House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/31/2023

The Committee on Community Affairs (Ingoglia) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (6) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, to read:

125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.-

(6) REFERENDUM.-

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(e) A referendum to reenact an expiring tourist development

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11	tax must be held at a general election. Such a referendum may be
12	held only once during the 48-month period preceding the
13	effective date of the referendum.
14	Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 125.0108, Florida
15	Statutes, is amended to read:
16	125.0108 Areas of critical state concern; tourist impact
17	tax
18	(5) The tourist impact tax authorized by this section shall
19	take effect only upon express approval by a majority vote of
20	those qualified electors in the area or areas of critical state
21	concern in the county seeking to levy such tax, voting in a
22	referendum to be held in conjunction with a general election, as
23	defined in s. 97.021. However, if the area or areas of critical
24	state concern are greater than 50 percent of the land area of
25	the county and the tax is to be imposed throughout the entire
26	county, the tax shall take effect only upon express approval of
27	a majority of the qualified electors of the county voting in
28	such a referendum. <u>A referendum to reenact an expiring tourist</u>
29	impact tax must be held at a general election. Such a referendum
30	may be held only once during the 48-month period preceding the
31	effective date of the referendum.
32	Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 125.901, Florida
33	Statutes, is amended to read:
34	125.901 Children's services; independent special district;
35	council; powers, duties, and functions; public records
36	exemption
37	(1) Each county may by ordinance create an independent
38	special district, as defined in ss. 189.012 and 200.001(8)(e),
39	to provide funding for children's services throughout the county



40 in accordance with this section. The boundaries of such district shall be coterminous with the boundaries of the county. The 41 42 county governing body shall obtain approval at a general 43 election, as defined in s. 97.021, by a majority vote of those electors voting on the question, to annually levy ad valorem 44 45 taxes which shall not exceed the maximum millage rate authorized by this section. Any district created pursuant to the provisions 46 47 of this subsection shall be required to levy and fix millage subject to the provisions of s. 200.065. Once such millage is 48 49 approved by the electorate, the district shall not be required 50 to seek approval of the electorate in future years to levy the 51 previously approved millage. However, a referendum to increase 52 the millage rate previously approved by the electors must be 53 held at a general election. Such a referendum may be held only 54 once during the 48-month period preceding the effective date of 55 the referendum.

56 (a) The governing body of the district shall be a council 57 on children's services, which may also be known as a juvenile 58 welfare board or similar name as established in the ordinance by 59 the county governing body. Such council shall consist of 10 60 members, including the superintendent of schools; a local school 61 board member; the district administrator from the appropriate 62 district of the Department of Children and Families, or his or 63 her designee who is a member of the Senior Management Service or 64 of the Selected Exempt Service; one member of the county 65 governing body; and the judge assigned to juvenile cases who 66 shall sit as a voting member of the board, except that said judge shall not vote or participate in the setting of ad valorem 67 taxes under this section. If there is more than one judge 68

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69 assigned to juvenile cases in a county, the chief judge shall 70 designate one of said juvenile judges to serve on the board. The 71 remaining five members shall be appointed by the Governor, and 72 shall, to the extent possible, represent the demographic 73 diversity of the population of the county. After soliciting 74 recommendations from the public, the county governing body shall 75 submit to the Governor the names of at least three persons for 76 each vacancy occurring among the five members appointed by the 77 Governor, and the Governor shall appoint members to the council 78 from the candidates nominated by the county governing body. The 79 Governor shall make a selection within a 45-day period or 80 request a new list of candidates. All members appointed by the Governor shall have been residents of the county for the 81 82 previous 24-month period. Such members shall be appointed for 4year terms, except that the length of the terms of the initial 83 84 appointees shall be adjusted to stagger the terms. The Governor 85 may remove a member for cause or upon the written petition of the county governing body. If any of the members of the council 86 87 required to be appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this subsection shall resign, die, or be removed from office, 88 89 the vacancy thereby created shall, as soon as practicable, be 90 filled by appointment by the Governor, using the same method as 91 the original appointment, and such appointment to fill a vacancy 92 shall be for the unexpired term of the person who resigns, dies, 93 or is removed from office.

94 (b) However, any county as defined in s. 125.011(1) may
95 instead have a governing body consisting of 33 members,
96 including the superintendent of schools, or his or her designee;
97 two representatives of public postsecondary education

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98 institutions located in the county; the county manager or the 99 equivalent county officer; the district administrator from the 100 appropriate district of the Department of Children and Families, 101 or the administrator's designee who is a member of the Senior 102 Management Service or the Selected Exempt Service; the director 103 of the county health department or the director's designee; the state attorney for the county or the state attorney's designee; 104 105 the chief judge assigned to juvenile cases, or another juvenile judge who is the chief judge's designee and who shall sit as a 106 107 voting member of the board, except that the judge may not vote 108 or participate in setting ad valorem taxes under this section; 109 an individual who is selected by the board of the local United 110 Way or its equivalent; a member of a locally recognized faith-111 based coalition, selected by that coalition; a member of the 112 local chamber of commerce, selected by that chamber or, if more 113 than one chamber exists within the county, a person selected by 114 a coalition of the local chambers; a member of the early 115 learning coalition, selected by that coalition; a representative 116 of a labor organization or union active in the county; a member 117 of a local alliance or coalition engaged in cross-system 118 planning for health and social service delivery in the county, 119 selected by that alliance or coalition; a member of the local 120 Parent-Teachers Association/Parent-Teacher-Student Association, 121 selected by that association; a youth representative selected by 122 the local school system's student government; a local school 123 board member appointed by the chair of the school board; the 124 mayor of the county or the mayor's designee; one member of the 125 county governing body, appointed by the chair of that body; a 126 member of the state Legislature who represents residents of the

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127 county, selected by the chair of the local legislative 128 delegation; an elected official representing the residents of a 129 municipality in the county, selected by the county municipal 130 league; and 4 members-at-large, appointed to the council by the 131 majority of sitting council members. The remaining 7 members 132 shall be appointed by the Governor in accordance with procedures 133 set forth in paragraph (a), except that the Governor may remove 134 a member for cause or upon the written petition of the council. 135 Appointments by the Governor must, to the extent reasonably 136 possible, represent the geographic and demographic diversity of 137 the population of the county. Members who are appointed to the 138 council by reason of their position are not subject to the 139 length of terms and limits on consecutive terms as provided in 140 this section. The remaining appointed members of the governing 141 body shall be appointed to serve 2-year terms, except that those 142 members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed to serve 4-143 year terms, and the youth representative and the legislative 144 delegate shall be appointed to serve 1-year terms. A member may 145 be reappointed; however, a member may not serve for more than 146 three consecutive terms. A member is eligible to be appointed 147 again after a 2-year hiatus from the council.

(c) This subsection does not prohibit a county from exercising such power as is provided by general or special law to provide children's services or to create a special district to provide such services.

152 Section 4. Section 200.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to 153 read:

154 200.091 Referendum to increase millage.—The millage 155 authorized to be levied in s. 200.071 for county purposes,



156 including dependent districts therein, may be increased for 157 periods not exceeding 2 years, provided such levy has been 158 approved by majority vote of the qualified electors in the 159 county or district voting in a general election, as defined in 160 s. 97.021, called for such purpose. Such an election may be 161 called by the governing body of any such county or district on its own motion and shall be called upon submission of a petition 162 163 specifying the amount of millage sought to be levied and the 164 purpose for which the proceeds will be expended and containing the signatures of at least 10 percent of the persons qualified 165 166 to vote in such election, signed within 60 days prior to the 167 date the petition is filed. Such a referendum may be held only 168 once during the 48-month period preceding the effective date of 169 the referendum.

Section 5. Section 200.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

172 200.101 Referendum for millage in excess of limits.-The 173 qualified electors of a municipality may, by majority vote at a general election, as defined in s. 97.021, increase millage 174 175 above those limits imposed by s. 200.081 in a referendum called 176 for such purpose by the governing body of the municipality, but 177 the period of such increase may not exceed 2 years. Such 178 referendum also may be initiated by submission of a petition to the governing body of the municipality containing the signatures 179 180 of 10 percent of those persons eligible to vote in such 181 referendum, which signatures were affixed to the petition within 182 60 days prior to its submission. Such a referendum may be held 183 only once during the 48-month period preceding the effective date of the referendum. 184

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185 Section 6. Subsection (10) of section 212.055, Florida 186 Statutes, is amended to read:

212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 187 188 authorization and use of proceeds.-It is the legislative intent 189 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 190 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 191 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the 192 levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 193 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 194 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 195 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 196 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 197 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 198 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 199 provided in s. 212.054.

(10) DATES FOR REFERENDA.—A referendum to adopt, or amend, or reenact a local government discretionary sales surtax under this section must be held at a general election as defined in s. 97.021. Such a referendum may be held only once during the 48month period preceding the effective date of the referendum.

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 336.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

207 336.021 County transportation system; levy of ninth-cent 208 fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel.-

(4) (a)1. A certified copy of the ordinance proposing to levy the tax pursuant to referendum shall be furnished by the county to the department within 10 days after approval of such ordinance.

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2. A referendum to adopt, amend, or reenact a tax under

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214 this subsection <u>must</u> shall be held only at a general election τ 215 as defined in s. 97.021. Such a referendum may be held only once 216 during the 48-month period preceding the effective date of the 217 referendum.

3. The county levying the tax pursuant to referendum shall notify the department within 10 days after the passage of the referendum of such passage and of the time period during which the tax will be levied. The failure to furnish the certified copy will not invalidate the passage of the ordinance.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 336.025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

336.025 County transportation system; levy of local option fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel.-

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229 (b) In addition to other taxes allowed by law, there may be 230 levied as provided in s. 206.41(1)(e) a 1-cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 231 4-cent, or 5-cent local option fuel tax upon every gallon of 232 motor fuel sold in a county and taxed under the provisions of 233 part I of chapter 206. The tax shall be levied by an ordinance 234 adopted by a majority plus one vote of the membership of the 235 governing body of the county or by referendum. A referendum to 236 adopt, amend, or reenact a tax under this subsection must shall 237 be held only at a general election, as defined in s. 97.021. 238 Such a referendum may be held only once during the 48-month 239 period preceding the effective date of the referendum.

1. All impositions and rate changes of the tax shall be
levied before October 1, to be effective January 1 of the
following year. However, levies of the tax which were in effect

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243 on July 1, 2002, and which expire on August 31 of any year may 244 be reimposed at the current authorized rate provided the tax is 245 levied before July 1 and is effective September 1 of the year of 246 expiration.

247 2. The county may, prior to levy of the tax, establish by 248 interlocal agreement with one or more municipalities located 249 therein, representing a majority of the population of the 250 incorporated area within the county, a distribution formula for 251 dividing the entire proceeds of the tax among county government 252 and all eligible municipalities within the county. If no 253 interlocal agreement is adopted before the effective date of the 254 tax, tax revenues shall be distributed pursuant to the 255 provisions of subsection (4). If no interlocal agreement exists, 256 a new interlocal agreement may be established prior to June 1 of 257 any year pursuant to this subparagraph. However, any interlocal 258 agreement agreed to under this subparagraph after the initial 259 levy of the tax or change in the tax rate authorized in this 260 section shall under no circumstances materially or adversely 261 affect the rights of holders of outstanding bonds which are 262 backed by taxes authorized by this paragraph, and the amounts 263 distributed to the county government and each municipality shall 264 not be reduced below the amount necessary for the payment of 265 principal and interest and reserves for principal and interest 2.66 as required under the covenants of any bond resolution 267 outstanding on the date of establishment of the new interlocal 268 agreement.

269 3. County and municipal governments shall use moneys 270 received pursuant to this paragraph for transportation 271 expenditures needed to meet the requirements of the capital

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272 improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan or for 273 expenditures needed to meet immediate local transportation problems and for other transportation-related expenditures that 274 275 are critical for building comprehensive roadway networks by 276 local governments. For purposes of this paragraph, expenditures 277 for the construction of new roads, the reconstruction or 278 resurfacing of existing paved roads, or the paving of existing 279 graded roads shall be deemed to increase capacity and such 280 projects shall be included in the capital improvements element 281 of an adopted comprehensive plan. Expenditures for purposes of 282 this paragraph shall not include routine maintenance of roads.

(3) The tax authorized pursuant to paragraph (1)(a) shall be levied using either of the following procedures:

285 (b) If no interlocal agreement or resolution is adopted 286 pursuant to subparagraph (a)1. or subparagraph (a)2., 287 municipalities representing more than 50 percent of the county 288 population may, prior to June 20, adopt uniform resolutions 289 approving the local option tax, establishing the duration of the 290 levy and the rate authorized in paragraph (1)(a), and setting 291 the date for a countywide referendum on whether to levy the tax. 292 A referendum to adopt, amend, or reenact a tax under this 293 subsection must shall be held only at a general election, as 294 defined in s. 97.021. Such a referendum may be held only once 295 during the 48-month period preceding the effective date of the 296 referendum. The tax shall be levied and collected countywide on 297 January 1 following 30 days after voter approval.

298 Section 9. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 299 1011.73, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 300 1011.73 District millage elections.-

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301 (1) MILLAGE AUTHORIZED NOT TO EXCEED 2 YEARS.-The district 302 school board, pursuant to resolution adopted at a regular 303 meeting, shall direct the county commissioners to call an election at which the electors within the school districts may 304 305 approve an ad valorem tax millage as authorized in s. 9, Art. 306 VII of the State Constitution. Such election may be held at any 307 time, except that not more than one such election shall be held 308 during any 12-month period. Any millage so authorized shall be 309 levied for a period not in excess of 2 years or until changed by 310 another millage election, whichever is the earlier. In the event 311 any such election is invalidated by a court of competent 312 jurisdiction, such invalidated election shall be considered not 313 to have been held.

314 (2) MILLAGE AUTHORIZED NOT TO EXCEED 4 YEARS.-The district 315 school board, pursuant to resolution adopted at a regular 316 meeting, shall direct the county commissioners to call an 317 election at which the electors within the school district may 318 approve an ad valorem tax millage as authorized under s. 319 1011.71(9). Such election may be held at any time, except that 320 not more than one such election shall be held during any 12-321 month period. Any millage so authorized shall be levied for a 322 period not in excess of 4 years or until changed by another 323 millage election, whichever is earlier. If any such election is 324 invalidated by a court of competent jurisdiction, such 325 invalidated election shall be considered not to have been held.

326 (3) HOLDING ELECTIONS.—All school district millage
327 elections shall be held and conducted in the manner prescribed
328 by law for holding general elections, except as provided in this
329 chapter. A referendum under this part <u>must</u> shall be held only at

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330	a general election, as defined in s. 97.021. Such a referendum
331	may be held only once during the 48-month period preceding the
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	effective date of the referendum.
333	Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.
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335	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
336	And the title is amended as follows:
337	Delete everything before the enacting clause
338	and insert:
339	A bill to be entitled
340	An act relating to local tax referenda requirements;
341	amending ss. 125.0104 and 125.0108, F.S.; requiring
342	that a referendum to reenact an expiring tourist
343	development tax or tourist impact tax, respectively,
344	be held at a general election; limiting the occurrence
345	of such a referendum; amending s. 125.901, F.S.;
346	requiring that a referendum to approve a millage rate
347	increase for a children's services independent special
348	district property tax be held at a general election;
349	limiting the occurrence of such a referendum; amending
350	ss. 200.091 and 200.101, F.S.; limiting the occurrence
351	of a referendum to approve a county or municipal ad
352	valorem tax millage increase, respectively; amending
353	s. 212.055, F.S.; requiring that a referendum to
354	reenact a local government discretionary sales surtax
355	be held at a general election; limiting the occurrence
356	of such a referendum; amending ss. 336.021 and
357	336.025, F.S.; requiring that a referendum to adopt,
358	amend, or reenact a ninth-cent fuel tax or local

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option fuel taxes, respectively, be held at a general election; limiting the occurrence of such a referendum; amending s. 1011.73, F.S.; deleting provisions that authorize school district millage elections to be held at any time; making a technical change; revising a limitation on the occurrence of a referendum; providing an effective date.