LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 03/06/2023

The Committee on Education Pre-K -12 (Collins) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (4), paragraphs (a) and (h) of subsection (5), paragraph (b) of subsection (6), and subsection (8) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.-

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(1) GOVERNING NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) is designated as a the governing nonprofit organization of athletics in Florida public schools. If the FHSAA fails to meet the provisions of this section, the commissioner must shall designate a nonprofit organization to govern athletics with the approval of the State Board of Education. The FHSAA is not a state agency as defined in s. 120.52. The FHSAA is shall be subject to the provisions of s. 1006.19. A private school that wishes to engage in high school athletic competition with a public high school may become a member of the FHSAA. Any high school in this the state, including charter schools, virtual schools, and home education cooperatives, may become a member of the FHSAA and participate in the activities of the FHSAA; - however, membership in the FHSAA is not mandatory for any school. The FHSAA shall must allow a private school the option of maintaining full membership in the association or joining by sport and may not discourage a private school from simultaneously maintaining membership in another athletic association. The FHSAA shall allow any school joining by sport to participate in the championship contest or series of contests for that sport may allow a public school the option to apply for consideration to join another athletic association. The FHSAA may not deny or discourage interscholastic competition between its member schools and non-FHSAA member Florida schools, including members of another athletic governing organization, and may not take any retributory or discriminatory action against any of its member schools that participate in interscholastic competition with non-FHSAA member Florida schools. The FHSAA may not unreasonably

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withhold its approval of an application to become an affiliate member of the National Federation of State High School Associations submitted by any other organization that governs interscholastic athletic competition in this state. The bylaws of the FHSAA are the rules by which high school athletic programs in its member schools, and the students who participate in them, are governed, unless otherwise specifically provided by statute. For the purposes of this section, the term "high school" includes grades 6 through 12.

- (2) ADOPTION OF BYLAWS, POLICIES, OR GUIDELINES. -
- (a) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that, unless specifically provided otherwise by statute, establish eligibility requirements for all students who participate in high school athletic competition in its member schools. The bylaws governing residence and transfer must shall allow the student to be immediately eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls each school year or the school in which the student makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging in a practice before prior to enrolling in the school. The bylaws must shall also allow the student to be immediately eligible in the school to which the student has transferred. The student remains shall be eligible in that school so long as he or she remains enrolled in that school. Subsequent eligibility must shall be determined and enforced through the FHSAA's bylaws. Requirements governing eligibility and transfer between member schools must shall be applied similarly to public school students and private school students. The commissioner may direct the FHSAA to revise its bylaws at any time.
 - 1. Any changes to the FHSAA's bylaws must be ratified by



the State Board of Education.

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- 2. A bylaw adopted by the FHSAA board of directors may not take effect until it is ratified by the State Board of Education.
 - (4) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.-
- (a) The executive and legislative authority of the FHSAA is shall be vested in its board of directors, which is. Any entity that appoints members to the board of directors shall examine the ethnic and demographic composition of the board when selecting candidates for appointment and shall, to the greatest extent possible, make appointments that reflect state demographic and population trends. The board of directors shall be composed of 9 members, 8 of whom are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate 16 persons, as follows:
- 1. Two Four public member school representatives appointed from different administrative regions, one elected from among its public school representative members within each of the four administrative regions.
- 2. Two Four nonpublic member school representatives appointed from different administrative regions that are also different than those represented by the public member school representatives appointed under subparagraph 1., one elected from among its nonpublic school representative members within each of the four administrative regions.
- 3. Two Three representatives appointed by the commissioner, one appointed from the two northernmost administrative regions and one appointed from the two southernmost administrative regions. The third representative shall be appointed to balance the board for diversity or state population trends, or both.

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- 4. One $\frac{\pi}{W}$ district school superintendent appointed from superintendents, one elected from the two northernmost administrative region regions by the members in those regions and one elected from the two southernmost administrative regions by the members in those regions.
- 5. One Two district school board member appointed members, one elected from the two northernmost administrative regions by the members in those regions and one elected from the two southernmost administrative region regions by the members in those regions.
- 6. The commissioner or his or her designee from the department executive staff.
- (e) The authority and duties of the board of directors, acting as a body and in accordance with the FHSAA's bylaws, are as follows:
- 1. To act as the incorporated FHSAA's board of directors and to fulfill its obligations as required by the FHSAA's charter and articles of incorporation.
- 2. To establish such guidelines, regulations, policies, and procedures as are authorized by the bylaws.
- 3. To employ an FHSAA executive director, who has shall have the authority to waive the bylaws of the FHSAA in order to comply with statutory changes. The hiring of the executive director must be ratified by the State Board of Education.
- 4. To levy annual dues and other fees and to set the percentage of contest receipts to be collected by the FHSAA.
- 5. To approve the budget of the FHSAA. The budget adopted by the board of directors must be ratified by the State Board of Education.

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- 127 6. To organize and conduct statewide interscholastic 128 competitions, which may or may not lead to state championships, 129 and to establish the terms and conditions for these 130 competitions.
 - 7. To act as an administrative board in the interpretation of, and final decision on, all questions and appeals arising from the directing of interscholastic athletics of member schools.
 - 8. To approve, reject, or amend any legislative recommendations from the representative assembly. Approval of such recommendations requires a majority vote of the board.
 - (5) REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY.-
 - (a) The legislative authority of the FHSAA is vested in its representative assembly may make legislative recommendations to the board of directors.
 - (h) The authority of the representative assembly is limited to its sole duty, which is to consider, adopt, or reject any recommended proposed amendments to the FHSAA's bylaws.
 - (6) PUBLIC LIAISON ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
 - (b) A $\frac{1}{100}$ member of the board of directors or the $\frac{1}{100}$ committee on appeals may not, or representative assembly is eliqible to serve on the public liaison advisory committee.
 - (8) AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS. Each member school representative, the board of directors acting as a whole or as members acting individually, any advisory committee acting as a whole to be established by the FHSAA, the commissioner, and the FHSAA's executive director may are empowered to propose amendments to the bylaws. Any other individual may propose an amendment by securing the sponsorship of any such of the aforementioned

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individuals or bodies. All proposed amendments must be submitted directly to the representative assembly for its consideration. The representative assembly shall provide a recommendation to the board of directors to either adopt, reject, or revise any proposed amendments, while empowered to adopt, reject, or revise proposed amendments, may not, in and of itself, as a body be allowed to propose any amendment for its own consideration.

Section 2. Section 1006.185, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1006.185 Opening remarks at high school athletic contests.-Each athletic association designated under s. 1006.20 whose membership includes public schools shall adopt bylaws, policies, or procedures that provide each school participating in a high school championship contest or series of contests under the direction and supervision of the association the opportunity to make brief opening remarks, if requested by the school, using the public address system at the event. Such remarks may not be longer than 2 minutes per participating school. The athletic association may not control, monitor, or review the content of the opening remarks and may not control the school's choice of speaker. Member schools may not provide remarks that are derogatory, rude, or threatening. Before the opening remarks, an announcement must be made that the content of any opening remarks by a participating school is not endorsed by and does not reflect the views and or opinions of the athletic association. The decision to allow opening remarks before regular season contests is at the discretion of each school.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== 185 And the title is amended as follows: 186

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

> A bill to be entitled An act relating to interscholastic activities; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; requiring the Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) to allow any school joining the organization by sport to participate in the championship contest or series of contests for that sport; providing that the Commissioner of Education may direct the FHSAA to revise its bylaws at any time; requiring that any changes to the FHSAA bylaws be ratified by the State Board of Education; deleting a requirement that the appointing authority of members of the FHSAA Board of Directors make appointments that reflect the demographic and population trends of this state; revising the composition of the board of directors; providing that all appointed board members be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate; requiring that the hiring of the FHSAA executive director be ratified by the State Board of Education; requiring that the budget adopted by the board of directors be ratified by the State Board of Education; requiring a majority vote of the board of directors for the approval of legislative recommendations from the representative assembly; creating s. 1006.185, F.S.; requiring each approved athletic association



214	whose membership includes public schools to allow each
215	participating school to make opening remarks at
216	certain athletic contests; providing requirements for
217	the remarks; providing an effective date.