By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Perry

591-02346B-21 20211032c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to criminal convictions; amending s. 3 455.213, F.S.; revising the timeframe when a 4 conviction, or any other adjudication, for a crime may 5 not be grounds for denial of licensure in specified 6 professions; removing a provision requiring good moral 7 character for licensure in such professions; requiring 8 the applicable board to approve certain education 9 program credits offered to inmates in correctional 10 institutions or facilities to satisfy training 11 requirements for licensure in specified professions; 12 amending s. 921.002, F.S.; revising the principles 13 that the Criminal Punishment Code embodies as it relates to punishment and rehabilitation; conforming 14 15 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 944.02, F.S.; defining the term "gain-time"; amending 16 17 s. 944.275, F.S.; authorizing the Department of 18 Corrections to grant deductions from sentences in the 19 form of good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, 20 and outstanding deed awards, rather than solely for 21 gain-time, for specified purposes; revising a 22 prisoner's "tentative release date" that the 23 department must calculate for each prisoner based on his or her good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, 24 25 and outstanding deed awards; requiring the department to grant good behavior time, rather than basic gain-2.6 27 time, as a means of encouraging satisfactory behavior 28 and developing character traits necessary for 29 successful reentry to the community, subject to

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30	certain conditions; authorizing the department to
31	grant rehabilitation credits, rather than incentive
32	gain-time, for each month during which a prisoner
33	engages in specified activities; revising the rates of
34	eligibility to earn rehabilitation credits; increasing
35	the authorized amount of outstanding deed awards which
36	a prisoner may be granted per outstanding deed
37	performed; authorizing the department to grant a
38	specified number of additional days of rehabilitation
39	credit for successful completion of specified
40	programs; defining the term "life skills program";
41	providing for retroactivity of specified
42	rehabilitation credits; authorizing the department to
43	grant up to a certain additional amount of days per
44	month to prisoners serving sentences for certain
45	violations; providing for retroactivity of specified
46	good behavior time; prohibiting certain prisoners from
47	being eligible to earn or receive good behavior time
48	or outstanding deed awards in an amount that would
49	cause a sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or that
50	would result in a prisoner's release, before he or she
51	serves a specified minimum percentage of the sentence
52	imposed; prohibiting certain prisoners from earning or
53	receiving rehabilitation credits in an amount that
54	would cause a sentence to expire, end, or terminate,
55	or that would result in a prisoner's release, before
56	he or she serves a specified minimum percentage of the
57	sentence imposed; providing that gain-time may be
58	forfeited according to law after due process if a
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59	prisoner is found guilty of an infraction of certain
60	laws or rules; requiring the department to adopt rules
61	in accordance with the changes made by the act;
62	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
63	making technical changes; amending ss. 316.027,
64	775.0845, 775.0847, 775.0861, 775.0862, 775.087,
65	775.0875, 777.03, 777.04, 794.011, 794.023, 817.568,
66	831.032, 843.22, 874.04, 944.281, 944.473, and 944.70,
67	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
68	act; reenacting ss. 775.084(4)(k), 900.05(2)(v) and
69	(3)(e), 944.28, 944.605(1), 944.607(6), 947.005(15),
70	and 985.4815(6)(a), F.S., relating to gain-time
71	granted by the department, the definition of "gain-
72	time credit earned" and gain-time data that the
73	department must collect, the forfeiture of gain-time
74	and the right to earn gain-time in the future, a
75	required notification of expiration of sentence, a
76	requirement that a digitized photograph of sexual
77	offenders be taken within a certain time before
78	release, the definition of "tentative release date,"
79	and a requirement that a digitized photograph of
80	sexual offenders be taken within a certain time before
81	release, respectively, to incorporate the amendment
82	made to s. 944.275, F.S., in references thereto;
83	providing an effective date.
84	
85	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
86	
87	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
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88	455.213, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is
89	added to that subsection, to read:
90	455.213 General licensing provisions.—
91	(3)
92	(b) 1. A conviction, or any other adjudication, for a crime
93	more than $\frac{2}{2}$ 5 years before the date the application is received
94	by the applicable board may not be grounds for denial of a
95	license specified in paragraph (a). For purposes of this
96	paragraph, the term "conviction" means a determination of guilt
97	that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether
98	adjudication is withheld. This paragraph does not limit the
99	applicable board from considering an applicant's criminal
100	history that includes a crime listed in s. 775.21(4)(a)1. or s.
101	776.08 at any time, but only if such criminal history has been
102	found to relate to the practice of the applicable profession.
103	2. The applicable board may consider the criminal history
104	of an applicant for licensure under subparagraph (a)3. if such
105	criminal history has been found to relate to good moral
106	character.
107	(f) The applicable board shall approve educational programs
108	credits offered to inmates in any correctional institution or
109	correctional facility, whether offered as vocational training or
110	through an industry certification program, for the purposes of
111	satisfying applicable training requirements for licensure in a
112	profession specified in paragraph (a).
113	Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 921.002, Florida
114	Statutes, is amended to read:
115	921.002 The Criminal Punishment CodeThe Criminal
116	Punishment Code shall apply to all felony offenses, except

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 117 capital felonies, committed on or after October 1, 1998. 118 (1) The provision of criminal penalties and of limitations 119 upon the application of such penalties is a matter of 120 predominantly substantive law and, as such, is a matter properly 121 addressed by the Legislature. The Legislature, in the exercise of its authority and responsibility to establish sentencing 122 123 criteria, to provide for the imposition of criminal penalties, 124 and to make the best use of state prisons so that violent criminal offenders are appropriately punished and rehabilitated 125 incarcerated, has determined that it is in the best interest of 126 127 the state to develop, implement, and revise a sentencing policy. 128 The Criminal Punishment Code embodies the principles that: 129 (a) Sentencing is neutral with respect to race, gender, and social and economic status. 130 131 (b) The dual purposes primary purpose of sentencing in the 132 criminal justice system are is to punish the offender and 133 rehabilitate the offender so that he or she can successfully 134 transition back into the community. Rehabilitation is a desired 135 goal of the criminal justice system but is subordinate to the 136 goal of punishment. 137 (c) The penalty imposed is commensurate with the severity 138 of the primary offense and the circumstances surrounding the 139 primary offense. 140 (d) The severity of the sentence increases with the length and nature of the offender's prior record. 141 142 (e) The sentence imposed by the sentencing judge reflects 143 the length of actual time to be served, shortened only by the application of good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, and 144

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outstanding deed awards, incentive and meritorious gain-time as

591-02346B-21 20211032c1 146 provided by law, and may not be shortened if the defendant would 147 consequently serve less than 85 percent of his or her term of 148 imprisonment upon the application of good behavior time and 149 outstanding deed awards or 65 percent of his or her term of 150 imprisonment upon the application of rehabilitation credits, as provided in s. 944.275(4). The provisions of chapter 947, 151 152 relating to parole, do not shall not apply to persons sentenced 153 under the Criminal Punishment Code.

(f) Departures below the lowest permissible sentence established by the code must be articulated in writing by the trial court judge and made only when circumstances or factors reasonably justify the mitigation of the sentence. The level of proof necessary to establish facts that support a departure from the lowest permissible sentence is a preponderance of the evidence.

(g) The trial court judge may impose a sentence up to and including the statutory maximum for any offense, including an offense that is before the court due to a violation of probation or community control.

(h) A sentence may be appealed on the basis that it departs from the Criminal Punishment Code only if the sentence is below the lowest permissible sentence or as enumerated in s. 924.06(1).

(i) Use of incarcerative sanctions is prioritized toward
offenders convicted of serious offenses and certain offenders
who have long prior records, in order to maximize the finite
capacities of state and local correctional facilities.

173 Section 3. Present subsections (5) through (8) of section 174 944.02, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6)

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175	through (9), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to
176	that section, to read:
177	944.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases used in
178	this chapter shall, unless the context clearly indicates
179	otherwise, have the following meanings:
180	(5) "Gain-time" means good behavior time, rehabilitation
181	credits, and outstanding deed awards, collectively.
182	Section 4. Section 944.275, Florida Statutes, is amended to
183	read:
184	944.275 Good behavior time; rehabilitation credits;
185	outstanding deed awards gain-time
186	(1) The department is authorized to grant deductions from
187	sentences in the form of good behavior time, rehabilitation
188	credits, and outstanding deed awards gain-time in order to
189	encourage satisfactory prisoner behavior, to provide incentive
190	for prisoners to participate in productive activities, and to
191	reward prisoners who perform outstanding deeds or services.
192	(2)(a) The department shall establish for each prisoner
193	sentenced to a term of years a "maximum sentence expiration
194	date," which shall be the date when the sentence or combined
195	sentences imposed on a prisoner will expire. In establishing
196	this date, the department shall reduce the total time to be
197	served by any time lawfully credited.
198	(b) When a prisoner with an established maximum sentence
199	expiration date is sentenced to an additional term or terms
200	without having been released from custody, the department shall
201	extend the maximum sentence expiration date by the length of

time imposed in the new sentence or sentences, less lawful credits.

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 204 (c) When an escaped prisoner or a parole violator is 205 returned to the custody of the department, the maximum sentence 206 expiration date in effect when the escape occurred or the parole 207 was effective shall be extended by the amount of time the 208 prisoner was not in custody plus the time imposed in any new 209 sentence or sentences, but reduced by any lawful credits. 210 (3) (a) The department shall also establish for each 211 prisoner sentenced to a term of years a "tentative release date" which shall be the date projected for the prisoner's release 212 213 from custody by virtue of good behavior time, rehabilitation 214 credits, or outstanding deed awards gain-time granted or 215 forfeited as described in this section. The initial tentative 216 release date shall be determined by deducting good behavior time 217 basic gain-time granted from the maximum sentence expiration date. Rehabilitation credits and outstanding deed awards Other 218 219 gain-time shall be applied when granted or restored to make the 220 tentative release date proportionately earlier; and forfeitures of gain-time, when ordered, shall be applied to make the 221 222 tentative release date proportionately later. 223 (b) When an initial tentative release date is reestablished 224 because of additional sentences imposed before the prisoner has 225 completely served all prior sentences, any good behavior time, 226 rehabilitation credits, and outstanding deed awards gain-time 227 granted during service of a prior sentence and not forfeited 228 shall be applied.

(c) The tentative release date may not be later than themaximum sentence expiration date.

(4) (a) As a means of encouraging satisfactory behavior <u>and</u>
 <u>developing character traits necessary for successful reentry to</u>

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 233 the community, the department shall grant good behavior time 234 basic gain-time at the rate of 10 days for each month of each 235 sentence imposed on a prisoner, subject to the following: 236 1. Portions of any sentences to be served concurrently 237 shall be treated as a single sentence when determining good 238 behavior time basic gain-time. 239 2. Good behavior time Basic gain-time for a partial month 240 shall be prorated on the basis of a 30-day month. 3. When a prisoner receives a new maximum sentence 241 242 expiration date because of additional sentences imposed, good behavior time basic gain-time shall be granted for the amount of 243 244 time the maximum sentence expiration date was extended. 245 (b) For each month in which a prisoner an inmate works 246 diligently, participates in training or education, uses time 247 constructively, or otherwise engages in positive activities, the 248 department may grant rehabilitation credits incentive gain-time 249 in accordance with this paragraph. The rate of rehabilitation 250 credits incentive gain-time in effect on the date the prisoner 251 inmate committed the offense that which resulted in his or her 252 incarceration shall be the prisoner's inmate's rate of 253 eligibility to earn rehabilitation credits incentive gain-time 254 throughout the period of incarceration and may shall not be 255 altered by a subsequent change in the severity level of the offense for which the prisoner inmate was sentenced. 256 257 1. For sentences imposed for offenses committed before

257 I. For sentences imposed for offenses committed <u>before</u> 258 prior to January 1, 1994, <u>and on or after October 1, 1995</u>, up to 259 20 days of <u>rehabilitation credits</u> <u>incentive gain-time</u> may be 260 granted. If granted, such <u>rehabilitation credits</u> <u>gain-time</u> shall 261 be credited and applied monthly.

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262	2. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after
263	January 1, 1994, and before October 1, 1995:
264	a. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 1 through
265	7, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 25 days
266	of <u>rehabilitation credits</u> incentive gain-time may be granted. If
267	granted, such <u>rehabilitation credits</u> gain-time shall be credited
268	and applied monthly.
269	b. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 8, 9, and
270	10, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 20
271	days of <u>rehabilitation credits</u> incentive gain-time may be
272	granted. If granted, such <u>rehabilitation credits</u> gain-time shall
273	be credited and applied monthly.
274	3. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after
275	October 1, 1995, the department may grant up to 10 days per
276	month of incentive gain-time.
277	(c) <u>A prisoner</u> An inmate who performs some outstanding
278	deed, such as saving a life or assisting in recapturing an
279	escaped <u>prisoner</u> inmate , or who in some manner performs an
280	outstanding service that would merit the granting of additional
281	deductions from the term of his or her sentence may be granted
282	<u>an outstanding deed award</u> meritorious gain-time of from <u>30</u> 1 to
283	60 days per outstanding deed performed.
284	(d) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of
285	rehabilitation credits under subparagraphs (b)1. and 2.,
286	incentive gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1., 2., and 3., the
287	education program manager shall recommend, and the department $rac{df}{dr}$
288	Corrections may grant, <u>to a prisoner who is otherwise eligible,</u>
289	a one-time award of 60 additional days of <u>rehabilitation credits</u>
290	for each of the following successfully completed by a prisoner:

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291	incentive gain-time to an inmate who is otherwise eligible and
292	who successfully completes requirements for and is, or has been
293	during the current commitment, awarded a high school equivalency
294	diploma <u>, a college degree, a</u> or vocational certificate <u>, a drug</u>
295	treatment program, a life skills program, a reentry program, or
296	other evidence-based program approved by the department that
297	serves the purpose of reducing recidivism and assisting a
298	prisoner reintegrate into society. For purposes of this
299	paragraph, a "life skills program" means a program, approved by
300	the department, which consists of at least 60 hours designed to
301	reduce recidivism by addressing, at a minimum, education, job
302	skill, interpersonal skills, stress and anger management, and
303	personal development. Additionally, the department shall grant 5
304	additional days of rehabilitation credits for successful
305	completion of any other department-approved program, including
306	prisoner-developed programs or a passing grade in each online or
307	in-person educational course, as approved by the department.
308	Rehabilitation credits under this paragraph are retroactive.
309	(e) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of
310	rehabilitation credits under subparagraphs (b)1. and 2., the
311	department may grant up to 2 additional days per month of good
312	behavior time to prisoners serving sentences for violations of
313	s. 893.13 or s. 893.135. Good behavior time under this paragraph
314	is retroactive Under no circumstances may an inmate receive more
315	than 60 days for educational attainment pursuant to this
316	section.
317	<u>(f)</u> Notwithstanding subparagraph (b)1. subparagraph
318	(b)3., for sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after

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October 1, 2014, the department may not grant rehabilitation

591-02346B-21 20211032c1 320 credits incentive gain-time if the offense is a violation of s. 321 782.04(1)(a)2.c.; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 322 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; or s. 847.0135(5). 323 324 (g)1.(f) A prisoner An inmate who is subject to this 325 subsection and who is serving a sentence imposed for an offense 326 committed on or after October 1, 1995, subparagraph (b)3. is not 327 eligible to earn or receive good behavior time or outstanding 328 deed awards gain-time under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), 329 paragraph (c), or paragraph (d) or any other type of gain-time 330 in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire, end, or 331 terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release, before 332 he or she serves prior to serving a minimum of 85 percent of the 333 sentence imposed. 334 2. A prisoner who is subject to this subsection may not earn or receive rehabilitation credits in an amount that would 335 336 cause a sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or that would 337 result in a prisoner's release, before he or she serves a 338 minimum of 65 percent of the sentence imposed. 339 3. For purposes of this paragraph, credits awarded by the 340 court for time physically incarcerated shall be credited toward 341 satisfaction of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. Except as provided by this section, a prisoner serving a sentence imposed 342 for an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, may not 343 accumulate further good behavior time gain-time awards at any 344 345 point when the tentative release date is the same as that date 346 at which the prisoner will have served 85 percent of the 347 sentence imposed. A prisoner may not accumulate further 348 rehabilitation credits or outstanding deed awards at any point

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349	when the tentative release date is the same as that date at
350	which the prisoner will have served 65 percent of the sentence
351	imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment shall be
352	incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives, unless granted
353	pardon or clemency.
354	(5) <u>If</u> When a prisoner is found guilty of an infraction of
355	the laws of this state or the rules of the department, gain-time
356	may be forfeited according to law <u>after due process</u> .
357	(6)(a) <u>Good behavior time</u> Basic gain-time under this
358	section shall be computed on and applied to all sentences
359	imposed for offenses committed on or after July 1, 1978 , and
360	before January 1, 1994.
361	(b) All good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, and
362	outstanding deed awards are incentive and meritorious gain-time
363	is granted according to this section.
364	(c) All additional gain-time previously awarded under
365	former subsections (2) and (3) and all forfeitures ordered
366	<u>before</u> prior to the effective date of the act that created this
367	section shall remain in effect and be applied in establishing an
368	initial tentative release date.
369	(7) The department shall adopt rules to implement the
370	granting, forfeiture, restoration, and deletion of good behavior
371	time, rehabilitation credits, and outstanding deed awards, gain-
372	time.
373	Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 316.027, Florida
374	Statutes, is amended to read:
375	316.027 Crash involving death or personal injuries
376	(2)(a) The driver of a vehicle involved in a crash
377	occurring on public or private property which results in injury

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 378 to a person other than serious bodily injury shall immediately 379 stop the vehicle at the scene of the crash, or as close thereto 380 as possible, and shall remain at the scene of the crash until he 381 or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062. A person 382 who willfully violates this paragraph commits a felony of the 383 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 384 or s. 775.084. 385 (b) The driver of a vehicle involved in a crash occurring on public or private property which results in serious bodily 386 387 injury to a person shall immediately stop the vehicle at the 388 scene of the crash, or as close thereto as possible, and shall 389 remain at the scene of the crash until he or she has fulfilled 390 the requirements of s. 316.062. A person who willfully violates 391 this paragraph commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 392 393 (c) The driver of a vehicle involved in a crash occurring 394 on public or private property which results in the death of a 395 person shall immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the 396 crash, or as close thereto as possible, and shall remain at the 397 scene of the crash until he or she has fulfilled the 398 requirements of s. 316.062. A person who is arrested for a 399 violation of this paragraph and who has previously been 400 convicted of a violation of this section, s. 316.061, s. 401 316.191, or s. 316.193, or a felony violation of s. 322.34, 402 shall be held in custody until brought before the court for 403 admittance to bail in accordance with chapter 903. A person who 404 willfully violates this paragraph commits a felony of the first 405 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 406 775.084, and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 407 imprisonment of 4 years. A person who willfully commits such a 408 violation while driving under the influence as set forth in s. 409 316.193(1) shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of 410 imprisonment of 4 years. 411 (d) Notwithstanding s. 775.089(1)(a), if the driver of a 412 vehicle violates paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c), 413 the court shall order the driver to make restitution to the 414 victim for any damage or loss unless the court finds clear and 415 compelling reasons not to order the restitution. Restitution may 416 be monetary or nonmonetary restitution. The court shall make the 417 payment of restitution a condition of probation in accordance 418 with s. 948.03. An order requiring the defendant to make 419 restitution to a victim does not remove or diminish the 420 requirement that the court order payment to the Crimes 421 Compensation Trust Fund under chapter 960. Payment of an award 422 by the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund creates an order of 423 restitution to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund unless 424 specifically waived in accordance with s. 775.089(1)(b).

(e) A driver who violates paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or
paragraph (c) shall have his or her driver license revoked for
at least 3 years as provided in s. 322.28(4).

428 1. A person convicted of violating paragraph (a), paragraph 429 (b), or paragraph (c) shall, before his or her driving privilege 430 may be reinstated, present to the department proof of completion 431 of a victim's impact panel session in a judicial circuit if such 432 a panel exists, or if such a panel does not exist, a department-433 approved driver improvement course relating to the rights of 434 vulnerable road users relative to vehicles on the roadway as provided in s. 322.0261(2). 435

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436
          2. The department may reinstate an offender's driving
437
     privilege after he or she satisfies the 3-year revocation period
438
     as provided in s. 322.28(4) and successfully completes either a
439
     victim's impact panel session or a department-approved driver
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     improvement course relating to the rights of vulnerable road
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     users relative to vehicles on the roadway as provided in s.
442
     322.0261(2).
443
          3. For purposes of this paragraph, an offender's driving
     privilege may be reinstated only after the department verifies
444
445
     that the offender participated in and successfully completed a
446
     victim's impact panel session or a department-approved driver
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     improvement course.
448
           (f) For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and
449
     determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation
     credits under chapter 944, an offense listed in this subsection
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451
     is ranked one level above the ranking specified in s. 921.0022
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     or s. 921.0023 for the offense committed if the victim of the
453
     offense was a vulnerable road user.
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           (q) The defendant may move to depart from the mandatory
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     minimum term of imprisonment prescribed in paragraph (c) unless
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     the violation was committed while the defendant was driving
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     under the influence. The state may object to this departure. The
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     court may grant the motion only if it finds that a factor,
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     consideration, or circumstance clearly demonstrates that
     imposing a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment would
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     constitute or result in an injustice. The court shall state in
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     open court the basis for granting the motion.
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          Section 6. Section 775.0845, Florida Statutes, is amended
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464 to read:

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465	775.0845 Wearing mask while committing offense;
466	reclassificationThe felony or misdemeanor degree of any
467	criminal offense, other than a violation of ss. 876.12-876.15,
468	shall be reclassified to the next higher degree as provided in
469	this section if, while committing the offense, the offender was
470	wearing a hood, mask, or other device that concealed his or her
471	identity.
472	(1)(a) In the case of a misdemeanor of the second degree,
473	the offense is reclassified to a misdemeanor of the first
474	degree.
475	(b) In the case of a misdemeanor of the first degree, the
476	offense is reclassified to a felony of the third degree. For
477	purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
478	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
479	chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 2 of the offense
480	severity ranking chart.
481	(2)(a) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the
482	offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree.
483	(b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the
484	offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree.
485	
486	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
487	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
488	chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this
489	subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under former s.
490	921.0012, former s. 921.0013, s. 921.0022, or s. 921.0023 of the
491	offense committed.
492	Section 7. Section 775.0847, Florida Statutes, is amended
493	to read:

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 494 775.0847 Possession or promotion of certain images of child 495 pornography; reclassification.-496 (1) For purposes of this section: 497 (a) "Child" means any person, whose identity is known or 498 unknown, less than 18 years of age. 499 (b) "Child pornography" means any image depicting a minor 500 engaged in sexual conduct. 501 (c) "Sadomasochistic abuse" means flagellation or torture by or upon a person or the condition of being fettered, bound, 502 503 or otherwise physically restrained, for the purpose of deriving 504 sexual satisfaction, or satisfaction brought about as a result 505 of sadistic violence, from inflicting harm on another or 506 receiving such harm oneself. (d) "Sexual battery" means oral, anal, or vaginal 507 508 penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another or 509 the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other object; 510 however, sexual battery does not include an act done for a bona 511 fide medical purpose. 512 (e) "Sexual bestiality" means any sexual act, actual or 513 simulated, between a person and an animal involving the sex 514 organ of the one and the mouth, anus, or vagina of the other. 515 (f) "Sexual conduct" means actual or simulated sexual intercourse, deviate sexual intercourse, sexual bestiality, 516 517 masturbation, or sadomasochistic abuse; actual lewd exhibition 518 of the genitals; actual physical contact with a person's clothed 519 or unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if such person 520 is a female, breast with the intent to arouse or gratify the 521 sexual desire of either party; or any act or conduct which constitutes sexual battery or simulates that sexual battery is 522

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523	being or will be committed. A mother's breastfeeding of her baby
524	does not under any circumstance constitute "sexual conduct."
525	(2) A violation of s. 827.071, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0137, or
526	s. 847.0138 shall be reclassified to the next higher degree as
527	provided in subsection (3) if:
528	(a) The offender possesses 10 or more images of any form of
529	child pornography regardless of content; and
530	(b) The content of at least one image contains one or more
531	of the following:
532	1. A child who is younger than the age of 5.
533	2. Sadomasochistic abuse involving a child.
534	3. Sexual battery involving a child.
535	4. Sexual bestiality involving a child.
536	5. Any movie involving a child, regardless of length and
537	regardless of whether the movie contains sound.
538	(3)(a) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the
539	offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree.
540	(b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the
541	offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree.
542	
543	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
544	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
545	chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this
546	section is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022
547	or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.
548	Section 8. Section 775.0861, Florida Statutes, is amended
549	to read:
550	775.0861 Offenses against persons on the grounds of
551	religious institutions; reclassification

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552	(1) For purposes of this section, the term:
553	(a) "Religious institution" is as defined in s. 496.404.
554	(b) "Religious service" is a religious ceremony, prayer, or
555	other activity according to a form and order prescribed for
556	worship, including a service related to a particular occasion.
557	(2) The felony or misdemeanor degree of any violation of:
558	(a) Section 784.011, relating to assault;
559	(b) Section 784.021, relating to aggravated assault;
560	(c) Section 784.03, relating to battery;
561	(d) Section 784.041, relating to felony battery;
562	(e) A statute defining any offense listed in s.
563	775.084(1)(b)1.; or
564	(f) Any other statute defining an offense that involves the
565	use or threat of physical force or violence against any
566	individual
567	
568	shall be reclassified as provided in this section if the offense
569	is committed on the property of a religious institution while
570	the victim is on the property for the purpose of participating
571	in or attending a religious service.
572	(3)(a) In the case of a misdemeanor of the second degree,
573	the offense is reclassified to a misdemeanor of the first
574	degree.
575	(b) In the case of a misdemeanor of the first degree, the
576	offense is reclassified to a felony of the third degree. For
577	purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, such offense is ranked
578	in level 2 of the offense severity ranking chart.
579	(c) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the
580	offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree.

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581	(d) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the
582	offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree.
583	(e) In the case of a felony of the first degree, the
584	offense is reclassified to a life felony.
585	
586	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
587	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
588	chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this
589	subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s.
590	921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.
591	Section 9. Section 775.0862, Florida Statutes, is amended
592	to read:
593	775.0862 Sexual offenses against students by authority
594	figures; reclassification
595	(1) As used in this section, the term:
596	(a) "Authority figure" means a person 18 years of age or
597	older who is employed by, volunteering at, or under contract
598	with a school.
599	(b) "School" has the same meaning as provided in s. 1003.01
600	and includes a private school as defined in s. 1002.01, a
601	voluntary prekindergarten education program as described in s.
602	1002.53(3), early learning programs, a public school as
603	described in s. 402.3025(1), the Florida School for the Deaf and
604	the Blind, and the Florida Virtual School established under s.
605	1002.37. The term does not include facilities dedicated
606	exclusively to the education of adults.
607	(c) "Student" means a person younger than 18 years of age
608	who is enrolled at a school.
609	(2) The felony degree of a violation of an offense listed

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610	in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.a., unless the offense is a violation of
611	s. 794.011(4)(e)7. or s. 810.145(8)(a)2., shall be reclassified
612	as provided in this section if the offense is committed by an
613	authority figure of a school against a student of the school.
614	(3)(a) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the
615	offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree.
616	(b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the
617	offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree.
618	(c) In the case of a felony of the first degree, the
619	offense is reclassified to a life felony.
620	
621	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
622	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
623	chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this
624	subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s.
625	921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.
626	Section 10. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 775.087,
627	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
628	775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery;
629	felony reclassification; minimum sentence
630	(1) Unless otherwise provided by law, whenever a person is
631	charged with a felony, except a felony in which the use of a
632	weapon or firearm is an essential element, and during the
633	commission of such felony the defendant carries, displays, uses,
634	threatens to use, or attempts to use any weapon or firearm, or
635	during the commission of such felony the defendant commits an
636	aggravated battery, the felony for which the person is charged
637	shall be reclassified as follows:
638	(a) In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a life

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639	felony.
640	(b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a
641	felony of the first degree.
642	(c) In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a
643	felony of the second degree.
644	
645	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
646	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
647	chapter 944, a felony offense which is reclassified under this
648	section is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022
649	or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed.
650	(3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an
651	attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a
652	firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
653	a. Murder;
654	b. Sexual battery;
655	c. Robbery;
656	d. Burglary;
657	e. Arson;
658	f. Aggravated battery;
659	g. Kidnapping;
660	h. Escape;
661	i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,
662	manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance;
663	j. Aircraft piracy;
664	k. Aggravated child abuse;
665	l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;
666	m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
667	destructive device or bomb;
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668	n. Carjacking;
669	o. Home-invasion robbery;
670	p. Aggravated stalking; or
671	q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital
672	importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital
673	importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine,
674	capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in
675	methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking
676	in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking
677	in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid
678	(GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in
679	Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 893.135(1);
680	
681	and during the commission of the offense, such person possessed
682	a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box
683	magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be
684	sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.
685	2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to
686	commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of
687	whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and
688	during the course of the commission of the felony such person
689	discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box
690	magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be
691	sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
692	3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to
693	commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of
694	whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and
695	during the course of the commission of the felony such person
696	discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 697 magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the 698 result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was 699 inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be 700 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 701 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in 702 prison. 703 (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph 704 (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence 705 of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum 706 mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death 707 pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a)1., 708 subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a 709 court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by 710 law. 711 712 Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition 713 of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and 714 the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 715 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than 716 pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release 717 under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence. 718 (c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed 719 pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized 720 by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under 721 chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be

imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 726 the court must include the mandatory minimum term of 727 imprisonment as required in this section. 728 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who 729 possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use 730 a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box 731 magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001 be punished 732 to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of 733 imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be 734 imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is 735 convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment 736 provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term 737 of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense. 738 (e) As used in this subsection, the term: 739 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any 740 detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, 741 which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire 742 cartridges. 743 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is capable 744 of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions 745 of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform 746 a portion of the operating cycle. 747 Section 11. Section 775.0875, Florida Statutes, is amended 748 to read: 749 775.0875 Unlawful taking, possession, or use of law 750 enforcement officer's firearm; crime reclassification; 751 penalties.-752 (1) A person who, without authorization, takes a firearm

753 from a law enforcement officer lawfully engaged in law754 enforcement duties commits a felony of the third degree,

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755	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
756	(2) If a person violates subsection (1) and commits any
757	other crime involving the firearm taken from the law enforcement
758	officer, such crime shall be reclassified as follows:
759	(a)1. In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a
760	life felony.
761	2. In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a
762	felony of the first degree.
763	3. In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a felony
764	of the second degree.
765	
766	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
767	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
768	chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this
769	paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s.
770	921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed.
771	(b) In the case of a misdemeanor, to a felony of the third
772	degree. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and
773	determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation
774	credits under chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 2 of
775	the offense severity ranking chart.
776	(3) A person who possesses a firearm that he or she knows
777	was unlawfully taken from a law enforcement officer commits a
778	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
779	775.082 or s. 775.083.
780	Section 12. Section 777.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
781	read:
782	777.03 Accessory after the fact
783	(1)(a) Any person not standing in the relation of husband

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 784 or wife, parent or grandparent, child or grandchild, brother or 785 sister, by consanguinity or affinity to the offender, who 786 maintains or assists the principal or an accessory before the 787 fact, or gives the offender any other aid, knowing that the 788 offender had committed a crime and such crime was a third degree 789 felony, or had been an accessory thereto before the fact, with 790 the intent that the offender avoids or escapes detection, 791 arrest, trial, or punishment, is an accessory after the fact. 792 (b) Any person who maintains or assists the principal or

793 accessory before the fact, or gives the offender any other aid, 794 knowing that the offender had committed the offense of child 795 abuse, neglect of a child, aggravated child abuse, aggravated 796 manslaughter of a child under 18 years of age, or murder of a 797 child under 18 years of age, or had been an accessory thereto before the fact, with the intent that the offender avoids or 798 799 escapes detection, arrest, trial, or punishment, is an accessory 800 after the fact unless the court finds that the person is a 801 victim of domestic violence.

(c) Any person who maintains or assists the principal or an accessory before the fact, or gives the offender any other aid, knowing that the offender had committed a crime and such crime was a capital, life, first degree, or second degree felony, or had been an accessory thereto before the fact, with the intent that the offender avoids or escapes detection, arrest, trial, or punishment, is an accessory after the fact.

(2) (a) If the felony offense committed is a capital felony,
the offense of accessory after the fact is a felony of the first
degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
775.084.

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 813 (b) If the felony offense committed is a life felony or a 814 felony of the first degree, the offense of accessory after the 815 fact is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in 816 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 817 (c) If the felony offense committed is a felony of the second degree or a felony of the third degree ranked in level 3, 818 819 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023, the 820 offense of accessory after the fact is a felony of the third 821 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 822 775.084. 82.3 (d) If the felony offense committed is a felony of the 824 third degree ranked in level 1 or level 2 under s. 921.0022 or 825 s. 921.0023, the offense of accessory after the fact is a 826 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 827 828 (3) Except as otherwise provided in s. 921.0022, for 829 purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 830 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 831 chapter 944, the offense of accessory after the fact is ranked 832 two levels below the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of 833 the felony offense committed. 834 Section 13. Section 777.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to 835 read: 836 777.04 Attempts, solicitation, and conspiracy.-837 (1) A person who attempts to commit an offense prohibited 838 by law and in such attempt does any act toward the commission of 839 such offense, but fails in the perpetration or is intercepted or prevented in the execution thereof, commits the offense of 840 criminal attempt, ranked for purposes of sentencing as provided 841

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for SB 1032

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 842 in subsection (4). Criminal attempt includes the act of an adult 843 who, with intent to commit an offense prohibited by law, 844 allures, seduces, coaxes, or induces a child under the age of 12 845 to engage in an offense prohibited by law. 846 (2) A person who solicits another to commit an offense 847 prohibited by law and in the course of such solicitation 848 commands, encourages, hires, or requests another person to 849 engage in specific conduct which would constitute such offense 850 or an attempt to commit such offense commits the offense of 851 criminal solicitation, ranked for purposes of sentencing as 852 provided in subsection (4). 853 (3) A person who agrees, conspires, combines, or 854 confederates with another person or persons to commit any 855 offense commits the offense of criminal conspiracy, ranked for

857 (4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 104.091(2), 858 379.2431(1), 828.125(2), 849.25(4), 893.135(5), and 921.0022, 859 the offense of criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or 860 criminal conspiracy is ranked for purposes of sentencing under 861 chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for 862 rehabilitation credits under chapter 944 one level below the 863 ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense 864 attempted, solicited, or conspired to. If the criminal attempt, 865 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is of an offense ranked in level 1 or level 2 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023, 866 867 such offense is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 868 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

purposes of sentencing as provided in subsection (4).

(b) If the offense attempted, solicited, or conspired to isa capital felony, the offense of criminal attempt, criminal

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871	solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is a felony of the first
872	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
873	775.084.
874	(c) Except as otherwise provided in s. 893.135(5), if the
875	offense attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a life felony
876	or a felony of the first degree, the offense of criminal
877	attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is a
878	felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
879	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
880	(d) Except as otherwise provided in s. 104.091(2), s.
881	379.2431(1), s. 828.125(2), or s. 849.25(4), if the offense
882	attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a:
883	1. Felony of the second degree;
884	2. Burglary that is a felony of the third degree; or
885	3. Felony of the third degree ranked in level 3, 4, 5, 6,
886	7, 8, 9, or 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023,
887	
888	the offense of criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or
889	criminal conspiracy is a felony of the third degree, punishable
890	as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
891	(e) Except as otherwise provided in s. 104.091(2), s.
892	379.2431(1), s. 849.25(4), or paragraph (d), if the offense
893	attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a felony of the third
894	degree, the offense of criminal attempt, criminal solicitation,
895	or criminal conspiracy is a misdemeanor of the first degree,
896	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
897	(f) Except as otherwise provided in s. 104.091(2), if the
898	offense attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a misdemeanor
899	of the first or second degree, the offense of criminal attempt,

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900	criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is a misdemeanor
901	of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
902	775.083.
903	(5) It is a defense to a charge of criminal attempt,
904	criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy that, under
905	circumstances manifesting a complete and voluntary renunciation
906	of his or her criminal purpose, the defendant:
907	(a) Abandoned his or her attempt to commit the offense or
908	otherwise prevented its commission;
909	(b) After soliciting another person to commit an offense,
910	persuaded such other person not to do so or otherwise prevented
911	commission of the offense; or
912	(c) After conspiring with one or more persons to commit an
913	offense, persuaded such persons not to do so or otherwise
914	prevented commission of the offense.
915	Section 14. Subsection (7) of section 794.011, Florida
916	Statutes, is amended to read:
917	794.011 Sexual battery
918	(7) A person who is convicted of committing a sexual
919	battery on or after October 1, 1992, is not eligible for <u>good</u>
920	behavior basic gain-time under s. 944.275. This subsection may
921	be cited as the "Junny Rios-Martinez, Jr. Act of 1992."
922	Section 15. Section 794.023, Florida Statutes, is amended
923	to read:
924	794.023 Sexual battery by multiple perpetrators;
925	reclassification of offenses
926	(1) The Legislature finds that an act of sexual battery,
927	when committed by more than one person, presents a great danger
928	to the public and is extremely offensive to civilized society.

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591-02346B-2120211032c1929It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to reclassify930offenses for acts of sexual battery committed by more than one931person.932(2) A violation of s. 794.011 shall be reclassified as933provided in this subsection if it is charged and proven by the934prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or935episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery936on the same victim.937(a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a938felony of the first degree.939(b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life940felony.941942This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital943felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and944determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation945or s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.946section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida947under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.948Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida949Statutes, is amended to read:941817.568 Criminal use of personal identification942945943946944194794510022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.9469479481001, the offense is reclassified to the next94910022 or s. 921.0024 <th></th> <th></th>		
 offenses for acts of sexual battery committed by more than one person. (2) A violation of s. 794.011 shall be reclassified as provided in this subsection if it is charged and proven by the prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery on the same victim. (a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation oredits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a 	1	591-02346B-21 20211032c1
 person. (2) A violation of s. 794.011 shall be reclassified as provided in this subsection if it is charged and proven by the prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery on the same victim. (a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a 	929	It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to reclassify
 (2) A violation of s. 794.011 shall be reclassified as provided in this subsection if it is charged and proven by the prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery on the same victim. (a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a 	930	offenses for acts of sexual battery committed by more than one
933 provided in this subsection if it is charged and proven by the 934 prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery 936 on the same victim. 937 (a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a 938 felony of the first degree. 939 (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life 940 felony. 941 942 This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital 943 felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and 944 determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation 945 <u>credits</u> under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified 946 under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking 947 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. 948 Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida 949 Statutes, is amended to read: 950 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification 951 information 952 (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was 953 facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as 954 defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next 955 higher degree as follows: 956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	931	person.
prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery on the same victim. (a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	932	(2) A violation of s. 794.011 shall be reclassified as
<pre>episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery on the same victim. (a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a</pre>	933	provided in this subsection if it is charged and proven by the
on the same victim. (a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification 51 information 52 (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	934	prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or
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felony of the first degree. (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	936	on the same victim.
 (b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony. This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation <u>credits</u> under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows: (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a 	937	(a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a
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950 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification 951 information 952 (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was 953 facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as 954 defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next 955 higher degree as follows: 956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	948	Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida
<pre>951 information 952 (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was 953 facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as 954 defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next 955 higher degree as follows: 956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a</pre>	949	Statutes, is amended to read:
952 (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was 953 facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as 954 defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next 955 higher degree as follows: 956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	950	817.568 Criminal use of personal identification
953 facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as 954 defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next 955 higher degree as follows: 956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	951	information
<pre>954 defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next 955 higher degree as follows: 956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a</pre>	952	(5) If an offense prohibited under this section was
955 higher degree as follows: 956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	953	facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as
956 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a	954	defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next
	955	higher degree as follows:
	956	(a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a
957 felony of the third degree.	957	felony of the third degree.

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 958 (b) A felony of the third degree is reclassified as a 959 felony of the second degree. 960 (c) A felony of the second degree is reclassified as a 961 felony of the first degree. 962 963 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and incentive gain-964 time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a 965 felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is 966 ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 of the 967 felony offense committed, and a misdemeanor offense that is 968 reclassified under this subsection is ranked in level 2 of the 969 offense severity ranking chart in s. 921.0022. 970 Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 831.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 971 972 831.032 Offenses involving forging or counterfeiting 973 private labels.-974 (3) (a) Violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 975 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 976 775.082 or s. 775.083, except that: 977 1. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 978 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 979 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the offense involves 100 980 or more but less than 1,000 items bearing one or more 981 counterfeit marks or if the goods involved in the offense have a 982 total retail value of more than \$2,500, but less than \$20,000. 2. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 983 984 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 985 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the offense involves 1,000 or more items bearing one or more counterfeit marks or if 986

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 987 the goods involved in the offense have a total retail value of 988 \$20,000 or more. 989 3. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 990 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 991 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 if, during the commission or 992 as a result of the commission of the offense, the person 993 engaging in the offense knowingly or by culpable negligence 994 causes or allows to be caused bodily injury to another. 995 4. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 996 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 997 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 if, during the commission or 998 as a result of the commission of the offense, the person 999 engaging in the offense knowingly or by culpable negligence 1000 causes or allows to be caused serious bodily injury to another. 5. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 1001 1002 felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 1003 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 if, during the commission or as a result of the commission of the offense, the person 1004 1005 engaging in the offense knowingly or by culpable negligence 1006 causes or allows to be caused death to another. 1007 (b) For any person who, having previously been convicted 1008 for an offense under this section, is subsequently convicted for 1009 another offense under this section, such subsequent offense 1010 shall be reclassified as follows: 1011 1. In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a 1012 felony of the first degree. 1013 2. In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a felony 1014 of the second degree. 1015 3. In the case of a misdemeanor of the first degree, to a

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 1016 felony of the third degree. For purposes of sentencing under 1017 chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility 1018 under chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 4 of the 1019 offense severity ranking chart. 1020 1021 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 1022 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 1023 chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 1024 1025 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed. 1026 (c) In lieu of a fine otherwise authorized by law, when any 1027 person has been convicted of an offense under this section, the 1028 court may fine the person up to three times the retail value of 1029 the goods seized, manufactured, or sold, whichever is greater, 1030 and may enter orders awarding court costs and the costs of 1031 investigation and prosecution, reasonably incurred. The court 1032 shall hold a hearing to determine the amount of the fine 1033 authorized by this paragraph. 1034 (d) When a person is convicted of an offense under this 1035 section, the court, pursuant to s. 775.089, shall order the 1036 person to pay restitution to the trademark owner and any other 1037 victim of the offense. In determining the value of the property 1038 loss to the trademark owner, the court shall include expenses 1039 incurred by the trademark owner in the investigation or 1040 prosecution of the offense as well as the disgorgement of any 1041 profits realized by a person convicted of the offense. 1042 Section 18. Section 843.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to

1043 read:

843.22 Traveling across county lines with intent to commit

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1045	a burglary
1046	(1) As used in this section, the term:
1047	(a) "County of residence" means the county within this
1048	state in which a person resides. Evidence of a person's county
1049	of residence includes, but is not limited to:
1050	1. The address on a person's driver license or state
1051	identification card;
1052	2. Records of real property or mobile home ownership;
1053	3. Records of a lease agreement for residential property;
1054	4. The county in which a person's motor vehicle is
1055	registered;
1056	5. The county in which a person is enrolled in an
1057	educational institution; and
1058	6. The county in which a person is employed.
1059	(b) "Burglary" means burglary as defined in s. 810.02,
1060	including an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit such
1061	offense.
1062	(2) If a person who commits a burglary travels any distance
1063	with the intent to commit the burglary in a county in this state
1064	other than the person's county of residence, the degree of the
1065	burglary shall be reclassified to the next higher degree if the
1066	purpose of the person's travel is to thwart law enforcement
1067	attempts to track the items stolen in the burglary. For purposes
1068	of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-
1069	time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a
1070	burglary that is reclassified under this section is ranked one
1071	level above the ranking specified in s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023
1072	for the burglary committed.
1073	Section 19. Section 874.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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1074 read:

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1075 874.04 Gang-related offenses; enhanced penalties.-Upon a 1076 finding by the factfinder that the defendant committed the 1077 charged offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or 1078 furthering the interests of a criminal gang, the penalty for any 1079 felony or misdemeanor, or any delinquent act or violation of law 1080 which would be a felony or misdemeanor if committed by an adult, 1081 may be enhanced. Penalty enhancement affects the applicable 1082 statutory maximum penalty only. Each of the findings required as 1083 a basis for such sentence shall be found beyond a reasonable 1084 doubt. The enhancement will be as follows:

1085 (1)(a) A misdemeanor of the second degree may be punished 1086 as if it were a misdemeanor of the first degree.

(b) A misdemeanor of the first degree may be punished as if it were a felony of the third degree. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 1 of the offense severity ranking chart. The criminal gang multiplier in s. 921.0024 does not apply to misdemeanors enhanced under this paragraph.

1094 (2) (a) A felony of the third degree may be punished as if1095 it were a felony of the second degree.

(b) A felony of the second degree may be punished as if it were a felony of the first degree.

1098 (c) A felony of the first degree may be punished as if it 1099 were a life felony.

1101 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 1102 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under

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1103 chapter 944, such felony offense is ranked as provided in s. 1104 921.0022 or s. 921.0023, and without regard to the penalty 1105 enhancement in this subsection. Section 20. Section 944.281, Florida Statutes, is amended 1106 1107 to read: 1108 944.281 Ineligibility to earn gain-time due to disciplinary 1109 action.-The department may declare that a prisoner who commits a 1110 violation of any law of the state or rule or regulation of the 1111 department or institution on or after January 1, 1996, and who 1112 is found guilty pursuant to s. 944.28(2), shall not be eligible 1113 to earn rehabilitation credits incentive gain-time for up to 6 1114 months following the month in which the violation occurred. The 1115 department shall adopt rules to administer the provisions of 1116 this section. 1117 Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 944.473, Florida 1118 Statutes, is amended to read: 1119 944.473 Inmate substance abuse testing program.-1120 (1) RULES AND PROCEDURES.-The department shall establish programs for random and reasonable suspicion drug and alcohol 1121 1122 testing by urinalysis or other noninvasive procedure for inmates 1123 to effectively identify those inmates abusing drugs, alcohol, or 1124 both. The department shall also adopt rules relating to fair, 1125 economical, and accurate operations and procedures of a random 1126 inmate substance abuse testing program and a reasonable 1127 suspicion substance abuse testing program by urinalysis or other noninvasive procedure which enumerate penalties for positive 1128 1129 test results, including but not limited to the forfeiture of 1130 both good behavior time and rehabilitation credits basic and

1131 incentive gain-time, and which do not limit the number of times

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1132	an inmate may be tested in any one fiscal or calendar year.
1133	Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 944.70, Florida
1134	Statutes, is amended to read:
1135	944.70 Conditions for release from incarceration
1136	(1)(a) A person who is convicted of a crime committed on or
1137	after October 1, 1983, but before January 1, 1994, may be
1138	released from incarceration only:
1139	1. Upon expiration of the person's sentence;
1140	2. Upon expiration of the person's sentence as reduced by
1141	accumulated gain-time;
1142	3. As directed by an executive order granting clemency;
1143	4. Upon attaining the provisional release date;
1144	5. Upon placement in a conditional release program pursuant
1145	to s. 947.1405; or
1146	6. Upon the granting of control release pursuant to s.
1147	947.146.
1148	(b) A person who is convicted of a crime committed on or
1149	after January 1, 1994, may be released from incarceration only:
1150	1. Upon expiration of the person's sentence;
1151	2. Upon expiration of the person's sentence as reduced by
1152	accumulated rehabilitation credits and outstanding deed awards
1153	meritorious or incentive gain-time;
1154	3. As directed by an executive order granting clemency;
1155	4. Upon placement in a conditional release program pursuant
1156	to s. 947.1405 or a conditional medical release program pursuant
1157	to s. 947.149; or
1158	5. Upon the granting of control release, including
1159	emergency control release, pursuant to s. 947.146.
1160	Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 1161 made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a 1162 reference thereto, paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section 1163 775.084, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony offenders 1164 1165 and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time violent felony 1166 offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties or 1167 mandatory minimum prison terms.-1168 (4)(k)1. A defendant sentenced under this section as a 1169 1170 habitual felony offender, a habitual violent felony offender, or 1171 a violent career criminal is eligible for gain-time granted by 1172 the Department of Corrections as provided in s. 944.275(4)(b). 1173 2. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, a 1174 defendant sentenced under this section as a violent career 1175 criminal is not eligible for any form of discretionary early 1176 release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional 1177 medical release granted pursuant to s. 947.149. 1178 3. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 1999, a 1179 defendant sentenced under this section as a three-time violent 1180 felony offender shall be released only by expiration of sentence 1181 and shall not be eligible for parole, control release, or any form of early release. 1182 1183 Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1184 made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in 1185 references thereto, paragraph (v) of subsection (2) and paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 900.05, Florida 1186 1187 Statutes, are reenacted to read:

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- 1189

900.05 Criminal justice data collection.-

(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 1190 (v) "Gain-time credit earned" means a credit of time 1191 awarded to an inmate in a county detention facility in 1192 accordance with s. 951.21 or a state correctional institution or 1193 facility in accordance with s. 944.275. 1194 (3) DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING .- An entity required to collect data in accordance with this subsection shall collect 1195 the specified data and report them in accordance with this subsection to the Department of Law Enforcement on a monthly basis. (e) Department of Corrections.-The Department of Corrections shall collect the following data: 1. Information related to each inmate, including: a. Identifying information, including name, date of birth, race, ethnicity, gender, case number, and identification number assigned by the department. b. Highest education level. c. Date the inmate was admitted to the custody of the department for his or her current incarceration. d. Current institution placement and the security level assigned to the institution. e. Custody level assignment. f. Qualification for a flag designation as defined in this section, including sexual offender flag, habitual offender flag, habitual violent felony offender flag, prison releasee reoffender flag, three-time violent felony offender flag, violent career criminal flag, gang affiliation flag, or concurrent or consecutive sentence flag. g. County that committed the prisoner to the custody of the department.

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1219	h. Whether the reason for admission to the department is
1220	for a new conviction or a violation of probation, community
1221	control, or parole. For an admission for a probation, community
1222	control, or parole violation, the department shall report
1223	whether the violation was technical or based on a new violation
1224	of law.
1225	i. Specific statutory citation for which the inmate was
1226	committed to the department, including, for an inmate convicted
1227	of drug trafficking under s. 893.135, the statutory citation for
1228	each specific drug trafficked.
1229	j. Length of sentence served.
1230	k. Length of concurrent or consecutive sentences served.
1231	1. Tentative release date.
1232	m. Gain time earned in accordance with s. 944.275.
1233	n. Prior incarceration within the state.
1234	o. Disciplinary violation and action.
1235	p. Participation in rehabilitative or educational programs
1236	while in the custody of the department.
1237	q. Digitized sentencing scoresheet prepared in accordance
1238	with s. 921.0024.
1239	2. Information about each state correctional institution or
1240	facility, including:
1241	a. Budget for each state correctional institution or
1242	facility.
1243	b. Daily prison population of all inmates incarcerated in a
1244	state correctional institution or facility.
1245	c. Daily number of correctional officers for each state
1246	correctional institution or facility.
1247	3. Information related to persons supervised by the
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1248	department on probation or community control, including:
1249	a. Identifying information for each person supervised by
1250	the department on probation or community control, including his
1251	or her name, date of birth, race, ethnicity, gender, case
1252	number, and department-assigned case number.
1253	b. Length of probation or community control sentence
1254	imposed and amount of time that has been served on such
1255	sentence.
1256	c. Projected termination date for probation or community
1257	control.
1258	d. Revocation of probation or community control due to a
1259	violation, including whether the revocation is due to a
1260	technical violation of the conditions of supervision or from the
1261	commission of a new law violation.
1262	4. Per diem rates for:
1263	a. Prison bed.
1264	b. Probation.
1265	c. Community control.
1266	
1267	This information only needs to be reported once annually at the
1268	time the most recent per diem rate is published.
1269	Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1270	made in this act to section 944.275, Florida statutes, in
1271	reference thereto, section 944.28, Florida Statutes, is
1272	reenacted to read:
1273	944.28 Forfeiture of gain-time and the right to earn gain-
1274	time in the future
1275	(1) If a prisoner is convicted of escape, or if the
1276	clemency, conditional release as described in chapter 947,
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1277 probation or community control as described in chapter 948, 1278 provisional release as described in s. 944.277, parole, or 1279 control release as described in s. 947.146 granted to the 1280 prisoner is revoked, the department may, without notice or 1281 hearing, declare a forfeiture of all gain-time earned according 1282 to the provisions of law by such prisoner prior to such escape 1283 or his or her release under such clemency, conditional release, 1284 probation, community control, provisional release, control 1285 release, or parole.

1286 (2) (a) All or any part of the gain-time earned by a 1287 prisoner according to the provisions of law is subject to 1288 forfeiture if such prisoner unsuccessfully attempts to escape; 1289 assaults another person; threatens or knowingly endangers the 1290 life or person of another person; refuses by action or word to 1291 carry out any instruction duly given to him or her; neglects to perform in a faithful, diligent, industrious, orderly, and 1292 1293 peaceful manner the work, duties, and tasks assigned to him or 1294 her; is found by a court to have brought a frivolous suit, 1295 action, claim, proceeding, or appeal in any court; is found by a 1296 court to have knowingly or with reckless disregard for the truth 1297 brought false information or evidence before the court; or 1298 violates any law of the state or any rule or regulation of the 1299 department or institution.

(b) A prisoner's right to earn gain-time during all or any part of the remainder of the sentence or sentences under which he or she is imprisoned may be declared forfeited because of the seriousness of a single instance of misconduct or because of the seriousness of an accumulation of instances of misconduct.

1305

(c) The method of declaring a forfeiture under paragraph

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1306	(a) or paragraph (b) shall be as follows: A written charge shall
1307	be prepared, which shall specify each instance of misconduct
1308	upon which it is based and the approximate date thereof. A copy
1309	of such charge shall be delivered to the prisoner, and he or she
1310	shall be given notice of a hearing before the disciplinary
1311	committee created under the authorization of rules heretofore or
1312	hereafter adopted by the department for the institution in which
1313	he or she is confined. The prisoner shall be present at the
1314	hearing. If at such hearing the prisoner pleads guilty to the
1315	charge or if the committee determines that the prisoner is
1316	guilty thereof upon the basis of proof presented at such
1317	hearing, it shall find him or her guilty. If the committee
1318	considers that all or part of the prisoner's gain-time and the
1319	prisoner's right to earn gain-time during all or any part of the
1320	sentence or sentences under which he or she is imprisoned shall
1321	be forfeited, it shall so recommend in its written report. Such
1322	report shall be presented to the warden of the institution, who
1323	may approve such recommendation in whole or in part by endorsing
1324	such approval on the report. In the event of approval, the
1325	warden shall forward the report to the department. Thereupon,
1326	the department may, in its discretion, declare the forfeiture
1327	thus approved by the warden or any specified part thereof.
1328	(3) Upon the recommendation of the warden, the department
1329	may, in its discretion, restore all or any part of any gain-time
1330	forfeited under this section.

Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 944.605, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 1335 944.605 Inmate release; notification; identification card.-1336 (1) Within 6 months before the release of an inmate from 1337 the custody of the Department of Corrections or a private 1338 correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s. 1339 944.275, any release program provided by law, or parole under 1340 chapter 947, or as soon as possible if the offender is released 1341 earlier than anticipated, notification of such anticipated 1342 release date shall be made known by the Department of Corrections to the chief judge of the circuit in which the 1343 1344 offender was sentenced, the appropriate state attorney, the 1345 original arresting law enforcement agency, the Department of Law 1346 Enforcement, and the sheriff as chief law enforcement officer of 1347 the county in which the inmate plans to reside. In addition, 1348 unless otherwise requested by the victim, the victim's parent or 1349 guardian if the victim is a minor, the lawful representative of 1350 the victim or of the victim's parent or quardian if the victim 1351 is a minor, the victim's next of kin in the case of a homicide, 1352 the state attorney or the Department of Corrections, whichever 1353 is appropriate, shall notify such person within 6 months before 1354 the inmate's release, or as soon as possible if the offender is 1355 released earlier than anticipated, when the name and address of 1356 such victim, or the name and address of the parent, guardian, 1357 next of kin, or lawful representative of the victim has been 1358 furnished to the agency. The state attorney shall provide the latest address documented for the victim, or for the victim's 1359 1360 parent, guardian, next of kin, or lawful representative, as 1361 applicable, to the sheriff with the other documents required by 1362 law for the delivery of inmates to those agencies for service of 1363 sentence. Upon request, within 30 days after an inmate is

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1364	approved for community work release, the state attorney, the
1365	victim, the victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a
1366	minor, the victim's next of kin in the case of a homicide, or
1367	the lawful representative of the victim or of the victim's
1368	parent or guardian if the victim is a minor shall be notified
1369	that the inmate has been approved for community work release.
1370	This section does not imply any repeal or modification of any
1371	provision of law relating to notification of victims.
1372	Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1373	made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a
1374	reference thereto, subsection (6) of section 944.607, Florida
1375	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1376	944.607 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of
1377	information on sexual offenders
1378	(6) The information provided to the Department of Law
1379	Enforcement must include:
1380	(a) The information obtained from the sexual offender under
1381	subsection (4);
1382	(b) The sexual offender's most current address, place of
1383	permanent, temporary, or transient residence within the state or
1384	out of state, and address, location or description, and dates of
1385	any current or known future temporary residence within the state
1386	or out of state, while the sexual offender is under supervision
1387	in this state, including the name of the county or municipality
1388	in which the offender permanently or temporarily resides, or has
1389	a transient residence, and address, location or description, and
1390	dates of any current or known future temporary residence within
1391	the state or out of state, and, if known, the intended place of
1392	permanent, temporary, or transient residence, and address,

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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 1393 location or description, and dates of any current or known 1394 future temporary residence within the state or out of state upon 1395 satisfaction of all sanctions; 1396 (c) The legal status of the sexual offender and the 1397 scheduled termination date of that legal status; 1398 (d) The location of, and local telephone number for, any 1399 Department of Corrections' office that is responsible for 1400 supervising the sexual offender; 1401 (e) An indication of whether the victim of the offense that 1402 resulted in the offender's status as a sexual offender was a 1403 minor; 1404 (f) The offense or offenses at conviction which resulted in 1405 the determination of the offender's status as a sex offender; 1406 and 1407 (g) A digitized photograph of the sexual offender which 1408 must have been taken within 60 days before the offender is 1409 released from the custody of the department or a private 1410 correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s. 944.275 1411 or must have been taken by January 1, 1998, or within 60 days 1412 after the onset of the department's supervision of any sexual 1413 offender who is on probation, community control, conditional release, parole, provisional release, or control release or who 1414 1415 is supervised by the department under the Interstate Compact 1416 Agreement for Probationers and Parolees. If the sexual offender 1417 is in the custody of a private correctional facility, the facility shall take a digitized photograph of the sexual 1418 1419 offender within the time period provided in this paragraph and 1420 shall provide the photograph to the department. 1421

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1422	If any information provided by the department changes during the
1423	time the sexual offender is under the department's control,
1424	custody, or supervision, including any change in the offender's
1425	name by reason of marriage or other legal process, the
1426	department shall, in a timely manner, update the information and
1427	provide it to the Department of Law Enforcement in the manner
1428	prescribed in subsection (2).
1429	Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1430	made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a
1431	reference thereto, subsection (15) of section 947.005, Florida
1432	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1433	947.005 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, unless the
1434	context clearly indicates otherwise:
1435	(15) "Tentative release date" means the date projected for
1436	the prisoner's release from custody by virtue of gain-time
1437	granted or forfeited pursuant to s. 944.275(3)(a).
1438	Section 29. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1439	made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a
1440	reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section
1441	985.4815, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1442	985.4815 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of
1443	information on juvenile sexual offenders
1444	(6)(a) The information provided to the Department of Law
1445	Enforcement must include the following:
1446	1. The information obtained from the sexual offender under
1447	subsection (4).
1448	2. The sexual offender's most current address and place of
1449	permanent, temporary, or transient residence within the state or
1450	out of state, and address, location or description, and dates of
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591-02346B-21 20211032c1 1451 any current or known future temporary residence within the state 1452 or out of state, while the sexual offender is in the care or 1453 custody or under the jurisdiction or supervision of the 1454 department in this state, including the name of the county or 1455 municipality in which the offender permanently or temporarily 1456 resides, or has a transient residence, and address, location or 1457 description, and dates of any current or known future temporary 1458 residence within the state or out of state; and, if known, the 1459 intended place of permanent, temporary, or transient residence, 1460 and address, location or description, and dates of any current 1461 or known future temporary residence within the state or out of 1462 state upon satisfaction of all sanctions. 3. The legal status of the sexual offender and the 1463 1464 scheduled termination date of that legal status. 1465 4. The location of, and local telephone number for, any 1466 department office that is responsible for supervising the sexual 1467 offender. 1468 5. An indication of whether the victim of the offense that 1469 resulted in the offender's status as a sexual offender was a 1470 minor. 1471 6. The offense or offenses at adjudication and disposition 1472 that resulted in the determination of the offender's status as a sex offender. 1473 1474 7. A digitized photograph of the sexual offender, which

1475 must have been taken within 60 days before the offender was 1476 released from the custody of the department or a private 1477 correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s. 1478 944.275, or within 60 days after the onset of the department's 1479 supervision of any sexual offender who is on probation,

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1480	postcommitment probation, residential commitment, nonresidential
1481	commitment, licensed child-caring commitment, community control,
1482	conditional release, parole, provisional release, or control
1483	release or who is supervised by the department under the
1484	Interstate Compact Agreement for Probationers and Parolees. If
1485	the sexual offender is in the custody of a private correctional
1486	facility, the facility shall take a digitized photograph of the
1487	sexual offender within the time period provided in this
1488	subparagraph and shall provide the photograph to the department.
1489	Section 30. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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