By Senator Gruters

2.1

22-00087-23 202314

A bill to be entitled

An act for the relief of Douglas and Gail Quinn by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; providing legislative intent; providing for an appropriation to compensate Mr. and Mrs. Quinn for injuries and damages they sustained by a contractor licensed by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and by the Construction Industry Licensing Board's actions in administering the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund; providing a limitation on the payment of compensation and attorney fees; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, on May 17, 2017, Douglas and Gail Quinn entered into a contract with HD Custom Homes, Inc., to build a new residence in Port Charlotte, and

WHEREAS, at that time, HD Custom Homes, Inc., based in Englewood, was owned by Matthew Harden and Stephen Dukes, and

WHEREAS, Mr. Harden was a licensed contractor having license number CBC1251858, issued by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, and

WHEREAS, HD Custom Homes, Inc., failed to complete the building project, and Mr. and Mrs. Quinn subsequently contracted with another builder, Horizon Homes of SW Florida, LLC, to complete the project, and

WHEREAS, on May 23, 2019, HD Custom Homes, Inc., filed for bankruptcy in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Middle District of Florida, and

WHEREAS, on August 9, 2019, Mr. and Mrs. Quinn filed a

30

31

32

3334

35

3637

38

39

40

4142

43

4546

47

48 49

50

51

5253

54

55

56

57

58

22-00087-23 202314

claim with the bankruptcy court to recover \$68,449.11 from HD Custom Homes, Inc., for breach of contract, and

WHEREAS, on October 1, 2019, the bankruptcy court issued an order precluding final judgment of state law claims, preventing Mr. and Mrs. Quinn from moving forward with their claim in the bankruptcy court, and

WHEREAS, on October 24, 2019, Mr. and Mrs. Quinn submitted a claim to the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund for \$68,651.73 with all the necessary documentation, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature established the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund for such instances, allowing claimants to recover up to \$50,000 each from a Division 1 licensee, and an aggregate total of \$500,000 per Division 1 licensee, and

WHEREAS, on September 3, 2020, the Construction Industry Licensing Board issued a final order denying Mr. and Mrs. Quinn's claim, because other approved claims against Mr. Harden had reached the aggregate limit of \$500,000, and

WHEREAS, on October 6, 2020, Mr. and Mrs. Quinn appealed the Construction Industry Licensing Board's decision to the First District Court of Appeal, contending that the payments previously awarded to other claimants were awarded in error, and

WHEREAS, on September 30, 2021, the First District Court of Appeal affirmed the Construction Industry Licensing Board's decision to deny Mr. and Mrs. Quinn's claim, and

WHEREAS, the Florida Supreme Court has construed the farreaching circumstances to which the Legislature may extend relief to any matter under the common law of this state in Gerard v. Dept. of Transp., 472 So.2d 1170, 1172 (Fla. 1985) 22-00087-23 202314

("...we agree with the Department of Transportation's assertion that a judgment in this case was not a prerequisite to Gerard's filing a claims bill in the legislature. As the First District Court stated in Jetton v. Jacksonville Electric Authority, 399 So.2d 396, 397 (Fla. 1st DCA 1981), while the legislature has placed limits on recovery, 'claimants remain free to seek legislative relief bills, as they did during days of complete sovereign immunity'"), or Dickinson v. Bradley, 298 So.2d 352, 354 (Fla. 1974) ("...any claim bill is restricted to less than the general public and its purpose is to discharge the state's moral obligation to any individual or other entity whom or which the legislature recognizes as being entitled to such... The legislature may enact a claim bill for what would be a tort if a private party was involved just as effectively as for what would constitute a contractual debt."), NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are found and declared to be true.

Section 2. This is solely an equitable claim, not based on an existing judgment, which the Legislature believes should be granted to Douglas and Gail Quinn to remedy an injustice after exhausting all other avenues to seek restitution.

Section 3. The sum of \$50,000 is appropriated from the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund to the Department of Professional and Business Regulation for the relief of Douglas and Gail Quinn for injuries and damages sustained.

Section 4. The Chief Financial Officer is directed to draw

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

22-00087-23 202314

a warrant in favor of Douglas and Gail Quinn in the sum of \$50,000 upon funds of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation in the State Treasury and to pay the same out of such funds in the State Treasury.

Section 5. The amount paid by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the amount awarded under this act are intended to provide the sole compensation for all present and future claims arising out of the factual situation described in this act which resulted in injuries and damages to Douglas and Gail Quinn. The total amount paid for attorney fees relating to this claim may not exceed 25 percent of the total amount awarded under this act.

Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.