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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Health; amending s. 381.0041, F.S.; providing that it is a felony for certain persons living with human immunodeficiency virus to donate human tissue to persons who are not living with such virus; providing an exception; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; authorizing a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of a protocol with a psychiatrist to approve the release of a patient from certain community health centers; amending s. 408.809, F.S.; providing that battery on a specified victim is a disqualifying offense for licensure as a health care practitioner; amending s. 456.0135, F.S.; providing that battery on a specified victim is a disqualifying offense for licensure as a health care practitioner; creating s. 456.4501, F.S.; implementing the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact in this state; providing for an interstate medical licensure process; providing requirements for multistate practice; creating s. 456.4502, F.S.; establishing that a formal hearing before the Division of Administrative Hearings must be held if there are any disputed issues of material fact when the licenses of certain physicians and osteopathic physicians are suspended or revoked by this state under the compact;

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requiring the department to notify the division of a petition for a formal hearing within a specified timeframe; requiring the administrative law judge to issue a recommended order; requiring the Board of Medicine or the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, as applicable, to determine and issue final orders in certain cases; providing the department with standing to seek judicial review of any final order of the boards; creating s. 456.4503, F.S.; requiring the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commissioners to ensure that the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission complies with specified public records and public meetings laws; creating s. 456.4504, F.S.; authorizing the department to adopt rules; creating s. 458.3129, F.S.; establishing that a physician licensed under the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact is deemed to be licensed as a physician under ch. 458, F.S.; amending s. 458.3145, F.S.; revising the list of individuals who may be issued a medical faculty certificate without examination; creating s. 459.074, F.S.; establishing that an osteopathic physician licensed under the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact is deemed to be licensed as an osteopathic physician under ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 464.019, F.S.; authorizing the Board of Nursing to adopt

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specified rules; authorizing certain nursing education programs to apply for an extension of an accreditation deadline within a specified timeframe; providing limitations on and eligibility criteria for the extension; providing a specific timeframe for an extension to be tolled; amending s. 465.003, F.S.; revising a definition; amending s. 465.1893, F.S.; authorizing a pharmacist who meets certain requirements to administer certain extended-release medications; amending s. 466.017, F.S.; authorizing a licensed dentist to order physical impression materials for self-administration by a patient for a specified purpose; amending s. 466.031, F.S.; making technical changes; authorizing an employee or independent contractor of a dental laboratory, acting as an agent of that dental laboratory, to engage in onsite consultation with a licensed dentist during a dental procedure; amending s. 466.036, F.S.; requiring dental laboratories to be inspected at least once each biennial registration period; renaming ch. 480, F.S., as "Massage Therapy Practice"; amending s. 480.031, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 480.032, F.S.; revising the purpose of ch. 480, F.S.; amending s. 480.033, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 480.041, F.S.; revising

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requirements for licensure as a massage therapist; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing applicability for persons who were issued a license as an apprentice before a specified date; repealing s. 480.042, F.S., relating to examinations; amending s. 491.003, F.S.; providing definitions; amending s. 491.004, F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; amending s. 491.0045, F.S.; authorizing the Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling to make a onetime exception to intern registration requirements under certain circumstances; amending s. 491.005, F.S.; revising the licensure requirements for clinical social workers, marriage and family therapists, and mental health counselors; amending s. 491.0057, F.S.; requiring that an applicant for dual licensure as a marriage and family therapist pass an examination designated by the Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling; amending s. 491.006, F.S.; revising requirements for licensure or certification by endorsement for certain professions; amending s. 491.007, F.S.; deleting a provision providing certified master social workers an exemption from continuing education requirements; deleting a

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provision requiring the board to establish a procedure for the biennial renewal of intern registrations; amending s. 491.009, F.S.; revising who may enter an order denying licensure or imposing penalties against an applicant for licensure under certain circumstances; amending s. 491.012, F.S.; providing that using the title "certified master social worker" without a valid, active license is unlawful; amending s. 491.0145, F.S.; requiring the department to license an applicant for designation as a certified master social worker under certain circumstances; providing that applicants for designation as a certified master social worker submit their application to the board; deleting a provision relating to the nonrefundable fee for examination set by department rule; authorizing the board to adopt rules; amending s. 491.0149, F.S.; requiring the use of applicable professional titles by specified licensees and registrants on social media and other specified materials; repealing s. 491.015, F.S., relating to duties of the department relating to certified master social workers; amending s. 514.0115, F.S.; providing that certain surf pools are exempt from supervision under certain circumstances; providing construction; defining the term "surf pool"; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; designating the state

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126	commissioners of the Interstate Medical Licensure
127	Compact Commission and other members or employees of
128	the commission as state agents for the purpose of
129	applying sovereign immunity and waivers of sovereign
130	immunity; requiring the commission to pay certain
131	claims or judgments; authorizing the commission to
132	maintain insurance coverage to pay such claims or
133	judgments; amending ss. 414.065, 477.013, 477.0135,
134	477.0265, 480.034, 480.035, 480.043, 480.046,
135	480.0465, 480.047, 480.052, 480.0535, 553.77,
136	627.6407, 627.6619, 627.736, and 641.31, F.S.;
137	conforming cross-references and provisions to changes
138	made by the act; making technical changes; providing
139	effective dates.
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141	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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143	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (11) of section
144	381.0041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
145	381.0041 Donation and transfer of human tissue; testing
146	requirements.—
147	(11)
148	(b) Any person who <u>is living with</u> human
149	immunodeficiency virus infection, who knows he or she is <u>living</u>
150	infected with human immunodeficiency virus, and who has been

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informed that he or she may communicate this disease by donating blood, plasma, organs, skin, or other human tissue who donates blood, plasma, organs, skin, or other human tissue for use in another person commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. This paragraph does not apply to a donation made to a recipient who is living with human immunodeficiency virus and who knows that the donor is living with human immunodeficiency virus.

Section 2. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.463 Involuntary examination.-

- (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION. -
- (f) A patient shall be examined by a physician or a clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist at a facility without unnecessary delay to determine if the criteria for involuntary services are met. Emergency treatment may be provided upon the order of a physician if the physician determines that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist or a clinical psychologist or, if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital, or health system, or nationally accredited not-

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for-profit community mental health center, the release may also be approved by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, or an attending emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist.

Section 3. Paragraphs (g) through (v) of subsection (4) of section 408.809, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (h) through (w), respectively, and a new paragraph (g) is added to that subsection to read:

408.809 Background screening; prohibited offenses.-

- (4) In addition to the offenses listed in s. 435.04, all persons required to undergo background screening pursuant to this part or authorizing statutes must not have an arrest awaiting final disposition for, must not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, and must not have been adjudicated delinquent and the record not have been sealed or expunged for any of the following offenses or any similar offense of another jurisdiction:
- (g) Section 784.03, relating to battery, if the victim is a vulnerable adult as defined in 415.102 or a patient or

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resident of a facility licensed under chapter 395, chapter 400, or chapter 429.

If, upon rescreening, a person who is currently employed or contracted with a licensee as of June 30, 2014, and was screened and qualified under ss. 435.03 and 435.04, has a disqualifying offense that was not a disqualifying offense at the time of the last screening, but is a current disqualifying offense and was committed before the last screening, he or she may apply for an exemption from the appropriate licensing agency and, if agreed to by the employer, may continue to perform his or her duties until the licensing agency renders a decision on the application for exemption if the person is eligible to apply for an exemption and the exemption request is received by the agency no later than 30 days after receipt of the rescreening results by the person.

Section 4. Subsection (5) is added to section 456.0135, Florida Statutes, to read:

456.0135 General background screening provisions.-

(5) In addition to the offenses listed in s. 435.04, all persons required to undergo background screening pursuant to this section, other than those licensed under s. 465.022, must not have an arrest awaiting final disposition for, must not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, and must not have been

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adjudicated delinquent and the record not have been sealed or expunded for an offense or any similar offense of another jurisdiction under s. 784.03, relating to battery, if the victim is a vulnerable adult as defined in 415.102 or a patient or resident of a facility licensed under chapter 395, chapter 400, or chapter 429. Section 5. Effective July 1, 2021, section 456.4501, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 456.4501 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact.—The Interstate Medical Licensure Compact is hereby enacted into law and entered into by this state with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows: SECTION 1 PURPOSE In order to strengthen access to health care, and in recognition of the advances in the delivery of health care, the member states of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact have allied in common purpose to develop a comprehensive process that

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complements the existing licensing and regulatory authority of

physicians to become licensed in multiple states, thereby

safety of patients. The Compact creates another pathway for

state medical boards, provides a streamlined process that allows

enhancing the portability of a medical license and ensuring the

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251 licensure and does not otherwise change a state's existing 252 Medical Practice Act. The Compact also adopts the prevailing 253 standard for licensure and affirms that the practice of medicine 254 occurs where the patient is located at the time of the 255 physician-patient encounter, and therefore, requires the 256 physician to be under the jurisdiction of the state medical 257 board where the patient is located. State medical boards that 258 participate in the Compact retain the jurisdiction to impose an 259 adverse action against a license to practice medicine in that 260 state issued to a physician through the procedures in the 261 Compact. 262 263 SECTION 2 264 DEFINITIONS 265 266 In this Compact: 267 "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the 268 Interstate Commission pursuant to section 11 for its governance, 269 or for directing and controlling its actions and conduct. 270 (2) "Commissioner" means the voting representative 271 appointed by each member board pursuant to section 11. 272 "Conviction" means a finding by a court that an (3) 273 individual is guilty of a criminal offense through adjudication, 274 or entry of a plea of quilt or no contest to the charge by the

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offender. Evidence of an entry of a conviction of a criminal

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

275

- offense by the court shall be considered final for purposes of disciplinary action by a member board.
 - (4) "Expedited license" means a full and unrestricted medical license granted by a member state to an eligible physician through the process set forth in the Compact.
 - (5) "Interstate Commission" means the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission created pursuant to section 11.
 - (6) "License" means authorization by a state for a physician to engage in the practice of medicine, which would be unlawful without the authorization.
 - (7) "Medical Practice Act" means laws and regulations governing the practice of allopathic and osteopathic medicine within a member state.
 - (8) "Member board" means a state agency in a member state that acts in the sovereign interests of the state by protecting the public through licensure, regulation, and education of physicians as directed by the state government.
 - (9) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the Compact.
 - (10) "Practice of medicine" means the diagnosis, treatment, prevention, cure, or relieving of a human disease, ailment, defect, complaint, or other physical or mental condition, by attendance, advice, device, diagnostic test, or other means, or offering, undertaking, attempting to do, or holding oneself out as able to do, any of these acts.

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301	(11) "Physician" means any person who:
302	(a) Is a graduate of a medical school accredited by the
303	Liaison Committee on Medical Education, the Commission on
304	Osteopathic College Accreditation, or a medical school listed in
305	the International Medical Education Directory or its equivalent;
306	(b) Passed each component of the United States Medical
307	Licensing Examination (USMLE) or the Comprehensive Osteopathic
308	Medical Licensing Examination (COMLEX-USA) within three
309	attempts, or any of its predecessor examinations accepted by a
310	state medical board as an equivalent examination for licensure
311	purposes;
312	(c) Successfully completed graduate medical education
313	approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical
314	Education or the American Osteopathic Association;
315	(d) Holds specialty certification or a time-unlimited
316	specialty certificate recognized by the American Board of
317	Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association's
318	Bureau of Osteopathic Specialists; however, the specialty
319	certification or a time-unlimited specialty certificate does not
320	have to be maintained once a physician is initially determined
321	to be eligible for expedited licensure through the Compact;
322	(e) Possesses a full and unrestricted license to engage in
323	the practice of medicine issued by a member board;
324	(f) Has never been convicted, received adjudication,
325	deferred adjudication, community supervision, or deferred

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520	disposition for any offense by a court of appropriate
327	jurisdiction;
328	(g) Has never held a license authorizing the practice of
329	medicine subjected to discipline by a licensing agency in any
330	state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, excluding any action
331	related to non-payment of fees related to a license;
332	(h) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit
333	suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug
334	Enforcement Administration; and
335	(i) Is not under active investigation by a licensing
336	agency or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or
337	foreign jurisdiction.
338	(12) "Offense" means a felony, high court misdemeanor, or
339	<pre>crime of moral turpitude.</pre>
340	(13) "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate
341	Commission promulgated pursuant to section 12 of the Compact
342	that is of general applicability, implements, interprets, or
343	prescribes a policy or provision of the Compact, or an
344	organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the
345	Interstate Commission, and has the force and effect of statutory
346	law in a member state, if the rule is not inconsistent with the
347	laws of the member state. The term includes the amendment,
348	repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
349	(14) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
350	territory of the United States.

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351	(15) "State of principal license" means a member state
352	where a physician holds a license to practice medicine and which
353	has been designated as such by the physician for purposes of
354	registration and participation in the Compact.
355	
356	SECTION 3
357	ELIGIBILITY
358	
359	(1) A physician must meet the eligibility requirements as
360	defined in subsection (11) of section 2 to receive an expedited
361	license under the terms and provisions of the Compact.
362	(2) A physician who does not meet the requirements of
363	subsection (11) of section 2 may obtain a license to practice
364	medicine in a member state if the individual complies with all
365	laws and requirements, other than the Compact, relating to the
366	issuance of a license to practice medicine in that state.
367	
368	SECTION 4
369	DESIGNATION OF STATE OF PRINCIPAL LICENSE
370	
371	(1) A physician shall designate a member state as the
372	state of principal license for purposes of registration for
373	expedited licensure through the Compact if the physician
374	possesses a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine
375	in that state, and the state is:

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376	(a) The state of primary residence for the physician, or
377	(b) The state where at least 25% of the practice of
378	medicine occurs, or
379	(c) The location of the physician's employer, or
380	(d) If no state qualifies under paragraph (a), paragraph
381	(b), or paragraph (c), the state designated as state of
382	residence for purpose of federal income tax.
383	(2) A physician may redesignate a member state as state of
384	principal license at any time, as long as the state meets the
385	requirements in subsection (1).
386	(3) The Interstate Commission is authorized to develop
387	rules to facilitate redesignation of another member state as the
388	state of principal license.
389	
390	SECTION 5
391	APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE OF EXPEDITED LICENSURE
392	
393	(1) A physician seeking licensure through the Compact
394	shall file an application for an expedited license with the
395	member board of the state selected by the physician as the state
396	of principal license.
397	(2) Upon receipt of an application for an expedited
398	license, the member board within the state selected as the state
399	of principal license shall evaluate whether the physician is
400	eligible for expedited licensure and issue a letter of

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- qualification, verifying or denying the physician's eligibility, to the Interstate Commission.
 - (a) Static qualifications, which include verification of medical education, graduate medical education, results of any medical or licensing examination, and other qualifications as determined by the Interstate Commission through rule, shall not be subject to additional primary source verification where already primary source verified by the state of principal license.
 - (b) The member board within the state selected as the state of principal license shall, in the course of verifying eligibility, perform a criminal background check of an applicant, including the use of the results of fingerprint or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with the exception of federal employees who have suitability determination in accordance with U.S. 5 C.F.R. s. 731.202.
 - (c) Appeal on the determination of eligibility shall be made to the member state where the application was filed and shall be subject to the law of that state.
 - (3) Upon verification in subsection (2), physicians eligible for an expedited license shall complete the registration process established by the Interstate Commission to receive a license in a member state selected pursuant to subsection (1), including the payment of any applicable fees.

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426	(4) After receiving verification of eligibility under
427	subsection (2) and any fees under subsection (3), a member board
428	shall issue an expedited license to the physician. This license
429	shall authorize the physician to practice medicine in the
430	issuing state consistent with the Medical Practice Act and all
431	applicable laws and regulations of the issuing member board and
432	member state.
433	(5) An expedited license shall be valid for a period
434	consistent with the licensure period in the member state and in
435	the same manner as required for other physicians holding a full
436	and unrestricted license within the member state.
437	(6) An expedited license obtained through the Compact
438	shall be terminated if a physician fails to maintain a license
439	in the state of principal licensure for a non-disciplinary
440	reason, without redesignation of a new state of principal
441	licensure.
442	(7) The Interstate Commission is authorized to develop
443	rules regarding the application process, including payment of
444	any applicable fees, and the issuance of an expedited license.
445	
446	SECTION 6
447	FEES FOR EXPEDITED LICENSURE
448	
449	(1) A member state issuing an expedited license
450	authorizing the practice of medicine in that state, or the

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451	regulating authority of the member state, may impose a fee for a
452	license issued or renewed through the Compact.
453	(2) The Interstate Commission is authorized to develop
454	rules regarding fees for expedited licenses. However, those
455	rules shall not limit the authority of a member state, or the
456	regulating authority of the member state, to impose and
457	determine the amount of a fee under subsection (1).
458	
459	SECTION 7
460	RENEWAL AND CONTINUED PARTICIPATION
461	
462	(1) A physician seeking to renew an expedited license
463	granted in a member state shall complete a renewal process with
464	the Interstate Commission if the physician:
465	(a) Maintains a full and unrestricted license in a state
466	of principal license;
467	(b) Has not been convicted, received adjudication,
468	deferred adjudication, community supervision, or deferred
469	disposition for any offense by a court of appropriate
470	jurisdiction;
471	(c) Has not had a license authorizing the practice of
472	medicine subject to discipline by a licensing agency in any
473	state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, excluding any action
474	related to non-payment of fees related to a license; and
475	(d) Has not had a controlled substance license or permit

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476	suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug
477	Enforcement Administration.
478	(2) Physicians shall comply with all continuing
479	professional development or continuing medical education
480	requirements for renewal of a license issued by a member state.
481	(3) The Interstate Commission shall collect any renewal
482	fees charged for the renewal of a license and distribute the
483	fees to the applicable member board.
484	(4) Upon receipt of any renewal fees collected in
485	subsection (3), a member board shall renew the physician's
486	license.
487	(5) Physician information collected by the Interstate
488	Commission during the renewal process will be distributed to all
489	member boards.
490	(6) The Interstate Commission is authorized to develop
491	rules to address renewal of licenses obtained through the
492	Compact.
493	
494	SECTION 8
495	COORDINATED INFORMATION SYSTEM
496	
497	(1) The Interstate Commission shall establish a database
498	of all physicians licensed, or who have applied for licensure,
499	under section 5.
500	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, member

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501	boards shall report to the Interstate Commission any public
502	action or complaints against a licensed physician who has
503	applied or received an expedited license through the Compact.
504	(3) Member boards shall report disciplinary or
505	investigatory information determined as necessary and proper by
506	rule of the Interstate Commission.
507	(4) Member boards may report any non-public complaint,
508	disciplinary, or investigatory information not required by
509	subsection (3) to the Interstate Commission.
510	(5) Member boards shall share complaint or disciplinary
511	information about a physician upon request of another member
512	board.
513	(6) All information provided to the Interstate Commission
514	or distributed by member boards shall be confidential, filed
515	under seal, and used only for investigatory or disciplinary
516	matters.
517	(7) The Interstate Commission is authorized to develop
518	rules for mandated or discretionary sharing of information by
519	member boards.
520	
521	SECTION 9
522	JOINT INVESTIGATIONS
523	
524	(1) Licensure and disciplinary records of physicians are
525	deemed investigative.

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326	(2) In addition to the authority granted to a member board
527	by its respective Medical Practice Act or other applicable state
528	law, a member board may participate with other member boards in
529	joint investigations of physicians licensed by the member
530	boards.
531	(3) A subpoena issued by a member state shall be
532	enforceable in other member states.
533	(4) Member boards may share any investigative, litigation,
534	or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or
535	individual investigation initiated under the Compact.
536	(5) Any member state may investigate actual or alleged
537	violations of the statutes authorizing the practice of medicine
538	in any other member state in which a physician holds a license
539	to practice medicine.
540	
541	SECTION 10
542	DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS
543	
544	(1) Any disciplinary action taken by any member board
545	against a physician licensed through the Compact shall be deemed
546	unprofessional conduct which may be subject to discipline by
547	other member boards, in addition to any violation of the Medical
548	Practice Act or regulations in that state.
549	(2) If a license granted to a physician by the member
550	board in the state of principal license is revoked, surrendered

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- or relinquished in lieu of discipline, or suspended, then all licenses issued to the physician by member boards shall automatically be placed, without further action necessary by any member board, on the same status. If the member board in the state of principal license subsequently reinstates the physician's license, a license issued to the physician by any other member board shall remain encumbered until that respective member board takes action to reinstate the license in a manner consistent with the Medical Practice Act of that state.
- (3) If disciplinary action is taken against a physician by a member board not in the state of principal license, any other member board may deem the action conclusive as to matter of law and fact decided, and:
- (a) Impose the same or lesser sanction(s) against the physician so long as such sanctions are consistent with the Medical Practice Act of that state; or
- (b) Pursue separate disciplinary action against the physician under its respective Medical Practice Act, regardless of the action taken in other member states.
- is revoked, surrendered or relinquished in lieu of discipline, or suspended, then any license(s) issued to the physician by any other member board(s) shall be suspended, automatically and immediately without further action necessary by the other member board(s), for ninety (90) days upon entry of the order by the

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disciplining board, to permit the member board(s) to investigate the basis for the action under the Medical Practice Act of that state. A member board may terminate the automatic suspension of the license it issued prior to the completion of the ninety (90) day suspension period in a manner consistent with the Medical Practice Act of that state.

SECTION 11

INTERSTATE MEDICAL LICENSURE COMPACT COMMISSION

- (1) The member states hereby create the "Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission."
- (2) The purpose of the Interstate Commission is the administration of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact, which is a discretionary state function.
 - (3) The Interstate Commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the member states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth in the Compact, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states in accordance with the terms of the Compact.
 - (4) The Interstate Commission shall consist of two voting representatives appointed by each member state who shall serve as Commissioners. In states where allopathic and osteopathic physicians are regulated by separate member boards, or if the

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licensing and disciplinary authority is split between multiple
member boards within a member state, the member state shall
appoint one representative from each member board. A
<pre>Commissioner shall be a(n):</pre>
(a) Allopathic or osteopathic physician appointed to a
member board;
(b) Executive director, executive secretary, or similar
executive of a member board; or
(c) Member of the public appointed to a member board.
(5) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once
each calendar year. A portion of this meeting shall be a
business meeting to address such matters as may properly come

(6) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or electronic communication.

before the Commission, including the election of officers. The

chairperson may call additional meetings and shall call for a

meeting upon the request of a majority of the member states.

(7) Each Commissioner participating at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of Commissioners shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission. A Commissioner shall not delegate a vote to another Commissioner. In the absence of its Commissioner, a member state may delegate voting authority for a

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626	specified meeting to another person from that state who shall
627	meet the requirements of subsection (4).
628	(8) The Interstate Commission shall provide public notice
629	of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public.
630	The Interstate Commission may close a meeting, in full or in
631	portion, where it determines by a two-thirds vote of the
632	Commissioners present that an open meeting would be likely to:
633	(a) Relate solely to the internal personnel practices and
634	procedures of the Interstate Commission;
635	(b) Discuss matters specifically exempted from disclosure
636	by federal statute;
637	(c) Discuss trade secrets, commercial, or financial
638	information that is privileged or confidential;
639	(d) Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally
640	censuring a person;
641	(e) Discuss information of a personal nature where
642	disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
643	personal privacy;
644	(f) Discuss investigative records compiled for law
645	enforcement purposes; or
646	(g) Specifically relate to the participation in a civil
647	action or other legal proceeding.
648	(9) The Interstate Commission shall keep minutes which
649	shall fully describe all matters discussed in a meeting and
650	shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken

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651	including record of any roll call votes.
652	(10) The Interstate Commission shall make its information
653	and official records, to the extent not otherwise designated in
654	the Compact or by its rules, available to the public for
655	inspection.
656	(11) The Interstate Commission shall establish an
657	executive committee, which shall include officers, members, and
658	others as determined by the bylaws. The executive committee
659	shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate
660	Commission, with the exception of rulemaking, during periods
661	when the Interstate Commission is not in session. When acting on
662	behalf of the Interstate Commission, the executive committee
663	shall oversee the administration of the Compact including
664	enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the Compact,
665	its bylaws and rules, and other such duties as necessary.
666	(12) The Interstate Commission may establish other
667	committees for governance and administration of the Compact.
668	
669	SECTION 12
670	POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
671	
672	The Interstate Commission shall have the duty and power to:
673	(1) Oversee and maintain the administration of the
674	<pre>Compact;</pre>
675	(2) Promulgate rules which shall be binding to the extent

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676	and in the manner provided for in the Compact;	
677	(3) Issue, upon the request of a member state or member	
678	board, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or	
679	interpretation of the Compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions;	
680	(4) Enforce compliance with Compact provisions, the rules	
681	promulgated by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using	
682	all necessary and proper means, including but not limited to the	
683	use of judicial process;	
684	(5) Establish and appoint committees including, but not	
685	limited to, an executive committee as required by section 11,	
686	which shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate	
687	Commission in carrying out its powers and duties;	
688	(6) Pay, or provide for the payment of the expenses	
689	related to the establishment, organization, and ongoing	
690	activities of the Interstate Commission;	
691	(7) Establish and maintain one or more offices;	
692	(8) Borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of	
693	<pre>personnel;</pre>	
694	(9) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;	
695	(10) Employ an executive director who shall have such	
696	powers to employ, select or appoint employees, agents, or	
697	consultants, and to determine their qualifications, define their	
698	duties, and fix their compensation;	
699	(11) Establish personnel policies and programs relating to	
700	conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications	

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701	of personnel;
702	(12) Accept donations and grants of money, equipment,
703	supplies, materials and services, and to receive, utilize, and
704	dispose of it in a manner consistent with the conflict of
705	interest policies established by the Interstate Commission;
706	(13) Lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations
707	of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any property,
708	real, personal, or mixed;
709	(14) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
710	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal,
711	or mixed;
712	(15) Establish a budget and make expenditures;
713	(16) Adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and
714	operation of the Interstate Commission;
715	(17) Report annually to the legislatures and governors of
716	the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate
717	Commission during the preceding year. Such reports shall also
718	include reports of financial audits and any recommendations that
719	may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission;
720	(18) Coordinate education, training, and public awareness
721	regarding the Compact, its implementation, and its operation;
722	(19) Maintain records in accordance with the bylaws;
723	(20) Seek and obtain trademarks, copyrights, and patents;
724	<u>and</u>
725	(21) Perform such functions as may be necessary or

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726 appropriate to achieve the purposes of the Compact.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SECTION 13

FINANCE POWERS

- annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its staff. The total assessment, subject to appropriation, must be sufficient to cover the annual budget approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same.
- (3) The Interstate Commission shall not pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by, and with the authority of, the member state.
- (4) The Interstate Commission shall be subject to a yearly financial audit conducted by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in the annual report of the Interstate Commission.

SECTION 14

751

52	ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
53	
54	(1) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of
55	Commissioners present and voting, adopt bylaws to govern its
56	conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the
57	purposes of the Compact within twelve (12) months of the first
58	Interstate Commission meeting.
59	(2) The Interstate Commission shall elect or appoint
60	annually from among its Commissioners a chairperson, a vice-
61	chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have such
62	authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The
63	chairperson, or in the chairperson's absence or disability, the
64	vice-chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the
65	Interstate Commission.
66	(3) Officers selected in subsection (2) shall serve
67	without remuneration from the Interstate Commission.
68	(4) The officers and employees of the Interstate
69	Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either
70	personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage
71	to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil
72	liability caused or arising out of, or relating to, an actual or
73	alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such
74	person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the
775	scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or

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responsibilities; provided that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.

- (a) The liability of the executive director and employees of the Interstate Commission or representatives of the Interstate Commission, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state, may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive director, its employees, and subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state represented by an Interstate Commission representative, shall defend such Interstate Commission representative in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a

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reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of
Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities,
provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did
not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on
the part of such person.

(c) To the extent not covered by the state involved, member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.

820 <u>SECTION 15</u>

RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

(1) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the Compact. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the

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826	event the Interstate Commission exercises its rulemaking
827	authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes
828	of the Compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an
829	action by the Interstate Commission shall be invalid and have no
830	force or effect.
831	(2) Rules deemed appropriate for the operations of the
832	Interstate Commission shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking
833	process that substantially conforms to the "Model State
834	Administrative Procedure Act" of 2010, and subsequent amendments
835	thereto.
836	(3) Not later than thirty (30) days after a rule is
837	promulgated, any person may file a petition for judicial review
838	of the rule in the United States District Court for the District
839	of Columbia or the federal district where the Interstate
840	Commission has its principal offices, provided that the filing
841	of such a petition shall not stay or otherwise prevent the rule
842	from becoming effective unless the court finds that the
843	petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The court
844	shall give deference to the actions of the Interstate Commission
845	consistent with applicable law and shall not find the rule to be
846	unlawful if the rule represents a reasonable exercise of the
847	authority granted to the Interstate Commission.
848	
849	SECTION 16
850	OVERSIGHT OF INTERSTATE COMPACT

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852	(1) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of
853	state government in each member state shall enforce the Compact
854	and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to
855	effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of
856	the Compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have
857	standing as statutory law but shall not override existing state
858	authority to regulate the practice of medicine.
859	(2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact
860	and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a
861	member state pertaining to the subject matter of the Compact
862	which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the
863	Interstate Commission.
864	(3) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive
865	all service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have
866	standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.
867	Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate
868	Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the
869	Interstate Commission, the Compact, or promulgated rules.
870	
871	SECTION 17
872	ENFORCEMENT OF INTERSTATE COMPACT
873	
874	(1) The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise
875	of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of the

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Compact	
Compact	٠

- (2) The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the Commissioners, initiate legal action in the United States

 District Court for the District of Columbia, or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal offices, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact, and its promulgated rules and bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees.
- (3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission may avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of a profession.

SECTION 18

DEFAULT PROCEDURES

(1) The grounds for default include, but are not limited

to, failure of a member state to perform such obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by the Compact, or the rules and bylaws of the Interstate Commission promulgated under the

900 Compact.

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- (2) If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the Compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the Interstate Commission shall:
- (a) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the Interstate

 Commission. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; and
- (b) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- (3) If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the Commissioners and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by the Compact shall terminate on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.
- imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to terminate shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.

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926	(5) The Interstate Commission shall establish rules and
927	procedures to address licenses and physicians that are
928	materially impacted by the termination of a member state, or the
929	withdrawal of a member state.
930	(6) The member state which has been terminated is
931	responsible for all dues, obligations, and liabilities incurred
932	through the effective date of termination including obligations,
933	the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of
934	termination.
935	(7) The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs
936	relating to any state that has been found to be in default or
937	which has been terminated from the Compact, unless otherwise
938	mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate
939	Commission and the defaulting state.
940	(8) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the
941	Interstate Commission by petitioning the United States District
942	Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where
943	the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The
944	prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation
945	including reasonable attorney's fees.
946	
947	SECTION 19
948	DISPUTE RESOLUTION
949	
950	(1) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the

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reques	t of a me	ember	state	e, to	reso	lve di	sputes	which	are	subject
to the	Compact	and	which	may	arise	among	member	state	s or	member
boards	<u>•</u>									

(2) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate rules providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution as appropriate.

SECTION 20

MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT

- (1) Any state is eligible to become a member state of the Compact.
- (2) The Compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the Compact into law by no less than seven (7) states. Thereafter, it shall become effective and binding on a state upon enactment of the Compact into law by that state.
- (3) The governors of non-member states, or their designees, shall be invited to participate in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a non-voting basis prior to adoption of the Compact by all states.
- (4) The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the Compact for enactment by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the Interstate

 Commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted

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9/6	into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
977	
978	SECTION 21
979	WITHDRAWAL
980	
981	(1) Once effective, the Compact shall continue in force
982	and remain binding upon each and every member state; provided
983	that a member state may withdraw from the Compact by
984	specifically repealing the statute which enacted the Compact
985	into law.
986	(2) Withdrawal from the Compact shall be by the enactment
987	of a statute repealing the same, but shall not take effect until
988	one (1) year after the effective date of such statute and until
989	written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the
990	withdrawing state to the governor of each other member state.
991	(3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the
992	chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the
993	introduction of legislation repealing the Compact in the
994	withdrawing state.
995	(4) The Interstate Commission shall notify the other
996	member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw
997	within sixty (60) days of its receipt of notice provided under
998	subsection (3).
999	(5) The withdrawing state is responsible for all dues,
1000	obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date

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1001	of withdrawal, including obligations, the performance of which
1002	extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.
1003	(6) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state
1004	shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the Compact or
1005	upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission.
1006	(7) The Interstate Commission is authorized to develop
1007	rules to address the impact of the withdrawal of a member state
1008	on licenses granted in other member states to physicians who
1009	designated the withdrawing member state as the state of
1010	principal license.
1011	
1012	SECTION 22
1013	DISSOLUTION
1014	
1015	(1) The Compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of
1016	the withdrawal or default of the member state which reduces the
1017	membership in the Compact to one (1) member state.
1018	(2) Upon the dissolution of the Compact, the Compact
1019	becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or
1020	effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate
1021	Commission shall be concluded and surplus funds shall be
1022	distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
1023	
1024	SECTION 23
1025	SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

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1026	
1027	(1) The provisions of the Compact shall be severable, and
1028	if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is deemed
1029	unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the Compact shall be
1030	enforceable.
1031	(2) The provisions of the Compact shall be liberally
1032	construed to effectuate its purposes.
1033	(3) Nothing in the Compact shall be construed to prohibit
1034	the applicability of other interstate compacts to which the
1035	states are members.
1036	
1037	SECTION 24
1038	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
1039	
1040	(1) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other
1041	law of a member state that is not inconsistent with the Compact.
1042	(2) All laws in a member state in conflict with the
1043	Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
1044	(3) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,
1045	including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the Commission,
1046	are binding upon the member states.
1047	(4) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and
1048	the member states are binding in accordance with their terms.
1049	(5) In the event any provision of the Compact exceeds the
1050	constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any member

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state, such provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.

Section 6. Effective July 1, 2021, section 456.4502, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

disciplinary proceedings.—A physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, or s. 456.4501 whose license is suspended or revoked by this state pursuant to the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact as a result of disciplinary action taken against the physician's license in another state shall be granted a formal hearing before an administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative Hearings held pursuant to chapter 120 if there are any disputed issues of material fact. In such proceedings:

- (1) Notwithstanding s. 120.569(2), the department shall notify the division within 45 days after receipt of a petition or request for a formal hearing.
- (2) The determination of whether the physician has violated the laws and rules regulating the practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine, as applicable, including a determination of the reasonable standard of care, is a conclusion of law that is to be determined by appropriate board, and is not a finding of fact to be determined by an administrative law judge.

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1076	(3) The administrative law judge shall issue a recommended
1077	order pursuant to chapter 120.
1078	(4) The Board of Medicine or the Board of Osteopathic
1079	Medicine, as applicable, shall determine and issue the final
1080	order in each disciplinary case. Such order shall constitute
1081	final agency action.
1082	(5) Any consent order or agreed-upon settlement is subject
1083	to the approval of the department.
1084	(6) The department shall have standing to seek judicial
1085	review of any final order of the board, pursuant to s. 120.68.
1086	Section 7. Effective July 1, 2021, section 456.4503,
1087	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1088	456.4503 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact
1089	Commissioners.—The duly appointed commissioners to the
1090	Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission under s.
1091	456.4501 shall ensure that the Interstate Medical Licensure
1092	Compact Commission complies with the requirements of chapter 119
1093	and s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution.
1094	Section 8. Effective July 1, 2021, section 456.4504,
1095	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1096	456.4504 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Rules.—The
1097	department may adopt rules to implement the Interstate Medical
1098	Licensure Compact.
1099	Section 9. Effective July 1, 2021, section 458.3129,
1100	Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1101	458.3129 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact.—A physician
1102	licensed to practice medicine under s. 456.4501 is deemed to be
1103	licensed as a physician under this chapter.
1104	Section 10. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section
1105	458.3145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1106	458.3145 Medical faculty certificate
1107	(1) A medical faculty certificate may be issued without
1108	examination to an individual who:
1109	(i) Has been offered and has accepted a full-time faculty
1110	appointment to teach in a program of medicine at:
1111	1. The University of Florida;
1112	2. The University of Miami;
1113	3. The University of South Florida;
1114	4. The Florida State University;
1115	5. The Florida International University;
1116	6. The University of Central Florida;
1117	7. The Mayo Clinic College of Medicine and Science in
1118	Jacksonville, Florida;
1119	8. The Florida Atlantic University; or
1120	9. The Johns Hopkins All Children's Hospital in St.
1121	Petersburg, Florida <u>;</u>
1122	10. Nova Southeastern University; or
1123	11. The Lake Erie College of Osteopathic Medicine.
1124	Section 11. Effective July 1, 2021, section 459.074,
1125	Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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 459.074 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact.—A physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine under s. 456.4501 is deemed to be licensed as an osteopathic physician under this chapter.

Section 12. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (8) of section 464.019, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (11) of that section, to read:

464.019 Approval of nursing education programs.-

- authority to administer this section, except that the board shall adopt rules that prescribe the format for submitting program applications under subsection (1) and annual reports under subsection (3), and to administer the documentation of the accreditation of nursing education programs under subsection (11). The board may adopt rules relating to the nursing curriculum, including rules relating to the uses and limitations of simulation technology, and rules relating to the criteria to qualify for an extension of time to meet the accreditation requirements under paragraph (11)(f). The board may not impose any condition or requirement on an educational institution submitting a program application, an approved program, or an accredited program, except as expressly provided in this section.
 - (11) ACCREDITATION REQUIRED.—

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(f) An approved nursing education program may, no sooner
than 90 days before the deadline for meeting the accreditation
requirements of this subsection, apply to the board for an
extension of the accreditation deadline for a period which does
not exceed 2 years. An additional extension may not be granted.
In order to be eligible for the extension, the approved program
must establish that it has a graduate passage rate of 60 percent
or higher on the National Council of State Boards of Nursing
Licensing Examination for the most recent calendar year and must
meet a majority of the board's additional criteria, including,
but not limited to, all of the following:
1 A student retention rate of 60 percent or higher for

- 1. A student retention rate of 60 percent or higher for the most recent calendar year.
- 2. A graduate work placement rate of 70 percent or higher for the most recent calendar year.
- 3. The program has applied for approval or has been approved by an institutional or programmatic accreditor recognized by the United States Department of Education.
- 4. The program is in full compliance with subsections (1) and (3) and paragraph (5)(b).
- 5. The program is not currently in its second year of probationary status under subsection (5).

The applicable deadline under this paragraph is tolled from the date on which an approved program applies for an extension until

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the date on which the board issues a decision on the requested extension.

Section 13. Subsection (13) of section 465.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

"Practice of the profession of pharmacy" includes compounding, dispensing, and consulting concerning contents, therapeutic values, and uses of any medicinal drug; consulting concerning therapeutic values and interactions of patent or proprietary preparations, whether pursuant to prescriptions or in the absence and entirely independent of such prescriptions or orders; and conducting other pharmaceutical services. For purposes of this subsection, "other pharmaceutical services" means the monitoring of the patient's drug therapy and assisting the patient in the management of his or her drug therapy, and includes review of the patient's drug therapy and communication with the patient's prescribing health care provider as licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, or similar statutory provision in another jurisdiction, or such provider's agent or such other persons as specifically authorized by the patient, regarding the drug therapy. However, nothing in this subsection may be interpreted to permit an alteration of a prescriber's directions, the diagnosis or treatment of any disease, the initiation of any drug therapy, the practice of medicine, or the practice of osteopathic

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medicine, unless otherwise permitted by law. "Practice of the profession of pharmacy" also includes any other act, service, operation, research, or transaction incidental to, or forming a part of, any of the foregoing acts, requiring, involving, or employing the science or art of any branch of the pharmaceutical profession, study, or training, and shall expressly permit a pharmacist to transmit information from persons authorized to prescribe medicinal drugs to their patients. The practice of the profession of pharmacy also includes the administration of vaccines to adults pursuant to s. 465.189, the administration of long-acting medications pursuant to s. 465.1893, and the preparation of prepackaged drug products in facilities holding Class III institutional pharmacy permits.

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 465.1893, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

465.1893 Administration of $\underline{\text{long-acting antipsychotic}}$ medication by injection.—

(1) (a) A pharmacist, at the direction of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, may administer a long-acting antipsychotic medication and extended-release medications, including controlled substances, to treat substance abuse disorders or dependency that have been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration by injection to a patient if the pharmacist:

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- 1. Is authorized by and acting within the framework of an established protocol with the prescribing physician.
 - 2. Practices at a facility that accommodates privacy for nondeltoid injections and conforms with state rules and regulations regarding the appropriate and safe disposal of medication and medical waste.
 - 3. Has completed the course required under subsection (2).
 - (2)(a) A pharmacist seeking to administer a long-acting antipsychotic medication as described in paragraph (1)(a) by injection must complete an 8-hour continuing education course offered by:
 - 1. A statewide professional association of physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award (AMA PRA) Category 1 Credit or the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) Category 1-A continuing medical education (CME) credit; and
 - 2. A statewide association of pharmacists.
 - Section 15. Subsection (9) is added to section 466.017, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 466.017 Prescription of drugs; anesthesia.-
 - (9) A dentist may order physical impression materials for self-administration by a patient for the purpose of fabricating an orthodontic appliance.
 - Section 16. Section 466.031, Florida Statutes, is amended

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1251	to read:
L252	466.031 "Dental <u>laboratories</u> laboratory" defined
L253	(1) As used in this chapter, the term "dental laboratory"
L254	as used in this chapter:
L255	$\overline{\text{(1)}}$ includes any person, firm, or corporation $\overline{\text{that}}$ who
L256	performs for a fee of any kind, gratuitously, or otherwise,
L257	directly or through an agent or \underline{an} employee, by any means or
L258	method, or who in any way supplies or manufactures artificial
L259	substitutes for the natural teeth <u>;, or who</u> furnishes, supplies,
L260	constructs, or reproduces or repairs any prosthetic denture,
L261	bridge, or appliance to be worn in the human mouth $\underline{;}$ or $\overline{ ext{who}}$ in
L262	any way <u>represents</u> holds itself out as a dental laboratory.
L263	(2) The term does not include a Excludes any dental
L264	laboratory technician who constructs or repairs dental
L265	prosthetic appliances in the office of a licensed dentist
L266	<pre>exclusively for that such dentist only and under her or his</pre>
L267	supervision and work order.
L268	(2) An employee or independent contractor of a dental
L269	laboratory, acting as an agent of that dental laboratory, may
L270	engage in onsite consultation with a licensed dentist during a
L271	dental procedure.
L272	Section 17. Section 466.036, Florida Statutes, is amended
L273	to read:
L274	466.036 Information; periodic inspections; equipment and
L275	supplies.—The department may require from the applicant for a

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registration certificate to operate a dental laboratory any information necessary to carry out the purpose of this chapter, including proof that the applicant has the equipment and supplies necessary to operate as determined by rule of the department, and shall require periodic inspection of all dental laboratories operating in this state at least once each biennial registration period. Such inspections must shall include, but need not be limited to, inspection of sanitary conditions, equipment, supplies, and facilities on the premises. The department shall specify dental equipment and supplies that are not allowed permitted in a registered dental laboratory. Section 18. Chapter 480, Florida Statutes, entitled "Massage Practice," is renamed "Massage Therapy Practice." Section 19. Section 480.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 480.031 Short title.-This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Massage Therapy Practice Act." Section 20. Section 480.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: Purpose. - The Legislature recognizes that the practice of massage therapy is potentially dangerous to the public in that massage therapists must have a knowledge of

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treated and the total function of the body. Massage therapy is a

anatomy and physiology and an understanding of the relationship

between the structure and the function of the tissues being

therapeutic health care practice, and regulations are necessary to protect the public from unqualified practitioners. It is therefore deemed necessary in the interest of public health, safety, and welfare to regulate the practice of massage therapy in this state; however, restrictions shall be imposed to the extent necessary to protect the public from significant and discernible danger to health and yet not in such a manner which will unreasonably affect the competitive market. Further, consumer protection for both health and economic matters shall be afforded the public through legal remedies provided for in this act.

Section 21. Section 480.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.033 Definitions.—As used in this act:

- $\underline{(1)}$ "Apprentice" means a person approved by the board to study <u>colon hydrotherapy</u> massage under the instruction of a licensed massage therapist <u>practicing colon hydrotherapy</u>.
 - (2) (1) "Board" means the Board of Massage Therapy.
- (3)(9) "Board-approved massage therapy school" means a facility that meets minimum standards for training and curriculum as determined by rule of the board and that is licensed by the Department of Education pursuant to chapter 1005 or the equivalent licensing authority of another state or is within the public school system of this state or a college or university that is eligible to participate in the William L.

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- 1326 Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education Grant Program.
- 1327 (4) (6) "Colon hydrotherapy" "Colonic irrigation" means a
 1328 method of hydrotherapy used to cleanse the colon with the aid of
 1329 a mechanical device and water.
 - (5) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ "Department" means the Department of Health.
 - (6)(11) "Designated establishment manager" means a massage therapist who holds a clear and active license without restriction, who is responsible for the operation of a massage establishment in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and who is designated the manager by the rules or practices at the establishment.
 - (7) "Establishment" or "massage establishment" means a site or premises, or portion thereof, wherein a massage therapist practices massage therapy.
 - (8) (10) "Establishment owner" means a person who has ownership interest in a massage establishment. The term includes an individual who holds a massage establishment license, a general partner of a partnership, an owner or officer of a corporation, and a member of a limited liability company and its subsidiaries who holds a massage establishment license.
 - (9) (8) "Licensure" means the procedure by which a person, hereinafter referred to as a "practitioner," applies to the board for approval to practice massage therapy or to operate an establishment.
 - (10) (4) "Massage therapist" means a person licensed as

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required by this act, who <u>performs</u> administers massage <u>therapy</u>, including massage therapy assessment, for compensation.

- (11) (3) "Massage therapy" means the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body with the hand, foot, knee, arm, or elbow, regardless of whether or not such manipulation is aided by hydrotherapy, including colon hydrotherapy colonic irrigation, or thermal therapy; any electrical or mechanical device; or the application to the human body of a chemical or herbal preparation.
- (12) "Massage therapy assessment" means the determination of the course of massage therapy treatment.
- Section 22. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 480.041, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:
- 480.041 Massage therapists; qualifications; licensure; endorsement.—
- (1) Any person is qualified for licensure as a massage therapist under this act who:
- (a) Is at least 18 years of age or has received a high school diploma or high school equivalency diploma;
- (b) Has completed a course of study at a board-approved massage therapy school or has completed an apprenticeship program that meets standards adopted by the board; and
- (c) Has received a passing grade on <u>a national</u> an examination <u>designated</u> administered by the <u>board</u> department.

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- (2) Every person desiring to be examined for licensure as a massage therapist <u>must shall</u> apply to the department in writing upon forms prepared <u>by the board</u> and furnished by the department. Such applicants <u>are shall be</u> subject to the provisions of s. 480.046(1). Applicants may take an examination administered by the department only upon meeting the requirements of this section as determined by the board.
- (4) Upon an applicant's passing the examination and paying the initial licensure fee, the department shall issue to the applicant a license, valid until the next scheduled renewal date, to practice massage therapy.
 - (5) The board shall adopt rules:
- (b) Providing for educational standards, examination, and certification for the practice of colon hydrotherapy colonic irrigation, as defined in $\underline{s.\ 480.033}\ \underline{s.\ 480.033(6)}$, by massage therapists.
- (8) A person issued a license as an apprentice before July 1, 2020, may continue that apprenticeship and perform massage therapy as authorized under that license until it expires. Upon completion of the apprenticeship, which must occur before July 1, 2023, an apprentice may apply to the board for full licensure and be granted a license if all other applicable licensure requirements are met.
- Section 23. <u>Section 480.042</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

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1401 Section 24. Subsections (2) through (7) of section 1402 491.003, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) 1403 through (8), respectively, present subsections (8) through (17) 1404 are renumbered as subsections (10) through (19), respectively, 1405 and new subsections (2) and (9) are added to that section to 1406 read: 1407 491.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter: 1408 "Certified master social worker" means a person 1409 licensed under this chapter to practice generalist social work. 1410 "Practice of generalist social work" means the application of social work theory, knowledge, methods, and 1411 1412 ethics, and the professional use of self to restore or enhance social, psychosocial, or biopsychosocial functioning of 1413 1414 individuals, couples, families, groups, organizations, and 1415 communities. The term includes the application of specialized 1416 knowledge and advanced practice skills in nondiagnostic 1417 assessment, treatment planning, implementation and evaluation, 1418 case management, information and referral, supervision, 1419 consultation, education, research, advocacy, and community 1420 organization, and the development, implementation, and 1421 administration of policies, programs, and activities. 1422 Section 25. Subsections (4) through (7) of section 491.004, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) 1423 through (6), respectively, and present subsections (3) and (4) 1424 1425 of that section are amended to read:

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1426	491.004 Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family
1427	Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling.—
1428	(3) No later than January 1, 1988, the Governor shall
1429	appoint nine members of the board as follows:
1430	(a) Three members for terms of 2 years each.
1431	(b) Three members for terms of 3 years each.
1432	(c) Three members for terms of 4 years each.
1433	(3) (4) As the terms of the initial members expire, the
1434	Governor shall appoint successors for terms of 4 years; and
1435	those members shall serve until their successors are appointed.
1436	Section 26. Subsection (6) of section 491.0045, Florida
1437	Statutes, is amended to read:
1438	491.0045 Intern registration; requirements
1439	(6) A registration issued on or before March 31, 2017,
1440	expires March 31, 2022, and may not be renewed or reissued. Any
1441	registration issued after March 31, 2017, expires 60 months
1442	after the date it is issued. The board may make a one-time
1443	exception from the requirements of this section in emergency or
1444	hardship cases, as defined by board rule, if A subsequent intern
1445	registration may not be issued unless the candidate has passed
1446	the theory and practice examination described in s.
1447	491.005(1)(d), (3)(d), and (4)(d).
1448	Section 27. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection
1449	(2), and subsections (3) and (4) of section 491.005, Florida
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Statutes, are amended to read:

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- 1451 491.005 Licensure by examination.—
 - (1) CLINICAL SOCIAL WORK.—Upon verification of documentation and payment of a fee not to exceed \$200, as set by board rule, plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of the examination from the American Association of State Social Work Worker's Boards or its successor a similar national organization, the department shall issue a license as a clinical social worker to an applicant who the board certifies:
 - (a) Has submitted an application and paid the appropriate fee.
 - (b)1. Has received a doctoral degree in social work from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant graduated was accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education or has received a master's degree in social work from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant graduated:
 - a. Was accredited by the Council on Social Work Education;
 - b. Was accredited by the Canadian Association of Schools of Social Work; or
 - c. Has been determined to have been a program equivalent to programs approved by the Council on Social Work Education by the Foreign Equivalency Determination Service of the Council on Social Work Education. An applicant who graduated from a program at a university or college outside of the United States or Canada must present documentation of the equivalency

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determination from the council in order to qualify.

- 2. The applicant's graduate program must have emphasized direct clinical patient or client health care services, including, but not limited to, coursework in clinical social work, psychiatric social work, medical social work, social casework, psychotherapy, or group therapy. The applicant's graduate program must have included all of the following coursework:
- a. A supervised field placement which was part of the applicant's advanced concentration in direct practice, during which the applicant provided clinical services directly to clients.
- b. Completion of 24 semester hours or 32 quarter hours in courses approved by board rule theory of human behavior and practice methods as courses in clinically oriented services, including a minimum of one course in psychopathology, and no more than one course in research, taken in a school of social work accredited or approved pursuant to subparagraph 1.
- 3. If the course title which appears on the applicant's transcript does not clearly identify the content of the coursework, the applicant shall be required to provide additional documentation, including, but not limited to, a syllabus or catalog description published for the course.
- (c) Has had at least 2 years of clinical social work experience, which took place subsequent to completion of a

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graduate degree in social work at an institution meeting the accreditation requirements of this section, under the supervision of a licensed clinical social worker or the equivalent who is a qualified supervisor as determined by the board. An individual who intends to practice in Florida to satisfy clinical experience requirements must register pursuant to s. 491.0045 before commencing practice. If the applicant's graduate program was not a program which emphasized direct clinical patient or client health care services as described in subparagraph (b) 2., the supervised experience requirement must take place after the applicant has completed a minimum of 15 semester hours or 22 quarter hours of the coursework required. A doctoral internship may be applied toward the clinical social work experience requirement. A licensed mental health professional must be on the premises when clinical services are provided by a registered intern in a private practice setting.

- (d) Has passed a theory and practice examination designated provided by the board department for this purpose.
- (e) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by <u>board</u> rule of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, and mental health counseling.
 - (2) CLINICAL SOCIAL WORK.-
- (b) An applicant from a master's or doctoral program in social work which did not emphasize direct patient or client

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- services may complete the clinical curriculum content requirement by returning to a graduate program accredited by the Council on Social Work Education or the Canadian Association for Social Work Education of Schools of Social Work, or to a clinical social work graduate program with comparable standards, in order to complete the education requirements for examination. However, a maximum of 6 semester or 9 quarter hours of the clinical curriculum content requirement may be completed by credit awarded for independent study coursework as defined by board rule.
- (3) MARRIAGE AND FAMILY THERAPY.—Upon verification of documentation and payment of a fee not to exceed \$200, as set by board rule, plus the actual cost to the department for the purchase of the examination from the Association of Marital and Family Therapy Regulatory Boards Board, or its successor similar national organization, the department shall issue a license as a marriage and family therapist to an applicant who the board certifies:
- (a) Has submitted an application and paid the appropriate fee.
- (b) 1. Has a minimum of a master's degree with major emphasis in marriage and family therapy from a program accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education or from a state university program accredited by the Council for Accreditation of Counseling and

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1551 Related Educational Programs, or a closely related field, and 1552 graduate courses approved by the Board of Clinical Social Work, 1553 Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling. has completed all of the following requirements: 1554 1555 a. Thirty-six semester hours or 48 quarter hours of 1556 graduate coursework, which must include a minimum of 3 semester 1557 hours or 4 quarter hours of graduate-level course credits in 1558 each of the following nine areas: dynamics of marriage and family systems; marriage therapy and counseling theory and 1559 1560 techniques; family therapy and counseling theory and techniques; 1561 individual human development theories throughout the life cycle; 1562 personality theory or general counseling theory and techniques; 1563 psychopathology; human sexuality theory and counseling 1564 techniques; psychosocial theory; and substance abuse theory and 1565 counseling techniques. Courses in research, evaluation, 1566 appraisal, assessment, or testing theories and procedures; 1567 thesis or dissertation work; or practicums, internships, or 1568 fieldwork may not be applied toward this requirement. 1569 A minimum of one graduate-level course of 3 semester 1570 hours or 4 quarter hours in legal, ethical, and professional 1571 standards issues in the practice of marriage and family therapy 1572 or a course determined by the board to be equivalent. c. A minimum of one graduate-level course of 3 semester 1573 1574 hours or 4 quarter hours in diagnosis, appraisal, assessment, 1575 and testing for individual or interpersonal disorder or

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dysfunction; and a minimum of one 3-semester-hour or 4-quarter-hour graduate-level course in behavioral research which focuses on the interpretation and application of research data as it applies to clinical practice. Credit for thesis or dissertation work, practicums, internships, or fieldwork may not be applied toward this requirement.

d. A minimum of one supervised clinical practicum, internship, or field experience in a marriage and family counseling setting, during which the student provided 180 direct client contact hours of marriage and family therapy services under the supervision of an individual who met the requirements for supervision under paragraph (c). This requirement may be met by a supervised practice experience which took place outside the academic arena, but which is certified as equivalent to a graduate-level practicum or internship program which required a minimum of 180 direct client contact hours of marriage and family therapy services currently offered within an academic program of a college or university accredited by an accrediting agency approved by the United States Department of Education, an institution which is publicly recognized as a member in good standing with the Association of Universities and Colleges Canada or a training institution accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education recognized by the United States Department of Education. Certification shall be required from an official of such

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college, university, or training institution.

2. If the course title which appears on the applicant's transcript does not clearly identify the content of the coursework, the applicant shall be required to provide additional documentation, including, but not limited to, a syllabus or catalog description published for the course.

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The required master's degree must have been received in an institution of higher education which at the time the applicant graduated was: fully accredited by a regional accrediting body recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation; publicly recognized as a member in good standing with the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada; or an institution of higher education located outside the United States and Canada $_{T}$ which at the time the applicant was enrolled and at the time the applicant graduated maintained a standard of training substantially equivalent to the standards of training of those institutions in the United States which are accredited by a regional accrediting body recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation. Such foreign education and training must have been received in an institution or program of higher education officially recognized by the government of the country in which it is located as an institution or program to train

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 students to practice as professional marriage and family therapists or psychotherapists. The burden of establishing that the requirements of this provision have been met shall be upon the applicant, and the board shall require documentation, such as, but not limited to, an evaluation by a foreign equivalency determination service, as evidence that the applicant's graduate degree program and education were equivalent to an accredited program in this country. An applicant with a master's degree from a program which did not emphasize marriage and family therapy may complete the coursework requirement in a training institution fully accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education recognized by the United States Department of Education.

(c) Has had at least 2 years of clinical experience during which 50 percent of the applicant's clients were receiving marriage and family therapy services, which must be at the post-master's level under the supervision of a licensed marriage and family therapist with at least 5 years of experience, or the equivalent, who is a qualified supervisor as determined by the board. An individual who intends to practice in Florida to satisfy the clinical experience requirements must register pursuant to s. 491.0045 before commencing practice. If a graduate has a master's degree with a major emphasis in marriage and family therapy or a closely related field that did not include all the coursework required under paragraph (b) sub-

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subparagraphs (b)1.a.-c., credit for the post-master's level clinical experience shall not commence until the applicant has completed a minimum of 10 of the courses required under paragraph (b) sub-subparagraphs (b)1.a.-c., as determined by the board, and at least 6 semester hours or 9 quarter hours of the course credits must have been completed in the area of marriage and family systems, theories, or techniques. Within the 2 3 years of required experience, the applicant shall provide direct individual, group, or family therapy and counseling, to include the following categories of cases: unmarried dyads, married couples, separating and divorcing couples, and family groups including children. A doctoral internship may be applied toward the clinical experience requirement. A licensed mental health professional must be on the premises when clinical services are provided by a registered intern in a private practice setting.

- (d) Has passed a theory and practice examination designated provided by the board department for this purpose.
- (e) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by <u>board</u> rule of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, and mental health counseling.
- (f) For the purposes of dual licensure, the department shall license as a marriage and family therapist any person who meets the requirements of s. 491.0057. Fees for dual licensure shall not exceed those stated in this subsection.

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- (4) MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING.—Upon verification of documentation and payment of a fee not to exceed \$200, as set by board rule, plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of the examination from the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor Professional Examination Service for the National Academy of Certified Clinical Mental Health Counselors or a similar national organization, the department shall issue a license as a mental health counselor to an applicant who the board certifies:
- (a) Has submitted an application and paid the appropriate fee.
- (b)1. Has a minimum of an earned master's degree from a mental health counseling program accredited by the Council for the Accreditation of Counseling and Related Educational Programs that consists of at least 60 semester hours or 80 quarter hours of clinical and didactic instruction, including a course in human sexuality and a course in substance abuse. If the master's degree is earned from a program related to the practice of mental health counseling that is not accredited by the Council for the Accreditation of Counseling and Related Educational Programs, then the coursework and practicum, internship, or fieldwork must consist of at least 60 semester hours or 80 quarter hours and meet the following requirements:
- a. Thirty-three semester hours or 44 quarter hours of graduate coursework, which must include a minimum of 3 semester

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hours or 4 quarter hours of graduate-level coursework in each of the following 11 content areas: counseling theories and practice; human growth and development; diagnosis and treatment of psychopathology; human sexuality; group theories and practice; individual evaluation and assessment; career and lifestyle assessment; research and program evaluation; social and cultural foundations; substance abuse; and legal, ethical, and professional standards issues in the practice of mental health counseling in community settings; and substance abuse. Courses in research, thesis or dissertation work, practicums, internships, or fieldwork may not be applied toward this requirement.

b. A minimum of 3 semester hours or 4 quarter hours of graduate-level coursework addressing diagnostic processes, including differential diagnosis and the use of the current diagnostic tools, such as the current edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders. The graduate program must have emphasized the common core curricular experience in legal, ethical, and professional standards issues in the practice of mental health counseling, which includes goals, objectives, and practices of professional counseling organizations, codes of ethics, legal considerations, standards of preparation, certifications and licensing, and the role identity and professional obligations of mental health counselors. Courses in research, thesis or

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dissertation work, practicums, internships, or fieldwork may not be applied toward this requirement.

- c. The equivalent, as determined by the board, of at least 700 1,000 hours of university-sponsored supervised clinical practicum, internship, or field experience that includes at least 280 hours of direct client services, as required in the accrediting standards of the Council for Accreditation of Counseling and Related Educational Programs for mental health counseling programs. This experience may not be used to satisfy the post-master's clinical experience requirement.
- 2. If the course title which appears on the applicant's transcript does not clearly identify the content of the coursework, the applicant shall be required to provide additional documentation, including, but not limited to, a syllabus or catalog description published for the course.

Education and training in mental health counseling must have been received in an institution of higher education which at the time the applicant graduated was: fully accredited by a regional accrediting body recognized by the Council for Higher Education
Accreditation or its successor
Commission on Recognition of
Postsecondary Accreditation; publicly recognized as a member in good standing with the Association of Universities and Colleges
of
Conada; or an institution of higher education located outside the United States and Canada, which at the time the applicant

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was enrolled and at the time the applicant graduated maintained a standard of training substantially equivalent to the standards of training of those institutions in the United States which are accredited by a regional accrediting body recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation or its successor Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation. Such foreign education and training must have been received in an institution or program of higher education officially recognized by the government of the country in which it is located as an institution or program to train students to practice as mental health counselors. The burden of establishing that the requirements of this provision have been met shall be upon the applicant, and the board shall require documentation, such as, but not limited to, an evaluation by a foreign equivalency determination service, as evidence that the applicant's graduate degree program and education were equivalent to an accredited program in this country. Beginning July 1, 2026, an applicant must have a master's degree in a program that is accredited by the Council for Accreditation of Counseling and Related Educational Programs which consists of at least 60 semester hours or 80 quarter hours to apply for licensure under this paragraph. Has had at least 2 years of clinical experience in

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mental health counseling, which must be at the post-master's

level under the supervision of a licensed mental health

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counselor or the equivalent who is a qualified supervisor as determined by the board. An individual who intends to practice in Florida to satisfy the clinical experience requirements must register pursuant to s. 491.0045 before commencing practice. If a graduate has a master's degree with a major related to the practice of mental health counseling that did not include all the coursework required under sub-subparagraphs (b) 1.a.-b., credit for the post-master's level clinical experience shall not commence until the applicant has completed a minimum of seven of the courses required under sub-subparagraphs (b) 1.a.-b., as determined by the board, one of which must be a course in psychopathology or abnormal psychology. A doctoral internship may be applied toward the clinical experience requirement. A licensed mental health professional must be on the premises when clinical services are provided by a registered intern in a private practice setting.

- (d) Has passed a theory and practice examination designated provided by the board department for this purpose.
- (e) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by <u>board</u> rule of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, and mental health counseling.
- Section 28. Subsection (3) of section 491.0057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 491.0057 Dual licensure as a marriage and family

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 therapist.—The department shall license as a marriage and family therapist any person who demonstrates to the board that he or she:

(3) Has passed the examination <u>designated</u> provided by the board department for marriage and family therapy.

Section 29. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 491.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 491.006 Licensure or certification by endorsement.-
- (1) The department shall license or grant a certificate to a person in a profession regulated by this chapter who, upon applying to the department and remitting the appropriate fee, demonstrates to the board that he or she:
- (b)1. Holds an active valid license to practice and has actively practiced the profession for which licensure is applied in another state for 3 of the last 5 years immediately preceding licensure.
- 2. Meets the education requirements of this chapter for the profession for which licensure is applied.
- 2.3. Has passed a substantially equivalent licensing examination in another state or has passed the licensure examination in this state in the profession for which the applicant seeks licensure.
- 3.4. Holds a license in good standing, is not under investigation for an act that would constitute a violation of this chapter, and has not been found to have committed any act

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that would constitute a violation of this chapter. The fees paid
by any applicant for certification as a master social worker

under this section are nonrefundable.

Section 30. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 491.007, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 491.007 Renewal of license, registration, or certificate.-
- (2) Each applicant for renewal shall present satisfactory evidence that, in the period since the license or certificate was issued, the applicant has completed continuing education requirements set by rule of the board or department. Not more than 25 classroom hours of continuing education per year shall be required. A certified master social worker is exempt from the continuing education requirements for the first renewal of the certificate.
- (3) The board or department shall prescribe by rule a method for the biennial renewal of an intern registration at a fee set by rule, not to exceed \$100.

Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 491.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 491.009 Discipline.-
- (2) The department, or, in the case of psychologists, the board, may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found

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1851	guilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).					
1852	Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section					
1853	491.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
1854	491.012 Violations; penalty; injunction					
1855	(1) It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter for any					
1856	person to:					
1857	(a) Use the following titles or any combination thereof,					
1858	unless she or he holds a valid, active license as a clinical					
1859	social worker issued pursuant to this chapter:					
1860	1. "Licensed clinical social worker."					
1861	2. "Clinical social worker."					
1862	3. "Licensed social worker."					
1863	4. "Psychiatric social worker."					
1864	5. "Psychosocial worker."					
1865	6. "Certified master social worker."					
1866	Section 33. Section 491.0145, Florida Statutes, is amended					
1867	to read:					
1868	491.0145 Certified master social worker					
1869	(1) The department shall license may certify an applicant					
1870	for a designation as a certified master social worker who, upon					
1871	applying to the department and remitting the appropriate fee,					
1872	demonstrates to the board that he or she has met the following					
1873	conditions:					
1874	(a) (1) The applicant has submitted completes an					
1875	application and has paid to be provided by the department and					

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pays a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$250 to be established by rule of the <u>board</u> department. The completed application must be received by the department at least 60 days before the date of the examination in order for the applicant to qualify to take the scheduled exam.

(b) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ The applicant submits proof satisfactory to the board department that the applicant has received a doctoral degree in social work, or a master's degree in social work with a major emphasis or specialty in clinical practice or administration, including, but not limited to, agency administration and supervision, program planning and evaluation, staff development, research, community organization, community services, social planning, and human service advocacy. Doctoral degrees must have been received from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant was enrolled and graduated was accredited by an accrediting agency approved by the United States Department of Education. Master's degrees must have been received from a graduate school of social work which at the time the applicant was enrolled and graduated was accredited by the Council on Social Work Education or the Canadian Association of Schools for of Social Work Education or by one that meets comparable standards.

 $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ The applicant has had at least $\underline{2}$ 3 years' experience, as defined by rule of the board, including, but not limited to, clinical services or administrative activities as

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described in paragraph (b) defined in subsection (2), 2 years of which must be at the post-master's level under the supervision of a person who meets the education and experience requirements for certification as a certified master social worker, as defined by rule of the board, or licensure as a clinical social worker under this chapter. A doctoral internship may be applied toward the supervision requirement.

(d) (4) Any person who holds a master's degree in social work from institutions outside the United States may apply to the board department for certification if the academic training in social work has been evaluated as equivalent to a degree from a school accredited by the Council on Social Work Education. Any such person shall submit a copy of the academic training from the Foreign Equivalency Determination Service of the Council on Social Work Education.

- (e) (5) The applicant has passed an examination required by the <u>board</u> department for this purpose. The nonrefundable fee for such examination may not exceed \$250 as set by department rule.
- (2)(6) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize a certified master social worker to provide clinical social work services.
- (3) The board may adopt rules to implement this section.

 Section 34. Section 491.0149, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 491.0149 Display of license; use of professional title on

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1926 promotional materials.—

- (1) (a) A person licensed under this chapter as a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor, or certified as a master social worker shall conspicuously display the valid license issued by the department or a true copy thereof at each location at which the licensee practices his or her profession.
- (b)1. A licensed clinical social worker shall include the words "licensed clinical social worker" or the letters "LCSW" on all promotional materials, including cards, brochures, stationery, advertisements, social media, and signs, naming the licensee.
- 2. A licensed marriage and family therapist shall include the words "licensed marriage and family therapist" or the letters "LMFT" on all promotional materials, including cards, brochures, stationery, advertisements, social media, and signs, naming the licensee.
- 3. A licensed mental health counselor shall include the words "licensed mental health counselor" or the letters "LMHC" on all promotional materials, including cards, brochures, stationery, advertisements, social media, and signs, naming the licensee.
- (c) A generalist social worker shall include the words
 "certified master social worker" or the letters "CMSW" on all
 promotional materials, including cards, brochures, stationery,

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advertisements, social media, and signs, naming the licensee.

- (2) (a) A person registered under this chapter as a clinical social worker intern, marriage and family therapist intern, or mental health counselor intern shall conspicuously display the valid registration issued by the department or a true copy thereof at each location at which the registered intern is completing the experience requirements.
- (b) A registered clinical social worker intern shall include the words "registered clinical social worker intern," a registered marriage and family therapist intern shall include the words "registered marriage and family therapist intern," and a registered mental health counselor intern shall include the words "registered mental health counselor intern" on all promotional materials, including cards, brochures, stationery, advertisements, social media, and signs, naming the registered intern.
- (3) (a) A person provisionally licensed under this chapter as a provisional clinical social worker licensee, provisional marriage and family therapist licensee, or provisional mental health counselor licensee shall conspicuously display the valid provisional license issued by the department or a true copy thereof at each location at which the provisional licensee is providing services.
- (b) A provisional clinical social worker licensee shall include the words "provisional clinical social worker licensee,"

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a provisional marriage and family therapist licensee shall include the words "provisional marriage and family therapist licensee," and a provisional mental health counselor licensee shall include the words "provisional mental health counselor licensee" on all promotional materials, including cards, brochures, stationery, advertisements, social media, and signs, naming the provisional licensee.

Section 35. <u>Section 491.015, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.

Section 36. Subsection (7) of section 514.0115, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (8), and a new subsection (7) is added to that section to read:

514.0115 Exemptions from supervision or regulation; variances.—

(7) Until such time as the department adopts rules for the supervision and regulation of surf pools, a surf pool that is larger than 4 acres is exempt from supervision under this chapter, provided that it is permitted by a local government pursuant to a special use permit process in which the local government asserts regulatory authority over the construction of the surf pool and, in consultation with the department, establishes through the local government's special use permit process the conditions for the surf pool's operation, water quality, and necessary lifesaving equipment. This subsection does not affect the department's or a county health department's

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right of entry pursuant to s. 514.04 or its authority to seek an injunction pursuant to s. 514.06 to restrain the operation of a surf pool permitted and operated under this subsection if it presents significant risks to public health. For purposes of this subsection, the term "surf pool" means a pool designed to generate waves dedicated to the activity of surfing on a surfboard or an analogous surfing device commonly used in the ocean and intended for sport, as opposed to general play intent for wave pools, other large-scale public swimming pools, or other public bathing places.

Section 37. Effective July 1, 2021, paragraph (h) is added to subsection (10) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

(10)

(h) For the purposes of this section, the representative appointed from the Board of Medicine and the representative appointed from the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, when serving as commissioners of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission pursuant to s. 456.4501, and any administrator, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission, when acting within the scope of their employment, duties, or

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responsibilities in this state, are considered agents of the state. The commission shall pay any claims or judgments pursuant to this section and may maintain insurance coverage to pay any such claims or judgments.

Section 38. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 414.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

414.065 Noncompliance with work requirements.-

- (4) EXCEPTIONS TO NONCOMPLIANCE PENALTIES.—Unless otherwise provided, the situations listed in this subsection shall constitute exceptions to the penalties for noncompliance with participation requirements, except that these situations do not constitute exceptions to the applicable time limit for receipt of temporary cash assistance:
- (c) Noncompliance related to treatment or remediation of past effects of domestic violence.—An individual who is determined to be unable to comply with the work requirements under this section due to mental or physical impairment related to past incidents of domestic violence may be exempt from work requirements, except that such individual shall comply with a plan that specifies alternative requirements that prepare the individual for self-sufficiency while providing for the safety of the individual and the individual's dependents. A participant who is determined to be out of compliance with the alternative requirement plan shall be subject to the penalties under subsection (1). The plan must include counseling or a course of

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treatment necessary for the individual to resume participation. The need for treatment and the expected duration of such treatment must be verified by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a psychologist licensed under s. 490.005(1), s. 490.006, or the provision identified as s. 490.013(2) in s. 1, chapter 81-235, Laws of Florida; a therapist as defined in s. 491.003 s. 491.003(2) or (6); or a treatment professional who is registered under s. 39.905(1)(g), is authorized to maintain confidentiality under s. 90.5036(1)(d), and has a minimum of 2 years' years experience at a certified domestic violence center. An exception granted under this paragraph does not automatically constitute an exception from the time limitations on benefits specified under s. 414.105.

Section 39. Subsection (13) of section 477.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

477.013 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(13) "Skin care services" means the treatment of the skin of the body, other than the head, face, and scalp, by the use of a sponge, brush, cloth, or similar device to apply or remove a chemical preparation or other substance, except that chemical peels may be removed by peeling an applied preparation from the skin by hand. Skin care services must be performed by a licensed cosmetologist or facial specialist within a licensed cosmetology or specialty salon, and such services may not involve massage therapy, as defined in s. 480.033 s. 480.033(3), through

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2076	manipulation of the superficial tissue.					
2077	Section 40. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section					
2078	477.0135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
2079	477.0135 Exemptions.—					
2080	(1) This chapter does not apply to the following persons					
2081	when practicing pursuant to their professional or occupational					
2082	responsibilities and duties:					
2083	(a) Persons authorized under the laws of this state to					
2084	practice medicine, surgery, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic					
2085	medicine, massage therapy, naturopathy, or podiatric medicine.					
2086	Section 41. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section					
2087	477.0265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
2088	477.0265 Prohibited acts.—					
2089	(1) It is unlawful for any person to:					
2090	(f) Advertise or imply that skin care services or body					
2091	wrapping, as performed under this chapter, have any relationship					
2092	to the practice of massage therapy as defined in $\underline{s. 480.033} \ \underline{s.}$					
2093	$\frac{480.033(3)}{}$, except those practices or activities defined in s.					
2094	477.013.					
2095	Section 42. Subsection (4) of section 480.034, Florida					
2096	Statutes, is amended to read:					

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an exempted person's practice or profession overlaps with the

(4) An exemption granted is effective to the extent that

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

480.034 Exemptions.

practice of massage therapy.

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Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 480.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.035 Board of Massage Therapy.-

therapists and shall have been engaged in the practice of massage therapy for not less than 5 consecutive years before prior to the date of appointment to the board. The Governor shall appoint each member for a term of 4 years. Two members of the board shall be laypersons. Each board member shall be a high school graduate or shall have received a high school equivalency diploma. Each board member shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this state for not less than 5 years. The appointments are will be subject to confirmation by the Senate.

Section 44. Subsection (14) of section 480.043, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.043 Massage establishments; requisites; licensure; inspection; human trafficking awareness training and policies.—

(14) Except for the requirements of subsection (13), this section does not apply to a physician licensed under chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460 who employs a licensed massage therapist to perform massage therapy on the physician's patients at the physician's place of practice. This subsection does not restrict investigations by the department for violations of chapter 456 or this chapter.

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Section 45. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (f), (g), (h), (i), and (o) of subsection (1) of section 480.046, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

480.046 Grounds for disciplinary action by the board.-

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (a) Attempting to procure a license to practice massage therapy by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentation.
- (b) Having a license to practice massage therapy revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country.
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty, regardless of adjudication, of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of massage therapy or to the ability to practice massage therapy. Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this chapter.
- (f) Aiding, assisting, procuring, or advising any unlicensed person to practice massage therapy contrary to the provisions of this chapter or to department or board a rule of the department or the board.
- (g) Making deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the practice of massage therapy.
- (h) Being unable to practice massage therapy with reasonable skill and safety by reason of illness or use of

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alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition. In enforcing this paragraph, the department shall have, upon probable cause, may authority to compel a massage therapist to submit to a mental or physical examination by physicians designated by the department. Failure of a massage therapist to submit to such examination when so directed, unless the failure was due to circumstances beyond her or his control, constitutes shall constitute an admission of the allegations against her or him, consequent upon which a default and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. A massage therapist affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that she or he can resume the competent practice of massage therapy with reasonable skill and safety to clients.

- (i) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to practice massage therapy with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent massage therapist as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances.
- (o) Practicing massage therapy at a site, location, or place which is not duly licensed as a massage establishment, except that a massage therapist, as provided by rules adopted by the board rule, may provide massage therapy services, excluding colon hydrotherapy colonic irrigation, at the residence of a

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client, at the office of the client, at a sports event, at a convention, or at a trade show.

Section 46. Section 480.0465, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.0465 Advertisement.—Each massage therapist or massage establishment licensed under the provisions of this act shall include the number of the license in any advertisement of massage therapy services appearing in a newspaper, airwave transmission, telephone directory, or other advertising medium. Pending licensure of a new massage establishment pursuant to the provisions of s. 480.043(7), the license number of a licensed massage therapist who is an owner or principal officer of the establishment may be used in lieu of the license number for the establishment.

Section 47. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (1) of section 480.047, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

480.047 Penalties.—

- (1) It is unlawful for any person to:
- (a) Hold himself or herself out as a massage therapist or to practice massage therapy unless duly licensed under this chapter or unless otherwise specifically exempted from licensure under this chapter.
- (b) Operate any massage establishment unless it has been duly licensed as provided herein, except that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the teaching of massage therapy in

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2201 this state at a board-approved massage therapy school.

(c) Permit an employed person to practice massage therapy unless duly licensed as provided herein.

Section 48. Section 480.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.052 Power of county or municipality to regulate massage therapy.—A county or municipality, within its jurisdiction, may regulate persons and establishments licensed under this chapter. Such regulation shall not exceed the powers of the state under this act or be inconsistent with this act. This section shall not be construed to prohibit a county or municipality from enacting any regulation of persons or establishments not licensed pursuant to this act.

Section 49. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 480.0535, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

480.0535 Documents required while working in a massage establishment.—

(1) In order to provide the department and law enforcement agencies the means to more effectively identify, investigate, and arrest persons engaging in human trafficking, a person employed by a massage establishment and any person performing massage therapy therein must immediately present, upon the request of an investigator of the department or a law enforcement officer, valid government identification while in the establishment. A valid government identification for the

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	2226	purposes	of	this	section	is:
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- (a) A valid, unexpired driver license issued by any state, territory, or district of the United States;
- (b) A valid, unexpired identification card issued by any state, territory, or district of the United States;
 - (c) A valid, unexpired United States passport;
- (d) A naturalization certificate issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security;
- (e) A valid, unexpired alien registration receipt card (green card); or
- (f) A valid, unexpired employment authorization card issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security.
 - (2) A person operating a massage establishment must:
- (a) Immediately present, upon the request of an investigator of the department or a law enforcement officer:
- 1. Valid government identification while in the establishment.
- 2. A copy of the documentation specified in paragraph (1)(a) for each employee and any person performing massage therapy in the establishment.
- (b) Ensure that each employee and any person performing massage therapy in the massage establishment is able to immediately present, upon the request of an investigator of the department or a law enforcement officer, valid government identification while in the establishment.

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Section 50. Subsection (7) of section 553.77, Florida 2252 Statutes, is amended to read:

553.77 Specific powers of the commission.

(7) Building officials shall recognize and enforce variance orders issued by the Department of Health pursuant to $\underline{s.514.0115(8)}$ $\underline{s.514.0115(7)}$, including any conditions attached to the granting of the variance.

Section 51. Section 627.6407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6407 Massage.—Any policy of health insurance that provides coverage for massage shall also cover the services of persons licensed to practice massage therapy pursuant to chapter 480, where the massage therapy, as defined in chapter 480, has been prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461, as being medically necessary and the prescription specifies the number of treatments.

Section 52. Section 627.6619, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6619 Massage.—Any policy of health insurance that provides coverage for massage shall also cover the services of persons licensed to practice massage therapy pursuant to chapter 480, where the massage therapy, as defined in chapter 480, has been prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461, as being medically

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2276 necessary and the prescription specifies the number of 2277 treatments.

Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; exclusions; priority; claims.—

- (1) REQUIRED BENEFITS.—An insurance policy complying with the security requirements of s. 627.733 must provide personal injury protection to the named insured, relatives residing in the same household, persons operating the insured motor vehicle, passengers in the motor vehicle, and other persons struck by the motor vehicle and suffering bodily injury while not an occupant of a self-propelled vehicle, subject to subsection (2) and paragraph (4)(e), to a limit of \$10,000 in medical and disability benefits and \$5,000 in death benefits resulting from bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle as follows:
- (a) Medical benefits.—Eighty percent of all reasonable expenses for medically necessary medical, surgical, X-ray, dental, and rehabilitative services, including prosthetic devices and medically necessary ambulance, hospital, and nursing services if the individual receives initial services and care pursuant to subparagraph 1. within 14 days after the motor vehicle accident. The medical benefits provide reimbursement only for:

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- 1. Initial services and care that are lawfully provided, supervised, ordered, or prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, or a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460 or that are provided in a hospital or in a facility that owns, or is wholly owned by, a hospital. Initial services and care may also be provided by a person or entity licensed under part III of chapter 401 which provides emergency transportation and treatment.
- 2. Upon referral by a provider described in subparagraph 1., followup services and care consistent with the underlying medical diagnosis rendered pursuant to subparagraph 1. which may be provided, supervised, ordered, or prescribed only by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, or, to the extent permitted by applicable law and under the supervision of such physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, or dentist, by a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under chapter 464. Followup services and care may also be provided by the following persons or entities:
- a. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
 - b. An entity wholly owned by one or more physicians

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licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, chiropractic
physicians licensed under chapter 460, or dentists licensed
under chapter 466 or by such practitioners and the spouse,
parent, child, or sibling of such practitioners.

- c. An entity that owns or is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a hospital or hospitals.
- d. A physical therapist licensed under chapter 486, based upon a referral by a provider described in this subparagraph.
- e. A health care clinic licensed under part X of chapter 400 which is accredited by an accrediting organization whose standards incorporate comparable regulations required by this state, or
- (I) Has a medical director licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460;
- (II) Has been continuously licensed for more than 3 years or is a publicly traded corporation that issues securities traded on an exchange registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange; and
- (III) Provides at least four of the following medical specialties:
 - (A) General medicine.
 - (B) Radiography.
 - (C) Orthopedic medicine.
 - (D) Physical medicine.

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(E) Physical therapy.

- (F) Physical rehabilitation.
- (G) Prescribing or dispensing outpatient prescription medication.
 - (H) Laboratory services.
 - 3. Reimbursement for services and care provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. up to \$10,000 if a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under chapter 464 has determined that the injured person had an emergency medical condition.
 - 4. Reimbursement for services and care provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. is limited to \$2,500 if a provider listed in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. determines that the injured person did not have an emergency medical condition.
 - 5. Medical benefits do not include massage therapy as defined in s. 480.033 or acupuncture as defined in s. 457.102, regardless of the person, entity, or licensee providing massage therapy or acupuncture, and a licensed massage therapist or licensed acupuncturist may not be reimbursed for medical benefits under this section.
 - 6. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt by rule the form that must be used by an insurer and a health care

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2377 2.c., or sub-subparagraph 2.e. to document that the health care 2378 provider meets the criteria of this paragraph. Such rule must 2379 include a requirement for a sworn statement or affidavit. 2380 2381 Only insurers writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this 2382 state may provide the required benefits of this section, and 2383 such insurer may not require the purchase of any other motor 2384 vehicle coverage other than the purchase of property damage liability coverage as required by s. 627.7275 as a condition for 2385 2386 providing such benefits. Insurers may not require that property 2387 damage liability insurance in an amount greater than \$10,000 be 2388 purchased in conjunction with personal injury protection. Such 2389 insurers shall make benefits and required property damage 2390 liability insurance coverage available through normal marketing 2391 channels. An insurer writing motor vehicle liability insurance 2392 in this state who fails to comply with such availability 2393 requirement as a general business practice violates part IX of

provider specified in sub-subparagraph 2.b., sub-subparagraph

Section 54. Subsection (37) of section 641.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

those provided elsewhere in the insurance code.

chapter 626, and such violation constitutes an unfair method of

competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice involving

the business of insurance. An insurer committing such violation

is subject to the penalties provided under that part, as well as

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641.31	Health	maintenance	contracts

(37) All health maintenance contracts that provide coverage for massage must also cover the services of persons licensed to practice massage therapy pursuant to chapter 480 if the massage is prescribed by a contracted physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 as medically necessary and the prescription specifies the number of treatments. Such massage services are subject to the same terms, conditions, and limitations as those of other covered services.

Section 55. Except as otherwise provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2020.

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