By Senator Albritton

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to private property rights; creating s. 163.3214, F.S.; prohibiting certain local government ordinances or regulations from requiring a permit, application, notice, fee, or fine for certain activities regarding trees on residential property; prohibiting a local government from requiring a property owner to replant a tree under certain circumstances; creating s. 715.015, F.S.; establishing a property owner bill of rights; requiring county property appraisers to provide information regarding the property owner bill of rights on the appraiser's website; providing that such bill of rights does not provide a cause of action; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 163.3214, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

163.3214 Tree pruning, trimming, or removal on residential property.—

(1) A local government may not enforce an ordinance or regulation governing the pruning, trimming, or removal of trees on residential property which requires a permit, an application, the provision of notice, a fee, or a fine when either of the following applies:

(a) The residential property is in a county that is subject to a tropical storm watch or warning or a hurricane watch or

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warning or is experiencing a tropical storm, a hurricane, or a declared state of emergency, and the property owner has determined that a tree on his or her property is damaged, diseased, or pest-infested, or presents a danger to others or property.

- (b) The property owner has obtained from an arborist who is certified by a certification program of the International Society of Arboriculture proof that the tree is damaged, diseased, or pest-infested, or presents a danger to others or property.
- (2) A local government may not require a property owner to replant a tree that has been removed in accordance with this section.

Section 2. Section 715.015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

715.015 Property owner bill of rights.—Each property appraiser office shall provide on its website a property owner bill of rights. The purpose of the bill of rights is to identify certain existing rights afforded to property owners. The bill of rights is not a comprehensive listing. The property owner bill of rights does not create a civil cause of action. The property owner bill of rights must state:

## PROPERTY OWNER

## BILL OF RIGHTS

This Bill of Rights does not represent all of your rights under Florida law regarding your property and should not be viewed as a comprehensive guide to property rights. This document does not create a civil

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cause of action and neither expands nor limits any rights or remedies provided under any other law. This document is not intended to replace the need to seek legal advice in matters relating to property law. Laws relating to your rights are found in the Florida Constitution, the Florida Statutes, local ordinances, and court decisions.

As a property owner, you have the following rights and protections:

- 1. The right to acquire, possess, and protect property.
  - 2. The right to use and enjoyment of property.
  - 3. The right to exclude others from property.
  - 4. The right to dispose of property.
  - 5. The right to due process.
- 6. The right to just compensation for property taken for a public purpose.
- 7. The right to relief, or payment of compensation, when a new law, rule, regulation, or ordinance of the state or a political entity in the state unfairly affects real property.
- Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.