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The Committee on Comm	munity Affairs (Burges	s) recommended the
following		
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Delete everything and insert: Section 1. Section read: 16.65 Matters of	ng after the enacting ion 16.65, Florida Sta	clause tutes, is created to oncern.—
Senate Amendment Delete everything and insert: Section 1. Section	ng after the enacting ion 16.65, Florida Sta	clause tutes, is created to oncern.— ture finds that:

multiple governmental entities in this state arising from the

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same facts, circumstances, or conduct or similar causes of action. This litigation has been difficult to resolve in a timely and expeditious manner because of the number and different types of governmental entities involved.

- (b) It is in the interest of this state that a single official represent governmental entities in civil proceedings in matters of great governmental concern to maximize recoveries and minimize costs.
- (c) The Attorney General is the state's chief legal officer and is the official who should be responsible for the prosecution, management, and coordination of any civil proceedings brought by governmental entities in matters of great governmental concern.
- (d) The failure to have a single official responsible in matters of great governmental concern undermines fairness and efficiency and risks inconsistent or incongruent results, which will delay recovery and undermine governmental entities' ability to respond to such matters of great governmental concern.
- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:
- (a) "Governmental entity" means the state and any department, agency, political subdivision, unit of government, or school district thereof.
- (b) "Matter of great governmental concern" means any fact, circumstance, or conduct that has caused substantial economic loss or other harm of a similar nature to governmental entities in 15 or more counties in this state.
 - (3) AUTHORITY.—
 - (a) The Legislature by concurrent resolution may declare a

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matter to be a matter of great governmental concern. Upon such declaration, the Attorney General has the sole authority to file a civil proceeding on behalf of the affected governmental entities in this state until the Legislature by concurrent resolution invalidates, rescinds, or amends that declaration.

- (b) The Attorney General may investigate a matter before and after the Legislature declares that the matter is a matter of great governmental concern. In any investigation and civil proceeding commenced pursuant to this section, it is the duty of all public officers and their deputies, assistants, clerks, subordinates, and employees to render and furnish to the Attorney General, when so requested, assistance and all information available in their official capacity.
- (c) The Attorney General may institute or intervene in any civil proceeding in state or federal court, including any pending appeal, on behalf of a governmental entity to seek any relief afforded at law or in equity, under state or federal law, pertaining to a matter of great governmental concern.
- (d) The Attorney General may consolidate, dismiss, release, settle, or take action that he or she believes to be in the public interest in any civil proceeding in state or federal court pertaining to a matter of great governmental concern, provided that such action is not inconsistent with the terms or provisions of the Legislature's resolution declaring the matter to be a matter of great governmental concern.
- (e) Any award for damages or monetary payment arising from a civil proceeding, compromise, or settlement of any claim or litigation pertaining to a matter of great governmental concern, excluding attorney fees described in subsection (4), is subject

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to full appropriation by the Legislature and may not be appropriated, expended, or encumbered by the Attorney General or the terms or provisions of any settlement agreement.

- (f) A declaration by the Legislature that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern operates to abate or stay any civil proceeding in state or federal court pertaining to the matter of great governmental concern filed by a governmental entity until the Attorney General takes an action in such proceeding.
- (q) Any statute of limitations under the laws of this state affecting a claim by a governmental entity is tolled for the pendency of a declaration that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern or for 1 year, whichever is earlier.
- (h) Upon learning of a declaration that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern, all governmental entities then a party to any affected civil proceeding shall provide notice to the Attorney General of the existence of any such civil proceeding, including the style of the action, the case number, and the court where such proceeding is pending. Any settlement or resolution of the civil proceeding by a governmental entity taken after a declaration without the consent of the Attorney General is void.
- (i) For purposes of this subsection, the Department of Legal Affairs is exempt from s. 120.57(3).
 - (4) ATTORNEY FEES.—
- (a) If a governmental entity retains attorneys to represent it before a matter is declared to be a matter of great governmental concern, the governmental entity or its attorneys may apply to the court where the civil proceeding is being



98 prosecuted by the Attorney General or, if no such proceeding exists, in the circuit court in and for Leon County to receive 99 from any recovery its reasonable attorney fees and costs 100 101 incurred in connection with such representation. 102 (b) In calculating the amount of any reasonable attorney 103 fees, the court shall consider all of the following factors: 1. The time and labor required, the novelty and difficulty 104 105 of the question involved, and the skill requisite to perform the 106 legal service properly. 107 2. The likelihood, if apparent, that the acceptance of the 108 particular employment will preclude other employment by the 109 attorney. 110 3. The fee customarily charged in the locality for similar 111 legal services. 112 4. The amount involved and the results obtained. 113 5. The time limitation imposed by the governmental entity 114 or the circumstances. 115 6. The nature and length of the professional relationship 116 with the governmental entity. 117 7. The experience, reputation, and ability of the attorney 118 performing the legal services. 119 8. Whether the fee is fixed or contingent. 120 Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 121 122 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 123 And the title is amended as follows: 124 Delete everything before the enacting clause 125 and insert:

A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to matters of great governmental concern; creating s. 16.65, F.S.; providing legislative findings; defining terms; authorizing the Legislature to declare, by concurrent resolution, that a circumstance or conduct that has caused substantial economic loss or other similar harm to governmental entities in at least a specified number of counties is a matter of great governmental concern; providing that the Attorney General has the sole authority to file certain civil proceedings; authorizing the Attorney General to investigate certain matters; authorizing the Attorney General to institute or intervene in certain civil proceedings; authorizing the Attorney General to take certain actions in certain civil proceedings; providing that any award, excluding attorney fees, are subject to full appropriation by the Legislature; prohibiting such award to be appropriated, expended, or encumbered by the Attorney General or any settlement agreement; providing that a declaration by the Legislature that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern abates or stays certain civil proceedings; providing for the tolling of certain statutes of limitations; requiring certain entities to provide notice to the Attorney General; providing that certain settlements and resolutions are void; providing that the Department of Legal Affairs is exempt from certain requirements related to protests to contract solicitation or award; authorizing a governmental entity or its attorneys to



156	apply to a court for recovery of attorney fees and
157	costs; requiring a court to consider certain factors
158	in calculating the amount of attorney fees; providing
159	an effective date.