1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public records; amending s. 3 501.173, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for information relating to 4 5 investigations by the Department of Legal Affairs and 6 law enforcement agencies of certain data privacy 7 violations; providing for future legislative review 8 and repeal of the exemption; providing a statement of 9 public necessity; providing a contingent effective 10 date. 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 13 Section 1. Subsection (13) is added to section 501.173, 14 Florida Statutes, as created by HB 1547, 2023 Regular Session, 15 16 to read: 17 501.173 Consumer data privacy. 18 (13) PUBLIC RECORDS EXEMPTION.— (a) All information received by the department pursuant to 19 20 a notification of a violation under this section, or received by 21 the department pursuant to an investigation by the department or 22 a law enforcement agency of a violation of this section or s. 23 501.1735, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, until such time as the investigation is completed or ceases to be active. This 25

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26	exemption shall be construed in conformity with s.							
27	119.071(2)(c).							
28	(b) During an active investigation, information made							
29	confidential and exempt pursuant to paragraph (a) may be							
30	disclosed by the department:							
31	1. In the furtherance of its official duties and							
32	responsibilities;							
33	2. For print, publication, or broadcast if the department							
34	determines that such release would assist in notifying the							
35	public or locating or identifying a person that the department							
36	believes to be a victim of a data breach or improper use or							
37	disposal of customer records, except that information made							
38	confidential and exempt by paragraph (c) may not be released							
39	pursuant to this subparagraph; or							
40	3. To another governmental entity in the furtherance of							
41	its official duties and responsibilities.							
42	(c) Upon completion of an investigation or once an							
43	investigation ceases to be active, the following information							
44	received by the department shall remain confidential and exempt							
45	from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State							
46	Constitution:							

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1. All information to which another public records

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3. A computer forensic report.

2. Personal information.

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exemption applies.

	4.	Informati	.on	that	would	otherwise	reveal	weaknesses	in
the	data	security	of	a co:	ntrolle	er, proces	sor, or	third part	у.

- 5. Information that would disclose the proprietary information of a controller, processor, or third party.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection, the term "proprietary
  information" means information that:
- 1. Is owned or controlled by the controller, processor, or third party.
- 2. Is intended to be private and is treated by the controller, processor, or third party as private because disclosure would harm the controller, processor, or third party or its business operations.
- 3. Has not been disclosed except as required by law or a private agreement that provides that the information will not be released to the public.
- 4. Is not publicly available or otherwise readily ascertainable through proper means from another source in the same configuration as received by the department.
  - 5. Includes:

- a. Trade secrets as defined in s. 688.002.
- b. Competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive advantage of the controller, processor, or third party who is the subject of the information.
- (e) This subsection is subject to the Open Government

  Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand

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repealed on October 2, 2028, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that all information received by the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to a notification of a violation of s. 501.173 or s. 501.1735, Florida Statutes, or received by the department pursuant to an investigation by the department or a law enforcement agency of a violation of s. 501.173 or s. 501.1735, Florida Statutes, be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution for the following reasons:

- (1) A notification of a violation of s. 501.173 or s. 501.1735, Florida Statutes, may result in an investigation of such violation. The premature release of such information could frustrate or thwart the investigation and impair the ability of the department to effectively and efficiently administer s. 501.173 or s. 501.1735, Florida Statutes. In addition, release of such information before completion of an active investigation could jeopardize the ongoing investigation.
- (2) Release of information to which another public record exemption applies once an investigation is completed or ceases to be active would undo the specific statutory exemption protecting that information.
- (3) An investigation of a violation of s. 501.173 or s. 501.1735, Florida Statutes, is likely to result in the gathering

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of sensitive personal information, including identification numbers, unique identifiers, professional or employment-related information, and personal financial information. Such information could be used for the purpose of identity theft. The release of such information could subject possible victims of data privacy violations to further harm.

- (4) Notices received by the department and information received during an investigation of a violation of s. 501.173 or s. 501.1735, Florida Statutes, are likely to contain proprietary information. Such information, including trade secrets, derives independent, economic value, actual, or potential, from being generally unknown to, and not readily ascertainable by, other persons who might obtain economic value from its disclosure or use. Allowing public access to proprietary information, including a trade secret, through a public records request could destroy the value of the proprietary information and cause a financial loss to the controller, processor, or third party submitting the information. Release of such information could give business competitors an unfair advantage and weaken the position of the entity supplying the proprietary information in the marketplace.
- (5) Information received by the department may contain a computer forensic report or information that could reveal weaknesses in the data security of a controller, processor, or third party. The release of this information could result in the

identification of vulnerabilities in the cybersecurity system of the controller, processor, or third party and be used to harm the controller, processor, or third party and clients.

information received by the department pursuant to a notification or investigation by the department or a law enforcement agency of a violation of s. 501.173 or s. 501.1735, Florida Statutes, could impair the effective and efficient administration of the investigation and thus, outweighs the public benefit that may be derived from the disclosure of the information.

Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date that HB 1547 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.