1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to drug-related overdose prevention; 3 amending s. 381.887, F.S.; revising the purpose of 4 specified provisions relating to the prescribing, 5 ordering, and dispensing of emergency opioid 6 antagonists to certain persons by authorized health 7 care practitioners; authorizing pharmacists to order 8 certain emergency opioid antagonists; providing 9 certain authorized persons immunity from civil or criminal liability for administering emergency opioid 10 11 antagonists under certain circumstances; authorizing 12 personnel of law enforcement agencies and other 13 agencies to administer emergency opioid antagonists under certain circumstances; amending s. 381.981, 14 15 F.S.; revising requirements for a certain health 16 awareness campaign; amending s. 395.1041, F.S.; 17 requiring hospital emergency departments and urgent 18 care centers to report incidents involving a suspected 19 or actual overdose to the Department of Health under certain circumstances; providing requirements for the 20 21 reports; requiring hospital emergency rooms and urgent 22 care centers to use their best efforts to report such 23 incidents to the department within a specified 24 timeframe; providing an effective date. 25

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26 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 27 28 Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 29 381.887, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 30 381.887 Emergency treatment for suspected opioid 31 overdose.-32 (2)The purpose of this section is to provide for the 33 prescribing, ordering, and dispensing prescription of emergency 34 opioid antagonists an emergency opioid antagonist to patients 35 and caregivers and to encourage the prescribing, ordering, and 36 dispensing prescription of emergency opioid antagonists by 37 authorized health care practitioners. 38 (3) (a) An authorized health care practitioner may 39 prescribe and dispense an emergency opioid antagonist to, and a pharmacist may order an emergency opioid antagonist with an 40 41 autoinjection delivery system or intranasal application delivery 42 system for, a patient or caregiver for use in accordance with 43 this section., and 44 (b) A pharmacist pharmacists may dispense an emergency 45 opioid antagonist pursuant to a prescription by an authorized 46 health care practitioner. A pharmacist may dispense an emergency 47 opioid antagonist with such a prescription or pursuant to a non-48 patient-specific standing order for an autoinjection delivery 49 system or intranasal application delivery system, which must be appropriately labeled with instructions for use, pursuant to a 50

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51	pharmacist's order or pursuant to a nonpatient-specific standing
52	order.
53	<u>(c) A</u> such patient or caregiver is authorized to store and
54	possess approved emergency opioid antagonists and, in an
55	emergency situation when a physician is not immediately
56	available, administer the emergency opioid antagonist to a
57	person believed in good faith to be experiencing an opioid
58	overdose, regardless of whether that person has a prescription
59	for an emergency opioid antagonist.
60	(4) The following persons are authorized to possess,
61	store, and administer emergency opioid antagonists as clinically
62	indicated and are immune from any civil liability or criminal
63	liability as a result of administering an emergency opioid
64	antagonist:
65	(a) Emergency responders, including, but not limited to,
66	law enforcement officers, paramedics, and emergency medical
67	technicians.
68	(b) Crime laboratory personnel for the statewide criminal
69	analysis laboratory system as described in s. 943.32, including,
70	but not limited to, analysts, evidence intake personnel, and
71	their supervisors.
72	(c) Personnel of a law enforcement agency or other agency,
73	including, but not limited to, correctional probation officers
74	and child protective investigators who, while acting within the
75	scope or course of employment, come into contact with a
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76	controlled substance or persons at risk of experiencing an
77	opioid overdose.
78	Section 2. Paragraph (r) of subsection (2) of section
79	381.981, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
80	381.981 Health awareness campaigns
81	(2) The awareness campaigns shall include the provision of
82	educational information about preventing, detecting, treating,
83	and curing the following diseases or conditions. Additional
84	diseases and conditions that impact the public health may be
85	added by the board of directors of the Florida Public Health
86	Institute, Inc.; however, each of the following diseases or
87	conditions must be included in an awareness campaign during at
88	least 1 month in any 24-month period:
89	(r) Substance abuse, including, but not limited to,
90	emergency opioid antagonists.
91	Section 3. Subsection (8) is added to section 395.1041,
92	Florida Statutes, to read:
93	395.1041 Access to emergency services and care
94	(8) REPORTING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OVERDOSESA
95	hospital emergency department or an urgent care center that
96	treats and releases a person in response to a suspected or
97	actual overdose of a controlled substance must report such
98	incident to the department if the patient was not transported by
99	an emergency medical services vehicle as defined in s. 401.23.
100	Such reports must be made using an appropriate method with
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101	secure access, including, but not limited to, the
102	Washington/Baltimore High Intensity Drug Trafficking Overdose
103	Detection Mapping Application Program, the Florida Prehospital
104	EMS Tracking and Reporting System (EMSTARS), or another program
105	identified by department rule. If a hospital emergency
106	department or an urgent care center reports such an incident, it
107	must use its best efforts to make the report to the department
108	within 120 hours after becoming aware of the incident.
109	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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