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By the Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs

586-02489-19 20197048

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to disclosure of confidential records; amending s. 394.4615, F.S.; requiring service providers to disclose information from a clinical record under certain circumstances relating to threats to cause seriously bodily injury or death; amending s. 456.059, F.S.; requiring, rather than authorizing, psychiatrists to disclose certain patient communications for purposes of notifying potential victims and law enforcement agencies of certain threats; amending s. 490.0147, F.S.; requiring, rather than authorizing, psychologists to disclose certain patient and client communications for purposes of notifying potential victims and law enforcement agencies of certain threats; providing psychologists with immunity from specified liability and actions under certain circumstances; amending s. 491.0147, F.S.; requiring, rather than authorizing, certain license holders and certificate holders to disclose certain patient and client communications for purposes of notifying potential victims and law enforcement agencies of certain threats; providing such persons with immunity from specified liability and actions; reenacting s. 490.009, F.S., relating to discipline of psychiatrists; reenacting s. 491.009, F.S., relating to discipline of psychologists; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Present subsections (4) through (11) of section 394.4615, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5) through (12), respectively, a new subsection (4) is added to that section, and subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

394.4615 Clinical records; confidentiality.-

(3) Information from the clinical record <u>must</u> may be released in the following circumstances:

(a) when a patient has communicated to a service provider a specific threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an identified or a readily available person, if the service provider reasonably believes, or should reasonably believe according to the standards of his or her profession, that the client has the apparent intent and ability to imminently or immediately carry out such threat declared an intention to harm other persons. When such communication declaration has been made, the administrator must may authorize the release of sufficient information to provide adequate warning to the person threatened with harm by the patient and communicate the threat to law enforcement.

(4) (a) (b) Information from the clinical record may be released when the administrator of the facility or secretary of the department deems release to a qualified researcher as defined in administrative rule, an aftercare treatment provider, or an employee or agent of the department is necessary for treatment of the patient, maintenance of adequate records, compilation of treatment data, aftercare planning, or evaluation of programs.

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(b) For the purpose of determining whether a person meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient placement or for preparing the proposed treatment plan pursuant to s. 394.4655, the clinical record may be released to the state attorney, the public defender or the patient's private legal counsel, the court, and to the appropriate mental health professionals, including the service provider identified in s. 394.4655(7)(b)2., in accordance with state and federal law.

Section 2. Section 456.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.059 Communications confidential; exceptions.—
Communications between a patient and a psychiatrist, as defined in s. 394.455, shall be held confidential and may shall not be disclosed except upon the request of the patient or the patient's legal representative. Provision of psychiatric records and reports are shall be governed by s. 456.057. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or s. 90.503, when where:

- (1) A patient is engaged in a treatment relationship with a psychiatrist;
- (2) Such patient has <u>communicated to the psychiatrist a</u> <u>specific threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an identified or a readily available person made an actual threat to physically harm an identifiable victim or victims;</u> and
- (3) The treating psychiatrist makes a clinical judgment that the patient has the apparent <u>intent and ability to</u> <u>imminently or immediately carry out such threat capability to commit such an act and that it is more likely than not that in the near future the patient will carry out that threat,</u>

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the psychiatrist <u>shall</u> <u>may</u> disclose patient communications to the extent necessary to warn any potential victim or to communicate the threat to a law enforcement agency. <u>A</u> <u>psychiatrist's disclosure of confidential communications when communicating a threat pursuant to this section may not be the basis of any legal action or criminal or civil liability against the psychiatrist No civil or criminal action shall be instituted, and there shall be no liability on account of disclosure of otherwise confidential communications by a psychiatrist in disclosing a threat pursuant to this section.</u>

Section 3. Section 490.0147, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 490.0147 Confidentiality and privileged communications.-
- (1) Any communication between a psychologist any person licensed under this chapter and her or his patient or client is shall be confidential. This privilege may be waived under the following conditions:
- (a) (1) When the psychologist person licensed under this chapter is a party defendant to a civil, criminal, or disciplinary action arising from a complaint filed by the patient or client, in which case the waiver shall be limited to that action; or-
- $\underline{\text{(b)}}$  When the patient or client agrees to the waiver, in writing, or when more than one person in a family is receiving therapy, when each family member agrees to the waiver, in writing.
- (2) Such privilege must be waived, and the psychologist shall disclose patient and client communications to the extent necessary to warn any potential victim and to communicate the

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117 threat to a law enforcement agency, if a patient or client has 118 communicated to the psychologist a specific threat to cause 119 serious bodily injury or death to an identified or readily 120 available person, and the psychologist makes a clinical judgment 121 that the patient or client has the apparent intent and ability 122 to imminently or immediately carry out such threat. A 123 psychologist's disclosure of confidential communications when 124 communicating a threat pursuant to this subsection may not be 125 the basis of any legal action or criminal or civil liability 126 against the psychologist

(3) When there is a clear and immediate probability of physical harm to the patient or client, to other individuals, or to society and the person licensed under this chapter communicates the information only to the potential victim, appropriate family member, or law enforcement or other appropriate authorities.

Section 4. Section 491.0147, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.0147 Confidentiality and privileged communications.—Any communication between any person licensed or certified under this chapter and her or his patient or client  $\underline{is}$  shall be confidential.

 $\underline{\text{(1)}}$  This <u>privilege</u> secrecy may be waived under the following conditions:

(a) (1) When the person licensed or certified under this chapter is a party defendant to a civil, criminal, or disciplinary action arising from a complaint filed by the patient or client, in which case the waiver shall be limited to that action.

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 $\underline{\text{(b)}}$  When the patient or client agrees to the waiver, in writing, or, when more than one person in a family is receiving therapy, when each family member agrees to the waiver, in writing.

- (2) This privilege must be waived, and the person licensed or certified under this chapter shall disclose patient and client communications to the extent necessary to warn any potential victim and to communicate the threat to a law enforcement agency, if a patient or client has communicated to such person a specific threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an identified or readily available person, and the person licensed or certified under this chapter makes a clinical judgment that the patient or client has the apparent intent and ability to imminently or immediately carry out such threat. A disclosure of confidential communications by a person licensed or certified under this chapter when communicating a threat pursuant to this subsection may not be the basis of any legal action or criminal or civil liability against such person
- (3) When, in the clinical judgment of the person licensed or certified under this chapter, there is a clear and immediate probability of physical harm to the patient or client, to other individuals, or to society and the person licensed or certified under this chapter communicates the information only to the potential victim, appropriate family member, or law enforcement or other appropriate authorities. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, a person licensed or certified under this chapter for the disclosure of otherwise confidential communications under this subsection.

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Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 490.0147, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section 490.009, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

490.009 Discipline.-

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (u) Failing to maintain in confidence a communication made by a patient or client in the context of such services, except as provided in s. 490.0147.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 491.0147, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section 491.009, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

491.009 Discipline.

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (u) Failure of the licensee, registered intern, or certificateholder to maintain in confidence a communication made by a patient or client in the context of such services, except as provided in s. 491.0147.

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.