By the Committee on Community Affairs; and Senator Diaz

578-02921-21 20211924c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to emergency management powers of political subdivisions; amending s. 252.38, F.S.; specifying that a political subdivision has the burden of proving the proper exercise of its police power in the issuance of certain emergency orders; authorizing the Governor or the Legislature to invalidate emergency measures issued by a political subdivision under specified conditions; amending s. 252.46, F.S.; providing for the automatic expiration of emergency orders issued by a political subdivision; authorizing the extension of such orders if certain conditions are met; prohibiting a political subdivision from issuing a subsequent order for the same emergency that is substantially similar to the expired order; providing an effective date.

1718

16

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

1415

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

252.38 Emergency management powers of political

1920

21

22

2627

2829

Section 1. Section 252.38, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

23 st 24 is 25 pc

subdivisions.—Safeguarding the life and property of its citizens is an innate responsibility of the governing body of each political subdivision of the state. However, political subdivisions are given police powers to preserve, not impair, private rights. Therefore, a political subdivision that deprives any person of a constitutional right, fundamental liberty,

statutory right, or property to address a purported emergency

578-02921-21 20211924c1

bears the burden of proving that the exercise of police power is narrowly tailored, serves a compelling governmental interest, and accomplishes the intended goal through the use of the least intrusive means.

(1) COUNTIES.-

30

31

3233

34

3536

37

38 39

40

41

42

43 44

4546

47

48 49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

- (a) In order to provide effective and orderly governmental control and coordination of emergency operations in emergencies within the scope of ss. 252.31-252.90, each county within this state shall be within the jurisdiction of, and served by, the division. Except as otherwise provided in ss. 252.31-252.90, each local emergency management agency shall have jurisdiction over and serve an entire county. Unless part of an interjurisdictional emergency management agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) which is recognized by the Governor by executive order or rule, each county must establish and maintain such an emergency management agency and shall develop a county emergency management plan and program that is coordinated and consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program. Counties that are part of an interjurisdictional emergency management agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) which is recognized by the Governor by executive order or rule shall cooperatively develop an emergency management plan and program that is coordinated and consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program.
- (b) Each county emergency management agency created and established pursuant to ss. 252.31-252.90 shall have a director. The director must meet the minimum training and education qualifications established in a job description approved by the

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67 68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

8485

8687

578-02921-21 20211924c1

county. The director shall be appointed by the board of county commissioners or the chief administrative officer of the county, as described in chapter 125 or the county charter, if applicable, to serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority, in conformance with applicable resolutions, ordinances, and laws. A county constitutional officer, or an employee of a county constitutional officer, may be appointed as director following prior notification to the division. Each board of county commissioners shall promptly inform the division of the appointment of the director and other personnel. Each director has direct responsibility for the organization, administration, and operation of the county emergency management agency. The director shall coordinate emergency management activities, services, and programs within the county and shall serve as liaison to the division and other local emergency management agencies and organizations.

- (c) Each county emergency management agency shall perform emergency management functions within the territorial limits of the county within which it is organized and, in addition, shall conduct such activities outside its territorial limits as are required pursuant to ss. 252.31-252.90 and in accordance with state and county emergency management plans and mutual aid agreements. Counties shall serve as liaison for and coordinator of municipalities' requests for state and federal assistance during postdisaster emergency operations.
- (d) During a declared state or local emergency and upon the request of the director of a local emergency management agency, the district school board or school boards in the affected area shall participate in emergency management by providing

578-02921-21 20211924c1

facilities and necessary personnel to staff such facilities. Each school board providing transportation assistance in an emergency evacuation shall coordinate the use of its vehicles and personnel with the local emergency management agency.

- (e) County emergency management agencies may charge and collect fees for the review of emergency management plans on behalf of external agencies and institutions. Fees must be reasonable and may not exceed the cost of providing a review of emergency management plans in accordance with fee schedules established by the division.
- authorized and encouraged to create municipal emergency management programs. Municipal emergency management programs shall coordinate their activities with those of the county emergency management agency. Municipalities without emergency management programs shall be served by their respective county agencies. If a municipality elects to establish an emergency management program, it must comply with all laws, rules, and requirements applicable to county emergency management agencies. Each municipal emergency management plan must be consistent with and subject to the applicable county emergency management plan. In addition, each municipality must coordinate requests for state or federal emergency response assistance with its county. This requirement does not apply to requests for reimbursement under federal public disaster assistance programs.
 - (3) EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT POWERS; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS. -
- (a) In carrying out the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90, each political subdivision shall have the power and authority:
 - 1. To appropriate and expend funds; make contracts; obtain

578-02921-21 20211924c1

and distribute equipment, materials, and supplies for emergency management purposes; provide for the health and safety of persons and property, including emergency assistance to the victims of any emergency; and direct and coordinate the development of emergency management plans and programs in accordance with the policies and plans set by the federal and state emergency management agencies.

- 2. To appoint, employ, remove, or provide, with or without compensation, coordinators, rescue teams, fire and police personnel, and other emergency management workers.
- 3. To establish, as necessary, a primary and one or more secondary emergency operating centers to provide continuity of government and direction and control of emergency operations.
- 4. To assign and make available for duty the offices and agencies of the political subdivision, including the employees, property, or equipment thereof relating to firefighting, engineering, rescue, health, medical and related services, police, transportation, construction, and similar items or services for emergency operation purposes, as the primary emergency management forces of the political subdivision for employment within or outside the political limits of the subdivision.
- 5. To request state assistance or invoke emergency-related mutual-aid assistance by declaring a state of local emergency in the event of an emergency affecting only one political subdivision. The duration of each state of emergency declared locally is limited to 7 days; it may be extended, as necessary, in 7-day increments. Further, the political subdivision has the power and authority to waive the procedures and formalities

578-02921-21 20211924c1

otherwise required of the political subdivision by law pertaining to:

- a. Performance of public work and taking whatever prudent action is necessary to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the community.
 - b. Entering into contracts.
 - c. Incurring obligations.
 - d. Employment of permanent and temporary workers.
 - e. Utilization of volunteer workers.
 - f. Rental of equipment.
- g. Acquisition and distribution, with or without compensation, of supplies, materials, and facilities.
 - h. Appropriation and expenditure of public funds.
- (b) Upon the request of two or more adjoining counties, or if the Governor finds that two or more adjoining counties would be better served by an interjurisdictional arrangement than by maintaining separate emergency management agencies and services, the Governor may delineate by executive order or rule an interjurisdictional area adequate to plan for, prevent, mitigate, or respond to emergencies in such area and may direct steps to be taken as necessary, including the creation of an interjurisdictional relationship, a joint emergency plan, a provision for mutual aid, or an area organization for emergency planning and services. A finding of the Governor pursuant to this paragraph shall be based on one or more factors related to the difficulty of maintaining an efficient and effective emergency prevention, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery system on a unijurisdictional basis, such as:
 - 1. Small or sparse population.

176

177

178

179

180181

182183

184185

186

187

188

189190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200201

202

578-02921-21 20211924c1

2. Limitations on public financial resources severe enough to make maintenance of a separate emergency management agency and services unreasonably burdensome.

- 3. Unusual vulnerability to emergencies as evidenced by a past history of emergencies, topographical features, drainage characteristics, emergency potential, and presence of emergency-prone facilities or operations.
- 4. The interrelated character of the counties in a multicounty area.
 - 5. Other relevant conditions or circumstances.
- (4) INVALIDATION OF CERTAIN EMERGENCY MEASURES.—The
 Governor, or the Legislature by concurrent resolution, may at
 any time invalidate an order, an ordinance, a proclamation, a
 rule, or any other measure issued by a political subdivision to
 address a purported emergency if the Governor or the Legislature
 determines that such order unnecessarily restricts a
 constitutional right, fundamental liberty, or statutory right.

Section 2. Subsection (4) is added to section 252.46, Florida Statutes, to read:

252.46 Orders and rules.-

(4) An order issued by a political subdivision shall automatically expire 10 days after its issuance; however, such an order may be extended before its expiration by a majority vote of the governing body of the political subdivision if deemed necessary. Upon the expiration of an order, a political subdivision may not issue a substantially similar order to respond to the same emergency.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.