1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to pregnant women in custody; 3 providing a short title; creating s. 907.033, F.S.; 4 requiring that every female who is arrested and not 5 released on bond within 72 hours after arrest be 6 administered a pregnancy test within a specified 7 timeframe, upon her request; requiring that each 8 municipal or county detention facility notify each 9 arrested female upon booking at the facility of her right to request a pregnancy test; providing for the 10 11 types of pregnancy tests that may be given; defining the term "female"; creating s. 925.13, F.S.; defining 12 13 the term "pregnant woman"; requiring that, if a pregnant woman is convicted of a crime and sentenced 14 to incarceration of any length, the sentencing judge 15 16 provide the pregnant woman the opportunity to defer the imposed sentence until a specified time after 17 18 delivery; authorizing a sentencing judge to order a 19 pregnant woman to comply with certain terms and conditions during the deferral period; requiring that, 20 21 within 10 days after the deferral period ends and the 22 woman is incarcerated, she be offered and receive, 23 upon her request, specified services; authorizing 24 sanctions for a new criminal conviction or violation 25 of the terms and conditions ordered by the judge;

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requiring municipal and county detention facilities to collect and report to the Department of Corrections, and the department to collect from its own institutions, specified information; requiring the department to quarterly compile and publish the information on its public website; providing requirements for publishing such information; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. This act may be cited as "Ava's Law." Section 907.033, Florida Statutes, is created Section 2.

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to read:

907.033 Pregnancy testing of female arrestees.—Every female who is arrested and not released on bond within 72 hours after arrest must, upon her request, be administered a pregnancy test by the county or municipal detention facility as defined in s. 951.23(1) in which she is being held within 24 hours after the request. Upon her booking into the facility, the facility must notify each such arrestee of her right to request a pregnancy test 72 hours after arrest if she is still in custody. The pregnancy test may be conducted by urine or blood tests, ultrasound scan, or any other standard pregnancy testing protocols adopted by the facility. As used in this section, the

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term "female" includes a juvenile or adult woman.

Section 3. Section 925.13, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 925.13 Sentence deferral for pregnant women.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term "pregnant woman" means a juvenile or adult woman whose pregnancy has been verified by a pregnancy test or through a medical examination conducted by a health care practitioner.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other law, the sentence of a pregnant woman who is convicted of a crime and sentenced to incarceration of any length must comply with all of the following requirements:
- (a) The sentencing judge must provide a pregnant woman the opportunity to defer the imposed sentence until 12 weeks after delivery of the baby so that during the deferral period the pregnant woman may receive necessary health care for herself and the unborn child. If the pregnancy ends at any time before the delivery of the baby, the deferral period will end 12 weeks after the date the pregnancy ends. If the pregnant woman chooses not to defer her sentence, she must be incarcerated as directed by the judge.
- (b) The sentencing judge may order a pregnant woman whose sentence is deferred to comply with any of the terms and conditions specified in s. 948.03 until such time as she is incarcerated.

(c) Within 10 days after the deferral period ends and the woman is incarcerated to serve the sentence, she must be offered an appropriate assessment by a licensed health care practitioner or a telehealth provider as defined in s. 456.47(1) and, upon the request of the incarcerated woman, the licensed health care practitioner or telehealth provider shall provide a postpartum assessment, including the need for any necessary medical tests, procedures, lactation support, mental health support, or treatments associated with the mother's postpartum condition.

The Department of Corrections and municipal and county detention facilities shall develop and offer such assessments and treatments in consultation with community support organizations, licensed health care practitioners, social services programs, and local and state government agencies, including nonprofit organizations.

- (3) If, during the deferral period, the pregnant woman is convicted of a new crime or violates any of the conditions imposed by the sentencing judge, the judge may impose any sanction that may be imposed under s. 948.06, including an order requiring the incarceration of the pregnant woman to serve the sentence for which the deferral was granted.
- (4) (a) The Department of Corrections shall collect from its own institutions, and each municipal and county detention facility, as defined in s. 951.23(1), shall collect and report to the department, all of the following information, which the

department shall compile and publish quarterly on its public website:

1. The total number of pregnant women who receive a sentence deferral under paragraph (2)(a).

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- $\underline{\text{2.}}$ The total number of women who receive or who decline an assessment under paragraph (2)(c).
- 3. The total number of births, including the number of live births and stillbirths, to women whose sentences are deferred, and the gestational age and birth weight of each infant at the time of birth or stillbirth.
- 4. The total number of women who experience complications during pregnancy and the type of complications experienced.
 - 5. The total number of women who experience miscarriages.
- 6. The total number of women who refuse to provide information regarding the outcome of their pregnancies as indicated in subparagraphs 3., 4., and 5.
- (b) The information published pursuant to paragraph (a) must exclude personally identifying information and must comply with state and federal confidentiality laws.
- Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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