By Senator Diaz

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An act relating to homestead assessments; creating s. 193.626, F.S.; providing a homestead assessment limitation for school district levy purposes to certain persons age 65 years or older; authorizing persons entitled to and receiving a certain homestead exemption to apply for and receive the limitation; providing that certain other persons may receive the limitation; requiring property appraisers to serve a notice of intent to record a tax lien under certain circumstances; specifying applicable taxes, penalties, and interest if a property was improperly granted the assessment limitation; providing an exception from such penalties and interest; providing that an owner must be given a specified timeframe to pay taxes, penalties, and interest before a lien is filed; providing requirements for such a lien; providing applicability; providing a contingent effective date.

A bill to be entitled

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 193.626, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 193.626 Homestead assessment limitation for school district levy purposes for certain persons age 65 years or older.—
- (1) For purposes of school district levies, the assessed value of real estate used as a homestead by a person age 65 years or older who has legal or equitable title to the property and who has held legal or equitable title to the property and

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maintained permanent residence thereon for at least 25 years shall not increase above the assessed value on the January 1 immediately following the date the property owner becomes eligible for treatment under this section.

- (2) Those persons entitled to and receiving the homestead exemption under s. 196.031 may apply for and receive the assessment limitation provided under this section.
- (3) If title is held jointly with right of survivorship, the person residing on the property and otherwise qualifying may receive the entire amount of the assessment limitation provided under this section.
- (4) If a property appraiser determines that, for any year within the immediately preceding 10 years, a person who was not entitled to the assessment limitation under this section was granted such limitation, the property appraiser shall serve upon the owner a notice of intent to record in the public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any property owned by that person in the county, which property must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Any property that is owned by the taxpayer and that is situated in this state is subject to the taxes limited by the improper assessment limitation, plus a penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each year and interest at a rate of 15 percent per annum. However, if such assessment limitation is improperly granted as a result of a clerical error or omission by the property appraiser, the person who improperly received the limitation may not be assessed the penalty and interest. Before any such lien is filed, the owner must be given 30 days within which to pay the taxes, penalties, and interest. Such a lien is subject to the procedures and

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provisions set forth in s. 196.161(3).

(5) This section first applies to the 2021 property tax roll.

Section 2. This act shall take effect on the effective date of the amendment to the State Constitution proposed by SJR ____ or a joint resolution having substantially the same specific intent and purpose, if such amendment to the State Constitution is approved at the general election held in November 2020 or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose.