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A bill to be entitled An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.012, F.S.; requiring the Secretary of State to provide signature matching training to certain persons; amending s. 98.077, F.S.; revising deadlines for voter signature updates for purposes of vote-by-mail and provisional ballots; providing an exception; amending s. 98.0981, F.S.; revising the voter threshold necessary to require the reporting of certain precinct-level results by ballot; amending s. 99.061, F.S.; requiring a candidate to pay his or her qualification fee with a certified check; amending s. 99.063, F.S.; removing a provision requiring certain language to follow the name of gubernatorial candidates in specified circumstances; amending 100.061, F.S.; revising the date of the primary election; amending s. 101.015, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to establish minimum security standards to address chain of custody of ballots, transport of ballots, and ballot security; amending s. 101.048, F.S.; requiring a county canvassing board to review certain information; providing requirements for the canvassing and counting of provisional ballots; requiring the supervisor to process a valid provisional ballot cure affidavit as a voter signature

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update; revising the form of the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation; providing a process to cure a provisional ballot with a signature deficiency; requiring a supervisor to mail a voter registration application to an elector in certain circumstances; amending s. 101.151, F.S.; revising requirements for department rules governing ballot design; amending s. 101.20, F.S.; authorizing the distribution of sample ballots by e-mail or mail in lieu of newspaper publication; amending s. 101.5614, F.S.; authorizing certain individuals to serve as witnesses during the vote-by-mail duplicating process; amending s. 101.62, F.S.; revising the deadlines by which requests for vote-by-mail ballots must be received and by which vote-by-mail ballots shall be mailed by the supervisor; expanding the period during which a designee may physically collect a vote-by-mail ballot; amending s. 101.64, F.S.; requiring the secrecy envelope included with vote-by-mail ballots to include a specified statement; amending s. 101.65, F.S.; revising requirements for vote-by-mail ballot instructions; amending s. 101.657, F.S.; allowing a supervisor to create two early voting sites per election in certain areas; requiring a supervisor to report the total amount of vote-by-mail ballots

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received at each early voting location; amending 101.68, F.S.; revising the date that canvassing of vote-by-mail ballots may begin; revising requirements related to the canvassing and counting of vote-by-mail ballots; revising the deadline by which vote-by-mail ballot cure affidavits must be submitted; requiring the supervisor to process a valid vote-by-mail ballot cure affidavit as a voter signature update; amending s. 101.69, F.S.; requiring a supervisor to provide secure drop boxes in specified locations for an elector to place his or her vote-by-mail ballot; amending s. 101.6923, F.S.; revising vote-by-mail ballot instructions for certain first-time voters; amending s. 102.031, F.S.; revising the size of certain areas in which voter solicitation is prohibited; authorizing an elector to photograph his or her own ballot; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; providing notice requirements for meetings of a county canvassing board; requiring certain individuals to wear identification badges during certain periods; amending s. 104.051, F.S.; providing a penalty for certain supervisors who willfully violate the Florida Election Code; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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77 Section 1. Subsection (17) is added to section 97.012,
78 Florida Statutes, to read:

- 97.012 Secretary of State as chief election officer.—The Secretary of State is the chief election officer of the state, and it is his or her responsibility to:
- (17) Provide formal signature matching training to supervisors of elections and county canvassing board members.
- Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 98.077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 98.077 Update of voter signature.-

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- (4) Except as authorized in ss. 101.048 and 101.68:
- (a) All signature updates for use in verifying vote-by-mail and provisional ballots must be received by the appropriate supervisor before the elector's ballot is received by the supervisor or, in the case of provisional ballots, before the elector's ballot is cast of elections no later than the start of the canvassing of vote-by-mail ballots by the canvassing board.
- (b) The signature on file at the time the vote-by-mail ballot is received or at the time the provisional ballot is cast start of the canvass of the vote-by-mail ballots is the signature that shall be used in verifying the signature on the vote-by-mail and provisional ballot certificates, respectively.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 98.0981, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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98.0981 Reports; voting history; statewide voter registration system information; precinct-level election results; book closing statistics.—

(2) PRECINCT-LEVEL ELECTION RESULTS.—

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- Within 30 days after certification by the Elections Canvassing Commission of a presidential preference primary election, special election, primary election, or general election, the supervisors of elections shall collect and submit to the department precinct-level election results for the election in a uniform electronic format specified by paragraph (c). The precinct-level election results shall be compiled separately for the primary or special primary election that preceded the general or special general election, respectively. The results shall specifically include for each precinct the total of all ballots cast for each candidate or nominee to fill a national, state, county, or district office or proposed constitutional amendment, with subtotals for each candidate and ballot type, unless fewer than 30 $\frac{10}{10}$ voters voted a ballot type. "All ballots cast" means ballots cast by voters who cast a ballot whether at a precinct location, by vote-by-mail ballot including overseas vote-by-mail ballots, during the early voting period, or by provisional ballot.
- Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 99.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election to

Page 5 of 45

126 federal, state, county, or district office.-

- (7)(a) In order for a candidate to be qualified, the following items must be received by the filing officer by the end of the qualifying period:
- 1. A <u>certified</u> properly executed check drawn upon the candidate's campaign account payable to the person or entity as prescribed by the filing officer in an amount not less than the fee required by s. 99.092, unless the candidate obtained the required number of signatures on petitions pursuant to s. 99.095. The filing fee for a special district candidate is not required to be drawn upon the candidate's campaign account. If a candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the candidate shall have until the end of qualifying to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the candidate.
- 2. The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought, including the district or group number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, which must be verified under oath or affirmation pursuant to s. 92.525(1)(a).
- 3. If the office sought is partisan, the written statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b).

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4. The completed form for the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required by s. 106.021.

- 5. The full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests required by subsection (5). A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics or the supervisor of elections prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying.
- Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 99.063, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 99.063 Candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.-
- (4) In order to have the name of the candidate for Lieutenant Governor printed on the primary election ballot, a candidate for Governor participating in the primary must designate the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and the designated candidate must qualify no later than the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061. If the candidate for Lieutenant Governor has not been designated and has not qualified by the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061, the phrase "Not Yet Designated" must be included in lieu of the candidate's name on the primary election ballot.
- Section 6. Section 100.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 100.061 Primary election.—In each year in which a general

Page 7 of 45

election is held, a primary election for nomination of candidates of political parties shall be held on the Tuesday 11 10 weeks prior to the general election. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast in each contest in the primary election shall be declared nominated for such office. If two or more candidates receive an equal and highest number of votes for the same office, such candidates shall draw lots to determine which candidate is nominated.

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 101.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.015 Standards for voting systems.-

- (4) (a) The Department of State shall adopt rules establishing minimum security standards for voting systems. The standards must, at a minimum, address the following:
- 1. Chain of custody of ballots, including a detailed description of procedures to create a complete written record of the chain of custody of ballots and paper outputs beginning with their receipt from a printer or manufacturer until such time as they are destroyed.
- 2. Transport of ballots, including a description of the method and equipment used and a detailed list of the names of all individuals involved in such transport.
- 3. Ballot security, including a requirement that all ballots be kept in a locked room in the supervisor's office, a facility controlled by the supervisor or county canvassing

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board, or a public place in which the county canvassing board is canvassing votes until needed for canvassing and returned thereafter.

- (b) 1. Each supervisor of elections shall establish written procedures to assure accuracy and security in his or her county, including procedures related to early voting pursuant to s. 101.657. Such procedures shall be reviewed in each odd-numbered year by the department of State.
- $\underline{2.(c)}$ Each supervisor of elections shall submit any revisions to the security procedures to the department of State at least 45 days before early voting commences pursuant to s. 101.657 in an election in which they are to take effect.
- Section 8. Subsection (6) of section 101.048, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (7), subsections (2), (3), and (5) and present subsection (6) are amended, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:
 - 101.048 Provisional ballots.-

(2) (a) The county canvassing board shall examine each Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation to determine if the person voting that ballot was entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election and that the person had not already cast a ballot in the election. In determining whether a person casting a provisional ballot is entitled to vote, the county canvassing board shall review the information provided in the Voter's Certificate and Affirmation,

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written evidence provided by the person pursuant to subsection (1), information provided in any cure affidavit and accompanying supporting documentation pursuant to subsection (6), any other evidence presented by the supervisor of elections, and, in the case of a challenge, any evidence presented by the challenger. A ballot of a person casting a provisional ballot shall be canvassed pursuant to paragraph (b) counted unless the canvassing board determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the person was not entitled to vote.

- (b)1. If it is determined that the person was registered and entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election, the canvassing board shall compare the signature on the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation or the provisional ballot cure affidavit with the signature on the voter's registration or precinct register and, if it matches, shall count the ballot. A provisional ballot shall be counted if:
- a. The signature on the voter's certificate or the cure affidavit matches the elector's signature in the registration books or the precinct register; however, in the case of a cure affidavit, the supporting identification listed in subsection (6) must also confirm the identity of the elector; or
- b. The cure affidavit contains a signature that does not match the elector's signature in the registration books or the precinct register, but the elector has submitted a current and

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valid Tier 1 form of identification confirming his or her identity pursuant to subsection (6).

- For purposes of this paragraph, any canvassing board finding that an elector's signatures do not match must be by majority vote and beyond a reasonable doubt.
- 2. If it is determined that the person voting the provisional ballot was not registered or entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election, the provisional ballot shall not be counted and the ballot shall remain in the envelope containing the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation and the envelope shall be marked "Rejected as Illegal."
- (c) If a provisional ballot is validated following the submission of a cure affidavit, the supervisor shall make a copy of the affidavit, affix it to a voter registration application, and immediately process it as a valid request for a signature update pursuant to s. 98.077.
- (3) The Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation shall be in substantially the following form: STATE OF FLORIDA

272 COUNTY OF

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is; that my date of birth is; that I am registered and qualified to vote in County, Florida; that I am registered in the

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     Party; that I am a qualified voter of the county; and that I
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     have not voted in this election. I understand that if I commit
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     any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot,
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     or vote more than once in an election, I can be convicted of a
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     felony of the third degree and fined up to $5,000 and/or
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     imprisoned for up to 5 years. Further, by providing my
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     information below, I authorize the use of e-mail, text message,
283
     and telephone call for the limited purpose of signature and
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     ballot validation.
285
                                          ... (Printed Name of Voter)...
286
                                              ... (Signature of Voter) ...
287
                                       ... (Current Residence Address)...
288
                                         ... (Current Mailing Address) ...
289
                                           ...(City, State, Zip Code)...
290
       ... (Driver License Number or Last Four Digits of Social Security
291
                                                              Number) ...
292
                                                  ...(E-Mail Address)...
293
                                           ... (Home Telephone Number) ...
294
                                        ... (Mobile Telephone Number) ...
     Sworn to and subscribed before me this .... day of .....,
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     ...(year)....
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     ... (Election Official) ...
     Precinct # ....
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                                        Ballot Style/Party Issued: ....
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               Each person casting a provisional ballot shall be
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     given written instructions regarding the person's right to
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provide the supervisor of elections with written evidence of his or her eligibility to vote and regarding the free access system established pursuant to subsection (7)-(6). The instructions must shall contain the supervisor's contact information along with information on how to access the system and the information the voter will need to provide to obtain information on his or her particular ballot. The instructions shall also include the following statement: "If this is a primary election, you should contact the supervisor of elections' office immediately to confirm that you are registered and can vote in the general election."

- (6) (a) As soon as practicable, the supervisor shall, on behalf of the county canvassing board, attempt to notify an elector who has submitted a provisional ballot that does not include the elector's signature or contains a signature that does not match the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register by:
- 1. Providing notice of the signature deficiency to the elector by e-mail and directing the elector to the cure affidavit and instructions on the supervisor's website;
- 2. Notifying the elector of the signature deficiency by text message and directing the elector to the cure affidavit and instructions on the supervisor's website; or
- 3. Notifying the elector of the signature deficiency by telephone and directing the elector to the cure affidavit and

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326 instructions on the supervisor's website. 327 328 In addition to the notification required in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3., the supervisor must notify 329 330 the elector of the signature deficiency by first-class mail and 331 direct the elector to the cure affidavit and instructions on the 332 supervisor's website. Beginning the day before the election, the 333 supervisor is not required to provide notice of the signature 334 deficiency by first-class mail, but shall continue to provide notice as required in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or 335 336 subparagraph 3. 337 (b) Until 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after an election, the 338 supervisor shall allow an elector who has submitted a 339 provisional ballot with a signature deficiency to complete and 340 submit a cure affidavit. 341 (c) The elector must complete a cure affidavit in 342 substantially the following form: 343 344 PROVISIONAL BALLOT CURE AFFIDAVIT 345 I,, am a qualified voter in this election and a 346 registered voter of County, Florida. I do solemnly swear or 347 affirm that I voted a provisional ballot and that I have not and 348 will not vote more than one ballot in this election. I 349 understand that if I commit or attempt any fraud in connection 350 with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in

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| 351 | an election, I may be convicted of a felony of the third degree, |
|-----|--|
| 352 | fined up to \$5,000, and imprisoned for up to 5 years. I |
| 353 | understand that my failure to sign this affidavit will |
| 354 | invalidate my ballot. |
| 355 | |
| 356 | (Voter's Signature) |
| 357 | |
| 358 | (Address) |
| 359 | |
| 360 | (d) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in |
| 361 | substantially the following form: |
| 362 | |
| 363 | READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE |
| 364 | AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR |
| 365 | BALLOT NOT TO COUNT. |
| 366 | |
| 367 | 1. In order to cure the missing signature or the signature |
| 368 | discrepancy on your Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and |
| 369 | Affirmation, your affidavit should be completed and returned as |
| 370 | soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of |
| 371 | elections of the county in which your precinct is located no |
| 372 | later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election. |
| 373 | 2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's |
| 374 | Signature). |
| 375 | 3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of |

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identification:

- a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or
- b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill; bank statement; government check; paycheck; or government document (excluding voter information card).
- 4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your

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information MUST reach your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day following the election or your ballot will not count.

- 5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.
- establish your eligibility to vote in this election or guarantee that your ballot will be counted. The county canvassing board determines your eligibility to vote through information provided on the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, written evidence provided by you, including information in your cure affidavit along with any supporting identification, and any other evidence presented by the supervisor of elections or a challenger. You may still be required to present additional written evidence to support your eligibility to vote.
- (e) The department and each supervisor shall include the affidavit and instructions on their respective websites. The supervisor shall include his or her office mailing address, email address, and fax number on the page containing the affidavit instructions, and the department's instruction page shall include the office mailing addresses, e-mail addresses, and fax numbers of all supervisors or provide a conspicuous link to such addresses.

| 426 | (f) The supervisor shall attach each affidavit received to |
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| 427 | the appropriate provisional ballot envelope containing the |
| 428 | Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation. |
| 429 | (7)(a) (6) Each supervisor of elections shall establish a |
| 430 | free access system that allows each person who casts a |
| 431 | provisional ballot to determine whether his or her provisional |
| 432 | ballot was counted in the final canvass of votes and, if not, |
| 433 | the reasons why. Information regarding provisional ballots shall |
| 434 | be available no later than 30 days following the election. The |
| 435 | system established must restrict information regarding an |
| 436 | individual ballot to the person who cast the ballot. |
| 437 | (b) Unless processed as a signature update pursuant to |
| 438 | subsection (2), the supervisor shall mail a voter registration |
| 439 | application to the elector to be completed indicating the |
| 440 | elector's current signature if the signature on the voter's |
| 441 | certificate or cure affidavit did not match the elector's |
| 442 | signature in the registration books or precinct register. |
| 443 | Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection |
| 444 | (9) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: |
| 445 | 101.151 Specifications for ballots |
| 446 | (1) |
| 447 | (b) Polling places and early voting sites may employ a |
| 448 | ballot-on-demand production system to print individual marksense |
| 449 | ballots, including provisional ballots, for eligible electors |
| 450 | pursuant to s. 101.657. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used |

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451 to produce marksense vote-by-mail and election-day ballots.

- (9) (a) The Department of State shall adopt rules prescribing a uniform primary and general election ballot for each certified voting system. The rules shall incorporate the requirements set forth in this section and shall prescribe additional matters and forms that include, without limitation:
- 1. The ballot title followed by clear and unambiguous ballot instructions and directions $\underline{\text{limited to a single location}}$ on the ballot, either:
 - a. Centered across the top of the ballot; or
- b. In the leftmost column, with no individual races in that column unless it is the only column on the ballot;
 - 2. Individual race layout; and

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- 3. Overall ballot layout; and.
- 4. Oval vote targets as the only permissible type of vote target.
- (b) The $\frac{\text{department}}{\text{department}}$ rules $\frac{\text{must}}{\text{shall}}$ graphically depict a sample uniform primary and general election ballot form for each certified voting system.
- Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 101.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 101.20 Publication of ballot form; sample ballots.-
- (2) (a) Upon completion of the list of qualified candidates, a sample ballot shall be published by the supervisor of elections in a newspaper of general circulation in the

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county, before the day of election.

(a), a supervisor may send a sample ballot to each registered elector by e-mail at least 7 days before an election if an e-mail address has been provided and the elector has opted to receive a sample ballot by electronic delivery. If an e-mail address has not been provided, or if the elector has not opted for electronic delivery, a sample ballot may be mailed to each registered elector or to each household in which there is a registered elector at least 7 days before an election.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 101.5614, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5614 Canvass of returns.-

(4) (a) If any vote-by-mail ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged ballot. Likewise, a duplicate ballot shall be made of a vote-by-mail ballot containing an overvoted race or a marked vote-by-mail ballot in which every race is undervoted which shall include all valid votes as determined by the canvassing board based on rules adopted by the division pursuant to s. 102.166(4). Upon request, a physically present candidate, political party official, political committee official, or an authorized designee thereof, must be allowed to observe the

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duplication of ballots. All duplicate ballots shall be clearly labeled "duplicate," bear a serial number which shall be recorded on the defective ballot, and be counted in lieu of the defective ballot. After a ballot has been duplicated, the defective ballot shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose, and the duplicate ballot shall be tallied with the other ballots for that precinct.

Section 12. Subsection (2) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4) of section 101.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 101.62 Request for vote-by-mail ballots.-
- (2) A request for a vote-by-mail ballot to be mailed to a voter must be received no later than 5 p.m. on the $\underline{10th}$ sixth day before the election by the supervisor of elections. The supervisor of elections shall mail vote-by-mail ballots to voters requesting ballots by such deadline no later than $\underline{8}$ 4 days before the election.

(4)

(b) The supervisor of elections shall mail a vote-by-mail ballot to each absent qualified voter, other than those listed in paragraph (a), who has requested such a ballot, between the 40th 35th and 28th days before the presidential preference primary election, primary election, and general election. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) and after the period described in this paragraph, the supervisor shall mail vote-by-

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mail ballots within 2 business days after receiving a request for such a ballot.

- (c) The supervisor shall provide a vote-by-mail ballot to each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made by one of the following means:
- 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to the elector's current mailing address on file with the supervisor or any other address the elector specifies in the request.
- 2. By forwardable mail, e-mail, or facsimile machine transmission to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters. The absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter may designate in the vote-by-mail ballot request the preferred method of transmission. If the voter does not designate the method of transmission, the vote-by-mail ballot shall be mailed.
- 3. By personal delivery before 7 p.m. on election day to the elector, upon presentation of the identification required in s. 101.043.
- 4. By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 95 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more than two vote-by-mail ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the designee's spouse or the

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parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. The designee shall provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the elector and a picture identification of the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector.

5. Except as provided in s. 101.655, the supervisor may not deliver a vote-by-mail ballot to an elector or an elector's immediate family member on the day of the election unless there is an emergency, to the extent that the elector will be unable to go to his or her assigned polling place. If a vote-by-mail ballot is delivered, the elector or his or her designee shall execute an affidavit affirming to the facts which allow for delivery of the vote-by-mail ballot. The department shall adopt a rule providing for the form of the affidavit.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 101.64, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that

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576 section, to read: 577 101.64 Delivery of vote-by-mail ballots; envelopes; form.-578 The supervisor shall enclose with each vote-by-mail 579 ballot two envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which the absent 580 elector shall enclose his or her marked ballot; and a mailing 581 envelope, into which the absent elector shall then place the 582 secrecy envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and 583 also bear on the back side a certificate in substantially the 584 following form: 585 Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before 586 Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate. 587 VOTER'S CERTIFICATE 588 I,, do solemnly swear or affirm that I am a qualified 589 and registered voter of County, Florida, and that I have 590 not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election. I 591 understand that if I commit or attempt to commit any fraud in 592 connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more 593 than once in an election, I can be convicted of a felony of the 594 third degree and fined up to \$5,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 595 5 years. I also understand that failure to sign this certificate 596 will invalidate my ballot. 597 ...(Date)... ... (Voter's Signature) ... 598 ...(E-Mail Address)... ... (Home Telephone Number) ... 599 ... (Mobile Telephone Number)... 600 The secrecy envelope must include, in bold font, (5)

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substantially the following message:

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IN ORDER FOR YOUR VOTE-BY-MAIL BALLOT TO COUNT, YOUR SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS MUST RECEIVE YOUR BALLOT BY 7 P.M. ON ELECTION DAY.

IF YOU WAIT TO MAIL YOUR BALLOT YOUR VOTE MIGHT NOT COUNT. TO PREVENT THIS FROM OCCURRING, PLEASE MAIL OR TURN IN YOUR BALLOT AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

Section 14. Section 101.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.65 Instructions to absent electors.—The supervisor shall enclose with each vote-by-mail ballot separate printed instructions in substantially the following form; however, where the instructions appear in capitalized text, the text of the printed instructions must be in bold font:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING BALLOT.

1. VERY IMPORTANT. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general election, your vote-by-mail ballot must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the

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county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election. Note that the later you return your ballot, the less time you will have to cure any signature deficiencies, which is authorized until 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election.

- 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.
- 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one candidate, your vote in that race will not be counted.
- 4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope.
- 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed mailing envelope which is addressed to the supervisor.
- 6. Seal the mailing envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the mailing envelope.
- 7. VERY IMPORTANT. In order for your vote-by-mail ballot to be counted, you must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature). A vote-by-mail ballot will be considered illegal and not be counted if the signature on the voter's certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the time the supervisor of elections in the county in which your precinct is located receives your vote-by-

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mail ballot start of the canvass of the vote-by-mail ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the voter's certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received before your vote-by-mail ballot is received no later than the start of the canvassing of vote-by-mail ballots, which occurs no earlier than the 15th day before election day.

- 8. VERY IMPORTANT. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.
- 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed. THE COMPLETED MAILING ENVELOPE CAN BE DELIVERED TO THE OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH YOUR PRECINCT IS LOCATED OR DROPPED OFF AT AN AUTHORIZED SECURE DROP BOX, AVAILABLE AT EACH EARLY VOTING LOCATION.
- 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.
- Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 101.657, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 101.657 Early voting.—

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(1)(a) As a convenience to the voter, the supervisor $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ elections shall allow an elector to vote early in the main or branch office of the supervisor. The supervisor shall mark, code, indicate on, or otherwise track the voter's precinct for each early voted ballot. In order for a branch office to be used for early voting, it shall be a permanent facility of the supervisor and shall have been designated and used as such for at least 1 year prior to the election. The supervisor may also designate any city hall, permanent public library facility, fairground, civic center, courthouse, county commission building, stadium, convention center, government-owned senior center, or government-owned community center as early voting sites; however, if so designated, the sites must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in the county an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is practicable. In addition, a supervisor may designate two one early voting sites site per election in an area of the county that does not have any of the eligible early voting locations. Such additional early voting sites site must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in those areas that area with an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is practicable. Each county shall, at a minimum, operate the same total number of early voting sites for a general election which the county operated for the 2012 general election. The results or tabulation of votes cast during early voting may not be made

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before the close of the polls on election day. Results shall be reported by precinct.

elections shall make available the total number of voters casting a ballot at each early voting location and the total number of vote-by-mail ballots received under s. 101.69(2) during the previous day. Each supervisor shall prepare an electronic data file listing the individual voters who cast a ballot during the early voting period. This information shall be provided in electronic format as provided by rule adopted by the division. The information shall be updated and made available no later than noon of each day and shall be contemporaneously provided to the division.

Section 16. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (2) and subsection (4) of section 101.68, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 101.68 Canvassing of vote-by-mail ballot.-
- (2) (a) The county canvassing board may begin the canvassing of vote-by-mail ballots at 7 a.m. on the $\underline{22nd}$ $\underline{15th}$ day before the election, but not later than noon on the day following the election. In addition, for any county using electronic tabulating equipment, the processing of vote-by-mail ballots through such tabulating equipment may begin at 7 a.m. on the $\underline{22nd}$ $\underline{15th}$ day before the election. However, notwithstanding any such authorization to begin canvassing or otherwise

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processing vote-by-mail ballots early, no result shall be released until after the closing of the polls in that county on election day. Any supervisor of elections, deputy supervisor of elections, canvassing board member, election board member, or election employee who releases the results of a canvassing or processing of vote-by-mail ballots prior to the closing of the polls in that county on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (c)1. The canvassing board must, if the supervisor has not already done so, compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate or on the vote-by-mail ballot cure affidavit as provided in subsection (4) with the signature of the elector in the registration books or the precinct register to see that the elector is duly registered in the county and to determine the legality of that vote-by-mail ballot. A vote-by-mail ballot may only be counted if:
- a. The signature on the voter's certificate or the cure affidavit matches the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register; however, in the case of a cure affidavit, the supporting identification listed in subsection (4) must also confirm the identity of the elector; or
- b. The cure affidavit contains a signature that does not match the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register, but the elector has submitted a current and

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valid Tier 1 identification pursuant to subsection (4) which confirms the identity of the elector.

- For purposes of this paragraph, any canvassing board finding that an elector's signatures do not match must be by majority vote and beyond a reasonable doubt.
- 2. The ballot of an elector who casts a vote-by-mail ballot shall be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day, as long as, before the death of the voter, the ballot was postmarked by the United States Postal Service, datestamped with a verifiable tracking number by a common carrier, or already in the possession of the supervisor of elections.
- 3. A vote-by-mail ballot is not considered illegal if the signature of the elector does not cross the seal of the mailing envelope.
- 4. If any elector or candidate present believes that a vote-by-mail ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the voter's certificate or the cure affidavit, he or she may, at any time before the ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying the precinct, the ballot, and the reason he or she believes the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in the voter's certificate or cure affidavit may not be accepted after the ballot has been removed from the mailing envelope.

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5. If the canvassing board determines that a ballot is illegal, a member of the board must, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The cure affidavit, if applicable, the envelope, and the ballot therein shall be preserved in the manner that official ballots are preserved.

- (4) (a) As soon as practicable, the supervisor shall, on behalf of the county canvassing board, attempt to immediately notify an elector who has returned a vote-by-mail ballot that does not include the elector's signature or contains a signature that does not match the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register by:
- 1. Providing notice of the signature deficiency to the elector by e-mail and directing the elector to the cure affidavit and instructions on the supervisor's website;
- 2. Notifying the elector of the signature deficiency by text message and directing the elector to the cure affidavit and instructions on the supervisor's website; or
- 3. Notifying the elector of the signature deficiency by telephone and directing the elector to the cure affidavit and instructions on the supervisor's website.

In addition to the notification required in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3., the supervisor must notify the elector of the signature deficiency by first-class mail and

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direct the elector to the cure affidavit and instructions on the supervisor's website. Beginning the day before the election, the supervisor is not required to provide notice of the signature deficiency by first-class mail, but shall continue to provide notice as required in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3.

- (b) The supervisor shall allow such an elector to complete and submit an affidavit in order to cure the vote-by-mail ballot until 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after before the election.
- (c) (b) The elector must complete a cure affidavit in substantially the following form:

VOTE-BY-MAIL BALLOT CURE AFFIDAVIT

I,, am a qualified voter in this election and registered voter of County, Florida. I do solemnly swear or affirm that I requested and returned the vote-by-mail ballot and that I have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election. I understand that if I commit or attempt any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in an election, I may be convicted of a felony of the third degree and fined up to \$5,000 and imprisoned for up to 5 years. I understand that my failure to sign this affidavit means that my vote-by-mail ballot will be invalidated.

... (Voter's Signature) ...

824 ... (Address) ...

(d) (c) Instructions must accompany the cure affidavit in

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826 substantially the following form:

 READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

- 1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after before the election.
- 2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).
- 3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:
- a. Tier 1 identification.—Current and valid identification that includes your name and photograph: Florida driver license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or an employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a county, or a municipality; or

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b. Tier 2 identification.—ONLY IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A TIER 1 FORM OF IDENTIFICATION, identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information identification card).

- 4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail (if time permits), deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct. Remember, your information MUST reach your county supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day after the election, or your ballot will not count.
- 5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.
- (e)(d) The department and each supervisor shall include the affidavit and instructions on their respective websites. The supervisor must include his or her office's mailing address, email address, and fax number on the page containing the affidavit instructions, and; the department's instruction page must include the office mailing addresses, e-mail addresses, and

fax numbers of all supervisors of elections or provide a conspicuous link to such addresses.

- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) The supervisor shall attach each affidavit received to the appropriate vote-by-mail ballot mailing envelope.
- <u>(g) (f)</u> If a vote-by-mail ballot is validated following the submission of a cure affidavit, the supervisor shall make a copy of the affidavit, affix it to a voter registration application, and immediately process it as a valid request for a signature update pursuant to s. 98.077.
- (h) After all election results on the ballot have been certified, the supervisor shall, on behalf of the county canvassing board, notify each elector whose ballot has been rejected as illegal and provide the specific reason the ballot was rejected. In addition, unless processed as a signature update pursuant to paragraph (h), the supervisor shall mail a voter registration application to the elector to be completed indicating the elector's current signature if the signature on the voter's certificate or cure affidavit did not match the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register. This section does not prohibit the supervisor from providing additional methods for updating an elector's signature.

Section 17. Section 101.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.69 Voting in person; return of vote-by-mail ballot.-

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The provisions of this code shall not be construed to prohibit any elector from voting in person at the elector's precinct on the day of an election or at an early voting site, notwithstanding that the elector has requested a vote-by-mail ballot for that election. An elector who has returned a voted vote-by-mail ballot to the supervisor, however, is deemed to have cast his or her ballot and is not entitled to vote another ballot or to have a provisional ballot counted by the county canvassing board. An elector who has received a vote-by-mail ballot and has not returned the voted ballot to the supervisor, but desires to vote in person, shall return the ballot, whether voted or not, to the election board in the elector's precinct or to an early voting site. The returned ballot shall be marked "canceled" by the board and placed with other canceled ballots. However, if the elector does not return the ballot and the election official:

(a) (1) Confirms that the supervisor has received the elector's vote-by-mail ballot, the elector shall not be allowed to vote in person. If the elector maintains that he or she has not returned the vote-by-mail ballot or remains eligible to vote, the elector shall be provided a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.

(b) (2) Confirms that the supervisor has not received the elector's vote-by-mail ballot, the elector shall be allowed to vote in person as provided in this code. The elector's vote-by-

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mail ballot, if subsequently received, shall not be counted and shall remain in the mailing envelope, and the envelope shall be marked "Rejected as Illegal."

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- (c) (3) Cannot determine whether the supervisor has received the elector's vote-by-mail ballot, the elector may vote a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.
- a vote-by-mail ballot to physically return a voted vote-by-mail ballot to the supervisor by placing the envelope containing his or her marked ballot in a secure drop box. Secure drop boxes shall only be placed at the main office of the supervisor, at each branch office of the supervisor, and at each early voting site.
- Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 101.6923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 101.6923 Special vote-by-mail ballot instructions for certain first-time voters.—
- (2) A voter covered by this section shall be provided with printed instructions with his or her vote-by-mail ballot in substantially the following form:
- 946 READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT.
 947 FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT
 948 TO COUNT.
 - 1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as

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possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general election, your vote-by-mail ballot must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election.

- 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.
- 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.
- 4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope and seal the envelope.
- 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.
- a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).
 - b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date

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you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.

- c. A vote-by-mail ballot will be considered illegal and will not be counted if the signature on the Voter's Certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the vote-by-mail ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the Voter's Certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received before your vote-by-mail ballot is received no later than the start of canvassing of vote-by-mail ballots, which occurs no earlier than the 15th day before election day.
- 6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:
- a. Identification which must include your name and photograph: United States passport; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; public assistance identification; veteran health identification card issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; a Florida license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; or an employee identification card issued by any branch, department, agency, or entity of the Federal Government, the state, a

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1001 county, or a municipality; or

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- b. Identification which shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter information identification card).
- 7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply if you meet one of the following requirements:
 - a. You are 65 years of age or older.
 - b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.
- c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the county on election day.
- d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county on election day.
- e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.
 - f. You are currently residing outside the United States.
- 8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR

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1026 BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.

- 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.
- 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.
- Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and subsection (5) of section 102.031, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 102.031 Maintenance of good order at polls; authorities; persons allowed in polling rooms and early voting areas; unlawful solicitation of voters.—
- (4) (a) No person, political committee, or other group or organization may solicit voters inside the polling place or within 150 100 feet of the entrance to any polling place, a polling room where the polling place is also a polling room, an early voting site, or an office of the supervisor of elections where vote-by-mail ballots are requested and printed on demand for the convenience of electors who appear in person to request them. Before the opening of the polling place or early voting site, the clerk or supervisor shall designate the nosolicitation zone and mark the boundaries.
- (5) No photography is permitted in the polling room or early voting area, except an elector may photograph his or her

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own ballot.

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Section 20. Subsections (9) and (10) of section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (10) and (11), respectively, subsection (2) is amended, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

102.141 County canvassing board; duties.-

(2) (a) The county canvassing board shall meet in a building accessible to the public in the county where the election occurred at a time and place to be designated by the supervisor of elections to publicly canvass the absent electors' ballots as provided for in s. 101.68 and provisional ballots as provided by ss. 101.048, 101.049, and 101.6925. Provisional ballots cast pursuant to s. 101.049 shall be canvassed in a manner that votes for candidates and issues on those ballots can be segregated from other votes. Public notice of the time and place at which the county canvassing board shall meet to canvass the absent electors' ballots and provisional ballots shall be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication on the supervisor of elections' website and once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting such notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. As soon as the absent electors' ballots and the provisional ballots are canvassed, the board shall proceed to publicly canvass the vote given each candidate, nominee, constitutional

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amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, as shown by the returns then on file in the office of the supervisor of elections.

- (b) Public notice of the time and place at which the county canvassing board shall meet to canvass the absent electors' ballots and provisional ballots must be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication on the supervisor's website and published in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting such notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. The time given in the notice as to the convening of the meeting of the county canvassing board must be specific and may not be a time period during which the board may meet.
- (c) If the county canvassing board suspends or recesses a meeting publicly noticed pursuant to paragraph (b) for a period lasting in excess of 60 minutes, the board must post on the supervisor's website the anticipated time that the board expects to reconvene. If the county canvassing board does not reconvene at the specified time, the board must provide at least 2 hours' notice, which must posted on the supervisor's website, before reconvening.
- (d) During any meeting of the county canvassing board, a physical notice must be placed in a conspicuous area near the public entrance to the building in which the meeting is taking

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place. The physical notice must include the names of the individuals officially serving as the county canvassing board, the names of any alternate members, the time of the meeting, and a brief statement as to the anticipated activities of the county canvassing board.

of the county canvassing board and all clerical help must wear identification badges during any period in which the county canvassing board is canvassing votes or engaging in other official duties. The identification badges should be worn in a conspicuous, unobstructed area and include the name of the individual and his or her official position.

Section 21. Subsection (5) is added to section 104.051, Florida Statutes, to read:

104.051 Violations; neglect of duty; corrupt practices.-

(5) Any supervisor who willfully violates any provision of the Florida Election Code is, upon a finding of such a violation by a court of competent jurisdiction, prohibited from receiving the special qualification salary pursuant to s. 145.09(3) for a period of 24 months, dating from the time of the violation.

Section 22. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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