By Senator Gruters

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to public utility storm protection plans; creating s. 366.96, F.S.; providing legislative findings; defining terms; requiring public utilities to individually submit to the Public Service Commission, for review and approval, a transmission and distribution storm protection plan as part of the storm hardening plan required by the commission; requiring utilities to update their respective plans on a specified basis; requiring the commission to approve or modify submitted plans within a specified timeframe, taking into consideration specified factors; requiring the commission to conduct an annual proceeding to allow utilities to justify and recover certain costs through a storm protection cost recovery clause; providing that a party may challenge the prudence of certain costs; providing that utilities may not include certain costs in their base rates; providing for the allocation of such costs; authorizing utilities to recover depreciation on certain capital costs through the recovery clause; requiring utilities to record certain costs in a storm protection reserve account, which must be used for a certain purpose; requiring that certain surplus funds be returned to customers through the recovery clause; requiring the commission, under certain circumstances, to establish a factor intended to recover certain required revenue; providing the basis for the factor; requiring that the factor provide for the true-up of

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certain costs at least annually and that it require that certain refunds or collections related to the true-up include interest; requiring the commission to adopt rules; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 366.96, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

366.96 Public utility transmission and distribution storm protection plans.—

- (1) The Legislature finds that:
- (a) It is in the public interest to promote storm protection activities, such as the overhead hardening of electrical transmission and distribution facilities, the undergrounding of certain electrical distribution lines, and increased vegetation management in this state.
- (b) Undertaking storm protection for utilities' transmission and distribution systems will substantially strengthen the ability of the public utility's electric infrastructure to withstand extreme weather conditions, reduce restoration costs and outage times to customers affected by extreme weather conditions, and improve the overall service reliability for customers in this state.
- (c) When considering issues relating to costs, reliability, storm protection and restoration, and the public convenience and necessity, the future undergrounding of electrical distribution lines must focus primarily on distribution laterals.
  - (d) When considering incurring additional transmission and

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distribution storm protection costs, it is in the public interest that public utilities mitigate additional costs to utility customers to the extent possible.

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Commission" means the Florida Public Service Commission.
- (b) "Public utility" or "utility" has the same meaning as in s. 366.02(1).
- (c) "Transmission and distribution storm protection plan" means a public utility plan for the overhead hardening of electrical transmission or distribution facilities, the undergrounding of electrical distribution facilities, and increased vegetation management.
- (d) "Transmission and distribution storm protection plan costs" means the reasonable and prudent costs of an approved transmission and distribution storm protection plan.
- (e) "Vegetation management" means actions that a public utility takes to prevent or curtail vegetation from interfering with the utility's infrastructure, including, but not limited to, mowing the vegetation, applying herbicides, trimming trees, and removing trees or brush near electrical transmission and distribution facilities.
- (3) (a) As part of the storm hardening plan required by commission rule, a public utility shall submit to the commission for review and approval a transmission and distribution storm protection plan. Such plans must be updated at least every 3 years after the date of their initial approval and must be submitted to the commission for approval or modification.
  - (b) To maintain reasonable electric rates, a public

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utility's transmission and distribution storm protection plan may not include the undergrounding of more than 4 percent of the utility's lateral distribution lines per year.

- (c) A public utility shall include in its transmission and distribution storm protection plan any information required by commission rule to address the electric infrastructure improvements proposed, as well as sufficient information to demonstrate that the transmission and distribution storm protection plan costs are not included in the utility's base rates, as required in paragraph (5)(c).
- (4) The commission shall approve or modify, as appropriate, pursuant to chapter 120, the public utility's transmission and distribution storm protection plan within 6 months after the utility initially submits the plan. The commission shall consider both of the following in its approval process:
- (a) Whether the transmission and distribution storm protection plan enhances reliability, strengthens infrastructure, and reduces restoration costs and outage times in a prudent, practical, and cost-efficient manner.
- (b) Whether transmission and distribution storm protection of electric infrastructure is feasible, reasonable, or practical in certain areas of the public utility's service territory, including, but not limited to, flood zones and rural areas.
- (5) (a) The commission shall conduct an annual proceeding to allow utilities the opportunity to justify and recover transmission and distribution storm protection plan costs through a storm protection cost recovery clause.
- (b) All actions taken in the implementation of a transmission and distribution storm protection plan are

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considered prudent, but a party may challenge the prudence of the costs associated with such actions.

- c) The annual transmission and distribution storm protection plan costs recoverable through the storm protection cost recovery clause may not be included in the utility's base rates and must be allocated to customer classes pursuant to the rate design most recently approved by the commission.
- (d) If the costs recoverable through a storm protection cost recovery clause are capital expenditures, a public utility may recover, through the storm protection cost recovery clause, the annual depreciation on such costs, calculated at the utility's then-current approved depreciation rates, and a return on the depreciated balance of the costs calculated at the utility's weighted average cost of capital using the return on equity last approved by the commission in a rate case or settlement order.
- (6) (a) If the benefits of a tax reform result in a return to customers as a reduction in a utility's electric rates, the annual amounts that would otherwise have been returned to customers must be recorded in a storm protection reserve account. Such account must be used to fund the full commission-approved annual revenue requirements of the storm protection cost recovery clause.
- (b) An actual or projected surplus in the storm protection reserve account at the end of a calendar year must be returned to customers through the storm protection cost recovery clause.

  If the utility projects that the balance of its storm protection reserve will be insufficient to cover the projected full revenue requirements in any calendar year, the commission must establish

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146 a factor that, taking into account projected sales, is intended to recover the required cumulative annual revenue for transmission and distribution storm protection costs, net of the 149 amount funded by the storm protection reserve account. The costrecovery factor must be based on costs incurred by, as well as projections of, the transmission and distribution storm protection plan costs for the prospective recovery period.

- (c) The storm protection cost recovery clause cost-recovery factor must provide for periodic true-up of the utility's actual transmission and distribution storm protection plan costs relative to the projections under paragraph (b). The true-up must occur at least annually and must further require that any refund or collection made as part of the true-up process include interest based on the 30-day commercial paper rate, as specified by commission rule.
- (7) The commission shall adopt rules to implement and administer this section.
- 163 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.