1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

A bill to be entitled An act relating to lethality assessments; amending s. 741.29, F.S.; requiring law enforcement officers who investigate an alleged incident of domestic violence to administer a lethality assessment under certain circumstances; requiring the Department of Law Enforcement to consult with specified entities to develop and implement a statewide lethality assessment; requiring certain policies, procedures, and training for specified purposes; requiring the department to adopt a specified form by a date certain; requiring that training on administering lethality assessments and the adopted form be available to law enforcement officers in an online format; requiring certain law enforcement officers to be trained in administering lethality assessments by a specified date; prohibiting law enforcement officers from administering a lethality assessment without the required training; prohibiting law enforcement officers from administering a lethality assessment if they have not completed lethality assessment training; requiring law enforcement officers administering a lethality assessment to ask a victim specified questions; requiring law enforcement officers to advise the victim of the results of the lethality

Page 1 of 10

assessment and refer the victim to certain domestic violence centers under certain circumstances; requiring law enforcement officers to document in the written police report a victim's refusal or inability to provide information necessary for the lethality assessment; prohibiting law enforcement officers from disclosing in certain statements and reports the domestic violence center to which the victim was referred; requiring that written police reports for domestic violence incidents include the score of the lethality assessment, if one was administered; making technical changes; reenacting s. 39.906, F.S., relating to referral to domestic violence centers and notice of rights, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 741.29, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

4142

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

43 44

45

Section 1. Section 741.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

46

741.29 Domestic violence; investigation of incidents; notice to victims of legal rights and remedies; reporting.—

48 49

50

(1) Any law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall:

Page 2 of 10

	<u>(a)</u>	Assist	the v	ictim to	obtain	medical	treat	tment i	f such
is	requir	ed as a	result	of the	alleged	d incider	nt to	which	the
off	icer r	esponds	<u>;</u> . Any	law enf	orcemen t	office :	c who	invest	igates
an	allege	d incid	ent of	domesti	c viole r	nce shall	L		

- $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ Advise the victim of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from which the victim may receive services;-
- (c) Administer a lethality assessment consistent with the requirements established in subsection (2) if the allegation of domestic violence is against an intimate partner, regardless of whether an arrest is made; and
- (d) The law enforcement officer shall Give the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available on a standard form developed and distributed by the department. As necessary, the department shall revise the Legal Rights and Remedies Notice to Victims to include a general summary of s. 741.30 using simple English as well as Spanish, and shall distribute the notice as a model form to be used by all law enforcement agencies throughout this the state. The notice must shall include:
- $\frac{1.(a)}{(a)}$ The resource listing, including telephone number, for the area domestic violence center designated by the Department of Children and Families; and
 - 2. (b) A copy of the following statement:

Page 3 of 10

"IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to go to court and file a petition requesting an injunction for protection from domestic violence which may include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain the abuser from further acts of abuse; direct the abuser to leave your household; prevent the abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or place of employment; award you custody of your minor child or children; and direct the abuser to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has a legal obligation to do so."

(2) The department shall consult with the Department of Children and Families and at least one domestic violence advocacy organization to develop the policies, procedures, and training necessary for implementation of a statewide evidence-based lethality assessment. Such policies, procedures, and training must provide how to determine if a victim and an aggressor are intimate partners and must establish a statewide process for referring a victim to a certified domestic violence center. By January 1, 2025, the department must adopt a statewide lethality assessment form that includes all of the information in paragraph (b). Training on how to administer a

Page 4 of 10

1 O 1 I	
101	lethality assessment and the adopted lethality assessment form
102	must be accessible to a law enforcement officer in an online
103	format.
104	(a) By October 1, 2026, all law enforcement officers who
105	respond to or investigate crimes of domestic violence must be
106	trained on the policies and procedures for administering a
107	lethality assessment. A law enforcement officer may not
108	administer a lethality assessment to a victim if the officer has
109	not received training on administering a lethality assessment.
110	(b) To administer a lethality assessment, a law
111	enforcement officer shall ask the victim, in the same or similar
112	wording and in the same order, all of the following questions:
113	1. Did the aggressor ever use a weapon against you or
114	threaten you with a weapon?
115	2. Did the aggressor ever threaten to kill you or your
116	<pre>children?</pre>
117	3. Do you believe the aggressor will try to kill you?
118	4 . Has the aggressor ever choked you or attempted to choke
119	you?
120	5. Does the aggressor have a gun or could the aggressor
121	easily obtain a gun?
122	6. Is the aggressor violently or constantly jealous, or
123	does the aggressor control most of your daily activities?
124	7. Did you leave or separate from the aggressor after you

Page 5 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

were living together or married?

125

126	8. Is the aggressor unemployed?
127	9. To the best of your knowledge, has the aggressor ever
128	attempted suicide?
129	10. Do you have a child whom the aggressor believes is not
130	the aggressor's biological child?
131	11. Has the aggressor ever followed, spied on, or left
132	threatening messages for you?
133	12. Is there anything else that worries you about your
134	safety and, if so, what worries you?
135	(c) A law enforcement officer shall advise a victim of the
136	results of the lethality assessment and refer the victim to the
137	nearest locally certified domestic violence center if:
138	1. The victim answers affirmatively to any of the
139	questions in subparagraphs (a) $14.;$
140	2. The victim answers negatively to the questions in
141	subparagraphs (a)14., but affirmatively to at least four of
142	the questions in subparagraphs (a)511.; or
143	3. As a result of the victim's response to subparagraph
144	(a)12., the law enforcement officer believes the victim is in a
145	potentially lethal situation.
146	(d) If a victim does not, or is unable to, provide
147	information to a law enforcement officer sufficient to allow the
148	law enforcement officer to administer a lethality assessment,
149	the law enforcement officer must document the lack of a
150	lethality assessment in the written police report required in

Page 6 of 10

subsection (3) and refer the victim to the nearest locally certified domestic violence center.

- (e) A law enforcement officer may not include in a probable cause statement, written police report, or incident report the domestic violence center to which a victim was referred.
- (3)(2) When a law enforcement officer investigates an allegation that an incident of domestic violence has occurred, the officer shall handle the incident pursuant to the arrest policy provided in s. 901.15(7), and as developed in accordance with subsections (4)(3), (5)(4), and (6)(5). Regardless of whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a written police report that is complete and clearly indicates the alleged offense was an incident of domestic violence. Such report must shall be given to the officer's supervisor and filed with the law enforcement agency in a manner that will permit data on domestic violence cases to be compiled. Such report must include all of the following:
 - (a) A description of physical injuries observed, if any.
- (b) If a law enforcement officer decides not to make an arrest or decides to arrest two or more parties, the officer shall include in the report the grounds for not arresting anyone or for arresting two or more parties.
- (c) A statement which indicates that a copy of the legal rights and remedies notice was given to the victim.

Page 7 of 10

(d) A notation of the score of a lethality assessment, if one was administered pursuant to paragraph (1)(c).

Whenever possible, the law enforcement officer shall obtain a written statement from the victim and witnesses concerning the alleged domestic violence. The officer shall submit the report to the supervisor or other person to whom the employer's rules or policies require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to be made. The law enforcement agency shall, without charge, send a copy of the initial police report, as well as any subsequent, supplemental, or related report, which excludes victim/witness statements or other materials that are part of an active criminal investigation and are exempt from disclosure under chapter 119, to the nearest locally certified domestic violence center within 24 hours after the agency's receipt of the report. The report furnished to the domestic violence center must include a narrative description of the domestic violence incident.

 $\underline{(4)}$ Whenever a law enforcement officer determines upon probable cause that an act of domestic violence has been committed within the jurisdiction the officer may arrest the person or persons suspected of its commission and charge such person or persons with the appropriate crime. The decision to arrest and charge shall not require consent of the victim or consideration of the relationship of the parties.

Page 8 of 10

(5) (a) (4) (a) When complaints are received from two or more parties, the officers shall evaluate each complaint separately to determine whether there is probable cause for arrest.

2.01

- (b) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that two or more persons have committed a misdemeanor or felony, or if two or more persons make complaints to the officer, the officer <u>must shall</u> try to determine who was the primary aggressor. Arrest is the preferred response only with respect to the primary aggressor and not the preferred response with respect to a person who acts in a reasonable manner to protect or defend oneself or another family or household member from domestic violence.
- (6)(5) A No law enforcement officer may not shall be held liable, in any civil action, for an arrest based on probable cause, enforcement in good faith of a court order, or service of process in good faith under this chapter arising from an alleged incident of domestic violence brought by any party to the incident.
- (7)(6) A person who willfully violates a condition of pretrial release provided in s. 903.047, when the original arrest was for an act of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and shall be held in custody until his or her first appearance.
 - Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment

Page 9 of 10

made by this act to section 741.29, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 39.906, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

226

227

228

229

230

231

232233

234

235

236

39.906 Referral to centers and notice of rights.—Any law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from which the victim may receive services. The law enforcement officer shall give the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available in accordance with the provisions of s. 741.29.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

Page 10 of 10