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2	An act relating to time limitations for
3	preadjudicatory juvenile detention care; amending s.
4	985.24, F.S.; authorizing a court to order a child on
5	supervised release detention care to comply with
6	specified conditions; authorizing a dependent child
7	with an allegation of delinquency to be placed in
8	secure detention care; amending s. 985.26, F.S.;
9	authorizing a court to place a child on supervised
10	release detention care for any time period; providing
11	an exception; specifying the time period for which a
12	court may order a child to be held in secure detention
13	care under certain circumstances; authorizing a court
14	to extend the time period for secure detention care
15	under certain circumstances; requiring a court to make
16	specified findings; requiring a court to conduct a
17	hearing to determine the continued need for secure
18	detention care in certain circumstances; revising time
19	limitations resulting from a continuance; removing
20	provisions relating to supervised release detention
21	care and its exclusion from specified time
22	limitations; authorizing specified entities to conduct
23	electronic monitoring; providing an effective date.
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25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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27	Section 1. Subsections (2) through (4) of section 985.24,
28	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (5),
29	respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that section, and
30	present subsection (3) is amended, to read:
31	985.24 Use of detention; prohibitions
32	(2) A child who is placed on supervised release detention
33	care may be required to comply with any available condition
34	established by the department or ordered by the court, including
35	electronic monitoring, if the court finds such a condition is
36	necessary to preserve public safety or to ensure the child's
37	safety or appearance in court.
38	(4) (3) A child who is alleged to be dependent under
39	chapter 39, but who is not alleged to have committed a
40	delinquent act or violation of law, may not, under any
41	circumstances, be placed into secure detention care.
42	Section 2. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section
43	985.26, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (7) is
44	added to that section, to read:
45	985.26 Length of detention
46	(2)(a)1. A court may order a child to be placed on
47	supervised release detention care for any time period until an
48	adjudicatory hearing is completed. However, if a child has
49	served 60 days on supervised release detention care, the court
50	must conduct a hearing within 15 days after the 60th day, to

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51	determine the need for continued supervised release detention
52	care. At the hearing, and upon good cause being shown that the
53	nature of the charge requires additional time for the
54	prosecution or defense of the case or the totality of the
55	circumstances, including the preservation of public safety,
56	warrant an extension, the court may order the child to remain on
57	supervised release detention care until the adjudicatory hearing
58	is completed.
59	2. Except as provided in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c), a
60	child may not be held in <u>secure</u> detention care under a special
61	detention order for more than 21 days unless an adjudicatory
62	hearing for the case has been commenced in good faith by the
63	court.
64	3. This section does not prohibit a court from
65	transitioning a child to and from secure detention care and
66	supervised release detention care, including electronic
67	monitoring, when the court finds such a placement necessary, or
68	no longer necessary, to preserve public safety or to ensure the
69	child's safety, appearance in court, or compliance with a court
70	order. Each period of secure detention care or supervised
71	release detention care counts toward the time limitations in
72	this subsection whether served consecutively or
73	nonconsecutively.
74	(b) Upon good cause being shown that the nature of the
75	charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense
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76 of the case or the totality of the circumstances, including the 77 preservation of public safety, warrant an extension, the court 78 may extend the length of secure detention care for an additional 79 up to an additional 21 9 days if the child is charged with an 80 offense which that would be, if committed by an adult, would be a capital felony, a life felony, a felony of the first degree or 81 82 the second degree, or a felony of the third second degree involving violence against any individual. The court may 83 84 continue to extend the period of secure detention care in 85 increments of up to 21-days each by conducting a hearing before the expiration of the current period to determine the need for 86 87 continued secure detention of the child. At the hearing, the court must make the required findings in writing to extend the 88 89 period of secure detention. If the court extends the time period 90 for secure detention care, it shall ensure an adjudicatory 91 hearing for the case commences as soon as is reasonably possible 92 considering the totality of the circumstances. The court shall 93 prioritize the efficient disposition of cases in which the child 94 has served 60 or more days in secure detention care. 95 A prolific juvenile offender under s. 985.255(1)(f) (C) 96 shall be placed on supervised release detention care with 97 electronic monitoring or in secure detention care under a 98 special detention order until disposition. If secure detention 99 care is ordered by the court, it must be authorized under this part and may not exceed: 100

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101 1. Twenty-one days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the 102 case has been commenced in good faith by the court or the period 103 is extended by the court pursuant to paragraph (b); or

104 2. Fifteen days after the entry of an order of105 adjudication.

As used in this paragraph, the term "disposition" means a declination to file under s. 985.15(1)(h), the entry of nolle prosequi for the charges, the filing of an indictment under s. 985.56 or an information under s. 985.557, a dismissal of the case, or an order of final disposition by the court.

(d) A prolific juvenile offender under s. 985.255(1)(f) who is taken into custody for a violation of the conditions of his or her supervised release detention must be held in secure detention until a detention hearing is held.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), a child may not be held in detention care for more than 15 days <u>after following</u> the entry of an order of adjudication.

(4) (a) The time limits in <u>subparagraph (2)(a)2.</u>
subsections (2) and <u>subsection</u> (3) do not include periods of
delay resulting from a continuance granted by the court for
cause on motion of the child or his or her counsel or of the
state. Upon the issuance of an order granting a continuance for
cause on a motion by either the child, the child's counsel, or
the state, the court shall conduct a hearing at the end of each

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126 72-hour period, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal 127 holidays, to determine the need for continued secure detention 128 of the child and the need for further continuance of proceedings 129 for the child or the state. 130 (b) The period for supervised release detention care under 131 this section is tolled on the date that the department or a law 132 enforcement officer alleges that the child has violated a 133 condition of the child's supervised release detention care until 134 the court enters a ruling on the violation. Notwithstanding the 135 tolling of supervised release detention care, the court retains 136 jurisdiction over the child for a violation of a condition of 137 supervised release detention care during the tolling period. If 138 the court finds that a child has violated his or her supervised 139 release detention care, the number of days that the child served 140 in any type of detention care before commission of the violation 141 shall be excluded from the time limits under subsections (2) and 142 (3). 143 (7) Any electronic monitoring ordered by a court as a condition of supervised release detention care under this 144 145 section may be supervised by the department, a law enforcement 146 agency, or the department and a law enforcement agency working 147 in partnership. However, nothing in this subsection requires a 148 law enforcement agency to supervise a child placed on electronic monitoring. 149 150 This act shall take effect July 1, 2022. Section 3.

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