1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A bill to be entitled An act relating to alcohol and substance abuse prevention; creating s. 14.35, F.S.; creating the Office of Alcohol and Drug Control Policy within the Executive Office of the Governor; providing for appointment of the director of the office; specifying duties of the office; requiring the office to adopt rules; requiring the office to submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the Department of Children and Families, to seek federal approval of a waiver to increase federal Medicaid funding for specified purposes relating to substance use disorders; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Section 14.35, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 14.35 Office of Alcohol and Drug Control Policy.-The Office of Alcohol and Drug Control Policy is created within the Executive Office of the Governor. The director, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of

Page 1 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the Governor, shall oversee the office.

(2) The office is responsible for all matters relating to the research, coordination, and execution of programs related to alcohol and drug control.

(3) The office shall:

- (a) Develop a strategic plan to reduce the prevalence of alcohol and substance abuse in the state.
- (b) Monitor data and issues related to state policies concerning youth alcohol use prevention and state substance abuse policies, the impact of such policies on state and local programs, and the flexibility of such policies to adapt to the needs of local communities and service providers.
- (c) Collect data related to drug crimes and overdoses to generate statistical and analytical reports containing recommendations for this state's criminal justice system.
- (d) Issue policy recommendations to executive branch agencies for alcohol and substance abuse prevention and treatment to ensure the administration operates efficiently.
- (e) Work with behavioral health managing entities to identify existing resources and programs in each community which provide alcohol and substance abuse treatment or prevention education.
- (f) Facilitate coordination of alcohol and substance abuse treatment and prevention education among the courts, local and state agencies, organizations, service providers, and related public or private programs concerning alcohol and substance

abuse.

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

- (g) Assist behavioral health managing entities in coordinating activities to ensure the availability of training, technical assistance, and consultation to local service providers for programs funded by this state which provide services related to alcohol or substance abuse.
- (h) Act as a referral source of information using existing information clearinghouse resources.
- (i) Search for grant opportunities to fund the office and its initiatives.
- (j) Be knowledgeable about alcohol and substance abuse prevention and treatment programs and initiatives in this state and in other states.
- (k) Review existing research on programs related to substance abuse prevention and treatment.
- (1) Coordinate with the Department of Education to link schools with community-based agencies and county health departments to implement early intervention programs for the prevention of alcohol and substance abuse.
- (m) Coordinate media campaigns to demonstrate the negative impact of substance use disorders and to prevent the development of such disorders in children, young people, and adults.
 - (n) Prepare and submit legislative budget requests.
 - (o) Adopt rules necessary to administer this section.
 - (p) Submit a report annually to the Governor, the

Page 3 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
Representatives on the effectiveness of state policies and
coordinated state efforts related to substance abuse.

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88 89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

Section 2. Subsection (14) is added to section 409.912, Florida Statutes, to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The

Page 4 of 7

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy management, or disease management participation for certain populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid singlesource-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards, time and distance

Page 5 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148

149

150

standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers necessary to administer these policies.

(14) The agency, in consultation with the department, shall seek federal approval for a waiver to increase the availability of federal Medicaid funding to provide programs that improve the quality of and access to treatment for individuals with substance use disorders served by the Medicaid program and to provide a more comprehensive continuum of care for individuals with substance use disorders, including detoxification services, residential services, medication-

Page 6 of 7

151	assisted treatment, targeted case management, and recovery
152	support, which Medicaid is unable to cover without a waiver.
153	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

Page 7 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.