By Senator Diaz

	36-00267-20 2020282
1	Senate Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 4
3	of Article VII and the creation of a new section in
4	Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the
5	Legislature, by general law, to prohibit increases in
6	the assessed value of homestead property, for school
7	district levy purposes, if the legal or equitable
8	title to the property is held by a person who is 65
9	years of age or older and if he or she has held such
10	title and maintained permanent residence on the
11	property for at least 25 years, and to provide an
12	effective date.
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14	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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16	That the following amendment to Section 4 of Article VII
17	and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State
18	Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the
19	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next
20	general election or at an earlier special election specifically
21	authorized by law for that purpose:
22	ARTICLE VII
23	FINANCE AND TAXATION
24	SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments
25	By general law regulations shall be prescribed which shall
26	secure a just valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation,
27	provided:
28	(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge
29	to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for
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36-00267-202020282_30noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general31law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

32 (b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, 33 limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land 34 used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general 35 law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

36 (c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held 37 for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for 38 taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be 39 classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

(d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed
annually on January 1st of each year; but those changes in
assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:

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a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.

b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all
urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or
successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially
reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of
Labor Statistics.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed

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as provided in this subsection.

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63 assessment shall only change as provided in this subsection. 64 (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to 65 homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change, 66 addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be 67 68 assessed as provided in this subsection. 69 (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the 70 property shall be assessed as provided by general law. 71 (7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any 72 of the provisions of this amendment shall be held 73 unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the 74 decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining 75 provisions of this amendment. 76 (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of 77 January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has 78 received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this Article as of January 1 of either of the two years immediately 79 80 preceding the establishment of the new homestead is entitled to 81 have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this 82 revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who 83 establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only 84 85 if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 86 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead 87 shall be determined as follows: Page 3 of 9 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value

as of January 1st of the year following the establishment of the

homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That

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36-00267-20 2020282 88 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than 89 or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 90 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the 91 assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of 92 the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the 93 94 assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the 95 year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the 96 homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. 97 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the 98 just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in 99 which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of 100 the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new 101 homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and 102 multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. 103 However, if the difference between the just value of the new 104 homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated 105 pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the 106 assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that

107 the difference between the just value and the assessed value 108 equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as 109 provided in this subsection.

b. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

(e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of

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     character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply
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     only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The
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     requirements for eligible properties must be specified by
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     general law.
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           (f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law,
     provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead
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     property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of
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     that property which results from the construction or
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     reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing
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     living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents
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     or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse
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     if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the
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     living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a
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     reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:
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           (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from
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     construction or reconstruction of the property.
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          (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the
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     property as improved.
           (g) For all levies other than school district levies,
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     assessments of residential real property, as defined by general
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     law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject
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     to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a)
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     through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
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           (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed
     annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those
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     changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the
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     assessment for the prior year.
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          (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
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          (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by
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36-00267-20 2020282 146 general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity 147 that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just 148 value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. 149 150 (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such 151 property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; 152 however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, 153 reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. 154 155 (h) For all levies other than school district levies, 156 assessments of real property that is not subject to the 157 assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) 158 and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection. 159 (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed 160 annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those 161 changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the 162 assessment for the prior year. 163 (2) No assessment shall exceed just value. 164 (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall 165 be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to 166 167 such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as 168 provided in this subsection. 169 (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be 170 assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a 171 change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, 172 including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns

the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

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175	(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such
176	property shall be assessed as provided for by general law;
177	however, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
178	reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
179	provided in this subsection.
180	(i) The legislature, by general law and subject to
181	conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of
182	the following in the determination of the assessed value of real
183	property:
184	(1) Any change or improvement to real property used for
185	residential purposes made to improve the property's resistance
186	to wind damage.
187	(2) The installation of a solar or renewable energy source
188	device.
189	(j)(1) The assessment of the following working waterfront
190	properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:
191	a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes.
192	b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for
193	vessel launches into waters that are navigable.
194	c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.
195	d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities,
196	commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction
197	and repair facilities and their support activities.
198	(2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is
199	subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions
200	as specified by the legislature by general law.
201	(k) By general law and subject to conditions specified
202	therein, the legislature may, for school district levy purposes,
203	prohibit increases in the assessed value of property qualifying

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204	for a homestead exemption under section 6 of this article if the
205	legal or equitable title to the property is held by a person
206	who:
207	(1) Has attained age sixty-five; and
208	(2) Has held legal or equitable title to the property and
209	maintained permanent residence thereon for at least twenty-five
210	years.
211	ARTICLE XII
212	SCHEDULE
213	Assessment limitation for school district levy purposes for
214	certain persons who have attained age sixty-fiveThis section
215	and the amendment to Section 4 of Article VII authorizing the
216	legislature, for school district levy purposes, to prohibit
217	increases in the assessed value of homestead property if the
218	legal or equitable title to the property is held by a person who
219	has attained age sixty-five and if he or she has held legal or
220	equitable title to the property and maintained permanent
221	residence thereon for at least twenty-five years, shall take
222	effect January 1, 2021.
223	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
224	placed on the ballot:
225	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
226	ARTICLE VII, SECTION 4
227	ARTICLE XII
228	HOMESTEAD ASSESSMENT LIMITATION FOR SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVY
229	PURPOSES FOR CERTAIN PERSONS AGE 65 OR OLDER.—Authorizes the
230	Legislature, by general law, to prohibit increases in the
231	assessed value of homestead property, for school district levy
232	purposes, if the legal or equitable title to the property is
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233	held by a person who is 65 years of age or older and if he or
234	she has held such title and maintained permanent residence on
235	the property for at least 25 years. This amendment takes effect
236	January 1, 2021.