By Senator Book

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

1617

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2.6

27

28

29

32-00048-20 2020236

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to early childhood courts; creating s. 39.01304, F.S.; providing legislative intent; providing a purpose; authorizing circuit courts to create early childhood court programs; requiring that early childhood court programs have certain components; defining the term "therapeutic jurisprudence"; providing requirements and guidelines for the Office of the State Courts Administrator when hiring community coordinators and a statewide training specialist; authorizing the Trial Court Budget Commission to provide funding to circuit courts that choose to establish a coordination system in lieu of creating a community coordinator position; requiring the Department of Children and Families to contract with certain university-based centers; requiring the university-based centers to hire a clinical director; requiring the Florida Institute for Child Welfare to submit certain status reports to the Governor and the Legislature by specified dates; requiring the institute, in consultation with the department, the office, and the contracted university-based centers, to conduct an evaluation of the court programs' impact; requiring the evaluation to include the analysis of certain data and recommendations; requiring the institute to submit the results of its evaluation to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; providing an effective date.

32-00048-20 2020236

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

303132

33

34

35

36

3738

39

40

41

42

4344

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

5253

54

55

56

57

58

Section 1. Section 39.01304, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

39.01304 Early childhood court programs.-

- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage the department, the Department of Health, the Association of Early Learning Coalitions, and other such agencies, local governments, interested public or private entities, and individuals to support the creation and establishment of early childhood court programs. The purpose of an early childhood court program is to address the root cause of court involvement through specialized dockets, multidisciplinary teams, evidence-based treatment, and the use of a nonadversarial approach. Such programs depend on the leadership of a judge or magistrate who is educated about the science of early childhood development and who requires rigorous efforts to heal children physically and emotionally in the context of a broad collaboration among professionals from different systems working directly in the court as a team, recognizing that the parent-child relationship is the foundation of child well-being.
- (2) A circuit court may create an early childhood court program to serve the needs of infants and toddlers in dependency court. An early childhood court program must have all of the following components:
- (a) Therapeutic jurisprudence, which must drive every aspect of judicial practice. The judge or magistrate must support the therapeutic needs of the parent and child in a nonadversarial manner. As used in this paragraph, the term

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

7172

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

8485

86

87

32-00048-20 2020236

"therapeutic jurisprudence" means the study of how the law may be used as a therapeutic agent and focuses on how laws impact emotional and psychological well-being.

- (b) A procedure for coordinating services and resources for families who have a case on the court docket. To meet this requirement, the court may create and fill at least one community coordinator position pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) or the court may use a coordination system that implements a progression of services.
- (c) A multidisciplinary team made up of key community stakeholders who commit to work with the judge or magistrate to restructure the way the community responds to the needs of maltreated children. The team may include, but is not limited to, early intervention specialists; mental health and infant mental health professionals; attorneys representing children, parents, and the child welfare system; children's advocates; early learning coalitions and child care providers; substance abuse program providers; primary health care providers; domestic violence advocates; and guardians ad litem. The multidisciplinary team must address the need for children in an early childhood court program to receive medical care in a medical home, a screening for developmental delays conducted by the local agency responsible for complying with part C of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, and quality child care.
- (d) A continuum of mental health services that includes a focus on the parent-child relationship and that must be appropriate for each child and family served.
 - (3) Contingent upon an annual appropriation by the

88

89

90

9192

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112113

114

115116

32-00048-20 2020236

Legislature, and subject to available resources:

(a) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall coordinate with each participating circuit court to create and fill at least one community coordinator position for the circuit's early childhood court program unless the court chooses to establish a coordination system in lieu of creating a community coordinator position. Each community coordinator shall provide direct support to the program by providing coordination between the multidisciplinary team and the judiciary, coordinating the responsibilities of the participating agencies and service providers, and managing the collection of data for program evaluation and accountability. If a circuit court establishes a coordination system in lieu of creating a community coordinator position, the Trial Court Budget Commission may provide funding equivalent in value to a community coordinator position to the court for case coordination functions. The Office of State Courts Administrator may hire a statewide training specialist to provide training to the participating court teams.

(b) The department shall contract with one or more university-based centers that have expertise in infant mental health, and such university-based centers shall hire a clinical director charged with ensuring the quality, accountability, and fidelity of the program's evidence-based treatment, including, but not limited to, training and technical assistance related to clinical services, clinical consultation and guidance for difficult cases, and ongoing clinical training for court teams.

(c) By December 1 of 2021 and 2022, the Florida Institute for Child Welfare shall provide a status report on the level of

117118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135136

137

138

32-00048-20 2020236

implementation and site characteristics of each early childhood court to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(d) In consultation with the department, the Office of the State Courts Administrator, and each center, the Florida Institute for Child Welfare shall evaluate the impact of the early childhood court programs on children and families in the state's child welfare system. The evaluation must include the analysis of data collected by the Office of the State Courts Administrator and measurable outcomes, including, but not <u>limited</u> to, the impact of the early childhood court program on the future incidence of maltreatment of children, timely permanency, reunification of families, and incidents of children reentering the child welfare system. The evaluation must provide recommendations as to whether and how the programs should be expanded, the projected costs of any such expansion, and the projected savings to the state resulting from the programs. After providing the status reports pursuant to paragraph (c), and by October 1, 2023, the institute shall provide a report on the results of the evaluation to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2020.