsequent year after applying the other credits and unused 1526 carryovers in the order provided in s. 220.02(8). However, any 1527 taxpayer that seeks to carry forward an unused amount of tax 1528 credit must submit an application to the department for approval 1529 of the carryforward tax credit in the year that the taxpayer 1530 intends to use the carryforward. The department must obtain the 1531 division's approval prior to approving the carryforward of a tax 1532 credit under s. 561.1211.

1533 (f) Within 10 days after approving or denying an 1534 application for a carryforward tax credit under paragraph (c), 1535 the conveyance, transfer, or assignment of a tax credit under 1536 paragraph (d), or the rescindment of a tax credit under 1537 paragraph (e), the department shall provide a copy of its 1538 approval or denial letter to the eligible nonprofit scholarshipfunding organization specified by the taxpayer. The department 1539 1540 shall also include the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 1541 organization specified by the taxpayer on all letters or correspondence of acknowledgment for tax credits under s. 1542 1543 212.1831.

(g) For purposes of calculating the underpayment of estimated corporate income taxes pursuant to s. 220.34 and tax installment payments for taxes on insurance premiums or assessments under s. 624.5092, the final amount due is the

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1548 amount after credits earned under s. 220.1875 or s. 624.51055 1549 for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 1550 organizations are deducted.

1551 1. For purposes of determining if a penalty or interest 1552 shall be imposed for underpayment of estimated corporate income 1553 tax pursuant to s. 220.34(2)(d)1., a taxpayer may, after earning 1554 a credit under s. 220.1875, reduce <u>any the following</u> estimated 1555 payment in that taxable year by the amount of the credit. This 1556 subparagraph applies to contributions made on or after July 1, 1557 2014.

2. For purposes of determining if a penalty under s. 624.5092 shall be imposed, an insurer may, after earning a credit under s. 624.51055, reduce the following installment payment of 27 percent of the amount of the net tax due as reported on the return for the preceding year under s. 624.5092(2)(b) by the amount of the credit. This subparagraph applies to contributions made on or after July 1, 2014.

(6) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS.—An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization:

(n) Must prepare and submit quarterly reports to the Department of Education pursuant to <u>paragraph (9)(i)</u> <del>paragraph (9)(m)</del>. In addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must submit in a timely manner any information requested by the Department of Education relating to the scholarship program.

4 (o)1.a. Must participate in the joint development of
5 agreed-upon procedures to be performed by an independent
6 certified public accountant as required under paragraph (8)(e)

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1577 if the scholarship-funding organization provided more than 1578 \$250,000 in scholarship funds to an eligible private school 1579 under this section during the 2009-2010 state fiscal year. The 1580 agreed-upon procedures must uniformly apply to all private schools and must determine, at a minimum, whether the private 1581 1582 school has been verified as eligible by the Department of Education under s. 1002.421 paragraph (9)(c); has an adequate 1583 1584 accounting system, system of financial controls, and process for 1585 deposit and classification of scholarship funds; and has 1586 properly expended scholarship funds for education-related 1587 expenses. During the development of the procedures, the 1588 participating scholarship-funding organizations shall specify 1589 quidelines governing the materiality of exceptions that may be 1590 found during the accountant's performance of the procedures. The 1591 procedures and guidelines shall be provided to private schools 1592 and the Commissioner of Education by March 15, 2011.

1593 b. Must participate in a joint review of the agreed-upon 1594 procedures and guidelines developed under sub-subparagraph a., 1595 by February of each biennium 2013 and biennially thereafter, if 1596 the scholarship-funding organization provided more than \$250,000 1597 in scholarship funds to an eligible private school under this chapter section during the state fiscal year preceding the 1598 1599 biennial review. If the procedures and guidelines are revised, 1600 the revisions must be provided to private schools and the 1601 Commissioner of Education by March 15 of the year in which the revisions were completed. The revised agreed-upon procedures 1602 1603 shall take effect the subsequent school year. For the 2018-2019 1604 school year only, the joint review of the agreed-upon procedures must be completed and the revisions submitted to the 1605

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1606 commissioner no later than September 15, 2018. The revised 1607 procedures are applicable to the 2018-2019 school year, 2013, 1608 and biennially thereafter.

c. Must monitor the compliance of a private school with <u>s.</u> <u>1002.421(1)(q)</u> paragraph (8)(e) if the scholarship-funding organization provided the majority of the scholarship funding to the school. For each private school subject to <u>s. 1002.421(1)(q)</u> <del>paragraph (8)(e)</del>, the appropriate scholarship-funding organization shall <u>annually</u> notify the Commissioner of Education by October 30, <u>2011</u>, and annually thereafter of:

(I) A private school's failure to submit a report required under <u>s. 1002.421(1)(q)</u> paragraph (8)(e); or

(II) Any material exceptions set forth in the report required under <u>s. 1002.421(1)(q)</u> paragraph (8)(e).

2. Must seek input from the accrediting associations that are members of the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools <u>and the Department of Education</u> when jointly developing the agreed-upon procedures and guidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.a. and conducting a review of those procedures and guidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.b.

1626 (p) Must maintain the surety bond or letter of credit 1627 required by subsection (15) subsection (16). The amount of the 1628 surety bond or letter of credit may be adjusted quarterly to equal the actual amount of undisbursed funds based upon 1629 1630 submission by the organization of a statement from a certified 1631 public accountant verifying the amount of undisbursed funds. The 1632 requirements of this paragraph are waived if the cost of 1633 acquiring a surety bond or letter of credit exceeds the average 10-year cost of acquiring a surety bond or letter of credit by 1634



1635 200 percent. The requirements of this paragraph are waived for a 1636 state university; or an independent college or university which 1637 is eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida 1638 Resident Access Grant Program, located and chartered in this 1639 state, is not for profit, and is accredited by the Commission on 1640 Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. 1641 1642 Information and documentation provided to the Department of 1643 Education and the Auditor General relating to the identity of a taxpayer that provides an eligible contribution under this 1644 1645 section shall remain confidential at all times in accordance 1646 with s. 213.053. 1647 (8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.-An eligible 1648 private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must: 1649 (a) Comply with all requirements for private schools 1650 participating in state school choice scholarship programs 1651 pursuant to s. 1002.421. 1652 (b) Provide to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, upon request, all documentation required for the 1653 1654 student's participation, including the private school's and

1655 student's fee schedules.
1656 (c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting

1657 the educational needs of the student by:

1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.

1660 (b)1.2. Annually administer or make administering or making 1661 provision for students participating in the scholarship program 1662 in grades 3 through 10 to take one of the nationally norm-1663 referenced tests identified by the Department of Education or

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1664 the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22. Students with 1665 disabilities for whom standardized testing is not appropriate 1666 are exempt from this requirement. A participating private school 1667 must report a student's scores to the parent. A participating 1668 private school must annually report by August 15 the scores of 1669 all participating students to <u>a state university</u> the Learning 1670 <del>System Institute</del> described in paragraph (9) (f) <del>paragraph (9) (j)</del>.

2.3. Administer Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent chooses to have the student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 or, if a private school chooses to offer the statewide assessments, administering the assessments at the school.

a. A participating private school may choose to offer and administer the statewide assessments to all students who attend the private school in grades 3 through 10 and.

b. A participating private school must submit a request in writing to the Department of Education by March 1 of each year in order to administer the statewide assessments in the subsequent school year.

(d) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location.

(c) Provide a report from an independent certified public accountant who performs the agreed-upon procedures developed under paragraph (6)(o) if the private school receives more than \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this section in a state fiscal year. A private school subject to this paragraph must annually submit the report by September 15 to the scholarship-funding organization that awarded the majority of



1693 the school's scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must 1694 be conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public 1695 1696 Accountants. 1697 1698 If a private school fails is unable to meet the requirements of 1699 this subsection or s. 1002.421 or has consecutive years of 1700 material exceptions listed in the report required under 1701 paragraph (e), the commissioner may determine that the private 1702 school is ineligible to participate in the scholarship program 1703 as determined by the Department of Education. 1704 (9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS. - The Department of 1705 Education shall: 1706 (a) Annually submit to the department and division, by 1707 March 15, a list of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 1708 organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(f). 1709 (b) Annually verify the eligibility of nonprofit 1710 scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of 1711 paragraph (2)(f). 1712 (c) Annually verify the eligibility of private schools that 1713 meet the requirements of subsection (8). (c) (d) Annually verify the eligibility of expenditures as 1714 1715 provided in paragraph (6) (d) using the audit required by 1716 paragraph (6) (m) and s. 11.45(2)(1) s. 11.45(2)(k). 1717 (e) Establish a toll-free hotline that provides parents and 1718 private schools with information on participation in the

scholarship program.

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1720 (f) Establish a process by which individuals may notify the
1721 Department of Education of any violation by a parent, private

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school, or school district of state laws relating to program

1723 participation. The Department of Education shall conduct an 1724 inquiry of any written complaint of a violation of this section, 1725 or make a referral to the appropriate agency for an 1726 investigation, if the complaint is signed by the complainant and is legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it 1727 contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this 1728 section or any rule adopted by the State Board of Education has 1729 1730 occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the 1731 Department of Education may require supporting information or 1732 documentation from the complainant. A department inquiry is not 1733 subject to the requirements of chapter 120. 1734 (g) Require an annual, notarized, sworn compliance 1735 statement by participating private schools certifying compliance 1736 with state laws and shall retain such records. 1737 (d) (h) Cross-check the list of participating scholarship 1738 students with the public school enrollment lists to avoid 1739 duplication. 1740 (e) (i) Maintain a list of nationally norm-referenced tests 1741 identified for purposes of satisfying the testing requirement in subparagraph (8)(b)1 subparagraph (8)(c)2. The tests must meet 1742 1743 industry standards of quality in accordance with State Board of 1744 Education rule. 1745 (f) (j) Issue a project grant award to a state university 1746 the Learning System Institute at the Florida State University, 1747 to which participating private schools must report the scores of 1748 participating students on the nationally norm-referenced tests 1749 or the statewide assessments administered by the private school in grades 3 through 10. The project term is 2 years, and the 1750



1751 amount of the project is up to \$250,000 \$500,000 per year. The 1752 project grant award must be reissued in 2-year intervals in 1753 accordance with this paragraph.

1754 1. The <u>state university</u> Learning System Institute must 1755 annually report to the Department of Education on the student 1756 performance of participating students:

1757 a. On a statewide basis. The report shall also include, to 1758 the extent possible, a comparison of scholarship students' 1759 performance to the statewide student performance of public 1760 school students with socioeconomic backgrounds similar to those 1761 of students participating in the scholarship program. To 1762 minimize costs and reduce time required for the state 1763 university's Learning System Institute's analysis and 1764 evaluation, the Department of Education shall coordinate with 1765 the state university Learning System Institute to provide data to the state university Learning System Institute in order to 1766 1767 conduct analyses of matched students from public school 1768 assessment data and calculate control group student performance 1769 using an agreed-upon methodology with the state university 1770 Learning System Institute; and

1771 b. On an individual school basis. The annual report must 1772 include student performance for each participating private 1773 school in which at least 51 percent of the total enrolled 1774 students in the private school participated in the Florida Tax 1775 Credit Scholarship Program in the prior school year. The report 1776 shall be according to each participating private school, and for 1777 participating students, in which there are at least 30 participating students who have scores for tests administered. 1778 1779 If the state university Learning System Institute determines

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1780 that the 30-participating-student cell size may be reduced 1781 without disclosing personally identifiable information, as 1782 described in 34 C.F.R. s. 99.12, of a participating student, the 1783 state university Learning System Institute may reduce the 1784 participating-student cell size, but the cell size must not be 1785 reduced to less than 10 participating students. The department shall provide each private school's prior school year's student 1786 1787 enrollment information to the state university Learning System 1788 Institute no later than June 15 of each year, or as requested by 1789 the state university Learning System Institute.

2. The sharing and reporting of student performance data under this paragraph must be in accordance with requirements of ss. 1002.22 and 1002.221 and 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and the applicable rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto, and shall be for the sole purpose of creating the annual report required by subparagraph 1. All parties must preserve the confidentiality of such information as required by law. The annual report must not disaggregate data to a level that will identify individual participating schools, except as required under sub-subparagraph 1.b., or disclose the academic level of individual students.

1801 3. The annual report required by subparagraph 1. shall be 1802 published by the Department of Education on its website.

(g) (k) Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students who are receiving educational scholarships pursuant to chapter 1002.

1807(h) (l)Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding1808organization of any of the organization's identified students

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1809 who are receiving tax credit scholarships from other eligible 1810 nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.

(i) (m) Require quarterly reports by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization regarding the number of students participating in the scholarship program, the private schools at which the students are enrolled, and other information deemed necessary by the Department of Education.

(n)1. Conduct site visits to private schools participating in the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program. The purpose of the site visits is solely to verify the information reported by the schools concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results. The Department of Education may not make more than seven site visits each year; however, the department may make additional site visits at any time to any school that has received a notice of noncompliance or a notice of proposed action within the previous 2 years.

2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the 1826 1827 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 1828 Representatives the Department of Education's actions with 1829 respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship 1830 program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated 1831 allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private 1832 school under this program concerning the enrollment and 1833 attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background 1834 screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and 1835 the corrective action taken by the Department of Education.

1836 <u>(j) (o)</u> Provide a process to match the direct certification 1837 list with the scholarship application data submitted by any

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1838 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization eligible to receive 1839 the 3-percent administrative allowance under paragraph (6)(j).

1840 (p) Upon the request of a participating private school, provide at no cost to the school the statewide assessments 1841 1842 administered under s. 1008.22 and any related materials for 1843 administering the assessments. Students at a private school may 1844 be assessed using the statewide assessments if the addition of 1845 those students and the school does not cause the state to exceed its contractual caps for the number of students tested and the 1846 1847 number of testing sites. The state shall provide the same 1848 materials and support to a private school that it provides to a 1849 public school. A private school that chooses to administer 1850 statewide assessments under s. 1008.22 shall follow the 1851 requirements set forth in ss. 1008.22 and 1008.24, rules adopted 1852 by the State Board of Education to implement those sections, and 1853 district-level testing policies established by the district 1854 school board.

1855 (11) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLICATIONS .-1856 (a)1. The Commissioner of Education shall deny, suspend, or 1857 revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship 1858 program if it is determined that the private school has failed 1859 to comply with the provisions of this section. However, in 1860 instances in which the noncompliance is correctable within a 1861 reasonable amount of time and in which the health, safety, or 1862 welfare of the students is not threatened, the commissioner may 1863 issue a notice of noncompliance that shall provide the private 1864 school with a timeframe within which to provide evidence of 1865 compliance prior to taking action to suspend or revoke the 1866 private school's participation in the scholarship program.

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1867	2. The Commissioner of Education may deny, suspend, or
1868	revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship
1869	program if the commissioner determines that:
1870	a. An owner or operator of a private school has exhibited a
1871	previous pattern of failure to comply with this section or s.
1872	<del>1002.421; or</del>
1873	b. An owner or operator of the private school is operating
1874	or has operated an educational institution in this state or
1875	another state or jurisdiction in a manner contrary to the
1876	health, safety, or welfare of the public.
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1878	In making the determination under this subparagraph, the
1879	commissioner may consider factors that include, but are not
1880	limited to, acts or omissions by an owner or operator that led
1881	to a previous denial or revocation of participation in an
1882	education scholarship program; an owner's or operator's failure
1883	to reimburse the Department of Education or a nonprofit
1884	scholarship-funding organization for scholarship funds
1885	improperly received or retained by a school; imposition of a
1886	prior criminal sanction, civil fine, administrative fine,
1887	license revocation or suspension, or program eligibility
1888	suspension, termination, or revocation related to an owner's or
1889	operator's management or operation of an educational
1890	institution; or other types of criminal proceedings in which the
1891	owner or operator was found guilty of, regardless of
1892	adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to,
1893	any offense involving fraud, deceit, dishonesty, or moral
1894	turpitude.
1895	(b) The commissioner's determination is subject to the



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1. If the commissioner intends to deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program, the Department of Education shall notify the private school of such proposed action in writing by certified mail and regular mail to the private school's address of record with the Department of Education. The notification shall include the reasons for the proposed action and notice of the timelines and procedures set forth in this paragraph.

2. The private school that is adversely affected by the proposed action shall have 15 days from receipt of the notice of proposed action to file with the Department of Education's agency clerk a request for a proceeding pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. If the private school is entitled to a hearing under s. 120.57(1), the Department of Education shall forward the request to the Division of Administrative Hearings.

3. Upon receipt of a request referred pursuant to this paragraph, the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative law judge who shall commence a hearing within 30 days after the receipt of the formal written request by the division and enter a recommended order within 30 days after the hearing or within 30 days after receipt of the hearing transcript, whichever is later. Each party shall be allowed 10 days in which to submit written exceptions to the recommended order. A final order shall be entered by the agency within 30 days after the entry of a recommended order. The provisions of this subparagraph may be waived upon stipulation by all parties.

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(c) The commissioner may immediately suspend payment of



scholarship funds if it is determined that there is probable 1925 1926 cause to believe that there is: 1. An imminent threat to the health, safety, and welfare of 1927 1928 the students; 1929 2. A previous pattern of failure to comply with this 1930 section or s. 1002.421; or 1931 3. Fraudulent activity on the part of the private school. Notwithstanding s. 1002.22, in incidents of alleged fraudulent 1932 1933 activity pursuant to this section, the Department of Education's 1934 Office of Inspector General is authorized to release personally 1935 identifiable records or reports of students to the following 1936 persons or organizations: 1937 a. A court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an 1938 order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with 1939 a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g. 1940 b. A person or entity authorized by a court of competent 1941 jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the 1942 attorney of record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena, 1943 1944 consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232q. 1945 1946 c. Any person, entity, or authority issuing a subpoena for 1947 law enforcement purposes when the court or other issuing agency 1948 has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena 1949 or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be 1950 disclosed, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and 1951 Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, and 34 C.F.R. s. 99.31. 1952 1953 The commissioner's order suspending payment pursuant to this

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1954	paragraph may be appealed pursuant to the same procedures and
1955	timelines as the notice of proposed action set forth in
1956	paragraph (b).
1957	Section 16. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section
1958	1002.40, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1959	1002.40 The Hope Scholarship Program.—
1960	(1) PURPOSEThe Hope Scholarship Program is established to
1961	provide the parent of a public school student who was subjected
1962	to an incident listed in subsection (3) an opportunity to
1963	transfer the student to another public school or to request a
1964	scholarship for the student to enroll in and attend an eligible
1965	private school.
1966	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
1967	(a) "Dealer" has the same meaning as provided in s. 212.06.
1968	(b) "Department" means the Department of Education.
1969	(c) "Designated agent" has the same meaning as provided in
1970	<u>s. 212.06(10).</u>
1971	(d) "Eligible contribution" or "contribution" means a
1972	monetary contribution from a person purchasing a motor vehicle,
1973	subject to the restrictions provided in this section, to an
1974	eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. The person
1975	making the contribution may not designate a specific student as
1976	the beneficiary of the contribution.
1977	(e) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization"
1978	or "organization" has the same meaning as provided in s.
1979	1002.395(2)(f).
1980	(f) "Eligible private school" has the same meaning as
1981	provided in s. 1002.395(2)(g).
1982	(g) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as provided in s.
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1983	320.01(1)(a), but does not include a heavy truck, truck tractor,
1984	trailer, or motorcycle.
1985	(h) "Parent" means a resident of this state who is a
1986	parent, as defined in s. 1000.21, and whose student reported an
1987	incident in accordance with subsection (6).
1988	(i) "Program" means the Hope Scholarship Program.
1989	(j) "School" means any educational program or activity
1990	conducted by a public K-12 educational institution, any school-
1991	related or school-sponsored program or activity, and riding on a
1992	school bus, as defined in s. 1006.25(1), including waiting at a
1993	school bus stop.
1994	(k) "Unweighted FTE funding amount" means the statewide
1995	average total funds per unweighted full-time equivalent funding
1996	amount that is incorporated by reference in the General
1997	Appropriations Act, or by a subsequent special appropriations
1998	act, for the applicable state fiscal year.
1999	(3) PROGRAM ELIGIBILITYBeginning with the 2018-2019
2000	school year, contingent upon available funds, and on a first-
2001	come, first-served basis, a student enrolled in a Florida public
2002	school in kindergarten through grade 12 is eligible for a
2003	scholarship under this program if the student reported an
2004	incident in accordance with subsection (6). For purposes of this
2005	section, the term "incident" means battery; harassment; hazing;
2006	bullying; kidnapping; physical attack; robbery; sexual offenses,
2007	harassment, assault, or battery; threat or intimidation; or
2008	fighting at school, as defined by the department in accordance
2009	with s. 1006.09(6).
2010	(4) PROGRAM PROHIBITIONSPayment of a scholarship to a
2011	student enrolled in a private school may not be made if a
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2012	student is:
2013	(a) Enrolled in a public school, including, but not limited
2014	to, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind; the College-
2015	Preparatory Boarding Academy; a developmental research school
2016	authorized under s. 1002.32; or a charter school authorized
2017	under s. 1002.33, s. 1002.331, or s. 1002.332;
2018	(b) Enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of
2019	providing educational services to youth in the Department of
2020	Juvenile Justice commitment programs;
2021	(c) Participating in a virtual school, correspondence
2022	school, or distance learning program that receives state funding
2023	pursuant to the student's participation unless the participation
2024	is limited to no more than two courses per school year; or
2025	(d) Receiving any other educational scholarship pursuant to
2026	this chapter.
2027	(5) TERM OF HOPE SCHOLARSHIPFor purposes of continuity of
2028	educational choice, a Hope scholarship shall remain in force
2029	until the student returns to public school or graduates from
2030	high school, whichever occurs first. A scholarship student who
2031	enrolls in a public school or public school program is
2032	considered to have returned to a public school for the purpose
2033	of determining the end of the scholarship's term.
2034	(6) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS; PARENTAL OPTIONS
2035	(a) Upon receipt of a report of an incident, the school
2036	principal, or his or her designee, shall provide a copy of the
2037	report to the parent and investigate the incident to determine
2038	if the incident must be reported as required by s. 1006.09(6).
2039	Within 24 hours after receipt of the report, the principal or
2040	his or her designee shall provide a copy of the report to the
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2041	parent of the alleged offender and to the superintendent. Upon
2042	conclusion of the investigation or within 15 days after the
2043	incident was reported, whichever occurs first, the school
2044	district shall notify the parent of the program and offer the
2045	parent an opportunity to enroll his or her student in another
2046	public school that has capacity or to request and receive a
2047	scholarship to attend an eligible private school, subject to
2048	available funding. A parent who chooses to enroll his or her
2049	student in a public school located outside the district in which
2050	the student resides pursuant to s. 1002.31 shall be eligible for
2051	a scholarship to transport the student as provided in paragraph
2052	<u>(11)(b)</u> .
2053	(b) For each student participating in the program in an
2054	eligible private school who chooses to participate in the
2055	statewide assessments under s. 1008.22 or the Florida Alternate
2056	Assessment, the school district in which the student resides
2057	must notify the student and his or her parent about the
2058	locations and times to take all statewide assessments.
2059	(7) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—An eligible
2060	private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and shall:
2061	(a) Comply with all requirements for private schools
2062	participating in state school choice scholarship programs
2063	pursuant to this section and s. 1002.421.
2064	(b)1. Annually administer or make provision for students
2065	participating in the program in grades 3 through 10 to take one
2066	of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the
2067	department or the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22.
2068	Students with disabilities for whom standardized testing is not

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appropriate are exempt from this requirement. A participating

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2070 private school shall report a student's scores to his or her 2071 parent. 2072 2. Administer the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 2073 1008.22 if a private school chooses to offer the statewide 2074 assessments. A participating private school may choose to offer 2075 and administer the statewide assessments to all students who 2076 attend the private school in grades 3 through 10 and must submit 2077 a request in writing to the department by March 1 of each year 2078 in order to administer the statewide assessments in the 2079 subsequent school year. 2080 2081 If a private school fails to meet the requirements of this 2082 subsection or s. 1002.421, the commissioner may determine that 2083 the private school is ineligible to participate in the program. 2084 (8) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.-The department 2085 shall: 2086 (a) Cross-check the list of participating scholarship students with the public school enrollment lists to avoid 2087 2088 duplication. 2089 (b) Maintain a list of nationally norm-referenced tests 2090 identified for purposes of satisfying the testing requirement in 2091 paragraph (9)(f). The tests must meet industry standards of 2092 quality in accordance with State Board of Education rule. 2093 (c) Require quarterly reports by an eligible nonprofit 2094 scholarship-funding organization regarding the number of 2095 students participating in the program, the private schools in 2096 which the students are enrolled, and other information deemed 2097 necessary by the department. 2098 (d) Contract with an independent entity to provide an

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2099 annual evaluation of the program by: 2100 1. Reviewing the school bullying prevention education 2101 program, climate and code of student conduct of each public 2102 school from which 10 or more students transferred to another 2103 public school or private school using the Hope scholarship to 2104 determine areas in the school or school district procedures involving reporting, investigating, and communicating a parent's 2105 2106 and student's rights that are in need of improvement. At a 2107 minimum, the review must include: 2108 a. An assessment of the investigation time and quality of 2109 the response of the school and the school district. 2110 b. An assessment of the effectiveness of communication 2111 procedures with the students involved in an incident, the 2112 students' parents, and the school and school district personnel. 2113 c. An analysis of school incident and discipline data. 2114 d. The challenges and obstacles relating to implementing 2115 recommendations from the review. 2116 2. Reviewing the school bullying prevention education 2117 program, climate and code of student conduct of each public 2118 school to which a student transferred if the student was from a school identified in subparagraph 1. in order to identify best 2119 2120 practices and make recommendations to a public school at which the incidents occurred. 2121 2122 3. Reviewing the performance of participating students 2123 enrolled in a private school in which at least 51 percent of the 2124 total enrolled students in the prior school year participated in 2125 the program and in which there are at least 10 participating 2126 students who have scores for tests administered. 4. Surveying the parents of participating students to 2127

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2128	determine academic, safety, and school climate satisfaction and
2129	to identify any challenges to or obstacles in addressing the
2130	incident or relating to the use of the scholarship.
2131	(9) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM
2132	PARTICIPATIONA parent who applies for a Hope scholarship is
2133	exercising his or her parental option to place his or her
2134	student in an eligible private school.
2135	(a) The parent must select an eligible private school and
2136	apply for the admission of his or her student.
2137	(b) The parent must inform the student's school district
2138	when the parent withdraws his or her student to attend an
2139	eligible private school.
2140	(c) Any student participating in the program must remain in
2141	attendance throughout the school year unless excused by the
2142	school for illness or other good cause.
2143	(d) Each parent and each student has an obligation to the
2144	private school to comply with such school's published policies.
2145	(e) Upon reasonable notice to the department and the school
2146	district, the parent may remove the student from the private
2147	school and place the student in a public school in accordance
2148	with this section.
2149	(f) The parent must ensure that the student participating
2150	in the program takes the norm-referenced assessment offered by
2151	the private school. The parent may also choose to have the
2152	student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s.
2153	1008.22. If the parent requests that the student take the
2154	statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 and the private
2155	school has not chosen to offer and administer the statewide
2156	assessments, the parent is responsible for transporting the
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2157 student to the assessment site designated by the school 2158 district. 2159 (g) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant, the parent to 2160 whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse the warrant 2161 to the private school for deposit into the account of such 2162 school. If payment is made by funds transfer in accordance with 2163 paragraph (11)(d), the parent must approve each payment before 2164 the scholarship funds may be deposited. The parent may not 2165 designate any entity or individual associated with the 2166 participating private school as the parent's attorney in fact to 2167 endorse a scholarship warrant or approve a funds transfer. A 2168 parent who fails to comply with this paragraph forfeits the 2169 scholarship. 2170 (10) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING 2171 ORGANIZATIONS. - An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 2172 organization may establish scholarships for eligible students 2173 by: (a) Receiving applications and determining student 2174 2175 eligibility in accordance with the requirements of this section. 2176 (b) Notifying parents of their receipt of a scholarship on 2177 a first-come, first-served basis, based upon available funds. (c) Establishing a date by which the parent of a 2178 2179 participating student must confirm continuing participation in 2180 the program. 2181 (d) Awarding scholarship funds to eligible students, giving 2182 priority to renewing students from the previous year. 2183 (e) Preparing and submitting quarterly reports to the 2184 department pursuant to paragraph (8)(c). In addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must submit 2185

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2186	in a timely manner any information requested by the department
2187	relating to the program.
2188	(f) Notifying the department of any violation of this
2189	section.
2190	(11) FUNDING AND PAYMENT
2191	(a) The maximum amount awarded to a student enrolled in an
2192	eligible private school shall be determined as a percentage of
2193	the unweighted FTE funding amount for that state fiscal year and
2194	thereafter as follows:
2195	1. Eighty-eight percent for a student enrolled in
2196	kindergarten through grade 5.
2197	2. Ninety-two percent for a student enrolled in grade 6
2198	through grade 8.
2199	3. Ninety-six percent for a student enrolled in grade 9
2200	through grade 12.
2201	(b) The maximum amount awarded to a student enrolled in a
2202	public school located outside of the district in which the
2203	student resides shall be \$750.
2204	(c) When a student enters the program, the eligible
2205	nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must receive all
2206	documentation required for the student's participation,
2207	including a copy of the report of the incident received pursuant
2208	to subsection (6) and the private school's and student's fee
2209	schedules. The initial payment shall be made after verification
2210	of admission acceptance, and subsequent payments shall be made
2211	upon verification of continued enrollment and attendance at the
2212	private school.
2213	(d) Payment of the scholarship by the eligible nonprofit
2214	scholarship-funding organization may be by individual warrant



2215 made payable to the student's parent or by funds transfer, including, but not limited to, debit cards, electronic payment 2216 2217 cards, or any other means of payment that the department deems 2218 to be commercially viable or cost-effective. If payment is made 2219 by warrant, the warrant must be delivered by the eligible 2220 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to the private school 2221 of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively 2222 endorse the warrant to the private school. If payments are made 2223 by funds transfer, the parent must approve each payment before 2224 the scholarship funds may be deposited. The parent may not 2225 designate any entity or individual associated with the 2226 participating private school as the parent's attorney in fact to 2227 endorse a scholarship warrant or approve a funds transfer. 2228 (e) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 2229 shall obtain verification from the private school of a student's 2230 continued attendance at the school for each period covered by a 2231 scholarship payment. 2232 (f) Payment of the scholarship shall be made by the 2233 eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization no less frequently than on a quarterly basis. 2234 2235 (g) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 2236 may use up to 3 percent of eligible contributions received 2237 during the state fiscal year in which such contributions are 2238 collected for administrative expenses if the organization has 2239 operated as an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 2240 organization for at least the preceding 3 fiscal years and did 2241 not have any findings of material weakness or material 2242 noncompliance in its most recent audit under s. 1002.395(6)(m). 2243 Such administrative expenses must be reasonable and necessary

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2244	for the organization's management and distribution of eligible
2245	contributions under this section. Funds authorized under this
2246	paragraph may not be used for lobbying or political activity or
2247	expenses related to lobbying or political activity. Up to one-
2248	third of the funds authorized for administrative expenses under
2249	this paragraph may be used for expenses related to the
2250	recruitment of contributions. An eligible nonprofit scholarship-
2251	funding organization may not charge an application fee.
2252	(h) Moneys received pursuant to this section do not
2253	constitute taxable income to the qualified student or his or her
2254	parent.
2255	(12) OBLIGATIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL
2256	(a) The Auditor General shall conduct an annual operational
2257	audit of accounts and records of each organization that
2258	participates in the program. As part of this audit, the Auditor
2259	General shall verify, at a minimum, the total number of students
2260	served and transmit that information to the department. The
2261	Auditor General shall provide the commissioner with a copy of
2262	each annual operational audit performed pursuant to this
2263	paragraph within 10 days after the audit is finalized.
2264	(b) The Auditor General shall notify the department of any
2265	organization that fails to comply with a request for
2266	information.
2267	(13) SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS-
2268	(a) A tax credit is available under s. 212.1832(1) for use
2269	by a person that makes an eligible contribution. Each eligible
2270	contribution is limited to a single payment of \$105 per motor
2271	vehicle purchased at the time of purchase of a motor vehicle or
2272	a single payment of \$105 per motor vehicle purchased at the time

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2273 of registration of a motor vehicle that was not purchased from a 2274 dealer, except that a contribution may not exceed the state tax 2275 imposed under chapter 212 that would otherwise be collected from 2276 the purchaser by a dealer, designated agent, or private tag 2277 agent. Payments of contributions shall be made to a dealer at 2278 the time of purchase of a motor vehicle or to a designated agent 2279 or private tag agent at the time of registration of a motor 2280 vehicle that was not purchased from a dealer. An eligible 2281 contribution shall be accompanied by a contribution election 2282 form provided by the Department of Revenue. The form shall include, at a minimum, the following brief description of the 2283 2284 Hope Scholarship Program: "THE HOPE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM PROVIDES 2285 A PUBLIC SCHOOL STUDENT WHO WAS SUBJECTED TO AN INCIDENT OF 2286 VIOLENCE OR BULLYING AT SCHOOL THE OPPORTUNITY TO APPLY FOR A 2287 SCHOLARSHIP TO ATTEND AN ELIGIBLE PRIVATE SCHOOL RATHER THAN 2288 REMAIN IN AN UNSAFE SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT." The form shall also 2289 include, at a minimum, a section allowing the consumer to 2290 designate, from all participating scholarship funding 2291 organizations, which organization will receive his or her 2292 donation. For purposes of this subsection, the term "purchase" 2293 does not include the lease or rental of a motor vehicle. 2294 (b) A dealer, designated agent, or private tag agent shall: 2295 1. Provide the purchaser the contribution election form, as 2296 provided by the Department of Revenue, at the time of purchase 2297 of a motor vehicle or at the time of registration of a motor 2298 vehicle that was not purchased from a dealer. 2299 2. Collect eligible contributions. 2300 3. Using a form provided by the Department of Revenue, 2301 which shall include the dealer's or agent's federal employer

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2302 identification number, remit to an organization no later than 2303 the date the return filed pursuant to s. 212.11 is due the total 2304 amount of contributions made to that organization and collected 2305 during the preceding reporting period. Using the same form, the 2306 dealer or agent shall also report this information to the Department of Revenue no later than the date the return filed 2307 pursuant to s. 212.11 is due. 2308 2309 4. Report to the Department of Revenue on each return filed 2310 pursuant to s. 212.11 the total amount of credits granted under 2311 s. 212.1832 for the preceding reporting period. 2312 (c) An organization shall report to the Department of 2313 Revenue, on or before the 20th day of each month, the total 2314 amount of contributions received pursuant to paragraph (b) in 2315 the preceding calendar month on a form provided by the 2316 Department of Revenue. Such report shall include: 2317 1. The federal employer identification number of each designated agent, private tag agent, or dealer who remitted 2318 2319 contributions to the organization during that reporting period. 2320 2. The amount of contributions received from each 2321 designated agent, private tag agent, or dealer during that 2322 reporting period. 2323 (d) A person who, with the intent to unlawfully deprive or 2324 defraud the program of its moneys or the use or benefit thereof, 2325 fails to remit a contribution collected under this section is 2326 guilty of theft, punishable as follows: 2327 1. If the total amount stolen is less than \$300, the 2328 offense is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 2329 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Upon a second conviction, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, 2330

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2331	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Upon a third
2332	or subsequent conviction, the offender is guilty of a felony of
2333	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
2334	775.083, or s. 775.084.
2335	2. If the total amount stolen is \$300 or more, but less
2336	than \$20,000, the offense is a felony of the third degree,
2337	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
2338	3. If the total amount stolen is \$20,000 or more, but less
2339	than \$100,000, the offense is a felony of the second degree,
2340	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
2341	4. If the total amount stolen is \$100,000 or more, the
2342	offense is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided
2343	in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
2344	(e) A person convicted of an offense under paragraph (d)
2345	shall be ordered by the sentencing judge to make restitution to
2346	the organization in the amount that was stolen from the program.
2347	(f) Upon a finding that a dealer failed to remit a
2348	contribution under subparagraph (b)3. for which the dealer
2349	claimed a credit pursuant to s. 212.1832(2), the Department of
2350	Revenue shall notify the affected organizations of the dealer's
2351	name, address, federal employer identification number, and
2352	information related to differences between credits taken by the
2353	dealer pursuant to s. 212.1832(2) and amounts remitted to the
2354	eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under
2355	subparagraph (b)3.
2356	(g) Any dealer, designated agent, private tag agent, or
2357	organization that fails to timely submit reports to the
2358	Department of Revenue as required in paragraphs (b) and (c) is
2359	subject to a penalty of \$1,000 for every month, or part thereof,

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2360	the report is not provided, up to a maximum amount of \$10,000.
2361	Such penalty shall be collected by the Department of Revenue and
2362	shall be transferred into the General Revenue Fund. Such penalty
2363	must be settled or compromised if it is determined by the
2364	Department of Revenue that the noncompliance is due to
2365	reasonable cause and not due to willful negligence, willful
2366	neglect, or fraud.
2367	(14) LIABILITYThe state is not liable for the award of or
2368	any use of awarded funds under this section.
2369	(15) SCOPE OF AUTHORITYThis section does not expand the
2370	regulatory authority of this state, its officers, or any school
2371	district to impose additional regulation on participating
2372	private schools beyond those reasonably necessary to enforce
2373	requirements expressly set forth in this section.
2374	(16) RULESThe State Board of Education shall adopt rules
2375	to administer this section, except the Department of Revenue
2376	shall adopt rules to administer subsection (13).
2377	Section 17. Section 1002.411, Florida Statutes, is created
2378	to read:
2379	1002.411 Reading scholarship accounts
2380	(1) READING SCHOLARSHIP ACCOUNTSReading scholarship
2381	accounts are established to provide educational options for
2382	students.
2383	(2) ELIGIBILITYContingent upon available funds, and on a
2384	first-come, first-served basis, each student in grades 3 through
2385	5 who is enrolled in a Florida public school is eligible for a
2386	reading scholarship account if the student scored below a Level
2387	3 on the grade 3 or grade 4 statewide, standardized English
2388	Language Arts (ELA) assessment in the prior school year. An
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2389	eligible student who is classified as an English Language
2390	Learner and is enrolled in a program or receiving services that
2391	are specifically designed to meet the instructional needs of
2392	English Language Learner students shall receive priority.
2393	(3) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PARTICIPATION
2394	(a) For an eligible student to receive a reading
2395	scholarship account, the student's parent must:
2396	1. Submit an application to an eligible nonprofit
2397	scholarship-funding organization by the deadline established by
2398	such organization; and
2399	2. Submit eligible expenses to the eligible nonprofit
2400	scholarship-funding organization for reimbursement of qualifying
2401	expenditures, which may include:
2402	a. Instructional materials.
2403	b. Curriculum. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term
2404	"curriculum" means a complete course of study for a particular
2405	content area or grade level, including any required supplemental
2406	materials and associated online instruction.
2407	c. Tuition and fees for part-time tutoring services
2408	provided by a person who holds a valid Florida educator's
2409	certificate pursuant to s. 1012.56; a person who holds a
2410	baccalaureate or graduate degree in the subject area; a person
2411	who holds an adjunct teaching certificate pursuant to s.
2412	1012.57; or a person who has demonstrated a mastery of subject
2413	area knowledge pursuant to s. 1012.56(5).
2414	d. Fees for summer education programs designed to improve
2415	reading or literacy skills.
2416	e. Fees for after-school education programs designed to
2417	improve reading or literacy skills.
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2418 A provider of any services receiving payments pursuant to this 2419 2420 subparagraph may not share any moneys from the reading 2421 scholarship with, or provide a refund or rebate of any moneys 2422 from such scholarship to, the parent or participating student in 2423 any manner. A parent, student, or provider of any services may 2424 not bill an insurance company, Medicaid, or any other agency for 2425 the same services that are paid for using reading scholarship 2426 funds. 2427 (b) The parent is responsible for the payment of all 2428 eligible expenses in excess of the amount in the account in 2429 accordance with the terms agreed to between the parent and any 2430 providers and may not receive any refund or rebate of any 2431 expenditures made in accordance with paragraph (a). 2432 (4) ADMINISTRATION.-An eligible nonprofit scholarship-2433 funding organization participating in the Florida Tax Credit 2434 Scholarship Program established by s. 1002.395 may establish 2435 reading scholarship accounts for eligible students in accordance 2436 with the requirements of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 2437 organizations under this chapter. (5) DEPARTMENT OBLIGATIONS.-The department shall have the 2438 2439 same duties imposed by this chapter upon the department 2440 regarding oversight of scholarship programs administered by an 2441 eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. 2442 (6) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS; PARENTAL OPTIONS.-By September 30, the school district shall notify the parent of 2443 each student in grades 3 through 5 who scored below a level 3 on 2444 2445 the statewide, standardized ELA assessment in the prior school year of the process to request and receive a reading 2446

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2447 scholarship, subject to available funds. 2448 (7) ACCOUNT FUNDING AND PAYMENT.-2449 (a) For the 2018-2019 school year, the amount of the 2450 scholarship shall be \$500 per eligible student. Thereafter, the 2451 maximum amount granted for an eligible student shall be provided 2452 in the General Appropriations Act. 2453 (b) One hundred percent of the funds appropriated for the 2454 reading scholarship accounts shall be released to the department 2455 at the beginning of the first quarter of each fiscal year. 2456 (c) Upon notification from the eligible nonprofit 2457 scholarship-funding organization that a student has been 2458 determined eligible for a reading scholarship, the department 2459 shall release the student's scholarship funds to such 2460 organization to be deposited into the student's account. 2461 (d) Accrued interest in the student's account is in 2462 addition to, and not part of, the awarded funds. Account funds 2463 include both the awarded funds and accrued interest. 2464 (e) The eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 2465 may develop a system for payment of scholarship funds by funds 2466 transfer, including, but not limited to, debit cards, electronic 2467 payment cards, or any other means of payment that the department 2468 deems to be commercially viable or cost-effective. A student's 2469 scholarship award may not be reduced for debit card or electronic payment fees. Commodities or services related to the 2470 2471 development of such a system shall be procured by competitive 2472 solicitation unless they are purchased from a state term 2473 contract pursuant to s. 287.056. 2474 (f) Payment of the scholarship shall be made by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization no less 2475

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2476 frequently than on a quarterly basis. 2477 (q) In addition to funds appropriated for scholarships and 2478 subject to a separate, specific legislative appropriation, an 2479 organization may receive an amount equivalent to not more than 3 2480 percent of the amount of each scholarship from state funds for 2481 administrative expenses if the organization has operated as a nonprofit entity for at least the preceding 3 fiscal years and 2482 2483 did not have any findings of material weakness or material 2484 noncompliance in its most recent audit under s. 1002.395. Such 2485 administrative expenses must be reasonable and necessary for the 2486 organization's management and distribution of scholarships under 2487 this section. Funds authorized under this paragraph may not be 2488 used for lobbying or political activity or expenses related to 2489 lobbying or political activity. An organization may not charge 2490 an application fee for a scholarship. Administrative expenses 2491 may not be deducted from funds appropriated for scholarships. 2492 (h) Moneys received pursuant to this section do not 2493 constitute taxable income to the qualified student or his or her 2494 parent. 2495 (i) A student's scholarship account must be closed and any 2496 remaining funds shall revert to the state after: 2497 1. Denial or revocation of scholarship eligibility by the 2498 commissioner for fraud or abuse, including, but not limited to, the student or student's parent accepting any payment, refund, 2499 2500 or rebate, in any manner, from a provider of any services 2501 received pursuant to subsection (3); or 2502 2. Three consecutive fiscal years in which an account has 2503 been inactive. 2504 (8) LIABILITY.-No liability shall arise on the part of the

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2505 state based on the award or use of a reading scholarship 2506 account. Section 18. Section 1002.421, Florida Statutes, is amended 2507 2508 to read: 2509 1002.421 Accountability of private schools participating in 2510 State school choice scholarship program accountability and 2511 oversight programs.-2512 (1) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.-A Florida private school participating in the Florida Tax Credit 2513 2514 Scholarship Program established pursuant to s. 1002.395 or an 2515 educational scholarship program established pursuant to this 2516 chapter must be a private school as defined in s. 1002.01(2) in 2517 this state, be registered, and be in compliance comply with all 2518 requirements of this section in addition to private school 2519 requirements outlined in s. 1002.42, specific requirements 2520 identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other 2521 provisions of Florida law that apply to private schools, and 2522 must:-2523 (2) A private school participating in a scholarship program 2524 must be a Florida private school as defined in s. 1002.01(2), 2525 must be registered in accordance with s. 1002.42, and must: 2526 (a) Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d. 2527 2528 (b) Notify the department of its intent to participate in a 2529 scholarship program. 2530 (c) Notify the department of any change in the school's 2531 name, school director, mailing address, or physical location 2532 within 15 days after the change. 2533 (d) Provide to the department or scholarship-funding

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2534 organization all documentation required for a student's 2535 participation, including the private school's and student's 2536 individual fee schedule, and Complete student enrollment and 2537 attendance verification requirements, including use of an online 2538 attendance verification as required by the department or 2539 scholarship-funding organization form, prior to scholarship 2540 payment. 2541 (e) Annually complete and submit to the department a 2542 notarized scholarship compliance statement certifying that all 2543 school employees and contracted personnel with direct student 2544 contact have undergone background screening pursuant to s. 2545 943.0542 and have met the screening standards as provided in s. 2546 435.04. 2547 (f) Demonstrate fiscal soundness and accountability by: 2548 1. Being in operation for at least 3 school years or 2549 obtaining a surety bond or letter of credit for the amount equal 2550 to the scholarship funds for any quarter and filing the surety 2551 bond or letter of credit with the department. 2552 2. Requiring the parent of each scholarship student to 2553 personally restrictively endorse the scholarship warrant to the 2554 school or to approve a funds transfer before any funds are 2555 deposited for a student. The school may not act as attorney in 2556 fact for the parent of a scholarship student under the authority 2557 of a power of attorney executed by such parent, or under any 2558 other authority, to endorse a scholarship warrant or approve a 2559 funds transfer warrants on behalf of such parent. 2560

(g) Meet applicable state and local health, safety, and 2561 welfare laws, codes, and rules, including: 1. Firesafety.

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2563	2. Building safety.
2564	(h) Employ or contract with teachers who hold baccalaureate
2565	or higher degrees, have at least 3 years of teaching experience
2566	in public or private schools, or have special skills, knowledge,
2567	or expertise that qualifies them to provide instruction in
2568	subjects taught.
2569	(i) Maintain a physical location in the state at which each
2570	student has regular and direct contact with teachers.
2571	(j) Publish on the school's website, or provide in a
2572	written format, information for parents regarding the school,
2573	including, but not limited to, programs, services, and the
2574	qualifications of classroom teachers.
2575	(k) At a minimum, provide the parent of each scholarship
2576	student with a written explanation of the student's progress on
2577	a quarterly basis.
2578	(1) Cooperate with a student whose parent chooses to
2579	participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22.
2580	(m) (i) Require each employee and contracted personnel with
2581	direct student contact, upon employment or engagement to provide
2582	services, to undergo a state and national background screening,
2583	pursuant to s. 943.0542, by electronically filing with the
2584	Department of Law Enforcement a complete set of fingerprints
2585	taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or an employee of
2586	the private school, a school district, or a private company who
2587	is trained to take fingerprints and deny employment to or
2588	terminate an employee if he or she fails to meet the screening
2589	standards under s. 435.04. Results of the screening shall be
2590	provided to the participating private school. For purposes of
2591	this paragraph:
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An "employee or contracted personnel with direct student
 contact" means any employee or contracted personnel who has
 unsupervised access to a scholarship student for whom the
 private school is responsible.

2. The costs of fingerprinting and the background check shall not be borne by the state.

3. Continued employment of an employee or contracted personnel after notification that he or she has failed the background screening under this paragraph shall cause a private school to be ineligible for participation in a scholarship program.

4. An employee or contracted personnel holding a valid Florida teaching certificate who has been fingerprinted pursuant to s. 1012.32 is not required to comply with the provisions of this paragraph.

5.(3)(a) All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement as required by this section shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement in a manner provided by rule and entered in the statewide automated biometric identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). Such fingerprints shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprints entered in the statewide automated biometric identification system pursuant to s. 943.051.

<u>6.(b)</u> The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprints received under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated biometric identification system under <u>subparagraph 5</u> <del>paragraph (a)</del>. Any arrest record that is identified with the retained fingerprints of a person subject to the background screening under this

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2621 section shall be reported to the employing school with which the 2622 person is affiliated. Each private school participating in a 2623 scholarship program is required to participate in this search 2624 process by informing the Department of Law Enforcement of any 2625 change in the employment or contractual status of its personnel 2626 whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 5 paragraph (a). The Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule 2627 2628 setting the amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon each 2629 private school for performing these searches and establishing 2630 the procedures for the retention of private school employee and 2631 contracted personnel fingerprints and the dissemination of 2632 search results. The fee may be borne by the private school or 2633 the person fingerprinted.

<u>7.(c)</u> Employees and contracted personnel whose fingerprints are not retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under <u>subparagraphs 5. and 6.</u> paragraphs (a) and (b) are required to be refingerprinted and must meet state and national background screening requirements upon reemployment or reengagement to provide services in order to comply with the requirements of this section.

2641 8.(d) Every 5 years following employment or engagement to 2642 provide services with a private school, employees or contracted 2643 personnel required to be screened under this section must meet 2644 screening standards under s. 435.04, at which time the private 2645 school shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to 2646 forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation 2647 for national processing. If the fingerprints of employees or contracted personnel are not retained by the Department of Law 2648 Enforcement under subparagraph 5. paragraph (a), employees and 2649

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2650 contracted personnel must electronically file a complete set of 2651 fingerprints with the Department of Law Enforcement. Upon 2652 submission of fingerprints for this purpose, the private school 2653 shall request that the Department of Law Enforcement forward the 2654 fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national 2655 processing, and the fingerprints shall be retained by the 2656 Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 5 paragraph 2657 <del>(a)</del>.

(4) A private school that accepts scholarship students under s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395 must:

(a) Disqualify instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, from employment in any position that requires direct contact with students if the personnel or administrators are ineligible for such employment under s. 1012.315.

2665 (n) (b) Adopt policies establishing standards of ethical 2666 conduct for instructional personnel and school administrators. 2667 The policies must require all instructional personnel and school 2668 administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, to complete training 2669 on the standards; establish the duty of instructional personnel 2670 and school administrators to report, and procedures for 2671 reporting, alleged misconduct by other instructional personnel 2672 and school administrators which affects the health, safety, or 2673 welfare of a student; and include an explanation of the 2674 liability protections provided under ss. 39.203 and 768.095. A private school, or any of its employees, may not enter into a 2675 2676 confidentiality agreement regarding terminated or dismissed 2677 instructional personnel or school administrators, or personnel or administrators who resign in lieu of termination, based in 2678



2679 whole or in part on misconduct that affects the health, safety, 2680 or welfare of a student, and may not provide the instructional 2681 personnel or school administrators with employment references or 2682 discuss the personnel's or administrators' performance with 2683 prospective employers in another educational setting, without 2684 disclosing the personnel's or administrators' misconduct. Any 2685 part of an agreement or contract that has the purpose or effect 2686 of concealing misconduct by instructional personnel or school 2.687 administrators which affects the health, safety, or welfare of a 2688 student is void, is contrary to public policy, and may not be 2689 enforced.

<u>(o) (c)</u> Before employing instructional personnel or school administrators in any position that requires direct contact with students, conduct employment history checks of each of the personnel's or administrators' previous employers, screen the personnel or administrators through use of the educator screening tools described in s. 1001.10(5), and document the findings. If unable to contact a previous employer, the private school must document efforts to contact the employer.

(p) Require each owner or operator of the private school, prior to employment or engagement to provide services, to undergo level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "owner or operator" means an owner, operator, superintendent, or principal of, or a person with equivalent decisionmaking authority over, a private school participating in a scholarship program established pursuant to this chapter. The fingerprints for the background screening must be electronically submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement and may be taken by an authorized

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2708 law enforcement agency or a private company who is trained to take fingerprints. However, the complete set of fingerprints of 2709 2710 an owner or operator may not be taken by the owner or operator. 2711 The owner or operator shall provide a copy of the results of the 2712 state and national criminal history check to the Department of 2713 Education. The cost of the background screening may be borne by 2714 the owner or operator. 2715 1. Every 5 years following employment or engagement to 2716 provide services, each owner or operator must meet level 2 2717 screening standards as described in s. 435.04, at which time the 2718 owner or operator shall request the Department of Law 2719 Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of 2720 Investigation for level 2 screening. If the fingerprints of an 2721 owner or operator are not retained by the Department of Law 2722 Enforcement under subparagraph 2., the owner or operator must 2723 electronically file a complete set of fingerprints with the 2724 Department of Law Enforcement. Upon submission of fingerprints 2725 for this purpose, the owner or operator shall request that the 2726 Department of Law Enforcement forward the fingerprints to the 2727 Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening, and the 2728 fingerprints shall be retained by the Department of Law 2729 Enforcement under subparagraph 2. 2730 2. Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law 2731 Enforcement as required by this paragraph must be retained by 2732 the Department of Law Enforcement in a manner approved by rule 2733 and entered in the statewide automated biometric identification 2734 system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). The fingerprints must 2735 thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprints entered in the statewide automated biometric 2736

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2737 identification system pursuant to s. 943.051. 2738 3. The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all 2739 arrest fingerprints received under s. 943.051 against the 2740 fingerprints retained in the statewide automated biometric 2741 identification system under subparagraph 2. Any arrest record 2742 that is identified with an owner's or operator's fingerprints 2743 must be reported to the owner or operator, who must report to 2744 the Department of Education. Any costs associated with the 2745 search shall be borne by the owner or operator. 2746 4. An owner or operator who fails the level 2 background 2747 screening is not eligible to participate in a scholarship 2748 program under this chapter. 2749 5. In addition to the offenses listed in s. 435.04, a 2750 person required to undergo background screening pursuant to this 2751 part or authorizing statutes may not have an arrest awaiting 2752 final disposition for, must not have been found quilty of, or 2753 entered a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of 2754 adjudication, and must not have been adjudicated delinquent for, 2755 and the record must not have been sealed or expunded for, any of 2756 the following offenses or any similar offense of another 2757 jurisdiction: 2758 a. Any authorizing statutes, if the offense was a felony. 2759 b. This chapter, if the offense was a felony. 2760 c. Section 409.920, relating to Medicaid provider fraud. 2761 d. Section 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud. 2762 e. Section 741.28, relating to domestic violence. 2763 f. Section 817.034, relating to fraudulent acts through 2764 mail, wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or 2765 photooptical systems.

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2766	g. Section 817.234, relating to false and fraudulent
2767	insurance claims.
2768	h. Section 817.505, relating to patient brokering.
2769	i. Section 817.568, relating to criminal use of personal
2770	identification information.
2771	j. Section 817.60, relating to obtaining a credit card
2772	through fraudulent means.
2773	k. Section 817.61, relating to fraudulent use of credit
2774	cards, if the offense was a felony.
2775	1. Section 831.01, relating to forgery.
2776	m. Section 831.02, relating to uttering forged instruments.
2777	n. Section 831.07, relating to forging bank bills, checks,
2778	drafts, or promissory notes.
2779	o. Section 831.09, relating to uttering forged bank bills,
2780	checks, drafts, or promissory notes.
2781	p. Section 831.30, relating to fraud in obtaining medicinal
2782	drugs.
2783	q. Section 831.31, relating to the sale, manufacture,
2784	delivery, or possession with the intent to sell, manufacture, or
2785	deliver any counterfeit controlled substance, if the offense was
2786	<u>a felony.</u>
2787	6. At least 30 calendar days before a transfer of ownership
2788	of a private school, the owner or operator shall notify the
2789	parent of each scholarship student.
2790	7. The owner or operator of a private school that has been
2791	deemed ineligible to participate in a scholarship program
2792	pursuant to this chapter may not transfer ownership or
2793	management authority of the school to a relative in order to
2794	participate in a scholarship program as the same school or a new
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2795 school. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father, mother, son, daughter, grandfather, grandmother, 2796 2797 brother, sister, uncle, aunt, cousin, nephew, niece, husband, 2798 wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, 2799 brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, 2800 stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother, or half-2801 sister. 2802 (q) Provide a report from an independent certified public 2803 accountant who performs the agreed-upon procedures developed 2804 pursuant to s. 1002.395(6)(o) if the private school receives more than \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this 2805 2806 chapter in a state fiscal year. A private school subject to this 2807 subsection must annually submit the report by September 15 to 2808 the scholarship-funding organization that awarded the majority 2809 of the school's scholarship funds. However, a school that 2810 receives more than \$250,000 in scholarship funds only through 2811 the John M. McKay Scholarship for Students with Disabilities 2812 Program pursuant to s. 1002.39 must submit the annual report by 2813 September 15 to the department. The agreed-upon procedures must 2814 be conducted in accordance with attestation standards 2815 established by the American Institute of Certified Public 2816 Accountants. 2817 2818 The department shall suspend the payment of funds under ss.

2819 1002.39 and 1002.395 to a private school that knowingly fails to 2820 comply with this subsection, and shall prohibit the school from 2821 enrolling new scholarship students, for 1 fiscal year and until 2822 the school complies.

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(5) If The inability of a private school fails to meet the

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2824	requirements of this subsection or has consecutive years of
2825	material exceptions listed in the report required under
2826	paragraph (q), the commissioner may determine that the private
2827	school is ineligible section shall constitute a basis for the
2828	ineligibility of the private school to participate in a
2829	scholarship program as determined by the department.
2830	(2) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS
2831	(a) The Department of Education shall:
2832	1. Annually verify the eligibility of private schools that
2833	meet the requirements of this section, specific requirements
2834	identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other
2835	provisions of state law that apply to private schools.
2836	2. Establish a toll-free hotline that provides parents and
2837	private schools with information on participation in the
2838	scholarship programs.
2839	3. Establish a process by which individuals may notify the
2840	department of any violation by a parent, private school, or
2841	school district of state laws relating to program participation.
2842	If the department has reasonable cause to believe that a
2843	violation of this section or any rule adopted by the State Board
2844	of Education has occurred, it shall conduct an inquiry or make a
2845	referral to the appropriate agency for an investigation. A
2846	department inquiry is not subject to the requirements of chapter
2847	120.
2848	4. Require an annual, notarized, sworn compliance statement
2849	from participating private schools certifying compliance with
2850	state laws, and retain such records.
2851	5. Coordinate with the entities conducting the health
2852	inspection for a private school to obtain copies of the
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2853	inspection reports.
2854	6. Conduct site visits to private schools entering a
2855	scholarship program for the first time. Beginning with the 2019-
2856	2020 school year, a private school is not eligible to receive
2857	scholarship payments until a satisfactory site visit has been
2858	conducted and the school is in compliance with all other
2859	requirements of this section.
2860	7. Coordinate with the State Fire Marshal to obtain access
2861	to fire inspection reports for private schools. The authority
2862	conducting the fire safety inspection shall certify to the State
2863	Fire Marshal that the annual inspection has been completed and
2864	that the school is in full compliance. The certification shall
2865	be made electronically or by such other means as directed by the
2866	State Fire Marshal.
2867	8. Upon the request of a participating private school
2868	authorized to administer statewide assessments, provide at no
2869	cost to the school the statewide assessments administered under
2870	s. 1008.22 and any related materials for administering the
2871	assessments. Students at a private school may be assessed using
2872	the statewide assessments if the addition of those students and
2873	the school does not cause the state to exceed its contractual
2874	caps for the number of students tested and the number of testing
2875	sites. The state shall provide the same materials and support to
2876	a private school that it provides to a public school. A private
2877	school that chooses to administer statewide assessments under s.
2878	1008.22 shall follow the requirements set forth in ss. 1008.22
2879	and 1008.24, rules adopted by the State Board of Education to
2880	implement those sections, and district-level testing policies
2881	established by the district school board.

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2882	(b) The department may conduct site visits to any private
2883	school participating in a scholarship program pursuant to this
2884	chapter that has received a complaint about a violation of state
2885	law or state board rule pursuant to subparagraph (a)3. or has
2886	received a notice of noncompliance or a notice of proposed
2887	action within the previous 2 years.
2888	(c) Annually, by December 15, the department shall report
2889	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
2890	the House of Representatives its actions in implementing
2891	accountability in the scholarship programs under this section,
2892	any substantiated allegations or violations of law or rule by an
2893	eligible private school under this section, and the corrective
2894	action taken.
2895	(3) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATIONS
2896	The Commissioner of Education:
2897	(a) Shall deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's
2898	participation in a scholarship program if it is determined that
2899	the private school has failed to comply with this section or
2900	exhibits a previous pattern of failure to comply. However, if
2901	the noncompliance is correctable within a reasonable amount of
2902	time, not to exceed 45 days, and if the health, safety, or
2903	welfare of the students is not threatened, the commissioner may
2904	issue a notice of noncompliance which provides the private
2905	school with a timeframe within which to provide evidence of
2906	compliance before taking action to suspend or revoke the private
2907	school's participation in the scholarship program.
2908	(b) May deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's
2909	participation in a scholarship program if the commissioner
2910	determines that an owner or operator of the private school is
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2911 operating or has operated an educational institution in this 2912 state or in another state or jurisdiction in a manner contrary to the health, safety, or welfare of the public or if the owner 2913 2914 or operator has exhibited a previous pattern of failure to 2915 comply with this section or specific requirements identified 2916 within respective scholarship program laws. For purposes of this 2917 subsection, the term "owner or operator" has the same meaning as 2918 provided in paragraph (1) (p). 2919 (c)1. In making such a determination, may consider factors 2920 that include, but are not limited to, acts or omissions by an 2921 owner or operator which led to a previous denial, suspension, or 2922 revocation of participation in a state or federal education 2923 scholarship program; an owner's or operator's failure to 2924 reimburse the department or scholarship-funding organization for 2925 scholarship funds improperly received or retained by a school; 2926 the imposition of a prior criminal sanction related to an 2927 owner's or operator's management or operation of an educational 2928 institution; the imposition of a civil fine or administrative 2929 fine, license revocation or suspension, or program eligibility 2930 suspension, termination, or revocation related to an owner's or 2931 operator's management or operation of an educational 2932 institution; or other types of criminal proceedings in which an 2933 owner or operator was found guilty of, regardless of 2934 adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, 2935 any offense involving fraud, deceit, dishonesty, or moral 2936 turpitude. 2937 2. The commissioner's determination is subject to the 2938 following: a. If the commissioner intends to deny, suspend, or revoke 2939

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2940 a private school's participation in the scholarship program, the 2941 department shall notify the private school of such proposed 2942 action in writing by certified mail and regular mail to the 2943 private school's address of record with the department. The 2944 notification shall include the reasons for the proposed action 2945 and notice of the timelines and procedures set forth in this 2946 paragraph. 2947 b. The private school that is adversely affected by the 2948 proposed action shall have 15 days after receipt of the notice 2949 of proposed action to file with the department's agency clerk a 2950 request for a proceeding pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. If 2951 the private school is entitled to a hearing under s. 120.57(1), 2952 the department shall forward the request to the Division of 2953 Administrative Hearings. 2954 c. Upon receipt of a request referred pursuant to this 2955 subparagraph, the director of the Division of Administrative 2956 Hearings shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative 2957 law judge who shall commence a hearing within 30 days after the 2958 receipt of the formal written request by the division and enter 2959 a recommended order within 30 days after the hearing or within 2960 30 days after receipt of the hearing transcript, whichever is 2961 later. Each party shall be allowed 10 days in which to submit written exceptions to the recommended order. A final order shall 2962 2963 be entered by the agency within 30 days after the entry of a 2964 recommended order. The provisions of this sub-subparagraph may 2965 be waived upon stipulation by all parties. 2966 (d) May immediately suspend payment of scholarship funds if 2967 it is determined that there is probable cause to believe that there is: 2968

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2969	1. An imminent threat to the health, safety, or welfare of
2970	the students;
2971	2. A previous pattern of failure to comply with this
2972	section; or
2973	3. Fraudulent activity on the part of the private school.
2974	Notwithstanding s. 1002.22, in incidents of alleged fraudulent
2975	activity pursuant to this section, the department's Office of
2976	Inspector General is authorized to release personally
2977	identifiable records or reports of students to the following
2978	persons or organizations:
2979	a. A court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an
2980	order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with
2981	a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family
2982	Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
2983	b. A person or entity authorized by a court of competent
2984	jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the
2985	attorney of record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena,
2986	consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act,
2987	<u>20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.</u>
2988	c. Any person, entity, or authority issuing a subpoena for
2989	law enforcement purposes when the court or other issuing agency
2990	has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena
2991	or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be
2992	disclosed, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and
2993	Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, and 34 C.F.R. s. 99.31.
2994	
2995	The commissioner's order suspending payment pursuant to this
2996	paragraph may be appealed pursuant to the same procedures and
2997	timelines as the notice of proposed action set forth in

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2998 subparagraph (c)2.

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(4) (6) The inclusion of eligible private schools within options available to Florida public school students does not expand the regulatory authority of the state, its officers, or any school district to impose any additional regulation of private schools beyond those reasonably necessary to enforce requirements expressly set forth in this section.

(5) (7) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section, including rules to establish a deadline for private school applications for participation and timelines for the department to conduct site visits.

Section 19. Subsection (5) of section 1002.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.55 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by private prekindergarten providers.-

(5) (a) Notwithstanding paragraph (3) (b), a private 3015 prekindergarten provider may not participate in the Voluntary 3016 Prekindergarten Education Program if the provider has child 3017 disciplinary policies that do not prohibit children from being 3018 subjected to discipline that is severe, humiliating, 3019 frightening, or associated with food, rest, toileting, spanking, 3020 or any other form of physical punishment as provided in s. 3021 402.305(12).

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a private prekindergarten provider has been cited for a class I violation, as defined by rule, the coalition may refuse to contract with the provider.

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Section 20. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section



7 1002.75, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.75 Office of Early Learning; powers and duties.-(3) The Office of Early Learning shall adopt, inconsultation with and subject to approval by the department,

procedures governing the administration of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program by the early learning coalitions and school districts for:

(c) Removing a private prekindergarten provider or public school from eligibility to deliver the program due to the provider's or school's remaining on probation beyond the time permitted under s. 1002.67. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a private prekindergarten provider has been cited for a class I violation, as defined by rule, the coalition may refuse to contract with the provider or revoke the provider's eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program.

Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 1002.88, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.88 School readiness program provider standards; eligibility to deliver the school readiness program.-

(2) (a) If a school readiness program provider fails or refuses to comply with this part or any contractual obligation of the statewide provider contract under s. 1002.82(2)(m), the coalition may revoke the provider's eligibility to deliver the school readiness program or receive state or federal funds under this chapter for a period of 5 years.

3053 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a school 3054 readiness program provider has been cited for a class I 3055 violation, as defined by rule, the coalition may refuse to

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3056	contract with the provider or revoke the provider's eligibility
3057	to deliver the school readiness program.
3058	Section 22. Subsection (4) is added to section 1003.44,
3059	Florida Statutes, to read:
3060	1003.44 Patriotic programs; rules.—
3061	(4) Each district school board shall adopt rules to
3062	require, in all of the schools of the district and in each
3063	building used by the district school board, the display of the
3064	state motto, "In God We Trust," designated under s. 15.0301, in
3065	a conspicuous place.
3066	Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 1003.453, Florida
3067	Statutes, is amended to read:
3068	1003.453 School wellness and physical education policies;
3069	nutrition guidelines
3070	(3) School districts are encouraged to provide basic
3071	training in first aid, including cardiopulmonary resuscitation,
3072	for all students, beginning in grade 6 and every 2 years
3073	thereafter. Instruction in the use of cardiopulmonary
3074	resuscitation must be based on a nationally recognized program
3075	that uses the most current evidence-based emergency
3076	cardiovascular care guidelines. The instruction must allow
3077	students to practice the psychomotor skills associated with
3078	performing cardiopulmonary resuscitation and use an automated
3079	external defibrillator when a school district has the equipment
3080	necessary to perform the instruction. Private and public
3081	partnerships for providing training or necessary funding are
3082	encouraged.
3083	Section 24. Section 1003.576, Florida Statutes, is amended
3084	to read:

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3085 1003.576 Individual education plans for exceptional 3086 students.-The Department of Education must develop and have an 3087 operating electronic IEP system in place for potential statewide use no later than July 1, 2007. The statewide system shall be 3088 developed collaboratively with school districts and must include 3089 input from school districts currently developing or operating 3090 3091 electronic IEP systems. 3092 Section 25. Section 1006.061, Florida Statutes, is amended 3093 to read: 3094 1006.061 Child abuse, abandonment, and neglect policy.-Each 3095 district school board, charter school, and private school that 3096 accepts scholarship students who participate in a state 3097 scholarship program under chapter 1002 under s. 1002.39 or s. 3098 1002.395 shall: 3099 (1) Post in a prominent place in each school a notice that, 3100 pursuant to chapter 39, all employees and agents of the district school board, charter school, or private school have an 3101 3102 affirmative duty to report all actual or suspected cases of 3103 child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; have immunity from 3104 liability if they report such cases in good faith; and have a 3105 duty to comply with child protective investigations and all 3106 other provisions of law relating to child abuse, abandonment, 3107 and neglect. The notice shall also include the statewide toll-3108 free telephone number of the central abuse hotline. 3109 (2) Post in a prominent place at each school site and on 3110 each school's Internet website, if available, the policies and 3111 procedures for reporting alleged misconduct by instructional

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safety, or welfare of a student; the contact person to whom the

personnel or school administrators which affects the health,

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3114 report is made; and the penalties imposed on instructional 3115 personnel or school administrators who fail to report suspected 3116 or actual child abuse or alleged misconduct by other 3117 instructional personnel or school administrators. 3118 (3) Require the principal of the charter school or private 3119 school, or the district school superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, at the request of the Department of 3120 3121 Children and Families, to act as a liaison to the Department of 3122 Children and Families and the child protection team, as defined 3123 in s. 39.01, when in a case of suspected child abuse, 3124 abandonment, or neglect or an unlawful sexual offense involving 3125 a child the case is referred to such a team; except that this 3126 does not relieve or restrict the Department of Children and 3127 Families from discharging its duty and responsibility under the 3128 law to investigate and report every suspected or actual case of 3129 child abuse, abandonment, or neglect or unlawful sexual offense 3130 involving a child. 3131

3131 (4) (a) Post in a prominent place in a clearly visible 3132 location and public area of the school which is readily 3133 accessible to and widely used by students a sign in English and 3134 Spanish that contains:

3135 1. The statewide toll-free telephone number of the central 3136 abuse hotline as provided in chapter 39;

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2. Instructions to call 911 for emergencies; and

3138 3. Directions for accessing the Department of Children and 3139 Families Internet website for more information on reporting 3140 abuse, neglect, and exploitation.

3141 (b) The information in paragraph (a) must be put on at 3142 least one poster in each school, on a sheet that measures at



3143 least 11 inches by 17 inches, produced in large print, and 3144 placed at student eye level for easy viewing.

The Department of Education shall develop, and publish on the department's Internet website, sample notices suitable for posting in accordance with subsections (1), (2), and (4).

Section 26. Subsections (3) and (13) and paragraph (b) of subsection (24) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.-

3153 (3) Student eligibility requirements for initial enrollment 3154 in college credit dual enrollment courses must include a 3.0 3155 unweighted high school grade point average and the minimum score 3156 on a common placement test adopted by the State Board of 3157 Education which indicates that the student is ready for college-3158 level coursework. Student eligibility requirements for continued 3159 enrollment in college credit dual enrollment courses must 3160 include the maintenance of a 3.0 unweighted high school grade 3161 point average and the minimum postsecondary grade point average 3162 established by the postsecondary institution. Regardless of 3163 meeting student eligibility requirements for continued 3164 enrollment, a student may lose the opportunity to participate in 3165 a dual enrollment course if the student is disruptive to the 3166 learning process such that the progress of other students or the 3167 efficient administration of the course is hindered. Student 3168 eligibility requirements for initial and continued enrollment in 3169 career certificate dual enrollment courses must include a 2.0 unweighted high school grade point average. Exceptions to the 3170 3171 required grade point averages may be granted on an individual

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3172 student basis if the educational entities agree and the terms of 3173 the agreement are contained within the dual enrollment 3174 articulation agreement established pursuant to subsection (21). 3175 Florida College System institution boards of trustees may 3176 establish additional initial student eligibility requirements, 3177 which shall be included in the dual enrollment articulation agreement, to ensure student readiness for postsecondary 3178 3179 instruction. Additional requirements included in the agreement 3180 may not arbitrarily prohibit students who have demonstrated the 3181 ability to master advanced courses from participating in dual 3182 enrollment courses or limit the number of dual enrollment 3183 courses in which a student may enroll based solely upon 3184 enrollment by the student at an independent postsecondary 3185 institution.

(13) (a) The dual enrollment program for a home education 3187 student, including, but not limited to, students with disabilities, consists of the enrollment of an eligible home 3189 education secondary student in a postsecondary course creditable 3190 toward an associate degree, a career certificate, or a 3191 baccalaureate degree. To participate in the dual enrollment 3192 program, an eligible home education secondary student must:

3193 1. Provide proof of enrollment in a home education program 3194 pursuant to s. 1002.41.

3195 2. Be responsible for his or her own instructional 3196 materials and transportation unless provided for in the 3197 articulation agreement.

3198 3. Sign a home education articulation agreement pursuant to 3199 paragraph (b).

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(b) Each public postsecondary institution eligible to

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3201 participate in the dual enrollment program pursuant to s. 3202 1011.62(1)(i) must enter into a home education articulation agreement with each home education student seeking enrollment in 3203 3204 a dual enrollment course and the student's parent. By August 1 3205 of each year, the eligible postsecondary institution shall 3206 complete and submit the home education articulation agreement to 3207 the Department of Education. The home education articulation 3208 agreement must include, at a minimum:

3209 1. A delineation of courses and programs available to 3210 dually enrolled home education students. Courses and programs 3211 may be added, revised, or deleted at any time by the 3212 postsecondary institution. <u>Any course or program limitations may</u> 3213 not exceed the limitations for other dually enrolled students.

2. The initial and continued eligibility requirements for home education student participation, not to exceed those required of other dually enrolled students. <u>A high school grade</u> <u>point average may not be required for home education students</u> who meet the minimum score on a common placement test adopted by the State Board of Education which indicates that the student is <u>ready for college-level coursework; however, home education</u> <u>student eligibility requirements for continued enrollment in</u> <u>dual enrollment courses must include the maintenance of the</u> <u>minimum postsecondary grade point average established by the</u> postsecondary institution.

3. The student's responsibilities for providing his or her own instructional materials and transportation.

4. A copy of the statement on transfer guarantees developedby the Department of Education under subsection (15).(24)

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(b) Each <u>public</u> postsecondary institution eligible to participate in the dual enrollment program pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(i) must enter into a private school articulation agreement with each eligible private school in its geographic service area seeking to offer dual enrollment courses to its students, including, but not limited to, students with disabilities. By August 1 of each year, the eligible postsecondary institution shall complete and submit the private school articulation agreement to the Department of Education. The private school articulation agreement must include, at a minimum:

1. A delineation of courses and programs available to the private school student. The postsecondary institution may add, revise, or delete courses and programs at any time.

2. The initial and continued eligibility requirements for private school student participation, not to exceed those required of other dual enrollment students.

3. The student's responsibilities for providing his or her own instructional materials and transportation.

4. A provision clarifying that the private school will award appropriate credit toward high school completion for the postsecondary course under the dual enrollment program.

5. A provision expressing that costs associated with tuition and fees, including registration, and laboratory fees, will not be passed along to the student.

6. A provision stating whether the private school will compensate the postsecondary institution for the standard tuition rate per credit hour for each dual enrollment course taken by its students.

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3259 Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and paragraph 3260 (a) of subsection (8) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are 3261 amended to read:

3262 1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-3263 (3) STATEWIDE, STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.-The 3264 Commissioner of Education shall design and implement a 3265 statewide, standardized assessment program aligned to the core 3266 curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine 32.67 State Standards. The commissioner also must develop or select 3268 and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be 3269 used in all juvenile justice education programs in the state. 3270 These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content 3271 established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. 3272 Participation in the assessment program is mandatory for all 3273 school districts and all students attending public schools, 3274 including adult students seeking a standard high school diploma 3275 under s. 1003.4282 and students in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs, except as otherwise provided by law. 3276 3277 If a student does not participate in the assessment program, the 3278 school district must notify the student's parent and provide the 3279 parent with information regarding the implications of such 3280 nonparticipation. The statewide, standardized assessment program 3281 shall be designed and implemented as follows:

(a) Statewide, standardized comprehensive assessments.—The
statewide, standardized Reading assessment shall be administered
annually in grades 3 through 10. The statewide, standardized
Writing assessment shall be administered annually at least once
at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. When the
Reading and Writing assessments are replaced by English Language

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3288 Arts (ELA) assessments, ELA assessments shall be administered to 3289 students in grades 3 through 10. Retake opportunities for the 3290 grade 10 Reading assessment or, upon implementation, the grade 3291 10 ELA assessment must be provided. Students taking the ELA assessments shall not take the statewide, standardized 3292 3293 assessments in Reading or Writing. Reading passages and writing 3294 prompts for ELA assessments shall incorporate grade-level core 3295 curricula content from social studies be administered online. 3296 The statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments shall be 3297 administered annually in grades 3 through 8. Students taking a 3298 revised Mathematics assessment shall not take the discontinued 3299 assessment. The statewide, standardized Science assessment shall 3300 be administered annually at least once at the elementary and 3301 middle grades levels. In order to earn a standard high school 3302 diploma, a student who has not earned a passing score on the 3303 grade 10 Reading assessment or, upon implementation, the grade 3304 10 ELA assessment must earn a passing score on the assessment 3305 retake or earn a concordant score as authorized under subsection 3306 (9).

(8) PUBLICATION OF ASSESSMENTS.—To promote transparency in the statewide assessment program, in any procurement for the ELA assessment in grades 3 through 10 and the mathematics assessment in grades 3 through 8, the Department of Education shall solicit cost proposals for publication of the state assessments on its website in accordance with this subsection.

(a) The department shall publish each assessment
administered under paragraph (3) (a) and subparagraph (3) (b)1.,
excluding assessment retakes, at least once on a triennial basis
pursuant to a schedule determined by the Commissioner of

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3317 Education. Each assessment, when published, must have been 3318 administered during the most recent school year and be in a 3319 format that facilitates the sharing of assessment items.

3320 Section 28. Paragraphs (f), (o), and (t) of subsection (1), 3321 paragraph (b) of subsection (6), and paragraphs (a), (c), and 3322 (d) of subsection (9) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are 3323 amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.-If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 3329 follows:

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.-The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

(f) Supplemental academic instruction allocation; categorical fund.-

1. There is created the supplemental academic instruction allocation a categorical fund to provide supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund."

3341 2. The supplemental academic instruction allocation shall 3342 be provided annually in the Florida Education Finance Program as 3343 specified in the General Appropriations Act. These funds are 3344 categorical fund is in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance 3345



3346 Program and shall be included in the total potential funds of 3347 each district. Beginning with the 2018-2019 fiscal year, These 3348 funds shall be used to provide supplemental academic instruction 3349 to students enrolled in the K-12 program. each school district 3350 that has a school earning a grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 3351 1008.34 must use that school's portion of the supplemental 3352 academic instruction allocation to implement intervention and 3353 support strategies for school improvement pursuant to s. 1008.33 and for salary incentives pursuant to s. 1012.2315(3) or salary 3354 3355 supplements pursuant to s. 1012.22(1)(c)5.c. that are provided 3356 through a memorandum of understanding between the collective 3357 bargaining agent and the school board that addresses the 3358 selection, placement, and expectations of instructional 3359 personnel and school administrators. For all other schools, the 3360 school district's use of the supplemental academic instruction 3361 allocation one or more of the 300 lowest-performing elementary 3362 schools based on the state reading assessment for the prior year shall use these funds, together with the funds provided in the 3363 3364 district's research-based reading instruction allocation and 3365 other available funds, to provide an additional hour of instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the 3366 3367 entire school year for intensive reading instruction for the 3368 students in each of these schools. This additional hour of 3369 instruction must be provided by teachers or reading specialists 3370 who have demonstrated effectiveness in teaching reading or by a 3371 K-5 mentoring reading program that is supervised by a teacher who is effective at teaching reading. Students enrolled in these 3372 3373 schools who have level 5 assessment scores may participate in 3374 the additional hour of instruction on an optional basis.

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3375 Exceptional student education centers shall not be included in 3376 the 300 schools. The designation of the 300 lowest-performing 3377 elementary schools must be based on the state reading assessment 3378 for the prior year. After this requirement has been met, 3379 supplemental instruction strategies may include, but is are not 3380 limited to, the: use of a modified curriculum, reading 3381 instruction, after-school instruction, tutoring, mentoring, a 3382 reduction in class size, extended school year, intensive skills 3383 development in summer school, dropout prevention programs as 3384 defined in ss. 1003.52 and 1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and 3385 other methods of improving student achievement. Supplemental 3386 academic instruction may be provided to a student in any manner 3387 and at any time during or beyond the regular 180-day term 3388 identified by the school as being the most effective and 3389 efficient way to best help that student progress from grade to 3390 grade and to graduate.

3391 3. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruction shall be provided annually in the Florida Education Finance 3392 3393 Program as specified in the General Appropriations Act. These 3394 funds shall be provided as a supplement to the funds 3395 appropriated for the basic funding level and shall be included 3396 in the total funds of each district. The supplemental academic 3397 instruction allocation shall consist of a base amount that has a 3398 workload adjustment based on changes in unweighted FTE. In 3399 addition, districts that have elementary schools included in the 3400 300 lowest-performing schools designation shall be allocated 3401 additional funds to assist those districts in providing 3402 intensive reading instruction to students in those schools. The 3403 amount provided shall be based on each district's level of per-

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3404 student funding in the reading instruction allocation and the 3405 supplemental academic instruction categorical fund and on the total FTE for each of the schools. The supplemental academic 3406 3407 instruction allocation categorical funding shall be recalculated 3408 during the fiscal year following an updated designation of the 3409 300 lowest-performing elementary schools and shall be based on 3410 actual student membership from the FTE surveys. Upon 3411 recalculation of funding for the supplemental academic 3412 instruction allocation <del>categorical fund</del>, if the total allocation 3413 is greater than the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act, the allocation shall be prorated to the 3414 3415 level provided to support the appropriation, based on each district's share of the total. 3416

3417 4. Effective with the 1999-2000 fiscal year, Funding on the 3418 basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be 3419 provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile 3420 justice education programs or in education programs for 3421 juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs under s. 3422 985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day 3423 school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided 3424 through the supplemental academic instruction allocation and 3425 other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample 3426 flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to 3427 assist students in progressing from grade to grade and 3428 graduating.

3429 5. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is 3430 authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust 3431 Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in 3432 reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires

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3433 remediation at a postsecondary educational institution. 3434 6. Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, dropout 3435 prevention programs as defined in ss. 1003.52, 1003.53(1)(a), 3436 (b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in group 1 programs 3437 under subparagraph (d)3.

(0) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s. 1003.4203.-

1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student
membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool
certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school
grades.

3451 b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student 3452 membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a 3453 course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded 3454 CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry 3455 certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry 3456 Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the State Board of Education. A value of 0.2 full-time equivalent 3457 3458 membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a 3459 CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation 3460 agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not 3461



3462 articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall 3463 assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE 3464 3465 membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to sub-3466 subparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to 3467 satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification 3468 under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an 3469 elementary or middle grades student may not exceed 0.1 for 3470 certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal 3471 year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned 3472 values on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under 3473 rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to 3474 the total full-time equivalent student membership for grades 6 3475 through 12 in the subsequent year. CAPE industry certifications 3476 earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded 3477 pursuant to s. 1011.80. However, if a student earns a 3478 certification through a dual enrollment course and the 3479 certification is not a fundable certification on the 3480 postsecondary certification funding list, or the dual enrollment 3481 certification is earned as a result of an agreement between a 3482 school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, the 3483 bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as other nondual 3484 enrollment course industry certifications. In such cases, the 3485 school district may provide for an agreement between the high 3486 school and the technical center, or the school district and the 3487 postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement for 3488 equitable distribution of the bonus funds.

3489 c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership 3490 shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and



3491 the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry 3492 Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner 3493 pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(a) and 1008.44.

3494 d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership 3495 shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry 3496 Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit 3497 hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be 3498 calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that 3499 articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE 3500 Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the 3501 commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44.

2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program.

3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent membership under subparagraph 1.:

a. A bonus of \$25 for each student taught by a teacher who
provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
Funding List with a weight of 0.1.

b. A bonus of \$50 for each student taught by a teacher who
provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification

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3520 Funding List with a weight of 0.2.

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3521 c. A bonus of \$75 for each student taught by a teacher who 3522 provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a 3523 CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification 3524 Funding List with a weight of 0.3.

3525 d. A bonus of \$100 for each student taught by a teacher who
3526 provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
3527 CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
3528 Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0.

Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to 3530 3531 teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which 3532 the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the 3533 calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the 3534 associated weight of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE 3535 Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the 3536 certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a 3537 teacher pursuant to under this paragraph is in addition to any 3538 regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled 3539 to receive. A bonus may not be awarded to a teacher who fails to 3540 maintain the security of any CAPE industry certification 3541 examination or who otherwise violates the security or 3542 administration protocol of any assessment instrument that may 3543 result in a bonus being awarded to the teacher under this 3544 paragraph.

(t) Computation for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program.—The State Board of Education may adopt rules establishing programs, industry certifications, and courses for which the student may earn credit toward high school graduation



3549 and the criteria under which a student's industry certification 3550 or grade may be rescinded. 3551 (6) CATEGORICAL FUNDS.-3552 (b) If a district school board finds and declares in a 3553 resolution adopted at a regular meeting of the school board that 3554 the funds received for any of the following categorical 3555 appropriations are urgently needed to maintain school board 3556 specified academic classroom instruction or improve school 3557 safety, the school board may consider and approve an amendment 3558 to the school district operating budget transferring the 3559 identified amount of the categorical funds to the appropriate 3560 account for expenditure: 3561 1. Funds for student transportation. 3562 2. Funds for safe schools. 3563 3. Funds for supplemental academic instruction if the 3564 required additional hour of instruction beyond the normal school 3565 day for each day of the entire school year has been provided for 3566 the students in each low-performing elementary school in the 3567 district pursuant to paragraph (1)(f). 3568 2.4. Funds for research-based reading instruction if the 3569 required additional hour of instruction beyond the normal school 3570 day for each day of the entire school year has been provided for 3571 the students in each low-performing elementary school in the 3572 district pursuant to paragraph (9)(a). 3573 3.5. Funds for instructional materials if all instructional 3574 material purchases necessary to provide updated materials that 3575 are aligned with applicable state standards and course 3576 descriptions and that meet statutory requirements of content and

learning have been completed for that fiscal year, but no sooner

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3578 than March 1. Funds available after March 1 may be used to 3579 purchase hardware for student instruction.

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(9) RESEARCH-BASED READING INSTRUCTION ALLOCATION. -

3581 (a) The research-based reading instruction allocation is 3582 created to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students 3583 in kindergarten through grade 12. Each school district that has 3584 one or more of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools 3585 based on a 3-year average of the state reading assessment data 3586 shall give priority to using that school's portion of the 3587 allocation to provide providing an additional hour per day of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day for 3588 3589 each day of the entire school year for the students in each 3590 school. The designation of the 300 lowest-performing elementary 3591 schools must be based on the state reading assessment for the 3592 prior year. Students enrolled in these schools who earned a have 3593 level 4 or level 5 score on the statewide, standardized English 3594 Language Arts assessment for the previous school year scores may 3595 participate in the additional hour of instruction on an optional 3596 basis. Exceptional student education centers may not be included 3597 in the 300 schools. The intensive reading instruction delivered 3598 in this additional hour and for other students shall include: 3599 research-based reading instruction that has been proven to 3600 accelerate progress of students exhibiting a reading deficiency; 3601 differentiated instruction based on screening, diagnostic, 3602 progress monitoring, or student assessment data to meet 3603 students' specific reading needs; explicit and systematic 3604 reading strategies to develop phonemic awareness, phonics, 3605 fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, with more extensive opportunities for guided practice, error correction, and 3606



3607 feedback; and the integration of social studies, science, and 3608 mathematics-text reading, text discussion, and writing in response to reading. 3609

3610 (c) Funds allocated under this subsection must be used to 3611 provide a system of comprehensive reading instruction to 3612 students enrolled in the K-12 programs, which may include the 3613 following:

3614 1. The provision of An additional hour per day of intensive 3615 reading instruction to students in the 300 lowest-performing 3616 elementary schools by teachers and reading specialists who have 3617 demonstrated effectiveness in teaching reading as required in 3618 paragraph (a).

2. Kindergarten through grade 5 reading intervention teachers to provide intensive intervention during the school day and in the required extra hour for students identified as having a reading deficiency.

3. The provision of Highly qualified reading coaches to specifically support teachers in making instructional decisions based on student data, and improve teacher delivery of effective reading instruction, intervention, and reading in the content areas based on student need.

3628 4. Professional development for school district teachers in 3629 scientifically based reading instruction, including strategies to teach reading in content areas and with an emphasis on technical and informational text, to help school district 3631 3632 teachers earn a certification or an endorsement in reading.

3633 5. The provision of Summer reading camps, using only 3634 teachers or other district personnel who are certified or endorsed in reading consistent with s. 1008.25(7)(b)3., for all 3635

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3636 students in kindergarten through grade 2 who demonstrate a 3637 reading deficiency as determined by district and state 3638 assessments, and students in grades 3 through 5 who score at 3639 Level 1 on the statewide, standardized reading assessment or, 3640 upon implementation, the English Language Arts assessment.

6. The provision of Supplemental instructional materials that are grounded in scientifically based reading research <u>as</u> <u>identified by the Just Read</u>, Florida! Office pursuant to s. <u>1001.215(8)</u>.

7. The provision of Intensive interventions for students in kindergarten through grade 12 who have been identified as having a reading deficiency or who are reading below grade level as determined by the statewide, standardized <u>English Language Arts</u> assessment.

3650 (d)1. Annually, by a date determined by the Department of 3651 Education but before May 1, school districts shall submit a K-12 3652 comprehensive reading plan for the specific use of the research-3653 based reading instruction allocation in the format prescribed by 3654 the department for review and approval by the Just Read, 3655 Florida! Office created pursuant to s. 1001.215. The plan 3656 annually submitted by school districts shall be deemed approved 3657 unless the department rejects the plan on or before June 1. If a 3658 school district and the Just Read, Florida! Office cannot reach 3659 agreement on the contents of the plan, the school district may 3660 appeal to the State Board of Education for resolution. School 3661 districts shall be allowed reasonable flexibility in designing 3662 their plans and shall be encouraged to offer reading 3663 intervention through innovative methods, including career 3664 academies. The plan format shall be developed with input from

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3665 school district personnel, including teachers and principals, 3666 and shall provide for allow courses in core, career, and 3667 alternative programs that deliver intensive reading 3668 interventions remediation through integrated curricula, provided 3669 that, beginning with the 2020-2021 school year, the 3670 interventions are delivered by a teacher who is certified or 3671 endorsed in reading. Such interventions must incorporate 3672 strategies identified by the Just Read, Florida! Office pursuant 3673 to s. 1001.215(8) deemed highly qualified to teach reading or 3674 working toward that status. No later than July 1 annually, the 3675 department shall release the school district's allocation of 3676 appropriated funds to those districts having approved plans. A 3677 school district that spends 100 percent of this allocation on 3678 its approved plan shall be deemed to have been in compliance 3679 with the plan. The department may withhold funds upon a 3680 determination that reading instruction allocation funds are not 3681 being used to implement the approved plan. The department shall 3682 monitor and track the implementation of each district plan, 3683 including conducting site visits and collecting specific data on 3684 expenditures and reading improvement results. By February 1 of 3685 each year, the department shall report its findings to the 3686 Legislature.

2. Each school district that has a school designated as one of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools as specified in paragraph (a) shall specifically delineate in the comprehensive reading plan, or in an addendum to the comprehensive reading plan, the implementation design and reading intervention strategies that will be used for the required additional hour of reading instruction. The term "reading intervention" includes

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3694 evidence-based strategies frequently used to remediate reading 3695 deficiencies and also includes individual instruction, tutoring, 3696 mentoring, or the use of technology that targets specific 3697 reading skills and abilities.

3698 Section 29. Section 1011.6202, Florida Statutes, is amended 3699 to read:

3700 1011.6202 Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative.-The 3701 Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative is created within 3702 the Department of Education. The purpose of the <del>pilot</del> program is 3703 to provide a the highly effective principal of a participating 3704 school with increased autonomy and authority to operate his or 3705 her school, as well as other schools, in a way that produces 3706 significant improvements in student achievement and school 3707 management while complying with constitutional requirements. The 3708 State Board of Education may, upon approval of a principal autonomy proposal, enter into a performance contract with the up 3709 3710 to seven district school board boards for participation in the 3711 pilot program.

3712 (1) PARTICIPATING SCHOOL DISTRICTS.-Beginning with the 3713 2018-2019 school year, contingent upon available funds, and on a 3714 first-come, first-served basis, a The district school board 3715 boards in Broward, Duval, Jefferson, Madison, Palm Beach, 3716 Pinellas, and Seminole Counties may submit, no later than 3717 December 1, to the state board for approval a principal autonomy 3718 proposal that exchanges statutory and rule exemptions for an agreement to meet performance goals established in the proposal. 3719 If approved by the state board, the each of these school 3720 3721 district is districts shall be eligible to participate in the 3722 pilot program for 3 years. At the end of the 3 years, the

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3723 performance of all participating schools in the school district 3724 shall be evaluated.

(2) PRINCIPAL AUTONOMY PROPOSAL.-

3726 (a) To participate in the pilot program, a school district 3727 must:

Identify three schools that received at least two school grades of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 during the previous 3 school years.

2. Identify three principals who have earned a highly effective rating on the prior year's performance evaluation pursuant to s. 1012.34, one of whom shall be assigned to each of the participating schools.

3. Describe the current financial and administrative management of each participating school; identify the areas in which each school principal will have increased fiscal and administrative autonomy, including the authority and responsibilities provided in s. 1012.28(8); and identify the areas in which each participating school will continue to follow district school board fiscal and administrative policies.

4. Explain the methods used to identify the educational strengths and needs of the participating school's students and identify how student achievement can be improved.

5. Establish performance goals for student achievement, as defined in s. 1008.34(1), and explain how the increased autonomy of principals will help participating schools improve student achievement and school management.

6. Provide each participating school's mission and a description of its student population.

(b) The state board shall establish criteria, which must

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3752 include the criteria listed in paragraph (a), for the approval 3753 of a principal autonomy proposal.

(c) A district school board must submit its principal autonomy proposal to the state board for approval by December 1 in order to begin participation in the subsequent school year. By February 28 of the school year in which the proposal is submitted, the state board shall notify the district school board in writing whether the proposal is approved.

(3) EXEMPTION FROM LAWS.-

(a) With the exception of those laws listed in paragraph (b), a participating school or a school operated by a principal pursuant to subsection (5) is exempt from the provisions of chapters 1000-1013 and rules of the state board that implement those exempt provisions.

(b) A participating school or a school operated by a principal pursuant to subsection (5) shall comply with the provisions of chapters 1000-1013, and rules of the state board that implement those provisions, pertaining to the following:

1. Those laws relating to the election and compensation of district school board members, the election or appointment and compensation of district school superintendents, public meetings and public records requirements, financial disclosure, and conflicts of interest.

2. Those laws relating to the student assessment program and school grading system, including chapter 1008.

3. Those laws relating to the provision of services to students with disabilities.

4. Those laws relating to civil rights, including s. 1000.05, relating to discrimination.

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3781 5. Those laws relating to student health, safety, and 3782 welfare. 6. Section 1001.42(4)(f), relating to the uniform opening 3783 3784 date for public schools. 3785 7. Section 1003.03, governing maximum class size, except 3786 that the calculation for compliance pursuant to s. 1003.03 is 3787 the average at the school level for a participating school. 3788 8. Sections 1012.22(1)(c) and 1012.27(2), relating to 3789 compensation and salary schedules. 3790 9. Section 1012.33(5), relating to workforce reductions for 3791 annual contracts for instructional personnel. This subparagraph 3792 does not apply to at-will employees. 3793 10. Section 1012.335, relating to annual contracts for 3794 instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011. This 3795 subparagraph does not apply to at-will employees. 11. Section 1012.34, relating to personnel evaluation 3796 3797 procedures and criteria. 3798 12. Those laws pertaining to educational facilities, 3799 including chapter 1013, except that s. 1013.20, relating to covered walkways for relocatables, and s. 1013.21, relating to 3800 3801 the use of relocatable facilities exceeding 20 years of age, are 3802 eligible for exemption. 3803 13. Those laws pertaining to participating school 3804 districts, including this section and ss. 1011.69(2) and 3805 1012.28(8). 3806 (c) A school shall remain exempt, as provided in this 3807 subsection, beyond the term of the program so long as the school 3808 receives no grade lower than a "B." 3809 (4) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.-Each participating school

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3810 district shall require that the principal of each participating 3811 school and a designated leadership team selected by the principal of the participating school, a three-member leadership 3812 3813 team from each participating school, and district personnel 3814 working with each participating school complete a nationally 3815 recognized school turnaround program which focuses on improving 3816 leadership, instructional infrastructure, talent management, and 3817 differentiated support and accountability. The required 3818 personnel must enroll in the nationally recognized school 3819 turnaround program upon acceptance into the pilot program. Each 3820 participating school district shall receive \$100,000 from the 3821 department for participation in the nationally recognized school 3822 turnaround program.

(5) DISTRICT INNOVATION ACADEMIES AND ZONES.-To encourage further innovation and expand the reach of highly effective principals trained pursuant to subsection (4) district school boards may authorize these principals to manage multiple schools within a zone. A zone may include the school at which the principal is assigned, persistently low-performing schools, feeder pattern schools, or a group of schools identified by the school district. The principal may allocate resources and personnel between the schools under his or her administration.

3832 (6) (5) TERM OF PARTICIPATION.—The state board shall authorize a school district to participate in the pilot program for a period of 3 years commencing with approval of the principal autonomy proposal. Authorization to participate in the pilot program may be renewed upon action of the state board. The state board may revoke authorization to participate in the pilot program if the school district fails to meet the requirements of

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3839 this section during the 3-year period.

3840 (6) REPORTINC.-Each participating school district shall 3841 submit an annual report to the state board. The state board 3842 shall annually report on the implementation of the Principal 3843 Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative. Upon completion of the pilot program's first 3-year term, the Commissioner of Education shall 3844 3845 submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 3846 House of Representatives by December 1 a full evaluation of the 3847 effectiveness of the pilot program.

(7) FUNDING.-Subject to an annual appropriation, The Legislature shall provide an appropriation to the department shall fund for the costs of the pilot program to include the, including administrative costs and enrollment costs for the nationally recognized school turnaround program required in subsection (4), and an additional amount not to exceed of \$10,000 for each participating principal in each participating district as an annual salary supplement for 3 years, a fund for the principal's school to be used at the principal's discretion, or both, as determined by the district. To be eligible for a salary supplement under this subsection, a participating principal must:

(a) Be rated "highly effective" as determined by the principal's performance evaluation under s. 1012.34;

(b) Be transferred to a school that earned a grade of "F" or <u>two</u> three consecutive grades of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34, <u>or manage, pursuant to subsection (5), a persistently low-</u> <u>performing school</u> and provided additional authority and responsibilities pursuant to s. 1012.28(8); and (c) Have implemented a turnaround option under s. 1008.33

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3868 s. 1008.33(4) at a school as the school's principal. The 3869 turnaround option must have resulted in the school improving by 3870 at least one letter grade while he or she was serving as the 3871 school's principal.

(8) RULEMAKING.-The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 30. Subsection (5) of section 1011.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1011.69 Equity in School-Level Funding Act.-

3877 (5) After providing Title I, Part A, Basic funds to schools 3878 above the 75 percent poverty threshold, which may include high 3879 schools above the 50 percent threshold as permitted by federal 3880 law, school districts shall provide any remaining Title I, Part 3881 A, Basic funds directly to all eligible schools as provided in 3882 this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, an eligible 3883 school is a school that is eligible to receive Title I funds, 3884 including a charter school. The threshold for identifying eligible schools may not exceed the threshold established by a 3885 3886 school district for the 2016-2017 school year or the statewide 3887 percentage of economically disadvantaged students, as determined 3888 annually.

(a) Prior to the allocation of Title I funds to eligible schools, a school district may withhold funds only as follows:

1. One percent for parent involvement, in addition to the one percent the district must reserve under federal law for allocations to eligible schools for parent involvement;

3894 2. A necessary and reasonable amount for administration, 3895 which includes the district's indirect cost rate, not to exceed 3896 a total of 10 <del>8</del> percent; and

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3903of origin or choice programs; and-39044. A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 13905percent, for eligible schools to provide educational service3906accordance with the approved Title I plan.3907(b) All remaining Title I funds shall be distributed to3908eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation3909An eligible school may use funds under this subsection to3910participate in discretionary educational services provided b3911the school district. Any funds provided by an eligible school3912participate in discretionary educational services provided b3913the school district are not subject to the requirements of ti3914subsection.3915(c) Any funds carried forward by the school district are3918not subject to the requirements of this subsection.39191011.71 District school tax3920(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided3921subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.53923schools pursuant to s. 1013.62(1) and (3) s. 1013.62(3) and3924district schools to fund:		
3899b. Delinquent and neglected programs;3900c. Prekindergarten programs and activities;3901d. Private school equitable services; and3902e. Transportation for foster care children to their sch3903of origin or choice programs; and-39044. A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 13905percent, for eligible schools to provide educational service3906accordance with the approved Title I plan.3907(b) All remaining Title I funds shall be distributed to3908eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation3909An eligible school may use funds under this subsection to3911participate in discretionary educational services provided b3912participate in discretionary educational services provided b3913the school district are not subject to the requirements of ti3914subsection.3915(c) Any funds carried forward by the school district are3917Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida3918Statutes, is amended to read:39191011.71 District school tax3920(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided3921subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.53922mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char3923schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3) e. 1013.62(3)</u> and3924district schools to fund:	3897	3. A reasonable and necessary amount to provide:
<ul> <li>c. Prekindergarten programs and activities;</li> <li>d. Private school equitable services; and</li> <li>e. Transportation for foster care children to their school of origin or choice programs; and-</li> <li>4. A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 1</li> <li>percent, for eligible schools to provide educational service</li> <li>accordance with the approved Title I plan.</li> <li>(b) All remaining Title I funds shall be distributed to</li> <li>eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation</li> <li>An eligible school may use funds under this subsection to</li> <li>participate in discretionary educational services provided b</li> <li>the school district. Any funds provided by an eligible school</li> <li>participate in discretionary educational services provided b</li> <li>the school district are not subject to the requirements of t</li> <li>subsection.</li> <li>(c) Any funds carried forward by the school district are</li> <li>not subject to the requirements of this subsection.</li> <li>Statutes, is amended to read:</li> <li>1011.71 District school tax</li> <li>(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided</li> <li>subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5</li> <li>mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char</li> <li>schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3) s. 1013.62(3)</u> and</li> </ul>	3898	a. Homeless programs;
3901d. Private school equitable services; and3902e. Transportation for foster care children to their sch3903of origin or choice programs; and.39044. A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 13905percent, for eligible schools to provide educational service3906accordance with the approved Title I plan.3907(b) All remaining Title I funds shall be distributed to3908eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation3909An eligible school may use funds under this subsection to3910participate in discretionary educational services provided by3911the school district. Any funds provided by an eligible school3914subsection.3915(c) Any funds carried forward by the school district are3916not subject to the requirements of this subsection.3917Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida39181011.71 District school tax3929(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided3921subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.53922mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char3923schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and3924district schools to fund:	3899	b. Delinquent and neglected programs;
<ul> <li>e. Transportation for foster care children to their school of origin or choice programs; and.</li> <li>4. A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 1</li> <li>percent, for eligible schools to provide educational service</li> <li>accordance with the approved Title I plan.</li> <li>(b) All remaining Title I funds shall be distributed to</li> <li>eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation</li> <li>An eligible school may use funds under this subsection to</li> <li>participate in discretionary educational services provided by</li> <li>the school district. Any funds provided by an eligible school</li> <li>participate in discretionary educational services provided by</li> <li>the school district are not subject to the requirements of time</li> <li>subsection.</li> <li>(c) Any funds carried forward by the school district are</li> <li>not subject to the requirements of this subsection.</li> <li>Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida</li> <li>Statutes, is amended to read:</li> <li>1011.71 District school tax</li> <li>(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided</li> <li>subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5</li> <li>mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char</li> <li>schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> s. 1013.62(3) and</li> </ul>	3900	c. Prekindergarten programs and activities;
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3917 Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida 3918 Statutes, is amended to read: 3919 1011.71 District school tax 3920 (2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided 3921 subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 3922 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char 3923 schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and 3924 district schools to fund:	3915	(c) Any funds carried forward by the school district are
3918 Statutes, is amended to read: 3919 1011.71 District school tax 3920 (2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided 3921 subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 3922 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char 3923 schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and 3924 district schools to fund:	3916	not subject to the requirements of this subsection.
3919 1011.71 District school tax 3920 (2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided 3921 subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 3922 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char 3923 schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and 3924 district schools to fund:	3917	Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida
3920 (2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided 3921 subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 3922 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char 3923 schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and 3924 district schools to fund:	3918	Statutes, is amended to read:
3921 subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 3922 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char 3923 schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and 3924 district schools to fund:	3919	1011.71 District school tax
3922 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for char 3923 schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and 3924 district schools to fund:	3920	(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided in
3923 schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1) and (3)</u> <del>s. 1013.62(3)</del> and 3924 district schools to fund:	3921	subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5
3924 district schools to fund:	3922	mills against the taxable value for school purposes for charter
	3923	schools pursuant to <u>s. 1013.62(1)</u> and (3) <del>s. <math>1013.62(3)</math></del> and for
3925 (a) New construction and remodeling projects, as set for	3924	district schools to fund:
	3925	(a) New construction and remodeling projects, as set forth

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in <u>s. 1013.64(6)(b)</u> <del>s. 1013.64(3)(d) and (6)(b)</del> and included in the district's educational plant survey pursuant to s. 1013.31, without regard to prioritization, sites and site improvement or expansion to new sites, existing sites, auxiliary facilities, athletic facilities, or ancillary facilities.

(b) Maintenance, renovation, and repair of existing school plants or of leased facilities to correct deficiencies pursuant to s. 1013.15(2).

(c) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of school buses.

3935 (d) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and 3936 replacement equipment; computer and device hardware and 3937 operating system software necessary for gaining access to or 3938 enhancing the use of electronic and digital instructional 3939 content and resources; and enterprise resource software 3940 applications that are classified as capital assets in accordance 3941 with definitions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, 3942 have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support districtwide administration or state-mandated reporting 3943 3944 requirements. Enterprise resource software may be acquired by 3945 annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease agreements.

3946 (e) Payments for educational facilities and sites due under 3947 a lease-purchase agreement entered into by a district school 3948 board pursuant to s. 1003.02(1)(f) or s. 1013.15(2), not 3949 exceeding, in the aggregate, an amount equal to three-fourths of 3950 the proceeds from the millage levied by a district school board 3951 pursuant to this subsection. The three-fourths limit is waived 3952 for lease-purchase agreements entered into before June 30, 2009, 3953 by a district school board pursuant to this paragraph. If payments under lease-purchase agreements in the aggregate, 3954

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3955 including lease-purchase agreements entered into before June 30, 2009, exceed three-fourths of the proceeds from the millage 3956 levied pursuant to this subsection, the district school board 3957 3958 may not withhold the administrative fees authorized by s. 3959 1002.33(20) from any charter school operating in the school 3960 district. 3961 (f) Payment of loans approved pursuant to ss. 1011.14 and 3962 1011.15. 3963 (g) Payment of costs directly related to complying with 3964 state and federal environmental statutes, rules, and regulations 3965 governing school facilities. 3966 (h) Payment of costs of leasing relocatable educational 3967 facilities, of renting or leasing educational facilities and 3968 sites pursuant to s. 1013.15(2), or of renting or leasing 3969 buildings or space within existing buildings pursuant to s. 3970 1013.15(4). 3971 (i) Payment of the cost of school buses when a school 3972 district contracts with a private entity to provide student 3973 transportation services if the district meets the requirements 3974 of this paragraph. 3975 1. The district's contract must require that the private entity purchase, lease-purchase, or lease, and operate and 3976 3977 maintain, one or more school buses of a specific type and size 3978 that meet the requirements of s. 1006.25. 3979 2. Each such school bus must be used for the daily 3980 transportation of public school students in the manner required 3981 by the school district. 3982 3. Annual payment for each such school bus may not exceed 3983 10 percent of the purchase price of the state pool bid.

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3984 4. The proposed expenditure of the funds for this purpose 3985 must have been included in the district school board's notice of 3986 proposed tax for school capital outlay as provided in s. 3987 200.065(10). 3988 (j) Payment of the cost of the opening day collection for 3989 the library media center of a new school. 3990 (k) Payout of sick leave and annual leave accrued as of 3991 June 30, 2017, by individuals who are no longer employed by a 3992 school district that transfers to a charter school operator all 3993 day-to-day classroom instruction responsibility for all full-3994 time equivalent students funded under s. 1011.62. This paragraph 3995 expires July 1, 2018. 3996 Section 32. Subsection (4) of section 1012.2315, Florida 3997 Statutes, is amended to read: 3998 1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.-3999 (4) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.-4000 (a) Notwithstanding provisions of chapter 447 relating to 4001 district school board collective bargaining, collective 4002 bargaining provisions may not preclude a school district from 4003 providing incentives to high-quality teachers and assigning such 4004 teachers to low-performing schools. 4005 (b) Before the start of the 2019-2020 school year, each 4006 school district and the certified collective bargaining unit for 4007 instructional personnel shall negotiate a memorandum of 4008 understanding that addresses the selection, placement, and 4009 expectations of instructional personnel and provides school 4010 principals with the autonomy described in s. 1012.28(8). 4011 (c)1. In addition to the provisions under s. 447.305(2), an 4012 employee organization that has been certified as the bargaining

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4013 agent for a unit of instructional personnel as defined in s. 4014 1012.01(2) must include for each such certified bargaining unit 4015 the following information in its application for renewal of 4016 registration: 4017 a. The number of employees in the bargaining unit who are 4018 eligible for representation by the employee organization. 4019 b. The number of employees who are represented by the 4020 employee organization, specifying the number of members who pay 4021 dues and the number of members who do not pay dues. 4022 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 447 relating 4023 to collective bargaining, an employee organization whose dues paying membership is less than 50 percent of the employees 4024 4025 eligible for representation in the unit, as identified in 4026 subparagraph 1., must petition the Public Employees Relations 4027 Commission pursuant to s. 447.307(2) and (3) for recertification 4028 as the exclusive representative of all employees in the unit 4029 within 1 month after the date on which the organization applies 4030 for renewal of registration pursuant to s. 447.305(2). The 4031 certification of an employee organization that does not comply 4032 with this paragraph is revoked. 4033 Section 33. Subsection (8) of section 1012.28, Florida 4034 Statutes, is amended to read: 4035 1012.28 Public school personnel; duties of school 4036 principals.-4037 (8) The principal of a school participating in the 4038 Principal Autonomy Pilot Program Initiative under s. 1011.6202 4039 has the following additional authority and responsibilities: 4040 (a) In addition to the authority provided in subsection (6), the authority to select qualified instructional personnel 4041

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4042 for placement or to refuse to accept the placement or transfer 4043 of instructional personnel by the district school 4044 superintendent. Placement of instructional personnel at a 4045 participating school in a participating school district does not 4046 affect the employee's status as a school district employee.

(b) The authority to deploy financial resources to school programs at the principal's discretion to help improve student achievement, as defined in s. 1008.34(1), and meet performance goals identified in the principal autonomy proposal submitted pursuant to s. 1011.6202.

(c) To annually provide to the district school superintendent and the district school board a budget for the operation of the participating school that identifies how funds provided pursuant to s. 1011.69(2) are allocated. The school district shall include the budget in the annual report provided to the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1011.6202(6).

Section 34. Section 1012.315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.315 Disqualification from employment.—A person is ineligible for educator certification, and instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, are ineligible for employment in any position that requires direct contact with students in a district school system, charter school, or private school that accepts scholarship students <u>who participate in a state scholarship program under</u> <u>chapter 1002</u> <del>under s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395</del>, if the person, instructional personnel, or school administrator has been convicted of:

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(1) Any felony offense prohibited under any of the



4071 following statutes: (a) Section 393.135, relating to sexual misconduct with 4072 4073 certain developmentally disabled clients and reporting of such 4074 sexual misconduct. 4075 (b) Section 394.4593, relating to sexual misconduct with 4076 certain mental health patients and reporting of such sexual 4077 misconduct. 4078 (c) Section 415.111, relating to adult abuse, neglect, or 4079 exploitation of aged persons or disabled adults. 4080 (d) Section 782.04, relating to murder. (e) Section 782.07, relating to manslaughter, aggravated 4081 4082 manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult, aggravated 4083 manslaughter of a child, or aggravated manslaughter of an 4084 officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a 4085 paramedic. (f) Section 784.021, relating to aggravated assault. 4086 4087 (g) Section 784.045, relating to aggravated battery. (h) Section 784.075, relating to battery on a detention or 4088 4089 commitment facility staff member or a juvenile probation 4090 officer. 4091 (i) Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping. 4092 (j) Section 787.02, relating to false imprisonment. 4093 (k) Section 787.025, relating to luring or enticing a child. 4094 4095 (1) Section 787.04(2), relating to leading, taking, 4096 enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or 4097 concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending 4098 custody proceedings. (m) Section 787.04(3), relating to leading, taking, 4099



4100	enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or
4101	concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending
4102	dependency proceedings or proceedings concerning alleged abuse
4103	or neglect of a minor.
4104	(n) Section 790.115(1), relating to exhibiting firearms or
4105	weapons at a school-sponsored event, on school property, or
4106	within 1,000 feet of a school.
4107	(o) Section 790.115(2)(b), relating to possessing an
4108	electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon
4109	at a school-sponsored event or on school property.
4110	(p) Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery.
4111	(q) Former s. 794.041, relating to sexual activity with or
4112	solicitation of a child by a person in familial or custodial
4113	authority.
4114	(r) Section 794.05, relating to unlawful sexual activity
4115	with certain minors.
4116	(s) Section 794.08, relating to female genital mutilation.
4117	(t) Chapter 796, relating to prostitution.
4118	(u) Chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent
4119	exposure.
4120	(v) Section 806.01, relating to arson.
4121	(w) Section 810.14, relating to voyeurism.
4122	(x) Section 810.145, relating to video voyeurism.
4123	(y) Section 812.014(6), relating to coordinating the
4124	commission of theft in excess of \$3,000.
4125	(z) Section 812.0145, relating to theft from persons 65
4126	years of age or older.
4127	(aa) Section 812.019, relating to dealing in stolen
4128	property.



4129	(bb) Section 812.13, relating to robbery.
4130	(cc) Section 812.131, relating to robbery by sudden
4131	snatching.
4132	(dd) Section 812.133, relating to carjacking.
4133	(ee) Section 812.135, relating to home-invasion robbery.
4134	(ff) Section 817.563, relating to fraudulent sale of
4135	controlled substances.
4136	(gg) Section 825.102, relating to abuse, aggravated abuse,
4137	or neglect of an elderly person or disabled adult.
4138	(hh) Section 825.103, relating to exploitation of an
4139	elderly person or disabled adult.
4140	(ii) Section 825.1025, relating to lewd or lascivious
4141	offenses committed upon or in the presence of an elderly person
4142	or disabled person.
4143	(jj) Section 826.04, relating to incest.
4144	(kk) Section 827.03, relating to child abuse, aggravated
4145	child abuse, or neglect of a child.
4146	(ll) Section 827.04, relating to contributing to the
4147	delinquency or dependency of a child.
4148	(mm) Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by a
4149	child.
4150	(nn) Section 843.01, relating to resisting arrest with
4151	violence.
4152	(oo) Chapter 847, relating to obscenity.
4153	(pp) Section 874.05, relating to causing, encouraging,
4154	soliciting, or recruiting another to join a criminal street
4155	gang.
4156	(qq) Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and
4157	control, if the offense was a felony of the second degree or



4158	greater severity.
4159	(rr) Section 916.1075, relating to sexual misconduct with
4160	certain forensic clients and reporting of such sexual
4161	misconduct.
4162	(ss) Section 944.47, relating to introduction, removal, or
4163	possession of contraband at a correctional facility.
4164	(tt) Section 985.701, relating to sexual misconduct in
4165	juvenile justice programs.
4166	(uu) Section 985.711, relating to introduction, removal, or
4167	possession of contraband at a juvenile detention facility or
4168	commitment program.
4169	(2) Any misdemeanor offense prohibited under any of the
4170	following statutes:
4171	(a) Section 784.03, relating to battery, if the victim of
4172	the offense was a minor.
4173	(b) Section 787.025, relating to luring or enticing a
4174	child.
4175	(3) Any criminal act committed in another state or under
4176	federal law which, if committed in this state, constitutes an
4177	offense prohibited under any statute listed in subsection (1) or
4178	subsection (2).
4179	(4) Any delinquent act committed in this state or any
4180	delinquent or criminal act committed in another state or under
4181	federal law which, if committed in this state, qualifies an
4182	individual for inclusion on the Registered Juvenile Sex Offender
4183	List under s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.d.
4184	Section 35. Subsection (2) of section 1012.32, Florida
4185	Statutes, is amended to read:
4186	1012.32 Qualifications of personnel

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(2) (a) Instructional and noninstructional personnel who are hired or contracted to fill positions that require direct contact with students in any district school system or university lab school must, upon employment or engagement to provide services, undergo background screening as required under s. 1012.465 or s. 1012.56, whichever is applicable.

(b) Instructional and noninstructional personnel who are hired or contracted to fill positions in any charter school and members of the governing board of any charter school, in compliance with s. 1002.33(12)(g), must, upon employment, engagement of services, or appointment, undergo background screening as required under s. 1012.465 or s. 1012.56, whichever is applicable, by filing with the district school board for the school district in which the charter school is located a complete set of fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or an employee of the school or school district who is trained to take fingerprints.

(c) Instructional and noninstructional personnel who are hired or contracted to fill positions that require direct contact with students in an alternative school that operates under contract with a district school system must, upon employment or engagement to provide services, undergo background screening as required under s. 1012.465 or s. 1012.56, whichever is applicable, by filing with the district school board for the school district to which the alternative school is under contract a complete set of fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or an employee of the school or school district who is trained to take fingerprints.

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(d) Student teachers and persons participating in a field

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4216 experience pursuant to s. 1004.04(5) or s. 1004.85 in any 4217 district school system, lab school, or charter school must, upon 4218 engagement to provide services, undergo background screening as 4219 required under s. 1012.56.

4221 Fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law 4222 Enforcement for statewide criminal and juvenile records checks 4223 and to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for federal criminal 4224 records checks. A person subject to this subsection who is found 4225 ineligible for employment under s. 1012.315, or otherwise found 4226 through background screening to have been convicted of any crime 4227 involving moral turpitude as defined by rule of the State Board 4228 of Education, shall not be employed, engaged to provide 4229 services, or serve in any position that requires direct contact 4230 with students. Probationary persons subject to this subsection 4231 terminated because of their criminal record have the right to 4232 appeal such decisions. The cost of the background screening may 4233 be borne by the district school board, the charter school, the 4234 employee, the contractor, or a person subject to this 4235 subsection. A district school board shall reimburse a charter 4236 school the cost of background screening if it does not notify 4237 the charter school of the eligibility of a governing board 4238 members or instructional or noninstructional personnel within 42.39 the earlier of 14 days after receipt of the background screening 4240 results from the Florida Department of Law Enforcement or 30 4241 days of submission of fingerprints by the governing board member 4242 or instructional or noninstructional personnel.

4243 Section 36. Section 1012.562, Florida Statutes, is amended 4244 to read:



4245 1012.562 Public accountability and state approval of school 4246 leader preparation programs.-The Department of Education shall 4247 establish a process for the approval of Level I and Level II 4248 school leader preparation programs that will enable aspiring 4249 school leaders to obtain their certificate in educational 4250 leadership under s. 1012.56. School leader preparation programs 4251 must be competency-based, aligned to the principal leadership 4252 standards adopted by the state board, and open to individuals employed by public schools, including charter schools and 42.5.3 4254 virtual schools. Level I programs may be offered by school 4255 districts or postsecondary institutions and lead to initial 4256 certification in educational leadership for the purpose of 4257 preparing individuals to serve as school administrators. Level 4258 II programs may be offered by school districts, build upon Level 4259 I training, and lead to renewal certification as a school 4260 principal.

4261 (1) PURPOSE.—The purpose of school leader preparation 4262 programs are to:

(a) Increase the supply of effective school leaders in the public schools of this state.

(b) Produce school leaders who are prepared to lead the state's diverse student population in meeting high standards for academic achievement.

4268 (c) Enable school leaders to facilitate the development and 4269 retention of effective and highly effective classroom teachers.

4270 (d) Produce leaders with the competencies and skills4271 necessary to achieve the state's education goals.

4272 (e) Sustain the state system of school improvement and 4273 education accountability.

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(2) LEVEL I PROGRAMS.-

(a) Initial approval of a Level I program shall be for a period of 5 years. A postsecondary institution, or school district, charter school, or charter management organization may submit to the department in a format prescribed by the department an application to establish a Level I school leader preparation program. To be approved, a Level I program must:

1. Provide competency-based training aligned to the principal leadership standards adopted by the State Board of Education.

2. If the program is provided by a postsecondary institution, partner with at least one school district.

3. Describe the qualifications that will be used to determine program admission standards, including a candidate's instructional expertise and leadership potential.

4. Describe how the training provided through the program will be aligned to the personnel evaluation criteria under s. 1012.34.

(b) Renewal of a Level I program's approval shall be for a period of 5 years and shall be based upon evidence of the program's continued ability to meet the requirements of paragraph (a). A postsecondary institution or school district must submit an institutional program evaluation plan in a format prescribed by the department for a Level I program to be considered for renewal. The plan must include:

The percentage of personnel who complete the program and
 are placed in school leadership positions in public schools
 within the state.

2. Results from the personnel evaluations required under s.



4303 1012.34 for personnel who complete the program.

3. The passage rate of personnel who complete the program on the Florida Education Leadership Examination.

4. The impact personnel who complete the program have on student learning as measured by the formulas developed by the commissioner pursuant to s. 1012.34(7).

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5. Strategies for continuous improvement of the program.

6. Strategies for involving personnel who complete the program, other school personnel, community agencies, business representatives, and other stakeholders in the program evaluation process.

7. Additional data included at the discretion of the postsecondary institution or school district.

4316 (c) A Level I program must guarantee the high quality of 4317 personnel who complete the program for the first 2 years after program completion or the person's initial certification as a 4318 4319 school leader, whichever occurs first. If a person who completed 4320 the program is evaluated at less than highly effective or 4321 effective under s. 1012.34 and the person's employer requests 4322 additional training, the Level I program must provide additional 4323 training at no cost to the person or his or her employer. The 4324 training must include the creation of an individualized plan 4325 agreed to by the employer that includes specific learning 4326 outcomes. The Level I program is not responsible for the 4327 person's employment contract with his or her employer.

4328 (3) LEVEL II PROGRAMS.-Initial approval and subsequent
4329 renewal of a Level II program shall be for a period of 5 years.
4330 A school district, charter school, or charter management
4331 organization may submit to the department in a format prescribed



4332	by the department an application to establish a Level II school
4333	leader preparation program or for program renewal. To be
4334	approved or renewed, a Level II program must:
4335	(a) Demonstrate that personnel accepted into the Level II
4336	program have:
4337	1. Obtained their certificate in educational leadership
4338	under s. 1012.56.
4339	2. Earned a highly effective or effective designation under
4340	s. 1012.34.
4341	3. Satisfactorily performed instructional leadership
4342	responsibilities as measured by the evaluation system in s.
4343	1012.34.
4344	(b) Demonstrate that the Level II program:
4345	1. Provides competency-based training aligned to the
4346	principal leadership standards adopted by the State Board of
4347	Education.
4348	2. Provides training aligned to the personnel evaluation
4349	criteria under s. 1012.34 and professional development program
4350	in s. 1012.986.
4351	3. Provides individualized instruction using a customized
4352	learning plan for each person enrolled in the program that is
4353	based on data from self-assessment, selection, and appraisal
4354	instruments.
4355	4. Conducts program evaluations and implements program
4356	improvements using input from personnel who completed the
4357	program and employers and data gathered pursuant to paragraph
4358	(2)(b).
4359	(c) Gather and monitor the data specified in paragraph
4360	(2)(b).

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4361 (4) RULES.-The State Board of Education shall adopt rules 4362 to administer this section. 4363 Section 37. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1012.586, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4364 1012.586 Additions or changes to certificates; duplicate 4365 4366 certificates.-A school district may process via a Department of 4367 Education website certificates for the following applications of 4368 public school employees: 4369 (1) Addition of a subject coverage or endorsement to a 4370 valid Florida certificate on the basis of the completion of the 4371 appropriate subject area testing requirements of s. 4372 1012.56(5)(a) or the completion of the requirements of an 4373 approved school district program or the inservice components for 4374 an endorsement. 4375 (b) By July 1, 2018, and at least once every 5 years 4376 thereafter, the department shall conduct a review of existing 4377 subject coverage or endorsement requirements in the elementary, 4378 reading, and exceptional student educational areas. The review 4379 must include reciprocity requirements for out-of-state 4380 certificates and requirements for demonstrating competency in 4381 the reading instruction professional development topics listed in s. 1012.98(4)(b)11. The review must also consider the award 4382 4383 of an endorsement to an individual who holds a certificate 4384 issued by an internationally recognized organization that 4385 establishes standards for providing evidence-based interventions 4386 to struggling readers or who completes a postsecondary program 4387 that is accredited by such organization. Any such certificate or 4388 program must require an individual who completes the certificate 4389 or program to demonstrate competence in reading intervention

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4390 <u>strategies through clinical experience.</u> At the conclusion of 4391 each review, the department shall recommend to the state board 4392 changes to the subject coverage or endorsement requirements 4393 based upon any identified instruction or intervention strategies 4394 proven to improve student reading performance. This paragraph 4395 does not authorize the state board to establish any new 4396 certification subject coverage.

The employing school district shall charge the employee a fee not to exceed the amount charged by the Department of Education for such services. Each district school board shall retain a portion of the fee as defined in the rules of the State Board of Education. The portion sent to the department shall be used for maintenance of the technology system, the web application, and posting and mailing of the certificate.

Section 38. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 1012.796, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.796 Complaints against teachers and administrators; procedure; penalties.-

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4410 (e) If allegations arise against an employee who is certified under s. 1012.56 and employed in an educator-4411 4412 certificated position in any public school, charter school or governing board thereof, or private school that accepts 4413 4414 scholarship students who participate in a state scholarship 4415 program under chapter 1002 under s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395, the 4416 school shall file in writing with the department a legally sufficient complaint within 30 days after the date on which the 4417 4418 subject matter of the complaint came to the attention of the

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4419 school. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains 4420 ultimate facts that show a violation has occurred as provided in 4421 s. 1012.795 and defined by rule of the State Board of Education. 4422 The school shall include all known information relating to the 4423 complaint with the filing of the complaint. This paragraph does 4424 not limit or restrict the power and duty of the department to investigate complaints, regardless of the school's untimely 4425 4426 filing, or failure to file, complaints and followup reports.

Section 39. Subsection (11) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.-

4430 (11) The department shall disseminate to the school 4431 community proven model professional development programs that 4432 have demonstrated success in increasing rigorous and relevant 4433 content, increasing student achievement and engagement, meeting 4434 identified student needs, and providing effective mentorship 4435 activities to new teachers and training to teacher mentors. The methods of dissemination must include a web-based statewide 4436 4437 performance-support system including a database of exemplary 4438 professional development activities, a listing of available 4439 professional development resources, training programs, and 4440 available technical assistance. Professional development 4441 resources must include sample course-at-a-glance and unit 4442 overview templates that school districts may use when developing 4443 curriculum. The templates must provide an organized structure 4444 for addressing the Florida Standards, grade-level expectations, 4445 evidence outcomes, and 21st century skills that build to 4446 students' mastery of the standards at each grade level. Each template must support teaching to greater intellectual depth and 4447

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4448	emphasize transfer and application of concepts, content, and
4449	skills. At a minimum, each template must:
4450	(a) Provide course or year-long sequencing of concept-based
4451	unit overviews based on the Florida Standards.
4452	(b) Describe the knowledge and vocabulary necessary for
4453	comprehension.
4454	(c) Promote the instructional shifts required within the
4455	Florida Standards.
4456	(d) Illustrate the interdependence of grade level
4457	expectations within and across content areas within a grade.
4458	Section 40. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
4459	1013.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
4460	1013.28 Disposal of property
4461	(2) TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY
4462	(a) Tangible personal property that has been properly
4463	classified as surplus by a district school board or Florida
4464	College System institution board of trustees shall be disposed
4465	of in accordance with the procedure established by chapter 274.
4466	However, the provisions of chapter 274 shall not be applicable
4467	to a motor vehicle used in driver education to which title is
4468	obtained for a token amount from an automobile dealer or
4469	manufacturer. In such cases, the disposal of the vehicle shall
4470	be as prescribed in the contractual agreement between the
4471	automotive agency or manufacturer and the board. <u>Tangible</u>
4472	personal property that has been properly classified as surplus,
4473	marked for disposal, or otherwise unused by a district school
4474	board shall be provided for a charter school's use on the same
4475	basis as it is made available to other public schools in the
4476	district. A charter school receiving property from the school

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4477 district may not sell or dispose of such property without the 4478 written permission of the school district. 4479 Section 41. Present paragraphs (a) through (d) of 4480 subsection (1) of section 1013.31, Florida Statutes, are 4481 redesignated as paragraphs (b) through (e), respectively, and a 4482 new paragraph (a) is added to that subsection, to read: 4483 1013.31 Educational plant survey; localized need 4484 assessment; PECO project funding.-4485 (1) At least every 5 years, each board shall arrange for an 4486 educational plant survey, to aid in formulating plans for 4487 housing the educational program and student population, faculty, 4488 administrators, staff, and auxiliary and ancillary services of 4489 the district or campus, including consideration of the local 4490 comprehensive plan. The Department of Education shall document 4491 the need for additional career and adult education programs and 4492 the continuation of existing programs before facility 4493 construction or renovation related to career or adult education 4494 may be included in the educational plant survey of a school 4495 district or Florida College System institution that delivers 4496 career or adult education programs. Information used by the 4497 Department of Education to establish facility needs must 4498 include, but need not be limited to, labor market data, needs 4499 analysis, and information submitted by the school district or 4500 Florida College System institution. 4501

(a) Educational plant survey and localized need assessment for capital outlay purposes.—A district may only use funds from the following sources for educational, auxiliary, and ancillary plant capital outlay purposes without needing a survey recommendation:

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4506	1. The local capital outlay improvement fund, consisting of
4507	funds that come from and are a part of the district's basic
4508	operating budget;
4509	2. If a board decides to build an educational, auxiliary,
4510	or ancillary facility without a survey recommendation and the
4511	taxpayers approve a bond referendum, the voted bond referendum;
4512	3. One-half cent sales surtax revenue;
4513	4. One cent local governmental surtax revenue;
4514	5. Impact fees; and
4515	6. Private gifts or donations.
4516	Section 42. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of
4517	section 1013.385, Florida Statutes, to read:
4518	1013.385 School district construction flexibility
4519	(2) A resolution adopted under this section may propose
4520	implementation of exceptions to requirements of the uniform
4521	statewide building code for the planning and construction of
4522	public educational and ancillary plants adopted pursuant to ss.
4523	553.73 and 1013.37 relating to:
4524	(e) Any other provisions that limit the ability of a school
4525	to operate in a facility on the same basis as a charter school
4526	pursuant to s. 1002.33(18) so long as the regional planning
4527	council determines that there is sufficient shelter capacity
4528	within the school district as documented in the Statewide
4529	Emergency Shelter Plan.
4530	Section 43. Subsections (1), (3), and (5) of section
4531	1013.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
4532	1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding
4533	(1) For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, charter school capital
4534	outlay funding shall consist of <del>revenue resulting from the</del>

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4535 discretionary millage authorized in s. 1011.71(2) and state 4536 funds when such funds are appropriated in the 2018-2019 General 4537 Appropriations Act. Beginning in fiscal year 2019-2020, charter school capital outlay funding shall consist of state funds when 4538 4539 such funds are appropriated in the General Appropriations Act 4540 and revenue resulting from the discretionary millage authorized 4541 in s. 1011.71(2) if the amount of state funds appropriated for 4542 charter school capital outlay in any fiscal year is less than 4543 the average charter school capital outlay funds per unweighted 4544 full-time equivalent student for the 2018-2019 fiscal year, 4545 multiplied by the estimated number of charter school students 4546 for the applicable fiscal year, and adjusted by changes in the 4547 Consumer Price Index issued by the United States Department of 4548 Labor from the previous fiscal year. Nothing is this subsection 4549 prohibits a school district from distributing to charter schools 4550 funds resulting from the discretionary millage authorized in s. 4551 1011.71(2).

(a) To be eligible to receive capital outlay funds, a charter school must:

1.a. Have been in operation for 2 or more years;

b. Be governed by a governing board established in the state for 2 or more years which operates both charter schools and conversion charter schools within the state;

c. Be an expanded feeder chain of a charter school within the same school district that is currently receiving charter school capital outlay funds;

d. Have been accredited by a regional accrediting
association as defined by State Board of Education rule; or
e. Serve students in facilities that are provided by a

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4564 business partner for a charter school-in-the-workplace pursuant 4565 to s. 1002.33(15)(b).

4566 2. Have an annual audit that does not reveal any of the 4567 financial emergency conditions provided in s. 218.503(1) for the most recent fiscal year for which such audit results are 4568 4569 available.

3. Have satisfactory student achievement based on state accountability standards applicable to the charter school.

4. Have received final approval from its sponsor pursuant to s. 1002.33 for operation during that fiscal year.

5. Serve students in facilities that are not provided by the charter school's sponsor.

(b) A charter school is not eligible to receive capital outlay funds if it was created by the conversion of a public school and operates in facilities provided by the charter school's sponsor for a nominal fee, or at no charge, or if it is directly or indirectly operated by the school district.

(3) If the school board levies the discretionary millage authorized in s. 1011.71(2), and the state funds appropriated for charter school capital outlay in any fiscal year are less than the average charter school capital outlay funds per unweighted full-time equivalent student for the 2018-2019 fiscal year, multiplied by the estimated number of charter school students for the applicable fiscal year, and adjusted by changes in the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States Department of Labor from the previous fiscal year, the department shall use the following calculation methodology to 4591 determine the amount of revenue that a school district must 4592 distribute to each eligible charter school:

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(a) Reduce the total discretionary millage revenue by the
school district's annual debt service obligation incurred as of
March 1, 2017, which has not been subsequently retired, and any
amount of participation requirement pursuant to s.
1013.64(2)(a)8. that is being satisfied by revenues raised by
the discretionary millage.

(b) Divide the school district's adjusted discretionary millage revenue by the district's total capital outlay full-time equivalent membership and the total number of unweighted fulltime equivalent students of each eligible charter school to determine a capital outlay allocation per full-time equivalent student.

(c) Multiply the capital outlay allocation per full-time equivalent student by the total number of full-time equivalent students of each eligible charter school to determine the capital outlay allocation for each charter school.

(d) If applicable, reduce the capital outlay allocation identified in paragraph (c) by the total amount of state funds allocated to each eligible charter school in subsection (2) to determine the maximum calculated capital outlay allocation.

(e) School districts shall distribute capital outlay funds to charter schools no later than February 1 of each year, as required by this subsection, based on the amount of funds received by the district school board, beginning on February 1, 2018, for the 2017-2018 fiscal year. School districts shall distribute any remaining capital outlay funds, as required by this subsection, upon the receipt of such funds until the total amount calculated pursuant to this subsection is distributed.



4622 By October 1 of each year, each school district shall certify to
4623 the department the amount of debt service and participation
4624 requirement that complies with the requirement of paragraph (a)
4625 and can be reduced from the total discretionary millage revenue.
4626 The Auditor General shall verify compliance with the
4627 requirements of paragraph (a) and s. 1011.71(2) (e) during
4628 scheduled operational audits of school districts.

4629 (5) If a charter school is nonrenewed or terminated, any 4630 unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with 4631 district public funds shall revert to the ownership of the 4632 district school board, as provided for in s. 1002.33(8)(d) and 4633 (e) s. 1002.33(8) (e) and (f). In the case of a charter lab 4634 school, any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property 4635 purchased with university public funds shall revert to the 4636 ownership of the state university that issued the charter. The 4637 reversion of such equipment, property, and furnishings shall 4638 focus on recoverable assets, but not on intangible or 4639 irrecoverable costs such as rental or leasing fees, normal 4640 maintenance, and limited renovations. The reversion of all 4641 property secured with public funds is subject to the complete 4642 satisfaction of all lawful liens or encumbrances. If there are additional local issues such as the shared use of facilities or 4643 4644 partial ownership of facilities or property, these issues shall 4645 be agreed to in the charter contract prior to the expenditure of 4646 funds.

4647 Section 44. For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the sum of \$
4648 \$13,750,000 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and
4649 the sum of \$850,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General
4650 Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Department of Education to

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4651 implement this act, except as provided in this section. Of the 4652 recurring funds, \$9,700,000 shall be used to fund reading scholarship accounts pursuant to s. 1002.411, Florida Statutes, 4653 4654 \$300,000 shall be provided as an administrative fee pursuant to 4655 s. 1002.411(7)(g), Florida Statutes, \$2,000,000 shall be used to 4656 implement the provisions of s. 1002.40(8), Florida Statutes, \$950,000 shall be used to implement the additional oversight 4657 requirements pursuant to s. 1002.421, Florida Statutes, \$250,000 4658 4659 shall be used to issue a competitive grant award pursuant to s. 4660 1002.395(9), Florida Statutes, and \$550,000 shall be used for 4661 instructional materials pursuant to s. 1007.271(13), Florida 4662 Statutes. Of the nonrecurring funds, and contingent upon HB 1279 4663 or similar legislation in the 2018 regular session or an 4664 extension thereof becoming law,, \$750,000 shall be used to fund 4665 the web-based fiscal transparency tool required pursuant to s. 4666 1010.20(2)(c), Florida Statutes, and \$100,000 shall be used to implement the provisions of s. 1011.051(2)(b), Florida Statutes, 4667 4668 as provided in HB 1279. 4669 Section 45. For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sum of 4670 \$150,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund are 4671 appropriated to the Department of Revenue to implement the creation of s. 212.099, Florida Statutes, by this act. 4672 4673 Section 46. The amendments made by this act to ss. 220.13, 4674 220.1875, and 1002.395, Florida Statutes, apply to taxable years 4675 beginning on or after January 1, 2018. 4676 Section 47. (1) The Department of Revenue is authorized, 4677 and all conditions are deemed to be met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the 4678 purpose of administering the provisions of this act. 4679

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4680	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency
4681	rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) are effective for 6
4682	months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of
4683	procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of
4684	the emergency rules.
4685	(3) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a
4686	law and shall expire January 1, 2022.
4687	Section 48. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
4688	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
4689	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1,
4690	2018.
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4692	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
4693	And the title is amended as follows:
4694	Delete everything before the enacting clause
4695	and insert:
4696	A bill to be entitled
4697	An act relating to education; creating s. 212.099,
4698	F.S.; defining terms; authorizing eligible businesses
4699	to receive a tax credit against specified taxes;
4700	requiring eligible businesses to apply to the
4701	Department of Revenue for an allocation; specifying
4702	uses for eligible contributions; requiring the
4703	department to adopt rules; amending s. 212.1831, F.S.;
4704	modifying the calculation of the dealer's collection
4705	allowance under s. 212.12 to include certain
4706	contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-
4707	funding organizations; creating s. 212.1832, F.S.;
4708	authorizing certain persons to receive a tax credit

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4709 for certain contributions to eligible nonprofit 4710 scholarship-funding organizations for the Hope 4711 Scholarship Program; providing requirements for motor 4712 vehicle dealers; requiring the Department of Revenue to disregard certain tax credits for specified 4713 4714 purposes; providing that specified provisions apply to certain provisions; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; 4715 4716 providing definitions; authorizing the Department of 4717 Revenue to provide a list of certain taxpayers to 4718 certain nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; 4719 amending s. 220.13, F.S.; providing an exception to 4720 the additions to the calculation of adjusted taxable 4721 income for corporate income tax purposes; amending s. 4722 220.1875, F.S.; providing a deadline for an eligible 4723 contribution to be made to an eligible nonprofit 4724 scholarship-funding organization; determining 4725 compliance with the requirement to pay tentative taxes under ss. 220.222 and 220.32 for tax credits under s. 472.6 4727 1002.395; amending s. 1001.10, F.S.; revising the 4728 private schools to which the Department of Education 4729 is required to provide technical assistance and 4730 authorized staff; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; revising 4731 the criteria for denying high-performing charter 4732 school system applications; revising the requirements 4733 for the term of a charter; revising provisions for the 4734 modification of and the nonrenewal or termination of a 4735 charter; revising the process for resolving 4736 contractual disputes; requiring a sponsor to provide 4737 specified information to the department annually;

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4738 requiring the department to include the information in 4739 a specified report; amending s. 1002.331, F.S.; 4740 revising the criteria for designation as a high-4741 performing charter school; revising the calculation 4742 used to determine facility capacity for such charter 4743 schools; revising the number of schools that can be 4744 established by a high-performing charter school; 4745 amending s. 1002.333, F.S.; providing for certain 4746 funds for the Schools of Hope Program to be carried 4747 forward for a specified number of years; amending s. 4748 1002.37, F.S.; providing that certain students shall 4749 be given priority; requiring school districts to 4750 provide Florida Virtual School students access to 4751 certain examinations and assessments and certain 4752 information; amending s. 1002.385, F.S.; revising 4753 eligible expenditures for the Gardiner Scholarship 4754 Program; conforming provisions to changes made by the 4755 act; amending s. 1002.39, F.S.; conforming provisions 4756 to changes made by the act; amending s. 1002.395, F.S.; revising the requirements for an annual report 4757 4758 of certain student data for the Florida Tax Credit 4759 Scholarship Program; providing an application deadline 4760 for certain tax credits related to nonprofit 4761 scholarship-funding organizations; extending the carry 4762 forward period for unused tax credits from 5 years to 4763 10 years; providing applicability of the carried 4764 forward tax credit for purposes of certain taxes; 4765 removing the requirement for a taxpayer to apply to 4766 the department for approval of a carry forward tax

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4767 credit; conforming provisions to changes made by the 4768 act; creating s. 1002.40, F.S.; establishing the Hope 4769 Scholarship Program; providing the purpose of the 4770 program; providing definitions; providing eligibility 4771 requirements; prohibiting the payment of a scholarship 4772 under certain circumstances; requiring a school 4773 principal to investigate a report of physical violence 4774 or emotional abuse; requiring a school district to 4775 notify an eligible student's parent of the program; 4776 requiring a school district to provide certain 4777 information relating to the statewide assessment 4778 program; providing requirements and obligations for 4779 eligible private schools; providing department 4780 obligations relating to participating students and 4781 private schools and program requirements; providing 4782 parent and student responsibilities for initial and 4783 continued participation in the program; providing 4784 eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 4785 obligations; providing for the calculation of the 4786 scholarship amount; providing the scholarship amount 4787 for students transferred to certain public schools; 4788 requiring verification of specified information before 4789 a scholarship may be disbursed; providing requirements 4790 for the scholarship payments; providing funds for 4791 administrative expenses for certain nonprofit 4792 scholarship-funding organizations; providing 4793 requirements for administrative expenses; prohibiting 4794 an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 4795 from charging an application fee; providing Auditor

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4796 General obligations; providing requirements for 4797 taxpayer elections to contribute to the program; requiring the Department of Revenue to adopt forms to 4798 4799 administer the program; providing reporting 4800 requirements for eligible nonprofit scholarship-4801 funding organizations relating to taxpayer contributions; providing requirements for certain 4802 4803 agents of the Department of Revenue and motor vehicle 4804 dealers; providing penalties; providing for the 4805 restitution of specified funds under certain 4806 circumstances; providing that the state is not liable 4807 for the award or use of program funds; prohibiting 4808 additional regulations for private schools 4809 participating in the program beyond those necessary to 4810 enforce program requirements; requiring the State 4811 Board of Education and the Department of Revenue to adopt rules to administer the program; creating s. 4812 1002.411, F.S.; establishing reading scholarship 4813 4814 accounts for specified purposes; providing for 4815 eligibility for scholarships; providing for 4816 administration; providing duties of the Department of 4817 Education; providing school district obligations; 4818 specifying options for parents; providing that maximum 4819 funding shall be specified in the General 4820 Appropriations Act; providing for payment of funds; 4821 specifying that no state liability arises from the 4822 award or use of such an account; amending s. 1002.421, 4823 F.S.; providing private school requirements for 4824 participation in educational scholarship programs;

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4825 providing background screening requirements and 4826 procedures for owners of private schools; providing 4827 that a private school is ineligible to participate in 4828 an educational scholarship program under certain 4829 circumstances; providing department obligations 4830 relating to educational scholarship programs; 4831 providing commissioner authority and responsibilities 4832 for educational scholarship programs; authorizing the 4833 commissioner to deny, suspend, or revoke a private 4834 school's participation in an educational scholarship 4835 program; amending s. 1002.55, F.S.; authorizing an 4836 early learning coalition to refuse to contract with 4837 certain private prekindergarten providers; amending s. 4838 1002.75, F.S.; authorizing an early learning coalition 4839 to refuse to contract with or revoke the eligibility 4840 of certain Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers; amending s. 1002.88, F.S.; authorizing an 4841 4842 early learning coalition to refuse to contract with or 4843 revoke the eligibility of certain school readiness 4844 program providers; amending s. 1003.44, F.S.; 4845 requiring each district school board to adopt rules 4846 for the display of the official state motto in 4847 specified places; amending s. 1003.453, F.S.; revising 4848 school wellness policies; providing requirements for 4849 instruction in the use of cardiopulmonary 4850 resuscitation; amending s. 1003.576, F.S.; requiring a 4851 specified IEP system to be used statewide; deleting an 4852 obsolete date; amending s. 1006.061, F.S.; revising 4853 the applicability of certain child abuse, abandonment,

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4854 and neglect provisions; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.; 4855 deleting a requirement for a home education student to 4856 provide his or her own instructional materials; 4857 revising the requirements for home education and 4858 private school articulation agreements; amending s. 4859 1008.22, F.S.; requiring certain portions of the 4860 English Language Arts assessments to include social 4861 studies content; revising the format requirements for 4862 certain statewide assessments; requiring published 4863 assessment items to be in a format that meets certain 4864 criteria; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; renaming the 4865 "supplemental academic instruction categorical fund" 4866 as the "supplemental academic instruction allocation"; 4867 requiring certain school districts to use the 4868 allocation for specified purposes; deleting an 4869 obsolete date; deleting a provision authorizing the 4870 Florida State University School to expend specified 4871 funds for certain purposes; prohibiting the award of certain bonuses to teachers who fail to maintain the 4872 4873 security of certain examinations or violate certain 4874 protocols; authorizing the state board to adopt rules 4875 for specified purposes; conforming provisions to 4876 changes made by the act; revising the research-based 4877 reading instruction allocation; revising the criteria 4878 for establishing the 300 lowest-performing elementary 4879 schools; providing requirements for staffing summer 4880 reading camps funded through the allocation; requiring 4881 school districts that meet specified criteria, rather than all school districts, to submit a comprehensive 4882

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4883 reading plan for specified purposes; deleting 4884 provisions for the release or withholding of funds 4885 based on a school district's comprehensive reading 4886 plan; revising a definition; requiring K-12 4887 comprehensive reading plans to provide for intensive 4888 reading interventions that are delivered by teachers 4889 who meet certain criteria beginning with a specified 4890 school year; providing requirements for such interventions; amending s. 1011.6202, F.S.; renaming 4891 4892 the "Principal Autonomy Pilot Program" as the 4893 "Principal Autonomy Program"; providing that any 4894 school district may apply to participate in the 4895 program; providing that a school shall retain its 4896 exemption from specified laws under specified 4897 circumstances; requiring a designated leadership team 4898 at a participating school to complete a certain 4899 turnaround program; deleting a provision providing a 4900 specified amount of funds to a participating school 4901 district that completes the turnaround program; 4902 providing requirements for such schools; providing for 4903 such schools to participate in the program; providing 4904 requirements for such participation; specifying that 4905 no school district liability arises from the 4906 management of such schools; deleting a school's 4907 authority to renew participation in the program; 4908 deleting reporting requirements; providing for 4909 funding; revising the principal eligibility criteria 4910 for a salary supplement through the program; amending s. 1011.69, F.S.; authorizing certain high schools to 4911

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4912 receive Title I funds; providing that a school 4913 district may withhold Title I funds for specified 4914 purposes; authorizing certain schools to use Title I 4915 funds for specified purposes; providing an exception 4916 for specified funds; amending s. 1011.71, F.S.; 4917 prohibiting a school district from withholding charter 4918 school administrative fees under certain circumstances; amending s. 1012.2315, F.S.; requiring 4919 4920 certain employee organizations to include specified 4921 information in a specified application and to petition 4922 for recertification for specified purposes; amending 4923 s. 1012.28, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes 4924 made by the act; amending s. 1012.315, F.S.; revising 4925 the applicability of certain provisions related to 4926 disqualification from employment for the conviction of 4927 specified offenses; amending s. 1012.32, F.S.; 4928 requiring a district school board to reimburse certain 4929 costs if it fails to notify a charter school of the 4930 eligibility status of certain persons; amending s. 1012.562, F.S.; authorizing charter schools and 4931 4932 charter management organizations to offer school 4933 leader preparation programs; amending s. 1012.586, 4934 F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to 4935 consider the award of endorsements for a teaching 4936 certificate to individuals who hold specified 4937 certifications or who complete specified programs that 4938 meet certain criteria in a specified review; amending 4939 s. 1012.796, F.S.; revising the applicability of a requirement that certain private schools file 4940

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4941 specified reports with the department for certain 4942 allegations against its employees; amending s. 4943 1012.98, F.S.; requiring professional development 4944 resources to include sample course-at-a-glance and 4945 unit overview templates; providing requirements for 4946 such templates; amending s. 1013.28, F.S.; requiring 4947 school districts to provide charter schools access to 4948 certain property on the same basis as public schools; 4949 prohibiting certain actions by a charter school 4950 without the written permission of the school district; 4951 amending s. 1013.31, F.S.; authorizing a district to 4952 use certain sources of funds for educational, 4953 auxiliary, and ancillary plant capital outlay purposes 4954 without needing a survey recommendation; amending s. 4955 1013.385, F.S.; providing additional exceptions to 4956 certain building code regulations for school 4957 districts; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; revising 4958 requirements for charter school capital outlay 4959 funding; requiring each district to certify certain 4960 information to the department by October 1 each year; 4961 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 4962 providing appropriations; providing retroactive 4963 applicability; authorizing the Department of Revenue 4964 to adopt emergency rules for specified purposes; 4965 providing an effective date.