By Senator Baxley

12-00570A-19 20191184

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to payments to surviving successors; creating s. 655.795, F.S.; defining the terms "qualified account" and "surviving successor"; authorizing a financial institution to pay to the surviving successor of a decedent depositor, without any court proceeding, order, or judgment authorizing the payment and not earlier than a specified time, the funds in the decedent's qualified accounts if the sum does not exceed a specified amount; requiring the surviving successor to provide a certified copy of the decedent's death certificate and a specified affidavit to the financial institution; providing that the financial institution has no duty to make certain determinations; providing construction relating to liability and indemnification; providing a criminal penalty; providing an affidavit form the surviving successor may use; providing construction relating to any conflict with the Florida Probate Code; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

(1) For purposes of this section, the term:

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Section 1. Section 655.795, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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655.795 Payment to successor without court proceedings.-

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(a) "Qualified account" means a depository account or a certificate of deposit held in the sole name of the decedent

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with no pay on death or other survivor designation.

- (b) "Surviving successor" means:
- 1. The surviving spouse of the decedent;
- 2. If the decedent did not leave a surviving spouse, an adult child of the decedent; or
- 3. If the decedent did not leave a surviving spouse or an adult child, the parent of the decedent.
- (2) (a) A financial institution in this state may pay to the surviving successor of a decedent, without any court proceedings, order, or judgment authorizing the payment, the funds on deposit in all qualified accounts of the decedent at the financial institution if the total amount of such funds does not exceed \$10,000. The financial institution may make such payment not earlier than 45 days after the date of the decedent's death.
- (b) The surviving successor must provide the financial institution with a certified copy of the decedent's death certificate and a sworn affidavit that includes all of the following:
- 1. A statement attesting that the surviving successor is the surviving spouse, adult child, or parent of the decedent.
- a. If the surviving successor is the surviving spouse, a statement that either all of the decedent's children are also the children of the surviving spouse, or a statement identifying the children of the decedent who are not also children of the surviving spouse and that the written consent of each of those children to the withdrawal of funds in the qualified account by the surviving spouse is attached. The natural parent or the guardian of any such child who is a minor may give consent on

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behalf of the child.

- b. If the surviving successor is an adult child, the affidavit must attest that the decedent left no surviving spouse. The affidavit must also indicate that there are no other surviving adult children of the decedent, or must include a statement identifying the other surviving adult children of the decedent and stating that that the written consent of the other surviving children to the withdrawal of funds from the qualified account by the affiant adult child is attached. If any such child is a minor, the natural parent or the guardian of such child may give consent on behalf of the child.
- c. If the surviving successor is a parent, the affidavit must attest that the decedent left no surviving spouse or adult child. The affidavit must also indicate that there is no other surviving parent of the decedent, or must include a statement identifying the other surviving parent and stating that the written consent of the other surviving parent to the withdrawal of funds from the qualified account by the affiant parent is attached.
- 2. The date of death of the decedent and the address of the last residence of the decedent.
- 3. A statement attesting that the total amount of all qualified accounts held by the decedent with any financial institution does not exceed an aggregate total of \$10,000.
- 4. A statement acknowledging that a personal representative has not been appointed to administer the estate of the decedent, that no probate or summary administration procedures have been commenced with respect to the estate of the decedent, and that after diligent inquiry, the surviving successor believes in good

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faith that no last will and testament of the decedent will be presented to any court for administration.

- 5. A statement attesting either that the affiant has made a diligent search for creditors of the decedent, and that after the search, has no knowledge of the existence of any unpaid creditor of the decedent, or that the written consent of all known creditors of the decedent to the withdrawal by the surviving successor is attached.
- 6. A statement acknowledging that the payment of the funds constitutes a full release and discharge of the financial institution for the amount paid and that the surviving successor indemnifies the financial institution against claims; demands; expenses, including attorney fees and court costs; losses; or damages incurred by the financial institution for taking any action, or failing to take an action, in connection with the payment of the funds.
- (c) The financial institution is not required to determine whether the contents of the sworn affidavit are truthful. The payment of funds by the financial institution to the surviving successor constitutes a full release and discharge of the financial institution for the amount paid. A person does not have a right or cause of action against a financial institution because of such payment, and the surviving successor must indemnify and hold harmless the financial institution against claims; demands; expenses, including attorney fees and court costs; losses; or damages incurred by the financial institution for taking any action, or failing to take an action, in connection with the affidavit or the payment.
 - (d) The surviving successor who withdraws funds is

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personally liable:

- 1. To the creditors of the decedent to the extent of the amount paid;
- 2. To the personal representative of the decedent to the extent of the amount paid;
- 3. If a personal representative has not been appointed, to the other intestate heirs of the decedent, to the extent of excess of the amount paid over the amount that is properly attributable to the intestate share of the surviving successor; and
- 4. If the personal representative has been discharged, to the devisees of the estate to the extent of excess of the amount paid over the amount that would have been devised to the surviving successor.
- (e) Personal liability of the surviving successor under this section is not barred by s. 733.702 or s. 733.710 unless the surviving successor publishes a notice to creditors which complies with s. 733.2121, except that the notice must state that the creditors must notify the surviving successor of the claim within the time limits set forth in s. 733.702 or be forever barred, in which case the claim must be barred as provided in s. 733.702.
- (f) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person who knowingly makes a false statement in a sworn affidavit provided to a financial institution pursuant to this section commits theft, punishable as provided in s. 812.014.
- (2) The surviving successor may use the following affidavit form to fulfill the requirements of paragraph (2)(b):

12-00570A-19 20191184 146 AFFIDAVIT UNDER SECTION 655.795, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO OBTAIN 147 BANK PROPERTY OF DECEASED ACCOUNTHOLDER: ... (Name of 148 deceased) . . . 149 State of 150 County of 151 152 Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Affiant ... (name of Affiant) ... of ... (residential address of 153 154 Affiant)..., who has been sworn and says the following 155 statements are true: 156 157 1. Affiant is (initial one response): 158 The surviving spouse of the deceased and the decedent 159 had no children who are not also children of the Affiant. 160 The surviving spouse of the deceased. The children of the decedent who are not also children of the Affiant are 161 162 identified as ... (names of children) ..., and the written consent 163 of each such child to the withdrawal of funds in the qualified 164 account by the Affiant is attached. 165 A surviving adult child of the deceased, and the 166 deceased left no surviving spouse and no other surviving 167 children. 168 A surviving adult child of the deceased, and the deceased left no surviving spouse. The other surviving children 169 of the decedent are identified as ... (names of children) ... and 170 171 the written consent of each such child to the withdrawal of 172 funds in the qualified account by the Affiant is attached. 173 A surviving parent of the deceased, and the deceased 174 left no surviving spouse, no surviving adult children, and no

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other surviving parent.

.... A surviving parent of the deceased, and the deceased left no surviving spouse and no surviving adult children. The other surviving parent of the decedent is identified as ... (name of other parent)... and the written consent of such other parent of the decedent to the withdrawal of funds in the qualified account by the Affiant is attached.

- 2. As shown in the certified death certificate, the date of death was ...(date of death)... and the last address of the deceased was ...(last address)....
- 3. Total amount of all accounts held in the sole name of the decedent with any financial institution does not exceed an aggregate total of \$10,000.
- 4. A personal representative has not been appointed to administer the estate of the deceased and no probate or summary administration procedures have been commenced with respect to the estate of the decedent. After diligent inquiry, the Affiant believes in good faith that no last will and testament of the decedent will be presented to any court for administration.
 - 5. Affiant has (initial one response):
- Made a diligent search for creditors of the decedent and has no knowledge of the existence of any unpaid creditor of the decedent.
- ... Made a diligent search for creditors of the decedent and written consent of all creditors of the decedent known by the Affiant to the withdrawal of funds from the qualified account by Affiant is attached.
- 6. Affiant is entitled to payment of the deceased's deposit accounts ("Funds") held by ... (name of financial institution)...

12-00570A-19 20191184 204 ("Financial Institution"). Affiant requests full payment from 205 the Financial Institution. 206 7. The payment of the Funds constitutes a full release and 207 discharge of the Financial Institution for the amount paid. 208 8. Individually and as the Affiant, the Affiant agrees to 209 indemnify the Financial Institution and hold it free and 210 harmless from any and all claims; demands; expenses, including 211 attorney fees and court costs; losses; or damages incurred by 212 the Financial Institution for any action taken, or failure to 213 take an action, in connection with this Affidavit and the 214 payment of the Funds to Affiant or as instructed by Affiant. 215 By ... (signature of Affiant)... 216 217 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of 218 by ... (name of Affiant)..., who is personally 219 known to me or produced as identification, and 220 did take an oath. 221 222 ... (name of notary public) ... 223 Notary Public 224 My Commission Expires: 225 ... (date of expiration of commission) ... 226 227 (3) In the event of a conflict between this section and the 228 Florida Probate Code, this section supersedes the conflicting 229 provision of the Florida Probate Code. 230 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.