	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
01/31/2022		

The Committee on Environment and Natural Resources (Burgess) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 373.4134, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

373.4134 Water quality enhancement areas.—

- (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.—The Legislature finds that:
  - (a) Water quality will be improved and adverse water

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quality impacts of activities regulated under this part may be offset by the construction, operation, maintenance, and longterm management of water quality enhancement areas that provide offsite compensatory treatment.

- (b) An expansion of existing authority for regional treatment to include offsite compensatory treatment in water quality enhancement areas to make credits available for purchase by governmental entities to offset impacts regulated under this part is needed.
- (c) The construction, operation, maintenance, and long-term management of water quality enhancement areas pursuant to this section will improve the certainty and long-term viability of water quality treatment systems.
- (d) Water quality enhancement areas are a valuable tool to assist governmental entities in satisfying the net improvement performance standard pursuant to s. 373.414(1)(b)3. to ensure significant reductions of pollutant loadings.
- (e) Water quality enhancement areas that provide water quality enhancement credits to governmental entities seeking permits under this part and to governmental entities seeking to meet an assigned basin management action plan allocation or reasonable assurance plan pursuant to s. 403.067 are considered an appropriate and permittable option.
  - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Enhancement credit" means a standard unit of measure which represents a quantity of pollutant removed.
- (b) "Enhancement service area" means the geographic area where the water quality enhancement area can reasonably be expected to offset adverse water quality impacts.

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- (c) "Governmental entity" means any political subdivision of this state, including any state agency, department, county, municipality, special district, school district, utility authority, or other authority or instrumentality, agency, unit, or department thereof.
- (d) "Planning unit" means the total maximum daily load planning unit that is an individual tributary basin or a group of smaller adjacent tributary basins with similar characteristics.
- (e) "Water quality enhancement area" means a natural system constructed, operated, managed, and maintained pursuant to a permit issued under this section for the purpose of providing offsite, compensatory, regional treatment within an identified enhancement service area, for which enhancement credits may be provided.
- (f) "Water quality enhancement area permit" means a permit issued for a water quality enhancement area which authorizes the construction, operation, management, and maintenance of the area and the purchase and sale of enhancement credits.
  - (3) WATER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT AREAS.—
- (a) The construction, operation, management, and maintenance of a water quality enhancement area must be approved through the environmental resource permitting process. Department rules pertaining to environmental resource permits apply to water quality enhancement areas and enhancement credits.
- (b) Water quality enhancement credits may be sold only to governmental entities.
  - (c) A water quality enhancement area must address

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contributions of pollutants for those parameters in an enhancement service area which do not meet state water quality standards.

- (d) A water quality enhancement area must use, create, or improve natural systems in order to improve water quality.
- (e) A governmental entity may use a water quality enhancement area for its own water quality needs. However, a governmental entity may not act as a sponsor to construct, operate, manage, maintain, or market enhancement credits to third parties.
- (f) A local government may not require a permit or otherwise impose regulations governing the operation of a water quality enhancement area.
  - (4) WATER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT AREA PERMIT.-
- (a) To obtain a water quality enhancement area permit, the applicant must provide reasonable assurances that the proposed water quality enhancement area will:
- 1. Meet the requirements for issuance of an environmental resource permit.
  - 2. Benefit water quality in the enhancement service area.
- 3. Achieve defined performance or success criteria for the reduction of pollutants or other constituents that prevent receiving waters from meeting state water quality standards.
- 4. Assure long-term pollutant reduction through effective operation and maintenance in perpetuity by designation of a responsible long-term maintenance entity supported by an endowment or other long-term financial assurance sufficient to assure perpetual maintenance.
  - 5. Demonstrate sufficient legal or equitable interest in

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the property to ensure access and perpetual protection and management of the land within the water quality enhancement area.

- 6. Provide for permanent preservation of the site pursuant to s. 704.06.
- (b) The water quality enhancement area permit must provide for the assessment, valuation, and award of credits based on units of pollutant removed. To assist the department in determining enhancement credits, a water quality enhancement area application must include the following information:
- 1. Rainfall data over the longest period of record available, collected from the closest site to the proposed water quality enhancement area, preferably within the same drainage basin.
- 2. Anticipated average annual water quality and quantity inflows to the proposed water quality enhancement area, based on published local data collected over a period of record that most closely matches the rainfall data under this paragraph.
- 3. Site-specific conditions affecting the anticipated performance of the proposed water quality enhancement area, including the proposed treatment type and anticipated associated reduction rates, as demonstrated by the performance of other areas where the treatment type has been established and operating over a minimum of two consecutive wet and dry seasons.
- 4. Data from collection stations approved in advance by the department in sites that the department deems sufficient to determine flows and local water quality conditions.
- (c) The issuance of a water quality enhancement area permit under this section does not preclude the responsibility of an

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applicant to obtain other applicable federal, state, and local permits for the construction activities associated with the water quality enhancement area.

- (5) ENHANCEMENT SERVICE AREA.
- (a) An enhancement service area must be based on a basin management action plan or reasonable assurance plan boundary adopted by the department. If the department does not adopt a basin management action plan or reasonable assurance plan boundary, the enhancement service area must be the planning unit.
- (b) A water quality enhancement area may provide enhancement credits only in an enhancement service area, except for:
- 1. Projects with adverse impacts located partially within the enhancement service area.
- 2. Linear projects, such as roadways, transmission lines, distribution lines, pipelines, railways, or seaports listed in s. 311.09(1).
- (c) Once an enhancement service area has been established by the department, the enhancement service area must be accepted by all water management districts and local governments.
  - (6) ENHANCEMENT CREDITS.-
- (a) The department or water management district shall authorize the sale and use of enhancement credits governmental entities to offset adverse water quality impacts of activities regulated under this part or to assist governmental entities seeking to meet an assigned basin management action plan allocation or reasonable assurance plan pursuant to s. 403.067.
  - (b) Water quality improvement projects using natural

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systems or land use modifications, including, but not limited to, constructed wetlands or minor impoundments that reduce pollutants to a receiving water body, may be used by an applicant to generate enhancement credits if approved by the department.

- (c) The department shall provide for and maintain a ledger that tracks the award, release, and use of enhancement credits.
- 1. The operator of a water quality enhancement area shall notify the department of the amount of enhancement credits sold or used within 30 days of the date the enhancement credit transaction is completed.
- 2. A water management district that authorizes applicants seeking permits under this part to use enhancement credits to offset water quality impacts must report to the department the amount of enhancement credits used by the applicant.
- (d) Reductions in pollutant loading required under any state regulatory program are not eligible to be considered as enhancement credits.
- (e) Enhancement credits may not be used by point source dischargers to satisfy regulatory requirements other than those necessary to obtain an environmental resource permit for construction and operation of the surface water management system of the site.
- (f) Use of enhancement credits made available by water quality enhancement areas is voluntary.
- (g) Any landowner, discharger, or other responsible person regulated under this part or s. 403.067 implementing applicable management strategies specified in an adopted basin management action plan or reasonable assurance plan may not be required by

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any permit or other enforcement action to use enhancement credits to reduce pollutant loads to achieve the pollutant reductions established pursuant to s. 403.067.

- (h) A local government may not deny the use of enhancement credits due to the location of the water quality enhancement area outside the jurisdiction of the local government.
- (7) AUTHORITY.—The authority granted to the department under this section is supplemental to the authority granted under s. 403.067(8).
- (8) RULES.—The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 2. Subsection (22) of section 403.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.061 Department; powers and duties.—The department shall have the power and the duty to control and prohibit pollution of air and water in accordance with the law and rules adopted and promulgated by it and, for this purpose, to:

(22) (a) Advise, consult, cooperate, and enter into agreements and contracts with other agencies of the state, the Federal Government, other states, interstate agencies, groups, political subdivisions, and industries affected by the provisions of this act, rules, or policies of the department. However, the secretary of the department shall not enter into any interstate agreement relating to the transport of ozone precursor pollutants, nor modify its rules based upon a recommendation from the Ozone Transport Assessment Group or any other such organization that is not an official subdivision of the United States Environmental Protection Agency but which studies issues related to the transport of ozone precursor



pollutants, without prior review and specific legislative approval.

(b) Enter into agreements and contracts with public or private entities to accept and expend donations, grants of funds, and payments to expedite the evaluation of the entity's application for a permit under s. 373.4131 or s. 373.4146. Such agreements and contracts must be effective for at least 3 years. Permit evaluations under this paragraph must follow the same permit application evaluation procedures as those for an entity that does not have an agreement or a contract with the department. The department shall ensure that agreements and contracts entered into under this paragraph do not substantively or procedurally affect the impartial evaluation of the entity's permit application. Such active agreements and contracts must be posted on the department's website.

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The department shall implement such programs in conjunction with its other powers and duties and shall place special emphasis on reducing and eliminating contamination that presents a threat to humans, animals or plants, or to the environment.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of subsection (3) of section 403.892, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

403.892 Incentives for the use of graywater technologies.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Graywater" has the same meaning as in s. 381.0065(2)(f) s. 381.0065(2)(e).
  - (3) To qualify for the incentives under subsection (2), the

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developer or homebuilder must certify to the applicable governmental entity as part of its application for development approval or amendment of a development order that all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The proposed or existing development has at least 25 single-family residential homes that are either detached or multifamily dwellings. This paragraph does not apply to multifamily projects over five stories in height.
- (b) Each single-family residential home or residence will have its own residential graywater system that is dedicated for its use. Each residence forming part of a multifamily project will be serviced by either its own residential graywater system dedicated for its use or a master graywater collection and reuse system for the entire project.
- (d) The required maintenance of the graywater system will be the responsibility of the owner residential homeowner.
- (6) This section does not apply to multifamily projects more than five stories in height. Whether a dwelling is occupied by an owner is not an eligibility criterion for a developer or homebuilder to receive the incentives authorized pursuant to this section.

Section 4. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt and modify rules adopted pursuant to ss. 373.4136 and 373.414, Florida Statutes, to ensure that required financial assurances are equivalent and sufficient to provide for the long-term management of mitigation permitted under ss. 373.4136 and 373.414, Florida Statutes. The department, in consultation with the water management districts, shall include the rulemaking required by this section in existing active



rulemaking or shall complete rule development by June 30, 2023. Section 5. Effective July 1, 2022, the sum of \$2.04 million in recurring funds from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund is appropriated to the Department of Environmental Protection, and 24 full-time equivalent positions are authorized, to evaluate applications for permits issued under ss. 373.4131 and 373.4146, Florida Statutes, for entities with which the department has entered into agreements or contracts under s. 403.061(22), Florida Statutes. To obtain and retain such positions, the department may increase the maximum rate of basic pay up to 30 percent for each position.

Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

## A bill to be entitled

An act relating to environmental management; creating s. 373.4134, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; defining terms; providing for water quality enhancement areas, enhancement service areas, and enhancement credits; providing requirements for water quality enhancement area permits, enhancement service areas, and enhancement credits; directing the Department of Environmental Protection and water management districts to authorize the sale and use of enhancement credits to offset certain adverse water quality impacts and to meet certain water quality

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requirements; providing construction; requiring the department to maintain enhancement credit ledgers; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 403.061, F.S.; authorizing the department to enter into agreements and contracts with public and private entities for donations, funds, and payments to expedite the evaluation of environmental resource and dredge and fill permits; providing requirements for such agreements and contracts and permit evaluations; requiring the department to make such agreements and contracts publicly available on its website; amending s. 403.892, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; revising the conditions that a developer or homebuilder must certify it meets as part of its application for development approval or amendment of a development order; providing applicability; requiring the department to adopt or modify specified rules, as applicable; providing requirements for such rulemaking; providing an appropriation and authorizing full-time equivalent positions; authorizing the department to increase the maximum rate of basic pay for certain positions by up to a specified percentage; providing an effective date.