Customized Agenda Order

CS/CS/SB 360 by GO, CF, Stargel; (Similar to CS/H 0007) Public Records/Claim Settlement on Behalf of a Ward or Minor

CS/SB 476 by HP, Grimsley; (Similar to CS/CS/1ST ENG/H 0335) Mental Health

CS/CS/	/SB 614	by RI, I	HP, Grimsley;	(Compare to H 0161) Drug Pre	escription by Advanced Registere	ed Nurse		
Practitio	Practitioners and Physician Assistants							
395678	D	S L	RCS	RC, Soto	Delete everything after	04/20 08:01 PM		
421698	AA	S	WD	RC, Soto	Delete L.296 - 731:	04/20 12:36 PM		
495086	AA	S	WD	RC, Soto	Delete L.493 - 496:	04/20 12:37 PM		
850170	AA	S	WD	RC, Soto	Delete L.572 - 576:	04/20 12:38 PM		
183442	AA	S L	RCS	RC, Soto	Delete L.296 - 731:	04/20 08:01 PM		
841294	AA	S L	WD	RC, Benacquisto	btw L.830 - 831:	04/20 08:01 PM		
149458	AA	S L	RCS	RC, Gaetz	Before L.5:	04/20 08:01 PM		

CS/SB 738 by HP, Grimsley; (Similar to CS/CS/H 0655) Clinical Laboratories

CS/SB 946 by EP, Bullard (CO-INTRODUCERS) Soto; (Identical to CS/H 0585) Legal Holidays and Special Observances

CS/SB	1224	l by JU, Joy ı	ner; (Similar to CS/CS/CS/H 0889) H	ealth Care Representatives	
402896	Α	S	RCS	RC, Joyner	Delete L.473:	04/20 08:02 PM
688460	Α	S	RCS	RC, Joyner	Delete L.671 - 682:	04/20 08:02 PM

CS/CS/SB 564 by GO, CM, Richter; (Identical to CS/CS/H 0091) Trade Secrets

CS/CS/SB 566 by GO, CM, Richter; (Similar to CS/CS/H 0093) Public Records and Meetings/Trade Secrets 180286 A S RCS RC, Richter Delete L.415: 04/20 08:02 PM

CS/SB 678 by BI, Diaz de la Portilla; (Similar to H 0677) Reciprocal Insurers

CS/CS/	SB 1372	by	CA,	EE, Gaetz	; (Similar	to CS/CS/	CS/H 1063) Government Accountability			
897662	Α	S		RS	RC,	Gaetz	btw L.382 - 383:	04/21	09:37	AM
287580	AA	S		RS	RC,	Gaetz	Delete L.23 - 27:	04/21	05:22	PΜ
958928	SA	S	L	RCS	RC,	Gaetz	btw L.382 - 383:	04/21	09:37	ΑM
381578	Α	S		RS	RC,	Gaetz	Delete L.408 - 649:	04/21	09:37	ΑM
533978	SA	S	L	RCS	RC,	Joyner	Delete L.408 - 744:	04/21	09:37	AM
278496	AA	S	L	RCS	RC,	Gaetz	Delete L.206 - 332:	04/21	09:37	AM

SB 796 by Evers; (Identical to H 4021) Financial Reporting

CS/HB 7111 by JDC, HHSC, Brodeur (CO-INTRODUCERS) Ahern, Albritton, Baxley, Broxson, Drake, Porter; Conscience Protection for Actions of Private Child-Placing Agencies 216086 A S RC, Soto Delete L.53 - 58: 04/17 11:06 AM 713894 A S RC, Soto btw L.78 - 79: 04/17 11:06 AM

 197050 A
 S L
 RC, Gibson
 Delete L.72:
 04/20 10:19 AM

 658136 A
 S L
 RC, Gibson
 Delete L.72:
 04/20 10:19 AM

 864054 A
 S L
 RC, Gibson
 Delete L.72:
 04/20 10:19 AM

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

RULES

Senator Simmons, Chair Senator Soto. Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Monday, April 20, 2015

TIME: 1:00 —5:00 p.m.

PLACE: Toni Jennings Committee Room, 110 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Simmons, Chair; Senator Soto, Vice Chair; Senators Benacquisto, Diaz de la Portilla, Gaetz,

Galvano, Gibson, Joyner, Latvala, Lee, Montford, Negron, and Richter

BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS TAB BILL NO. and INTRODUCER COMMITTEE ACTION **CS/CS/SB 360** 1 Public Records/Claim Settlement on Behalf of a Ward Favorable Governmental Oversight and or Minor; Providing an exemption from public records Yeas 13 Nays 0 Accountability / Children, Families, requirements for records relating to the settlement of and Elder Affairs / Stargel a claim on behalf of a ward or minor; authorizing a quardian ad litem, a ward, a minor, and a minor's (Similar CS/H 7, Compare CS/CS/CS/H 5, S 366, Link CS/S attorney to inspect quardianship reports and court records relating to the settlement of a claim on behalf 318) of a ward or minor upon a showing of good cause: authorizing the court to direct disclosure and recording of an amendment to a report or court records relating to the settlement of a claim on behalf of a ward or minor, in connection with real property or for other purposes; providing a statement of public necessity, etc. CF 02/19/2015 Fav/CS GO 04/07/2015 Fav/CS RC 04/20/2015 Favorable **CS/SB 476** 2 Mental Health; Adding a psychiatric nurse as a Favorable Health Policy / Grimsley person at a receiving facility authorized to perform a Yeas 13 Nays 0 (Similar CS/CS/H 335, Compare required examination of certain patients; prohibiting CS/H 547, CS/CS/S 7070) the release of a patient from a receiving facility that is owned or operated by a hospital or health system without specified approvals; authorizing the release of a patient by a psychiatric nurse under certain circumstances; prohibiting a psychiatric nurse from releasing a patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist without the psychiatrist's approval, etc. HP 03/23/2015 Fav/CS

04/09/2015 Favorable

04/20/2015 Favorable

CF

RC

Monday, April 20, 2015, 1:00 —5:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
3	CS/CS/SB 614 Regulated Industries / Health Policy / Grimsley (Compare H 161, CS/CS/H 281, CS/H 547, CS/CS/S 532, S 634)	Drug Prescription by Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioners and Physician Assistants; Expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; applying existing penalties for violations relating to the prescribing or dispensing of controlled substances to an advanced registered nurse practitioner, etc. HP 03/17/2015 Fav/CS RI 03/31/2015 Fav/CS RC 04/20/2015 Fav/CS	Fav/CS Yeas 11 Nays 2
4	CS/SB 738 Health Policy / Grimsley (Similar CS/CS/H 655)	Clinical Laboratories; Adding a consultant pharmacist or doctor of pharmacy licensed under chapter 465, F.S., to the definition of licensed practitioner; requiring clinical laboratories to make their services available to specified licensed practitioners; prohibiting such a clinical laboratory from charging different prices for its services based upon the chapter under which a practitioner is licensed, etc. HP 03/23/2015 Fav/CS FP 04/09/2015 Favorable RC 04/20/2015 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 12 Nays 0
5	CS/SB 946 Environmental Preservation and Conservation / Bullard (Identical CS/H 585)	Legal Holidays and Special Observances; Designating the second Monday in October of each year as "Sir Lancelot Jones Day" in Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties; encouraging public officials, schools, private organizations, and citizens in Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties to commemorate the occasion, etc. GO 03/10/2015 Favorable EP 04/08/2015 Favorable RC 04/20/2015 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 13 Nays 0
6	CS/SB 1224 Judiciary / Joyner (Similar CS/CS/CS/H 889)	Health Care Representatives; Providing an exception for a patient who has designated a surrogate to make health care decisions and receive health information without a determination of incapacity being required; revising provisions relating to the designation of health care surrogates; providing for the designation of health care surrogates for minors, etc. JU 03/31/2015 Fav/CS HP 04/07/2015 Fav/CS CS HP 04/20/2015 Fav/CS	Fav/CS Yeas 13 Nays 0

Monday, April 20, 2015, 1:00 —5:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
7	CS/CS/SB 564 Governmental Oversight and Accountability / Commerce and Tourism / Richter (Identical CS/CS/H 91, Compare CS/CS/H 93, Link CS/CS/S 566)	Trade Secrets; Including financial information in provisions prohibiting the theft, embezzlement, or unlawful copying of trade secrets; providing criminal penalties, etc. CM 03/30/2015 Fav/CS GO 04/07/2015 Fav/CS RC 04/20/2015 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 13 Nays 0
		110 0-1/20/2010 Tavolable	
8	CS/CS/SB 566 Governmental Oversight and Accountability / Commerce and Tourism / Richter (Similar CS/CS/H 93, Compare CS/CS/H 91, Link CS/CS/S 564)	Public Records and Meetings/Trade Secrets; Expanding public records exemptions for certain data processing software obtained by an agency, certain information held by a county tourism promotion agency, information related to trade secrets held by specified entities, and specified data, programs, or supporting documentation held by an agency; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemptions; providing a statement of public necessity, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 13 Nays 0
		CM 03/30/2015 Fav/CS GO 04/07/2015 Fav/CS RC 04/20/2015 Fav/CS	
9	CS/SB 678 Banking and Insurance / Diaz de la Portilla (Similar H 677)	Reciprocal Insurers; Authorizing domestic reciprocal insurers to return a portion of unassigned funds to their subscribers; providing limitations, etc. BI 03/04/2015 Fav/CS CM 03/16/2015 Favorable RC 04/20/2015 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 13 Nays 0
		C 04/20/2013 Favorable	
10	CS/CS/SB 1372 Community Affairs / Ethics and Elections / Gaetz (Similar CS/CS/CS/H 1063)	Government Accountability; Specifying that the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, or the designee of the Governor or of the Commissioner of Education may notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of an entity's failure to comply with certain auditing and financial reporting requirements; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; revising the responsibilities of the governing board of a charter school to include the establishment and maintenance of internal controls, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 13 Nays 0
		EE 03/24/2015 Fav/CS CA 03/31/2015 Fav/CS RC 04/15/2015 RC 04/20/2015 Fav/CS	

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Rules

Monday, April 20, 2015, 1:00 —5:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
11	SB 796 Evers (Identical H 4021)	Financial Reporting; Deleting provisions with respect to the preparation by certain condominium associations, cooperative associations, and homeowners' associations of annual reports of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of certain financial statements, etc.	Favorable Yeas 12 Nays 0
		RI 03/31/2015 Favorable JU 04/07/2015 Favorable RC 04/20/2015 Favorable	
12	CS/HB 7111, 1st Eng. Judiciary Committee / Health and Human Services Committee / Brodeur	Conscience Protection for Actions of Private Child-Placing Agencies; Prohibits specified actions from being taken against private child-placing agency that refuses to place child or be involved in placement of child or facilitate licensure of foster home which would violate agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies; provides that such refusal does not provide basis for claim for injunctive relief or compensatory or punitive damages.	Temporarily Postponed
		RC 04/20/2015 Temporarily Postponed	

S-036 (10/2008) Page 4 of 4

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prep	pared By	: The Profession	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules	S	
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 3	CS/CS/SB 360					
INTRODUCER:	Governmental Oversight and Accountability Committee; Children, Families and Elder Affairs Committee and Senator Stargel						
SUBJECT:	Public Recor	ds/Clai	m Settlement o	on Behalf of a Wa	ard or Minor		
DATE: April 17,		15	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
1. Preston		Hendon		CF	Fav/CS		
2. Peacock		McVaney		GO	Fav/CS		
3. Preston		Phelps		RC	Favorable		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 360 creates an exemption from public records requirements relating to the settlement of a claim on behalf of a ward or minor. Any document associated with the settlement is confidential and exempt from the public records provisions of s. 119.07(1), F.S., and Article I, section 24(a) of the Florida Constitution. The court may order partial or full disclosure of the confidential and exempt record to specified individuals upon a showing of good cause.

The bill provides a statement of public necessity as required by the State Constitution. Because the bill creates a new public records exemption, it requires a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting in each house of the Legislature for final passage.

The fiscal impact of the bill on state and local government is expected to be minimal.

II. Present Situation:

Settlements in Guardianship Cases

Litigation settlement agreements routinely include a provision that the terms will be held in confidence by all parties. Because an adult may settle a lawsuit without court approval, those confidentiality clauses are effective and enforceable.

However, a minor cannot settle a case valued in excess of \$15,000 without court approval.¹ The court approval process requires a petition setting forth the terms of the settlement and an order is eventually entered that also may contain the terms of settlement, or may refer to the petition.² The petition and the order are part of a court file, and therefore, are a matter of public record and open for inspection under current law.

Public Records Requirements

The Florida Constitution specifies requirements for public access to government records. It provides every person the right to inspect or copy any public record made or received in connection with the official business of any public body, officer, or employee of the state, or of persons acting on their behalf.³ The records of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches are specifically included.⁴

In addition to the Florida Constitution, the Florida Statutes specify conditions under which public access must be provided to government records. The Public Records Act⁵ guarantees every person's right to inspect and copy any state or local government public record⁶ at any reasonable time, under reasonable conditions, and under supervision by the custodian of the public record.⁷

Only the Legislature may create an exemption to public records requirements. Such an exemption must be created by general law and must specifically state the public necessity justifying the exemption. Further, the exemption must be no broader than necessary to accomplish the stated purpose of the law. A bill enacting an exemption may not contain other

¹ Section 744.301(2), F.S.

² Section 744.387, F.S.

³ FLA. CONST. art. I, s. 24(a).

⁴ *Id*.

⁵ Chapter 119, F.S.

⁶ Section 119.011(12), F.S., defines "public records" to mean "all documents, papers, letters, maps, books, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, data processing software, or other material, regardless of the physical form, characteristics, or means of transmission, made or received pursuant to law or ordinance or in connection with the transaction of official business by any agency." Section 119.011(2), F.S., defines "agency" to mean as "any state, county, district, authority, or municipal officer, department, division, board, bureau, commission, or other separate unit of government created or established by law including, for the purposes of this chapter, the Commission on Ethics, the Public Service Commission, and the Office of Public Counsel, and any other public or private agency, person, partnership, corporation, or business entity acting on behalf of any public agency." Chapter 119, F.S., does not apply to legislative or judicial records. See *Locke v. Hawkes*, 595 So. 2d 32 (Fla. 1992). The Legislature's records are public pursuant to section 11.0431, F.S.

⁸ FLA. CONST. art. I, s. 24(c). There is a difference between records the Legislature designates as exempt from public records requirements and those the Legislature designates confidential and exempt. A record classified as exempt from public disclosure may be disclosed under certain circumstances (see *WFTV*, *Inc. v. The School Board of Seminole*, 874 So. 2d 48 (Fla. 5th DCA 2004), review denied 892 So. 2d 1015 (Fla. 2004); *City of Riviera Beach v. Barfield*, 642 So. 2d 1135 (Fla. 4th DCA 2004); and *Williams v. City of Minneola*, 575 So. 2d 683 (Fla. 5th DCA 1991), review denied 575 So.2d 683 (Fla. 1991). If the Legislature designates a record as confidential and exempt from public disclosure, such record may not be released, by the custodian of public records, to anyone other than the persons or entities specifically designated in the statutory exemption. See Op. Att'y Gen. Fla. 85-62 (1985).

⁹ FLA. CONST. art. I, s. 24(c).

substantive provisions¹⁰ and must pass by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting in each house of the Legislature.¹¹

The Open Government Sunset Review Act prescribes a legislative review process for newly created or substantially amended public records or open meetings exemptions. ¹² It requires the automatic repeal of such exemption on October 2nd of the fifth year after creation or substantial amendment, unless the Legislature reenacts the exemption. ¹³

Court Records

Florida courts have consistently held that the judiciary is not an "agency" for purposes of ch. 119, F.S.¹⁴ However, the Florida Supreme Court found that "both civil and criminal proceedings in Florida are public events" and that the court will "adhere to the well-established common law right of access to court proceedings and records." There is a Florida constitutional guarantee of access to judicial records. The constitutional provision provides for public access to judicial records, except for those records expressly exempted by the State Constitution, Florida law in effect on July 1, 1993, court rules in effect on November 3, 1992, or by future acts of the legislature in accordance with the Constitution.¹⁷

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 744.3701, F.S., to provide that any court record relating to the settlement of a ward's or minor's claim, including a petition for approval of a settlement on behalf of a ward or minor, a report of a guardian ad litem relating to a pending settlement, or an order approving a settlement on behalf of a ward or minor, is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), F.S., and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and may not be disclosed except as specifically authorized.

Because the record is made confidential and exempt, it may not be disclosed except as provided in law. Current law allows the court, the clerk of court, the guardian, the guardian's attorney, the ward, unless the ward is a minor or has been determined to be totally incapacitated, and the ward's attorney to review the guardianship court file. The bill amends s. 744.3701, F.S., to provide that the guardianship report or any court record relating to the settlement of a claim may also be disclosed to the guardian ad litem, if one has been appointed, related to the settlement, to the ward if he or she is 14 years of age or older and has not been declared totally incapacitated, the minor if he or she is at least 14 years of age, and to the attorney representing the minor. The record may also be disclosed as ordered by the court.

¹⁰ *Id.* The bill, however, may contain multiple exemptions that relate to one subject.

¹¹ FLA. CONST. art. I, s. 24(c).

¹² Section 119.15, F.S.

¹³ Section 119.15(3), F.S.

¹⁴ See *Times Publishing Co. v. Ake*, 660 So. 2d 255 (Fla. 1995).

¹⁵ See Barron v. Florida Freedom Newspapers, Inc., 531 So. 2d 113, 116 (Fla. 1988).

¹⁶ FLA. CONST. art. I, s. 24(a).

¹⁷ FLA. CONST. art. I, ss. 24(c) and (d).

Section 2 provides a statement of public necessity as required by the Florida Constitution. The bill states that it is a public necessity to keep confidential and exempt from public disclosure any court record relating to the settlement of a ward's or minor's claim, including a petition for approval of a settlement on behalf of a ward or minor, a report of a guardian ad litem relating to a pending settlement, or an order approving a settlement on behalf of a ward or minor. The information contained in these records is of a sensitive, personal nature and its disclosure could jeopardize the physical safety and financial security of the minor or ward. In order to protect minors, wards, and others who could be at risk upon disclosure of a settlement, it is necessary to ensure that only those interested persons who are involved in settlement proceedings or the administration of the guardianship have access to reports and records.

Section 3 provides that the bill will take effect on the same date as SB 318 or similar legislation takes effect if such legislation is adopted in the same session. As filed, SB 318 has an effective date of July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

Vote Requirement

Article I, s. 24(c) of the State Constitution requires a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting for final passage of a newly created or expanded public record or public meeting exemption. The bill expands a public record exemption related to certain settlements, and therefore it requires a two-thirds vote for final passage.

Public Necessity Statement

Article I, s. 24(c) of the State Constitution requires a public necessity statement for a newly created or expanded public record or public meeting exemption. The bill expands a public record exemption related to certain settlements, and it includes a public necessity statement.

Breadth of Exemption

Article I, s. 24(c) of the State Constitution requires a newly created public record or public meeting exemption to be no broader than necessary to accomplish the stated purpose of the law. The bill creates a public record exemption related to certain settlements. The exemption does not appear to be in conflict with the constitutional requirement that the exemption be no broader than necessary to accomplish its purpose.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill may lead to a minimal fiscal impact on the affected portions of the government, in this case, the court system and clerks of court. Staff responsible for complying with public record requests could require training related to expansion of the public record exemption, and court and clerk offices could incur costs associated with redacting the confidential and exempt information prior to releasing a record. The costs, however, would be absorbed, as they are part of the day-to-day responsibilities of the court system and clerks. The Office of the State Courts Administrator indicates that SB 360 will require the courts to make a determination as to whether good cause exists to release a guardianship report or record related to the settlement of a claim and this may result in an increase in judicial workload. The extent of such workload increase is not known, but it is expected to be manageable within existing resources.¹⁸

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The Open Government Sunset Review Act is not applicable to an exemption that applies solely to the State Court System.¹⁹

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following s. 744.3701 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Governmental Oversight and Accountability on April 7, 2015:

The committee substitute amends section 3 of the bill and provides that the bill will become effective the same date that SB 318 or similar legislation takes effect.

¹⁸ Office of the State Courts Administrator 2015 Judicial Impact Statement dated April 4, 2015, on file with the Governmental Oversight and Accountability Committee.

¹⁹ Section 119.15(2), F.S.

CS by Children, Families on February 19, 2015:

The Committee Substitute:

• Clarifies that it is the court records relating to the settlement of a ward's or minor's claim that are confidential and exempt.

• Adds the bill number of the linked bill.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for CS for SB 360

By the Committees on Governmental Oversight and Accountability; and Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; and Senator Stargel

585-03640-15 2015360c2

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to public records; amending s.
744.3701, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for records relating to the settlement of a claim on behalf of a ward or minor; authorizing a guardian ad litem, a ward, a minor, and a minor's attorney to inspect guardianship reports and court records relating to the settlement of a claim on behalf of a ward or minor upon a showing of good cause; authorizing the court to direct disclosure and recording of an amendment to a report or court records relating to the settlement of a claim on behalf of a ward or minor, in connection with real property or for other purposes; providing a statement of public necessity; providing a contingent effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 744.3701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

744.3701 Confidentiality Inspection of report.

(1) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, upon a showing of good cause, an any initial, annual, or final guardianship report or amendment thereto, or a court record relating to the settlement of a claim, is subject to inspection only by the court; the clerk or the clerk's representative; the guardian and the guardian's attorney; with respect to the settlement of the claim, the guardian ad litem; and the ward, if, unless he or she is at least 14 years of age and has not a minor or has

Page 1 of 3

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for CS for SB 360

585-03640-15 2015360C
been determined to be totally incapacitated, and $\underline{ ext{his}}$ or $\underline{ ext{he}}$
<pre>ward's attorney; and the minor, if he or she is at least 14</pre>
years of age, and the attorney representing the minor with
respect to his or her claim, or as otherwise provided by this
chapter.
(2) The court may direct disclosure and recording of parts
of an initial, annual, or final report or amendment thereto, or
a court record relating to the settlement of a claim, including
a petition for approval of a settlement on behalf of a ward or
minor, a report of a guardian ad litem relating to a pending
settlement, or an order approving a settlement on behalf of a
ward or minor, in connection with \underline{a} any real property
transaction or for such other purpose as the court allows , in
its discretion.
(3) A court record relating to the settlement of a ward's
or minor's claim, including a petition for approval of a
settlement on behalf of a ward or minor; a report of a guardian
ad litem relating to a pending settlement; or an order approving
a settlement on behalf of a ward or minor, is confidential and
exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I
of the State Constitution and may not be disclosed except as
specifically authorized.
Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public
necessity that a court record relating to the settlement of a
ward's or minor's claim, including a petition for approval of a
settlement on behalf of a ward or minor, a report of a guardian
ad litem relating to a pending settlement, or an order approving

Page 2 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

<u>a settlement on behalf of a ward or minor, be made confidential</u> and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a),

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for CS for SB 360

585-03640-15 2015360c2 59 Art. I of the State Constitution. The information contained in 60 these records is of a sensitive, personal nature, and its 61 disclosure could jeopardize the physical safety and financial 62 security of the minor or ward. In order to protect minors, 63 wards, and others who could be at risk upon disclosure of a settlement, it is necessary to ensure that only those interested 64 65 persons who are involved in settlement proceedings or the administration of the guardianship have access to reports and 67 records. The Legislature finds that the court retaining discretion to direct disclosure of these records is a fair 68 69 alternative to public access. 70

Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date that SB 318 or similar legislation takes effect if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes law.

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Page 3 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Higher Education, Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Education
Fiscal Policy
Judiciary
Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic
Security
Regulated Industries

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

SENATOR KELLI STARGEL 15th District

April 20, 2015

Chairman Simmons 420 Senate Office Bldg

Dear Chair Simmons:

I am requesting permission for my LA to present my bill during the Rules Committee. During this committee timeframe, I will be attending the Fiscal Policy Committee and presenting several bills.

2KP

With your permission, Rachel Barnes or Katie Martin will be presenting SB 360, dealing with Public Records/Claim Settlement on Behalf of a Ward or Minor. Thank you for this consideration,

Sincerely,

Kelli Stargel

State Senator, District 15

Cc: John Phelps / Rules Staff Director

Cissy DuBose / CAA

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Schlemants	of Minors		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Britany 1	Ankbeine		
Job Title			
Address			Phone
Street			Email
City	State	Zip	/
Speaking: For Against	Information	Waive Spe (The Chair t	aking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Peal Pro</u> Appearing at request of Chair:	Forty Probak	4 Trust	Law Section
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes Vo	Lobbyist register	red with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Higher Education, Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Education
Fiscal Policy
Judiciary
Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic
Security
Regulated Industries

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

SENATOR KELLI STARGEL 15th District

April 10, 2015

The Honorable David Simmons Senate Rules Committee, Chair 400 Senate Office Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Chair Simmons:

I am respectfully requesting that SB 360, related to *Public Records/Claim Settlement on Behalf of a Ward or Minor*, be placed on the committee agenda at your earliest convenience.

Thank you for your consideration and please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Kelli Stargel

State Senator, District 15

Cc: John Phelps/ Staff Director Cissy DuBose/ AA

REPLY TO:

2033 East Edgewood Drive, Suite 1, Lakeland, Florida 33803.

324 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5015

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Pr	epared By: The Professiona	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules			
BILL:	CS/SB 476	CS/SB 476					
INTRODUCER:	Health Policy Committee and Senator Grimsley						
SUBJECT:	Mental Hea	alth					
DATE:	April 17, 20	015 REVISED:					
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION			
1. Harper		Stovall	HP	Fav/CS			
2. Crosier		Hendon	CF	Favorable			
3. Harper		Phelps	RC	Favorable			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 476 increases the qualifications for a psychiatric nurse acting pursuant to the Baker Act. The bill requires a psychiatric nurse to be an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012, F.S., and to hold a national advanced practice certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse.

The bill authorizes expanded practice for a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of a protocol with a psychiatrist. Such psychiatric nurses may examine a patient for whom involuntary examination has been initiated at a receiving facility.

The bill authorizes psychiatric nurses to release Baker Act patients from involuntary examination in a receiving facility only if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital or health system and the psychiatric nurse is performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist. A psychiatric nurse may only release a patient whose involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist upon approval of that psychiatrist.

These modifications to the Baker Act are expected to ease staffing constraints at receiving facilities so that patients who are appropriate for release are timely released, thereby expanding capacity for others needing involuntary examination.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

The Florida Mental Health Act

In 1971, the Florida Legislature passed the Florida Mental Health Act (also known as "The Baker Act") to address mental health needs in the state. Part I of ch. 394, F.S., provides authority and process for the voluntary and involuntary examination of persons with evidence of a mental illness and the subsequent inpatient or outpatient placement of individuals for treatment.

Current law provides that an involuntary examination may be initiated for a person if there is reason to believe the person has a mental illness and because of the illness:²

- The person has refused a voluntary examination after explanation of the purpose of the exam, or is unable to determine for themselves that an examination is needed; and
- The person is likely to suffer from self-neglect, cause substantial harm to himself or herself, or be a danger to himself or herself or others.

An involuntary examination may be initiated by a circuit court or a law enforcement officer.³ A circuit court may enter an ex parte order stating a person meets the criteria for involuntary examination. A law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10, F.S., may take a person into custody who appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination and transport that person to a receiving facility for examination. In addition, the following professionals, when they have examined a person within the preceding 48 hours, may issue a certificate stating that the person meets the criteria for involuntary examination:⁴

- A physician licensed under ch. 458, F.S., or ch. 459, F.S., who has experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders.
- A physician employed by a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs which qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility.
- A clinical psychologist, as defined in s. 490.003(7), F.S., with 3 years of postdoctoral experience in the practice of clinical psychology, inclusive of the experience required for licensure, or a psychologist employed by a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs that qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility.
- A psychiatric nurse licensed under part I of ch. 464, F.S., who has a master's degree or a doctorate in psychiatric nursing and 2 years of post-master's clinical experience under the supervision of a physician.
- A mental health counselor licensed under ch. 491, F.S.
- A marriage and family therapist licensed under ch. 491, F.S.
- A clinical social worker licensed under ch. 491, F.S.

The Department of Children and Families (DCF) administers the Baker Act through receiving facilities which provide for the examination of persons with evidence of a mental illness.

¹ Section 1, ch. 71-131, L.O.F.

² Section 394.463(1), F.S.

³ Section 394.463(2)(a), F.S.

⁴ *Id.* and s. 394.455, F.S.

Receiving facilities are designated by DCF and may be public or private facilities which provide the examination and short-term treatment of persons who meet criteria under the Baker Act.⁵

A patient taken to a receiving facility must be examined by a physician or clinical psychologist. Upon the order of a physician, the patient may be given emergency treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary.⁶ Subsequent to examination at a receiving facility, a person who requires further treatment may be transported to a treatment facility. Treatment facilities designated by DCF are state hospitals (e.g., Florida State Hospital) which provide extended treatment and hospitalization beyond what is provided in a receiving facility.⁷

To be released by the receiving facility, the patient must have documented approval from a psychiatrist, clinical psychologist, or, if the receiving facility is a hospital, by an attending emergency department physician.⁸ The statute does not allow the release of a patient by a psychiatric nurse. However, receiving facilities are prohibited from holding a patient for involuntary examination for longer than 72 hours.⁹

Psychiatric Nurses

In Florida, a psychiatric nurse is a registered nurse licensed under part I of ch. 464, F.S., who has a master's degree or a doctorate in psychiatric nursing and 2 years of post-master's clinical experience under the supervision of a physician. ¹⁰ Currently, there are 590 psychiatric nurses in Florida. ¹¹

Psychiatric-Mental Health Nurse Practitioner Certification

In Florida, psychiatric nurses are not required to hold a national advanced practice certification. However, if a nurse chooses to become certified as a Psychiatric–Mental Health Nurse Practitioner, he or she must meet certain eligibility requirements as determined by the America Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC). To be eligible for national certification an individual must:¹²

- Hold a current, active RN license;
- Hold a master's, postgraduate, or doctoral degree from an accredited family psychiatric-mental health nurse practitioner program;
- Have a minimum of 500 faculty-supervised clinical hours in the nursing program;
- Complete specified graduate-level courses; and
- Complete clinical training in at least two psychotherapeutic treatment modalities.

⁵ Section 394.455(26), F.S

⁶ Section 394.463(2)(f), F.S.

⁷ Section 394.455(32), F.S.

⁸ Section 394.463(2)(f), F.S.

⁹ *Id*.

¹⁰ Section 394.455(23), F.S.

¹¹ Florida House of Representatives, Health & Human Services Committee, *CS/CS/HB 335 Staff Analysis*, (Mar. 16, 2015), *available at* http://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2015/0335/?Tab=Analyses (last visited April 5, 2015).

¹² American Nurses Credentialing Center; Psychiatric-Mental Health Nurse Practitioner Certification Eligibility Criteria, (2014), *available at* http://www.nursecredentialing.org/FamilyPsychNP-Eligibility.aspx (last visited April 5, 2015).

Eligible candidates may take a national certification examination developed by the ANCC. If certified, the individual must provide 1,000 clinical hours of patient care and log 75 hours of continuing education every 5 years. Certified psychiatric nurses must be recertified every 5 years.¹³

Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioners

Part I of ch. 464, F.S., governs the licensure and regulation of nurses in Florida. Nurses are licensed by the Department of Health (DOH) and are regulated by the Board of Nursing (board). Licensure requirements to practice advanced and specialized nursing include completion of education requirements, ¹⁴ demonstration of passage of a DOH approved examination, a clean criminal background screening, and payment of applicable fees. Renewal is biennial and contingent upon completion of certain continuing medical education requirements. For an applicant to be eligible to be certified as an ARNP, the applicant must: ¹⁵

- Hold a current, active registered nurse (RN) license;
- Hold a master's degree in a nursing clinical specialty area with preparation in specialized practitioner skills; and
- Submit proof to the board that the applicant holds a current national advanced practice certification from a board-approved nursing specialty board.

Current law defines three categories of ARNPs: certified registered nurse anesthetists, certified nurse midwives, and nurse practitioners. ¹⁶ All ARNPs, regardless of practice category, may only practice within the framework of an established protocol and under the supervision of an allopathic or osteopathic physician or a dentist. ¹⁷

ARNPs may carry out treatments as specified in statute, including: 18

- Monitoring and altering drug therapies;
- Initiating appropriate therapies for certain conditions;
- Performing additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2), F.S.; and
- Ordering diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

In addition to the above allowed acts, ARNPs may also perform other acts as authorized by statute and within his or her specialty. ¹⁹ Further, if it is within the ARNPs established protocol, the ARNP may evaluate behavioral problems, diagnose, and make treatment recommendations. ²⁰

¹³ American Nurses Credentialing Center, *FAQs about Advanced Practice Psychiatric Nurses*, (2009) *available at* http://www.apna.org/i4a/pages/index.cfm?pageid=3866 (last visited April 5, 2015).

¹⁴ Rule 64B9-4.003, F.A.C., provides that an Advanced Nursing Program shall be at least 1 year long and shall include theory in the biological, behavioral, nursing and medical sciences relevant to the area of advanced practice in addition to clinical expertise with a qualified preceptor.

¹⁵ Section 464.012(1), F.S., and Rule 64B9-4.002, F.A.C.

¹⁶ Section 464.012(2), F.S.

¹⁷ Section 464.012(3), F.S.

¹⁸ *Id*.

¹⁹ Section 464.012(4), F.S.

²⁰ Section 464.012(4)(c)5, F.S.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 394.455, F.S., by redefining "psychiatric nurse" to mean:

An advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012, F.S., who has a master's degree or doctoral degree in psychiatric nursing, holds a national advanced practice certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse, and has 2 years of post-master's clinical experience under the supervision of a physician.

A psychiatric nurse is currently authorized in part I of ch. 394, F.S., to perform:

- Assessment of a mental health resident and determination of appropriateness for the mental health resident to reside in an assisted living facility that holds a limited mental health license.²¹
- Initiation of an involuntary examination by executing a certificate stating that he or she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which that conclusion is based.²²
- Providing a second opinion in support of a recommendation for involuntary outpatient placement of a patient if the receiving facility is in a county having a population of fewer than 50,000 and a facility administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion.²³
- Deeming services in an involuntary outpatient treatment plan to be clinically appropriate.²⁴
- Providing a second opinion in support of a recommendation for involuntary inpatient placement of a patient if the receiving facility is in a county having a population of fewer than 50,000 and a facility administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion.²⁵

These functions will now be performed by an ARNP who holds a national advanced practice certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse.

Section 2 amends s. 394.463, F.S., to authorize psychiatric nurses to examine patients at a receiving facility and to approve the release of patients from a receiving facility within the framework of a protocol with a psychiatrist. This provision adds psychiatric nurses to the limited group of health care providers who may release a patient from a receiving facility.

A psychiatric nurse may approve the release of a patient from a receiving facility only if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital or health system and the psychiatric nurse is performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient when the involuntary examination has been initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist.

²¹ Section 394.4574, F.S.

²² Section 394.463, F.S.

²³ Section 394.4655(2)(a)1, F.S.

²⁴ Section 394.4655(2)(a)3, F.S.

²⁵ Section 394.467(2), F.S.

Section 3 provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Current psychiatric nurses who are not ARNPs and/or not certified as psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurses will incur costs in order to attain the required certification(s).

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 394.455 and 394.463.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Health Policy on March 23, 2015

The CS reinstates the term "psychiatric nurse" and revises the definition of "psychiatric nurse." The CS authorizes a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist to examine a patient in a receiving facility and approve release of a patient from a receiving facility if the receiving facility is owned and operated by a hospital or a health system. The CS provides that a psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient when the involuntary examination has been initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist.

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None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 476

By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Grimsley

588-02741A-15 2015476c1 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to mental health; amending s. 394.455, F.S.; redefining the term "psychiatric nurse"; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; adding a psychiatric nurse as a person at a receiving facility authorized to perform a required examination of certain patients; prohibiting the release of a patient from a receiving facility that is owned or operated by a hospital or health system without specified approvals; authorizing the release of a patient by a psychiatric nurse under certain circumstances; prohibiting a psychiatric nurse from releasing a patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist without the psychiatrist's approval; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (23) of section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:

(23) "Psychiatric nurse" means an advanced a registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 who has a master's or doctoral degree in psychiatric nursing, holds a national advanced practice certification as a psychiatric-mental health advanced practice nurse, licensed under part I of chapter 464 who has a master's degree or a doctorate in psychiatric nursing and has 2 years of post-master's clinical experience under the

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 476

supervision of a physician.

Section 2. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section

32 394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

33 394.463 Involuntary examination.—

34 (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION.—

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(f) A patient shall be examined by a physician, a or clinical psychologist, or a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist at a receiving facility without unnecessary delay and may, upon the order of a physician, be given emergency treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or, if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital or health system, the release may also be approved by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist or an attending emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders and after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient when the involuntary examination has been initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist. However, a patient may not be held in a receiving facility for involuntary examination longer than 72 hours.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

То:	Senator David Simmons, Chair Committee on Rules					
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request					
Date:	April 9, 2015					
I respectfi on the:	ally request that Senate Bill #476 , relating to the Florida Mental Health Act, be placed					
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.					
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.					

Senator Denise Grimsley Florida Senate, District 21

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Р	repared By	r: The Professiona	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rule	S
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 614					
INTRODUCER:	Rules Committee, Regulated Industries Committee, Health Policy Committee and Senator Grimsley					
SUBJECT:	Health Care					
DATE:	April 22, 2015 REVISED:					
ANALYST		STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Stovall		Stovall		HP	Fav/CS	
. Kraemer		Imhof		RI	Fav/CS	
. Stovall		Phelps		RC	Fav/CS	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/CS/SB 614 authorizes physician assistants (PAs) and advanced registered nurse practitioners (ARNPs) to prescribe controlled substances under current supervisory standards for PAs and protocols for ARNPs, as well as additional conditions. Prescriptions for controlled substances in Schedule II are limited to a 7-day supply, limitations are imposed on prescribing psychotropic medications to children under 18 years of age, and additional limitations may be imposed pursuant to a formulary applicable to practice as a PA or an ARNP. A PA and ARNP may not prescribe controlled substances in a pain management clinic and the practice of interventional pain medicine, as defined in the bill, is limited. The bill requires PAs and ARNPs to complete three hours of continuing education biennially on the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances.

The bill also facilitates access to medications through an expedited override process for or bypass of step-therapy or fail-first protocols that are imposed by Medicaid managed care plans, health insurers, and health maintenance organizations. Beginning January 1, 2016, health insurers and pharmacy benefits managers which do not use an online prior authorization form must use a standardized prior authorize form that has been adopted by rules of the Financial Services Commission. If a health insurer or health maintenance organization verified the eligibility of an insured at the time of treatment, it may not retroactively deny a claim because of the insured's ineligibility.

A hospital is required to notify each obstetrical physician with privileges at that hospital at least 90 days before it closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services. The bill repeals a provision designating certain hospitals as provider hospitals, which have special requirements for cesarean section operations that are paid for by the state, including a review board for such operations.

The bill has an insignificant fiscal impact on governmental entities arising from rulemaking and potential disciplinary action.

Most of the bill becomes effective upon becoming law. However, the authority for a PA or an ARNP to prescribe controlled substances in accordance with the bill becomes effective January 1, 2016,

II. Present Situation:

Unlike all other states, Florida does not allow ARNPs to prescribe controlled substances and is one of two states that does not allow PAs to prescribe controlled substances. The states have varying permissions with respect to the Schedules from which an ARNP or PA may prescribe as well as the additional functions which may be performed, such as dispensing, administering, or handling samples.

According to a recent study commissioned by the Safety Net Hospital Alliance of Florida:³

Florida's total current supply of primary care physicians falls short of the number needed to provide a national average level of care by approximately 6 percent. Under a traditional definition of primary care specialties (i.e., general and family practice, general internal medicine, general pediatrics and geriatric medicine) supply falls short of demand by approximately 3 percent. [Based on simulation models, the report concludes that] over the next several years, this shortfall will grow slightly as more people obtain insurance coverage as mandated by the federal Affordable Care Act. However, if current trends continue, this shortfall should disappear within a decade. While supply may be adequate at the state level to provide a national average level of care, there is substantial geographic variation in adequacy of care.

Regulation of Physician Assistants in Florida

Chapter 458, F.S., sets forth the provisions for the regulation of the practice of medicine by the Board of Medicine. Chapter 459, F.S., similarly sets forth the provisions for the regulation of the practice of osteopathic medicine by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine. Physician assistants are

¹ DEA Diversion Control, U.S. Department of Justice, *Mid-Level Practitioners Authorization by State*, (last updated March 12, 2015), *available at* http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/drugreg/practioners/mlp_by_state.pdf, (last visited Mar. 28, 2015). Kentucky does not allow PAs to prescribe controlled substances.

² Controlled substances are assigned to Schedules I - V based on their accepted medical use and potential for abuse.

³ IHS Global Inc., Florida Statewide and Regional Physician Workforce Analysis: Estimating Current and Forecasting Future Supply and Demand, (January 28, 2015), as presented to the Senate Health Policy Committee on Feb. 17, 2015). The report is available in the committee meeting packet at: http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Committees/2014-2016/HP/MeetingRecords/MeetingPacket 2854 4.pdf, at page 139 (last visited Mar. 28, 2015).

regulated by both boards. Licensure of PAs is overseen jointly by the boards through the Council on Physician Assistants. During Fiscal Year 2013-2014, there were 6,118 in-state, actively licensed PAs in Florida. 5

Physician assistants are trained and required by statute to work under the supervision and control of medical physicians or osteopathic physicians.⁶ The Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine have adopted rules that set out the general principles a supervising physicians must use in developing the scope of practice of the PA under both direct⁷ and indirect⁸ supervision. A supervising physician's decision to permit a PA to perform a task or procedure under direct or indirect supervision must be based on reasonable medical judgment regarding the probability of morbidity and mortality to the patient. The supervising physician must be certain that the PA is knowledgeable and skilled in performing the tasks and procedures assigned.⁹ Each physician or group of physicians supervising a licensed PA must be qualified in the medical areas in which the PA is to perform and is individually or collectively responsible and liable for the performance and the acts and omissions of the PA.¹⁰

Current law allows a supervisory physician to delegate authority to prescribe or dispense any medication used in the physician's practice, except controlled substances, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials. However, the law allows a supervisory physician to delegate authority to a PA to order any medication, which would include controlled substances, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials, during the period a physician's patient stays in a hospital, ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility licensed under ch. 395, F.S. 12

Regulation of Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioners in Florida

Chapter 464, F.S., governs the licensure and regulation of nurses in Florida. Nurses are licensed by the Department of Health and are regulated by the Board of Nursing.¹³ During Fiscal Year

⁴ The council consists of three physicians who are members of the Board of Medicine; one physician who is a member of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine; and a physician assistant appointed by the State Surgeon General. *See* s. 458.347(9), F.S., and s. 459.022(9), F.S.

⁵ Florida Department of Health, Division of Medical Quality Assurance, *Annual Report and Long Range Plan Fiscal Year 2013-2014*, p. 14, available at: http://mqawebteam.com/annualreports/1314/#1/z, (last visited Mar. 28, 2015).

⁶ See s. 458.347(4), F.S., and s. 459.022(4), F.S.

⁷ "Direct supervision" requires the physician to be on the premises and immediately available. *See* Rules 64B8-30.001(4) and 64B15-6.001(4), F.A.C.

⁸ "Indirect supervision" requires the physician to be within reasonable physical proximity and available to communicate by telecommunications. *See* Rules 64B8-30.001(5) and 64B15-6.001(5), F.A.C.

⁹ Rules 64B8-30.012(2) and 64B15-6.010(2), F.A.C.

¹⁰ See s. 458.347(3) and (15), F.S., and s. 459.022(3) and (15), F.S.

¹¹ See s. 458.347(4)(e) and (f)1., F.S., and s. 459.022(4)(e), F.S.

¹² See s. 395.002(16), F.S.

¹³ The Board of Nursing is comprised of 13 members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate who serve 4-year terms. Seven of the 13 members must be nurses who reside in Florida and have been engaged in the practice of professional nursing for at least 4 years. Of those seven members, one must be an advanced registered nurse practitioner, one a nurse educator at an approved nursing program, and one a nurse executive. Three members must be licensed practical nurses who reside in the state and have engaged in the practice of practical nursing for at least 4 years. The remaining three members must be Florida residents who have never been licensed as nurses and are in no way connected to the practice of nursing, any health care facility, agency, or insurer. Additionally, one member must be 60 years of age or older. *See* s. 464.004(2), F.S.

2013-2014, there were 16,887 in-state, actively licensed ARNPs in Florida. 14

An ARNP is a licensed nurse who is certified in advanced or specialized nursing.¹⁵ Florida recognizes three types of ARNPs: nurse practitioner (NP), certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), and certified nurse midwife (CNM).¹⁶ To be certified as an ARNP, a nurse must hold a current license as a registered nurse¹⁷ and submit proof to the Board of Nursing that he or she meets one of the following requirements:¹⁸

- Satisfactory completion of a formal post basic educational program of specialized or advanced nursing practice;
- Certification by an appropriate specialty board; ¹⁹ or
- Completion of a master's degree program in the appropriate clinical specialty with preparation in specialty-specific skills.

Advanced or specialized nursing acts may only be performed under protocol of a supervising physician. Within the established framework of the protocol, an ARNP may:²⁰

- Monitor and alter drug therapies;
- Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions; and
- Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

The statute further describes additional acts that may be performed within an ARNP's specialty certification (CRNA, CNM, and NP).²¹

ARNPs must meet financial responsibility requirements, as determined by rule of the Board of Nursing, and the practitioner profiling requirements.²² The Board of Nursing requires professional liability coverage of at least \$100,000 per claim with a minimum annual aggregate

¹⁴ See supra note 5. Twenty-four ARNPs are also actively licensed as Certified Nurse Specialists (ARNP/CNS).

¹⁵ Section 464.003(2), F.S., defines advanced specialized nursing practice as the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the Board of Nursing which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training and experience, are appropriately performed by an ARNP.

¹⁶ See s. 464.003(3), F.S. Florida certifies clinical nurse specialists as a category distinct from ARNPs. (See s. 464.003(7), F.S., and s. 464.0115, F.S.).

¹⁷ Section 464.003(20), F.S., defines the practice of professional nursing as actions requiring substantial specialized knowledge, judgment, and nursing skill, based upon psychological, biological, physical, and social sciences principles, including but not limited to the:

⁽a) Observation, assessment, diagnosis, planning, intervention, and evaluation of care; health teaching and counseling of the ill, injured, or infirm; and the promotion of wellness, maintenance of health, and prevention of illness of others;

⁽b) Administration of medications and treatments as prescribed or authorized by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe such medications and treatments; and

⁽c) Supervision and teaching of other personnel in the theory and performance of any of these acts.

¹⁸ See s. 464.012(1), F.S.

¹⁹ Specialty boards expressly recognized by the Board of Nursing include: Council on Certification of Nurse Anesthetists, or Council on Recertification of Nurse Anesthetists; American College of Nurse Midwives; American Nurses Association (American Nurses Credentialing Center); National Certification Corporation for OB/GYN, Neonatal Nursing Specialties; National Board of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners and Associates; National Board for Certification of Hospice and Palliative Nurses; American Academy of Nurse Practitioners; Oncology Nursing Certification Corporation; and the American Association of Critical-Care Nurses Adult Acute Care Nurse Practitioner Certification. *See* Rule 64B9-4.002(3), F.A.C.
²⁰ See Section 464.012(3), F.S.

²¹ See Section 464.012(4), F.S.

²² See s. 456.048, F.S., and s. 456.041, F.S.

of at least \$300,000 or an unexpired irrevocable letter of credit in the same amounts payable to the ARNP.²³

Florida does not authorize ARNPs to prescribe controlled substances.²⁴ However, s. 464.012(4)(a), F.S., provides express authority for a CRNA to order certain controlled substances "to the extent authorized by established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed"

Educational Preparation

Physician Assistants

The American Academy of Physician Assistants has summarized physician assistant education as follows:²⁵

PA program applicants must complete at least two years of college courses in basic science and behavioral science as prerequisites to PA training. This is analogous to premedical studies required of medical students. PA students often take classes and do clinical rotations side by side with medical students.

The average length of PA education programs is about 26 months. Students begin their course of study with a year of basic medical science classes (anatomy, pathophysiology, pharmacology, physical diagnosis, etc.) After the science classroom work, PA students enter the clinical phase of training. This includes classroom instruction and clinical rotations in medical and surgical specialties (family medicine, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, general surgery, emergency medicine and psychiatry). Due to these demanding rotation requirements, PA students will have completed at least 2,000 hours of supervised clinical practice by the time they graduate.

PA education is well-structured and focused; it is recognized as highly innovative, efficient and effective. It is competency-based, meaning that students must demonstrate proficiency in various areas of medical knowledge and must meet behavioral and clinical learning objectives. Many other professions also offer competency-based degrees, including the MD, DO and DDS.

PA programs are accredited by the independent Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant (ARC-PA), which is sponsored by the American Medical Association, American Academy of Family Physicians, American College of Surgeons, American Academy of Pediatrics, American College of Physicians, Physician Assistant Education Association and American Academy of Physician Assistants.

²³ See Rule 64B9-4.002(5), F.A.C.

²⁴ See s. 93.02(21), F.S., and s. 893.05(1), F.S.

²⁵ See American Academy of Physician Assistants, *PA Education - Preparation for Excellence – Issue Brief* (March 2014), (on file with the Senate Committee on Regulated Industries), and American Academy of Physician Assistants, *PAs as Prescribers of Controlled Medications – Issue Brief* (June 2014), (on file with the Senate Committee on Regulated Industries).

Accreditation standards are rigorous, and although all accredited PA programs must meet the same educational standards, they have the flexibility to offer a variety of academic degrees. More than ninety percent of PA programs offer a master's degree. However, graduation from an accredited PA education program remains the definitive credential. Regardless of the degree awarded, only graduates of accredited programs are eligible to sit for the Physician Assistant National Certifying Examination administered by the independent National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants (NCCPA). PAs must recertify with NCCPA every ten years.

All PA educational programs have pharmacology courses and, nationally, the average amount of required formal classroom instruction in pharmacology is 75 hours. This does not include instruction in pharmacology that students receive during clinical medicine coursework and clinical clerkships. Based on national data, the mean amount of total instruction in clinical medicine (the course focus is patient evaluation and management in cardiology, pediatric medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, orthopedics, etc.) is 358.9 hours, and the average length of required clinical clerkships in PA programs is 48.5 weeks. A significant percentage of time is focused on patient management, including pharmacotherapeutics.

Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioners²⁶

Applicants for Florida licensure who graduated on or after October 1, 1998, must have completed requirements for a master's degree or post-master's degree.²⁷ Applicants who graduated before that date, may be or may have been eligible through a certificate program.²⁸

The curriculum of a program leading to an advanced degree must include, among other things: ²⁹

- Theory and directed clinical experience in physical and biopsychosocial assessment;
- Interviewing and communication skills relevant to obtaining and maintaining a health history;
- Pharmacotherapeutics, including selecting, prescribing, initiating, and modifying medications in the management of health and illness;
- Selecting, initiating and modifying diets and therapies in the management of health and illness;
- Performance of specialized diagnostic tests that are essential to the area of advanced practice.
- Differential diagnosis pertinent to the specialty area;
- Interpretation of laboratory findings;
- Management of selected diseases and illnesses;
- Professional socialization and role realignment;
- Legal implications of the advanced nursing practice and nurse practitioner role;
- Health delivery systems, including assessment of community resources and referrals to appropriate professionals or agencies; and
- Providing emergency treatments.

²⁶ See Rule 64B9-4.003, F.A.C. for the program guidelines.

²⁷ See Florida Board of Nursing, ARNP Licensure Requirements http://floridasnursing.gov/licensing/advanced-registered-nurse-practitioner/, (last visited Mar. 28, 2015).

²⁸ *Id.*, and *see* s. 464.012(1), F.S.

²⁹ See Rule 64B9-4.003, F.A.C. respecting all of the program requirements described in this section.

The program must provide a minimum of 500 hours of preceptorship/supervised clinical experience³⁰ in the performance of the specialized diagnostic procures that are essential to practice in that specialty area.

The curriculum of a nurse practitioner certificate program is based on the philosophy and objectives of the program. It must be at least one academic year in length and include theory in the biological, behavioral, nursing, and medical sciences relevant to the area of advanced practice. It must also include clinical experience with a qualified preceptor. At a minimum, the program must include:

- Theory and directed clinical experience in comprehensive physical and biopsychosocial assessment;
- Interviewing and communication skills;
- Eliciting, recording, and maintaining a health history;
- Interpretation of laboratory findings;
- Pharmacotherapeutics, to include the initiation, selection, and modification of selected medications:
- Initiation and modification of selected therapies;
- Nutrition, including modifications of diet;
- Providing emergency treatments;
- Assessment of community resources and referrals to appropriate professionals or agencies;
- Role realignment;
- Legal implications of the ARNP role;
- Health care delivery systems; and
- Management of selected diseases and illnesses.

The program must provide a minimum of 500 hours of supervised clinical experience in the performance of the specialized diagnostic procures that are essential to practice in that specialty area.

Drug Enforcement Agency Registration

The Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) registration grants practitioners federal authority to handle controlled substances. However, the DEA-registered practitioner may only engage in those activities that are authorized under state law for the jurisdiction in which the practice is located.³¹

According to requirements of the DEA, a prescription for a controlled substance may only be issued by a physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, mid-level practitioner,³² or other registered practitioner who is:

³⁰ Preceptorship/supervised clinical experience must be under the supervision of a qualified preceptor, who is defined as a practicing certified ARNP, a licensed medical doctor, osteopathic physician, or a dentist. *See* Rule 64B9-4.001(13), F.A.C. ³¹ *See* U.S. Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, *Practitioner's Manual*, 27 (2006), p. 7, *available at* http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/pubs/manuals/pract/pract_manual012508.pdf (last visited Mar. 28, 2015).

³² Examples of mid-level practitioners include, but are not limited to: nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, nurse anesthetists, clinical nurse specialists, and physician assistants.

• Authorized to prescribe controlled substances by the jurisdiction in which the practitioner is licensed to practice;

- Registered with DEA or exempted from registration (that is, Public Health Service, Federal Bureau of Prisons, or military practitioners); or
- An agent or employee of a hospital or other institution acting in the normal course of business or employment under the registration of the hospital or other institution which is registered in lieu of the individual practitioner being registered, provided that these additional requirements are met:³³
 - The dispensing, administering, or prescribing is in the usual course of professional practice;
 - o The practitioner is authorized to do so by the state in which he or she practices;
 - The hospital or other institution has verified that the practitioner is permitted to administer, dispense, or prescribe controlled substances within the state;
 - The practitioner acts only within the scope of employment in the hospital or other institution;
 - The hospital or other institution authorizes the practitioner to administer, dispense, or prescribe under its registration and assigns a specific internal code number for each practitioner; and
 - The hospital or other institution maintains a current list of internal codes and the corresponding practitioner.³⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill expresses Legislative recognition of the status of access to primary health care in this state. The Legislature recognizes the importance of access to primary health care, especially for those citizens residing in medically underserved areas of the state. The Legislature further recognizes the shortage of primary care providers, both statewide and nationally, which necessitates the removal of regulatory barriers that prevent physician assistants and advanced registered nurse practitioners from practicing to the full extent of their education, training, and certification.

Prescribing Controlled Substances by PAs and ARNPs

CS/CS/SB 614 authorizes physician assistants (PAs) licensed under the Medical Practice Act³⁵ or the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act³⁶ and advanced registered nurse practitioners (ARNPs) certified under the Nurse Practice Act³⁷ to prescribe controlled substances under current supervisory standards for PAs and protocols for ARNPs, effective January 1, 2016. Conditions for such prescribing are included in the bill and those as well as other restrictions are authorized to be adopted in rule as recommended by formulary committees.

³³ *See supra* note 31, at p. 18.

³⁴ *See supra* note 31, at p. 12.

³⁵ See ch. 458, F.S.

³⁶ See ch. 459, F.S.

³⁷ See part I, ch. 464, F.S.

For PAs, the authorization is accomplished by removing controlled substances generally from the formulary³⁸ of medicinal drugs that a PA is prohibiting from prescribing.³⁹ However, the bill requires the formulary to limit the prescription of Schedule II controlled substances to a 7-day supply.⁴⁰ The formulary must also restrict the prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances for children under 18 years of age.

The Osteopathic Medical Practice Act refers to the formulary in the Medical Practice Act, so no changes are made to that act.⁴¹ Also, a PA licensed under either medical practice act is added to the definition of practitioner in ch. 893, F.S., which requires practitioners to hold a valid federal controlled substance registry number.⁴²

The bill imposes practice and disciplinary standards on PAs and ARNPs similar to those applicable to physicians. Disciplinary standards that are applicable to physicians are already applicable to PAs,⁴³ so no additional amendments are needed for violations relating to controlled substances.

For ARNPs, the authorization to prescribe controlled substances is effective January 1, 2016, and is accomplished through revision of existing authority pertaining to drug therapies. The bill authorizes an ARNP to "prescribe, dispense, administer, or order any" drug if the ARNP has a master's degree in a clinical nursing specialty area with training in specialized practitioner skills, and as described below, is not included in the formulary of controlled substances applicable to ARNPs. In addition, the term ARNP is added to the definition of practitioner in ch. 893, F.S., which requires practitioners to hold a valid federal controlled substance registry number. 45

The bill requires the appointment of a committee⁴⁶ to recommend an evidence-based formulary of controlled substances (controlled substances formulary) that an ARNP may not prescribe, or may prescribe under limited circumstances, as needed to protect the public interest. The committee may recommend a controlled substances formulary applicable to all ARNPs that may be limited by specialty certification, approved uses of controlled substances, or other similar restrictions deemed necessary to protect the public interest. At a minimum, the formulary must restrict the prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances for children under 18 years of age to psychiatric nurses as defined in the Baker Act.⁴⁷ The formulary must also limit

³⁸ See s. 458.347(4)(f), F.S. A formulary is a list of medicines.

³⁹ See section 14 of the bill.

⁴⁰ A controlled substances in Schedule II has a high potential for abuse, has a currently accepted but severely restricted medical use in treatment, and abuse of the substance may lead to severe psychological or physical dependence. Oxycodone, hydrocodone, and fentanyl are examples of substances in Schedule II. *See* s. 893.03(2), F.S.

⁴¹ See Section 459.022(4)(e), F.S.

⁴² See section 25 of the bill.

⁴³ See s. 458.347(7)(g), F.S., and s. 459.022(7)(g), F.S.

⁴⁴ See sections 16 and 17 of the bill.

⁴⁵ See supra note 41.

⁴⁶ The committee membership is: three ARNPs, including a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a certified nurse midwife, and a nurse practitioner; at least one physician recommended by the Board of Medicine and one physician recommended by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, who have experience working with APRNs; and a pharmacist licensed under ch. 465, F.S., who is not also licensed as a physician under ch. 458, F.S., an osteopathic physician under ch. 459, F.S., or an ARNP under ch. 464, F.S. The committee members are selected by the State Surgeon General.

⁴⁷ The Baker Act is also known as the Florida Mental Health Act and the definition of a psychiatric nurse is found in s. 394.455, F.S.

the prescribing of controlled substances in Schedule II to a 7-day supply, similar to the limitation imposed for PAs, except this limitation does not apply to a psychiatric medication prescribed by a psychiatric nurse under the Baker Act.

The committee formed to recommend the controlled substances formulary is a replacement to a joint committee that was established in law for other purposes but which has been dormant for many years. The formulary committee consists of three Florida-certified ARNPs who are recommended by the Board of Nursing (board), three physicians licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459 who have had work experience with ARNPs and who are recommended by the Board of Medicine, and a Florida-licensed pharmacist who holds a Doctor of Pharmacy degree who is recommended by the Board of Pharmacy.

The board shall establish the controlled substances formulary for ARNPs by January 1, 2016. The board shall adopt recommendations for the formulary that are made by the committee and which are supported by evidence-based clinical findings presented by the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or the Board of Dentistry.

The controlled substances formulary adopted by board rule does not apply to the following acts performed within the ARNP's specialty under the established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facilities in which the service is performed, which are currently authorized under s. 464.012(4)(a)(3. and 4., F.S.:

- Orders for preanesthetic medications; or
- Ordering and administering regional, spinal, and general anesthesia, inhalation agents and techniques, intravenous agents and techniques, hypnosis, and other protocol procedures commonly used to render the patient insensible to pain during surgical, obstetrical, therapeutic, or diagnostic clinical procedures.

Section 456.072(7), F.S. is revised to include disciplinary sanctions against ARNPs which mirror sanctions against physician for prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance other in the course of professional practice or for failing to meet practice standards. Additional acts added to s. 464.018(1)(p), F.S., for which discipline relating to controlled substances may be sought against an ARNP include:

- Presigning blank prescription forms;
- Prescribing a Schedule II drug for office use;
- Prescribing, dispensing, or administering an amphetamine or sympathomimetic amine drug, except for specified conditions;
- Prescribing, dispensing, or administering certain hormones for muscle-building or athletic performance;
- Promoting or advertising a pharmacy on a prescription form unless the form also states that the prescription may be filled at the pharmacy of your choice;
- Prescribing, dispensing, or administering drugs, including controlled substances, other than in the course of his or her professional practice.;
- Prescribing, dispensing, or administering a controlled substance to himself or herself;
- Prescribing, dispensing, or administering laetrile;
- Dispensing a controlled substance listed in Schedule II or Schedule III in violation of the requirements for dispensing practitioners in the Pharmacy Practice Act; or

• Promoting or advertising controlled substances.

Both PAs and ARNPs are required to complete three hours of their mandatory hours of continuing education on a course addressing the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances. The required course shall be offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in Florida accredited to provide educational activities by specified entities.⁴⁸

A PA or ARNP who prescribes any controlled substance that is listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain is required to designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on his or her practitioner profile maintained by the Department of Health.⁴⁹ Currently, PAs do not have practitioner profiles, so the capacity for a PA to establish and update practitioner profiles must be developed by the Department of Health so that compliance with this requirement will be possible.⁵⁰

The statutes regulating pain-management clinics under the Medical Practice Act and the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act are amended to limit the prescribing of controlled substances in a pain-management clinic to physicians licensed under those acts (ch. 458, F.S. and ch. 459, F.S.). Accordingly, PAs and ARNPs are prohibited from prescribing controlled substances in pain-management clinics.⁵¹

The term "interventional pain medicine" is defined in the bill to mean the practice of medicine devoted to the diagnosis and treatment of pain-related disorders, principally with the application of interventional techniques in managing chronic, intractable pain, independently or in conjunction with other treatment modalities. The bill describes these interventional techniques to include several minimally invasive procedures and surgical techniques. The bill prohibits a person from practicing or offering to practice interventional pain medicine unless the practice is performed in a hospital, ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility or under the direct supervision of a licensed physician.⁵²

Under current law, a medical specialist who is board certified or board eligible in pain medicine by certain boards is exempted from the statutory standards of practice in s. 456.44, F.S., relating to prescribing controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain. Two additional boards are added to that list. The boards are the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians and the American Association of Physician Specialists.⁵³

Sections 1 - 4 and Section 26 of the bill amend these statutes to authorize or recognize that a PA or an ARNP may be a prescriber of controlled substances:

⁴⁸ See sections 13 and 18 of the bill.

⁴⁹ See section 9 of the bill.

⁵⁰ See Department of Health, Senate Bill 614 Analysis (Feb. 13, 2015) (on file with the Senate Committee on Regulated Industries).

⁵¹ See sections 11 and 12 of the bill.

⁵² See section 10 of the bill.

⁵³ See section 9 of the bill.

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• Section 110.12315, F.S., relating to the state employees' prescription drug program, to authorize ARNPs and PAs to prescribe brand name drugs which are medically necessary or are included on the formulary of drugs which may not be interchanged.

- Section 310.071, F.S., relating to deputy pilot certification; s. 310.073, F.S. relating to state pilot licensing; and s. 310.081, F.S., relating to licensed state pilots and certified deputy pilots, regarding the zero tolerance for any controlled substance other than those prescribed by an authorized practitioner, to allow the presence of a controlled substance in the pilot's drug test results, if prescribed by an ARNP or PA whose care the pilot is under, as a part of the annual physical examination required for initial certification, initial licensure, and certification and licensure retention.
- Section 948.03, F.S., relating to terms and condition of criminal probation, to include an ARNP and PA as an authorized prescriber of drugs or narcotics that a person on probation may lawfully possess.

Step Therapy / Fail First / Prior Authorization

The bill facilitates access to medications through an expedited override process for or bypass of step-therapy or fail-first protocols that are imposed by Medicaid managed care plans, other health insurers, and health maintenance organizations (referred to collectively as insurer). Typically a step-therapy or fail-first protocol requires a patient to use certain medication therapies which may be more cost efficient, have fewer side effects for the general population, or the like. These provisions will allow a patient to receive recommended treatment more expeditiously without undergoing known or medically-determined ineffective therapy first. This may be especially helpful for a patient that is stabilized on a medication but who changes health plans.

The bill amends ss. 409.967, 627.6466, and 641.393, F.S., to require insurers to provide a clear and convenient process for prescribing providers to request an override of a step-therapy or fail-first protocol. The insurer is required to grant an override of the protocol within 24 hours when the prescribing provider determines the treatment has been ineffective for the patient's disease or medical condition, is expected to be ineffective given the specific characteristics and medical history of the patient, or will likely cause an adverse reaction or other physical harm to the patient.

If a prescribing provider allows a patient to enter a step-therapy or fail-first protocol, the duration of participation may not exceed the period determined appropriate by the prescribing provider. If the prescribing provider determines the treatment to be clinically ineffective, the patient may receive the recommended therapy without the prescribing provider seeking approval from the insurer.

Health insurers, managed care plans, health maintenance organizations, and pharmacy benefits managers which do not use an online prior authorization form must use a standardized prior authorize form that has been adopted by rules of the Financial Services Commission beginning January 1, 2016.

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Hospital Regulation

The bill requires a hospital to notify each obstetrical physician with privileges at that hospital at least 90 days before it closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services. This notification period will allow for the physician and patient to make alternate plans for delivery within a safer time of pregnancy. The bill repeals a provision designating certain hospitals as provider hospitals, which have special requirements for cesarean section operations that are paid for by the state, including a review board for such operations.

Technical Revisions & Effective Date

Additional conforming and grammatical changes are made in the bill. Various sections are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating amendments made by the bill to those sections.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the bill, the bill takes effect upon becoming law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

PAs and ARNPs who are authorized by the supervising physician or under a protocol to prescribe controlled substances may be able to care for more patients due to reduced coordination with the supervising physician each time a controlled substance is recommended for a patient. Patients may see reduced health care costs and efficiencies in health care delivery as a result of having their health care needs more fully addressed by the PA or ARNP without specific involvement of a physician prescribing a needed controlled substance for treatment. Any such impacts are indeterminate.

Patients who are able to initiate therapy recommended by their health care provider more quickly, may see a reduction in overall health care costs through among other things, improved health status more quickly.

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Limiting paper prior authorization forms to a single format may expedite completion of the forms for greater efficiencies in a medical practice.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department of Health indicates that it will incur costs for rulemaking, modifications to develop a profile for PAs, and workload impacts related to additional complaints and investigations. These costs can be absorbed within current resources and budget authority.⁵⁴

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill does not require physician assistants under the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act (ch. 459, F.S.) to obtain 3 hours of continuing education on the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances on a comparable basis to that required of physician assistants under the Medical Practice Act (ch. 458, F.S.). Similar general continuing education language is found in s. 459.022(4)(e)3, F.S.

The bill limits the prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances for children under 18 years of age. This term is not defined.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 110.12315, 310.071, 310.073, 310.081, 395.1051, 409.967, 456.072, 456.44, 458.326, 458.3265, 458.347, 458.348, 459.0137, 459.025, 464.003, 464.012, 464.013, 464.018, 627.6131, 627.6466, 641.3155, 641.393, 893.02, and 948.03.

The bill creates section 627.42392 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill re-enacts the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 310.071, 320.0848, 456.041, 456.072, 458.303, 458.331, 458.347, 458.3475, 458.348, 459.015, 459.022, 459.023, 459.025, 464.008, 464.009, 464.018, 464.0205, 465.0158, 466.02751, 775.051, 944.17, 948.001, and 948.101.

This bill repeals section 383.336 of the Florida Statutes.

⁵⁴ See supra note 46.

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IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS/CS by Rules on April 20, 2015:

- Reduces the advance notice requirement from 120 days to 90 for a hospital to notify obstetrical physicians with privileges at the hospital that the hospital will be closing its obstetrical department.
- Restricts certain practices relating to interventional pain medicine to persons under direct supervision of a physician, or to acts performed within a facility licensed under ch. 395, F.S., which includes a hospital, ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility.
- Requires PAs and ARNPS to attend at least 3 hours of continuing education on the safe and effective prescription of controlled substances.
- Effective January 1, 2016, authorizes PAs to prescribe controlled substances in accordance with limitations in the bill, including prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances may not exceed a 7-day supply and prohibiting the prescribing of controlled substances that are psychotropic medications to children under age 18.
- Changes the representatives on the formulary committee for ARNPs practices with controlled substances to be made up of 3 ARNPs (removes representation from each sub-classification); 3 physicians licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, all of whom are appointed by the Board of Medicine; and a pharmacist.
- Effective January 1, 2016, authorizes ARNPs to prescribe, dispense, administer, or
 order controlled substances if the ARNP has graduated from a program with a
 master's degree in a clinical nursing specialty area with training in specialized
 practitioner skills.
- Limits ARNP-issued prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances to a 7-day supply, except for a psychiatric nurse, and only a psychiatric nurse under the Baker Act may prescribe a controlled substance that is a psychotropic medication to a child under age 18.
- Requires a convenient process for a prescribing provider to request an override to a step-therapy or fail-first protocol, receive a response within 24 hours under specified circumstances, and proceed directly to the preferred medication if a step-therapy or fail-first treatment is clinically ineffective.
- Requires insurers that do not use online prior authorization forms to use a prior authorization form adopted by the Financial Services Commission beginning January 1, 2016.
- Prohibits an insurer from retroactively denying a claim for ineligibility if the insurer
 or health maintenance organization verified the eligibility of the insured at the time of
 treatment.
- Changes the effective date of the bill from July 1, 2105, to upon becoming a law and to reflect alternate effective dates for specific provisions.

CS/CS by Regulated Industries on March 31, 2015:

CS/CS/SB 614 requires the appointment of a committee by the State Surgeon General to recommend a listing (formulary) of controlled substances that may not be prescribed by

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ARNPs, or may only be prescribed for certain uses or in limited circumstances. It provides the membership of the committee. If establishment of a formulary is recommended, the Board of Nursing (board) must adopt a formulary by rule. Future changes to the formulary must be justified to the board. If adopted, the formulary will not apply to certain services that an ARNP is currently authorized to perform under limited conditions when authorized by the staff of a medical facility, such as the ordering and administration of medication, regional, spinal, and general anesthesia.

The committee substitute requires a hospital to notify each obstetrical physician with privileges at that hospital at least 120 days before it closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services. The committee substitute repeals a provision designating certain hospitals as provider hospitals, which have special requirements for cesarean section operations that are paid for by the state, including a review board for such operations.

CS by Health Policy on March 17, 2015:

The committee substitute limits the prescribing of controlled substances in a pain-management clinic to physicians, removes the term "certified" before a reference to nurse practitioner, and makes other technical changes.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/20/2015		
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The Committee on Rules (Soto) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 110.12315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

110.12315 Prescription drug program.—The state employees' prescription drug program is established. This program shall be administered by the Department of Management Services, according to the terms and conditions of the plan as established by the relevant provisions of the annual General Appropriations Act and

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implementing legislation, subject to the following conditions:

(7) The department shall establish the reimbursement schedule for prescription pharmaceuticals dispensed under the program. Reimbursement rates for a prescription pharmaceutical must be based on the cost of the generic equivalent drug if a generic equivalent exists, unless the physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant prescribing the pharmaceutical clearly states on the prescription that the brand name drug is medically necessary or that the drug product is included on the formulary of drug products that may not be interchanged as provided in chapter 465, in which case reimbursement must be based on the cost of the brand name drug as specified in the reimbursement schedule adopted by the department.

Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 310.071, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) of that section is republished, to read:

310.071 Deputy pilot certification.

- (1) In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for certification as a deputy pilot must:
- (c) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician within the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero

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tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot, each certificated deputy pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders shall include a drug test.

(3) The initial certificate issued to a deputy pilot shall be valid for a period of 12 months, and at the end of this period, the certificate shall automatically expire and shall not be renewed. During this period, the board shall thoroughly evaluate the deputy pilot's performance for suitability to continue training and shall make appropriate recommendations to the department. Upon receipt of a favorable recommendation by the board, the department shall issue a certificate to the deputy pilot, which shall be valid for a period of 2 years. The certificate may be renewed only two times, except in the case of a fully licensed pilot who is cross-licensed as a deputy pilot in another port, and provided the deputy pilot meets the requirements specified for pilots in paragraph (1)(c).

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 310.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

310.073 State pilot licensing.—In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for



license as a state pilot must:

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(3) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician within the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain eligibility as a licensed state pilot, each licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the licensee satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for licensees shall include a drug test.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 310.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

310.081 Department to examine and license state pilots and certificate deputy pilots; vacancies.-

- (3) Pilots shall hold their licenses or certificates pursuant to the requirements of this chapter so long as they:
- (b) Are in good physical and mental health as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a physical

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examination administered by a licensed physician or physician assistant within each calendar year. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot or a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot, each certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder or licensee satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders and for licensees shall include a drug test. Upon resignation or in the case of disability permanently affecting a pilot's ability to serve, the state license or certificate issued under this chapter shall be revoked by the department.

Section 5. Section 383.336, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 6. Section 395.1051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.1051 Duty to notify patients and physicians.-

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- (1) An appropriately trained person designated by each licensed facility shall inform each patient, or an individual identified pursuant to s. 765.401(1), in person about adverse incidents that result in serious harm to the patient. Notification of outcomes of care that result in harm to the patient under this section does shall not constitute an acknowledgment or admission of liability and may not, nor can it be introduced as evidence.
- (2) A hospital shall notify each obstetrical physician who has privileges at the hospital at least 90 days before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services.

Section 7. Subsection (7) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.

(7) Notwithstanding subsection (2), upon a finding that a physician has prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance, or caused a controlled substance to be prescribed or dispensed, in a manner that violates the standard of practice set forth in s. 458.331(1)(q) or (t), s. 459.015(1)(t) or (x), s. 461.013(1)(o) or (s), or s. 466.028(1)(p) or (x), or that an advanced registered nurse practitioner has prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance, or caused a controlled substance to be prescribed or dispensed in a manner that violates the standard of practice set forth in s. 464.018(1)(n) or s. 464.018(1)(p)6., the physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner shall be suspended for a period of not less than 6 months and pay a fine of not less than \$10,000 per count. Repeated violations shall result in increased penalties.

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Section 8. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 456.44, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.

- (2) REGISTRATION. Effective January 1, 2012, A physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under part I of chapter 464 who prescribes any controlled substance, listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:
- (a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on his or her the physician's practitioner profile.
- (b) Comply with the requirements of this section and applicable board rules.
- (3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.
- (a) A complete medical history and a physical examination must be conducted before beginning any treatment and must be documented in the medical record. The exact components of the physical examination shall be left to the judgment of the registrant clinician who is expected to perform a physical examination proportionate to the diagnosis that justifies a treatment. The medical record must, at a minimum, document the nature and intensity of the pain, current and past treatments for pain, underlying or coexisting diseases or conditions, the

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effect of the pain on physical and psychological function, a review of previous medical records, previous diagnostic studies, and history of alcohol and substance abuse. The medical record shall also document the presence of one or more recognized medical indications for the use of a controlled substance. Each registrant must develop a written plan for assessing each patient's risk of aberrant drug-related behavior, which may include patient drug testing. Registrants must assess each patient's risk for aberrant drug-related behavior and monitor that risk on an ongoing basis in accordance with the plan.

- (b) Each registrant must develop a written individualized treatment plan for each patient. The treatment plan shall state objectives that will be used to determine treatment success, such as pain relief and improved physical and psychosocial function, and shall indicate if any further diagnostic evaluations or other treatments are planned. After treatment begins, the registrant physician shall adjust drug therapy to the individual medical needs of each patient. Other treatment modalities, including a rehabilitation program, shall be considered depending on the etiology of the pain and the extent to which the pain is associated with physical and psychosocial impairment. The interdisciplinary nature of the treatment plan shall be documented.
- (c) The registrant physician shall discuss the risks and benefits of the use of controlled substances, including the risks of abuse and addiction, as well as physical dependence and its consequences, with the patient, persons designated by the patient, or the patient's surrogate or quardian if the patient is incompetent. The registrant physician shall use a written

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controlled substance agreement between the registrant physician and the patient outlining the patient's responsibilities, including, but not limited to:

- 1. Number and frequency of controlled substance prescriptions and refills.
- 2. Patient compliance and reasons for which drug therapy may be discontinued, such as a violation of the agreement.
- 3. An agreement that controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain shall be prescribed by a single treating registrant physician unless otherwise authorized by the treating registrant physician and documented in the medical record.
- (d) The patient shall be seen by the registrant physician at regular intervals, not to exceed 3 months, to assess the efficacy of treatment, ensure that controlled substance therapy remains indicated, evaluate the patient's progress toward treatment objectives, consider adverse drug effects, and review the etiology of the pain. Continuation or modification of therapy shall depend on the registrant's physician's evaluation of the patient's progress. If treatment goals are not being achieved, despite medication adjustments, the registrant physician shall reevaluate the appropriateness of continued treatment. The registrant physician shall monitor patient compliance in medication usage, related treatment plans, controlled substance agreements, and indications of substance abuse or diversion at a minimum of 3-month intervals.
- (e) The registrant physician shall refer the patient as necessary for additional evaluation and treatment in order to achieve treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given

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to those patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documentation and requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine specialist or psychiatrist.

- (f) A registrant physician registered under this section must maintain accurate, current, and complete records that are accessible and readily available for review and comply with the requirements of this section, the applicable practice act, and applicable board rules. The medical records must include, but are not limited to:
- 1. The complete medical history and a physical examination, including history of drug abuse or dependence.
 - 2. Diagnostic, therapeutic, and laboratory results.
 - 3. Evaluations and consultations.
 - 4. Treatment objectives.
 - 5. Discussion of risks and benefits.
 - 6. Treatments.
- 7. Medications, including date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed.
 - 8. Instructions and agreements.
 - 9. Periodic reviews.
 - 10. Results of any drug testing.
- 269 11. A photocopy of the patient's government-issued photo 270 identification.
 - 12. If a written prescription for a controlled substance is given to the patient, a duplicate of the prescription.

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- 13. The registrant's physician's full name presented in a legible manner.
- (q) Patients with signs or symptoms of substance abuse shall be immediately referred to a board-certified pain management physician, an addiction medicine specialist, or a mental health addiction facility as it pertains to drug abuse or addiction unless the registrant is a physician who is boardcertified or board-eligible in pain management. Throughout the period of time before receiving the consultant's report, a prescribing registrant physician shall clearly and completely document medical justification for continued treatment with controlled substances and those steps taken to ensure medically appropriate use of controlled substances by the patient. Upon receipt of the consultant's written report, the prescribing registrant physician shall incorporate the consultant's recommendations for continuing, modifying, or discontinuing controlled substance therapy. The resulting changes in treatment shall be specifically documented in the patient's medical record. Evidence or behavioral indications of diversion shall be followed by discontinuation of controlled substance therapy, and the patient shall be discharged, and all results of testing and actions taken by the registrant physician shall be documented in the patient's medical record.
- (h) Upon receipt from the Board of Nursing of the name of a physician or dentist who has an established protocol with an advanced registered nurse practitioner whose prescribing of controlled substances may constitute grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to s. 464.018(1)(n) or s. 464.018(1)(p)6., the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or the

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Board of Dentistry, as appropriate, shall investigate the occurrences upon which the report was based and determine if action by the board against the physician or dentist is warranted. In addition, the respective board shall determine whether the actions of the advanced registered nurse practitioner violate medical standards for controlled substance prescribing, and forward those finding to the Board of Nursing. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or boardcertified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine, the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, the American Association of Physician Specialists, or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a registrant, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Section 9. Section 458.326, Florida Statutes, is amended to



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458.326 Intractable pain; authorized treatment; interventional pain medicine; unauthorized practice.-

- (1)(a) For the purposes of this subsection section, the term "intractable pain" means pain for which, in the generally accepted course of medical practice, the cause cannot be removed and otherwise treated.
- (b) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ Intractable pain must be diagnosed by a physician licensed under this chapter and qualified by experience to render such diagnosis.
- (c) (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a physician may prescribe or administer any controlled substance under Schedules II-V, as provided for in s. 893.03, to a person for the treatment of intractable pain, provided the physician does so in accordance with that level of care, skill, and treatment recognized by a reasonably prudent physician under similar conditions and circumstances.
- (d) (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to condone, authorize, or approve mercy killing or euthanasia, and no treatment authorized by this section may be used for such purpose.
- (2) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "interventional pain medicine" means the practice of medicine devoted to the diagnosis and treatment of pain-related disorders, principally with the application of interventional techniques in managing chronic, intractable pain, independently or in conjunction with other treatment modalities. These techniques include minimally invasive procedures, including percutaneous precision needle placement, with placement of drugs

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in targeted areas or destruction of targeted nerves, and some surgical techniques such as laser or endoscopic discectomy, cement stabilization of spine fractures, intrathecal infusion pumps, and spinal cord stimulators, for the diagnosis and management of chronic, intractable pain.

(b) A person may not practice interventional pain medicine or offer to practice interventional pain medicine, unless such acts are performed within facilities licensed under chapter 395 or are performed by or under the direct supervision of a physician licensed under this chapter or an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459.

Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.3265 Pain-management clinics.-

- (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).
- (b) A person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459. A person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered painmanagement clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.

(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities

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apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).

(b) A person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458. A person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered painmanagement clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458.

Section 12. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of that section is republished, to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.-

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully licensed physician assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under the following circumstances:
- 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that he or she is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.
- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form,

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before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a supervising physician who is registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.

- 3. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application. Three of the 10 hours must consist of a continuing education course on the safe and effective prescription of controlled substance medications, which shall be offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category I Credit.
- 4. The department may issue a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.
- 5. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the

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prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.

- 6. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.
- (9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.—The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.
 - (c) The council shall:
- 1. Recommend to the department the licensure of physician assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under this chapter and chapter 459, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under paragraph (4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's quidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.
 - 3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters



relating to physician assistants.

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4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed physician assistants.

Section 13. Effective January 1, 2016, paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.-

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022 may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials, and must limit the prescription of Schedule II controlled substances as defined in s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply. The formulary must also restrict the prescribing of controlled substances that are psychotropic medications, including antihypnotics, antipsychotics, antidepressants, anxiety agents, sedatives, psychomotor stimulants, and mood stabilizers for children under the age of 18.
- 2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.
- 3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion,



or modification should be made.

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4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022, and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 464.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.003 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(2) "Advanced or specialized nursing practice" means, in addition to the practice of professional nursing, the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the board which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training, and experience, are appropriately performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner. Within the context of advanced or specialized nursing practice, the advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform acts of nursing diagnosis and nursing treatment of alterations of the health status. The advanced registered nurse practitioner may also perform acts of medical diagnosis and treatment, prescription, and operation as authorized within the framework of an established supervisory protocol which are identified and approved by a joint committee composed of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, two

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of whom must be advanced registered nurse practitioners; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with advanced registered nurse practitioners; and the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee. Each committee member appointed by a board shall be appointed to a term of 4 years unless a shorter term is required to establish or maintain staggered terms. The Board of Nursing shall adopt rules authorizing the performance of any such acts approved by the joint committee. Unless otherwise specified by the joint committee, such acts must be performed under the general supervision of a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 within the framework of standing protocols which identify the medical acts to be performed and the conditions for their performance. The department may, by rule, require that a copy of the protocol be filed with the department along with the notice required by s. 458.348. Section 15. Subsection (6) is added to section 464.012, Florida Statutes, to read: 464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.-(6) (a) The board shall establish a committee to recommend a

formulary of controlled substances that an advanced registered nurse practitioner may not prescribe or may prescribe only for specific uses or for limited quantities. The committee must consist of three advanced registered nurse practitioners licensed under s. 464.012, recommended by the Board of Nursing; three physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who have had work experience with advanced registered nurse



563 practitioners, recommended by the Board of Medicine; and a 564 pharmacist licensed under chapter 465 who holds a Doctor of 565 Pharmacy degree, recommended by the Board of Pharmacy. The 566 committee may recommend an evidence-based formulary applicable 567 to all advanced registered nurse practitioners, which is limited 568 by specially certification or to approved uses of controlled substances, or subject to other similar restrictions the 569 570 committee finds are necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The formulary must restrict the 571 572 prescribing of controlled substance psychotropic medications, including antihypnotics, antipsychotics, antidepressants, 573 574 anxiety agents, sedatives, psychomotor stimulants, and mood 575 stabilizers for children under the age of 18 to psychiatric 576 nurses as defined in s. 394.455. The formulary must also limit 577 the prescribing of Schedule II controlled substances as defined 578 in s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply, except that such restriction 579 does not apply to controlled substances that are psychiatric 580 medications prescribed by psychiatric nurses as defined in 581 394.455. 582 (b) The board shall adopt by rule the recommended formulary 583 and recommended additions or deletions to the formulary which it 584 finds are supported by evidence-based clinical findings 585 presented by the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic 586 Medicine, or the Board of Dentistry. 587 (c) The formulary required under this subsection does not 588 apply to a controlled substance order that is dispensed for 589 administration including orders for medication authorized in 590 subparagraph (4)(a)3. or subparagraph (4)(a)4.

(d) The board shall adopt the committee's initial

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recommendation no later January 1, 2016.

Section 16. Effective January 1, 2016, subsection (3) of section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.-

- (3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:
- (a) Prescribe, dispense, administer, or order any drug; however, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may only prescribe or dispense a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.03 if the advanced registered nurse practitioner has graduated from a program leading to a master's degree in a clinical nursing specialty area with training in specialized practitioner skills. Monitor and alter drug therapies.
 - (b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.
- (c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).

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(d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 464.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.013 Renewal of license or certificate.

- (3) The board shall by rule prescribe up to 30 hours of continuing education biennially as a condition for renewal of a license or certificate.
- (a) A nurse who is certified by a health care specialty program accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies or the Accreditation Board for Specialty Nursing Certification is exempt from continuing education requirements. The criteria for programs must shall be approved by the board.
- (b) Notwithstanding the exemption in paragraph (a), as part of the maximum 30 hours of continuing education hours required under this subsection, advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012 must complete at least 3 hours of continuing education on the safe and effective prescription of controlled substances. Such continuing education courses must be offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category 1 Credit, the American Nurses Credentialing Center, or the American Association of Nurse Practitioners and may be offered in a distance-learning format.

Section 18. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, subsection (2) of that section is republished, and subsection (5) of that section is amended, to read:



650 464.018 Disciplinary actions. 651 (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a 652 license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2): 653 (p) For an advanced registered nurse practitioner: 654 1. Presigning blank prescription forms. 655 2. Prescribing for office use any medicinal drug appearing 656 on Schedule II in chapter 893. 657 3. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, 658 supplying, selling, or giving a drug that is an amphetamine or a 659 sympathomimetic amine drug, or a compound designated pursuant to 660 chapter 893 as a Schedule II controlled substance, to or for any 661 person except for: 662 a. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral 663 syndrome in children characterized by the developmentally 664 inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractibility, 665 short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional lability, and 666 impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction. 667 b. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of 668 depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory 669 to other therapeutic modalities. 670 c. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs 671 or compounds when an investigative protocol is submitted to, 672 reviewed by, and approved by the department before such 673 investigation is begun. 674 4. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, 675 supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or 676 its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other 677 hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance

athletic performance. As used in this subparagraph, the term

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"muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products listed in this paragraph may be dispensed by a pharmacist with the presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.

- 5. Promoting or advertising on any prescription form a community pharmacy unless the form also states: "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."
- 6. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing a legend drug, including a controlled substance, other than in the course of his or her professional practice. For the purposes of this subparagraph, it is legally presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's professional practice, without regard to his or her intent.
- 7. Prescribing, dispensing, or administering a medicinal drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 to himself or herself, except a drug prescribed, dispensed, or administered to the advanced registered nurse practitioner by another practitioner authorized to prescribe, dispense, or administer medicinal drugs.
- 8. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.
- 9. Dispensing a controlled substance listed on Schedule II or Schedule III in chapter 893 in violation of s. 465.0276.
 - 10. Promoting or advertising through any communication

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medium the use, sale, or dispensing of a controlled substance appearing on any schedule in chapter 893.

- (2) The board may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found quilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).
- (5) The board shall by rule establish quidelines for the disposition of disciplinary cases involving specific types of violations. Such guidelines may include minimum and maximum fines, periods of supervision or probation, or conditions of probation or reissuance of a license. In disciplinary cases involving an alleged violation of s. 464.018(1)(n) or s. 464.018(1)(p)6. by an advanced registered nurse practitioner which also involves the ordering, prescribing, administering, or dispensing of a controlled substance, the board shall notify the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or the Board of Dentistry of the existence of the disciplinary case and shall forward all materials to the respective board for review pursuant to s. 456.44(3)(h). The Board of Nursing shall review and may consider the findings of the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or the Board of Dentistry rendered pursuant to s. 456.44(3)(h) prior to its disposition of the disciplinary case.

Section 19. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

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(21) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 458, a dentist licensed under pursuant to chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed under pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 459, an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under chapter 464, a naturopath licensed under pursuant to chapter 462, a certified optometrist licensed under pursuant to chapter 463, or a podiatric physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 461, or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, provided such practitioner holds a valid federal controlled substance registry number.

Section 20. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 948.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

948.03 Terms and conditions of probation.

- (1) The court shall determine the terms and conditions of probation. Conditions specified in this section do not require oral pronouncement at the time of sentencing and may be considered standard conditions of probation. These conditions may include among them the following, that the probationer or offender in community control shall:
- (n) Be prohibited from using intoxicants to excess or possessing any drugs or narcotics unless prescribed by a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. The probationer or community controllee may shall not knowingly visit places where intoxicants, drugs, or other dangerous substances are unlawfully sold, dispensed, or used.

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 458.348, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 458.348 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders,



and established protocols; notice; standards.-

(1) NOTICE.—

(a) When a physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when a physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced registered nurse practitioner, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

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I, ... (name and professional license number of physician)..., of ... (address of physician)... have hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing orders, or an established protocol with ... (number of persons) ... emergency medical technician(s), ... (number of persons)... paramedic(s), or ... (number of persons)... advanced registered nurse practitioner(s).

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(2) ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDARDS BY JOINT COMMITTEE.—The joint committee created under s. 464.003(2) shall determine minimum standards for the content of established protocols pursuant to which an advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4) and shall determine minimum standards for

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supervision of such acts by the physician, unless the joint committee determines that any act set forth in s. 464.012(3) or (4) is not a medical act. Such standards shall be based on risk to the patient and acceptable standards of medical care and shall take into account the special problems of medically underserved areas. The standards developed by the joint committee shall be adopted as rules by the Board of Nursing and the Board of Medicine for purposes of carrying out their responsibilities pursuant to part I of chapter 464 and this chapter, respectively, but neither board shall have disciplinary powers over the licensees of the other board.

Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 459.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.025 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.-

- (1) NOTICE.—
- (a) When an osteopathic physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when an osteopathic physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced registered nurse practitioner, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the osteopathic physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice must contain a statement in substantially the following form:



824 I, ... (name and professional license number of osteopathic 825 physician)..., of ... (address of osteopathic physician)... have 826 hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing 827 orders, or an established protocol with ... (number of 828 persons)... emergency medical technician(s), ... (number of 829 persons)... paramedic(s), or ... (number of persons)... advanced 830 registered nurse practitioner(s). 831 Section 23. Subsection (10) of s. 458.331, paragraph (q) of subsection (7) of s. 458.347, subsection (10) of s. 459.015, 832 833 paragraph (f) of subsection (7) of s. 459.022, and paragraph (b) 834 of subsection (5) of s. 465.0158, Florida Statutes, are 835 reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by 836 this act to s. 456.072, Florida Statutes, in references thereto. 837 Section 24. Paragraph (mm) of subsection (1) of s. 456.072 838 and s. 466.02751, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the 839 purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 840 456.44, Florida Statutes, in references thereto. 841 Section 25. Section 458.303, paragraph (b) of subsection 842 (7) of s. 458.3475, paragraph (e) of subsection (4) and 843 paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of s. 459.022, and paragraph (b) 844 of subsection (7) of s. 459.023, Florida Statutes, are reenacted 845 for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act 846 to s. 458.347, Florida Statutes, in references thereto. Section 26. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of s. 464.012, 847 848 Florida Statutes, is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating 849 the amendment made by this act to s. 464.003, Florida Statutes, 850 in a reference thereto. 851 Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of s. 456.041, subsections (1) and (2) of s. 458.348, and subsection (1) of s. 852



853 459.025, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of 854 incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 464.012, 855 Florida Statutes, in references thereto. 856 Section 28. Subsection (7) of s. 464.0205, Florida 857 Statutes, is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the 858 amendment made by this act to s. 464.013, Florida Statutes, in a 859 reference thereto. 860 Section 29. Subsection (11) of s. 320.0848, subsection (2) of s. 464.008, subsection (5) of s. 464.009, and paragraph (b) 861 862 of subsection (1), subsection (3), and paragraph (b) of 863 subsection (4) of s. 464.0205, Florida Statutes, are reenacted 864 for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act 865 to s. 464.018, Florida Statutes, in references thereto. 866 Section 30. Section 775.051, Florida Statutes, is reenacted 867 for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act 868 to s. 893.02, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto. Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of s. 944.17, 869 subsection (8) of s. 948.001, and paragraph (e) of subsection 870 871 (1) of s. 948.101, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the 872 purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 873 948.03, Florida Statutes, in references thereto. 874 Section 32. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 875 act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 876 877 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== 878 And the title is amended as follows: 879 Delete everything before the enacting clause 880 and insert: 881 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to drug prescription by advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; repealing s. 383.336, F.S., relating to provider hospitals, practice parameters, and peer review boards; amending s. 395.1051, F.S.; requiring a hospital to notify certain obstetrical physicians within a specified timeframe before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; applying existing penalties for violations relating to the prescribing or dispensing of controlled substances by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; requiring certain respective entities review the information to determine whether disciplinary action is appropriate; requiring the

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respective board to forward certain findings to the Board of Nursing; providing applicability; amending s. 458.326, F.S.; defining the term "interventional pain medicine"; limiting the practice of interventional pain medicine to specified circumstances; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a pain-management clinic to a physician licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; requiring the Council of Physician Assistants to create a formulary which includes the controlled substances a physician assistant is authorized to prescribe; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; deleting the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee make recommendations regarding the need for adoption of a formulary of controlled substances that may be prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the recommendations of the committee; requiring that any formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the

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committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, rather than to monitor and alter drug therapies; providing an exception; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising conditions for renewal of a license or certificate; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license or for disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; requiring that in certain disciplinary cases, the board notify certain entities and forward all materials to the respective board; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant does not violate a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to



s. 456.44, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 458.3475(7)(b), 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 458.347, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.012(3)(c), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.003, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a), 458.348(1) and (2), and 459.025(1), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.012, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.0205(7), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.013, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 320.0848(11), 464.008(2), 464.009(5), and 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.018, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 948.101(1)(e), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing effective dates.

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WHEREAS, the Legislature recognizes the importance of access to primary health care for citizens of Florida, most especially for those who reside in the medically underserved areas of the state, and

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WHEREAS, the Legislature further recognize that there is a state and national shortage of primary care providers which necessitates the removal of regulatory barriers that prevent advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants



from practicing to the full extent of their education, training, 998 and certifications, NOW, THEREFORE, 999

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: WD	•	
04/20/2015		
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The Committee on Rules (Soto) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (395678) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 296 - 731 and insert:

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This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or boardcertified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not

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apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine, the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, the American Association of Physician Specialists, or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a registrant, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Section 9. Section 458.326, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.326 Intractable pain; authorized treatment; interventional pain medicine; unauthorized practice.-

- (1) (a) For the purposes of this subsection section, the term "intractable pain" means pain for which, in the generally accepted course of medical practice, the cause cannot be removed and otherwise treated.
- (b) (2) Intractable pain must be diagnosed by a physician licensed under this chapter and qualified by experience to render such diagnosis.
- (c) (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a physician may prescribe or administer any controlled substance under Schedules II-V, as provided for in s. 893.03, to a person

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for the treatment of intractable pain, provided the physician does so in accordance with that level of care, skill, and treatment recognized by a reasonably prudent physician under similar conditions and circumstances.

- (d) (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to condone, authorize, or approve mercy killing or euthanasia, and no treatment authorized by this section may be used for such purpose.
- (2) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "interventional pain medicine" means the practice of medicine devoted to the diagnosis and treatment of pain-related disorders, principally with the application of interventional techniques in managing chronic, intractable pain, independently or in conjunction with other treatment modalities. These techniques include minimally invasive procedures, including percutaneous precision needle placement, with placement of drugs in targeted areas or destruction of targeted nerves, and some surgical techniques such as laser or endoscopic discectomy, cement stabilization of spine fractures, intrathecal infusion pumps, and spinal cord stimulators, for the diagnosis and management of chronic, intractable pain.
- (b) A person may not practice interventional pain medicine or offer to practice interventional pain medicine unless such acts are performed at facilities licensed under chapter 395 or are performed by or under the direct supervision of a physician licensed under this chapter or an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459.
- Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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458.3265 Pain-management clinics.-

- (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).
- (b) A person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459. A person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered painmanagement clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.

- (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).
- (b) A person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458. A person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered painmanagement clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458.

Section 12. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of that section is republished, to read:

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458.347 Physician assistants.-

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully licensed physician assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under the following circumstances:
- 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that he or she is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.
- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a supervising physician who is registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.
- 3. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application. Three of the 10 hours must consist of a continuing education course on the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substance medications, which shall be offered by a statewide professional association of

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physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category I Credit.

- 4. The department may issue a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.
- 5. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.
- 6. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.
- (9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.—The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.
 - (c) The council shall:
- 1. Recommend to the department the licensure of physician assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under this chapter and chapter 459, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under

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paragraph (4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.

- 3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters relating to physician assistants.
- 4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed physician assistants.

Section 13. Effective January 1, 2016, paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.-

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022 may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as

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defined in chapter 893, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials, and must limit the prescription of Schedule II controlled substances as defined in s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply. The formulary must also restrict the prescribing of controlled substances that are psychotropic medications, including antihypnotics, antipsychotics, antidepressants, anxiety agents, sedatives, psychomotor stimulants, and mood stabilizers for children under the age of 18.

- 2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.
- 3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022, and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).
 - Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 464.003, Florida



Statutes, is amended to read:

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464.003 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(2) "Advanced or specialized nursing practice" means, in addition to the practice of professional nursing, the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the board which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training, and experience, are appropriately performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner. Within the context of advanced or specialized nursing practice, the advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform acts of nursing diagnosis and nursing treatment of alterations of the health status. The advanced registered nurse practitioner may also perform acts of medical diagnosis and treatment, prescription, and operation as authorized within the framework of an established supervisory protocol which are identified and approved by a joint committee composed of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, two of whom must be advanced registered nurse practitioners; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with advanced registered nurse practitioners; and the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee. Each committee member appointed by a board shall be appointed to a term of 4 years unless a shorter term is required to establish or maintain staggered terms. The Board of Nursing shall adopt rules authorizing the performance of any such acts approved by the joint committee. Unless otherwise specified by the joint committee, such acts must be performed under the general supervision of a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 within the framework of standing protocols which identify the medical



244 acts to be performed and the conditions for their performance. 245 The department may, by rule, require that a copy of the protocol be filed with the department along with the notice required by 246 247 s. 458.348. 248 Section 15. Subsection (6) is added to section 464.012, 249 Florida Statutes, to read: 250 464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse 251 practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.-252 (6) (a) The board shall establish a committee to recommend a 253 formulary of controlled substances that an advanced registered 254 nurse practitioner may not prescribe or may prescribe only for 255 specific uses or in limited quantities. The committee must 256 consist of three advanced registered nurse practitioners 257 licensed under s. 464.012, recommended by the Board of Nursing; 258 three physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who 259 have had work experience with advanced registered nurse 260 practitioners, recommended by the Board of Medicine; and a 261 pharmacist licensed under chapter 465 who holds a Doctor of 262 Pharmacy degree, recommended by the Board of Pharmacy. The 263 committee may recommend an evidence-based formulary applicable 264 to all advanced registered nurse practitioners, which is limited 265 by specially certification or to approved uses of controlled 266 substances, or subject to other similar restrictions the 2.67 committee finds are necessary to protect the health, safety, and 268 welfare of the public. The formulary must restrict the 269 prescribing of controlled substance psychotropic medications, 270 including antihypnotics, antipsychotics, antidepressants, 271 anxiety agents, sedatives, psychomotor stimulants, and mood 272 stabilizers for children under the age of 18 to psychiatric

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nurses as defined in s. 394.455. The formulary must also limit the prescribing of Schedule II controlled substances as defined in s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply, except that such restriction does not apply to controlled substances that are psychiatric medications prescribed by psychiatric nurses as defined in s. 394.455.

- (b) The board shall adopt by rule the recommended formulary and recommended additions or deletions to the formulary which it finds are supported by evidence-based clinical findings presented by the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or the Board of Dentistry.
- (c) The formulary required under this subsection does not apply to a controlled substance order that is dispensed for administration including orders for medication authorized in subparagraph (4)(a)3. or subparagraph (4)(a)4.
- (d) The board shall adopt the committee's initial recommendation no later January 1, 2016.

Section 16. Effective January 1, 2016, subsection (3) of section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.-

(3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting

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protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:

- (a) Prescribe, dispense, administer, or order any drug; however, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may only prescribe or dispense a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.03 if the advanced registered nurse practitioner has graduated from a program leading to a master's degree in a clinical nursing specialty area with training in specialized practitioner skills. Monitor and alter drug therapies.
 - (b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.
- (c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).
- (d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 464.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.013 Renewal of license or certificate.-

- (3) The board shall by rule prescribe up to 30 hours of continuing education biennially as a condition for renewal of a license or certificate.
- (a) A nurse who is certified by a health care specialty program accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies or the Accreditation Board for Specialty Nursing Certification is exempt from continuing education requirements. The criteria for programs must shall be approved by the board.

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(b) Notwithstanding the exemption in paragraph (a), as part of the maximum 30 hours of continuing education hours required under this subsection, advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012 must complete at least 3 hours of continuing education on the safe and effective prescription of controlled substances. Such continuing education courses must be offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category 1 Credit, the American Nurses Credentialing Center, or the American Association of Nurse Practitioners and may be offered in a distance-learning format. Section 18. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, and subsection (2) of that section is republished, to read: 464.018 Disciplinary actions.-(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a

- license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
 - (p) For an advanced registered nurse practitioner:
 - 1. Presigning blank prescription forms.
- 2. Prescribing for office use any medicinal drug appearing on Schedule II in chapter 893.
- 3. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving a drug that is an amphetamine or a sympathomimetic amine drug, or a compound designated pursuant to chapter 893 as a Schedule II controlled substance, to or for any person except for:
- a. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral syndrome in children characterized by the developmentally

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inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractibility, short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional lability, and impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction.

- b. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities.
- c. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds when an investigative protocol is submitted to, reviewed by, and approved by the department before such investigation is begun.
- 4. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance athletic performance. As used in this subparagraph, the term "muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products listed in this paragraph may be dispensed by a pharmacist with the presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.
- 5. Promoting or advertising on any prescription form a community pharmacy unless the form also states: "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."
- 6. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing a legend drug, including a controlled substance, other than in the course of his or her professional practice. For the purposes of this subparagraph, it is legally presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate



quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's professional practice, without regard to his or her intent.

- 7. Prescribing, dispensing, or administering a medicinal drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 to himself or herself, except a drug prescribed, dispensed, or administered to the advanced registered nurse practitioner by another practitioner authorized to prescribe, dispense, or administer medicinal drugs.
- 8. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.
- 9. Dispensing a controlled substance listed on Schedule II or Schedule III in chapter 893 in violation of s. 465.0276.
- 10. Promoting or advertising through any communication medium the use, sale, or dispensing of a controlled substance appearing on any schedule in chapter 893.
- (2) The board may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found guilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

413 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 908 - 952

415 and insert:

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standards of practice; providing applicability; amending s. 458.326, F.S.; defining the term

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"interventional pain medicine"; restricting the practice of interventional pain medicine to specified circumstances; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a pain-management clinic to a physician licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; requiring the Council of Physician Assistants to create a formulary which includes the controlled substances a physician assistant is authorized to prescribe; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; redefining the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; removing the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee to make recommendations regarding the need for adoption of a formulary of controlled substances that may be prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the recommendations of the committee; requiring that any formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe,



dispense, administer, or order drugs, rather than to			
monitor and alter drug therapies; providing an			
exception; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising			
conditions for renewal of a license or certificate;			
amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that			
constitute grounds for denial of a license or for			
disciplinary action against an advanced registered			
nurse practitioner;			

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
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The Committee on Rules (Soto) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (395678)

Delete lines 493 - 496

and insert:

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psychiatric mental health controlled substances for children

under 18 years of age.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
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The Committee on Rules (Soto) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (395678)

3 Delete lines 572 - 576

and insert:

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prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances

for children under 18 years of age to psychiatric nurses as

defined in s. 394.455. The formulary must also limit



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/20/2015		
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The Committee on Rules (Soto) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (395678) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 296 - 731 and insert:

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This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or boardcertified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not

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apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine, the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, the American Association of Physician Specialists, or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a registrant, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Section 9. Section 458.326, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 458.326 Intractable pain; authorized treatment; interventional pain medicine; unauthorized practice.-
- (1) (a) For the purposes of this subsection section, the term "intractable pain" means pain for which, in the generally accepted course of medical practice, the cause cannot be removed and otherwise treated.
- (b) (2) Intractable pain must be diagnosed by a physician licensed under this chapter and qualified by experience to render such diagnosis.
- (c) (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a physician may prescribe or administer any controlled substance under Schedules II-V, as provided for in s. 893.03, to a person

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for the treatment of intractable pain, provided the physician does so in accordance with that level of care, skill, and treatment recognized by a reasonably prudent physician under similar conditions and circumstances.

- (d) (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to condone, authorize, or approve mercy killing or euthanasia, and no treatment authorized by this section may be used for such purpose.
- (2) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "interventional pain medicine" means the practice of medicine devoted to the diagnosis and treatment of pain-related disorders, principally with the application of interventional techniques in managing chronic, intractable pain, independently or in conjunction with other treatment modalities. These techniques include minimally invasive procedures, including percutaneous precision needle placement, with placement of drugs in targeted areas or destruction of targeted nerves, and some surgical techniques such as laser or endoscopic discectomy, cement stabilization of spine fractures, intrathecal infusion pumps, and spinal cord stimulators, for the diagnosis and management of chronic, intractable pain.
- (b) A person may not practice interventional pain medicine or offer to practice interventional pain medicine unless such acts are performed at facilities licensed under chapter 395 or are performed by or under the direct supervision of a physician licensed under this chapter or an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459.

Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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458.3265 Pain-management clinics.-

- (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).
- (b) A person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459. A person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered painmanagement clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.

- (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).
- (b) A person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458. A person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered painmanagement clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458.

Section 12. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of that section is republished, to read:

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458.347 Physician assistants.-

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully licensed physician assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under the following circumstances:
- 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that he or she is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.
- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a supervising physician who is registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.
- 3. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application. Three of the 10 hours must consist of a continuing education course on the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substance medications, which shall be offered by a statewide professional association of

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physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category I Credit.

- 4. The department may issue a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.
- 5. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.
- 6. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.
- (9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.—The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.
 - (c) The council shall:
- 1. Recommend to the department the licensure of physician assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under this chapter and chapter 459, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under

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paragraph (4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.

- 3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters relating to physician assistants.
- 4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed physician assistants.

Section 13. Effective January 1, 2016, paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 458.347 Physician assistants.-
- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022 may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as

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defined in chapter 893, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials, and must limit the prescription of Schedule II controlled substances as defined in s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply. The formulary must also restrict the prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances for children under 18 years of age.

- 2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.
- 3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022, and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 464.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.003 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

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(2) "Advanced or specialized nursing practice" means, in addition to the practice of professional nursing, the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the board which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training, and experience, are appropriately performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner. Within the context of advanced or specialized nursing practice, the advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform acts of nursing diagnosis and nursing treatment of alterations of the health status. The advanced registered nurse practitioner may also perform acts of medical diagnosis and treatment, prescription, and operation as authorized within the framework of an established supervisory protocol which are identified and approved by a joint committee composed of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, two of whom must be advanced registered nurse practitioners; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with advanced registered nurse practitioners; and the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee. Each committee member appointed by a board shall be appointed to a term of 4 years unless a shorter term is required to establish or maintain staggered terms. The Board of Nursing shall adopt rules authorizing the performance of any such acts approved by the joint committee. Unless otherwise specified by the joint committee, such acts must be performed under the general supervision of a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 within the framework of standing protocols which identify the medical acts to be performed and the conditions for their performance. The department may, by rule, require that a copy of the protocol



244 be filed with the department along with the notice required by 245 s. 458.348. Section 15. Subsection (6) is added to section 464.012, 246 247 Florida Statutes, to read: 248 464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse 249 practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.-250 (6) (a) The board shall establish a committee to recommend a 251 formulary of controlled substances that an advanced registered 252 nurse practitioner may not prescribe or may prescribe only for 253 specific uses or in limited quantities. The committee must 254 consist of three advanced registered nurse practitioners 255 licensed under s. 464.012, recommended by the Board of Nursing; 256 three physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who 257 have had work experience with advanced registered nurse 258 practitioners, recommended by the Board of Medicine; and a 259 pharmacist licensed under chapter 465 who holds a Doctor of 260 Pharmacy degree, recommended by the Board of Pharmacy. The 261 committee may recommend an evidence-based formulary applicable 262 to all advanced registered nurse practitioners, which is limited 263 by specially certification or to approved uses of controlled 264 substances, or subject to other similar restrictions the 265 committee finds are necessary to protect the health, safety, and 266 welfare of the public. The formulary must restrict the 2.67 prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances 268 for children under 18 years of age to psychiatric nurses as 269 defined in s. 394.455. The formulary must also limit the 270 prescribing of Schedule II controlled substances as defined in 271 s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply, except that such restriction does 272 not apply to controlled substances that are psychiatric

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medications prescribed by psychiatric nurses as defined in s. 394.455.

- (b) The board shall adopt by rule the recommended formulary and recommended additions or deletions to the formulary which it finds are supported by evidence-based clinical findings presented by the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or the Board of Dentistry.
- (c) The formulary required under this subsection does not apply to a controlled substance order that is dispensed for administration including orders for medication authorized in subparagraph (4)(a)3. or subparagraph (4)(a)4.
- (d) The board shall adopt the committee's initial recommendation no later January 1, 2016.

Section 16. Effective January 1, 2016, subsection (3) of section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.-

(3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the

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established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:

- (a) Prescribe, dispense, administer, or order any drug; however, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may only prescribe or dispense a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.03 if the advanced registered nurse practitioner has graduated from a program leading to a master's degree in a clinical nursing specialty area with training in specialized practitioner skills. Monitor and alter drug therapies.
 - (b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.
- (c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).
- (d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.
- Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 464.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 464.013 Renewal of license or certificate.-
- (3) The board shall by rule prescribe up to 30 hours of continuing education biennially as a condition for renewal of a license or certificate.
- (a) A nurse who is certified by a health care specialty program accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies or the Accreditation Board for Specialty Nursing Certification is exempt from continuing education requirements. The criteria for programs must shall be approved by the board.
- (b) Notwithstanding the exemption in paragraph (a), as part of the maximum 30 hours of continuing education hours required under this subsection, advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012 must complete at least 3 hours of

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continuing education on the safe and effective prescription of controlled substances. Such continuing education courses must be offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category 1 Credit, the American Nurses Credentialing Center, or the American Association of Nurse Practitioners and may be offered in a distance-learning format. Section 18. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, and subsection (2) of that section is republished, to read: 464.018 Disciplinary actions.-(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2): (p) For an advanced registered nurse practitioner: 1. Presigning blank prescription forms. 2. Prescribing for office use any medicinal drug appearing on Schedule II in chapter 893. 3. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving a drug that is an amphetamine or a sympathomimetic amine drug, or a compound designated pursuant to chapter 893 as a Schedule II controlled substance, to or for any person except for: a. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral syndrome in children characterized by the developmentally inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractibility, short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional lability, and

b. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of

impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction.

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depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities.

- c. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds when an investigative protocol is submitted to, reviewed by, and approved by the department before such investigation is begun.
- 4. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance athletic performance. As used in this subparagraph, the term "muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products listed in this paragraph may be dispensed by a pharmacist with the presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.
- 5. Promoting or advertising on any prescription form a community pharmacy unless the form also states: "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."
- 6. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing a legend drug, including a controlled substance, other than in the course of his or her professional practice. For the purposes of this subparagraph, it is legally presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's professional practice, without regard to his or her intent.
 - 7. Prescribing, dispensing, or administering a medicinal



drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 to himself or herself, except a drug prescribed, dispensed, or administered to the advanced registered nurse practitioner by another practitioner authorized to prescribe, dispense, or administer medicinal drugs.

- 8. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.
- 9. Dispensing a controlled substance listed on Schedule II or Schedule III in chapter 893 in violation of s. 465.0276.
- 10. Promoting or advertising through any communication medium the use, sale, or dispensing of a controlled substance appearing on any schedule in chapter 893.
- (2) The board may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found quilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found quilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 908 - 952

411 and insert:

> standards of practice; providing applicability; amending s. 458.326, F.S.; defining the term "interventional pain medicine"; restricting the practice of interventional pain medicine to specified circumstances; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled

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substance in a pain-management clinic to a physician licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; requiring the Council of Physician Assistants to create a formulary which includes the controlled substances a physician assistant is authorized to prescribe; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; redefining the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; removing the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee to make recommendations regarding the need for adoption of a formulary of controlled substances that may be prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the recommendations of the committee; requiring that any formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, rather than to monitor and alter drug therapies; providing an exception; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising conditions for renewal of a license or certificate;



447	amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that
448	constitute grounds for denial of a license or for
449	disciplinary action against an advanced registered
450	nurse practitioner;



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: WD		
04/20/2015	•	
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The Committee on Rules (Benacquisto) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (395678) (with title amendment)

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Between lines 830 and 831

5 insert:

> Section 23. Section 288.924, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

> 288.924 Medical tourism for quality health care services; medical tourism marketing advisory council and plan.-

(1) ADVISORY COUNCIL FOR MEDICAL TOURISM.—The Advisory Council for Medical Tourism is created within the Florida



Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to serve as an advisory body to the Division of Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation within Enterprise Florida, Inc. The council shall provide insight and expertise related to developing, marketing, and promoting this state's medical tourism industry.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.-

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- (a) The council shall consist of 12 members with three members appointed by the Governor, three members appointed by the President of the Senate, three members appointed by Speaker of the House of Representatives, and three members appointed by VISIT Florida, Inc. The council shall be chaired by the President and CEO of VISIT Florida or his or her designee.
- (b) Members shall be appointed to 4-year terms. All terms end on September 30. Initial appointments must be made by September 1, 2015. To allow for staggered terms, one appointee from each appointing official will serve a term of 2 years for the initial term.
- (c) A council member's absence from three consecutive meetings will result in his or her automatic removal from the council.
- (d) No more than one member of the council may be an employee of a single company, organization, or association.
- (e) A council member is eligible for re-appointment, but may not serve more than two consecutive terms.
 - (3) MEETINGS; ORGANIZATION.-
- (a) The council shall meet at least once per quarter, but may meet as often as the council deems necessary.
- (b) The Division of Tourism Marketing shall provide staff assistance to the council, whose duties must include, but are

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not limited to, keeping records of the proceedings of the council, and serving as custodian of all books, documents, and papers filed with the council.

- (c) A majority of the members of the council constitutes a quorum.
- (d) Council members are entitled to receive, from funds of the corporation, reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses as provided by s. 112.061.
- (4) POWERS AND DUTIES.— The council's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Develop and implement a 4-year marketing plan in coordination with the Division of Tourism Marketing with specific initiatives to advance this state as a destination for medical tourism.
- (b) Adopt bylaws for the governance of council affairs and the conduct of its business under this act.
- (c) Advise the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation on its medical tourism program and any changes that might facilitate meeting the marketing plan objectives.
- (d) Consider and study the needs of the medical tourism industry for the purpose of advising the Florida Tourism Marketing Corporation.
- (e) Identify state and local government actions that may impact the medical tourism industry, or that may appear to industry representatives as affecting medical tourism in the state, and advising the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation of such actions.
- (f) Promote national and international awareness of the qualifications, scope of services, and specialized expertise of



health care providers throughout this state; and		
(g) Promote national and international awareness of		
medical-related conferences, training, or business opportunities		
to attract practitioners from the medical field to destinations		
in this state.		
(h). Consider all matters submitted to it by the Florida		
Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation.		
(i) Suggest policies and practices that may improve		
interaction with the medical tourism industry and enhance		
related state economic development initiatives.		
(j) Establish an evaluation plan to determine the return on		
the use of investment of state and local funds for medical		
tourism or other mechanisms to determine the effectiveness of		
the state's medical tourism plans.		
(5) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR MARKETING PLAN.—Annually, at		
least \$2 million of the funds appropriated in the General		
Appropriations Act to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing		
Corporation shall be allocated for the development and		
implementation of the medical tourism marketing plan.		
(6) REPEAL.—This section is repealed July 1, 2020.		
Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section		
288.923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read		
288.923 Division of Tourism Marketing; definitions;		
responsibilities		
(4) The division's responsibilities and duties include, but		
are not limited to:		
(c) Developing a 4-year marketing plan.		
1. At a minimum, the marketing plan shall discuss the		

following:

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- a. Continuation of overall tourism growth in this state.
 - b. Expansion to new or under-represented tourist markets.
 - c. Maintenance of traditional and loyal tourist markets.
- d. Coordination of efforts with county destination marketing organizations, other local government marketing groups, privately owned attractions and destinations, and other private sector partners to create a seamless, four-season advertising campaign for the state and its regions.
- e. Development of innovative techniques or promotions to build repeat visitation by targeted segments of the tourist population.
- f. Consideration of innovative sources of state funding for tourism marketing.
 - q. Promotion of nature-based tourism and heritage tourism.
- h. Development of a component to address emergency response to natural and manmade disasters from a marketing standpoint.
- 2. The plan shall be annual in construction and ongoing in nature. Any annual revisions of the plan shall carry forward the concepts of the remaining 3-year portion of the plan and consider a continuum portion to preserve the 4-year timeframe of the plan. The plan also shall include recommendations for specific performance standards and measurable outcomes for the division and direct-support organization. The department, in consultation with the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall base the actual performance metrics on these recommendations.
- 3. The 4-year marketing plan shall be developed in collaboration with the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation. The plan shall be annually reviewed and approved by



128 the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc. 129 (d) Developing a 4-year marketing plan for the promotion of medical tourism as provided under s. 288.924. 130 131 Section 25. Section 296.42, Florida Statutes, is created to 132 read: 133 296.42 Site selection process for state veterans' nursing 134 homes.-135 (1) The department shall contract for a study to determine 136 the need for new state veterans' nursing homes and the most 137 appropriate counties in which to locate the homes based on the 138 greatest level of need. The department shall submit the study to 139 the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 140 the House of Representatives by November 1, 2015. 141 (2) The study shall use the following criteria to rank each 142 county according to need: 143 (a) The distance from the geographic center of the county to the nearest existing state veterans' nursing home. 144 145 (b) The number of veterans age 65 years or older residing 146 in the county. 147 (c) The presence of an existing federal Veterans' Health 148 Administration medical center or outpatient clinic in the 149 county. 150 (d) Elements of emergency health care in the county, as 151 determined by: 152 1. The number of general hospitals. 153 2. The number of emergency room holding beds per hospital. 154 The term "emergency room holding bed" means a bed located in the 155 emergency room of a hospital licensed under ch. 395 which is

used for a patient admitted to the hospital through the

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emergency room, but is waiting for an available bed in an inpatient unit of the hospital.

- 3. The number of employed physicians per hospital in the emergency room 24 hours per day.
- (e) The number of existing community nursing home beds per 1,000 males age 65 years or older residing in the county.
- (f) The presence of an accredited educational institution offering health care programs in the county.
 - (g) The county poverty rate.
- (3) For each new nursing home, the department shall select the highest-ranked county in the applicable study under this section which does not have a veterans' nursing home. If the highest-ranked county cannot serve as the site, the department shall select the next-highest ranked county. The selection is subject to the approval of the Governor and Cabinet.
- (4) The department shall use the 2014 site selection study to select a county for any new state veterans' nursing home authorized before November 1, 2015.
- (5) The department shall use the November 2015 site selection study ranking to select each new state veterans' nursing home site authorized before July 1, 2020.
- (6) The department shall contract for and submit a new site selection study to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives using the county ranking criteria in paragraph (3) by November 1, 2019 for site selections on or after July 1, 2020. The department must conduct new site selection studies every 4 years using the county ranking criteria under paragraph (3) with each report due by November 1st for the selection period that begins the following



186 July 1st. Section 26. Section 624.27, Florida Statutes, is created to 187 188 read: 189 624.27 Application of code as to direct primary care 190 agreements.-191 (1) As used in this section, the term: 192 (a) "Direct primary care agreement" means a contract 193 between a primary care provider or primary care group practice and a patient, the patient's legal representative, or an 194 195 employer which must satisfy the criteria in subsection (4) and 196 does not indemnify for services provided by a third party. 197 (b) "Primary care provider" means a health care provider 198 licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 464 who 199 provides medical services to patients which are commonly 200 provided without referral from another health care provider. (c) "Primary care service" means the screening, assessment, 201 202 diagnosis, and treatment of a patient for the purpose of 203 promoting health or detecting and managing disease or injury 204 within the competency and training of the primary care provider. 205 (2) A direct primary care agreement does not constitute 206 insurance and is not subject to this code. The act of entering 207 into a direct primary care agreement does not constitute the 208 business of insurance and is not subject to this code. 209 (3) A primary care provider or an agent of a primary care 210 provider is not required to obtain a certificate of authority or

(4) For purposes of this section, a direct primary care

license under this code to market, sell, or offer to sell a

agreement must:

direct primary care agreement.

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(a) Be in writing.		
(b) Be signed by the primary care provider or an agent of		
the primary care provider and the patient or the patient's legal		
representative.		
(c) Allow a party to terminate the agreement by written		
notice to the other party after a period specified in the		
agreement.		
(d) Describe the scope of the primary care services that		
are covered by the monthly fee.		
(e) Specify the monthly fee and any fees for primary care		
services not covered by the monthly fee.		
(f) Specify the duration of the agreement and any automatic		
renewal provisions.		
(g) Offer a refund to the patient of monthly fees paid in		
advance if the primary care provider ceases to offer primary		
care services for any reason.		
(h) State that the agreement is not health insurance.		
Section 26. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (3) and		
subsections (4) and (5) of section 766.1115, Florida Statutes,		
are amended to read:		
Section 27. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (3) and		
subsections (4) and (5) of section 766.1115, Florida Statutes,		
are amended to read:		
766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency		
relationship with governmental contractors.—		
(3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:		
(a) "Contract" means an agreement executed in compliance		
with this section between a health care provider and a		
governmental contractor which allows the health care provider.		

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or any employee or agent of the health care provider, to deliver health care services to low-income recipients as an agent of the governmental contractor. The contract must be for volunteer, uncompensated services, except as provided in paragraph (4)(g). For services to qualify as volunteer, uncompensated services under this section, the health care provider must receive no compensation from the governmental contractor for any services provided under the contract and must not bill or accept compensation from the recipient, or a public or private thirdparty payor, for the specific services provided to the lowincome recipients covered by the contract, except as provided in paragraph (4)(g). A free clinic as described in subparagraph (3) (d) 14. may receive a legislative appropriation, a grant through a legislative appropriation, or a grant from a governmental entity or nonprofit corporation to support the delivery of such contracted services by volunteer health care providers, including the employment of health care providers to supplement, coordinate, or support the delivery of services by volunteer health care providers. Such an appropriation or grant does not constitute compensation under this paragraph from the governmental contractor for services provided under the contract, nor does receipt and use of the appropriation or grant constitute the acceptance of compensation under this paragraph for the specific services provided to the low-income recipients covered by the contract.

- (d) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:
- 1. A birth center licensed under chapter 383.
- 2. An ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.

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- 273 3. A hospital licensed under chapter 395.
 - 4. A physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458.
 - 5. An osteopathic physician or osteopathic physician assistant licensed under chapter 459.
 - 6. A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.
 - 7. A podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461.
 - 8. A registered nurse, nurse midwife, licensed practical nurse, or advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed or registered under part I of chapter 464 or any facility which employs nurses licensed or registered under part I of chapter 464 to supply all or part of the care delivered under this section.
 - 9. A midwife licensed under chapter 467.
 - 10. A health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641.
 - 11. A health care professional association and its employees or a corporate medical group and its employees.
 - 12. Any other medical facility the primary purpose of which is to deliver human medical diagnostic services or which delivers nonsurgical human medical treatment, and which includes an office maintained by a provider.
 - 13. A dentist or dental hygienist licensed under chapter 466.
 - 14. A free clinic that delivers only medical diagnostic services or nonsurgical medical treatment free of charge to all low-income recipients.
 - 15. Any other health care professional, practitioner, provider, or facility under contract with a governmental



contractor, including a student enrolled in an accredited program that prepares the student for licensure as any one of the professionals listed in subparagraphs 4.-9.

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The term includes any nonprofit corporation qualified as exempt from federal income taxation under s. 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and described in s. 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, which delivers health care services provided by licensed professionals listed in this paragraph, any federally funded community health center, and any volunteer corporation or volunteer health care provider that delivers health care services.

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(4) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.—A health care provider that executes a contract with a governmental contractor to deliver health care services on or after April 17, 1992, as an agent of the governmental contractor, or any employee or agent of such health care provider, is an agent for purposes of s. 768.28(9), while acting within the scope of duties under the contract, if the contract complies with the requirements of this section and regardless of whether the individual treated is later found to be ineligible. A health care provider, or any employee or agent of the health care provider, shall continue to be an agent for purposes of s. 768.28(9) for 30 days after a determination of ineligibility to allow for treatment until the individual transitions to treatment by another health care provider. A health care provider under contract with the state, or any employee or agent of such health care provider, may not be named as a defendant in any action arising out of medical care or treatment provided on or after April 17, 1992, under contracts

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entered into under this section. The contract must provide that:

- (a) The right of dismissal or termination of any health care provider delivering services under the contract is retained by the governmental contractor.
- (b) The governmental contractor has access to the patient records of any health care provider delivering services under the contract.
- (c) Adverse incidents and information on treatment outcomes must be reported by any health care provider to the governmental contractor if the incidents and information pertain to a patient treated under the contract. The health care provider shall submit the reports required by s. 395.0197. If an incident involves a professional licensed by the Department of Health or a facility licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration, the governmental contractor shall submit such incident reports to the appropriate department or agency, which shall review each incident and determine whether it involves conduct by the licensee that is subject to disciplinary action. All patient medical records and any identifying information contained in adverse incident reports and treatment outcomes which are obtained by governmental entities under this paragraph are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (d) Patient selection and initial referral must be made by the governmental contractor or the provider. Patients may not be transferred to the provider based on a violation of the antidumping provisions of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990, or chapter 395.

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- (e) If emergency care is required, the patient need not be referred before receiving treatment, but must be referred within 48 hours after treatment is commenced or within 48 hours after the patient has the mental capacity to consent to treatment, whichever occurs later.
- (f) The provider is subject to supervision and regular inspection by the governmental contractor.
- (q) As an agent of the governmental contractor for purposes of s. 768.28(9), while acting within the scope of duties under the contract, A health care provider licensed under chapter 466, as an agent of the governmental contractor for purposes of s. 768.28(9), may allow a patient, or a parent or guardian of the patient, to voluntarily contribute a monetary amount to cover costs of dental laboratory work related to the services provided to the patient within the scope of duties under the contract. This contribution may not exceed the actual cost of the dental laboratory charges.

A governmental contractor that is also a health care provider is not required to enter into a contract under this section with respect to the health care services delivered by its employees.

(5) NOTICE OF AGENCY RELATIONSHIP.—The governmental contractor must provide written notice to each patient, or the patient's legal representative, receipt of which must be acknowledged in writing at the initial visit, that the provider is an agent of the governmental contractor and that the exclusive remedy for injury or damage suffered as the result of any act or omission of the provider or of any employee or agent thereof acting within the scope of duties pursuant to the



contract is by commencement of an action pursuant to the provisions of s. 768.28. Thereafter, and with respect to any federally funded community health center, the notice requirements may be met by posting in a place conspicuous to all persons a notice that the health care provider federally funded community health center is an agent of the governmental contractor and that the exclusive remedy for injury or damage suffered as the result of any act or omission of the provider or of any employee or agent thereof acting within the scope of duties pursuant to the contract is by commencement of an action pursuant to the provisions of s. 768.28.

Section 28. Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.-

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- (b) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Employee" includes any volunteer firefighter.
- 2. "Officer, employee, or agent" includes, but is not limited to, any health care provider, and its employees or agents, when providing services pursuant to s. 766.1115; any nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, and its employees or agents, when providing patient services pursuant to paragraph (10)(f); and any public defender or her or his employee or agent, including, among others, an assistant public defender and an investigator.



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And the title is amended as follows: Delete lines 882 - 962

========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==============

and insert:

An act relating to access to health care services; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; repealing s. 383.336, F.S., relating to provider hospitals, practice parameters, and peer review boards; amending s. 395.1051, F.S.; requiring a hospital to notify certain obstetrical physicians within a specified timeframe before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; applying existing penalties for violations relating to the prescribing or dispensing of controlled substances by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for

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certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; requiring certain respective entities review the information to determine whether disciplinary action is appropriate; requiring the respective board to forward certain findings to the Board of Nursing; providing applicability; amending s. 458.326, F.S.; defining the term "interventional pain medicine"; limiting the practice of interventional pain medicine to specified circumstances; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a pain-management clinic to a physician licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; requiring the Council of Physician Assistants to create a formulary which includes the controlled substances a physician assistant is authorized to prescribe; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; deleting the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee make recommendations regarding the need for adoption of a formulary of controlled substances that may be prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the

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recommendations of the committee; requiring that any formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, rather than to monitor and alter drug therapies; providing an exception; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising conditions for renewal of a license or certificate; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license or for disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; requiring that in certain disciplinary cases, the board notify certain entities and forward all materials to the respective board; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant does not violate a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; amending s. 288.923, F.S.; requiring the Division of Tourism Marketing to prepare a 4-year plan for the

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promotion of medical tourism for quality health care services; creating s. 288.924, F.S.; creating the Medical Tourism Advisory Council; designating membership terms and responsibilities for the council; allocating funds from the corporation to the council for development of the medical tourism marketing plan; creating s. 296.42, F.S.; directing the Department of Veterans' Affairs to contract for a study to determine the need and location for additional state veterans' nursing homes; directing the department to submit the study to the Governor and Legislature; providing study criteria for ranking each county according to need; providing site selection criteria; requiring approval of the Governor and Cabinet for site selection; requiring the department to use specified studies to select new nursing home sites; directing the department to contract for subsequent studies and submit the studies to the Governor and Legislature; creating s. 624.27, F.S.; providing definitions; specifying that a direct primary care agreement does not constitute insurance and is not subject to the Florida Insurance Code; specifying that entering into a direct primary care agreement does not constitute the business of insurance and is not subject to the code; providing that a health care provider is not required to obtain a certificate of authority to market, sell, or offer to sell a direct primary care agreement; specifying criteria for a direct primary care agreement; amending s. 766.1115, F.S.; redefining

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terms relating to agency relationships with governmental health care contractors; deleting an obsolete date; extending sovereign immunity to employees or agents of a health care provider that executes a contract with a governmental contractor; clarifying that a receipt of specified notice must be acknowledged by a patient or the patient's representative at the initial visit; requiring the posting of notice that a specified health care provider is an agent of a governmental contractor; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; redefining the term "officer, employee, or agent" to include employees or agents of a health care provider; conforming

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	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/20/2015		
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The Committee on Rules (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (395678) (with title amendment)

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Before line 5

5 insert:

> Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 409.967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.967 Managed care plan accountability.-

(2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements as are necessary for the operation of the statewide managed care program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem



necessary, the contract must require:

(c) Access.-

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- 1. The agency shall establish specific standards for the number, type, and regional distribution of providers in managed care plan networks to ensure access to care for both adults and children. Each plan must maintain a regionwide network of providers in sufficient numbers to meet the access standards for specific medical services for all recipients enrolled in the plan. The exclusive use of mail-order pharmacies may not be sufficient to meet network access standards. Consistent with the standards established by the agency, provider networks may include providers located outside the region. A plan may contract with a new hospital facility before the date the hospital becomes operational if the hospital has commenced construction, will be licensed and operational by January 1, 2013, and a final order has issued in any civil or administrative challenge. Each plan shall establish and maintain an accurate and complete electronic database of contracted providers, including information about licensure or registration, locations and hours of operation, specialty credentials and other certifications, specific performance indicators, and such other information as the agency deems necessary. The database must be available online to both the agency and the public and have the capability to compare the availability of providers to network adequacy standards and to accept and display feedback from each provider's patients. Each plan shall submit quarterly reports to the agency identifying the number of enrollees assigned to each primary care provider.
 - 2. Each managed care plan must publish any prescribed drug

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formulary or preferred drug list on the plan's website in a manner that is accessible to and searchable by enrollees and providers. The plan must update the list within 24 hours after making a change. Each plan must ensure that the prior authorization process for prescribed drugs is readily accessible to health care providers, including posting appropriate contact information on its website and providing timely responses to providers. For Medicaid recipients diagnosed with hemophilia who have been prescribed anti-hemophilic-factor replacement products, the agency shall provide for those products and hemophilia overlay services through the agency's hemophilia disease management program.

- 3. Managed care plans, and their fiscal agents or intermediaries, must accept prior authorization requests for any service electronically.
- 4. Managed care plans serving children in the care and custody of the Department of Children and Families must maintain complete medical, dental, and behavioral health encounter information and participate in making such information available to the department or the applicable contracted community-based care lead agency for use in providing comprehensive and coordinated case management. The agency and the department shall establish an interagency agreement to provide guidance for the format, confidentiality, recipient, scope, and method of information to be made available and the deadlines for submission of the data. The scope of information available to the department shall be the data that managed care plans are required to submit to the agency. The agency shall determine the plan's compliance with standards for access to medical, dental,

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and behavioral health services; the use of medications; and followup on all medically necessary services recommended as a result of early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment.

- 5. If medication for the treatment of a medical condition is restricted for use by a managed care plan through a steptherapy or fail-first protocol, the prescribing provider shall have access to a clear and convenient process to request an override of such restriction from the managed care plan. The managed care plan shall grant an override of the protocol within 24 hours under the following circumstances:
- a. The prescribing provider determines, based on sound clinical evidence, that the preferred treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-first protocol has been ineffective in the treatment of the enrollee's disease or medical condition; or
- b. The prescribing provider believes, based on sound clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence, that the preferred treatment required under the step-therapy or failfirst protocol:
- (I) Is expected to, or is likely to, be ineffective given the known relevant physical or mental characteristics and medical history of the enrollee and the known characteristics of the drug regimen; or
- (II) Will cause, or is likely to cause, an adverse reaction or other physical harm to the enrollee.
- 6. If the prescribing provider allows the enrollee to enter the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the managed care plan, the duration of the step-therapy or failfirst protocol may not exceed a period deemed appropriate by the

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prescribing provider. If the prescribing provider deems the treatment clinically ineffective, the enrollee is entitled to receive the recommended course of therapy without requiring the prescribing provider to seek approval for an override of the step-therapy or fail-first protocol.

Section 2. Section 627.42392, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

627.42392 Prior Authorization.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "health insurer" means an authorized insurer offering health insurance as defined in s. 624.603, a managed care plan as defined in s. 409.901(13), or a health maintenance organization as defined in s. 641.19(12).
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of prior authorization forms on or after January 1, 2016, a health insurer, or a pharmacy benefits manager on behalf of the health insurer, which does not utilize an online prior authorization form for its contracted providers shall use only the prior authorization form that has been approved by the Financial Services Commission to obtain a prior authorization for a medical procedure, course of treatment, or prescription drug benefit. Such form may not exceed two pages in length, excluding any instructions or quiding documentation.
- (3) The Financial Services Commission shall adopt by rule guidelines for prior authorization forms which ensure the general uniformity of such forms.

Section 3. Subsection (11) of section 627.6131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:



128 627.6131 Payment of claims. 129 (11) A health insurer may not retroactively deny a claim because of insured ineligibility: 130 131 (a) At any time, if the health insurer verified the 132 eligibility of an insured at the time of treatment and provided 133 an authorization number. 134 (b) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the 135 claim. 136 Section 4. Section 627.6466, Florida Statutes, is created 137 to read: 138 627.6466 Fail-first protocols.—If medication for the 139 treatment of a medical condition is restricted for use by an 140 insurer through a step-therapy or fail-first protocol, the 141 prescribing provider shall have access to a clear and convenient 142 process to request an override of such restriction from the 143 insurer. The insurer shall grant an override of the protocol 144 within 24 hours under the following circumstances: 145 (1) The prescribing provider determines, based on sound 146 clinical evidence, that the preferred treatment required under 147 the step-therapy or fail-first protocol has been ineffective in 148 the treatment of the insured's disease or medical condition; or 149 (2) The prescribing provider believes, based on sound 150 clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence, that the 151 preferred treatment required under the step-therapy or fail-152 first protocol: 153 (a) Is expected to, or is likely to, be ineffective given 154 the known relevant physical or mental characteristics and 155 medical history of the insured and the known characteristics of 156 the drug regimen; or



- 157 (b) Will cause, or is likely to cause, an adverse reaction 158 or other physical harm to the insured. 159 (3) If the prescribing provider allows the insured to enter 160 the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the 161 health insurer, the duration of the step-therapy or fail-first 162 protocol may not exceed a period deemed appropriate by the provider. If the prescribing provider deems the treatment 163 clinically ineffective, the insured is entitled to receive the 164 165 recommended course of therapy without requiring the prescribing 166 provider to seek approval for an override of the step-therapy or 167 fail-first protocol. 168 Section 5. Subsection (10) of section 641.3155, Florida 169 Statutes, is amended to read: 170 641.3155 Prompt payment of claims. 171 (10) A health maintenance organization may not 172 retroactively deny a claim because of subscriber ineligibility: 173 (a) At any time, if the health maintenance organization
 - verified the eligibility of an insured at the time of treatment and provided an authorization number.
 - (b) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the claim.
 - Section 6. Section 641.393, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 641.393 Fail-first protocols.—If medication for the treatment of a medical condition is restricted for use by a health maintenance organization through a step-therapy or failfirst protocol, the prescribing provider shall have access to a clear and convenient process to request an override of such restriction from the organization. The health maintenance

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organization shall grant an override of the protocol within 24 hours under the following circumstances:

- (1) The prescribing provider determines, based on sound clinical evidence, that the preferred treatment required under step-therapy or fail-first protocol has been ineffective in the treatment of the subscriber's disease or medical condition; or
- (2) The prescribing provider believes, based on sound clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence, that the preferred treatment required under the step-therapy or failfirst protocol:
- (a) Is expected to, or is likely to, be ineffective given the known relevant physical or mental characteristics and medical history of the subscriber and the known characteristics of the drug regimen; or
- (b) Will cause, or is likely to cause, an adverse reaction or other physical harm to the subscriber.
- (3) If the prescribing provider allows the subscriber to enter the step-therapy or fail-first protocol recommended by the health maintenance organization, the duration of the steptherapy or fail-first protocol may not exceed a period deemed appropriate by the provider. If the prescribing provider deems the treatment clinically ineffective, the subscriber is entitled to receive the recommended course of therapy without requiring the prescribing provider to seek approval for an override of the step-therapy or fail-first protocol.

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212 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

213 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 882 - 884



and insert:

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An act relating to health care; amending s. 409.967, F.S.; requiring a Medicaid managed care plan to allow a prescribing provider to request an override of a restriction on the use of medication imposed through a step-therapy or fail-first protocol; requiring the plan to grant such override within a specified timeframe under certain circumstances; prohibiting the duration of a step-therapy or fail-first protocol from exceeding the time period specified by the prescribing provider; providing that an override is not required under certain circumstances; creating s. 627.42392, F.S.; defining the term "health insurer"; providing that certain health insurers shall use only a prior authorization form approved by the Financial Services Commission; specifying requirements to be followed by the commission in reviewing such forms; requiring the commission to adopt certain rules relating to such forms; amending s. 627.6131, F.S.; prohibiting a health insurer from retroactively denying a claim under specified circumstances; creating s. 627.6466, F.S.; requiring an insurer to allow a prescribing provider to request an override of a restriction on the use of medication imposed through a step-therapy or fail-first protocol; requiring the insurer to grant such override within a specified timeframe under certain circumstances; prohibiting the duration of a step-therapy or fail-first protocol from exceeding the time period specified by the prescribing provider;

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providing that an override is not required under certain circumstances; amending s. 641.3155, F.S.; prohibiting a health maintenance organization from retroactively denying a claim under specified circumstances; creating s. 641.393, F.S.; requiring a health maintenance organization to allow a prescribing provider to request an override of a restriction on the use of medication imposed through a step-therapy or fail-first protocol; requiring the health maintenance organization to grant such override within a specified timeframe under certain circumstances; prohibiting the duration of a step-therapy or failfirst protocol from exceeding the time period specified by the prescribing provider; providing that an override is not required under certain circumstances; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the

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By the Committees on Regulated Industries; and Health Policy; and Senator Grimsley

580-03235-15 2015614c2

A bill to be entitled An act relating to drug prescription by advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; repealing s. 383.336, F.S., relating to provider hospitals, practice parameters, and peer review boards; amending s. 395.1051, F.S.; requiring a hospital to notify certain obstetrical physicians within a specified timeframe before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; applying existing penalties for violations relating to the prescribing or dispensing of controlled substances to an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; providing applicability; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the

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580-03235-15 2015614c2 30 authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a 31 pain-management clinic to a physician licensed under 32 ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; 33 expanding the prescribing authority of a licensed 34 physician assistant; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; 35 authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner 36 to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, 37 rather than to monitor and alter drug therapies; 38 requiring the Board of Nursing to appoint a committee 39 to recommend whether adoption of a formulary of 40 controlled substances that may be prescribed by an 41 advanced registered nurse practitioner is needed; specifying the membership of the committee; providing 42 4.3 parameters for the recommendations of the committee; requiring that any formulary be adopted by board rule; 45 specifying the process for amending the formulary and 46 imposing a burden of proof; requiring the board to 47 post notice of proposed, pending, or adopted changes 48 to the formulary on its website; specifying a deadline 49 for initiating any required rulemaking; limiting the 50 formulary's application in certain instances; amending 51 s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute 52 grounds for denial of a license for or disciplinary 53 action against an advanced registered nurse 54 practitioner; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the 55 term "practitioner" to include advanced registered 56 nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the 57 Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and 58 Control Act; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that

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59 possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an 60 advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician 61 assistant is an exception from a prohibition relating 62 to the possession of drugs or narcotics during 63 probation; reenacting s. 310.071(3), F.S., to 64 incorporate the amendment made to s. 310.071, F.S., in 65 a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 66 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 67 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment 68 made to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; 69 reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., to 70 incorporate the amendment made to s. 456.44, F.S., in 71 references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 72 458.347(4)(e) and (9)(c), 458.3475(7)(b), 73 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., to 74 incorporate the amendment made to s. 458.347, F.S., in 75 references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a), 76 458.348(1) and (2), and 459.025(1), F.S., to 77 incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.012, F.S., in 78 references thereto; reenacting ss. 320.0848(11), 79 464.008(2), 464.009(5), 464.018(2), and 80 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., to incorporate 81 the amendment made to s. 464.018, F.S., in references 82 thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., to incorporate 8.3 the amendment made to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference 84 thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 85 948.101(1)(e), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made 86 to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing 87 an effective date.

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88 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 90 91 Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 110.12315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 93 110.12315 Prescription drug program.—The state employees' prescription drug program is established. This program shall be administered by the Department of Management Services, according 96 to the terms and conditions of the plan as established by the 97 relevant provisions of the annual General Appropriations Act and implementing legislation, subject to the following conditions: 99 (7) The department shall establish the reimbursement 100 schedule for prescription pharmaceuticals dispensed under the 101 program. Reimbursement rates for a prescription pharmaceutical must be based on the cost of the generic equivalent drug if a 103 generic equivalent exists, unless the physician, advanced 104 registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant 105 prescribing the pharmaceutical clearly states on the 106 prescription that the brand name drug is medically necessary or 107 that the drug product is included on the formulary of drug 108 products that may not be interchanged as provided in chapter 465, in which case reimbursement must be based on the cost of 109 110 the brand name drug as specified in the reimbursement schedule 111 adopted by the department. 112 Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 113 310.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

this chapter, each applicant for certification as a deputy pilot ${\tt Page}\ 4\ {\tt of}\ 26$

(1) In addition to meeting other requirements specified in

310.071 Deputy pilot certification.-

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117 must:

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(c) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician within the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot, each certificated deputy pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders shall include a drug test. Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 310.073, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

310.073 State pilot licensing.-In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for license as a state pilot must:

(3) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician within

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580-03235-15 2015614c2 146 the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish 147 requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules 148 shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a 150 licensed state pilot. Such standards shall include zero 151 tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 152 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, 153 advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant 154 and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, 155 advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. 156 To maintain eligibility as a licensed state pilot, each licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having 157 158 satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination 159 administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the licensee 161 satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for licensees shall include a drug test. 162 163 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 164 310.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 165 310.081 Department to examine and license state pilots and 166 certificate deputy pilots; vacancies.-(3) Pilots shall hold their licenses or certificates 168 pursuant to the requirements of this chapter so long as they: 169 (b) Are in good physical and mental health as evidenced by

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documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a physical

examination administered by a licensed physician or physician

assistant within each calendar year. The board shall adopt rules

to establish requirements for passing the physical examination,

which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical

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580-03235-15 2015614c2 175 or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional 176 duties of a licensed state pilot or a certificated deputy pilot. 177 Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is 178 179 under the care of a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant and that controlled 180 181 substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered 182 nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain 183 eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot, each certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot 184 185 must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a 186 187 licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum 188 standards and certify that the certificateholder or licensee 189 satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for 190 certificateholders and for licensees shall include a drug test. 191

Upon resignation or in the case of disability permanently affecting a pilot's ability to serve, the state license or certificate issued under this chapter shall be revoked by the department.

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Section 5. Section 383.336, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 6. Section 395.1051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.1051 Duty to notify patients $\underline{\text{and physicians}}$.-

 $\underline{(1)}$ An appropriately trained person designated by each licensed facility shall inform each patient, or an individual identified pursuant to s. 765.401(1), in person about adverse incidents that result in serious harm to the patient.

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204	Notification of outcomes of care that result in harm to the
205	patient under this section <u>does</u> shall not constitute an
206	acknowledgment or admission of liability $\underline{\text{and may not}}, \ \underline{\text{nor can it}}$
207	be introduced as evidence.
208	(2) A hospital shall notify each obstetrical physician who
209	has privileges at the hospital at least 120 days before the
210	hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide
211	obstetrical services.
212	Section 7. Subsection (7) of section 456.072, Florida
213	Statutes, is amended to read:
214	456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement
215	(7) Notwithstanding subsection (2), upon a finding that a
216	physician has prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance, or
217	caused a controlled substance to be prescribed or dispensed, in
218	a manner that violates the standard of practice set forth in ${\sf s.}$
219	458.331(1)(q) or (t), s. 459.015(1)(t) or (x), s. 461.013(1)(o)
220	or (s), or s. 466.028(1)(p) or (x), $\underline{\text{or that an advanced}}$
221	registered nurse practitioner has prescribed or dispensed a
222	controlled substance, or caused a controlled substance to be
223	<pre>prescribed or dispensed in a manner that violates the standard</pre>
224	of practice set forth in s. 464.018(1)(n) or (p)6., the
225	physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner shall be
226	suspended for a period of not less than 6 months and pay a fine
227	of not less than \$10,000 per count. Repeated violations shall
228	result in increased penalties.
229	Section 8. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 456.44,
230	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
231	456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.—
232	(2) REGISTRATIONEffective January 1, 2012, A physician

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licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under part I of chapter 464 who prescribes any controlled substance, listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:

2.57

- (a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on $\underline{\text{his or her}}$ the physician's practitioner profile.
- (b) Comply with the requirements of this section and applicable board rules.
- (3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.
- (a) A complete medical history and a physical examination must be conducted before beginning any treatment and must be documented in the medical record. The exact components of the physical examination shall be left to the judgment of the registrant elinician who is expected to perform a physical examination proportionate to the diagnosis that justifies a treatment. The medical record must, at a minimum, document the nature and intensity of the pain, current and past treatments for pain, underlying or coexisting diseases or conditions, the effect of the pain on physical and psychological function, a review of previous medical records, previous diagnostic studies, and history of alcohol and substance abuse. The medical record shall also document the presence of one or more recognized

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medical indications for the use of a controlled substance. Each registrant must develop a written plan for assessing each patient's risk of aberrant drug-related behavior, which may include patient drug testing. Registrants must assess each patient's risk for aberrant drug-related behavior and monitor that risk on an ongoing basis in accordance with the plan.

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- (b) Each registrant must develop a written individualized treatment plan for each patient. The treatment plan shall state objectives that will be used to determine treatment success, such as pain relief and improved physical and psychosocial function, and shall indicate if any further diagnostic evaluations or other treatments are planned. After treatment begins, the registrant physician shall adjust drug therapy to the individual medical needs of each patient. Other treatment modalities, including a rehabilitation program, shall be considered depending on the etiology of the pain and the extent to which the pain is associated with physical and psychosocial impairment. The interdisciplinary nature of the treatment plan shall be documented.
- (c) The <u>registrant</u> <u>physician</u> shall discuss the risks and benefits of the use of controlled substances, including the risks of abuse and addiction, as well as physical dependence and its consequences, with the patient, persons designated by the patient, or the patient's surrogate or guardian if the patient is incompetent. The <u>registrant physician</u> shall use a written controlled substance agreement between the <u>registrant physician</u> and the patient outlining the patient's responsibilities, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Number and frequency of controlled substance

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prescriptions and refills.

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- Patient compliance and reasons for which drug therapy may be discontinued, such as a violation of the agreement.
- 3. An agreement that controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain shall be prescribed by a single treating registrant physician unless otherwise authorized by the treating registrant physician and documented in the medical record.
- (d) The patient shall be seen by the registrant physician at regular intervals, not to exceed 3 months, to assess the efficacy of treatment, ensure that controlled substance therapy remains indicated, evaluate the patient's progress toward treatment objectives, consider adverse drug effects, and review the etiology of the pain. Continuation or modification of therapy shall depend on the registrant's physician's evaluation of the patient's progress. If treatment goals are not being achieved, despite medication adjustments, the registrant physician shall reevaluate the appropriateness of continued treatment. The registrant physician shall monitor patient compliance in medication usage, related treatment plans, controlled substance agreements, and indications of substance abuse or diversion at a minimum of 3-month intervals.
- (e) The <u>registrant</u> <u>physician</u> shall refer the patient as necessary for additional evaluation and treatment in order to achieve treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given to those patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric

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320	disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documentation and
321	requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine
322	specialist or psychiatrist.
323	(f) A $\underline{\text{registrant}}$ $\underline{\text{physician}}$ registered under this section
324	must maintain accurate, current, and complete records that are
325	accessible and readily available for review and comply with the
326	requirements of this section, the applicable practice act, and
327	applicable board rules. The medical records must include, but
328	are not limited to:
329	1. The complete medical history and a physical examination,
330	including history of drug abuse or dependence.
331	2. Diagnostic, therapeutic, and laboratory results.
332	3. Evaluations and consultations.
333	4. Treatment objectives.
334	5. Discussion of risks and benefits.
335	6. Treatments.
336	7. Medications, including date, type, dosage, and quantity
337	prescribed.
338	8. Instructions and agreements.
339	9. Periodic reviews.
340	10. Results of any drug testing.
341	11. A photocopy of the patient's government-issued photo
342	identification.
343	12. If a written prescription for a controlled substance is
344	given to the patient, a duplicate of the prescription.
345	13. The <u>registrant's</u> physician's full name presented in a
346	legible manner.
347	(g) Patients with signs or symptoms of substance abuse
348	shall be immediately referred to a board-certified pain

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management physician, an addiction medicine specialist, or a mental health addiction facility as it pertains to drug abuse or addiction unless the registrant is a physician who is boardcertified or board-eligible in pain management. Throughout the period of time before receiving the consultant's report, a prescribing registrant physician shall clearly and completely document medical justification for continued treatment with controlled substances and those steps taken to ensure medically appropriate use of controlled substances by the patient. Upon receipt of the consultant's written report, the prescribing registrant physician shall incorporate the consultant's recommendations for continuing, modifying, or discontinuing controlled substance therapy. The resulting changes in treatment shall be specifically documented in the patient's medical record. Evidence or behavioral indications of diversion shall be

followed by discontinuation of controlled substance therapy, and

the patient shall be discharged, and all results of testing and actions taken by the registrant physician shall be documented in

the patient's medical record.

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This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or boardcertified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eliqible or

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78	board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain
79	Medicine, the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians,
80	the American Association of Physician Specialists, or a board
81	approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the
82	American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional
83	pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical
84	codes. This subsection does not apply to a registrant, advanced
85	registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant who
86	prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a
87	patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under
88	chapter 395.
89	Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
90	458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
91	458.3265 Pain-management clinics
92	(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities
93	apply to any physician who provides professional services in a
94	pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in
95	subsection (1).
96	(b) A person may not dispense any medication on the
97	premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she
98	is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459. $\underline{\mathtt{A}}$
99	person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated
00	under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered pain-
01	management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under
02	this chapter or chapter 459.
03	Section 10. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section
04	458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
0.5	458.347 Physician assistants.—
06	(4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS

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(f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022 may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials.

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- 2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.
- 3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022, and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.-

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580-03235-15 2015614c2 436 (2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities 437 apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional 438 services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be 439 registered in subsection (1). 440 (b) A person may not dispense any medication on the 441 premises of a registered pain-management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458. A 443 person may not prescribe any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered pain-444 445 management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under 446 this chapter or chapter 458. 447 Section 12. Section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 448 449 464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse 450 practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.-451 (1) Any nurse desiring to be certified as an advanced 452 registered nurse practitioner shall apply to the department and 453 submit proof that he or she holds a current license to practice 454 professional nursing and that he or she meets one or more of the 455 following requirements as determined by the board: 456 (a) Satisfactory completion of a formal postbasic 457 educational program of at least one academic year, the primary 458 purpose of which is to prepare nurses for advanced or 459 specialized practice. 460 (b) Certification by an appropriate specialty board. Such 461 certification shall be required for initial state certification 462 and any recertification as a registered nurse anesthetist or 463 nurse midwife. The board may by rule provide for provisional

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state certification of graduate nurse anesthetists and nurse

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midwives for a period of time determined to be appropriate for preparing for and passing the national certification

- (c) Graduation from a program leading to a master's degree in a nursing clinical specialty area with preparation in specialized practitioner skills. For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 1998, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a nurse practitioner under paragraph (4)(c). For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 2001, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a registered nurse anesthetist under paragraph (4)(a).
- (2) The board shall provide by rule the appropriate requirements for advanced registered nurse practitioners in the categories of certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, and nurse practitioner.
- (3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner

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may:

- (a) <u>Prescribe</u>, <u>dispense</u>, <u>administer</u>, <u>or order any Monitor</u> and <u>alter</u> drug <u>therapies</u>.
 - (b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.
- (c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).
- (d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.
- (4) In addition to the general functions specified in subsection (3), an advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform the following acts within his or her specialty:
- (a) The certified registered nurse anesthetist may, to the extent authorized by established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed, perform any or all of the following:
- 1. Determine the health status of the patient as it relates to the risk factors and to the anesthetic management of the patient through the performance of the general functions.
- 2. Based on history, physical assessment, and supplemental laboratory results, determine, with the consent of the responsible physician, the appropriate type of anesthesia within the framework of the protocol.
 - 3. Order under the protocol preanesthetic medication.
- 4. Perform under the protocol procedures commonly used to render the patient insensible to pain during the performance of surgical, obstetrical, therapeutic, or diagnostic clinical procedures. These procedures include ordering and administering regional, spinal, and general anesthesia; inhalation agents and techniques; intravenous agents and techniques; and techniques of

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hypnosis.

- 5. Order or perform monitoring procedures indicated as pertinent to the anesthetic health care management of the patient.
- 6. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.
- 7. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.
- 8. Recognize and treat a cardiac arrhythmia while the patient is under anesthetic care.
- 9. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including ordering the administration of fluids and drugs.
- 10. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.
- (b) The certified nurse midwife may, to the extent authorized by an established protocol which has been approved by the medical staff of the health care facility in which the midwifery services are performed, or approved by the nurse midwife's physician backup when the delivery is performed in a patient's home, perform any or all of the following:
 - 1. Perform superficial minor surgical procedures.
- 2. Manage the patient during labor and delivery to include amniotomy, episiotomy, and repair.
- 3. Order, initiate, and perform appropriate anesthetic procedures.

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4. Perform postpartum examination.

- 5. Order appropriate medications.
- 6. Provide family-planning services and well-woman care.
- 7. Manage the medical care of the normal obstetrical patient and the initial care of a newborn patient.
- (c) The nurse practitioner may perform any or all of the following acts within the framework of established protocol:
 - 1. Manage selected medical problems.
 - 2. Order physical and occupational therapy.
- 3. Initiate, monitor, or alter therapies for certain uncomplicated acute illnesses.
- 4. Monitor and manage patients with stable chronic diseases.
- 5. Establish behavioral problems and diagnosis and make treatment recommendations.
- (5) The board shall certify, and the department shall issue a certificate to, any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt such other rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- (6) (a) The board shall appoint a committee to recommend whether a formulary of controlled substances that an advanced registered nurse practitioner may not prescribe or may prescribe only for specific uses or subject to specific limitations is necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The committee shall consist of at least three advanced registered nurse practitioners, including a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a certified nurse midwife, and a nurse

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580-03235-15 2015614c2 practitioner; at least one physician recommended by the Board of Medicine and one physician recommended by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, both of whom have had work experience with advanced practice registered nurses; and a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or this chapter, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General. The committee may recommend a formulary applicable to all advanced registered nurse practitioners, limited by specialty certification, limited to approved uses of controlled substances, or subject to other similar restrictions it deems necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. (b) If the committee recommends that a formulary be established, the board shall adopt a formulary by rule. Only the board may add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. A person who requests the addition, deletion, or modification of a controlled substance listed on the formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why the change should be made. The board shall post notice of any proposed, pending, or adopted changes to the formulary on its website. (c) The board shall initiate rulemaking, if required to implement the committee's initial recommendation, no later than

October 1, 2015.

(d) If adopted by board rule, the formulary authorized in this subsection does not apply to orders for medications pursuant to subparagraph (4)(a)3. or subparagraph (4)(a)4.

Section 13. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, to read:

464.018 Disciplinary actions.-

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610	(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a
611	license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
612	(p) For an advanced registered nurse practitioner:
613	1. Presigning blank prescription forms.
614	2. Prescribing for office use any medicinal drug appearing
615	on Schedule II in chapter 893.
616	3. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering,
617	supplying, selling, or giving a drug that is an amphetamine or a
618	sympathomimetic amine drug, or a compound designated pursuant to
619	<pre>chapter 893 as a Schedule II controlled substance, to or for any</pre>
620	<pre>person except for:</pre>
621	a. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral
622	syndrome in children characterized by the developmentally
623	inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractibility,
624	short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional lability, and
625	impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction.
626	b. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of
627	$\underline{\text{depression}}$ or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory
628	to other therapeutic modalities.
629	c. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs
630	or compounds when an investigative protocol is submitted to,
631	reviewed by, and approved by the department before such
632	investigation is begun.
633	4. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering,
634	supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or
635	its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other
636	hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance
637	athletic performance. As used in this subparagraph, the term
638	"muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured

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539	muscle. A prescription written for the drug products listed in
540	this paragraph may be dispensed by a pharmacist with the
541	presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.
542	5. Promoting or advertising on any prescription form a
543	community pharmacy unless the form also states: "This
544	prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."
645	6. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or
646	otherwise preparing a legend drug, including a controlled
647	substance, other than in the course of his or her professional
548	<pre>practice. For the purposes of this subparagraph, it is legally</pre>
549	presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or
550	otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled
551	substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate
552	quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not
553	in the course of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's
554	professional practice, without regard to his or her intent.
555	7. Prescribing, dispensing, or administering a medicinal
556	drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 to
557	himself or herself, except a drug prescribed, dispensed, or
558	administered to the advanced registered nurse practitioner by
559	another practitioner authorized to prescribe, dispense, or
560	administer medicinal drugs.
561	8. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering,
662	supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any
663	<pre>person.</pre>
664	9. Dispensing a controlled substance listed on Schedule II
665	or Schedule III in chapter 893 in violation of s. 465.0276.
566	10. Promoting or advertising through any communication
667	medium the use, sale, or dispensing of a controlled substance

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668	appearing on any schedule in chapter 893.
669	Section 14. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida
670	Statutes, is amended to read:
671	893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used
672	in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the
673	context otherwise requires:
674	(21) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed <u>under</u>
675	pursuant to chapter 458, a dentist licensed under pursuant to
676	chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed <u>under</u> pursuant to chapter
677	474, an osteopathic physician licensed <u>under</u> pursuant to chapter
678	459, an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under
679	chapter 464, a naturopath licensed under pursuant to chapter
680	462, a certified optometrist licensed <u>under</u> pursuant to chapter
681	463, $\frac{1}{2}$ a podiatric physician licensed $\frac{1}{2}$ under $\frac{1}{2}$ pursuant to chapter
682	461, or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or
683	<pre>chapter 459, provided such practitioner holds a valid federal</pre>
684	controlled substance registry number.
685	Section 15. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section
686	948.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
687	948.03 Terms and conditions of probation.—
688	(1) The court shall determine the terms and conditions of
689	probation. Conditions specified in this section do not require
690	oral pronouncement at the time of sentencing and may be
691	considered standard conditions of probation. These conditions
692	may include among them the following, that the probationer or
693	offender in community control shall:
694	(n) Be prohibited from using intoxicants to excess or
695	possessing any drugs or narcotics unless prescribed by a
696	physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician

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697 assistant. The probationer or community controllee may shall not 698 knowingly visit places where intoxicants, drugs, or other 699 dangerous substances are unlawfully sold, dispensed, or used. 700 Section 16. Subsection (3) of s. 310.071, Florida Statutes, 701 is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made 702 by this act to s. 310.071, Florida Statutes, in a reference 703 thereto. 704 Section 17. Subsection (10) of s. 458.331, paragraph (g) of 705 subsection (7) of s. 458.347, subsection (10) of s. 459.015, 706 paragraph (f) of subsection (7) of s. 459.022, and paragraph (b) 707 of subsection (5) of s. 465.0158, Florida Statutes, are 708 reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 456.072, Florida Statutes, in references thereto. 709 710 Section 18. Paragraph (mm) of subsection (1) of s. 456.072 711 and s. 466.02751, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the 712 purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 713 456.44, Florida Statutes, in references thereto. 714 Section 19. Section 458.303, paragraph (e) of subsection 715 (4) and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of s. 458.347, paragraph 716 (b) of subsection (7) of s. 458.3475, paragraph (e) of 717 subsection (4) and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of s. 718 459.022, and paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of s. 459.023, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating 719 720 the amendment made by this act to s. 458.347, Florida Statutes, 721 in references thereto. 722 Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of s. 456.041, 723 subsections (1) and (2) of s. 458.348, and subsection (1) of s. 724 459.025, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 464.012,

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726	Florida Statutes, in references thereto.					
727	Section 21. Subsection (11) of s. 320.0848, subsection (2)					
728	of s. 464.008, subsection (5) of s. 464.009, subsection (2) of					
729	s. 464.018, and paragraph (b) of subsection (1), subsection (3),					
730	and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of s. 464.0205, Florida					
731						
732	amendment made by this act to s. 464.018, Florida Statutes, in					
733	references thereto.					
734	Section 22. Section 775.051, Florida Statutes, is reenacted					
735	for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act					
736	to s. 893.02, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto.					
737	Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of s. 944.17,					
738	subsection (8) of s. 948.001, and paragraph (e) of subsection					
739	(1) of s. 948.101, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the					
740	purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s.					
741	948.03, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.					
742	Section 24. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.					

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Ser	nate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable) 395678
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Chris Mand	
Job Title	
Address 1000 Riverside Ave #115	Phone 904-355-1555
Street Jackson ville, a 32204	Email Nolandlaw e act com
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Gerida Chapter, American	College of Phyricians
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lol	bbyist registered with Legislature: Ves No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

H-20-15 (Deliver BOT)	H copies of this form to the Senator	r or Senate Professional	Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Interventional par	n Management		395678-Stylke all Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Lori Killingti	~		
Job Title attorney/losbyst	•		- -
Address 315 S. Calhan 5	f. sh 830		Phone 8502225702
Street			
Tallatossee	<u> </u>	32331	Email Killinger@11w-1aw.com
-		Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information		speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida	ASSN OF Nurse Ane	shetists	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: X Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encountermeeting. Those who do speak may be	rage public testimony, time asked to limit their remar	e may not permit a ks so that as many	ll persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public reco	rd for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
41-20-2015	00017
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Ordorina of Mod	Gaetz Step
Topic () The ind of 190	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Nama	thorapy
Name	1494581/
Job Title Jay Ryan	
Address 375 W. Calles	Phone 425-4000
Street	1110110 7
Amport	Email
City State	Zip
Speaking: Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing AHT	
	~
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4/20/15 (Deliver BOTH co	ples of this form to the Sena	tor or Senate Profession	nal Staff conducting t	he meeting) 5 B 6 14
Mooting Date Topic On Sen, Ga et 21s Amendon	of (monco)	and a hill		Bill Number (if applicable)
	441 (144428) G	tree by bild	s cinemara	Amendment Barcode (if applicable).
Name Jeff Scott	, 7. "	100		
Job Title				
Address 1430 Predmont Dr	E.	,,,,, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	Phone_	850 224 -6496
Street Jallahallec City	۲ <u>ـ</u> State	32309 Zip	Email	jscott @flmedical.org
<u></u>	Information			In Support Against nis information into the record.)
Representing Florida Med	ical Association) h		
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist reg	istered with	Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be as	e public testimony, til sked to limit their rem	me may not permi arks so that as ma	t all persons wis any persons as	shing to speak to be heard at this possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record	for this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

1 20-205 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profe	essional Staff conducting the meeting) SB 614
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic DPUS PRESERIFICM BY ARNPS	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name STEPHEN R. WINN	D. CAETZ AMWOMI
Job Title EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	
Address 2544 BLAIRSTONE PINES DR	Phone 876-7364
Street TAUAHAGSEE FL 3232	/ <u>>/ </u>
City State Zip	
Speaking: For Against Information (W	laive Speaking: In Support Against he Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing MORIDA DSTEDATHE MEDIAL F	ASSDC MIT DIV
	registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Delive	r BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting)	614
Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic every am	don't a superstand		Amenda	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Name william Pet	eksem, CFP			
Job Title				
Address Street	Sured Dansey		Phone 6	997-2015
Street	kann	and the second of the second		
Washing de	pel FL State	888444	Email bill hy	and Benef
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: For Aga	ainst Information		peaking: In Sup air will read this informa	· — -
Representingmy	Wife, The MSUN	<u> </u>		
Appearing at request of Ch	air: Yes No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislatu	ıre: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to e meeting. Those who do speak m				

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

April 20 5 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) Column Colum
Topic Step Therapy / Prior Auth Amendm Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Toni Carge
Name Toni Carge
Job Title
Address 519 E. Park Ave. Phone 556-1461
Address 519 E. Park Ave. Phone 5510-14Les Street Tallahassee, FL 32308 Email toni @ Sulaw net City State Zip
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Society of Rheumatology
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S Meeting Date	Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Prescription mediculians ARNPS/	1
Name Corinne Mixon	·
Job Title Lobbyist	_
Address //9 E. Park Are	Phone 766-5795
Tallahassee FC 30301 City State Zip	Ema i l
Speaking: For Against Information Waive S	peaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Academy of Ph	ysician Assistants
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sen	Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Prescription drugs by PAS and Name Nelson Anthony Grzman,	ARNPS Amendment Barcode (if applicable) PA-C
Job Title Critical Care Physician Assis	fant
Address 2301 Harvard Ave	Phone (239) 273 9522
Street Mylo FL City State	33907 Email NELSONAGUZMAN@ CMAILCON
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: Un Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing My Se/F	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No L	obbyist registered with Legislature: Yes V No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time m	ay not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4/20/2015 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profes	sional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Drug Prescription by ARNP & PA's	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Chris Floyd	
Job Title Consultant	
Address	Phone 813-624-5117
Street I MM PA City State State	6 Email Chis e Cl Fronsulting.com
	ive Speaking: In Support Against e Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Assoc of Nurse fra	a titues
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not per meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as	rmit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

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APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professions)	ai Staff conducting	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic ARNP & PA Despe		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Martha De Castro		
Job Title VP for Nursing		
Address 306 E College Are.	Phone	2229800
Tet 2 32301	Email_	martha Otho. org
Speaking: For Against Information Waive (The C	Speaking: Chair will read	Th Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing FORILA HOSPITAR ASSI		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes INO Lobbyist reg	istered with	Legislature: LYes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

H 20 0 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill N	(4 lumber (if applicable)
Topic Controlled Substance Prescriping Amendment & Name Janet DuBois	Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Pres. Florida Nursz Practioner Network	
Address 3110 45th way East Phone 941-302-	6001
Bradenton Pl 34203 Email janetafn	pognail.con
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information is	Against nto the record.)
Representing Florida NWSE Practioner Network	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature:	Yes X No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak t meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be	o be heard at this heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional	Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic ARUP / Preseribing	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name BRESHIR LUMPKID	- -
Job Title <u>Consultavt</u>	_
Address 468 9 Reen Span, Circ	Phone <u> </u>
City State Zip	Email barbace Lunged, V & he llowert.
	Speaking: Tin Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing BADTIST Hey Ith South Florid	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: 🔲 Yes 🔲 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	Il persons wishing to speak to be heard at this y persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senate	tor or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Nurse Practitioner	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
NameAlisa Lato/+	
Job Title Lossiist	
Address	Phone 443-1319
street Tallahassee FL	Email
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: N In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida NWSES	S Association
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic patient access	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Courtney Cox	
Job Title Coordinator	
Address 2011 Delta Blvd.	Phone
Tarlahassee, PL 32312 City State	Zip Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: X In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Mo Patient Access for	Florida
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No Lo	bbyist registered with Legislature: Yes X No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time ma meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic patient access	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Taylor Smith	
Job Title <u>Representative</u>	·
Address SULE LAKE WORD ROL #419	Phone
Lake Warn, Fl 33467 City State	Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: X In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida State Hispanic (Namber of Commerce
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes χ No Lob	byist registered with Legislature: 🔲 Yes 💢 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so	not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

4/20115 Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>partient access</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Christopher Wells	
Job Title Program Manager	
Address 1336 Vicker Rol.	Phone
Tallahausee, Pl 32303 City State	Zip Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: X In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Sickle Cell Foundation	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No Lobb	oyist registered with Legislature: Yes 💢 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may i meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so t	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

4 20 / Colliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting) $CS/SB6/Y$
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Advanced Murse	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Carol Berkowitz	-
Job Title	050/001/3907
Address 307 W. Park Aue	Phone 500/229-390 /
Tallahasser fr 32301	Phone <u>850/224-3907</u> Email <u>Oberkowitz@faco.o</u>
City State Zip	/
	speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing FCa Health Co	are Association
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature:
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional State) Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Controlled Substance Prescribing	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Julia Pallantino	
Job Title	
Address 401 Rer ham	Phone 850 933 - 1274
Street all and See F 32312 City State Zip	Email ARNP LAW @ Comcasti
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp	eaking: In Support Against rwill read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Nurse Prachtimer Wetwo	16
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20-2015

Meeting Date

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

SB 614
Bill Number (if applicable)

May Down St. Anima	Do Thomas Nove De Commo
Topic DRUG PRESCRIPTION ADVANCED	RESIDENT NORG MICHAEL Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name STEPHEN R. WINN	
Job Title KXECUTIVE PIRECTOR	
Address 2544 BURSTONE PIN	15 12 Phone 879-7364
TOLLAHASSEE FO	3230 <u>Email</u>
Street Color Figure Street Figure Street Figure Street Figure Street Str	ation Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing PLORIDA DSTED	ATHIC MEDIAL ASSOCIATION
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes	
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public tes	stimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

A 20 2015 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>SB 0614</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name PAUL SHIBEL	
Job Title <u>RETINED</u>	
Address	Phone
	Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing MYSELF & Decease	O SOD HANK
,	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:	Senator David Simmons, Chair Committee on Rules			
Subject:	Senator David Simmons, Chair Committee on Rules Committee Agenda Request April 1, 2015			
Date:	April 1, 2015			
	request that Senate Bill #614, relating to Drug Prescription by ARNPs and PAs, be			
placed on the	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.			
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.			

Senator Denise Grimsley Florida Senate, District 21

SB 532 Notaries

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Rules					
BILL:	CS/SB 738				
INTRODUCER:	Health Policy Committee and Senator Grimsley				
SUBJECT:	Clinical Laboratories				
DATE:	April 17, 20	015 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
1. Looke		Stovall	HP	Fav/CS	
2. Pace		Hrdlicka	FP	Favorable	
3. Looke		Phelps	RC	Favorable	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 738 requires clinical laboratories to make their services available to specified licensed practitioners and prohibits such clinical laboratory from charging different prices for its services based upon the chapter under which a practitioner is licensed. The bill adds a consultant pharmacist or doctor of pharmacy licensed under chapter 465, F.S. to the list of licensed practitioners that a clinical laboratory must serve. The bill repeals limitations on the conditions under which a clinical laboratory may refuse a specimen.

The bill does not have a fiscal impact on state funds.

II. Present Situation:

A clinical laboratory is a location in which body fluids or tissues are analyzed for purposes of the diagnosis, assessment, or prevention of a medical condition. Clinical laboratories are licensed and regulated by the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA), pursuant to part I of ch. 483, F.S., and Rule Chapter 59A-7 of the Florida Administrative Code. A clinical laboratory license may only be issued to a laboratory to perform procedures and tests that are within the specialties or subspecialties in which the laboratory personnel are qualified to perform. There

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¹ Section 483.041(2), F.S.

² Section 483.111, F.S.

BILL: CS/SB 738 Page 2

are over 3,600 licensed clinical laboratories in Florida.³ Certain clinical laboratories are exempt from licensure, including clinical laboratories:

- Operated by the federal government;
- Operated and maintained exclusively for research and teaching purposes that do not involve patient or public health services; and
- Performing only "waived tests."⁴

An application for licensure or re-licensure as a clinical laboratory may be denied or revoked by AHCA for any violation of part I of ch. 483, F.S.⁵

A clinical laboratory is subject to a fine, not to exceed \$1,000, to be imposed by the AHCA, for each violation of any provision of part I of ch. 483, F.S.⁶ The AHCA must consider certain factors in determining the penalty for a violation, including:

- The severity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious harm to the health or safety of any person could occur as a result of the violation;
- Actions taken by the licensee to correct the violation or to remedy complaints; and
- The financial benefit to the licensee of committing or continuing the violation.

In addition to the imposition of fines, an individual may be subject to criminal penalties for a violation of any provision of part I of ch. 483, F.S.⁸

Acceptance, Collection, Identification, and Examination of Specimens

A clinical laboratory may only examine human specimens at the request of a licensed practitioner or other person licensed to use the findings of clinical laboratory examinations. Section 483.181(5), F.S., requires clinical laboratories to accept and examine human specimens submitted by certain practitioners if the specimen and test are typically performed by the laboratory. Specifically, clinical laboratories must accept and examine specimens submitted by a:

- Physician;
- Chiropractor;
- Podiatrist:
- Naturopath;
- Optometrist;
- Dentist; or an
- Advanced registered nurse practitioner (ARNP)¹⁰.

³ AHCA, Florida Health Finder.gov, *Facility/Provider Locator*, available at http://www.floridahealthfinder.gov/facilitylocator/ListFacilities.aspx (search conducted April 6, 2015).

⁴ Section 483.031, F.S. Examples of waived tests include dip stick urinalysis or tablet reagent urinalysis, fecal occult blood, urine pregnancy tests, erythrocyte sedimentation rate, and blood glucose tests.

⁵ Section 408.815(1)(c), F.S.

⁶ Section 483.221(1), F.S.

⁷ Id.

⁸ Section 483.23(1)(a)4. and (b), F.S. A violation constitutes a second degree misdemeanor.

⁹ Section 483.181(1), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 483.181(5), F.S.

BILL: CS/SB 738 Page 3

Currently, a clinical laboratory may only refuse a specimen based upon a history of nonpayment for services by a practitioner. ¹¹ Clinical laboratories are prohibited from charging different prices for tests based upon the chapter under which a practitioner is licensed. ¹²

Current law authorizes physicians, chiropractors, podiatrists, naturopaths, optometrists, and dentists to operate their own clinical laboratories, called "exclusive use" laboratories, to exclusively diagnose and treat their own patients. ¹³ This, however, does not preclude them from also being required to accept and examine all specimens submitted by certain practitioners pursuant to s. 483.181(5), F.S.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends s. 483.041, F.S., to add consultant pharmacists and doctors of pharmacy to the definition of "licensed practitioner." A clinical laboratory will be able to examine human specimen at the request of a licensed consultant pharmacist or doctor of pharmacy.

The bill requires a clinical laboratory to offer its services to licensed allopathic and osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, podiatrists, naturopaths, optometrists, ARNPs, dentists, dental hygienists, consultant pharmacists, and doctors of pharmacy without charging different prices for services based on the license of the practitioner.

The bill repeals the limitation on the requirement of a clinical laboratory to offer services if the specimen and the test are typically performed by the laboratory. The bill also repeals the limitation on a clinical laboratory to only refuse a specimen based on a history of nonpayment for services by the practitioner submitting a specimen. As a result, a clinical laboratory may refuse a specimen for reasons such as having inadequate equipment or resources for a particular test or because a particular test is not reimbursable under the applicable insurance policy and the practitioner has not made other arrangements for payment.

This bill is effective upon becoming law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The mandate restrictions do not apply because the bill does not require counties and municipalities to spend funds, reduce counties' or municipalities' ability to raise revenue, or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

¹¹ Section 438.181(5), F.S.

¹² Id.

¹³ Section 483.035(1), F.S.

BILL: CS/SB 738 Page 4

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The bill may have a positive fiscal impact on clinical laboratories if such laboratories are able to refuse service which would not be paid for under the provisions of the bill.

Additionally, a consultant pharmacist or doctor of pharmacy may be able to request services from a clinical laboratory.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 483.041 and 483.181.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Health Policy on March 23, 2015.

The CS amends SB 768 to add consultant pharmacists and doctors of pharmacy to the definition of "licensed practitioner" under s. 483.041, F.S., to add consultant pharmacists and doctors of pharmacy to the list of practitioners to whom a clinical laboratory must make its services available, and to remove language specifying when a clinical laboratory may refuse to provide its services.

BILL: CS/SB 738 Page 5

R	Amend	ments.
1).		111111111111111111111111111111111111111

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Grimsley

588-02727-15 2015738c1

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to clinical laboratories; amending s.
483.041, F.S.; adding a consultant pharmacist or
doctor of pharmacy licensed under chapter 465, F.S.,
to the definition of licensed practitioner; amending
s. 483.181, F.S.; requiring clinical laboratories to
make their services available to specified licensed
practitioners; prohibiting such a clinical laboratory
from charging different prices for its services based
upon the chapter under which a practitioner is
licensed; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 483.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.041 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(7) "Licensed practitioner" means a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461; a certified optometrist licensed under chapter 463; a dentist licensed under chapter 466; a person licensed under chapter 462; a consultant pharmacist or doctor of pharmacy licensed under chapter 465; or an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a duly licensed practitioner from another state licensed under similar statutes who orders examinations on materials or specimens for nonresidents of the State of Florida, but who reside in the same state as the requesting licensed practitioner.

Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 483.181, Florida Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 738

2015738c1

30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 483.181 Acceptance, collection, identification, and examination of specimens .-32 33 (5) A clinical laboratory licensed under this part must 34 make its services available to accept a human specimen submitted for examination by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, 35 36 chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, s. 464.012, or chapter 466, or a consultant pharmacist or doctor 38 of pharmacy licensed under chapter 465 if the specimen and test 39 are the type performed by the clinical laboratory. A clinical 40 laboratory may only refuse a specimen based upon a history of nonpayment for services by the practitioner. A clinical laboratory shall not charge different prices for its services 42 43 tests based upon the chapter under which a practitioner submitting a specimen for testing is licensed. 45 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

588-02727-15

Page 2 of 2

 ${f CODING: Words \ \underline{stricken} \ are \ deletions; \ words \ \underline{underlined} \ are \ additions.}$

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address Phone State Information Waive Speaking: 1 In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional State Meeting Date	·
Topic CLINICAL LABS	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name DOUG RUSSELL	
Job Title	. i mare
Address 9604 DEGR VALLEY DR.	Phone 850-445-0206
Street $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$	Email DRVSSELL @NETTALLY. Con
Speaking: V For Against Information Waive Speaking:	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing QUEST DIAGNOSTICS	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional State Meeting Date	taff conducting the meeting) $\frac{SB738}{Bill \ Number (if applicable)}$
TOPIC CLINICAL LABORATORIES	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name STEPHEN R. WINN	
Job Title EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	
Address 2544 BLAIRSTONE PINES DR	Phone 878-7344
TAUAHASSAS FL 32301	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking:	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLODIDA OSTEDPATHIC MEDIAL ASS	SOCHTION
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Prof	ressional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic CLINICAL LABS	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name MIKE HUEY	
Job Title ATTORNEY	
Address 301 S. BROHOUGH ST	Phone (850) 577- 9090
TALLAHASSEE FL 3230	Email
Speaking: For Against Information W	laive Speaking: In Support Against The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing LABORATORY CORPORATION)	AMERICA
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	t registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:	Senator David Simmons, Chair Committee on Rules
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request
Date: April 9, 2015	
I respectful	ly request that Senate Bill #738, relating to Clinical Laboratories, be placed on the:
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.

Senator Denise Grimsley Florida Senate, District 21

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Pr	epared By:	The Profession	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules
BILL:	CS/SB 946				
INTRODUCER:	Environmental Preservation and Conservation Committee and Senator Bullard				
SUBJECT:	Legal Holidays and Special Observances				
DATE:	April 17, 2	015	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Kim		McVa	ney	GO	Favorable
2. Clift		Uchin	0	EP	Fav/CS
3. Kim		Phelps	3	RC	Favorable

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 946 designates the second Monday of October of each year as "Sir Lancelot Jones Day" in Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties. The bill encourages citizens, public entities, and private organizations in these counties to honor Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones and his contributions in the preservation of Biscayne Bay and the establishment of Biscayne Bay National Park.

II. Present Situation:

Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones

Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones was born in 1898 and lived in Porgy Key, near Biscayne Bay. His parents were early settlers of the area and the Jones Family Historic District is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. He was a farmer, fisherman, and conservationist. He was a skilled fishing guide and fished with many notable men, including presidents Warren Harding, Herbert Hoover, Lyndon Johnson, John F. Kennedy, and Richard Nixon. In 1970, he sold 277 acres of his property to the National Park Service to contribute to what is now known as Biscayne National Park.

¹ Susan Shumaker, *Untold Stories from America's National Parks*, 47-68, *available at http://www-tc.pbs.org/nationalparks/media/pdfs/tnp-abi-untold-stories-pt-03-jones.pdf* (last accessed Apr. 7, 2015).

² National Park Service, *The Jonses of Porgy Key*, http://www.nps.gov/bisc/learn/historyculture/the-joneses-of-porgy-key-page-3.htm (Last accessed Apr. 6, 2015).

BILL: CS/SB 946 Page 2

In 2014, Senate Resolution 1158 designated October 13, 2014, as "Lancelot Jones Day" in Florida. Currently, there is no legal holiday or special observance of Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones.

Legal Holidays and Special Observations

Florida has 21 legal holidays and 31 special observations, which are designated under ch. 683, F.S. Celebration of legal holidays and special observances can be statewide or limited to certain groups, such as schools, counties, or branches of government. The dates, days, or months designated in ch. 683, F.S., may require the government or group to perform an action or may simply call for commemoration or observance. For example, on Pan American Day the Governor must issue a proclamation and all public schools must honor the countries of Latin America. Gasparilla Day is a legal holiday on which government offices and banks are closed only in Hillsborough County. Observance of a legal holiday may also be discretionary. For instance, a chief judge in a judicial circuit is authorized to designate Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, and Good Friday as legal holidays and close the courts in his or her circuit.

State holidays on which all branches of state government are closed are found in s. 110.117, F.S.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill honors Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones and commemorates his contributions in the preservation of Biscayne Bay and the establishment of Biscayne Bay National Park by:

- Designating the second Monday of each October as "Sir Lancelot Jones Day" in Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties; and
- Encouraging public officials, schools, private organizations, and all citizens to honor the legacy of Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones.

This bill becomes effective upon becoming a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

³ Section 683.05. F.S.

⁴ Section 683.08, F.S.

⁵ Section 683.19, F.S.

BILL: CS/SB 946 Page 3

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill does not create a paid state holiday and does not require the governor to issue a proclamation. There should be no fiscal impact on state and local governments.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 683.095 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Environmental Preservation and Conservation on April 8, 2015:

The CS limits the designation of "Sir Lancelot Jones Day" to Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties and deletes the authorization for the Governor to designate this holiday.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Environmental Preservation and Conservation; and Senator Bullard

592-03759-15 2015946c1

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to legal holidays and special
observances; creating s. 683.095, F.S.; designating
the second Monday in October of each year as "Sir
Lancelot Jones Day" in Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties;
encouraging public officials, schools, private
organizations, and citizens in Miami-Dade and Monroe
Counties to commemorate the occasion; providing an
effective date.

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WHEREAS, born in 1898 on a 22-foot boat in Biscayne Bay, entrepreneur and farmer Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones prospered by supplying the nation with Key limes and was an expert fishing guide sought by five presidents and numerous senators, influential industrialists, and other cultural icons eager to experience the beauty of the bay's wildlife, and

WHEREAS, Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones lived most of his 99 years on the tiny island known as Porgy Key, near the southern end of Biscayne Bay, which was first settled by his pioneer father and Bahamian mother in 1897 in an area long associated with African American maritime history and which is now on the National Register of Historical Places, and

WHEREAS, given the adjacent ecosystems of southern Biscayne Bay and the northern Florida Keys, the lifelong conservation and education efforts of Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones are of significant importance to Miami-Dade and Monroe Counties, and

WHEREAS, often referred to as the "Sage of Caesar Creek,"
Sir Lancelot Garfield Jones became an educator of schoolchildren
and a conservationist whose resolute values toward the

Page 1 of 3

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 946

592-03759-15 2015946c1 preservation of Biscayne Bay greatly contributed to the 31 establishment of Biscayne National Park, which was created to 32 preserve and protect area wildlife for the education, inspiration, recreation, and enjoyment of present and future 34 generations, and 35 WHEREAS, Biscayne National Park is home to a rare combination of terrestrial, marine, and amphibious life in a tropical and subtropical setting of great natural beauty, which annually draws an average of 500,000 visitors, contributes more 39 than \$34 million to the state's economy, and supports 422 jobs, 40 41 WHEREAS, the invaluable efforts of Sir Lancelot Garfield 42 Jones to preserve the land he loved and to ensure that future generations would delight in its beauty and abundance have 4.3 resulted in significant economic, ecological, and cultural contributions to the state, its heritage, and its future, NOW, THEREFORE, 46 47 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 49 50 Section 1. Section 683.095, Florida Statutes, is created to 51 read: 52 683.095 Sir Lancelot Jones Day; Miami-Dade and Monroe 53 Counties.—The second Monday in October of each year is 54 designated as "Sir Lancelot Jones Day" in Miami-Dade and Monroe 55 Counties to commemorate the contributions of Sir Lancelot 56 Garfield Jones in the preservation of Biscayne Bay and the 57 establishment of Biscayne National Park. Public officials,

Page 2 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

schools, private organizations, and all citizens in Miami-Dade

592-03759-15

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and Monroe Counties are encouraged to honor the legacy of Sir

Lancelot Garfield Jones and his contributions to the state by

commemorating Sir Lancelot Jones Day on the second Monday in

October of each year.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 3 of 3



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:	Senator David Simmons, Chair Committee on Rules			
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request			
Date:	April 8, 2015			
I respectful be placed o	ly request that Senate Bill #946 , relating to Legal Holidays and Special Observances n the:			
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.			
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.			

Senator Dwight Bullard Florida Senate, District 39

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

		Р	repared By:	The Professiona	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules	
В	ILL:	CS/CS/SB	CS/CS/SB 1224				
IN	TRODUCER:	Rules Committee, Judiciary Committee, and Senator Joyner					
S	UBJECT:	Health Care Representatives					
D	ATE:	April 20, 2	2015	REVISED:			
	ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1.	Caldwell		Cibula	ι	JU	Fav/CS	
2.	Looke		Stoval	1	HP	Favorable	
3.	Caldwell		Phelps	S	RC	Fav/CS	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 1224 authorizes the appointment of a health care surrogate which is not conditioned upon the incapacity of the principal. It allows for the principal's health information to be shared with the surrogate prior to incapacity. The bill also allows the parents, legal custodian, or legal guardian of a minor to name a health care surrogate to act for a minor if the parents, legal custodian, or legal guardian cannot be timely contacted to make medical decisions for the minor.

II. Present Situation:

Part II of ch. 765, F.S., entitled "Health Care Surrogate," governs the designation of health care surrogates in Florida. A health care surrogate is a competent adult expressly designated by a principal to make health care decisions on behalf of the principal upon the principal's incapacity. Section 765.203, F.S., provides a suggested form for the designation of a health care surrogate. If an adult fails to designate a surrogate or a designated surrogate is unwilling or unable to perform his or her duties, a health care facility may seek the appointment of a proxy² to serve as surrogate upon the incapacity of such person. A surrogate appointed by the principal or

¹ Section 765.101(16), F.S.

² "Proxy" means a competent adult who has not been expressly designated to make health care decisions for a particular incapacitated individual, but who, nevertheless, is authorized pursuant to s. 765.401, F.S., to make health care decisions for such individual. s. 765.101(15), F.S.

³ Sections 765.202(4) and 765.401, F.S.

by proxy, may, subject to any limitations and instructions provided by the principal, take the following actions:⁴

- Make all health care decisions⁵ for the principal during the principal's incapacity;
- Consult expeditiously with appropriate health care providers to provide informed consent, including written consent where required, provided that such consent reflects the principal's wishes or the principal's best interests;
- Have access to the appropriate medical records of the principal;
- Apply for public benefits for the principal and have access to information regarding the principal's income, assets, and financial records to the extent required to make such application;
- Authorize the release of information and medical records to appropriate persons to ensure continuity of the principal's health care; and
- Authorize the admission, discharge, or transfer of the principal to or from a health care facility.⁶

The surrogate's authority to act commences upon a determination that the principle is incapacitated.⁷ A determination of incapacity is required to be made by an attending physician.⁸ If the physician's evaluation finds that the principal is incapacitated and the principal has designated a health care surrogate, a health care facility will notify such surrogate in writing that her or his authority under the instrument has commenced.⁹ The heath care surrogate's authority continues until a determination that the principal has regained capacity. If a principal goes in and out of capacity, a redetermination of incapacity is necessary each time before a health care surrogate may make health care decisions.¹⁰

This process can hinder effective and timely assistance and is cumbersome. Further, some competent persons desire the assistance of a health care surrogate with the sometimes complex task of understanding health care treatments and procedures and with making health care decisions, but may not effectively empower such persons to act on their behalf due to the restriction that a health care surrogate act only for incapacitated persons.

Health Care Decisions for Minors

In general, healthcare decisions for minors are made by that minor's parent, legal custodian, or legal guardian.¹¹ When the minor's parent or guardian cannot be contacted in a non-emergency situation, s. 743.0645, F.S., establishes, in order of priority, the people who are authorized to

⁴ Section 765.205, F.S.

⁵ "Health care decision" means: informed consent, refusal of consent, or withdrawal of consent to any and all health care, including life-prolonging procedures and mental health treatment, unless otherwise stated in the advance directives; the decision to apply for private, public, government, or veterans' benefits to defray the cost of health care; the right of access to all records of the principal reasonably necessary for a health care surrogate to make decisions involving health care and to apply for benefits; and the decision to make an anatomical gift pursuant to part V of ch. 765, F.S.

⁶ Section 765.205(1), F.S.

⁷ Section 765.204(3), F.S.

⁸ Section 765.204, F.S.

⁹ Section 765.204(2), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 765.204(3), F.S.

¹¹ See s. 743.0645(1)(c), F.S.

consent to healthcare for that minor.¹² In an emergency situation, s. 743.064, F.S., allows a physician to provide emergency medical services to a minor in a hospital or a college infirmary and allows emergency medical services personnel to provide prehospital emergency care when the minor is unable to reveal the identity of his or her parent or guardian or if such person cannot be immediately located by telephone at their residence or place of business. The minor's parent or guardian must be notified of any emergency services as soon as possible after the treatment is administered.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Health Care Surrogate for an Adult

The bill creates s. 765.202(6), F.S., (**section 8**) to provide that an individual may elect to appoint a health care surrogate who may act while the individual is still competent to make healthcare decisions and to have access to the individual's health information. To that end, the bill:

- Adds a legislative finding at s. 765.102(3), F.S., (section 3) that some adults want a health care surrogate to assist them with making medical decisions or accessing health information.
- Provides that statutory provisions for review of the decision of a health care surrogate at s. 765.105, F.S., (section 5) do not apply where the individual who appointed the health care surrogate is still competent.
- Amends s. 765.204, F.S., (section 12) to require a health care facility to notify the surrogate upon a finding of incapacity. The notification requirement also requires notice to the attorney in fact if the health care facility knows of a durable power of attorney. The bill limits liability of the health care provider when relying upon a health care surrogate acting when the principal lacks capacity and provides that the effect of the surrogate's authority is only that of the principal. When the medical directions of the principal and surrogate conflict, the principal's decision supersedes the surrogate's decision.
- Adds that an alternate may also act where the primary surrogate is not reasonably available. Current law such as s. 765.202(3), F.S., (section 8) provides that an alternate health care surrogate may act where the primary surrogate is unwilling or unable to act.

Section 765.203, F.S., (**section 9**) is amended to add a suggested form for the designation of a health care surrogate and delete the current form. The information on the form includes:

- The principal's name;
- A statement that the principal designates as his or her health care surrogate;
- The name, address, and phone number of the surrogate;
- A statement relating to the healthcare surrogate who is not willing, able, or reasonably
 available to perform his or her duties, and an opportunity to designate an alternate health care
 surrogate;
- Instructions and authorization for health care that includes some fill in the blank, some required initialing, and further specific instructions and restrictions;
- Instructions and notice of how to amend or revoke the surrogate designation;
- Acknowledgements as to understanding and authority delegated;
- Signature and date, printed name and address of the principal; and

¹² The list includes, in order, a person with a power of attorney to provide consent for the minor, a stepparent, a grandparent, an adult brother or sister, and an adult aunt or uncle.

• Signature and date, printed name and address of two witnesses.

Health Care Surrogate for a Minor

The bill creates s. 765.2035, F.S., (**section 10**) to create statutory authority for a parent or legal guardian to designate a health care surrogate who may consent to medical care for a minor. The designation must be in writing and signed by two witnesses. The designated surrogate may not be a witness.

Like a surrogate for an adult, an alternate surrogate may be appointed to act if the original surrogate is not willing, able, or reasonably available to act.

In addition to regular and emergency treatment, a health care surrogate for a minor is authorized to consent to mental health treatment unless the document specifically provides otherwise. The appointment of a health care surrogate for a minor remains in place until the termination date provided in the designation (if any), the minor reaches the age of majority, or the designation is revoked.

The bill also creates a sample form for minors at s. 765.2038, F.S. (section 11).

The bill amends s. 743.0645, F.S., (**section 1**) the statute on other persons who may consent to medical care or treatment of a minor, to conform to the changes made in the bill. The bill also amends that statute to recognize that a power of attorney regarding consent to authorize health care for a minor, executed between July 1, 2001 and September 30, 2015, (the day before the effective date of this bill) will be recognized as authority to consent to treatment. A designation of health care surrogate or a power of attorney is deemed to include authority to consent to surgery or anesthesia unless those procedures are specifically excluded.

Other

The bill amends ss. 765.102 and 765.202, F.S., (sections 3 and 8) to specify that a right to consent to treatment of an individual (adult or minor) also includes the right to obtain health information regarding that individual. Section 765.101, F.S., (section 2) is amended to add a definition for the term "health information" to be consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (known as "HIPAA"). The terms "health care," "health information," "minor's principal," "primary physician," and "reasonably available" are also added and defined. The definitions of the terms "advanced directive," "attending physician," "close personal friend," "health care decision," and "principal" are amended.

The term "surrogate" that is currently defined to mean "any competent adult expressly designated by a principal to make health care decisions" is amended to add "and receive health information. The principal may stipulate whether the authority of the surrogate to make health care decisions or to receive health information is exercisable immediately without the necessity for a determination of capacity or only upon the principal's incapacity as provided in s. 765.204." The phrase "on behalf of the principal upon the principal's incapacity" in the current definition is deleted.

The bill makes technical changes by revising references to the type of physician (i.e., attending or primary) consistent with the definitions in statutes related to advance directives, health care surrogates, pain management, palliative care, capacity, living wills, determination of patient condition, persistent vegetative state, and anatomical gifts. This change in terminology should have no practical effect.

Finally, technical and conforming changes are made throughout the bill.

The bill takes effect on October 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

In the bill's definition of the term "surrogate" is a statement of the delegated authority:

The principal may stipulate whether the authority of the surrogate to make health care decisions or to receive health information is exercisable immediately without the necessity for a determination of capacity or only upon the principal's incapacity as provided in s. 765.204.

This authority does not contribute to clarifying who the surrogate is. It is substantive and would fit better in part II, relating to the health care surrogate.¹³

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 743.0645, 765.101, 765.102, 765.104, 765.105, 765.1103, 765.1105, 765.202, 765.203, 765.204, 765.205, 765.302, 765.303, 765.304, 765.306, 765.404, and 765.516.

This bill creates sections 765.2035 and 765.2038 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Rules on April 20, 2015:

The CS adds language to the Designation of Health Care Surrogate form which provides when the principal and the surrogate's medical instructions are in material conflict, the principal's decision while possessing capacity supersedes the surrogate's decision. The CS also clarifies when a surrogate's authority commences and ends as the principal gains and loses capacity. It limits liability of the health care provider when relying upon a health care surrogate acting when the principal lacks capacity and provides that the effect of the surrogate's authority is only that of the principal. When the medical directions of the principal and surrogate conflict, the principal's decision supersedes the surrogate's decision.

CS by Judiciary on March 31, 2015:

The CS makes the following changes to the bill:

- Deletes the requirement that power of attorney documents affected by the changes in the bill must be executed before October 1, 2015.
- Reinstates the definition of "attending physician" and revises the meaning to the
 physician providing treatment and care of the patient while the patient receives
 treatment or care in a hospital defined in s. 395.002(12), F.S.
- Revises the definition of the term "close personal friend" to change the type of physician referenced from attending or treating to primary.
- Modifies the surrogate designation form to add instructions and notice of how to amend or revoke the surrogate designation.
- Adds the condition that an attending physician must notify the primary physician of his or her determination that the principal lacks capacity.

¹³ See Office of Bill Drafting Services, The Florida Senate, Manual for Drafting Legislation, p. 45 (6th ed. 2009).

• Removes the caveat that even though a surrogate has been designated, selfdetermination of the principal is controlling and that the primary physician does not have to communication to the principal the decision made by the surrogate. Changes the references to an attending and/or treating physician to references to a primary physician and makes other conforming changes.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

402896

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS		
04/20/2015		
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The Committee on Rules (Joyner) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete line 473

4 and insert:

IMMEDIATELY. PURSUANT TO SECTION 765.204(3), ANY INSTRUCTIONS OR

HEALTH CARE DECISIONS I MAKE, EITHER VERBALLY OR IN WRITING,

WHILE I POSSESS CAPACITY SHALL SUPERCEDE ANY INSTRUCTIONS OR

HEALTH CARE DECISIONS MADE BY MY SURROGATE THAT ARE IN MATERIAL

CONFLICT WITH THOSE MADE BY ME.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/20/2015		
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Rules (Joyner) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 671 - 682

and insert:

(3) The surrogate's authority shall commence either upon a determination under subsection (2) that the principal lacks capacity, or upon a stipulation of such authority pursuant to s. 765.101(21). and Such authority shall remain in effect until a determination that the principal has regained such capacity when the authority commenced as a result of incapacity, or until its revocation in such cases where the authority commenced



immediately pursuant to 765.101(21). Upon commencement of the surrogate's authority, a surrogate who is not the principal's spouse shall notify the principal's spouse or adult children of the principal's designation of the surrogate. Except where the principal provided immediately exercisable authority to the surrogate pursuant to s. 765.101(21), in the event the primary or attending physician determines that the principal has regained capacity, the authority of the surrogate shall cease, but shall recommence if the principal subsequently loses capacity as determined pursuant to this section. A health care provider will not be liable for relying upon health care decisions made by a surrogate while a principal lacks capacity. At any time when a principal lacks capacity, a health care decision made on a principal's behalf by a surrogate shall be effective to the same extent as a decision made by the principal. When a principal possesses capacity, health care decisions of the principal will take precedence over decisions made by the surrogate that present a material conflict.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 44

and insert:

notification of incapacity of a principal; providing that a health care provider may justifiably rely on decisions made by a surrogate; providing for when there are conflicting decisions between surrogate and patient; amending s.

By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Joyner

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590-03296-15 20151224c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care representatives; amending s. 743.0645, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 765.101, F.S.; defining terms for purposes of provisions relating to health care advanced directives; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 765.102, F.S.; revising legislative intent to include reference to surrogate authority that is not dependent on a determination of incapacity; amending s. 765.104, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 765.105, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an exception for a patient who has designated a surrogate to make health care decisions and receive health information without a determination of incapacity being required; amending ss. 765.1103 and 765.1105, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 765.202, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the designation of health care surrogates; amending s. 765.203, F.S.; revising the suggested form for designation of a health care surrogate; creating s. 765.2035, F.S.; providing for the designation of health care surrogates for minors; providing for designation of an alternate surrogate; providing for decisionmaking if neither the designated surrogate nor the designated alternate surrogate is willing, able, or reasonably available to make health care decisions for the minor on behalf of the minor's principal;

Page 1 of 30

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 1224

590-03296-15 20151224c1 30 authorizing designation of a separate surrogate to 31 consent to mental health treatment for a minor; 32 providing that the health care surrogate authorized to 33 make health care decisions for a minor is also the 34 minor's principal's choice to make decisions regarding 35 mental health treatment for the minor unless provided 36 otherwise; providing that a written designation of a 37 health care surrogate establishes a rebuttable 38 presumption of clear and convincing evidence of the 39 minor's principal's designation of the surrogate; 40 creating s. 765.2038, F.S.; providing a suggested form 41 for the designation of a health care surrogate for a minor; amending s. 765.204, F.S.; conforming 42 4.3 provisions to changes made by the act; providing for notification of incapacity of a principal; amending s. 45 765.205, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending ss. 765.302, 765.303, 765.304, 46 47 765.306, 765.404, and 765.516, F.S.; conforming 48 provisions to changes made by the act; providing an 49 effective date. 50 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 51 52 53 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 743.0645, Florida Statutes, are 54 amended to read: 55 56 743.0645 Other persons who may consent to medical care or 57 treatment of a minor.-(1) As used in this section, the term: 58

Page 2 of 30

590-03296-15 20151224c1

8.3

- (b) "Medical care and treatment" includes ordinary and necessary medical and dental examination and treatment, including blood testing, preventive care including ordinary immunizations, tuberculin testing, and well-child care, but does not include surgery, general anesthesia, provision of psychotropic medications, or other extraordinary procedures for which a separate court order, health care surrogate designation under s. 765.2035 executed after September 30, 2015, power of attorney executed after July 1, 2001, or informed consent as provided by law is required, except as provided in s. 39.407(3).
- (2) Any of the following persons, in order of priority listed, may consent to the medical care or treatment of a minor who is not committed to the Department of Children and Families or the Department of Juvenile Justice or in their custody under chapter 39, chapter 984, or chapter 985 when, after a reasonable attempt, a person who has the power to consent as otherwise provided by law cannot be contacted by the treatment provider and actual notice to the contrary has not been given to the provider by that person:
- (a) A health care surrogate designated under s. 765.2035

 after September 30, 2015, or a person who possesses a power of attorney to provide medical consent for the minor. A health care surrogate designation under s. 765.2035 executed after September 30, 2015, and a power of attorney executed after July 1, 2001, to provide medical consent for a minor includes the power to consent to medically necessary surgical and general anesthesia services for the minor unless such services are excluded by the individual executing the health care surrogate for a minor or power of attorney.

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There shall be maintained in the treatment provider's records of the minor documentation that a reasonable attempt was made to contact the person who has the power to consent.

Section 2. Section 765.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.101 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Advance directive" means a witnessed written document or oral statement in which instructions are given by a principal or in which the principal's desires are expressed concerning any aspect of the principal's health care or health information, and includes, but is not limited to, the designation of a health care surrogate, a living will, or an anatomical gift made pursuant to part V of this chapter.
- (2) "Attending physician" means the primary physician who has primary responsibility for the treatment and care of the patient while the patient receives such treatment or care in a hospital as defined in s. 395.002(12).
- (3) "Close personal friend" means any person 18 years of age or older who has exhibited special care and concern for the patient, and who presents an affidavit to the health care facility or to the <u>primary attending or treating</u> physician stating that he or she is a friend of the patient; is willing and able to become involved in the patient's health care; and has maintained such regular contact with the patient so as to be familiar with the patient's activities, health, and religious or moral beliefs.
- (4) "End-stage condition" means an irreversible condition that is caused by injury, disease, or illness which has resulted

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in progressively severe and permanent deterioration, and which, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, treatment of the condition would be ineffective.

- (5) "Health care" means care, services, or supplies related to the health of an individual and includes, but is not limited to, preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance, or palliative care, and counseling, service, assessment, or procedure with respect to the individual's physical or mental condition or functional status or that affect the structure or function of the individual's body.
 - (6) (5) "Health care decision" means:

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- (a) Informed consent, refusal of consent, or withdrawal of consent to any and all health care, including life-prolonging procedures and mental health treatment, unless otherwise stated in the advance directives.
- (b) The decision to apply for private, public, government, or veterans' benefits to defray the cost of health care.
- (c) The right of access to <u>health information</u> all records of the principal reasonably necessary for a health care surrogate $\underline{\text{or proxy}}$ to make decisions involving health care and to apply for benefits.
- (d) The decision to make an anatomical gift pursuant to part ${\tt V}$ of this chapter.
- (7) "Health care facility" means a hospital, nursing home, hospice, home health agency, or health maintenance organization licensed in this state, or any facility subject to part I of chapter 394.
- (8) (7) "Health care provider" or "provider" means any person licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by law to

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146	administer health care in the ordinary course of business or
147	practice of a profession.
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-	(9) "Health information" means any information, whether
149	oral or recorded in any form or medium, as defined in 45 C.F.R.
150	s. 160.103 and the Health Insurance Portability and
151	Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. s. 1320d, as amended,
152	<pre>that:</pre>
153	(a) Is created or received by a health care provider,
154	health care facility, health plan, public health authority,
155	employer, life insurer, school or university, or health care
156	clearinghouse; and
157	(b) Relates to the past, present, or future physical or
158	mental health or condition of the principal; the provision of
159	health care to the principal; or the past, present, or future
160	payment for the provision of health care to the principal.
161	(10) (8) "Incapacity" or "incompetent" means the patient is
162	physically or mentally unable to communicate a willful and
163	knowing health care decision. For the purposes of making an
164	anatomical gift, the term also includes a patient who is
165	deceased.
166	(11) (9) "Informed consent" means consent voluntarily given
167	by a person after a sufficient explanation and disclosure of the
168	subject matter involved to enable that person to have a general
169	understanding of the treatment or procedure and the medically
170	acceptable alternatives, including the substantial risks and
171	hazards inherent in the proposed treatment or procedures, and to
172	make a knowing health care decision without coercion or undue
173	influence.
174	(12) (10) "Life-prolonging procedure" means any medical

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procedure, treatment, or intervention, including artificially

provided sustenance and hydration, which sustains, restores, or

supplants a spontaneous vital function. The term does not

include the administration of medication or performance of

medical procedure, when such medication or procedure is deemed

necessary to provide comfort care or to alleviate pain.

(13)(11) "Living will" or "declaration" means:

- (a) A witnessed document in writing, voluntarily executed by the principal in accordance with s. 765.302; or
- (b) A witnessed oral statement made by the principal expressing the principal's instructions concerning lifeprolonging procedures.
- (14) "Minor's principal" means a principal who is a natural guardian as defined in s. 744.301(1); legal custodian; or, subject to chapter 744, legal guardian of the person of a minor.
- $\underline{(15)}$ "Persistent vegetative state" means a permanent and irreversible condition of unconsciousness in which there is:
- (a) The absence of voluntary action or cognitive behavior of any kind.
- (b) An inability to communicate or interact purposefully with the environment.
- (16)-(13) "Physician" means a person licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459.
- (17) "Primary physician" means a physician designated by an individual or the individual's surrogate, proxy, or agent under a durable power of attorney, as provided in chapter 709, to have primary responsibility for the individual's health care or, in the absence of a designation or if the designated physician is not reasonably available, a physician who undertakes the

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204 responsibility.

2.07

(18)(14) "Principal" means a competent adult executing an advance directive and on whose behalf health care decisions are to be made or health care information is to be received, or both.

(19) "Proxy" means a competent adult who has not been expressly designated to make health care decisions for a particular incapacitated individual, but who, nevertheless, is authorized pursuant to s. 765.401 to make health care decisions for such individual.

(20) "Reasonably available" means readily able to be contacted without undue effort and willing and able to act in a timely manner considering the urgency of the patient's health care needs.

(21) (16) "Surrogate" means any competent adult expressly designated by a principal to make health care decisions and to receive health information. The principal may stipulate whether the authority of the surrogate to make health care decisions or to receive health information is exercisable immediately without the necessity for a determination of incapacity or only upon the principal's incapacity as provided in s. 765.204 on behalf of the principal upon the principal's incapacity.

(22) (17) "Terminal condition" means a condition caused by injury, disease, or illness from which there is no reasonable medical probability of recovery and which, without treatment, can be expected to cause death.

Section 3. Subsections (3) through (6) of section 765.102, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (7), respectively, present subsections (2) and (3) are amended, and a

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new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read: 765.102 Legislative findings and intent.—

capacity to make such decisions has been regained.

2.57

- (2) To ensure that such right is not lost or diminished by virtue of later physical or mental incapacity, the Legislature intends that a procedure be established to allow a person to plan for incapacity by executing a document or orally designating another person to direct the course of his or her health care or receive his or her health information, or both, medical treatment upon his or her incapacity. Such procedure should be less expensive and less restrictive than guardianship and permit a previously incapacitated person to exercise his or her full right to make health care decisions as soon as the
- (3) The Legislature also recognizes that some competent adults may want to receive immediate assistance in making health care decisions or accessing health information, or both, without a determination of incapacity. The Legislature intends that a procedure be established to allow a person to designate a surrogate to make health care decisions or receive health information, or both, without the necessity for a determination of incapacity under this chapter.
- (4) (3) The Legislature recognizes that for some the administration of life-prolonging medical procedures may result in only a precarious and burdensome existence. In order to ensure that the rights and intentions of a person may be respected even after he or she is no longer able to participate actively in decisions concerning himself or herself, and to encourage communication among such patient, his or her family, and his or her physician, the Legislature declares that the laws

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262	of this state recognize the right of a competent adult to make
263	an advance directive instructing his or her physician to
264	provide, withhold, or withdraw life-prolonging procedures $_{\overline{\tau}}$ or to
265	designate another to make the $\underline{\text{health care}}$ $\underline{\text{treatment}}$ decision for
266	him or her in the event that such person should become
267	incapacitated and unable to personally direct his or her $\underline{\text{health}}$
268	medical care.
269	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 765.104, Florida
270	Statutes, is amended to read:
271	765.104 Amendment or revocation.—
272	(1) An advance directive or designation of a surrogate may
273	be amended or revoked at any time by a competent principal:
274	(a) By means of a signed, dated writing;
275	(b) By means of the physical cancellation or destruction of
276	the advance directive by the principal or by another in the
277	principal's presence and at the principal's direction;
278	(c) By means of an oral expression of intent to amend or
279	revoke; or
280	(d) By means of a subsequently executed advance directive
281	that is materially different from a previously executed advance
282	directive.
283	Section 5. Section 765.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to
284	read:
285	765.105 Review of surrogate or proxy's decision.—
286	$\underline{\text{(1)}}$ The patient's family, the health care facility, or the
287	$\underline{\text{primary}}$ $\underline{\text{attending}}$ physician, or any other interested person who
288	may reasonably be expected to be directly affected by the
289	surrogate or proxy's decision concerning any health care
290	decision may seek expedited judicial intervention pursuant to

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291	rule 5.900 of the Florida Probate Rules, if that person
292	believes:
293	$\underline{\text{(a)}}$ (1) The surrogate or proxy's decision is not in accord
294	with the patient's known desires or the provisions of this
295	chapter;
296	$\underline{\text{(b)}}$ (2) The advance directive is ambiguous, or the patient
297	has changed his or her mind after execution of the advance
298	directive;
299	$\underline{\text{(c)}}$ (3) The surrogate or proxy was improperly designated or
300	appointed, or the designation of the surrogate is no longer
301	effective or has been revoked;
302	$\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (4) The surrogate or proxy has failed to discharge
303	duties, or incapacity or illness renders the surrogate or proxy
304	incapable of discharging duties;
305	$\underline{\text{(e)}}$ (5) The surrogate or proxy has abused $\underline{\text{his or her}}$ powers;
306	or
307	$\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (6) The patient has sufficient capacity to make his or
308	her own health care decisions.
309	(2) This section does not apply to a patient who is not
310	incapacitated and who has designated a surrogate who has
311	immediate authority to make health care decisions and receive
312	health information, or both, on behalf of the patient.
313	Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 765.1103, Florida
314	Statutes, is amended to read:
315	765.1103 Pain management and palliative care
316	(1) A patient shall be given information concerning pain
317	management and palliative care when he or she discusses with the
318	<pre>primary attending or treating physician, or such physician's</pre>
319	designee, the diagnosis, planned course of treatment,

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320	alternatives, risks, or prognosis for his or her illness. If the
321	patient is incapacitated, the information shall be given to the
322	patient's health care surrogate or proxy, court-appointed
323	guardian as provided in chapter 744, or attorney in fact under a
324	durable power of attorney as provided in chapter 709. The court-
325	appointed guardian or attorney in fact must have been delegated
326	authority to make health care decisions on behalf of the
327	patient.
328	Section 7. Section 765.1105, Florida Statutes, is amended
329	to read:
330	765.1105 Transfer of a patient.—
331	(1) A health care provider or facility that refuses to
332	comply with a patient's advance directive, or the treatment
333	decision of his or her surrogate or proxy, shall make reasonable
334	efforts to transfer the patient to another health care provider
335	or facility that will comply with the directive or treatment
336	decision. This chapter does not require a health care provider
337	or facility to commit any act which is contrary to the
338	provider's or facility's moral or ethical beliefs, if the
339	patient:
340	(a) Is not in an emergency condition; and
341	(b) Has received written information upon admission
342	informing the patient of the policies of the health care
343	provider or facility regarding such moral or ethical beliefs.
344	(2) A health care provider or facility that is unwilling to
345	carry out the wishes of the patient or the treatment decision of
346	his or her surrogate $\underline{\text{or proxy}}$ because of moral or ethical
347	beliefs must within 7 days either:

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(a) Transfer the patient to another health care provider or

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facility. The health care provider or facility shall pay the costs for transporting the patient to another health care provider or facility; or

(b) If the patient has not been transferred, carry out the wishes of the patient or the patient's surrogate or proxy, unless the provisions of s. 765.105 applies apply.

Section 8. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 765.202, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (6) and (7) are renumbered as subsections (7) and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

765.202 Designation of a health care surrogate.-

- (1) A written document designating a surrogate to make health care decisions for a principal or receive health information on behalf of a principal, or both, shall be signed by the principal in the presence of two subscribing adult witnesses. A principal unable to sign the instrument may, in the presence of witnesses, direct that another person sign the principal's name as required herein. An exact copy of the instrument shall be provided to the surrogate.
- (3) A document designating a health care surrogate may also designate an alternate surrogate provided the designation is explicit. The alternate surrogate may assume his or her duties as surrogate for the principal if the original surrogate is not willing, able, or reasonably available unwilling or unable to perform his or her duties. The principal's failure to designate an alternate surrogate shall not invalidate the designation of a surrogate.
- (4) If neither the designated surrogate nor the designated alternate surrogate is willing, able, or reasonably available

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378	able or willing to make health care decisions on behalf of the
379	principal and in accordance with the principal's instructions,
380	the health care facility may seek the appointment of a proxy
381	pursuant to part IV.
382	(6) A principal may stipulate in the document that the
383	authority of the surrogate to receive health information or make
384	health care decisions or both is exercisable immediately without
385	the necessity for a determination of incapacity as provided in
386	s. 765.204.
387	Section 9. Section 765.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to
388	read:
389	765.203 Suggested form of designation.—A written
390	designation of a health care surrogate executed pursuant to this
391	chapter may, but need not be, in the following form:
392	
393	DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE SURROGATE
394	
395	<pre>I,name, designate as my health care surrogate under s.</pre>
396	765.202, Florida Statutes:
397	
398	Name:(name of health care surrogate)
399	Address:(address)
400	Phone:(telephone)
401	
402	If my health care surrogate is not willing, able, or reasonably
403	available to perform his or her duties, I designate as my
404	alternate health care surrogate:
405	
406	Name:(name of alternate health care surrogate)

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407	Address:(address)
408	Phone:(telephone)
409	
410	INSTRUCTIONS FOR HEALTH CARE
411	
412	I authorize my health care surrogate to:
413	(Initial here) Receive any of my health information,
414	whether oral or recorded in any form or medium, that:
415	1. Is created or received by a health care provider, health
416	care facility, health plan, public health authority, employer,
417	life insurer, school or university, or health care
418	clearinghouse; and
419	2. Relates to my past, present, or future physical or
420	mental health or condition; the provision of health care to me;
421	or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of
422	health care to me.
423	I further authorize my health care surrogate to:
424	(Initial here) Make all health care decisions for me,
425	which means he or she has the authority to:
426	1. Provide informed consent, refusal of consent, or
427	withdrawal of consent to any and all of my health care,
428	including life-prolonging procedures.
429	2. Apply on my behalf for private, public, government, or
430	veterans' benefits to defray the cost of health care.
431	3. Access my health information reasonably necessary for
432	the health care surrogate to make decisions involving my health
433	care and to apply for benefits for me.
434	$\underline{\text{4. Decide to make an anatomical gift pursuant to part V of}}$
435	chapter 765, Florida Statutes.

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436	(Initial here) Specific instructions and
437	restrictions:
438	
439	
440	
441	To the extent I am capable of understanding, my health care
442	surrogate shall keep me reasonably informed of all decisions
443	that he or she has made on my behalf and matters concerning me.
444	
445	THIS HEALTH CARE SURROGATE DESIGNATION IS NOT AFFECTED BY MY
446	SUBSEQUENT INCAPACITY EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN CHAPTER 765, FLORIDA
447	STATUTES.
448	
449	PURSUANT TO SECTION 765.104, FLORIDA STATUTES, I UNDERSTAND THAT
450	I MAY, AT ANY TIME WHILE I RETAIN MY CAPACITY, REVOKE OR AMEND
451	THIS DESIGNATION BY:
452	(1) SIGNING A WRITTEN AND DATED INSTRUMENT WHICH EXPRESSES
453	MY INTENT TO AMEND OR REVOKE THIS DESIGNATION;
454	(2) PHYSICALLY DESTROYING THIS DESIGNATION THROUGH MY OWN
455	ACTION OR BY THAT OF ANOTHER PERSON IN MY PRESENCE AND UNDER MY
456	DIRECTION;
457	(3) VERBALLY EXPRESSING MY INTENTION TO AMEND OR REVOKE
458	THIS DESIGNATION; OR
459	(4) SIGNING A NEW DESIGNATION THAT IS MATERIALLY DIFFERENT
460	FROM THIS DESIGNATION.
461	
462	MY HEALTH CARE SURROGATE'S AUTHORITY BECOMES EFFECTIVE WHEN MY
463	PRIMARY PHYSICIAN DETERMINES THAT I AM UNABLE TO MAKE MY OWN
464	HEALTH CARE DECISIONS UNLESS I INITIAL EITHER OR BOTH OF THE

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465
     FOLLOWING BOXES:
466
467
     IF I INITIAL THIS BOX [....], MY HEALTH CARE SURROGATE'S
468
     AUTHORITY TO RECEIVE MY HEALTH INFORMATION TAKES EFFECT
469
     IMMEDIATELY.
470
471
     IF I INITIAL THIS BOX [....], MY HEALTH CARE SURROGATE'S
472
     AUTHORITY TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR ME TAKES EFFECT
473
     IMMEDIATELY.
474
475
     SIGNATURES: Sign and date the form here:
476
     ...(date)... (sign your name)...
477
     ... (address) ... (print your name) ...
478
     ...(city)... (state)...
479
480
     SIGNATURES OF WITNESSES:
     First witness Second witness
481
482
     ...(print name)... (print name)...
483
     ... (address) ... (address) ...
484
     ...(city)... (state)... (city)... (state)...
485
     ...(signature of witness)... ...(signature of witness)...
486
     ...(date)... (date)...
487
488
     Name:....(Last)....(First)....(Middle Initial)....
489
          In the event that I have been determined to be
     incapacitated to provide informed consent for medical treatment
490
491
     and surgical and diagnostic procedures, I wish to designate as
492
     my surrogate for health care decisions:
493
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494	Name:
495	Address:
	Zip
496	
497	Phone:
498	If my surrogate is unwilling or unable to perform his or
499	her duties, I wish to designate as my alternate surrogate:
500	Name:
501	Address:
	Zip
	Code:
502	
503	Phone:
504	I fully understand that this designation will permit my
505	designee to make health care decisions and to provide, withhold,
506	or withdraw consent on my behalf; to apply for public benefits
507	to defray the cost of health care; and to authorize my admission
508	to or transfer from a health care facility.
509	Additional instructions (optional):
510	
511	
512	
513	I further affirm that this designation is not being made as
514	a condition of treatment or admission to a health care facility.
515	I will notify and send a copy of this document to the following
516	persons other than my surrogate, so they may know who my
517	surrogate is.
518	Name:

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ń	590-03296-15 20151224c1
519	Name:
520	
521	
522	Signed:
523	Date:
	Witnesse
	s: 1
524	
	2
525	
526	Section 10. Section 765.2035, Florida Statutes, is created
527	to read:
528	765.2035 Designation of a health care surrogate for a
529	minor
530	(1) A natural guardian as defined in s. 744.301(1), legal
531	custodian, or legal guardian of the person of a minor may
532	designate a competent adult to serve as a surrogate to make
533	health care decisions for the minor. Such designation shall be
534	made by a written document signed by the minor's principal in
535	the presence of two subscribing adult witnesses. If a minor's
536	principal is unable to sign the instrument, the principal may,
537	in the presence of witnesses, direct that another person sign
538	the minor's principal's name as required by this subsection. An
539	exact copy of the instrument shall be provided to the surrogate.
540	(2) The person designated as surrogate may not act as
541	witness to the execution of the document designating the health
542	care surrogate.
543	(3) A document designating a health care surrogate may also
544	designate an alternate surrogate; however, such designation must

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545	be explicit. The alternate surrogate may assume his or her
546	duties as surrogate if the original surrogate is not willing,
547	able, or reasonably available to perform his or her duties. The
548	minor's principal's failure to designate an alternate surrogate
549	does not invalidate the designation.
550	(4) If neither the designated surrogate or the designated
551	alternate surrogate is willing, able, or reasonably available to
552	make health care decisions for the minor on behalf of the
553	minor's principal and in accordance with the minor's principal's
554	instructions, s. 743.0645(2) shall apply as if no surrogate had
555	been designated.
556	(5) A natural guardian as defined in s. 744.301(1), legal
557	custodian, or legal guardian of the person of a minor may
558	designate a separate surrogate to consent to mental health
559	treatment for the minor. However, unless the document
560	designating the health care surrogate expressly states
561	otherwise, the court shall assume that the health care surrogate
562	authorized to make health care decisions for a minor under this
563	chapter is also the minor's principal's choice to make decisions
564	regarding mental health treatment for the minor.
565	(6) Unless the document states a time of termination, the
566	$\underline{\text{designation shall remain in effect until revoked by the minor's}}$
567	principal. An otherwise valid designation of a surrogate for a
568	minor shall not be invalid solely because it was made before the
569	birth of the minor.
570	(7) A written designation of a health care surrogate
571	executed pursuant to this section establishes a rebuttable
572	$\underline{\text{presumption of clear and convincing evidence of the } \underline{\text{minor's}}$
573	principal's designation of the surrogate and becomes effective

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574	pursuant to s. 743.0645(2)(a).
575	Section 11. Section 765.2038, Florida Statutes, is created
576	to read:
577	765.2038 Designation of health care surrogate for a minor;
578	suggested form.—A written designation of a health care surrogate
579	for a minor executed pursuant to this chapter may, but need not
580	be, in the following form:
581	DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE SURROGATE
582	FOR MINOR
583	I/We, $_$ (name/names), the [] natural guardian(s)
584	as defined in s. 744.301(1), Florida Statutes; [] legal
585	<pre>custodian(s); [] legal guardian(s) [check one] of the</pre>
586	<pre>following minor(s):</pre>
587	
588	<u>.</u>
589	<u>.</u>
590	······
591	
592	pursuant to s. 765.2035, Florida Statutes, designate the
593	following person to act as my/our surrogate for health care
594	decisions for such minor(s) in the event that I/we am/are not
595	able or reasonably available to provide consent for medical
596	treatment and surgical and diagnostic procedures:
597	
598	Name:(name)
599	Address:(address)
600	Zip Code:(zip code)
601	Phone:(telephone)
602	

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603	If my/our designated health care surrogate for a minor is
604	not willing, able, or reasonably available to perform his or her
605	duties, I/we designate the following person as my/our alternate
606	health care surrogate for a minor:
607	
608	Name:(name)
609	Address:(address)
610	<pre>Zip Code:(zip code)</pre>
611	Phone:(telephone)
612	
613	I/We authorize and request all physicians, hospitals, or
614	other providers of medical services to follow the instructions
615	of my/our surrogate or alternate surrogate, as the case may be,
616	at any time and under any circumstances whatsoever, with regard
617	to medical treatment and surgical and diagnostic procedures for
618	$\underline{\text{a minor, provided the medical care and treatment of any minor } is}$
619	on the advice of a licensed physician.
620	
621	I/We fully understand that this designation will permit
622	$\underline{\text{my/our designee}}$ to make health care decisions for a minor and to
623	provide, withhold, or withdraw consent on my/our behalf, to
624	apply for public benefits to defray the cost of health care, and
625	to authorize the admission or transfer of a minor to or from a
626	health care facility.
627	
628	$\overline{\mbox{I/We}}$ will notify and send a copy of this document to the
629	following person(s) other than my/our surrogate, so that they
630	<pre>may know the identity of my/our surrogate:</pre>
631	

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Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 1224

590-03296-15 20151224c1 Name: ...(name)... 632 633 Name: ...(name)... 634 635 Signed: ...(signature)... 636 Date: ... (date) ... 637

WITNESSES: 639 1. ... (witness) ...

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640 2. ...(witness)...

> Section 12. Section 765.204, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.204 Capacity of principal; procedure.-

- (1) A principal is presumed to be capable of making health care decisions for herself or himself unless she or he is determined to be incapacitated. Incapacity may not be inferred from the person's voluntary or involuntary hospitalization for mental illness or from her or his intellectual disability.
- (2) If a principal's capacity to make health care decisions for herself or himself or provide informed consent is in question, the primary or attending physician shall evaluate the principal's capacity and, if the evaluating physician concludes that the principal lacks capacity, enter that evaluation in the principal's medical record. If the evaluating attending physician has a question as to whether the principal lacks capacity, another physician shall also evaluate the principal's capacity, and if the second physician agrees that the principal lacks the capacity to make health care decisions or provide informed consent, the health care facility shall enter both physician's evaluations in the principal's medical record. If

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Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 1224

20151224c1

661 the principal has designated a health care surrogate or has 662 delegated authority to make health care decisions to an attorney 663 in fact under a durable power of attorney, the health care facility shall notify such surrogate or attorney in fact in 665 writing that her or his authority under the instrument has 666 commenced, as provided in chapter 709 or s. 765.203. If an 667 attending physician determines that the principal lacks capacity, the hospital in which the attending physician made such a determination shall notify the principal's primary 669 670 physician of the determination.

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- (3) The surrogate's authority shall commence upon a determination under subsection (2) that the principal lacks capacity, and such authority shall remain in effect until a determination that the principal has regained such capacity. Upon commencement of the surrogate's authority, a surrogate who is not the principal's spouse shall notify the principal's spouse or adult children of the principal's designation of the surrogate. In the event the primary attending physician determines that the principal has regained capacity, the authority of the surrogate shall cease, but shall recommence if the principal subsequently loses capacity as determined pursuant to this section.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3), if the principal has designated a health care surrogate and has stipulated that the authority of the surrogate is to take effect immediately, or has appointed an agent under a durable power of attorney as provided in chapter 709 to make health care decisions for the principal, the health care facility shall notify such surrogate or agent in writing when a determination

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Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 1224

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of incapacity has been entered into the principal's medical $\underline{\text{record.}}$

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(5) (4) A determination made pursuant to this section that a principal lacks capacity to make health care decisions shall not be construed as a finding that a principal lacks capacity for any other purpose.

(6)(5) If In the event the surrogate is required to consent to withholding or withdrawing life-prolonging procedures, the provisions of part III applies shall apply.

Section 13. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 765.205, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 765.205 Responsibility of the surrogate.—

- (1) The surrogate, in accordance with the principal's instructions, unless such authority has been expressly limited by the principal, shall:
- (d) Be provided access to the appropriate $\underline{\text{health}}$ information $\underline{\text{medical records}}$ of the principal.
- (2) The surrogate may authorize the release of $\underline{\text{health}}$ information and $\underline{\text{medical records}}$ to appropriate persons to ensure the continuity of the principal's health care and may authorize the admission, discharge, or transfer of the principal to or from a health care facility or other facility or program licensed under chapter 400 or chapter 429.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 765.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.302 Procedure for making a living will; notice to physician.—

(2) It is the responsibility of the principal to provide for notification to her or his primary attending or treating

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 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 1224

590-03296-15 20151224c1 719 physician that the living will has been made. In the event the 720 principal is physically or mentally incapacitated at the time 721 the principal is admitted to a health care facility, any other person may notify the physician or health care facility of the existence of the living will. A primary An attending or treating 723 physician or health care facility which is so notified shall 724 promptly make the living will or a copy thereof a part of the 726 principal's medical records. 727 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 765.303, Florida 728 Statutes, is amended to read: 729 765.303 Suggested form of a living will.-730 (1) A living will may, BUT NEED NOT, be in the following 731 form: 732 Living Will 733 Declaration made this day of, ... (year)..., I,, willfully and voluntarily make known my desire that my 734 735 dying not be artificially prolonged under the circumstances set 736 forth below, and I do hereby declare that, if at any time I am 737 incapacitated and 738 ...(initial)... I have a terminal condition 739 or ...(initial)... I have an end-stage condition or ... (initial) ... I am in a persistent vegetative state 740 741 and if my primary attending or treating physician and another 742 consulting physician have determined that there is no reasonable 743 medical probability of my recovery from such condition, I direct 744 that life-prolonging procedures be withheld or withdrawn when 745 the application of such procedures would serve only to prolong 746 artificially the process of dying, and that I be permitted to die naturally with only the administration of medication or the 747

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748	performance of any medical procedure deemed necessary to provide
749	me with comfort care or to alleviate pain.
750	It is my intention that this declaration be honored by my
751	family and physician as the final expression of my legal right
752	to refuse medical or surgical treatment and to accept the
753	consequences for such refusal.
754	In the event that I have been determined to be unable to
755	provide express and informed consent regarding the withholding,
756	withdrawal, or continuation of life-prolonging procedures, I
757	wish to designate, as my surrogate to carry out the provisions
758	of this declaration:
759	
760	Name:
761	Address:
	Zip
	Code:
762	
763	Phone:
764	T understand the full import of this dealerstick and T on
	I understand the full import of this declaration, and I am
765	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration.
765 766	-
	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration.
766	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. Additional Instructions (optional):
766 767	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. Additional Instructions (optional):
766 767 768	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. Additional Instructions (optional):
766 767 768 769	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. Additional Instructions (optional):
766 767 768 769 770	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. Additional Instructions (optional): (Signed)
766 767 768 769 770	emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. Additional Instructions (optional): (Signed) Witness

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Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 1224

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....Address....

777 Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 765.304, Florida 778 Statutes, is amended to read:

765.304 Procedure for living will.-

(1) If a person has made a living will expressing his or her desires concerning life-prolonging procedures, but has not designated a surrogate to execute his or her wishes concerning life-prolonging procedures or designated a surrogate under part II, the person's primary attending physician may proceed as directed by the principal in the living will. In the event of a dispute or disagreement concerning the primary attending physician's decision to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures, the primary attending physician shall not withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures pending review under s. 765.105. If a review of a disputed decision is not sought within 7 days following the primary attending physician's decision to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures, the primary attending physician may proceed in accordance with the principal's instructions.

Section 17. Section 765.306, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.306 Determination of patient condition.—In determining whether the patient has a terminal condition, has an end-stage condition, or is in a persistent vegetative state or may recover capacity, or whether a medical condition or limitation referred to in an advance directive exists, the patient's <u>primary attending</u> or <u>treating</u> physician and at least one other consulting physician must separately examine the patient. The

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findings of each such examination must be documented in the patient's medical record and signed by each examining physician before life-prolonging procedures may be withheld or withdrawn.

8.31

Section 18. Section 765.404, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.404 Persistent vegetative state.—For persons in a persistent vegetative state, as determined by the <u>person's primary attending</u> physician in accordance with currently accepted medical standards, who have no advance directive and for whom there is no evidence indicating what the person would have wanted under such conditions, and for whom, after a reasonably diligent inquiry, no family or friends are available or willing to serve as a proxy to make health care decisions for them, life-prolonging procedures may be withheld or withdrawn under the following conditions:

- (1) The person has a judicially appointed guardian representing his or her best interest with authority to consent to medical treatment; and
- (2) The guardian and the person's <u>primary</u> attending physician, in consultation with the medical ethics committee of the facility where the patient is located, conclude that the condition is permanent and that there is no reasonable medical probability for recovery and that withholding or withdrawing life-prolonging procedures is in the best interest of the patient. If there is no medical ethics committee at the facility, the facility must have an arrangement with the medical ethics committee of another facility or with a community-based ethics committee approved by the Florida Bio-ethics Network. The ethics committee shall review the case with the guardian, in

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 ${f CODING: Words \ \underline{stricken} \ are \ deletions; \ words \ \underline{underlined} \ are \ additions.}$

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833	consultation with the person's primary attending physician, to
834	determine whether the condition is permanent and there is no
835	reasonable medical probability for recovery. The individual
836	committee members and the facility associated with an ethics
837	committee shall not be held liable in any civil action related
838	to the performance of any duties required in this subsection.
839	Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
840	765.516, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
841	765.516 Donor amendment or revocation of anatomical gift.—
842	(1) A donor may amend the terms of or revoke an anatomical
843	gift by:
844	(c) A statement made during a terminal illness or injury
845	addressed to $\underline{\text{the primary}}$ an attending physician, who must
846	communicate the revocation of the gift to the procurement
847	organization.
848	Section 20. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

4-20-15			
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	**************************************		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Martha Ede	nfield		
Job Title			
Address <u>215 So Monra</u> Street	Sheef #8	15	Phone 857 - 999 4100
Tallahassee City	无	32 30 / Zip	_ Email Medenfuld @deanmed.Com
Speaking: For Against	Information		Speaking: In Support Against hair will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Rew Pro	perts, Probaki	Trust LAW. Sec	for of the Florda Bax
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes 🔀 No	Lobbyist regi	istered with Legislature: 🔀 Yes 🔲 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encountermeeting. Those who do speak may be			all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ny persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public reco	d for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice, Vice Chair Appropriations Health Policy Higher Education Judiciary Rules

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Legislative Budget Commission

SENATOR ARTHENIA L. JOYNER

Democratic Leader 19th District

April 7, 2015

Senator David Simmons, Chair Senate Committee on Rules 402 Senate Office Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chair Simmons:

This is to request that CS/Senate Bill 1224, Health Care Representatives, be placed on the agenda for the Committee on Rules. Your consideration of this request is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Arthenia L. Joyner

State Senator, District 19

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prep	pared By: The Pr	ofessional S	Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules	
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 564					
INTRODUCER:		al Oversight ar nd Senator Ric		tability Comm	nittee; Commo	erce and Tourism
SUBJECT:	Trade Secret	s				
DATE:	April 17, 201	15 REV	ISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIREC	CTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Harmsen		McKay		CM	Fav/CS	
2. Kim		McVaney		GO	Fav/CS	
3. Harmsen		Phelps		RC	Favorable	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 564 expands the definition of the term "trade secret," as provided in s. 812.081, F.S., to expressly include financial information.

An individual who steals, copies without authorization, or misappropriates a trade secret is subject to a third degree felony under s. 812.081, F.S.

II. Present Situation:

Trade Secret

Section 812.081, F.S., defines a "trade secret" as information¹ used in the operation of a business, which provides the business an advantage or an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it. The test provided for in statute, and adopted by Florida courts,² requires that a trade secret be actively protected from loss or public availability to any person not selected by the secret's owner to have access thereto, and be:

- Secret;
- Of value;

¹ A trade secret may manifest as any scientific, technical, or commercial information, including any design, process, procedure, list of suppliers, list of customers, business code, or improvement thereof. Section 812.081, F.S.

² See, e.g., Sepro Corp. v. Dep't. of Envt'l. Prot., 839 So. 2d 781 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003).

BILL: CS/CS/SB 564 Page 2

- For use or in use by the business; and
- Of advantage to the business, or providing an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it. ³

Penalties

Florida law criminalizes the disclosure or theft of trade secrets. For example:

- Section 815.04, F.S., makes it a third degree felony⁴ for a person to willfully, knowingly, and without authorization disclose or take data, programs, or supporting documentation that are trade secrets that reside or exist internal or external to a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device.⁵
- Section 812.081, F.S., makes it a third degree felony for a person to steal, embezzle, or copy without authorization an article that represents a trade secret, when done with an intent to:
 - o Deprive or withhold from the trade secret's owner the control of a trade secret, or
 - o Appropriate a trade secret to his or her own use or to the use of another.
- Section 581.199, F.S., makes it unlawful for a designated employee, inspector, or collaborator of the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' Division of Plant Industry or the United States Department of Agriculture who, in an official capacity obtains under ch. 581, F.S., any information entitled to protection as a trade secret, to use such information for personal gain or to reveal it to an unauthorized person.

A number of statutes also provide non-criminal protections for trade secrets. The majority of these statutes provide public record exemptions for trade secrets, ⁶ but others provide procedural safeguards or civil remedies instead. ⁷

Related Definitions and Law

The federal Freedom of Information Act exempts "trade secrets and commercial or financial information" from public disclosure. In order to withhold financial or commercial information from public review, it must be shown that the release of the information is likely to (1) impair the government's ability to obtain necessary information in the future; or (2) cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the person from whom the information was obtained. "Substantial harm" may manifest as the disclosure of a company's assets, profits, losses, and market shares.

Florida law also defines "trade secret" in the Florida Uniform Trade Secrets Act¹¹ as a "formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, or process" that derives actual or

³ Section 812.081(1)(c), F.S.

⁴ A third degree felony is punishable by up to 5 years imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine. (ss. 775.082 and 775.083, F.S.)

⁵ The offense is a second degree felony if committed for the purpose of creating or executing any scheme or artifice to defraud or to obtain property.

⁶ Sections 119.071(1)(f), 125.0104(9)(d), 288.1226(8), 331.326, 365.174, 381.83, 403.7046(2)-(3), 403.73, 499.012(g), (m), 499.0121(7), 499.051(7), 499.931, 502.222, 570.48(3), 573.123(2), 581.199, 601.10(8)(a), 601.15(7)(d), 601.152(8)(c), 601.76, and 815.045, F.S.

⁷ Sections 721.071 and 812.035, F.S.

⁸ 5 USC §552(b)(4).

⁹ 110 Am. Jur, Trials 367, Pt. 3 (February 2015).

¹⁰ *Id*

¹¹ Section 688.002(4), F.S.

BILL: CS/CS/SB 564 Page 3

potential economic independent economic value from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use when it is the subject of reasonable efforts under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 adds financial information to protected information classified as a trade secret, which is exempt from public records disclosure requirements.¹²

Section 2 provides an effective date of October 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

This bill expands the definition of trade secrets as found in s. 812.081, F.S.. The companion, SB 564, addresses the impact of this expansion on public records and open meetings.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Businesses previously hesitant to enter into contracts with the state because of fear of release of their trade secrets may now feel more secure entering into such contracts.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference (CJIC) met March 11, 2015, and determined that HB 91, which is substantively identical to this committee substitute, will have a positive insignificant impact on state prison beds. This means CJIC estimates that this bill may increase the department's prison bed population by less than 10 inmates annually.

¹² Section 119.07 and s. 24(a), Art. I, Fla. Const.

BILL: CS/CS/SB 564 Page 4

In response to public records requests, state agencies will be required to interpret what constitutes a financial information trade secret. In turn, agencies may incur costs related to litigation regarding its determination to protect a document as trade secret or provide it as a public record.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill does not define what type of documents constitute "financial information."

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 812.081, of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Governmental Oversight and Accountability on April 7, 2015:

The CS modifies "or financial information" to "including financial information"

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 30, 2015:

The committee substitute deletes Section 2 of the bill, which unnecessarily reenacted s. 499.931, F.S., requiring trade secret information submitted to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation in the administration and enforcement of medical gas to be maintained as required by s. 499.051, F.S. CS/SB 566's amendment to s. 499.051, F.S. provides the necessary update to the definition of "trade secret" in s. 499.931, F.S.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By the Committees on Governmental Oversight and Accountability; and Commerce and Tourism; and Senator Richter

585-03641-15 2015564c2

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to trade secrets; amending s. 812.081,
F.S.; including financial information in provisions
prohibiting the theft, embezzlement, or unlawful
copying of trade secrets; providing criminal
penalties; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 812.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

812.081 Trade secrets; theft, embezzlement; unlawful
copying; definitions; penalty.-

(1) As used in this section, the term:

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2.8

- (a) "Article" means any object, device, machine, material, substance, or composition of matter, or any mixture or copy thereof, whether in whole or in part, including any complete or partial writing, record, recording, drawing, sample, specimen, prototype model, photograph, microorganism, blueprint, map, or copy thereof.
- (b) "Representing" means completely or partially describing, depicting, embodying, containing, constituting, reflecting, or recording.
- (c) "Trade secret" means the whole or any portion or phase of any formula, pattern, device, combination of devices, or compilation of information which is for use, or is used, in the operation of a business and which provides the business an advantage, or an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it. The term "Trade secret" includes any

Page 1 of 3

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for CS for SB 564

585-03641-15

2015564c2

scientific, technical, or commercial information, including
financial information, and includes including any design,
process, procedure, list of suppliers, list of customers,
business code, or improvement thereof. Irrespective of novelty,
invention, patentability, the state of the prior art, and the
level of skill in the business, art, or field to which the
subject matter pertains, a trade secret is considered to be:

1. Secret;
2. Of value;

3. For use or in use by the business; and

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4. Of advantage to the business, or providing an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it

when the owner thereof takes measures to prevent it from becoming available to persons other than those selected by the owner to have access thereto for limited purposes.

- (d) "Copy" means any facsimile, replica, photograph, or other reproduction in whole or in part of an article and any note, drawing, or sketch made of or from an article or part or portion thereof.
- (2) Any person who, with intent to deprive or withhold from the owner thereof the control of a trade secret, or with an intent to appropriate a trade secret to his or her own use or to the use of another, steals or embezzles an article representing a trade secret or without authority makes or causes to be made a copy of an article representing a trade secret commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Page 2 of 3

CS for CS for SB 564 Florida Senate - 2015

585-03641-15 2015564c2 59 (3) In a prosecution for a violation of the provisions of this section, the fact it is no defense that the person so charged returned or intended to return the article so stolen, embezzled, or copied $\underline{\text{is not a defense}}$.

Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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Page 3 of 3

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

4/20	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting)	564
Meeting Date	-			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Trad	de Secrets		Amendn	nent Barcode (if applicable)
Name Up	this dender son	\wedge		
Job Title	- (
Address 108 E	pferson St:	Ste A	Phone 850	0590855
Street	4 PL 32	30/	Email Chl	ndusono
City	State	Zip	,()	me. com
Speaking: For [Against Information	Waive Sp (The Chai	eaking: [7] In Sup r will read this informa	port Against tion into the record.)
Representing	LGBS		`\	
Appearing at request	of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislatu	re: Yes No
While it is a Senate traditi meeting. Those who do s	ion to encourage public testimony, tim peak may be asked to limit their rema	e may not permit all rks so that as many	persons wishing to sp persons as possible c	eak to be heard at this an be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:

Senator David Simmons, Chair

Committee on Rules

Subject:

Committee Agenda Request

Date:

April 8, 2015

Dear Chair Simmons,

I respectfully request that **Committee Substitute for Senate Bill #564**, relating to Trade Secrets, be placed on the committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience. The Committee on Rules is Committee Substitute for Senate Bill #564's final committee of reference. Any questions pertaining to this legislation, please contact me or my office.

Thank you in advance for your consideration.

Senator Garrett Richter

Florida Senate, District 23

cc:

John B. Phelps, Staff Director

Cissy DuBose, Administrative Assistant

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prep	ared By: The Profession	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules	3
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 566				
		ittee; Governmental C Committee and Senat	C	countability (Committee; Commerce
SUBJECT:	Public Record	ds/Trade Secrets			
DATE:	April 20, 201	5 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Harmsen		McKay	CM	Fav/CS	
2. Kim	Kim McVaney		GO	Fav/CS	
3. Harmsen		Phelps	RC	Fav/CS	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 566 reenacts several public records exemptions of trade secret information to conform to the definition of trade secret proposed in SB 564, which expressly includes financial information in the definition of "trade secret" in s. 812.081, F.S. This exemption allows state agencies to refuse to disclose financial information as a trade secret if there is a public records request.

The bill provides that the public record exemptions are subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act and stands repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. It also provides a public necessity statement as required by the Florida Constitution.

Because this bill expands public records and meetings exemption, it will require a two-thirds vote of each house in order to pass.

II. Present Situation:

Public Records and Open Meetings Requirements

The Florida Constitution provides that the public has the right to access government records and meetings. The public may inspect or copy any public record made or received in connection with

the official business of any public body, officer, or employee of the state, or of persons acting on their behalf.¹ The public also has a right to be afforded notice and access to meetings of any collegial public body of the executive branch of state government or of any local government.² The Legislature's meetings must also be open and noticed to the public, unless there is an exception provided by the constitution.³

In addition to the Florida Constitution, the Florida Statutes specify conditions under which public access must be provided to government records and meetings. The Public Records Act⁴ guarantees every person's right to inspect and copy any state or local government public record.⁵ The Sunshine Law⁶ requires all meetings of any board or commission of any state or local agency or authority at which official acts are to be taken to be noticed and open to the public.⁷

The Legislature may create an exemption to public records or open meetings requirements.⁸ An exemption must specifically state the public necessity justifying the exemption⁹ and must be tailored to accomplish the stated purpose of the law.¹⁰

Open Government Sunset Review Act

The Open Government Sunset Review Act ("OGSR Act") prescribes a legislative review process for newly created or substantially amended public records or open meetings exemptions.¹¹ The

¹ FLA. CONST., art. I, s. 24(a).

² FLA. CONST., art. I, s. 24(b).

³ FLA. CONST., art. I, s. 24(b).

⁴ Chapter 119, F.S.

⁵ Section 119.011(12), F.S., defines "public record" to mean "all documents, papers, letters, maps, books, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, data processing software, or other material, regardless of the physical form, characteristics, or means of transmission, made or received pursuant to law or ordinance or in connection with the transaction of official business by any agency." Section 119.011(2), F.S., defines "agency" to mean "any state, county, district, authority, or municipal officer, department, division, board, bureau, commission, or other separate unit of government created or established by law including, for the purposes of this chapter, the Commission on Ethics, the Public Service Commission, and the Office of Public Counsel, and any other public or private agency, person, partnership, corporation, or business entity acting on behalf of any public agency." The Public Records Act does not apply to legislative or judicial records. *Locke v. Hawkes*, 595 So.2d 32 (Fla. 1992). The Legislature's records are public pursuant to s. 11.0431, F.S.

⁶ Section 286.011, F.S.

⁷ Section 286.011(1)-(2), F.S. The Sunshine Law does not apply to the Legislature; rather, open meetings requirements for the Legislature are set out in the Florida Constitution. Article III, s. 4(e) of the Florida Constitution provides that legislative committee meetings must be open and noticed to the public. In addition, prearranged gatherings, between more than two members of the Legislature, or between the Governor, the President of the Senate, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the purpose of which is to agree upon or to take formal legislative action, must be reasonably open to the public.

⁸ FLA. CONST., art. I, s. 24(c). There is a difference between records the Legislature designates as exempt from public records requirements and those the Legislature designates *confidential* and exempt. A record classified as exempt from public disclosure may be disclosed under certain circumstances. *Williams v. City of Minneola*, 575 So.2d 687 (Fla. 5th DCA 1991). If the Legislature designates a record as confidential, such record may not be released to anyone other than the persons or entities specifically designated in the statutory exemption. *WFTV, Inc. v. The School Board of Seminole*, 874 So.2d 48 (Fla. 5th DCA 2004).

⁹ FLA. CONST., art. I, s. 24(c).

¹⁰ FLA. CONST., art. I, s. 24(c).

¹¹ Section 119.15, F.S. Section 119.15(4)(b), F.S., provides that an exemption is considered to be substantially amended if it is expanded to include more information or to include meetings. The OGSR Act does not apply to an exemption that is required by federal law or that applies solely to the Legislature or the State Court System pursuant to s. 119.15(2), F.S.

OGSR Act provides that an exemption automatically repeals on October 2nd of the fifth year after creation or substantial amendment; in order to save an exemption from repeal, the Legislature must reenact the exemption.¹²

The OGSR Act provides that a public records or open meetings exemption may be created or maintained only if it serves an identifiable public purpose and is no broader than is necessary.¹³ An exemption serves an identifiable purpose if it meets one of the following criteria:

- It allows the state or its political subdivision to effectively and efficiently administer a program, and administration would be significantly impaired without the exemption;¹⁴
- Releasing sensitive personal information would be defamatory or would jeopardize an
 individual's safety. If this public purpose is cited as the basis of an exemption, however, only
 personal identifying information is exempt;¹⁵ or
- It protects trade or business secrets. 16

In addition, the Legislature must find that the identifiable public purpose is compelling enough to override Florida's open government public policy and that the purpose of the exemption cannot be accomplished without the exemption.¹⁷

The OGSR Act also requires specified questions to be considered during the review process.¹⁸ In examining an exemption, the OGSR Act asks the Legislature to carefully question the purpose and necessity of reenacting the exemption.

If, in reenacting an exemption, the exemption is expanded, then a public necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are required. ¹⁹ If the exemption is reenacted without substantive changes or if the exemption is narrowed, then a public necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are *not* required. If the Legislature allows an exemption to sunset, the previously exempt records will remain exempt unless provided for by law. ²⁰

Trade Secrets

A "trade secret" in accordance with s. 812.081(1)(c), F.S., is "any scientific, technical, or commercial information, including any design, process, procedure, list of suppliers, list of

- What specific records or meetings are affected by the exemption?
- Whom does the exemption uniquely affect, as opposed to the general public?
- What is the identifiable public purpose or goal of the exemption?
- Can the information contained in the records or discussed in the meeting be readily obtained by alternative means? If so, how?
- Is the record or meeting protected by another exemption?
- Are there multiple exemptions for the same type of record or meeting that it would be appropriate to merge?

¹² Section 119.15(3), F.S.

¹³ Section 119.15(6)(b), F.S.

¹⁴ Section 119.15(6)(b)1., F.S.

¹⁵ Section 119.15(6)(b)2., F.S.

¹⁶ Section 119.15(6)(b)3., F.S.

¹⁷ Section 119.15(6)(b), F.S.

¹⁸ Section 119.15(6)(a), F.S. The specified questions are:

¹⁹ FLA. CONST., art. I, s. 24(c).

²⁰ Section 119.15(7), F.S.

customers, business code, or improvement thereof. Irrespective of novelty, invention, patentability, the state of the prior art, and the level of skill in the business, art, or field to which the subject matter pertains."

Section 812.081, F.S., further defines a "trade secret" as information used in the operation of a business, which provides the business an advantage or an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it. The test provided for in statute, requires that a trade secret be actively protected from loss or public availability to any person not selected by the secret's owner to have access thereto, and be:

- Secret:
- Of value:
- For use or in use by the business; and
- Of advantage to the business, or providing an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it. ²¹

Courts similarly use this factor test to determine whether a document is trade secret subject to protection from public records laws. In *Sepro v. Department of Environmental Protection*,²² the court held that a document was subject to disclosure because the business failed the first prong of the test (that the document be secret) because it had not actively protected or held out the document as a trade secret.

Florida law contains a variety of provisions making trade secret information exempt or confidential and exempt from public records requirements. The following sections of the Florida Statutes exempt from public disclosure trade secrets as defined by s. 812.081, F.S.:

- Section 119.071(1)(f), F.S., exempts data processing software obtained by an agency under a licensing agreement that prohibits its disclosure where the software is trade secret;
- Section 125.0104(9)(d), F.S., exempts trade secrets held by a county tourism promotion agency;
- Section 288.1226(8), F.S., exempts trade secrets relating to projects conducted by the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation (Visit Florida);
- Section 331.326, F.S., makes trade secrets held by Space Florida confidential and exempt; makes portions of meetings in which trade secrets are discussed exempt from open meetings requirements; recordings of closed meetings are confidential and exempt;²³
- Section 365.174(3), F.S., makes trade secret business information submitted to the E911 Board or the Department of Management Services confidential and exempt;
- Section 381.83, F.S., makes trade secret information obtained by the Department of Health confidential and exempt;

²¹ Section 812.081(1)(c), F.S.

²² 839 So. 2d 781 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003).

²³ Records designated as exempt from public record requirements by the Legislature are distinct from those deemed confidential and exempt. Exempt records may be disclosed under certain circumstances. *See WFTV, Inc. v. The School Board of Seminole*, 874 So.2d 48, 53 (Fla. 5th DCA 2004), *review denied* 892 So.2d 1015 (Fla. 2004); *City of Riviera Beach v. Barfield*, 642 So.2d 1135 (Fla. 4th DCA 1994); *Williams v. City of Minneola*, 575 So.2d 687 (Fla. 5th DCA 1991). Confidential and exempt records may not be released by the custodian of public records to anyone other than the persons or entities specifically designated in statute. *See* Attorney General Opinion 85-62 (August 1, 1985).

• Sections 403.7046(2) and (3) and 403.73, F.S., make trade secret information reported to the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to specified regulations confidential and exempt;

- Section 499.012(8)(g) and (m), F.S., makes trade secret information provided to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation (DBPR) in a prescription drug permit application confidential and exempt;
- Section 499.0121(7), F.S., makes trade secret information reported to DBPR in a list of prescription drug wholesalers confidential and exempt;
- Section 499.051(7), F.S., makes trade secret information obtained by DBPR during an investigation of a permit holder confidential and exempt;
- Section 499.931, F.S., makes trade secrets related to the regulation of medical gases that are submitted to DBPR by an applicant or permit holder confidential and exempt.
- Section 502.222, F.S., makes trade secret information of a dairy industry business held by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS) confidential and exempt;
- Section 570.48(3), F.S., makes records containing trade secrets held by DACS' Division of Fruit and Vegetables confidential and exempt;
- Section 573.123(2), F.S., makes records containing trade secrets provided to DACS by specified persons confidential and exempt;
- Section 601.10(8)(a), F.S., makes any information held by the Department of Citrus that contains trade secrets confidential and exempt;
- Section 601.15(7)(d), F.S., makes trade secret information that is provided by noncommodity advertising and promotional program participants to Department of Citrus confidential and exempt;
- Section 601.152(8)(c), F.S, makes trade secret information provided by citrus handlers to Department of Citrus confidential and exempt;
- Section 601.76, F.S., makes formulas containing trade secrets that are submitted to DACS confidential and exempt; and
- Section 815.04(3), F.S., makes trade secret information that is held by an agency and exists internal or external to a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device confidential and exempt.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill conforms and reenacts provisions that make trade secrets confidential and exempt to the new definition of trade secret proposed by SB 564, which adds "financial information" into the current definition.

By adding "financial information" to the definition of trade secrets, all the public records exemptions which cite to s. 812.081, F.S., are also expanded. Some trade secret exemptions were enacted before the Florida Constitution was amended in 2002. The constitutional amendment made the records of all three branches of state government public record but still preserved any public records exemption which existed before the constitutional amendment was enacted.²⁴ This bill amends the older statutes to make them exempt from the public records requirements of the Florida Constitution.

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²⁴ FLA. CONST. art. 1 s. 24.

This bill expands public records exemption for Space Florida meetings in which the trade secrets are discussed and closed to the public.²⁵

The expansion of an exemption makes the exemptions subject to review and repeal on October 2, 2020, unless the Legislature continues the exemptions, pursuant to the OGSR.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

Vote Requirement

Section 24(c) of Article I of the Florida Constitution requires a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting for passage of a newly created or expanded public-records or public-meetings exemption. Therefore, this bill requires a two-thirds vote for passage.

Public Necessity Statement

Section 24(c) of Article I of the Florida Constitution requires a public necessity statement for a newly created or expanded public-records or public-meetings exemption. The Constitution provides that an exemption must state with specificity the public necessity of the exemption. The public necessity statement for this bill provides that financial information be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), F.S. and Article I, section 24(a) of the Florida Constitution. This bill also includes an exemption for public meetings discussing trade secrets, and makes those meeting exempt from the requirements of s. 286.011, F.S and Article I, section 24(b) of the Florida Constitution. This public necessity statement provides that disclosure of financial information would be detrimental to businesses.

Breadth of Exemption

Section 24(c) of Article I of the Florida Constitution requires a public record or public meeting exemption to be no broader than necessary to accomplish the stated purpose of the law. The bill expands public record exemptions to include financial information. Generally, the exemption does not appear to be in conflict with the constitutional requirement that the exemption be no broader than necessary to accomplish its purpose.

\sim	Truct	Funde	Restrictions	٠.
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None.

²⁵ Section 286.011, F.S. and FLA. CONST. art. 1 s. 24(b).

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Businesses previously hesitant to enter into contracts with the state because of fear of release of their financial trade secrets may now attempt to enter that marketplace.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Government entities will have to train their staff on excluding trade secret financial information from public disclosure.

In response to public records requests, state agencies will be required to interpret what constitutes a financial information trade secret. In turn, agencies may incur costs related to litigation regarding its determination to protect a document as trade secret or provide it as a public record.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

State agencies must balance this exemption against the general policy that "all state, county, and municipal records shall be open for personal inspection by any person." This may prove difficult because what constitutes "financial information" under the bill may entail a highly fact-specific determination based on, e.g., the business' treatment of the information as secret and the value of the information to the business. This may result in the same type of information being classified as trade secret for one business, but not another.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends sections 119.071, 125.0104, 288.1226, 331.326, 365.174, 381.83, 403.7046, 403.73, 499.051, 502.222, 570.48, 573.123, 601.10, 601.15, 601.152, 601.76, and 815.04 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill reenacts sections 499.012 and 499.0121 of the Florida Statutes.

²⁶ Section 119.01(1), F.S.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS/CS by Rules Committee on April 20, 2015:

The committee substitute clarifies that the exemption provided for in s. 499.941, F.S., applies to trade secret information contained in the complaint in addition to all trade secret information obtained by the department pursuant to the investigation. This clarification is in accordance with current s. 499.051, F.S.

CS/CS by Governmental Oversight and Accountability on April 7, 2015:

- The CS adds s. 499.931, F.S., which deals with trade secrets given to DBPR because of its regulation of medical gases.
- The CS adds public meetings to the public necessity statement.

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 30, 2015:

- The committee substitute reenacts s. 499.0121(7), F.S., which makes trade secret the information reported to the DBPR in a list of prescription drug wholesalers confidential and exempt; and
- Clarifies the public necessity statement.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/20/2015		

The Committee on Rules (Richter) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete line 415

and insert:

as defined in s. 812.081, information contained in the complaint and obtained by the department pursuant to the investigation

By the Committees on Governmental Oversight and Accountability; and Commerce and Tourism; and Senator Richter

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records and meetings; amending ss. 119.071, 125.0104, 288.1226, 331.326, 365.174, 381.83, 403.7046, 403.73, 499.012, 499.0121, 499.051, 499.931, 502.222, 570.48, 573.123, 601.10, 601.15, 601.152, 601.76, and 815.04, F.S.; expanding public records exemptions for certain data processing software obtained by an agency, certain information held by a county tourism promotion agency, information related to trade secrets held by the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation, information related to trade secrets held by Space Florida, proprietary confidential business information submitted to the Department of Revenue, trade secret information held by the Department of Health, trade secret information reported or submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection, trade secret information in an application for a permit for a prescription drug wholesale distributor or an out-of-state prescription drug wholesale distributor, trade secret information contained in an application for a permit for a secondary wholesale distributor, trade secret information contained in the prescription drug purchase list, trade secret information relating to medical gas submitted to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, trade secret information contained in a complaint and any investigatory documents held by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, trade secret information of a

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30	dairy industry business held by the Department of
31	Agriculture and Consumer Services, trade secret
32	information held by the Division of Fruits and
33	Vegetables of the Department of Agriculture and
34	Consumer Services, trade secret information of a
35	person subject to a marketing order held by the
36	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, trade
37	secret information provided to the Department of
38	Citrus, trade secret information of noncommodity
39	advertising and promotional program participants held
40	by the Department of Citrus, trade secret information
41	contained in a citrus handler's return filed with the
42	Department of Citrus, a manufacturer's formula filed
43	with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
44	Services, and specified data, programs, or supporting
45	documentation held by an agency, respectively, to
46	incorporate the amendment made to the definition of
47	the term "trade secret" in s. 812.081, F.S., by SB
48	564; amending s. 331.326, F.S.; expanding a public
49	meetings exemption for any meeting or portion of a
50	meeting of Space Florida's board at which trade
51	secrets are discussed to incorporate the amendment
52	made to the definition of the term "trade secret" in
53	s. 812.081, F.S., by SB 564; providing for future
54	legislative review and repeal of the exemptions;
55	making editorial and technical changes; providing a
56	statement of public necessity; providing a contingent
57	effective date.
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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 119.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

119.071 General exemptions from inspection or copying of public records.—

(1) AGENCY ADMINISTRATION.-

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(f) Data processing software obtained by an agency under a licensing agreement that prohibits its disclosure and which software is a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, and agency-produced data processing software that is sensitive are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The designation of agency-produced software as sensitive does shall not prohibit an agency head from sharing or exchanging such software with another public agency. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (9) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.—

- (9) COUNTY TOURISM PROMOTION AGENCIES.—In addition to any other powers and duties provided for agencies created for the purpose of tourism promotion by a county levying the tourist development tax, such agencies are authorized and empowered to:
- $\hbox{(d) Undertake marketing research and advertising research} \\ \text{studies and provide reservations services and convention and} \\$

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88	meetings booking services consistent with the authorized uses of
89	revenue as set forth in subsection (5).
90	1. Information given to a county tourism promotion agency
91	which, if released, would reveal the identity of persons or
92	entities who provide data or other information as a response to
93	a sales promotion effort, an advertisement, or a research
94	project or whose names, addresses, meeting or convention plan
95	information or accommodations or other visitation needs become
96	booking or reservation list data, is exempt from s. 119.07(1)
97	and from s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
98	2. The following information, when held by a county tourism
99	promotion agency, is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and $\frac{\text{from}}{\text{from}}$ s. 24(a),
100	Art. I of the State Constitution:
101	a. A trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081.
102	$\frac{b.}{c}$ Booking business records, as defined in s. 255.047.
103	$\underline{\text{b.e.}}$ Trade secrets and commercial or financial information
104	gathered from a person and privileged or confidential, as
105	defined and interpreted under 5 U.S.C. s. 552(b)(4), or any
106	amendments thereto.
107	3. A trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, held by a
108	county tourism agency is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a),
109	Art. I of the State Constitution. This subparagraph is subject
110	to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s.
111	119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless
112	reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the
113	Legislature.
114	Section 3. Subsection (8) of section 288.1226, Florida
115	Statutes, is amended to read:

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288.1226 Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation;

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use of property; board of directors; duties; audit.—

(8) PUBLIC RECORDS EXEMPTION.—The identity of any person who responds to a marketing project or advertising research project conducted by the corporation in the performance of its duties on behalf of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or trade secrets as defined by s. 812.081 obtained pursuant to such activities, are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 4. Section 331.326, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

331.326 Information relating to trade secrets confidential.—The records of Space Florida regarding matters encompassed by this act are public records subject to the provisions of chapter 119. Any information held by Space Florida which is a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, including trade secrets of Space Florida, any spaceport user, or the space industry business, is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and may not be disclosed. If Space Florida determines that any information requested by the public will reveal a trade secret, it shall, in writing, inform the person making the request of that determination. The determination is a final order as defined in s. 120.52. Any meeting or portion of a meeting of Space Florida's board is exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution when the board is discussing trade secrets. Any public record

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146	generated during the closed portions of the meetings, such as
147	minutes, tape recordings, and notes, is confidential and exempt
148	from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the
149	State Constitution. This section is subject to the Open
150	Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and
151	shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and
152	saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
153	Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 365.174, Florida
154	Statutes, is amended to read:
155	365.174 Proprietary confidential business information
156	(2) (a) All proprietary confidential business information
157	submitted by a provider to the Department of Revenue, as an
158	agent of the board, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1)
159	and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
160	(b) The Department of Revenue may provide information
161	relative to s. 365.172(9) to the Secretary of Management
162	Services, or his or her authorized agent, or to the E911 Board
163	established in s. 365.172(5) for use in the conduct of the
164	official business of the Department of Management Services or
165	the E911 Board.
166	(c) This subsection is subject to the Open Government
167	Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand
168	repealed on October 2, $\underline{2020}$ $\underline{2019}$, unless reviewed and saved from
169	repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
170	Section 6. Section 381.83, Florida Statutes, is amended to
171	read:
172	381.83 Trade secrets; confidentiality
173	(1) Records, reports, or information obtained from any
174	person under this chapter, unless otherwise provided by law,

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shall be available to the public, except upon a showing satisfactory to the department by the person from whom the records, reports, or information is obtained that such records, reports, or information, or a particular part thereof, contains trade secrets as defined in s. 812.081 + (1)(e). Such trade secrets are shall be confidential and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The person submitting such trade secret information to the department must request that it be kept confidential and must inform the department of the basis for the claim of trade secret. The department shall, subject to notice and opportunity for hearing, determine whether the information, or portions thereof, claimed to be a trade secret is or is not a trade secret. Such trade secrets may be disclosed, however, to authorized representatives of the department or, pursuant to request, to other governmental entities in order for them to properly perform their duties, or when relevant in any proceeding under this chapter. Authorized representatives and other governmental entities receiving such trade secret information shall retain its confidentiality. Those involved in any proceeding under this chapter, including a hearing officer or judge or justice, shall retain the confidentiality of any trade secret information revealed at such proceeding.

(2) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset

Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed
on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal by
reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 7. Subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 403.7046, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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403.7046 Regulation of recovered materials.—

(2) Information reported pursuant to the requirements of this section or any rule adopted pursuant to this section which, if disclosed, would reveal a trade secret, as defined in s.

812.081(1)(e), is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. For reporting or information purposes, however, the department may provide this information in such form that the names of the persons reporting such information and the specific information reported are not revealed. This subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section or pursuant to a special act in effect on or before January 1, 1993, a local government may not require a commercial establishment that generates source-separated recovered materials to sell or otherwise convey its recovered materials to the local government or to a facility designated by the local government, nor may the local government restrict such a generator's right to sell or otherwise convey such recovered materials to any properly certified recovered materials dealer who has satisfied the requirements of this section. A local government may not enact any ordinance that prevents such a dealer from entering into a contract with a commercial establishment to purchase, collect, transport, process, or receive source-separated recovered materials.

(b) $\underline{1.}$ Before engaging in business within the jurisdiction of the local government, a recovered materials dealer must

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585-03642-15 2015566c2 233 provide the local government with a copy of the certification 234 provided for in this section. In addition, the local government 235 may establish a registration process whereby a recovered 236 materials dealer must register with the local government before 237 engaging in business within the jurisdiction of the local 238 government. Such registration process is limited to requiring 239 the dealer to register its name, including the owner or operator 240 of the dealer, and, if the dealer is a business entity, its 241 general or limited partners, its corporate officers and 242 directors, its permanent place of business, evidence of its 243 certification under this section, and a certification that the 244 recovered materials will be processed at a recovered materials 245 processing facility satisfying the requirements of this section. 246 The local government may not use the information provided in the 247 registration application to compete unfairly with the recovered 248 materials dealer until 90 days after receipt of the application. All counties, and municipalities whose population exceeds 35,000 249 250 according to the population estimates determined pursuant to s. 251 186.901, may establish a reporting process that which shall be 252 limited to the regulations, reporting format, and reporting 253 frequency established by the department pursuant to this 254 section, which shall, at a minimum, include requiring the dealer 255 to identify the types and approximate amount of recovered 256 materials collected, recycled, or reused during the reporting 2.57 period; the approximate percentage of recovered materials 258 reused, stored, or delivered to a recovered materials processing 259 facility or disposed of in a solid waste disposal facility; and 260 the locations where any recovered materials were disposed of as solid waste. Information reported under this subsection which, 261

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262	if disclosed, would reveal a trade secret, as defined in s.
263	812.081(1)(c), is confidential and exempt from the provisions of
264	s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and s. 119.07(1). The
265	local government may charge the dealer a registration fee
266	commensurate with and no greater than the cost incurred by the
267	local government in operating its registration program.
268	Registration program costs are limited to those costs associated
269	with the activities described in this paragraph. Any reporting
270	or registration process established by a local government with
271	regard to recovered materials shall be governed by the
272	provisions of this section and department rules adopted pursuant
273	thereto.
274	2. Information reported under this subsection which, if
275	disclosed, would reveal a trade secret, as defined in s.
276	812.081, is confidential and exempt from s. $119.07(1)$ and s.
277	24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subparagraph is
278	subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance
279	with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020,
280	unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the
281	Legislature.
282	Section 8. Section 403.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to
283	read:
284	403.73 Trade secrets; confidentiality
285	(1) Records, reports, or information obtained from any
286	person under this part, unless otherwise provided by law, shall
287	be available to the public, except upon a showing satisfactory
288	to the department by the person from whom the records, reports,
289	or information is obtained that such records, reports, or

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information, or a particular part thereof, contains trade

585-03642-15 2015566c2 secrets as defined in s. 812.081(1)(c). Such trade secrets are shall be confidential and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The person submitting such trade secret information to the department must request that it be kept confidential and must inform the department of the basis for the claim of trade secret. The department shall, subject to notice and opportunity for hearing, determine whether the information, or portions thereof, claimed to be a trade secret is or is not a trade secret. Such trade secrets may be disclosed, however, to authorized representatives of the department or, pursuant to request, to other governmental entities in order for them to properly perform their duties, or when relevant in any proceeding under this part. Authorized representatives and other governmental entities receiving such trade secret information shall retain its confidentiality. Those involved in any proceeding under this part, including an administrative law judge, a hearing officer, or a judge or justice, shall retain the confidentiality of any trade secret information revealed at such proceeding.

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(2) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset

Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed
on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal
through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 9. Paragraphs (g) and (m) of subsection (8) of section 499.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

499.012 Permit application requirements.-

(8) An application for a permit or to renew a permit for a prescription drug wholesale distributor or an out-of-state

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585-03642-15 2015566c2 320 prescription drug wholesale distributor submitted to the 321 department must include: 322 (g)1. For an application for a new permit, the estimated annual dollar volume of prescription drug sales of the applicant, the estimated annual percentage of the applicant's 324 325 total company sales that are prescription drugs, the applicant's estimated annual total dollar volume of purchases of 327 prescription drugs, and the applicant's estimated annual total dollar volume of prescription drug purchases directly from 328 329 manufacturers. 330 2. For an application to renew a permit, the total dollar 331 volume of prescription drug sales in the previous year, the 332 total dollar volume of prescription drug sales made in the 333 previous 6 months, the percentage of total company sales that 334 were prescription drugs in the previous year, the total dollar 335 volume of purchases of prescription drugs in the previous year, and the total dollar volume of prescription drug purchases 336 337 directly from manufacturers in the previous year. 338 3. Such portions of the information required pursuant to 339 this paragraph which are a trade secret, as defined in s. 340 812.081, shall be maintained by the department as trade secret information is required to be maintained under s. 499.051. This 342 subparagraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act 343 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 344 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 345 346 (m) For an applicant that is a secondary wholesale

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1. A personal background information statement containing

distributor, each of the following:

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the background information and fingerprints required pursuant to subsection (9) for each person named in the applicant's response to paragraphs (k) and (l) and for each affiliated party of the applicant.

- 2. If any of the five largest shareholders of the corporation seeking the permit is a corporation, the name, address, and title of each corporate officer and director of each such corporation; the name and address of such corporation; the name of such corporation's resident agent, such corporation's resident agent's address, and such corporation's state of its incorporation; and the name and address of each shareholder of such corporation that owns 5 percent or more of the stock of such corporation.
- 3.a. The name and address of all financial institutions in which the applicant has an account which is used to pay for the operation of the establishment or to pay for drugs purchased for the establishment, together with the names of all persons that are authorized signatories on such accounts.
- b. The portions of the information required pursuant to this subparagraph which are a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, shall be maintained by the department as trade secret information is required to be maintained under s. 499.051. This sub-subparagraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- 4. The sources of all funds and the amounts of such funds used to purchase or finance purchases of prescription drugs or to finance the premises on which the establishment is to be

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378 located.

5. If any of the funds identified in subparagraph 4. were borrowed, copies of all promissory notes or loans used to obtain such funds.

Section 10. Subsection (7) of section 499.0121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.0121 Storage and handling of prescription drugs; recordkeeping.—The department shall adopt rules to implement this section as necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to, requirements for the storage and handling of prescription drugs and for the establishment and maintenance of prescription drug distribution records.

- (7) PRESCRIPTION DRUG PURCHASE LIST.-
- (a) Each wholesale distributor, except for a manufacturer, shall annually provide the department with a written list of all wholesale distributors and manufacturers from whom the wholesale distributor purchases prescription drugs. A wholesale distributor, except a manufacturer, shall notify the department not later than 10 days after any change to either list.
- (b) Such portions of the information required pursuant to this subsection which are a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, shall be maintained by the department as trade secret information is required to be maintained under s. 499.051. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 11. Subsection (7) of section 499.051, Florida

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407 Statutes, is amended to read:

499.051 Inspections and investigations.-

- (7) (a) The complaint and all information obtained pursuant to the investigation by the department are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until the investigation and the enforcement action are completed.
- (b) Information that constitutes a However, trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, information contained in the complaint therein as defined by s. 812.081(1)(e) shall remain confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, as long as the information is retained by the department. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- (c) This subsection does not prohibit the department from using such information for regulatory or enforcement proceedings under this chapter or from providing such information to any law enforcement agency or any other regulatory agency. However, the receiving agency shall keep such records confidential and exempt as provided in this subsection. In addition, this subsection is not intended to prevent compliance with the provisions of s. 499.01212, and the pedigree papers required in that section are shall not be deemed a trade secret.

Section 12. Section 499.931, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.931 Trade secret information.—Information required to be submitted under this part which is a trade secret as defined

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436	in s. $812.081(1)(c)$ and designated as a trade secret by an
437	applicant or permitholder must be maintained as required under
438	s. 499.051. This section is subject to the Open Government
439	Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand
440	repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from
441	repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
442	Section 13. Section 502.222, Florida Statutes, is amended
443	to read:
444	502.222 Information relating to trade secrets
445	confidential.—The records of the department regarding matters
446	encompassed by this chapter are public records, subject to $\frac{1}{2}$
447	$\frac{\text{provisions of}}{\text{chapter 119, except that any information }} \frac{\text{that}}{\text{that}}$
448	which would reveal a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, of
449	a dairy industry business is confidential and exempt from $\ensuremath{\text{the}}$
450	provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
451	<u>Constitution</u> . If the department determines that any information
452	requested by the public will reveal a trade secret, it shall, in
453	writing, inform the person making the request of that
454	determination. The determination is a final order as defined in
455	s. 120.52. This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset
456	Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed
457	on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal
458	through reenactment by the Legislature.
459	Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 570.48, Florida
460	Statutes, is amended to read:
461	570.48 Division of Fruit and Vegetables; powers and duties;
462	records.—The duties of the Division of Fruit and Vegetables
463	include, but are not limited to:
464	(3) Maintaining the records of the division. The records of

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the division are public records; however, trade secrets as defined in s. 812.081 are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. This section may shall not be construed to prohibit:

- (a) A disclosure necessary to enforcement procedures.
- (b) The department from releasing information to other governmental agencies. Other governmental agencies that receive confidential information from the department under this subsection shall maintain the confidentiality of that information.
- (c) The department or other agencies from compiling and publishing appropriate data regarding procedures, yield, recovery, quality, and related matters, provided such released data do not reveal by whom the activity to which the data relate was conducted.

Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 573.123, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

573.123 Maintenance and production of records.-

(2) Information that, if disclosed, would reveal a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, of any person subject to a marketing order is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and may shall not be disclosed except to an attorney who provides legal advice to the division about enforcing a market order or by court order. A person who receives confidential

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494	information under this subsection shall maintain the
495	confidentiality of that information. This subsection is subject
496	to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s.
497	119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless
498	reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the
499	Legislature.
500	Section 16. Subsection (8) of section 601.10, Florida
501	Statutes, is amended to read:
502	601.10 Powers of the Department of Citrus.—The department
503	shall have and shall exercise such general and specific powers
504	as are delegated to it by this chapter and other statutes of the
505	state, which powers shall include, but are not limited to, the
506	following:
507	(8)(a) To prepare and disseminate information of importance
508	to citrus growers, handlers, shippers, processors, and industry-
509	related and interested persons and organizations relating to
510	department activities and the production, handling, shipping,
511	processing, and marketing of citrus fruit and processed citrus
512	products. Any information that constitutes a trade secret as
513	defined in s. 812.081(1)(c) is confidential and exempt from s.
514	119.07(1) and shall not be disclosed. For referendum and other
515	notice and informational purposes, the department may prepare
516	and maintain, from the best available sources, a citrus grower
517	mailing list. Such list shall be a public record available as
518	other public records, but <u>is not</u> <u>it shall not be</u> subject to the
519	purging provisions of s. 283.55.
520	(b) Any information provided to the department which

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confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I

constitutes a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, is

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of the State Constitution. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

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(c) (b) Any nonpublished reports or data related to studies or research conducted, caused to be conducted, or funded by the department under s. 601.13 is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2017, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 17. Paragraph (d) of subsection (7) of section 601.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

601.15 Advertising campaign; methods of conducting; assessments; emergency reserve fund; citrus research.—

- (7) All assessments levied and collected under this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury on or before the 15th day of each month. Such moneys shall be accounted for in a special fund to be designated as the Florida Citrus Advertising Trust Fund, and all moneys in such fund are appropriated to the department for the following purposes:
- (d) 1. The pro rata portion of moneys allocated to each type of citrus product in noncommodity programs shall be used by the department to encourage substantial increases in the effectiveness, frequency, and volume of noncommodity advertising, merchandising, publicity, and sales promotion of such citrus products through rebates and incentive payments to handlers and trade customers for these activities. The

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585-03642-15 2015566c2 552 department shall adopt rules providing for the use of such 553 moneys. The rules shall establish alternate incentive programs, 554 including at least one incentive program for product sold under advertised brands, one incentive program for product sold under 556 private label brands, and one incentive program for product sold in bulk. For each incentive program, the rules shall establish 557 eligibility and performance requirements and shall provide appropriate limitations on amounts payable to a handler or trade 560 customer for a particular season. Such limitations may relate to 561 the amount of citrus assessments levied and collected on the 562 citrus product handled by such handler or trade customer during a 12-month representative period. 2. The department may require from participants in 564 565 noncommodity advertising and promotional programs commercial information necessary to determine eligibility for and 567 performance in such programs. Any information so required which that constitutes a "trade secret," as defined in s. 812.081, is 568 569 confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I 570 of the State Constitution. This subparagraph is subject to the 571 Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 572 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 574 Section 18. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 601.152, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 575 576 601.152 Special marketing orders .-577

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(c)1. Every handler shall, at such times as the department

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may require, file with the department a return, not under oath,

on forms to be prescribed and furnished by the department,

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certified as true and correct, stating the quantity of the type, variety, and form of citrus fruit or citrus product specified in the marketing order first handled in the primary channels of trade in the state by such handler during the period of time specified in the marketing order. Such returns shall contain any further information deemed by the department to be reasonably necessary to properly administer or enforce this section or any marketing order implemented under this section.

2. Information that, if disclosed, would reveal a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, of any person subject to a marketing order is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subparagraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 19. Section 601.76, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

601.76 Manufacturer to furnish formula and other information.—Any formula required to be filed with the Department of Agriculture shall be deemed a trade secret as defined in s. 812.081, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, and shall only be divulged only to the Department of Agriculture or to its duly authorized representatives or upon court order orders of a court of competent jurisdiction when necessary in the enforcement of this law. A person who receives such a formula from the Department of Agriculture under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the formula. This section

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610	is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in
611	accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2,
612	2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment
613	by the Legislature.
614	Section 20. Subsections (3) and (6) of section 815.04,
615	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
616	815.04 Offenses against intellectual property; public
617	records exemption
618	(3) Data, programs, or supporting documentation that is a
619	trade secret as defined in s. 812.081, that is held by an agency
620	as defined in chapter 119, and that resides or exists internal
621	or external to a computer, computer system, computer network, or
622	electronic device is confidential and exempt from $\frac{\mbox{\footnotesize the provisions}}{\mbox{\footnotesize the provisions}}$
623	$\frac{1}{2}$ s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
624	(6) Subsection Subsections (3) and (4) \underline{is} are subject to
625	the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s.
626	119.15, and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2019, unless
627	reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the
628	Legislature. Subsection (3) is subject to the Open Government
629	Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15, and shall stand
630	repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from
631	repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
632	Section 21. The Legislature finds that it is a public
633	necessity that financial information comprising a trade secret
634	as defined in s. 812.081, Florida Statutes, be made exempt or
635	confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and
636	s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. The Legislature
637	also finds that it is a public necessity that any portion of a

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meeting in which a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081,

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39	Florida Statutes, is discussed be made exempt from s. 286.011,
40	Florida Statutes and s. 24(b), Article I of the State
41	Constitution. The Legislature recognizes that in many instances,
42	businesses are required to provide financial information for
43	regulatory or other purposes to governmental entities and that
44	disclosure of such information to competitors of those
45	businesses would be detrimental to the businesses. The
46	Legislature's intent is to protect trade secret information of a
47	confidential nature that includes, but is not limited to, a
48	formula, a pattern, a device, a combination of devices, or a
49	$\underline{\text{compilation of information used to protect or further a business}}$
50	advantage over those who do not know or use the information, the
51	disclosure of which would injure the affected business in the
52	marketplace. Therefore, the Legislature finds that the need to
53	protect trade secret financial information is sufficiently
54	compelling to override this state's public policy of open
55	$\underline{\text{government}}$ and that the protection of such information cannot be
56	accomplished without these exemptions.
57	Section 22. This act shall take effect on the same date
58	that SB 564 or similar legislation relating to trade secrets
59	takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same

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legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date	Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Trade Secrets Name Cambua Genderson	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	- 20 5597855
Address 10 8 E After Son 5 Steet Street City State Zip	_ Phone_88000700000000000000000000000000000000
Speaking: For Against Information Waive	Speaking: In Support Against nair will read this information into the record.)
RepresentingLGBS	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regi	stered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as mar	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting	S-001 (10/14/14)



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:

Senator David Simmons, Chair

Committee on Rules

Subject:

Committee Agenda Request

Date:

April 8, 2015

Dear Chair Simmons,

I respectfully request that **Committee Substitute for Senate Bill #566**, relating to Public Records/Trade Secrets, be placed on the committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience. The Committee on Rules is Committee Substitute for Senate Bill #566's final committee of reference. Any questions pertaining to this legislation, please contact me or my office.

Thank you in advance for your consideration.

Senator Garrett Richter Florida Senate, District 23

cc:

John B. Phelps, Staff Director

Cissy DuBose, Administrative Assistant

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Pr	epared By:	The Profession	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules	
BILL:	CS/SB 678	}				
INTRODUCER:	Banking and Insurance Committee and Senator Diaz de la Portilla					
SUBJECT:	Reciprocal Insurers					
DATE:	April 17, 2	015	REVISED:			
ANALYST		STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
. Knudson		Knudson		BI	Fav/CS	
. Siples		McKay		CM	Favorable	
3. Knudson		Phelps		RC	Favorable	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 678 creates an additional process for a domestic reciprocal insurer to distribute unassigned funds, such as unused premiums, savings, and credits, to policyholders. The process created by the bill differs from current law primarily by not requiring the reciprocal insurer to create subscriber accounts to make distributions to policyholders. Distributions using this method may not exceed 50 percent of the insurer's net income from the previous calendar year, and may be up to 10 percent of the insurer's surplus.

II. Present Situation:

A reciprocal insurance company is an unincorporated group of subscribers who exchange risk, with each member serving as both the insurer and insured. The subscribers operate through an attorney in fact to provide reciprocal insurance among themselves. Reciprocal insurers may transact any line of insurance other than life or title. Reciprocal insurers are not common and primarily write motor vehicle insurance. Two of the larger reciprocal insurance companies are

¹ Robert W. Klein, *A Regulator's Introduction to the Insurance Industry*, 5-4 (National Association of Insurance Commissioners 1999), *available at* http://www.naic.org/documents/prod_serv_marketreg_rii_zb.pdf (last visited Mar. 9, 2015).

² Section 629.021, F.S.

³ Section 629.041(1), F.S.

⁴ See supra note 1, at 61.

BILL: CS/SB 678 Page 2

Farmers Insurance and United Services Automobile Association (USAA). In Florida, authorized reciprocal insurers are governed by the provisions of ch. 629, F.S.

A domestic reciprocal insurer may be organized by 25 or more persons domiciled in Florida, provided the reciprocal insurer is formed in accordance with the requirements of ch. 629, F.S., and is approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation.⁵ The reciprocal insurer must have a subscribers' advisory committee with powers set forth in the subscribers' agreement. These powers must include supervising the finances of the insurer, supervising the insurer's operations to assure conformity with the subscribers' agreement and power of attorney, and procuring the audit of the accounts and records of the insurer and the attorney in fact.⁶

Section 629.271, F.S., governs the distribution of savings from reciprocal insurers to their subscribers. Reciprocal insurers may distribute to subscribers unused premiums, savings, or credits accruing to their subscriber savings accounts. Distributions may not unfairly discriminate between classes of risks, or policies, or between subscribers but may vary as to classes of subscribers based upon the experience of such subscriber classes.

The Internal Revenue Code provides that a reciprocal insurer may claim a deduction from taxable income for amounts that are added to subscriber savings accounts.⁷ For an insurer to claim the deduction, the amounts in subscriber savings accounts must be immediately payable to the subscriber at the end of the taxable year if the subscriber ends his or her account. The credit to the subscriber account is considered a paid or declared dividend to the subscriber.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 629.271, F.S., to create an additional process for a domestic reciprocal insurer to distribute unassigned funds, such as unused premiums, savings, and credits, to policyholders. The process created by the bill differs from current law primarily by not requiring the reciprocal insurer to create subscriber accounts to make distributions to policyholders. Only domestic reciprocal insurers may use the distribution process created by the bill.

The new policyholder distribution process created by the bill instead creates limits on the total amount of distributions if subscriber accounts are not used, and provides that such distributions are subject to written approval from the Office of Insurance Regulation. The distribution may not exceed 50 percent of the insurer's net income from the previous calendar year and may be up to 10 percent of the insurer's surplus. As under current law for distributions using subscriber accounts, these distributions may not unfairly discriminate between classes of risks, policies, or subscribers, but may vary as to the classes of subscribers based on the experience of such classes.

Section 2 provides that the effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

⁵ See s. 629.081, F.S.

⁶ Section 629.201, F.S.

⁷ 26 U.S.C. 832(f).

⁸ Section 629.071, F.S., requires reciprocal insurers to maintain a surplus fund of at least \$250,000.

BILL: CS/SB 678 Page 3

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

A domestic reciprocal insurer may save administrative costs by using the distribution method created by this bill rather than establishing and maintaining subscriber savings accounts. The method created by this bill will create savings for those domestic reciprocal insurers for whom the federal tax deduction for monies placed in a subscriber savings accounts is exceeded by the administrative savings of using the procedure created by this bill.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 629.271 of the Florida Statutes.

BILL: CS/SB 678 Page 4

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Banking and Insurance on March 4, 2015:

The CS provides that only domestic reciprocal insurers may use the subscriber distribution method created by the bill.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 678

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Diaz de la Portilla

597-01932-15 2015678c1 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to reciprocal insurers; amending s. 629.271, F.S.; authorizing domestic reciprocal insurers to return a portion of unassigned funds to their subscribers; providing limitations; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 629.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.271 Distribution of savings.-

- $\underline{(1)}$ A reciprocal insurer may from time to time return to its subscribers any unused premiums, savings, or credits accruing to their accounts. Any Such distribution $\underline{\text{may shall}}$ not unfairly discriminate between classes of risks, or policies, or between subscribers, but $\underline{\text{such distribution}}$ may vary as to classes of subscribers based $\underline{\text{on}}$ $\underline{\text{upon}}$ the experience of $\underline{\text{the}}$ $\underline{\text{such}}$ classes.
- (2) In addition to the option provided in subsection (1), a domestic reciprocal insurer may, upon the prior written approval of the office, pay to its subscribers a portion of unassigned funds of up to 10 percent of surplus with such distribution limited to 50 percent of net income from the previous calendar year. Such distribution may not unfairly discriminate between classes of risks or policies, or between subscribers, but may vary as to classes of subscribers based on the experience of such classes.

Page 1 of 1

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

$\frac{1 - y - y - y}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Se	enator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>Reciproted</u> Insucort Name Stan Stafford	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	Phone 727-5000
Street	Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing 5tar a Shield	Insurance Group
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their re	, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this emarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100



COMMITTEES:
Judiciary, Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development
Community Affairs
Finance and Tax
Regulated Industries
Rules

SENATOR MIGUEL DIAZ de la PORTILLA

40th District

March 16, 2015

The Honorable David Simmons Chairman Rules Committee

Via email

Dear Chair Simmons:

Senate bill 678, Reciprocal Insurers, passed the second committee of reference today. The next reference is Rules, and I respectfully request that you agenda the bill at your earliest opportunity.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Miguel Diaz de la Portilla Senator, District 40

Cc: Mr. John Phelps, Staff Director; Ms. Cissy DuBose, Administrative Assistant

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Р	repared By	: The Professiona	al Staff of the Comr	nittee on Rules	3
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 1372					
INTRODUCER:	Rules Committee; Community Affairs Committee; Ethics and Elections Committee; and Senator Gaetz					
SUBJECT:	Government Accountability					
DATE:	April 21, 2	2015	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
l. Carlton		Roberts		EE	Fav/CS	
2. Stearns		Yeatman		CA	Fav/CS	
3. Carlton		Phelps		RC	Fav/CS	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/CS/SB 1372 is an omnibus government accountability bill. The bill includes changes to Florida's governmental ethics policies including broadening the water management district lobbyist registration provisions to apply to many more special districts, and applying postemployment lobbying restrictions to certain individuals with Enterprise Florida, its divisions, and the Florida Development Finance Corporation. The bill extends the conflicting contractual relationship ban in s. 112.313(7)(a), F.S., to include contracts held by a business entity in which a public officer or public employee holds a controlling interest in a business entity or are an officer, director, or a member who manages such an entity.

The bill also requires local governmental entities to keep their final budgets, and any amendments thereto, on their website for a period of 2 years after adoption.

The bill requires various governmental entities to adopt internal controls to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.

The bill makes it a first degree misdemeanor to provide prohibited compensation. The bill requires governmental entities to investigate claims of unauthorized compensation and authorizes litigation to enforce the civil penalty and treble damages provisions. Finally, it provides a reward structure and extends Whistle-blower's Protection Act coverage to those reporting prohibited compensation. The bill also makes compensation claims in violation of s. 215.425, F.S., a false

claim against the state. Thus, the state would be authorized to sue to recover damages and civil penalties as provided in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, F.S. (The False Claims Act). Additionally, the Department of Financial Services is authorized to file suit under the False Claims Act.

The bill allows the Governor or Commissioner of Education, or their designees, to report that a local governmental entity has failed to comply with applicable auditing, financial reporting, bond issuance notification, bond verification provisions, or failed to disclose a financial emergency or provide information required during a financial emergency. It increases the Single Audit Act threshold from \$500,000 to \$750,000 and allows the Auditor General to review the threshold periodically and make appropriate recommendations to the Legislature. It makes changes to the financial reporting requirements and independent audit requirements. The bill specifies who can serve as members of the auditor selection committees for local governmental entities. It requires the Florida Virtual School to have an independent financial audit each year.

If an audit report of a school district, Florida College System institution, or other institution or agency under the supervision of the State Board of Education and state universities under the supervision of the Board of Governors includes a recommendation that was in the preceding financial audit report, the entity must indicate its intent regarding corrective action within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report. This response must occur during a regularly scheduled public meeting.

The bill also requires the Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation to notify the Legislature quarterly of any clerk of court not meeting workload requirements and provide corrective action plans within 45 days of the end of the quarter.

The bill requires a water management district monthly financial report to be provided in the format required by the Department of Financial Services.

Finally, the Governor or the Commissioner of Education must notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of financial emergencies instead of notifying the members of the Legislative Auditing Committee.

II. Present Situation:

For the purposes of this bill analysis, the Present Situation will be addressed in the Effect of Proposed Changes section below.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Statement of Legislative Findings and Intent

The bill explains that the intent of the bill is to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse, and to safeguard government resources. Specifically, section 31 of the bill provides: "The Legislature finds that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served when internal controls are established to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse and to safeguard and account for government funds and property. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest."

Governmental Ethics Laws

Collection Methods for Unpaid Financial Disclosure Fines

Present Situation:

Section 112.31455, F.S., authorizes the Florida Commission on Ethics to engage in common-law withholding of wages and to seek garnishment in order to collect unpaid financial disclosure fines. Prior to referring such a fine to the Department of Financial Services, the Florida Commission on Ethics must attempt to determine whether or not the filer is a current public officer or public employee. 1 If the person is currently a public officer or public employee, the Florida Commission on Ethics may notify the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the appropriate county, municipality, or special district of the total amount of the fine owed to the Florida Commission on Ethics. After receipt and verification of the notice from the Florida Commission on Ethics, the appropriate governing body is required to begin withholding the lesser of 10 percent or the maximum amount allowed under federal law from any salary-related payment. The withheld payments shall be remitted to the Florida Commission on Ethics until the fine is satisfied. Additionally, the Chief Financial Officer or appropriate governing body may retain an amount from each withheld payment to cover administrative costs incurred under s. 112.31455(1)(b), F.S. In the event that the Florida Commission on Ethics determines that the person is no longer a public officer, or is unable to make such a determination, the Florida Commission on Ethics must wait for 6 months. After that period of time, the Florida Commission on Ethics can seek garnishment pursuant to ch. 77, F.S. Additionally, the Florida Commission on Ethics can refer the unpaid fine to a collection agency. The collection agency can use any legal tool it may possess to collect the unpaid fine. The statute of limitations for an unpaid financial disclosure fine is 20 years.³

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends s. 112.31455, F.S., in two ways. First, the bill expressly authorizes school districts to withhold public salary-related payments after receiving notice from the commission that an employee has an unpaid fine, including a portion to cover any administrative costs incurred under this section.

Secondly, the bill creates s. 112.31456, F.S., and moves the authority to seek garnishment of wages to that section. None of those provisions are changed from existing law.

Lobbying Registration and Reporting Requirements for Certain Districts

Present Situation:

Section 112.3261, F.S., requires a person who seeks to lobby a water management district to register as a lobbyist before he or she begins to lobby. The lobbyist must present a signed statement authorizing him or her to act on the principal's behalf. The statement must also state the principal's main business. Changes to this information must be reported within 15 days. Water management districts may create their own lobbyist registration forms or use a legislative or executive branch lobbyist registration form. Districts are required to be diligent in ascertaining whether lobbyists have properly registered and may not knowingly allow a lobbyist to lobby if

¹ Section 112.31455(1), F.S.

² Section 112.31455(3), F.S.

³ Section 112.31455(4), F.S.

he or she is not registered. The Florida Commission on Ethics is charged with investigating complaints alleging that a lobbyist has failed to register or provided false information in a report or registration. The Governor has the authority to enforce the Florida Commission on Ethics' findings and recommendation. The water management districts were granted rulemaking authority to adopt rules and establish procedures to govern lobbyist registration, including the adoption of forms and the establishment of a lobbyist registration fee not to exceed \$40.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill expands the scope of these lobbyist registration and reporting requirements to apply to hospital districts, a children's services district, expressway authorities, port authorities, or any independent special district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which exercises ad valorem taxing authority.

Post Service Lobbying Restrictions

Present Situation:

Section 288.92, F.S., authorizes Enterprise Florida to create and dissolve divisions as necessary to carry out its mission. That section also requires Enterprise Florida to have certain divisions. The law also provides for hiring of officers and members of the divisions of Enterprise Florida and subjects certain officers and members to several standards of conduct in the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees.⁴ The law currently does not contain any post-employment or post-service restrictions.

The Florida Development Finance Authority is created in s. 288.9604, F.S. That provision addresses appointment of members of the board of directors and powers of the corporation. It also subjects directors to several standards of conduct in the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees.⁵ The law currently does not contain any post-employment or post-service restrictions.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill prohibits officers and members of the boards of directors of the divisions of Enterprise Florida, subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, and corporations with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions, from representing another person or entity for compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., divisions of Enterprise Florida, subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, and corporations with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions, for a period of 2 years after retirement or termination of service to a division.

The bill also prohibits directors of the Florida Development Finance Authority from representing another person or entity for compensation before the corporation, for a period of 2 years after retirement or termination of service.

⁴ Part III, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

⁵ Part III, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Conflicting Employment and Contractual Relationships

Present Situation:

Section 112.313(7)(a), F.S., prohibits public officers and employees of an agency from having employment or contractual relationships with a business entity or agency that is subject to the regulation of, or doing business with, his or her agency. That section further prohibits public officers and employees of an agency from having employment or a contractual relationship that will create a continuing or frequently recurring conflict between his or her private interests and the performance of his or her public duties or that would impede the full and faithful discharge of his or her public duties.

In its annual reports to the Legislature for the last several years, the Commission on Ethics has advised that the law needs to be amended. Specifically, the Commission has advised that individuals were creating a fictitious legal entity then using those fictitious legal entities to engage in contracts that would be prohibited if the people entered them individually.

Effective of Proposed Changes:

The bill provides that if a public officer or public employee holds a controlling interest in a business entity or is an officer, director, or a member who manages such an entity, contractual relationships held by the business entity are deemed to be held by the public officer. As such, if a public officer or public employee holds a controlling interest in a business entity or is an officer, director, or a member who manages such an entity, it would be a violation for the business entity to have a contractual relationship that will create a continuing or frequently recurring conflict between his or her private interests and the performance of his or her public duties or that would impede the full and faithful discharge of his or her public duties. The public officer or public employee would face penalties ranging from censure and reprimand to removal from office. The penalties also permit a civil fine up to \$10,000 per violation.

Online Posting of Governmental Budgets

Counties, Municipalities, and Special Districts

Present Situation:

Counties⁶, municipalities⁷, and special districts⁸ are required to post their tentative budgets on their websites 2 days prior to consideration of the budget. The final budget of a county, municipality or special district must be posted on the county's, municipality's, or special district's website within 30 days after adoption. An amendment to a budget must be posted to the county's, municipality's, or special district's website within 5 days of adoption. Current law does not specify how long those items must remain available on the website.

⁶ Section 129.03, F.S.

⁷ Section 166.241, F.S.

⁸ Section 189.016, F.S.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires the tentative budget to remain on the county's, municipality's, or special district's website for at least 45 days. The bill also requires that the final adopted budget must remain on the county's, municipality's, or special district's website for at least 2 years. Finally, the bill requires an adopted amendment to the budget to remain on a county's, municipality's, or special district's website for at least 2 years.

Water Management Districts

Present Situation:

Chapter 373 governs Florida's water resource management. That chapter includes provisions authorizing the creation of water management districts and provides those districts with taxing authority. Section 373.536, F.S., governs water management districts' budget process. That section also requires financial audits, 5-year capital improvement plans, and 5-year water resource development work programs. All of these items must be submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection as specified in s. 373.536(6), F.S. The tentative budget is required to be posted on the water management district's website at least 2 days before the budget hearings are conducted. The law requires the final budget to be posted on the district's official website within 30 days of adoption.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires the tentative budget to remain on the district's website for at least 45 days. The bill requires the final budget to remain on the district's website for at least 2 years.

Internal Controls to Prevent and Detect Fraud, Waste, and Abuse

Present Situation:

State Agencies and the Judicial Branch: Section 215.86, F.S., provides:

Each state agency and the judicial branch as defined in s. 216.011 shall establish and maintain management systems and controls that promote and encourage compliance; economic, efficient, and effective operations; reliability of records and reports; and safeguarding of assets. Accounting systems and procedures shall be designed to fulfill the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

Local Governmental Entities: Section 218.33, F.S., requires each local governmental entity to begin its fiscal year on October 1 and end it on September 30. Section 218.33(2), F.S., requires each local governmental entity shall follow uniform accounting practices and procedures as provided by rule of the department to assure the use of proper accounting and fiscal management by such units. Such rules shall include a uniform classification of accounts.

Charter Schools: Section 1002.33, F.S., authorizes charter schools as part of Florida's state program of education. In addition to the creation of charter schools, that section also imposes certain requirements on charter schools. In pertinent part, the law requires that the governing body of a charter school is responsible for: ensuring that the charter school has retained a certified public accountant to perform its annual audit; reviewing the audit report; establishing a corrective plan, if necessary; monitoring a financial recovery plan to ensure compliance; and,

participating in governance training approved by the Department of Education. That governance training is required to address government in the sunshine, conflicts of interest, ethics, and financial responsibility.

School Districts and Florida College System Institutions: The financial records and accounts of each school district, Florida College System institution, and other institution or agency under the supervision of the State Board of Education shall be prepared and maintained as prescribed by law and rules of the State Board of Education. The financial records and accounts of each state university under the supervision of the Board of Governors shall be prepared and maintained as prescribed by law and rules of the Board of Governors. Rules of the State Board of Education and rules of the Board of Governors shall incorporate the requirements of law and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Such rules shall include a uniform classification of accounts. Each state university shall annually file with the Board of Governors financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted by the United States and the uniform classification of accounts prescribed by the Board of Governors. The Board of Governors' rules shall prescribe the filing deadline for the financial statements. Required financial accounts and reports shall include provisions that are unique to each of the following: K-12 school districts, Florida College System institutions, and state universities, and shall provide for the data to be reported to the National Center of Educational Statistics and other governmental and professional educational data information services as appropriate.

Justice Administration Commission: The Justice Administration Commission is created in s. 43.16, F.S. Among its duties, the Commission is charged with maintaining a central state office for administrative services and assistance when possible, and on behalf of the state attorneys and public defenders of Florida, the capital collateral regional counsel of Florida, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program. Additionally, the Commission records and submits necessary budgets, vouchers that represent valid claims for reimbursement by the state for authorized expenses, and other things incidental to the proper administrative operation of the office, such as revenue transmittals to the Chief Financial Officer and automated systems plans that were created by the state attorney, public defender, and criminal conflict and civil regional counsel and the Guardian Ad Litem Program.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires each entity⁹ to maintain internal controls designed to: prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse; promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices; support economic, efficient, and effective operations; ensure reliability of records and reports; and, safeguard assets.

Extra Compensation Claims and False Claims Act Changes

Extra Compensation Claims

Present Situation:

Section 215.425, F.S., prohibits extra compensation to any officer, agent, employee, or contractor after the service has been rendered or the contract made; nor shall any money be

⁹ This includes each state attorney, each public defender, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, the capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem program.

appropriated or paid on any claim the subject matter of which has not been provided for by preexisting laws, unless such compensation or claim is allowed by a law enacted by two-thirds of the members elected to each house of the Legislature. However, when adopting salary schedules for a fiscal year, a district school board or community college district board of trustees may apply the schedule for payment of all services rendered subsequent to July 1 of that fiscal year. That section also requires a contract or employment agreement, or renewal of a contract or employment agreement, containing a provision for severance pay to limit severance pay to 20 weeks and to prohibit severance pay when the individual is terminated for misconduct.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill defines "public funds" as:

any taxes, tuition, grants, fines, fees, or other charges or any other type of revenue collected by the state or any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created pursuant to law, including any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or institution of such entities.

The bill clarifies that there can be no violation of s. 215.425, F.S., for payment of a bonus or severance pay that is paid from sources other than public funds. Additionally, if allowed under the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees in Part III, Chapter 112, F.S., the following funds may be used to pay extra compensation:

- Revenues received by state universities through or from faculty practice plans; health services support organizations; hospitals with which state universities are affiliated; direct-support organizations; or federal, auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition;
- Revenues received by Florida College System institutions through or from faculty practice
 plans; health services support organizations; direct-support organizations; or federal,
 auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition;
- Certain revenues that are received by a hospital licensed under chapter 395 which has entered into a Medicaid Provider Contract and that:
 - o Are not derived from the levy of an ad valorem tax;
 - o Are not derived from patient services paid through the Medicaid or Medicare program;
 - Are derived from patient services pursuant to contracts with private insurers or private managed care entities; or
 - O Are not appropriated by the Legislature or by any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created pursuant to law, including any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or institution of such entities, except for revenues otherwise authorized to be used pursuant to subparagraphs 2. and 3.
- Revenues or fees received by a seaport or airport from sources other than through the levy of a tax, or funds appropriated by any county or municipality or the Legislature.

CS/CS/SB 1372 requires new contracts or renewal contracts, in which state universities are a party, to contain a requirement that severance pay from public funds may not exceed 20 weeks

and to prohibit severance paid from public funds when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct.

The bill requires a unit of government that has made a prohibited compensation payment to investigate and take all actions necessary to recover the prohibited compensation. If the compensation was provided unintentionally, the unit of government must recover the prohibited compensation through its normal recovery methods. If the prohibited payment was willfully made, the unit of government must recover the payment from either the recipient or the person who authorized the prohibited payment. Willfully providing a prohibited payment would become a first degree misdemeanor under the bill. The bill provides for suspension and removal of officers as follows: An officer who exercises the powers and duties of a state or county office may be suspended by the Governor and removed by the Florida Senate. Any other officer may be suspended and removed by the Governor pursuant to s. 112.51, F.S.

A person who reports the making of a prohibited extra compensation payment is eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10 percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident. There is an exception to the reward provision where the recovery of the prohibited compensation is based on disclosures of information relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or other government report; auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media. If the person was involved in the authorization, or was convicted for his role in the unauthorized compensation, he or she is not eligible for the reward. Whistle-blowers are granted full protection under the Whistle-blower's Act. ¹⁰

If the unit of government fails to recover the prohibited extra compensation payment within 90 days, a lawsuit is authorized to recover those funds using the legal procedures in ss. 68.082, (governing false claims against the state) and 68.083, F.S., (governing civil actions for false claims). Litigation to recover such funds must be brought in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of local government is located.

False Claims Against the State

Present Situation:

Section 68.082, F.S., prohibits a person from:

- Knowingly presenting a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval;
- Knowingly making or using a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim;
- Conspiring to commit a violation of this subsection;
- Having possession, custody, or control of property or money used or to be used by the state and knowingly delivering less than all of that money or property;
- Making or delivering a document certifying receipt of property used or to be used by the state and, intending to defraud the state, making or delivering the receipt without knowing that the information on the receipt is true;
- Knowingly buying or receiving, as a pledge of an obligation or a debt, public property from an officer or employee of the state who may not sell or pledge the property; or

¹⁰ Section 112.3187, F.S.

Knowingly making or using a false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or
transmit money or property to the state, or knowingly concealing or knowingly and
improperly avoiding or decreasing an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the
state.

A person who does any of the foregoing is liable to the state for a civil penalty of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 and for treble the amount of damages the state sustains.

Section 68.083, F.S., authorizes the Department of Legal Affairs to investigate an allegation of a false claim against the state. If the Department of Legal Affairs determines a violation has occurred, it is authorized to commence a civil action against the violator. Additionally, the Department of Financial Services may bring such a suit if the Department of Legal Affairs has not done so.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill makes it a "false claim against the state" for any person to knowingly authorize, approve, or receive payment of prohibited extra compensation in violation of s. 215.425, F.S. A person who authorizes, approves, or receives payment of prohibited extra compensation is subject to the civil penalty ranging from \$5,500 to \$11,000 and for treble the amount of damages that the state sustains as a result of the authorization, approval, or receipt of prohibited compensation.

The bill authorizes the Department of Financial Services to bring a civil action if the action arises from an investigation by that Department concerning a violation of the prohibited extra compensation claim and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action to recover the civil penalty and damages.

Auditing

Joint Legislative Auditing Committee

Present Situation:

Section 11.40, F.S., provides:

Following notification by the Auditor General, the Department of Financial Services, or the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration of the failure of a local governmental entity, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center to comply with the applicable provisions within s. 11.45(5)-(7), 11 s. 218.32(1), 12 s. 218.38, 13 or s. 218.503(3), 14 the Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing to determine if the entity should be subject to further state action.

¹¹ Section 11.45, F.S., governs certain audits to be conducted by the Auditor General.

¹² Section 218.32(1), F.S., requires annual financial reports from local governmental entities.

¹³ Section 218.38, F.S., requires notice of bond issuance and contains verification requirements.

¹⁴ Section 218.503(3), F.S., requires those entities to disclose a financial emergency and provide certain information concerning a financial emergency.

Section 11.45, F.S., defines the types of audits that may be conducted. That section requires the Auditor General to conduct certain state and local governmental audits and specifies the frequency with which the audits must occur. Section 11.45, F.S., also allows the Auditor General to conduct other audits he or she determines to be appropriate. For purposes of s. 11.45, F.S., the term local governmental entity means "a county agency, municipality, or special district as defined in s. 189.012, but does not include any housing authority established under chapter 421."

The Auditor General is required to transmit, by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services a list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and water management districts that have failed to comply with the transparency requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to subsection (2).

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill provides that the Governor or his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee, may also notify the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee that a local governmental entity has failed to comply with applicable auditing, financial reporting, bond issuance notification, bond verification provisions, or failed to disclose a financial emergency or provide information required during a financial emergency.

The bill defines the terms "abuse," "fraud," and "waste" in s. 11.45, F.S., as follows:

- "Abuse" means behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a
 prudent person would consider reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts
 and circumstances. The term includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain.
- "Fraud" means obtaining something of value through willful misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, the intentional misstatements or omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive users of financial statements, theft of an entity's assets, bribery, or the use of one's position for personal enrichment through the deliberate misuse or misapplication of an organization's resources.
- "Waste" means the act of using or expending resources unreasonably, carelessly, extravagantly, or for no useful purpose.

The bill also redefines the term "Local governmental entity" for purposes of s. 11.45, F.S., to include tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies.

The bill exempts water management districts from being subject to audits pursuant to s. 11.45(2)(j), F.S. The bill allows the Auditor General to conduct audits or other engagements of tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies. The bill also conforms the Auditor General's reporting requirement to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, by removing the obsolete reference to water management districts and replacing it with the phrase "local governmental entity."

Single Audit Act

Present Situation:

The Florida Single Audit Act, s. 215.97, F.S., is designed to establish uniform state audit requirements for state financial assistance provided by state agencies to nonstate entities to carry out state projects; promote sound financial management, including effective internal controls, with respect to state financial assistance administered by nonstate entities; promote audit economy and efficiency by relying to the extent possible on already required audits of federal financial assistance provided to nonstate entities; provide for identification of state financial assistance transactions in the state accounting records and recipient organization records; promote improved coordination and cooperation within and between affected state agencies providing state financial assistance and nonstate entities receiving state assistance; and, ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that state agencies monitor, use, and follow-up on audits of state financial assistance provided to nonstate entities. Pursuant to the Single Audit Act, certain entities that exceed the "audit threshold" are subject to a state single audit or a project specific audit. Currently, the "audit threshold" is defined as:

the threshold amount used to determine when a state single audit or project-specific audit of a nonstate entity shall be conducted in accordance with this section. Each nonstate entity that expends a total amount of state financial assistance equal to or in excess of \$500,000 in any fiscal year of such nonstate entity shall be required to have a state single audit, or a project-specific audit, for such fiscal year in accordance with the requirements of this section. Every 2 years the Auditor General, after consulting with the Executive Office of the Governor, the Department of Financial Services, and all state awarding agencies, shall review the threshold amount for requiring audits under this section and may adjust such threshold amount consistent with the purposes of this section. Section 215.97(2)(a), F.S.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill changes the audit threshold from \$500,000 to \$750,000. Additionally, the bill changes the requirement that the Auditor General review the threshold amount for requiring audits from every 2 years to "periodically." The term "periodically" is not defined in the bill. Finally, the bill authorizes the Auditor General to recommend to the Legislature a statutory change to revise the threshold amount in the annual report submitted pursuant to s. 11.45(7)(f), F.S.

Local Government Entity Annual Financial Reports

Present Situation:

Section 218.32, F.S., requires certain local governmental entities to submit an annual financial report for the previous fiscal year. The annual financial report is required to be signed by the chair of the governing body and the chief financial officer of the local governmental entity. That section also specifies what information is required to be in the report.

Additionally, the Department of Financial Services is required to file a verified report with the Governor, the Legislature, the Auditor General, and the Special District Accountability Program of the Department of Economic Opportunity showing the revenues, both locally derived and derived from intergovernmental transfers, and the expenditures of each local governmental

entity, regional planning council, local government finance commission, and municipal power corporation that is required to submit an annual financial report.¹⁵

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires an independent certified public accountant completing an audit of a unit of local government pursuant to s. 218.39, F.S., to report, as part of the audit, whether or not the entity's annual financial report is in agreement with the audit report. The accountant's audit report must be supported by the same level of detail required for the annual financial report. If the reports are not in agreement, the bill requires the audit to specify the differences that exist between the annual financial report and the audit report.

The bill also provides that, in preparing the verified report, the Department of Financial Services may request additional information from the local governmental entity. Any additional information requested must be provided within 45 days of the request. If the local governmental entity does not comply with the request, the Department of Financial Services must notify the Legislative Auditing Committee, which may take action pursuant to s. 11.40(2), F.S.

Annual Financial Audit Reports

Present Situation:

If certain types of governmental entities are not notified by the first day of the fiscal year that they will be audited by the Auditor General, those entities must have an annual financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant completed within 9 months. ¹⁶ Section 218.39, F.S., lays out the minimum required information for the independent audits and provides for discussion between the governing body and the independent certified public accountant regarding certain specified conditions. If corrective action is required and has not been taken, the Legislative Auditing Committee can request a statement explaining why the corrective action has not been taken and provides for corrective steps including actions pursuant to s. 11.40(2), F.S.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill provides that if the audit report contains a recommendation from the preceding financial audit report, the governing body, within 60 days, must indicate its intent regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken, and when the corrective action will occur. If the governing body does not intend to take any corrective action, it shall explain why such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.

Auditor Selection Procedures

Present Situation:

Section 218.391, F.S., lays out the process that specified governmental entities¹⁷ must follow in selecting its independent certified public accountant to act as an auditor. Noncharter counties are required to create a committee consisting of each of its elected county constitutional officers and one member of the board of county commissioners or their designee. Those entities must create

¹⁵ Section 218.32(2), F.S.

¹⁶ Section 218.39, F.S.

¹⁷ The entities are: the governing body of a charter county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center.

an audit committee which must make a request for proposals. The law lays out what must be considered in selecting the firm and discusses negotiating for compensation.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires all counties to have an auditor selection committee consisting of each of its officers elected pursuant to the county charter or Florida Constitution. The bill requires municipalities, special districts, district school boards, charter schools, or charter technical career centers to create an audit committee with at least three members, one of which must be a member of the governing body of the entity. That member will serve as the committee's chair. Members of county, municipal, or special district audit committees may not exercise financial management responsibilities for the county, municipality, or special district. The bill provides that the contract period may not exceed 5 years. The bill creates a 2-year period of ineligibility for a firm to get a new contract after its 5-year contract has expired.

The audit report submitted pursuant to s. 218.39, F.S., must include an affidavit executed by the chair of the audit committee affirming that the committee complied with the auditor selection requirements. If the Auditor General determines that an entity failed to comply with the requirements in selecting an auditor, the entity shall select a replacement auditor to conduct audits for the remaining subsequent fiscal years(s) remaining in the contract.

The Florida Virtual School

Present Situation:

The Florida Virtual School is created to develop and deliver online and distance learning. The Commissioner of Education is charged with monitoring the Florida Virtual School. In pertinent part, the law requires the board of trustees to submit an annual report to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education. The report is required to address: operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual School within the state and those occurring outside the state as Florida Virtual School Global; marketing and operational plan for the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, including recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of education through the Internet and other distance learning technology; assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global at the end of the fiscal year; a copy of an annual financial audit of the accounts and records of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, conducted by an independent certified public accountant and performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General; recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing services to students through the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global; and, recommendations regarding an accountability mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the services provided by the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global.¹⁸

The Auditor General is required to conduct an operational audit of the Florida Virtual School, including Florida Virtual School Global. The scope of the audit must include, but not be limited to, the administration of responsibilities relating to personnel; procurement and contracting; revenue production; school funds, including internal funds; student enrollment records; franchise agreements; information technology utilization, assets, and security; performance measures and

¹⁸ Section 1002.37(6), F.S.

standards; and accountability. The final report on the audit shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 31, 2014.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill eliminates the requirement that the Auditor General conduct an operation audit and report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 31, 2014. That provision is replaced with requiring the Florida Virtual School to have an annual financial audit of its accounts and records completed by an independent auditor who is a licensed certified public accountant. The independent auditor must conduct the audit in accordance with the rules adopted by the Auditor General governing such audits. The audit report is required to include a written statement of the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken in response to each of the independent auditor's recommendations. Upon completion of the audits, the independent auditor is required to submit an audit report to the board of trustees and the Auditor General no later than 9 months after the end of the prior fiscal year. The bill also makes conforming changes to the annual report provided to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education, by requiring a copy of the audit report be submitted with the annual statement. That audit report is to provide a written statement of the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken in response to each finding of the independent auditor's recommendations included in the audit report.

Required Audits of Certain Educational Institutions

Present Situation:

School districts, Florida College System institutions, and other institutions and agencies under the supervision of the State Board of Education and state universities under the supervision of the Board of Governors are subject to the audit provisions of ss. 11.45 and 218.39, F.S. If an audit contains a significant finding, the district school board, the Florida College System institution board of trustees, or the university board of trustees shall conduct an audit overview during a public meeting.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

If any audit report includes a recommendation that was previously included in the preceding financial audit report, the district school board, the Florida College System institution board of trustees, or the university board of trustees, must indicate its intent regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken, and when the corrective action will occur within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report. This response must occur during a regularly scheduled public meeting. If the district school board, Florida College System institution board of trustees, or university board of trustees does not intend to take corrective action, it shall explain why such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.

Other Provisions

Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation

Present Situation:

Currently, s. 28.35, F.S., requires the Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation to develop and certify a uniform system of workload measures and applicable workload standards for court-related functions as developed by the corporation and clerk workload performance in meeting the

workload performance standards. These workload measures and workload performance standards must be designed to facilitate an objective determination of the performance of each clerk in accordance with minimum standards for fiscal management, operational efficiency, and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. The corporation shall develop the workload measures and workload performance standards in consultation with the Legislature. When the corporation finds a clerk has not met the workload performance standards, the corporation shall identify the nature of each deficiency and any corrective action recommended and taken by the affected clerk of the court. The corporation shall notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires the Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation to notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting the workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans within 45 days after the end of each quarter. For purposes of s. 28.35, F.S., the quarters end on the last day of March, June, September, and December of each year.

Transparency in Government Spending

Present Situation:

The Transparency Florida Act, located in s. 215.985, F.S., requires the Governor, in consultation with the appropriations committees of the House and Senate, to maintain a central website providing access to all other websites required to be linked under the Act. That law requires certain budget information to be readily available online, certain contract information, and minimum functionality standards. In pertinent part, s. 215.985(11), F.S., requires: "Each water management district shall provide a monthly financial statement to its governing board and make such statement available for public access on its website."

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires the monthly financial statement to be in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's governing board and make such monthly financial statement available to the public on its website.

Financial Emergencies

Present Situation:

Local governmental entities, charter schools, charter technical career centers, and district school boards are subject to review and oversight by the Governor, the charter school sponsor, the charter technical career center sponsor, or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, under certain circumstances. ¹⁹ If a financial emergency occurs, the Governor or the Commissioner of Education must contact the entity to determine what steps have been taken to rectify, resolve, or prevent the financial emergency. Any information requested must be provided within 45 days. If the local governmental entity or the district school board does not comply with the request, the Governor or Commissioner of Education must notify the *members* of the Legislative Auditing Committee who may take action pursuant to s. 11.40, F.S. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education must then determine whether the entity needs state assistance. If so, the entity is

¹⁹ Section 218.503(1), F.S.

considered to be in a state of financial emergency. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education then has the authority to take steps to resolve the financial emergency.²⁰

Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill provides that the Governor, or his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education, or his or her designee, must notify the Legislative Auditing Committee instead of notifying the members of the Legislative Auditing Committee.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The county/municipality mandates provision of Art. VII, s. 18 of the State Constitution may apply because the bill requires county and municipal governments to establish and maintain specified internal controls. An exemption may apply if the bill results in an insignificant fiscal impact to county or municipal governments. An exemption also may apply because similarly situated persons are all required to comply and the bill articulates a threshold finding of serving an important state interest.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The bill requires members of the public to register as a lobbyist when lobbying a specified unit of local government. Current law authorizes a fee for each registration, which may not exceed \$40.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill requires state agencies, the court system, court-related entities, local governments, district school boards, charter schools, and state colleges and universities to establish specified internal controls. Such requirement may require additional time and expense to create the internal controls.

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²⁰ Section 218.503(3), F.S.

The bill amends provisions related to the prohibition against extra compensation. It requires investigations of allegations and repayment of any prohibited compensation. It also requires the payment of rewards to individuals who report violations. The changes may result in the recovery of prohibited payments, but it also will have an associated increased workload cost for investigations and the payment of rewards.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 112.31456 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 11.40, 11.45, 28.35, 43.16, 112.313, 112.31455, 112.3261, 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, 189.016, 215.425, 215.86, 215.97, 215.985, 218.32, 218.33, 218.39, 218.391, 288.92, 288.9604, 373.536, 1002.33, 1002.37, 1010.01, 1010.30, 68.082, 68.083, and 218.503.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS/CS by Rules on April 20, 2015:

Provides that if a public officer or public employee holds a controlling interest in a business entity or is an officer, director, or a member who manages such an entity, contractual relationships held by the business entity are deemed to be held by the public officer; thereby violating the conflicting contractual relationship prohibition in s. 112.313(7)(a), F.S.

If allowed under the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees in Part III, Chapter 112, F.S., the following funds may be used to pay extra compensation:

- Revenues received by state universities through or from faculty practice plans; health services support organizations; hospitals with which state universities are affiliated; direct-support organizations; or federal, auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition;
- Revenues received by Florida College System institutions through or from faculty practice plans; health services support organizations; direct-support organizations; or federal, auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition;
- Certain revenues that are received by a hospital licensed under chapter 395 which has entered into a Medicaid Provider Contract; and
- Revenues or fees received by a seaport or airport from sources other than through the levy of a tax, or funds appropriated by any county or municipality or the Legislature.

Requires new contracts or renewal contracts in which state universities are a party to contain a requirement that severance pay from public funds may not exceed 20 weeks and to prohibit severance paid from public funds when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct.

CS/CS by Community Affairs on March 31, 2015:

Clarifies that the definition of "abuse" includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain.

Reverts to the existing law regarding the withholding of a salary payment related to a public employee's unpaid fine that resulted from an improper financial disclosure. Requires a school district that has received notification from the Florida Commission on Ethics that a current public employee owes such an unpaid fine to withhold the lesser of 10 percent or the amount allowed under federal law from any salary-related payment. The amended bill also authorizes the school district to withhold additional funds to offset the administrative costs of implementing these withholdings.

CS by Ethics and Elections on March 24, 2015:

- Allows the Auditor General to conduct audits or other engagements of tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies;
- Requires a governing body to withhold 25 percent of the amount of the fine from the filer's next public salary-related payment, plus any administrative costs incurred;
- Requires withholding the same percentage of each successive public salary-related payment until the fine and administrative costs are paid in full;
- Defines "public funds" for purposes of the prohibited compensation statute in s. 215.425, F.S.;
- Clarifies that it is not prohibited compensation to pay a bonus or severance pay from sources other than public funds;
- Provides that state or county officers making or receiving prohibited compensation may be suspended by the Governor and removed by the Florida Senate;
- Allows the Governor to suspend and remove any other officer who makes or receives prohibited compensation pursuant to s. 112.51, F.S.;
- Requires the accountant's audit to be supported by the same level of detail required for the annual financial report;
- Provides that the contract period may not exceed 5 years;
- Creates a 2-year period of ineligibility for a firm to get a new contract after its 5-year contract has expired;
- Requires the audit report submitted pursuant to s. 218.39, F.S., to include an affidavit
 executed by the chair of the audit committee affirming that the committee complied
 with the auditor selection requirements;
- Provides that entities that fail to comply with the requirements in selecting an auditor must replace the auditor for the remaining term of the contract;
- Extends applicability of the 2 year post-service lobbying restriction to prohibit representation before a division of Enterprise Florida, subsidiary of Enterprise Florida, or the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the missions of

Enterprise Florida, Inc., or with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions;

- Requires Florida Virtual Schools to include a written statement describing corrective action to be taken in response to each of the independent auditor's recommendations;
- Requires Florida Virtual Schools to submit its audit report in its annual report to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education; and
- Provides new effective date of October 1, 2015.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RS		
04/21/2015		
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The Committee on Rules (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Between lines 382 and 383

insert:

Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 112.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.313 Standards of conduct for public officers, employees of agencies, and local government attorneys.-

- (7) CONFLICTING EMPLOYMENT OR CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIP.-
- (a) No public officer or employee of an agency shall have or hold any employment or contractual relationship with any

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business entity or any agency which is subject to the regulation of, or is doing business with, an agency of which he or she is an officer or employee, excluding those organizations and their officers who, when acting in their official capacity, enter into or negotiate a collective bargaining contract with the state or any municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the state; nor shall an officer or employee of an agency have or hold any employment or contractual relationship that will create a continuing or frequently recurring conflict between his or her private interests and the performance of his or her public duties or that would impede the full and faithful discharge of his or her public duties. A contractual relationship held by a business entity in which a public officer or an employee of an agency holds a controlling interest or is an officer, director, or managing member constitutes a contractual relationship prohibited by this subsection.

1. When the agency referred to is that certain kind of special tax district created by general or special law and is limited specifically to constructing, maintaining, managing, and financing improvements in the land area over which the agency has jurisdiction, or when the agency has been organized pursuant to chapter 298, then employment with, or entering into a contractual relationship with, such business entity by a public officer or employee of such agency shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a conflict per se. However, conduct by such officer or employee that is prohibited by, or otherwise frustrates the intent of, this section shall be deemed a conflict of interest in violation of the standards of conduct set forth by this section.

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- 2. When the agency referred to is a legislative body and the regulatory power over the business entity resides in another agency, or when the regulatory power which the legislative body exercises over the business entity or agency is strictly through the enactment of laws or ordinances, then employment or a contractual relationship with such business entity by a public officer or employee of a legislative body shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a conflict.
- (b) A public officer serving on a county or municipal board, commission, authority, or council who is a member, associate, partner, shareholder, or employee of a firm of licensed professionals is subject to the following:
- 1. A public officer has a contractual relationship only with those clients of the firm:
 - a. For whom he or she has personally performed services;
- b. Who are clients of a member, associate, partner, shareholder, or employee of the firm who is supervised by, may be terminated by, or whose compensation can be changed by the public officer; or
- c. Who provide compensation to the public officer which is identifiable as earned from representation of the clients.
- 2. A prohibited continuing or frequently recurring conflict between a public officer's private interests and the performance of his or her public duties does not exist if a member, associate, partner, shareholder, or employee of the public officer's firm infrequently represents a client, other than those described in subparagraph 1., and if:
- a. The jurisdiction of the board, commission, authority, or council is not limited to the primary practice area of the firm;



- b. The public officer does not vote, participate, or attempt to influence the outcome of the matter and he or she makes full disclosure of and is in compliance with the requirements of s. 112.3143 and 286.012; and
- c. The representation by other members, associates, partners, shareholders, or employees of the firm does not result in the public officer abstaining from voting in more than 1 percent of the votes, not including procedural votes, in any 12month period. If abstentions by the public officer as a result of representation by other members, associates, partners, shareholders, or employees of the firm exceed 1 percent in any 12-month period, any such future representation shall be deemed a conflict between the public officer's private interests and the performance of his or her public duties for the remainder of the public officer's term.
- 3. This paragraph does not relieve or discharge a public officer or any other individual representing clients before a board, commission, authority, or council from the applicable rules of professional conduct, duties, or responsibilities imposed by the appropriate licensing or regulatory body for the applicable profession.
- (c) This subsection does shall not prohibit a public officer or employee from practicing in a particular profession or occupation when such practice by persons holding such public office or employment is required or permitted by law or ordinance.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========

And the title is amended as follows:



99	Delete line 26
100	and insert:
101	controls; amending s. 112.313, F.S.; specifying that
102	prohibitions on conflicting employment or contractual
103	relationships for public officers or employees of an
104	agency apply to contractual relationships held by
105	certain business entities; specifying circumstances
106	under which a public officer serving on a county or
107	municipal board, commission, authority, or council is
108	subject to conflicting employment or contractual
109	relationship restrictions; amending s. 112.31455,
110	F.S.; correcting a

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RS		
04/21/2015		
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The Committee on Rules (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (897662)

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Delete lines 23 - 27

4 and insert:

> his or her public duties. For purposes of this subsection, if a public officer or employee of an agency holds a controlling interest in a business entity or is an officer, director, or a member who manages such an entity, contractual relationships held by the business entity are deemed to be held by the public officer or employee.



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Senate		House
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04/21/2015	•	
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The Committee on Rules (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (897662) (with title amendment)

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Between lines 382 and 383

5 insert:

> Section 5. Subsection (7) of section 112.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.313 Standards of conduct for public officers, employees of agencies, and local government attorneys.-

- (7) CONFLICTING EMPLOYMENT OR CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIP.
- (a) No public officer or employee of an agency shall have

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or hold any employment or contractual relationship with any business entity or any agency which is subject to the regulation of, or is doing business with, an agency of which he or she is an officer or employee, excluding those organizations and their officers who, when acting in their official capacity, enter into or negotiate a collective bargaining contract with the state or any municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the state; nor shall an officer or employee of an agency have or hold any employment or contractual relationship that will create a continuing or frequently recurring conflict between his or her private interests and the performance of his or her public duties or that would impede the full and faithful discharge of his or her public duties. For purposes of this subsection, if a public officer or employee of an agency holds a controlling interest in a business entity or is an officer, director, or a member who manages such an entity, contractual relationships held by the business entity are deemed to be held by the public officer or employee.

1. When the agency referred to is that certain kind of special tax district created by general or special law and is limited specifically to constructing, maintaining, managing, and financing improvements in the land area over which the agency has jurisdiction, or when the agency has been organized pursuant to chapter 298, then employment with, or entering into a contractual relationship with, such business entity by a public officer or employee of such agency shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a conflict per se. However, conduct by such officer or employee that is prohibited by, or otherwise frustrates the intent of, this section shall be deemed a



conflict of interest in violation of the standards of conduct set forth by this section.

- 2. When the agency referred to is a legislative body and the regulatory power over the business entity resides in another agency, or when the regulatory power which the legislative body exercises over the business entity or agency is strictly through the enactment of laws or ordinances, then employment or a contractual relationship with such business entity by a public officer or employee of a legislative body shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a conflict.
- (b) This subsection shall not prohibit a public officer or employee from practicing in a particular profession or occupation when such practice by persons holding such public office or employment is required or permitted by law or ordinance.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======== And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 26

and insert:

controls; amending s. 112.313, F.S.; specifying that prohibitions on conflicting employment or contractual relationships for public officers or employees of an agency apply to contractual relationships held by certain business entities; amending s. 112.31455, F.S.; correcting a



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RS	•	
04/21/2015	•	
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The Committee on Rules (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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and insert:

Section 6. Section 112.3261, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.3261 Lobbying before governmental entities water management districts; registration and reporting.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Governmental entity" or "entity" "District" means a water management district created in s. 373.069 and operating

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under the authority of chapter 373, a hospital district, a children's services district, an expressway authority as the term "authority" is defined in s. 348.0002, the term "port authority" as defined in s. 315.02, a county or municipality that has not adopted lobbyist registration and reporting requirements, or an independent special district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which exercises ad valorem taxing authority.

- (b) "Lobbies" means seeking, on behalf of another person, to influence a governmental entity district with respect to a decision of the entity district in an area of policy or procurement or an attempt to obtain the goodwill of an a district official or employee of a governmental entity. The term "lobbies" shall be interpreted and applied consistently with the rules of the commission implementing s. 112.3215.
- (c) "Lobbyist" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (d) "Principal" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (2) A person may not lobby a governmental entity district until such person has registered as a lobbyist with that entity district. Such registration shall be due upon initially being retained to lobby and is renewable on a calendar-year basis thereafter. Upon registration, the person shall provide a statement signed by the principal or principal's representative stating that the registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The principal shall also identify and designate its main business on the statement authorizing that lobbyist pursuant to a classification system approved by the governmental

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entity district. Any changes to the information required by this section must be disclosed within 15 days by filing a new registration form. The registration form shall require each lobbyist to disclose, under oath, the following:

- (a) The lobbyist's name and business address.
- (b) The name and business address of each principal represented.
- (c) The existence of any direct or indirect business association, partnership, or financial relationship with an official any officer or employee of a governmental entity district with which he or she lobbies or intends to lobby.
- (d) A governmental entity shall create a lobbyist registration form modeled after the In lieu of creating its own lobbyist registration forms, a district may accept a completed legislative branch or executive branch lobbyist registration form, which must be returned to the governmental entity.
- (3) A governmental entity district shall make lobbyist registrations available to the public. If a governmental entity district maintains a website, a database of currently registered lobbyists and principals must be available on the entity's district's website.
- (4) A lobbyist shall promptly send a written statement to the governmental entity district canceling the registration for a principal upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of that principal. A governmental entity district may remove the name of a lobbyist from the list of registered lobbyists if the principal notifies the entity district that a person is no longer authorized to represent that principal.
 - (5) A governmental entity district may establish an annual

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lobbyist registration fee, not to exceed \$40, for each principal represented. The governmental entity district may use registration fees only to administer this section.

- (6) A governmental entity district shall be diligent to ascertain whether persons required to register pursuant to this section have complied. A governmental entity district may not knowingly authorize a person who is not registered pursuant to this section to lobby the entity district.
- (7) Upon receipt of a sworn complaint alleging that a lobbyist or principal has failed to register with a governmental entity district or has knowingly submitted false information in a report or registration required under this section, the commission shall investigate a lobbyist or principal pursuant to the procedures established under s. 112.324. The commission shall provide the Governor with a report of its findings and recommendations in any investigation conducted pursuant to this subsection. The Governor is authorized to enforce the commission's findings and recommendations.
- (8) A governmental entity Water management districts may adopt rules to establish procedures to govern the registration of lobbyists, including the adoption of forms and the establishment of a lobbyist registration fee.

Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 129.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.03 Preparation and adoption of budget.-

(3) The county budget officer, after tentatively ascertaining the proposed fiscal policies of the board for the next fiscal year, shall prepare and present to the board a tentative budget for the next fiscal year for each of the funds

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provided in this chapter, including all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward and all estimated expenditures, reserves, and balances to be carried over at the end of the year.

(c) The board shall hold public hearings to adopt tentative and final budgets pursuant to s. 200.065. The hearings shall be primarily for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints from the public regarding the budgets and the proposed tax levies and for explaining the budget and any proposed or adopted amendments. The tentative budget must be posted on the county's official website at least 2 days before the public hearing to consider such budget and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final budget must be posted on the website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. The tentative budgets, adopted tentative budgets, and final budgets shall be filed in the office of the county auditor as a public record. Sufficient reference in words and figures to identify the particular transactions shall be made in the minutes of the board to record its actions with reference to the budgets.

Section 8. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 129.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.06 Execution and amendment of budget.-

- (2) The board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year, and may within the first 60 days of a fiscal year amend the budget for the prior fiscal year, as follows:
- (f) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if an amendment to a budget is required for a purpose not specifically authorized

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in paragraphs (a)-(e), the amendment may be authorized by resolution or ordinance of the board of county commissioners adopted following a public hearing.

- 1. The public hearing must be advertised at least 2 days, but not more than 5 days, before the date of the hearing. The advertisement must appear in a newspaper of paid general circulation and must identify the name of the taxing authority, the date, place, and time of the hearing, and the purpose of the hearing. The advertisement must also identify each budgetary fund to be amended, the source of the funds, the use of the funds, and the total amount of each fund's appropriations.
- 2. If the board amends the budget pursuant to this paragraph, the adopted amendment must be posted on the county's official website within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 9. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 166.241, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

166.241 Fiscal years, budgets, and budget amendments.-

(3) The tentative budget must be posted on the municipality's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the municipality's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the tentative budget and final budget to

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the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the budgets on the county's website.

(5) If the governing body of a municipality amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (4)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the municipality within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the adopted amendment on the county's website.

Section 10. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 189.016, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189.016 Reports; budgets; audits.-

(4) The tentative budget must be posted on the special district's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the special district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the tentative budget or final budget to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or the local governing

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authority. The manager or administrator shall post the tentative budget or final budget on the website of the local generalpurpose government or governing authority. This subsection and subsection (3) do not apply to water management districts as defined in s. 373.019.

(7) If the governing body of a special district amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (6)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the special district within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the adopted amendment on the website of the local general-purpose government or governing authority.

Section 11. Present subsections (1) through (5) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (6), respectively, present subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of present subsection (4) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (1) and subsections (7) through (12) are added to that section, to read:

215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.-

(1) As used in this section, the term "public funds" means any taxes, tuition, grants, fines, fees, or other charges or any



215	other type of revenue collected by the state or any county,
216	municipality, special district, school district, Florida College
217	System institution, state university, or other separate unit of
218	government created pursuant to law, including any office,
219	department, agency, division, subdivision, political
220	subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or
221	institution of such entities. The term does not include funds
222	contributed or paid to an affiliated direct-support organization
223	or citizen support organization by a private person or entity in
224	good faith and in the ordinary course of such organization's
225	business.
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227	========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
228	And the title is amended as follows:
229	Delete lines 30 - 36
230	and insert:
231	interests to include school districts; amending s.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/21/2015	•	
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	Comm: RCS	Senate . Comm: RCS . 04/21/2015

The Committee on Rules (Joyner) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (381578) (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 408 - 744

5 and insert:

> Section 6. Section 112.3261, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.3261 Lobbying before governmental entities water management districts; registration and reporting.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Governmental entity" or "entity" "District" means a

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water management district created in s. 373.069 and operating under the authority of chapter 373, a hospital district, a children's services district, an expressway authority as the term "authority" is defined in s. 348.0002, the term "port authority" as defined in s. 315.02, a county or municipality that has not adopted lobbyist registration and reporting requirements, or an independent special district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which exercises ad valorem taxing authority.

- (b) "Lobbies" means seeking, on behalf of another person, to influence a governmental entity district with respect to a decision of the entity district in an area of policy or procurement or an attempt to obtain the goodwill of an a district official or employee of a governmental entity. The term "lobbies" shall be interpreted and applied consistently with the rules of the commission implementing s. 112.3215.
- (c) "Lobbyist" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (d) "Principal" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (2) A person may not lobby a governmental entity district until such person has registered as a lobbyist with that entity district. Such registration shall be due upon initially being retained to lobby and is renewable on a calendar-year basis thereafter. Upon registration, the person shall provide a statement signed by the principal or principal's representative stating that the registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The principal shall also identify and designate its main business on the statement authorizing that lobbyist

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pursuant to a classification system approved by the governmental entity district. Any changes to the information required by this section must be disclosed within 15 days by filing a new registration form. The registration form shall require each lobbyist to disclose, under oath, the following:

- (a) The lobbyist's name and business address.
- (b) The name and business address of each principal represented.
- (c) The existence of any direct or indirect business association, partnership, or financial relationship with an official any officer or employee of a governmental entity district with which he or she lobbies or intends to lobby.
- (d) A governmental entity shall create a lobbyist registration form modeled after the In lieu of creating its own lobbyist registration forms, a district may accept a completed legislative branch or executive branch lobbyist registration form, which must be returned to the governmental entity.
- (3) A governmental entity district shall make lobbyist registrations available to the public. If a governmental entity district maintains a website, a database of currently registered lobbyists and principals must be available on the entity's district's website.
- (4) A lobbyist shall promptly send a written statement to the governmental entity district canceling the registration for a principal upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of that principal. A governmental entity district may remove the name of a lobbyist from the list of registered lobbyists if the principal notifies the entity district that a person is no longer authorized to represent that principal.

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- (5) A governmental entity district may establish an annual lobbyist registration fee, not to exceed \$40, for each principal represented. The governmental entity district may use registration fees only to administer this section.
- (6) A governmental entity district shall be diligent to ascertain whether persons required to register pursuant to this section have complied. A governmental entity district may not knowingly authorize a person who is not registered pursuant to this section to lobby the entity district.
- (7) Upon receipt of a sworn complaint alleging that a lobbyist or principal has failed to register with a governmental entity district or has knowingly submitted false information in a report or registration required under this section, the commission shall investigate a lobbyist or principal pursuant to the procedures established under s. 112.324. The commission shall provide the Governor with a report of its findings and recommendations in any investigation conducted pursuant to this subsection. The Governor is authorized to enforce the commission's findings and recommendations.
- (8) A governmental entity Water management districts may adopt rules to establish procedures to govern the registration of lobbyists, including the adoption of forms and the establishment of a lobbyist registration fee.

Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 129.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.03 Preparation and adoption of budget.-

(3) The county budget officer, after tentatively ascertaining the proposed fiscal policies of the board for the next fiscal year, shall prepare and present to the board a

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tentative budget for the next fiscal year for each of the funds provided in this chapter, including all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward and all estimated expenditures, reserves, and balances to be carried over at the end of the year.

(c) The board shall hold public hearings to adopt tentative and final budgets pursuant to s. 200.065. The hearings shall be primarily for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints from the public regarding the budgets and the proposed tax levies and for explaining the budget and any proposed or adopted amendments. The tentative budget must be posted on the county's official website at least 2 days before the public hearing to consider such budget and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final budget must be posted on the website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. The tentative budgets, adopted tentative budgets, and final budgets shall be filed in the office of the county auditor as a public record. Sufficient reference in words and figures to identify the particular transactions shall be made in the minutes of the board to record its actions with reference to the budgets.

Section 8. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 129.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.06 Execution and amendment of budget.-

- (2) The board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year, and may within the first 60 days of a fiscal year amend the budget for the prior fiscal year, as follows:
 - (f) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if an amendment to

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a budget is required for a purpose not specifically authorized in paragraphs (a)-(e), the amendment may be authorized by resolution or ordinance of the board of county commissioners adopted following a public hearing.

- 1. The public hearing must be advertised at least 2 days, but not more than 5 days, before the date of the hearing. The advertisement must appear in a newspaper of paid general circulation and must identify the name of the taxing authority, the date, place, and time of the hearing, and the purpose of the hearing. The advertisement must also identify each budgetary fund to be amended, the source of the funds, the use of the funds, and the total amount of each fund's appropriations.
- 2. If the board amends the budget pursuant to this paragraph, the adopted amendment must be posted on the county's official website within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 9. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 166.241, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

166.241 Fiscal years, budgets, and budget amendments.-

(3) The tentative budget must be posted on the municipality's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the municipality's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality

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is located, transmit the tentative budget and final budget to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the budgets on the county's website.

(5) If the governing body of a municipality amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (4)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the municipality within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the adopted amendment on the county's website.

Section 10. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 189.016, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189.016 Reports; budgets; audits.-

(4) The tentative budget must be posted on the special district's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the special district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the tentative budget or final budget to the manager or administrator of the

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local general-purpose government or the local governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the tentative budget or final budget on the website of the local generalpurpose government or governing authority. This subsection and subsection (3) do not apply to water management districts as defined in s. 373.019.

(7) If the governing body of a special district amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (6)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the special district within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the adopted amendment on the website of the local general-purpose government or governing authority.

Section 11. Present subsection (1) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (2), present subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) are amended, and a new subsection (1) and subsections (6) through (12) are added to that section, to read:

- 215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term "public funds" means any taxes, tuition, state grants, fines, fees, or other charges



215 or any other type of revenue collected by the state or any 216 county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate 217 218 unit of government created pursuant to law, including any 219 office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political 220 subdivision, board, bureau, or commission of such entities. 221 However, the term does not include the following: 222 (a) For state universities, revenues received by, through, 223 or from faculty practice plans, health services support 224 organizations, hospitals with which state universities are 225 affiliated, direct-support organizations, or federal, auxiliary, 226 or private sources, except for tuition; 227 (b) For public hospitals, special districts, and Florida 228 College System institutions, revenues and fees received from 229 non-state appropriated sources or other general non-tax 230 revenues; or 231 (c) A clothing and maintenance allowance given to plainclothes deputies pursuant to s. 30.49. 232 233 (2) This section does not apply to: 234 (a) A bonus or severance pay that is paid wholly from 235 nontax revenues and nonstate-appropriated funds, the payment and 236 receipt of which does not otherwise violate part III of chapter 237 112, and which is paid to an officer, agent, employee, or 238 contractor of a public hospital that is operated by a county or a special district; or 239 240 (b) A clothing and maintenance allowance given to 241 plainclothes deputies pursuant to s. 30.49. 242 (4)(a) On or after July 1, 2011, A unit of government, on or after July 1, 2011, or a state university, on or after July 243

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- 1, 2012, that is a party to enters into a contract or employment agreement, or renewal or renegotiation of an existing contract or employment agreement, that contains a provision for severance pay with an officer, agent, employee, or contractor must include the following provisions in the contract:
- 1. A requirement that severance pay paid from public funds provided may not exceed an amount greater than 20 weeks of compensation.
- 2. A prohibition of provision of severance pay paid from public funds when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(29), by the unit of government.
- (6) Upon discovery or notification that a unit of government has provided prohibited compensation to any officer, agent, employee, or contractor in violation of this section, such unit of government shall investigate and take all necessary action to recover the prohibited compensation.
- (a) If the violation was unintentional, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from the individual receiving the prohibited compensation through normal recovery methods for overpayments.
- (b) If the violation was willful, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from either the individual receiving the prohibited compensation or the individual or individuals responsible for approving the prohibited compensation. Each individual determined to have willfully violated this section is jointly and severally liable for repayment of the prohibited compensation.
 - (7) A person who willfully violates this section commits a

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misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (8) An officer who exercises the powers and duties of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the Governor's power under s. 7(a), Art. IV of the State Constitution. An officer who exercises powers and duties other than those of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the suspension and removal procedures under s. 112.51.
- (9) (a) A person who reports a violation of this section is eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10 percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident of a prohibited compensation payment recovered by the unit of government, depending upon the extent to which the person substantially contributed to the discovery, notification, and recovery of such prohibited payment.
- (b) In the event that the recovery of the prohibited compensation is based primarily on disclosures of specific information, other than information provided by such person, relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; in a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or other government report; in an auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media, such person is not eligible for a reward or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.
- (c) If it is determined that the person who reported a violation of this section was involved in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation or is

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convicted of criminal conduct arising from his or her role in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation, such person is not eligible for a reward or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.

- (10) An employee who is discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed, or in any manner discriminated against in the terms and conditions of employment by his or her employer because of lawful acts done by the employee on behalf of the employee or others in furtherance of an action under this section, including investigation for initiation of, testimony for, or assistance in an action filed or to be filed under this section, has a cause of action under s. 112.3187.
- (11) If the unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation for a willful violation of this section upon discovery and notification of such prohibited payment within 90 days, a cause of action may be brought to:
- (a) Recover state funds in accordance with ss. 68.082 and 68.083.
- (b) Recover other funds by the Department of Legal Affairs using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of government is located.
- (c) Recover other funds by a person using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of government is located.
- (12) Subsections (7)-(11) apply prospectively to contracts or employment agreements, or the renewal or renegotiation of an



existing contract or employment agreement, effective on or after July 1, 2015.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =============

And the title is amended as follows: 335

Delete lines 30 - 58 336

337 and insert:

> interests to include school districts; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising terms to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; requiring a governmental entity to create a lobbyist registration form; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; defining the term "public funds"; requiring certain contracts to which a unit of government or state university is a party during a specified period to contain certain prohibitions on severance pay; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; specifying applicability of procedures regarding suspension and removal of an officer who commits a willful violation; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying



circumstances under which an employee has a	cause of
action under the Whistle-blower's Act; estable	olishing
causes of action if a unit of government fa:	ils to
recover prohibited compensation within a cer	rtain
timeframe; providing applicability;	

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS	•	
04/21/2015	•	
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The Committee on Rules (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (533978) (with title amendment)

4 Delete lines 206 - 332

and insert:

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Section 11. Present subsections (1) through (5) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (6), respectively, present subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of present subsection (4) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (1) and subsections (7) through (12) are added to that section, to read:

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215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "public funds" means any taxes, tuition, grants, fines, fees, or other charges or any other type of revenue collected by the state or any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created pursuant to law, including any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, or commission of such entities.
- (3) (2) Notwithstanding subsection (2), if the payment and receipt does not otherwise violate part III of chapter 112, the following funds may be used to provide extra compensation:
- (a) Revenues received by state universities through or from faculty practice plans; health services support organizations; hospitals with which state universities are affiliated; directsupport organizations; or federal, auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition;
- (b) Revenues received by Florida College System institutions through or from faculty practice plans; health services support organizations; direct-support organizations; or federal, auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition;
- (c) Revenues that are received by a hospital licensed under chapter 395 which has entered into a Medicaid Provider Contract and that:
 - 1. Are not derived from the levy of an ad valorem tax;
- 2. Are not derived from patient services paid through the Medicaid or Medicare program;
 - 3. Are derived from patient services pursuant to contracts

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with private insurers or private managed care entities; or

4. Are not appropriated by the Legislature or by any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created pursuant to law, including any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or institution of such entities, except for revenues otherwise authorized to be used pursuant to subparagraphs 2. and 3.

This section does not apply to:

- (a) a bonus or severance pay that is paid wholly from nontax revenues and nonstate-appropriated funds, the payment and receipt of which does not otherwise violate part III of chapter 112, and which is paid to an officer, agent, employee, or contractor of a public hospital that is operated by a county or a special district; or
- (d) (b) A clothing and maintenance allowance given to plainclothes deputies pursuant to s. 30.49.
- (e) Revenues or fees received by a seaport or airport from sources other than through the levy of a tax, or funds appropriated by any county or municipality or the Legislature.
- (5) (a) (4) (a) On or after July 1, 2011, A unit of government, on or after July 1, 2011, or a state university, on or after July 1, 2012, that is a party to enters into a contract or employment agreement, or renewal or renegotiation of an existing contract or employment agreement, that contains a provision for severance pay with an officer, agent, employee, or contractor must include the following provisions in the contract:

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- 1. A requirement that severance pay paid from public funds provided may not exceed an amount greater than 20 weeks of compensation.
- 2. A prohibition of provision of severance pay paid from public funds when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(29), by the unit of government.
- (7) Upon discovery or notification that a unit of government has provided prohibited compensation to any officer, agent, employee, or contractor in violation of this section, such unit of government shall investigate and take all necessary action to recover the prohibited compensation.
- (a) If the violation was unintentional, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from the individual receiving the prohibited compensation through normal recovery methods for overpayments.
- (b) If the violation was willful, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from either the individual receiving the prohibited compensation or the individual or individuals responsible for approving the prohibited compensation. Each individual determined to have willfully violated this section is jointly and severally liable for repayment of the prohibited compensation.
- (8) A person who willfully violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (9) An officer who exercises the powers and duties of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the Governor's power under s. 7(a), Art. IV of the

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State Constitution. An officer who exercises powers and duties other than those of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the suspension and removal procedures under s. 112.51.

(10)(a) A person who reports a violation of this section is eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10 percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident of a prohibited compensation payment recovered by the unit of government, depending upon the extent to which the person substantially contributed to the discovery, notification, and recovery of such prohibited payment.

- (b) In the event that the recovery of the prohibited compensation is based primarily on disclosures of specific information, other than information provided by such person, relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; in a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or other government report; in an auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.
- (c) If it is determined that the person who reported a violation of this section was involved in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation or is convicted of criminal conduct arising from his or her role in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.



128 (11) An employee who is discharged, demoted, suspended, 129 threatened, harassed, or in any manner discriminated against in the terms and conditions of employment by his or her employer 130 131 because of lawful acts done by the employee on behalf of the 132 employee or others in furtherance of an action under this 133 section, including investigation for initiation of, testimony 134 for, or assistance in an action filed or to be filed under this 135 section, has a cause of action under s. 112.3187. 136 (12) If the unit of government fails to recover prohibited 137 compensation for a willful violation of this section upon 138 discovery and notification of such prohibited payment within 90 139 days, a cause of action may be brought to: 140 (a) Recover state funds in accordance with ss. 68.082 and 141 68.083. 142 (b) Recover other funds by the Department of Legal Affairs 143 using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which 144 145 the unit of government is located. 146 (c) Recover other funds by a person using the procedures 147 set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie 148 in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of 149 government is located. 150 (13) Subsections (7)-(12) apply prospectively to contracts 151 or employment agreements, or the renewal or renegotiation of an 152 existing contract or employment agreement, effective on or after 153 July 1, 2015. 154 155 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

And the title is amended as follows:

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Delete lines 348 - 364 and insert:

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F.S.; defining the term "public funds"; revising nonapplicability to the prohibition on extra compensation claims; requiring certain contracts to which a unit of government or state university is a party during a specified period to contain certain prohibitions on severance pay; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; specifying applicability of procedures regarding suspension and removal of an officer who commits a willful violation; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistleblower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; providing for applicability;

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 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committees on Community Affairs; and Ethics and Elections; and Senator Gaetz

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to government accountability; amending s. 11.40, F.S.; specifying that the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, or the designee of the Governor or of the Commissioner of Education may notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of an entity's failure to comply with certain auditing and financial reporting requirements; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; defining the terms "abuse," "fraud," and "waste"; revising the definition of the term "local governmental entity"; excluding water management districts from certain audit requirements; removing a cross-reference; authorizing the Auditor General to conduct audits of tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Auditor General; amending s. 28.35, F.S.; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation; amending s. 43.16, F.S.; revising the responsibilities of the Justice Administrative Commission, each state attorney, each public defender, a criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, a capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program, to include the establishment and maintenance of certain internal controls; amending s. 112.31455, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; revising provisions governing collection methods for unpaid automatic fines for failure to timely file disclosure of financial

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30	interests to include school districts; creating s.
31	112.31456, F.S.; authorizing the Commission on Ethics
32	to seek wage garnishment of certain individuals to
33	satisfy unpaid fines; authorizing the commission to
34	refer unpaid fines to a collection agency;
35	establishing a statute of limitations with respect to
36	the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s.
37	112.3261, F.S.; revising terms to conform to changes
38	made by the act; expanding the types of governmental
39	entities that are subject to lobbyist registration
40	requirements; requiring a governmental entity to
41	create a lobbyist registration form; amending ss.
42	129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring
43	counties, municipalities, and special districts to
44	maintain certain budget documents on the entities'
45	websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425,
46	F.S.; defining the term "public funds"; requiring a
47	unit of government to investigate and take necessary
48	action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying
49	methods of recovery and liability for unintentional
50	and willful violations; providing a penalty;
51	specifying applicability of procedures regarding
52	suspension and removal of an officer who commits a
53	willful violation; establishing eligibility criteria
54	and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances
55	under which an employee has a cause of action under
56	the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of
57	action if a unit of government fails to recover
58	prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe;

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578-03181-15 20151372c2 59 amending s. 215.86, F.S.; revising management systems 60 and controls to be employed by each state agency and 61 the judicial branch; amending s. 215.97, F.S.; 62 revising the definition of the term "audit threshold"; 63 amending s. 215.985, F.S.; revising the requirements 64 for a monthly financial statement provided by a water 6.5 management district; amending s. 218.32, F.S.; 66 revising the requirements of the annual financial 67 audit report of a local governmental entity; 68 authorizing the Department of Financial Services to 69 request additional information from a local 70 governmental entity; requiring a local governmental 71 entity to respond to such requests within a specified 72 timeframe; requiring the department to notify the 73 Legislative Auditing Committee of noncompliance; 74 amending s. 218.33, F.S.; requiring local governmental 75 entities to establish and maintain internal controls; 76 amending s. 218.39, F.S.; requiring an audited entity 77 to respond to audit recommendations under specified 78 circumstances; amending s. 218.391, F.S.; revising the 79 composition of an audit committee; prohibiting an 80 audit committee member from being an employee, chief 81 executive officer, or chief financial officer of the 82 respective governmental entity; requiring the chair of 8.3 an audit committee to sign and execute an affidavit 84 affirming compliance with auditor selection 85 procedures; prescribing procedures in the event of 86 noncompliance with auditor selection procedures; 87 amending s. 288.92, F.S.; prohibiting specified

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88 officers and board members of Enterprise Florida, 89 Inc., from representing a person or entity for 90 compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., and 91 associated entities thereof, for a specified 92 timeframe; amending s. 288.9604, F.S.; prohibiting a 93 director of the board of directors of the Florida 94 Development Finance Corporation from representing a 95 person or entity for compensation before the 96 corporation for a specified timeframe; amending s. 97 373.536, F.S.; deleting obsolete language; requiring 98 water management districts to maintain certain budget 99 documents on the districts' websites for a specified 100 period; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; revising the 101 responsibilities of the governing board of a charter 102 school to include the establishment and maintenance of 103 internal controls; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; 104 requiring completion of an annual financial audit of 105 the Florida Virtual School; specifying audit 106 requirements; requiring an audit report to be 107 submitted to the board of trustees of the Florida 108 Virtual School and the Auditor General; removing 109 obsolete provisions; amending s. 1010.01, F.S.; 110 requiring each school district, Florida College System 111 institution, and state university to establish and 112 maintain certain internal controls; amending s. 113 1010.30, F.S.; requiring a district school board, 114 Florida College System institution board of trustees, 115 or university board of trustees to respond to audit 116 recommendations under certain circumstances; amending

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117	ss. 68.082, 68.083, 218.503, and 1002.455, F.S.;
118	conforming provisions and cross-references to changes
119	made by the act; declaring that the act fulfills an
120	important state interest; providing an effective date.
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122	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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124	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 11.40, Florida
125	Statutes, is amended to read:
126	11.40 Legislative Auditing Committee
127	(2) Following notification by the Auditor General, the
128	Department of Financial Services, or the Division of Bond
129	Finance of the State Board of Administration, the Governor or
130	his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education or his or
131	<pre>her designee of the failure of a local governmental entity,</pre>
132	district school board, charter school, or charter technical
133	career center to comply with the applicable provisions within s.
134	11.45(5)-(7), s. 218.32(1), s. 218.38, or s. 218.503(3), the
135	Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing to
136	determine if the entity should be subject to further state
137	action. If the committee determines that the entity should be
138	subject to further state action, the committee shall:
139	(a) In the case of a local governmental entity or district
140	school board, direct the Department of Revenue and the
141	Department of Financial Services to withhold any funds not
142	pledged for bond debt service satisfaction which are payable to
143	such entity until the entity complies with the law. The
144	committee shall specify the date such action shall begin, and
145	the directive must be received by the Department of Revenue and

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578-03181-15 20151372c2 the Department of Financial Services 30 days before the date of the distribution mandated by law. The Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services may implement the provisions of this paragraph. (b) In the case of a special district created by: 1. A special act, notify the President of the Senate, the

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- Speaker of the House of Representatives, the standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives charged with special district oversight as determined by the presiding officers of each respective chamber, the legislators who represent a portion of the geographical jurisdiction of the special district pursuant to s. 189.034(2), and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may request the department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).
- 2. A local ordinance, notify the chair or equivalent of the local general-purpose government pursuant to s. 189.035(2) and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may request the department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).

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3. Any manner other than a special act or local ordinance, notify the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067(3).

(c) In the case of a charter school or charter technical career center, notify the appropriate sponsoring entity, which may terminate the charter pursuant to ss. 1002.33 and 1002.34.

Section 2. Subsection (1), paragraph (j) of subsection (2), paragraph (v) of subsection (3), and paragraph (i) of subsection (7) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (y) is added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

- 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in ss. 11.40-11.51, the term:
- (a) "Abuse" means behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a prudent person would consider reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts and circumstances. The term includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain.

 $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ "Audit" means a financial audit, operational audit, or performance audit.

(c) (b) "County agency" means a board of county commissioners or other legislative and governing body of a county, however styled, including that of a consolidated or metropolitan government, a clerk of the circuit court, a separate or ex officio clerk of the county court, a sheriff, a property appraiser, a tax collector, a supervisor of elections, or any other officer in whom any portion of the fiscal duties of

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204 the above are under law separately placed.

(d) (e) "Financial audit" means an examination of financial statements in order to express an opinion on the fairness with which they are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and an examination to determine whether operations are properly conducted in accordance with legal and regulatory requirements. Financial audits must be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and government auditing standards as adopted by the Board of Accountancy. When applicable, the scope of financial audits shall encompass the additional activities necessary to establish compliance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, 31 U.S.C. ss. 7501-7507, and other applicable federal law.

(e) "Fraud" means obtaining something of value through willful misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, the intentional misstatements or omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive users of financial statements, theft of an entity's assets, bribery, or the use of one's position for personal enrichment through the deliberate misuse or misapplication of an organization's resources.

 $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ "Governmental entity" means a state agency, a county agency, or any other entity, however styled, that independently exercises any type of state or local governmental function.

(g) (e) "Local governmental entity" means a county agency, municipality, tourist development council, county tourism promotion agency, or special district as defined in s. 189.012.

The term, but does not include any housing authority established under chapter 421.

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(h) (f) "Management letter" means a statement of the auditor's comments and recommendations.

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(i) (g) "Operational audit" means an audit whose purpose is to evaluate management's performance in establishing and maintaining internal controls, including controls designed to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse, and in administering assigned responsibilities in accordance with applicable laws, administrative rules, contracts, grant agreements, and other guidelines. Operational audits must be conducted in accordance with government auditing standards. Such audits examine internal controls that are designed and placed in operation to promote and encourage the achievement of management's control objectives in the categories of compliance, economic and efficient operations, reliability of financial records and reports, and safeguarding of assets, and identify weaknesses in those internal controls.

(j) (h) "Performance audit" means an examination of a program, activity, or function of a governmental entity, conducted in accordance with applicable government auditing standards or auditing and evaluation standards of other appropriate authoritative bodies. The term includes an examination of issues related to:

- 1. Economy, efficiency, or effectiveness of the program.
- 2. Structure or design of the program to accomplish its goals and objectives.
- Adequacy of the program to meet the needs identified by the Legislature or governing body.
- 4. Alternative methods of providing program services or products.

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262	5. Goals, objectives, and performance measures used by the
263	agency to monitor and report program accomplishments.
264	6. The accuracy or adequacy of public documents, reports,
265	or requests prepared under the program by state agencies.
266	7. Compliance of the program with appropriate policies,
267	rules, or laws.
268	8. Any other issues related to governmental entities as
269	directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee.
270	$\underline{\text{(k)}}\underline{\text{(i)}}$ "Political subdivision" means a separate agency or
271	unit of local government created or established by law and
272	includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers
273	thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, city, commission,
274	consolidated government, county, department, district,
275	institution, metropolitan government, municipality, office,
276	officer, public corporation, town, or village.
277	(1) (j) "State agency" means a separate agency or unit of
278	state government created or established by law and includes, but
279	is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof:
280	authority, board, branch, bureau, commission, department,
281	division, institution, office, officer, or public corporation,
282	as the case may be, except any such agency or unit within the
283	legislative branch of state government other than the Florida
284	Public Service Commission.
285	(m) "Waste" means the act of using or expending resources
286	unreasonably, carelessly, extravagantly, or for no useful
287	purpose.

determined to be necessary by the Auditor General, when directed ${\tt Page} \ 10 \ {\tt of} \ 46$

(j) Conduct audits of local governmental entities when

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(2) DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall:

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by the Legislative Auditing Committee, or when otherwise required by law. No later than 18 months after the release of the audit report, the Auditor General shall perform such appropriate followup procedures as he or she deems necessary to determine the audited entity's progress in addressing the findings and recommendations contained within the Auditor General's previous report. The Auditor General shall notify each member of the audited entity's governing body and the Legislative Auditing Committee of the results of his or her determination. For purposes of this paragraph, local governmental entities do not include water management districts.

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The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties independently but under the general policies established by the Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3).

- (3) AUTHORITY FOR AUDITS AND OTHER ENGAGEMENTS.—The Auditor General may, pursuant to his or her own authority, or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, conduct audits or other engagements as determined appropriate by the Auditor General of:
 - (v) The Florida Virtual School $\frac{1002.37}{1002.37}$.
- - (7) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-
- (i) The Auditor General shall annually transmit by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of

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578-03181-15 20151372c2 320 Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, a 321 list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical 322 career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and local governmental entities water management 324 districts that have failed to comply with the transparency 325 requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed 326 pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to 327 subsection (2). 328 Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 329 28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.35 Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.(2) The duties of the corporation shall include the
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(d) Developing and certifying a uniform system of workload measures and applicable workload standards for court-related functions as developed by the corporation and clerk workload performance in meeting the workload performance standards. These workload measures and workload performance standards shall be designed to facilitate an objective determination of the performance of each clerk in accordance with minimum standards for fiscal management, operational efficiency, and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. The corporation shall develop the workload measures and workload performance standards in consultation with the Legislature. When the corporation finds a clerk has not met the workload performance standards, the corporation shall identify the nature of each deficiency and any corrective action recommended and taken by the affected clerk of the court. For quarterly periods ending on the last day of March, June, September, and December

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of each year, the corporation shall notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans. Such notifications shall be submitted no later than 45 days after the end of the preceding quarterly period. As used in this subsection, the term:

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- 1. "Workload measures" means the measurement of the activities and frequency of the work required for the clerk to adequately perform the court-related duties of the office as defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.
- 2. "Workload performance standards" means the standards developed to measure the timeliness and effectiveness of the activities that are accomplished by the clerk in the performance of the court-related duties of the office as defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.

Section 4. Present subsections (6) and (7) of section 43.16, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

- 43.16 Justice Administrative Commission; membership, powers and duties.—
- (6) The commission, each state attorney, each public defender, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, the capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program shall establish and maintain internal controls designed to:
 - (a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.

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578-03181-15 20151372c2 378 (b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, 379 rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices. 380 (c) Support economical and efficient operations. (d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports. 381 382 (e) Safeguard assets. Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 112.31455, Florida 383 Statutes, is amended to read: 384 385 112.31455 Collection methods for unpaid automatic fines for failure to timely file disclosure of financial interests.-386 387 (1) Before referring any unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) s. 112.3145(6) to the Department of Financial Services, the commission shall attempt to determine 389 390 whether the individual owing such a fine is a current public officer or current public employee. If so, the commission may 392 notify the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the 393 appropriate county, municipality, school district, or special district of the total amount of any fine owed to the commission 394 395 by such individual. 396 (a) After receipt and verification of the notice from the 397 commission, the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of 398 the county, municipality, school district, or special district 399 shall begin withholding the lesser of 10 percent or the maximum 400 amount allowed under federal law from any salary-related 401 payment. The withheld payments shall be remitted to the 402 commission until the fine is satisfied. 403 (b) The Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of 404 the county, municipality, school district, or special district 405 may retain an amount of each withheld payment, as provided in s.

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77.0305, to cover the administrative costs incurred under this

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07	section.
0.8	Section 6. Section 112.31456, Florida Statutes, is created
09	to read:
10	112.31456 Garnishment of wages for unpaid automatic fines
11	for failure to timely file disclosure of financial interests
12	(1) Before referring any unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s.
13	112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) to the Department of Financial
14	Services, the commission shall attempt to determine whether the
15	individual owing such a fine is a current public officer or
16	current public employee. If the commission determines that an
17	individual who is the subject of an unpaid fine accrued pursuant
18	to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) is no longer a public
19	officer or public employee or if the commission cannot determine
20	whether the individual is a current public officer or current
21	<pre>public employee, the commission may, 6 months after the order</pre>
22	becomes final, seek garnishment of any wages to satisfy the
23	amount of the fine, or any unpaid portion thereof, pursuant to
24	chapter 77. Upon recording the order imposing the fine with the
25	clerk of the circuit court, the order shall be deemed a judgment
26	for purposes of garnishment pursuant to chapter 77.
27	(2) The commission may refer unpaid fines to the
28	appropriate collection agency, as directed by the Chief
29	Financial Officer, to use any collection methods provided by
30	law. Except as expressly limited by this section, any other
31	collection method authorized by law is allowed.
32	(3) Action may be taken to collect any unpaid fine imposed
33	by ss. 112.3144 and 112.3145 within 20 years after the date the
34	final order is rendered.
35	Section 7. Section 112.3261, Florida Statutes, is amended

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436	to read:
437	112.3261 Lobbying before governmental entities water
438	management districts; registration and reporting
439	(1) As used in this section, the term:
440	(a) "Governmental entity" or "entity" "District" means a
441	water management district created in s. 373.069 and operating
442	under the authority of chapter 373, a hospital district, a
443	children's services district, an expressway authority as the
444	term "authority" as defined in s. 348.0002, the term "port
445	authority" as defined in s. 315.02, or an independent special
446	district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which
447	exercises ad valorem taxing authority.
448	(b) "Lobbies" means seeking, on behalf of another person,
449	to influence a governmental entity district with respect to a
450	decision of the $\underline{\text{entity}}$ $\underline{\text{district}}$ in an area of policy or
451	procurement or an attempt to obtain the goodwill of $\underline{\mathtt{an}}\ \mathtt{a}$
452	$\underline{\mbox{district}}$ official or employee $\underline{\mbox{of a governmental entity}}.$ The term
453	"lobbies" shall be interpreted and applied consistently with the
454	rules of the commission implementing s. 112.3215.
455	(c) "Lobbyist" has the same meaning as provided in s.
456	112.3215.
457	(d) "Principal" has the same meaning as provided in s.
458	112.3215.
459	(2) A person may not lobby a governmental entity district
460	until such person has registered as a lobbyist with that $\underline{\text{entity}}$
461	district. Such registration shall be due upon initially being
462	retained to lobby and is renewable on a calendar-year basis
463	thereafter. Upon registration, the person shall provide a
464	statement signed by the principal or principal's representative

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stating that the registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The principal shall also identify and designate its main business on the statement authorizing that lobbyist pursuant to a classification system approved by the governmental entity district. Any changes to the information required by this section must be disclosed within 15 days by filing a new registration form. The registration form shall require each lobbyist to disclose, under oath, the following:

(a) The lobbyist's name and business address.

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- (b) The name and business address of each principal represented. $% \begin{array}{c} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) -\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) -\frac{$
- (c) The existence of any direct or indirect business association, partnership, or financial relationship with <u>an official</u> any officer or employee of a governmental entity district with which he or she lobbies or intends to lobby.
- (d) A governmental entity shall create a lobbyist registration form modeled after the In lieu of creating its own lobbyist registration forms, a district may accept a completed legislative branch or executive branch lobbyist registration form, which must be returned to the governmental entity.
- (3) A governmental entity district shall make lobbyist registrations available to the public. If a governmental entity district maintains a website, a database of currently registered lobbyists and principals must be available on the entity's district's website.
- (4) A lobbyist shall promptly send a written statement to the <u>governmental entity</u> <u>district</u> canceling the registration for a principal upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of that principal. A <u>governmental entity</u> <u>district</u> may remove the

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578-03181-15 20151372c2 494 name of a lobbyist from the list of registered lobbyists if the 495 principal notifies the entity district that a person is no 496 longer authorized to represent that principal. 497 (5) A governmental entity district may establish an annual 498 lobbyist registration fee, not to exceed \$40, for each principal 499 represented. The governmental entity district may use registration fees only to administer this section. 501 (6) A governmental entity district shall be diligent to 502 ascertain whether persons required to register pursuant to this 503 section have complied. A governmental entity district may not knowingly authorize a person who is not registered pursuant to this section to lobby the entity district. 505 (7) Upon receipt of a sworn complaint alleging that a 506 507 lobbyist or principal has failed to register with a governmental entity district or has knowingly submitted false information in 509 a report or registration required under this section, the commission shall investigate a lobbyist or principal pursuant to 510 511 the procedures established under s. 112.324. The commission

shall provide the Governor with a report of its findings and recommendations in any investigation conducted pursuant to this subsection. The Governor is authorized to enforce the commission's findings and recommendations.

(8) A governmental entity Water management districts may adopt rules to establish procedures to govern the registration of lobbyists, including the adoption of forms and the

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 129.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.03 Preparation and adoption of budget.-

establishment of a lobbyist registration fee.

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(3) The county budget officer, after tentatively ascertaining the proposed fiscal policies of the board for the next fiscal year, shall prepare and present to the board a tentative budget for the next fiscal year for each of the funds provided in this chapter, including all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward and all estimated expenditures, reserves, and balances to be carried over at the end of the year.

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(c) The board shall hold public hearings to adopt tentative and final budgets pursuant to s. 200.065. The hearings shall be primarily for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints from the public regarding the budgets and the proposed tax levies and for explaining the budget and any proposed or adopted amendments. The tentative budget must be posted on the county's official website at least 2 days before the public hearing to consider such budget and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final budget must be posted on the website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. The tentative budgets, adopted tentative budgets, and final budgets shall be filed in the office of the county auditor as a public record. Sufficient reference in words and figures to identify the particular transactions shall be made in the minutes of the board to record its actions with reference to the budgets.

Section 9. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 129.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.06 Execution and amendment of budget .-

(2) The board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year, and may within the first 60 days of a

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552 fiscal year amend the budget for the prior fiscal year, as 553 follows:

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- (f) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if an amendment to a budget is required for a purpose not specifically authorized in paragraphs (a)-(e), the amendment may be authorized by resolution or ordinance of the board of county commissioners adopted following a public hearing.
- 1. The public hearing must be advertised at least 2 days, but not more than 5 days, before the date of the hearing. The advertisement must appear in a newspaper of paid general circulation and must identify the name of the taxing authority, the date, place, and time of the hearing, and the purpose of the hearing. The advertisement must also identify each budgetary fund to be amended, the source of the funds, the use of the funds, and the total amount of each fund's appropriations.
- 2. If the board amends the budget pursuant to this paragraph, the adopted amendment must be posted on the county's official website within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 10. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 166.241, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

166.241 Fiscal years, budgets, and budget amendments.-

(3) The tentative budget must be posted on the municipality's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the municipality's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the

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municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the tentative budget and final budget to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the budgets on the county's website.

(5) If the governing body of a municipality amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (4)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the municipality within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the adopted amendment on the county's website.

Section 11. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 189.016, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189.016 Reports; budgets; audits.-

(4) The tentative budget must be posted on the special district's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the special district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which

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the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the tentative budget or final budget to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or the local governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the tentative budget or final budget on the website of the local general-purpose government or governing authority. This subsection and subsection (3) do not apply to water management districts as

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defined in s. 373.019.

(7) If the governing body of a special district amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (6)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the special district within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the adopted amendment on the website of the local general-purpose government or governing authority.

Section 12. Present subsections (1) through (5) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (6), respectively, present subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of present subsection (4) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (1) and subsections (7) through (12) are added to that section, to read:

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639 215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; 640 severance pay.-641 (1) As used in this section, the term "public funds" means 642 any taxes, tuition, grants, fines, fees, or other charges or any other type of revenue collected by the state or any county, 643 municipality, special district, school district, Florida College 644 System institution, state university, or other separate unit of 645 646 government created pursuant to law, including any office, 647 department, agency, division, subdivision, political 648 subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or 649 institution of such entities. 650 (3) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ This section does not apply to: 651

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(a) a bonus or severance pay that is paid <u>from sources</u>
other than public <u>funds</u> wholly from nontax revenues and
nonstate-appropriated funds, the payment and receipt of which
does not otherwise violate part III of chapter 112, and which is
paid to an officer, agent, employee, or contractor of a public
hospital that is operated by a county or a special district; or

(b) a clothing and maintenance allowance given to plainclothes deputies pursuant to s. 30.49.

(5) (a) (4) (a) On or after July 1, 2011, A unit of government that enters into a contract or employment agreement, or renewal or renegotiation of an existing contract or employment agreement, that contains a provision for severance pay with an officer, agent, employee, or contractor must include the following provisions in the contract:

1. A requirement that severance pay $\underline{\text{paid from public funds}}$ $\underline{\text{provided}}$ may not exceed an amount greater than 20 weeks of compensation.

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668	2. A prohibition of provision of severance pay paid from
669	<pre>public funds when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor</pre>
670	has been fired for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(29), by
671	the unit of government.
672	(7) Upon discovery or notification that a unit of
673	government has provided prohibited compensation to any officer,
674	agent, employee, or contractor in violation of this section,
675	such unit of government shall investigate and take all necessary
676	action to recover the prohibited compensation.
677	(a) If the violation was unintentional, the unit of
678	government shall recover the prohibited compensation from the
679	individual receiving the prohibited compensation through normal
680	recovery methods for overpayments.
681	(b) If the violation was willful, the unit of government
682	shall recover the prohibited compensation from either the
683	individual receiving the prohibited compensation or the
684	individual or individuals responsible for approving the
685	prohibited compensation. Each individual determined to have
686	willfully violated this section is jointly and severally liable
687	for repayment of the prohibited compensation.
688	(8) A person who willfully violates this section commits a
689	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
690	775.082 or s. 775.083.
691	(9) An officer who exercises the powers and duties of a
692	state or county officer and willfully violates this section is
693	subject to the Governor's power under s. 7(a), Art. IV of the
694	State Constitution. An officer who exercises powers and duties
695	other than those of a state or county officer and willfully

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violates this section is subject to the suspension and removal

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procedures under s. 112.51.

(10) (a) A person who reports a violation of this section is eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10 percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident of a prohibited compensation payment recovered by the unit of government, depending upon the extent to which the person substantially contributed to the discovery, notification, and recovery of such prohibited payment.

(b) In the event that the recovery of the prohibited compensation is based primarily on disclosures of specific information, other than information provided by such person, relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; in a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or other government report; in an auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.

(c) If it is determined that the person who reported a violation of this section was involved in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation or is convicted of criminal conduct arising from his or her role in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.

(11) An employee who is discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed, or in any manner discriminated against in the terms and conditions of employment by his or her employer

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726	because of lawful acts done by the employee on behalf of the
727	employee or others in furtherance of an action under this
728	section, including investigation for initiation of, testimony
729	for, or assistance in an action filed or to be filed under this
730	section, has a cause of action under s. 112.3187.
731	(12) If the unit of government fails to recover prohibited
732	compensation for a willful violation of this section upon
733	discovery and notification of such prohibited payment within 90
734	days, a cause of action may be brought to:
735	(a) Recover state funds in accordance with ss. 68.082 and
736	<u>68.083.</u>
737	(b) Recover other funds by the Department of Legal Affairs
738	using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except
739	that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which
740	the unit of government is located.
741	(c) Recover other funds by a person using the procedures
742	set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie
743	in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of
744	government is located.
745	Section 13. Section 215.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to
746	read:
747	215.86 Management systems and controls.—Each state agency
748	and the judicial branch as defined in s. 216.011 shall establish
749	and maintain management systems and $\underline{\text{internal}}$ controls $\underline{\text{designed}}$
750	<u>to:</u>
751	(1) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse. that
752	(2) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
753	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
754	(3) Support economical and economic, efficient, and

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effective operations.;

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- (4) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports. +
- (5) Safeguard and safeguarding of assets. Accounting systems and procedures shall be designed to fulfill the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 215.97, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.97 Florida Single Audit Act.-

- (2) Definitions; as used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Audit threshold" means the threshold amount used to determine when a state single audit or project-specific audit of a nonstate entity shall be conducted in accordance with this section. Each nonstate entity that expends a total amount of state financial assistance equal to or in excess of \$750,000 \$500,000 in any fiscal year of such nonstate entity shall be required to have a state single audit, or a project-specific audit, for such fiscal year in accordance with the requirements of this section. Periodically, Every 2 years the Auditor General, after consulting with the Executive Office of the Governor, the Department of Financial Services, and all state awarding agencies, shall review the threshold amount for requiring audits under this section and, if appropriate, may recommend to the Legislature a statutory change to revise the threshold amount in the annual report submitted pursuant to s. 11.45(7)(h) may adjust such threshold amount consistent with the purposes of this section.

Section 15. Subsection (11) of section 215.985, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.985 Transparency in government spending.-

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578-03181-15 20151372c2 784 (11) Each water management district shall provide a monthly 785 financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by the 786 Department of Financial Services to the district's its governing 787 board and make such monthly financial statement available for public access on its website. 788 789 Section 16. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection 790 (2) of section 218.32, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 791 218.32 Annual financial reports; local governmental 792 entities.-793 (1) 794 (d) Each local governmental entity that is required to provide for an audit under s. 218.39(1) must submit a copy of 795 the audit report and annual financial report to the department 796 within 45 days after the completion of the audit report but no later than 9 months after the end of the fiscal year. An independent certified public accountant completing an audit of a 799 800 local governmental entity pursuant to s. 218.39 shall report, as part of the audit, as to whether the entity's annual financial 802 report is in agreement with the audited financial statements. 803 The accountant's audit report must be supported by the same 804 level of detail as required for the annual financial report. If the accountant's audit report is not in agreement with the 806 annual financial report, the accountant shall specify and 807 explain the significant differences that exist between the 808 annual financial report and the audit report. 809 (2) The department shall annually by December 1 file a verified report with the Governor, the Legislature, the Auditor 811 General, and the Special District Accountability Program of the

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Department of Economic Opportunity showing the revenues, both

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locally derived and derived from intergovernmental transfers,
and the expenditures of each local governmental entity, regional
planning council, local government finance commission, and
municipal power corporation that is required to submit an annual
financial report. In preparing the verified report, the
department may request additional information from the local
governmental entity. The information requested must be provided
to the department within 45 days of the request. If the local
governmental entity does not comply with the request, the
department shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee,
which may take action pursuant to s. 11.40(2). The report must
include, but is not limited to:

- (a) The total revenues and expenditures of each local governmental entity that is a component unit included in the annual financial report of the reporting entity.
- (b) The amount of outstanding long-term debt by each local governmental entity. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "long-term debt" means any agreement or series of agreements to pay money, which, at inception, contemplate terms of payment exceeding 1 year in duration.

Section 17. Present subsection (3) of section 218.33, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

218.33 Local governmental entities; establishment of uniform fiscal years and accounting practices and procedures.—

- (3) Each local governmental entity shall establish and maintain internal controls designed to:
 - (a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
 - (b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,

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842	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
843	(c) Support economical and efficient operations.
844	(d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
845	(e) Safeguard assets.
846	Section 18. Present subsections (8) through (12) of section
847	218.39, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (9)
848	through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (8) is added to
849	that section, to read:
850	218.39 Annual financial audit reports.—
851	(8) If the audit report includes a recommendation that was
852	previously included in the preceding financial audit report, the
853	governing body of the audited entity, within 60 days after the
854	delivery of the audit report to the governing body and during a
855	regularly scheduled public meeting, shall indicate its intent
856	regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken,
857	and when the corrective action will occur. If the governing body
858	does not intend to take corrective action, it shall explain why
859	such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public
860	meeting.
861	Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 218.391, Florida
862	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (9) is added to that
863	section, to read:
864	218.391 Auditor selection procedures
865	(2) The governing body of a charter county, municipality,
866	special district, district school board, charter school, or
867	charter technical career center shall establish an audit
868	committee.
869	(a) For a county, the Each noncharter county shall
870	establish an audit committee that, at a minimum, shall consist

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of each of the county officers elected pursuant to $\underline{\text{the county}}$ $\underline{\text{charter or}}$ s. 1(d), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, or a designee, and one member of the board of county commissioners or its designee.

- (b) For a municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center, the audit committee shall consist of at least three members. One member of the audit committee must be a member of the governing body of an entity specified in this paragraph who shall also serve as the chair of the committee.
- (c) A member of the audit committee may not be an employee, chief executive officer, or chief financial officer of the county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center.
- $\underline{(d)}$ The primary purpose of the audit committee is to assist the governing body in selecting an auditor to conduct the annual financial audit required in s. 218.39; however, the audit committee may serve other audit oversight purposes as determined by the entity's governing body. The public \underline{may} shall not be excluded from the proceedings under this section.
- (9) An audit report submitted pursuant to s. 218.39 must include an affidavit executed by the chair of the audit committee affirming that the committee complied with the requirements of subsections (3)-(6) in selecting an auditor. If the Auditor General determines that an entity failed to comply with the requirements of subsections (3)-(6) in selecting an auditor, the entity shall select a replacement auditor in accordance with this section to conduct audits for subsequent fiscal years if the original audit was performed under a

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900	multiyear contract. If the replacement of an auditor would
901	preclude the entity from timely completing the annual financial
902	audit required by s. 218.39, the entity shall replace an auditor
903	in accordance with this section for the subsequent annual
904	financial audit. A multiyear contract between an entity or an
905	auditor may not prohibit or restrict an entity from complying
906	with this subsection.
907	Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
908	288.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
909	288.92 Divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc
910	(2)
911	(b)1. The following officers and board members are subject
912	to ss. $112.313(1)-(8)$, (10) , (12) , and (15) ; 112.3135 ; and
913	112.3143(2):
914	a. Officers and members of the board of directors of the
915	divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
916	b. Officers and members of the board of directors of
917	subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
918	c. Officers and members of the board of directors of
919	corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise
920	Florida, Inc.
921	d. Officers and members of the board of directors of
922	corporations with which a division is required by law to
923	contract to carry out its missions.
924	2. The officers and board members specified in subparagraph
925	1. may not represent another person or entity for compensation
926	before Enterprise Florida, Inc., or a division, subsidiary, or
927	the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the
928	missions of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or with which a division

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is required by law to contract to carry out its missions, for a period of 2 years after retirement from or termination of service to a division.

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3.2. For purposes of applying ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of the officers and members of the board of directors specified in subparagraph 1., those persons shall be considered public officers or employees and the corporation shall be considered their agency.

 $\underline{4.3.}$ It is not a violation of s. 112.3143(2) or (4) for the officers or members of the board of directors of the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to:

- a. Vote on the 4-year marketing plan required under s. 288.923 or vote on any individual component of or amendment to the plan.
- b. Participate in the establishment or calculation of payments related to the private match requirements of s. 288.904(3). The officer or member must file an annual disclosure describing the nature of his or her interests or the interests of his or her principals, including corporate parents and subsidiaries of his or her principal, in the private match requirements. This annual disclosure requirement satisfies the disclosure requirement of s. 112.3143(4). This disclosure must be placed either on the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's website or included in the minutes of each meeting of the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's board of directors at which the private match requirements are discussed or voted upon.

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section

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APPROVAL .-

986

288.9604, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 958 959 288.9604 Creation of the authority.-960 (3) (a) 1. A director may not receive compensation for his or her services, but is entitled to necessary expenses, including 962 travel expenses, incurred in the discharge of his or her duties. Each director shall hold office until his or her successor has 963 964 been appointed. 965 2. Directors are subject to ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2). For purposes of applying 966 967 ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of directors, directors shall be considered public officers and the corporation shall be 969 970 considered their agency. 971 3. A director of the board of directors of the corporation 972 may not represent another person or entity for compensation 973 before the corporation for a period of 2 years following his or 974 her service on the board of directors. 975 Section 22. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4), paragraph (d) 976 of subsection (5), and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of 977 section 373.536, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 978 373.536 District budget and hearing thereon.-979 (4) BUDGET CONTROLS; FINANCIAL INFORMATION. -980 (e) By September 1, 2012, Each district shall provide a 981 monthly financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by 982 the Department of Financial Services to the district's governing 983 board and make such monthly financial statement available for 984 public access on its website. 985 (5) TENTATIVE BUDGET CONTENTS AND SUBMISSION; REVIEW AND

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- (d) Each district shall, by August 1 of each year, submit for review a tentative budget and a description of any significant changes from the preliminary budget submitted to the Legislature pursuant to s. 373.535 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairs of all legislative committees and subcommittees having substantive or fiscal jurisdiction over water management districts, as determined by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as applicable, the secretary of the department, and the governing body of each county in which the district has jurisdiction or derives any funds for the operations of the district. The tentative budget must be posted on the district's official website at least 2 days before budget hearings held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law and must remain on the website for at least 45 days.
- (6) FINAL BUDGET; ANNUAL AUDIT; CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN; WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT WORK PROGRAM.—
- (d) The final adopted budget must be posted on the water management district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 23. Paragraph (j) of subsection (9) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

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- (9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.-
- (j) The governing body of the charter school shall be responsible for:
- $\underline{\mbox{1. Establishing and maintaining internal controls designed}}$ to:

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1016	a. Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
1017	b. Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
1018	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
1019	c. Support economical and efficient operations.
1020	d. Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
1021	e. Safeguard assets.
1022	$\underline{2.1.}$ Ensuring that the charter school has retained the
1023	services of a certified public accountant or auditor for the
1024	annual financial audit, pursuant to s. 1002.345(2), who shall
1025	submit the report to the governing body.
1026	3.2. Reviewing and approving the audit report, including
1027	audit findings and recommendations for the financial recovery
1028	plan.
1029	4.a.3.a. Performing the duties in s. 1002.345, including
1030	monitoring a corrective action plan.
1031	b. Monitoring a financial recovery plan in order to ensure
1032	compliance.
1033	5.4. Participating in governance training approved by the
1034	department which must include government in the sunshine,
1035	conflicts of interest, ethics, and financial responsibility.
1036	Section 24. Present subsections (6) through (10) of section
1037	1002.37, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7)
1038	through (11), respectively, a new subsection (6) is added to
1039	that section, and present subsections (6) and (11) of that
1040	section are amended, to read:
1041	1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.—
1042	(6) The Florida Virtual School shall have an annual
1043	financial audit of its accounts and records completed by an
1044	independent auditor who is a certified public accountant

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licensed under chapter 473. The independent auditor shall conduct the audit in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General pursuant to s. 11.45 and, upon completion of the audit, shall prepare an audit report in accordance with such rules. The audit report must include a written statement of the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken in response to each of the independent auditor's recommendations included in the audit report. The independent auditor shall submit the audit report to the board of trustees and the Auditor General no later than 9 months after the end of the preceding fiscal year.

(7)(6) The board of trustees shall annually submit to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education, the audit report prepared pursuant to subsection (6) and a complete and detailed report setting forth:

- (a) The operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual School within the state and those occurring outside the state as Florida Virtual School Global.
- (b) The marketing and operational plan for the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, including recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of education through the Internet and other distance learning technology.
- (c) The assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global at the end of the fiscal year.
- (d) A copy of an annual financial audit of the accounts and records of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School

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1074	Global, conducted by an independent certified public accountant
1075	and performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor
1076	General.
1077	(e) Recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing
1078	services to students through the Florida Virtual School and
1079	Florida Virtual School Global. In order to most effectively
1080	develop public policy regarding any future funding of the
1081	Florida Virtual School, it is imperative that the cost of the
1082	program is accurately identified. The identified cost of the
1083	program must be based on reliable data.
1084	(e) (f) Recommendations regarding an accountability
1085	mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the services provided
1086	by the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global.
1087	(11) The Auditor General shall conduct an operational audit
1088	of the Florida Virtual School, including Florida Virtual School
1089	Global. The scope of the audit shall include, but not be limited
1090	to, the administration of responsibilities relating to
1091	personnel; procurement and contracting; revenue production;
1092	school funds, including internal funds; student enrollment
1093	records; franchise agreements; information technology
1094	utilization, assets, and security; performance measures and
1095	standards; and accountability. The final report on the audit
1096	shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the
1097	Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January
1098	31, 2014.
1099	Section 25. Subsection (5) is added to section 1010.01,
1100	Florida Statutes, to read:
1101	1010.01 Uniform records and accounts
1102	(5) Each school district, Florida College System
,	

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1103	institution, and state university shall establish and maintain
1104	internal controls designed to:
1105	(a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
1106	(b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
1107	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
1108	(c) Support economical and efficient operations.
1109	(d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
1110	(e) Safeguard assets.
1111	Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 1010.30, Florida
1112	Statutes, is amended to read:
1113	1010.30 Audits required
1114	(2) If a school district, Florida College System
1115	institution, or university audit report includes a
1116	recommendation that was previously included in the preceding
1117	financial audit report, an audit contains a significant finding,
1118	the district school board, the Florida College System
1119	institution board of trustees, or the university board of
1120	trustees, within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report
1121	to the school district, Florida College System institution, or
1122	university and shall conduct an audit overview during a
1123	regularly scheduled public meeting, shall indicate its intent
1124	regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken,
1125	and when the corrective action will occur. If the district
1126	school board, Florida College System institution board of
1127	trustees, or university board of trustees does not intend to
1128	take corrective action, it shall explain why such action will
1129	not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.
1130	Section 27. Subsection (2) of section 68.082, Florida
1131	Statutes, is amended to read:

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1132	68.082 False claims against the state; definitions;
1133	liability
1134	(2) Any person who:
1135	(a) Knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false or
1136	fraudulent claim for payment or approval;
1137	(b) Knowingly authorizes, approves, or receives payment of
1138	prohibited compensation in violation of s. 215.425;
1139	(c) (b) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used
1140	a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent
1141	claim;
1142	(d) (c) Conspires to commit a violation of this subsection;
1143	(e) (d) Has possession, custody, or control of property or
1144	money used or to be used by the state and knowingly delivers or
1145	causes to be delivered less than all of that money or property;
1146	$\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) Is authorized to make or deliver a document
1147	certifying receipt of property used or to be used by the state
1148	and, intending to defraud the state, makes or delivers the
1149	receipt without knowing that the information on the receipt is
1150	true;
1151	$\underline{(g)}$ (f) Knowingly buys or receives, as a pledge of an
1152	obligation or a debt, public property from an officer or
1153	employee of the state who may not sell or pledge the property;
1154	or
1155	(h) (g) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used
1156	a false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or
1157	transmit money or property to the state, or knowingly conceals
1158	or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases an obligation to
1159	pay or transmit money or property to the state
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is liable to the state for a civil penalty of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 and for treble the amount of

damages the state sustains because of the act of that person.

Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 68.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

68.083 Civil actions for false claims.-

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(1) The department may diligently investigate a violation under s. 68.082. If the department finds that a person has violated or is violating s. 68.082, the department may bring a civil action under the Florida False Claims Act against the person. The Department of Financial Services may bring a civil action under this section if the action arises from an investigation by that department and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action under this act. For a violation of s. 68.082 regarding prohibited compensation paid from state funds, the Department of Financial Services may bring a civil action under this section if the action arises from an investigation by that department concerning a violation of s. 215.425 by the state and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action under this act.

218.503 Determination of financial emergency.-

(3) Upon notification that one or more of the conditions in subsection (1) have occurred or will occur if action is not taken to assist the local governmental entity or district school board, the Governor or his or her designee shall contact the local governmental entity or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee shall contact the district school board to

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1190	determine what actions have been taken by the local governmental
1191	entity or the district school board to resolve or prevent the
1192	condition. The information requested must be provided within 45
1193	days after the date of the request. If the local governmental
1194	entity or the district school board does not comply with the
1195	request, the Governor or his or her designee or the Commissioner
1196	of Education or his or her designee shall notify ${\color{blue} {the \; members \; of}}$
1197	the Legislative Auditing Committee, which who may take action
1198	pursuant to $s. 11.40(2)$ $s. 11.40$. The Governor or the
1199	Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, shall determine
1200	whether the local governmental entity or the district school
1201	board needs state assistance to resolve or prevent the
1202	condition. If state assistance is needed, the local governmental
1203	entity or district school board is considered to be in a state
1204	of financial emergency. The Governor or the Commissioner of
1205	Education, as appropriate, has the authority to implement
1206	measures as set forth in ss. 218.50-218.504 to assist the local
1207	governmental entity or district school board in resolving the
1208	financial emergency. Such measures may include, but are not
1209	limited to:
1210	(a) Requiring approval of the local governmental entity's
1211	budget by the Governor or approval of the district school
1212	board's budget by the Commissioner of Education.
1213	(b) Authorizing a state loan to a local governmental entity
1214	and providing for repayment of same.
1215	(c) Prohibiting a local governmental entity or district

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indebtedness, or any other form of debt until such time as it is

1216 school board from issuing bonds, notes, certificates of

no longer subject to this section.

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- (d) Making such inspections and reviews of records, information, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or district school board as are needed. The appropriate local officials shall cooperate in such inspections and reviews.
- (e) Consulting with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports into compliance with state requirements.
- (f) Providing technical assistance to the local governmental entity or the district school board.

- (g)1. Establishing a financial emergency board to oversee the activities of the local governmental entity or the district school board. If a financial emergency board is established for a local governmental entity, the Governor shall appoint board members and select a chair. If a financial emergency board is established for a district school board, the State Board of Education shall appoint board members and select a chair. The financial emergency board shall adopt such rules as are necessary for conducting board business. The board may:
- a. Make such reviews of records, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or the district school board as are needed.
- b. Consult with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports of the local governmental entity or the district school board into compliance with state requirements.

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c. Review the operations, management, efficiency, productivity, and financing of functions and operations of the local governmental entity or the district school board.

- d. Consult with other governmental entities for the consolidation of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.
- 2. The recommendations and reports made by the financial emergency board must be submitted to the Governor for local governmental entities or to the Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education for district school boards for appropriate action.
- (h) Requiring and approving a plan, to be prepared by officials of the local governmental entity or the district school board in consultation with the appropriate state officials, prescribing actions that will cause the local governmental entity or district school board to no longer be subject to this section. The plan must include, but need not be limited to:
- 1270 1. Provision for payment in full of obligations outlined in 1271 subsection (1), designated as priority items, which are 1272 currently due or will come due.
 - Establishment of priority budgeting or zero-based budgeting in order to eliminate items that are not affordable.
- 1275 3. The prohibition of a level of operations which can be 1276 sustained only with nonrecurring revenues.

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4. Provisions implementing the consolidation, sourcing, or discontinuance of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.

Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 1002.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.455 Student eligibility for K-12 virtual instruction.-

- (2) A student is eligible to participate in virtual instruction if:
- (a) The student spent the prior school year in attendance at a public school in the state and was enrolled and reported by the school district for funding during October and February for purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program surveys;
- (b) The student is a dependent child of a member of the United States Armed Forces who was transferred within the last 12 months to this state from another state or from a foreign country pursuant to a permanent change of station order;
- (c) The student was enrolled during the prior school year in a virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 or a full-time Florida Virtual School program under $\underline{s. 1002.37(9)}$ (a) $\underline{s. 1002.37(8)}$ (a);
- (d) The student has a sibling who is currently enrolled in a virtual instruction program and the sibling was enrolled in that program at the end of the prior school year;
- (e) The student is eligible to enter kindergarten or first $\mbox{\tt grade;}$ or

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1306	(f) The student is eligible to enter grades 2 through 5 and
1307	is enrolled full-time in a school district virtual instruction
1308	program, virtual charter school, or the Florida Virtual School.
1309	Section 31. The Legislature finds that a proper and
1310	legitimate state purpose is served when internal controls are
1311	established to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse and to
1312	safeguard and account for government funds and property.
1313	Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act
1314	fulfills an important state interest.
1315	Section 32. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professiona	al Staff conducting the meeting) 1372
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>Covernmental Accountability</u> Name <u>Nick Jarossi</u>	278496 Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address 101 E College Ave suite 502	_ Phone 222-9075
Address 101 E College Are suite 502 Street Tallahasse FL 32311 State 7in	Email
City State Zip	
	Speaking: In Support Against hair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Safety Net Hospital Alliana	<u>e</u>
,	istered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as ma	•

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) 958928 Topic Gov'r Accountability Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address 325 John Knox Street Phone <u>850) 488-7864</u> Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Fra Comm'n on Entics Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: | X Yes |

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sena Meeting Date	te Professional Staff conducting the meeting) SB 1372 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Municipal Lobbyst Registration	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	Phone 7729684
Address Street State	Phone Connoctics
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Torida League o	f qtics
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lob	byist registered with Legislature: Yes No
Mile it is a Canata tradition to anacyrous nublic testimony time may	not normit all nargans wishing to speak to be heard at this

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Rules						
BILL:	SB 796					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Evers					
SUBJECT:	Financial Reporting					
DATE:	April 17, 2	015	REVISED:			
ANALYST		STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Oxamendi		Imhof		RI	Favorable	
2. Caldwell		Cibula		JU	Favorable	
3. Oxamendi		Phelps		RC	Favorable	

I. Summary:

SB 796 deletes the provision that permits condominium, cooperative, and homeowners' associations operating fewer than 50 units or parcels, regardless of the association's annual revenues, to prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of financial statements based on the amount of annual revenue.

II. Present Situation:

Condominium

A condominium is a "form of ownership of real property created pursuant to [ch. 718, F.S.,] which is comprised entirely of units that may be owned by one or more persons, and in which there is, appurtenant to each unit, an undivided share in common elements." A condominium is created by recording a declaration of condominium in the public records of the county where the condominium is located.² A declaration is like a constitution in that it:

Strictly governs the relationships among condominium unit owners and the condominium association. Under the declaration, the Board of the condominium association has broad authority to enact rules for the benefit of the community.³

A declaration "may include covenants and restrictions concerning the use, occupancy, and transfer of the units permitted by law with reference to real property." A declaration of condominium may be amended as provided in the declaration. 5 If the declaration does not

¹ Section 718.103(11), F.S.

² Section 718.104(2), F.S.

³ Neuman v. Grandview at Emerald Hills, 861 So. 2d 494, 496-97 (Fla. 4th DCA 2003) (internal citations omitted).

⁴ Section 718.104(5), F.S.

⁵ See s. 718.110(1)(a), F.S.

provide a method for amendment, it may generally be amended as to any matter by a vote of not less than the owners of two-thirds of the units. Condominiums are administered by a board of directors referred to as a "board of administration."

Cooperative Associations

Section 719.103(12), F.S., defines a "cooperative" to mean:

that form of ownership of real property wherein legal title is vested in a corporation or other entity and the beneficial use is evidenced by an ownership interest in the association and a lease or other muniment of title or possession granted by the association as the owner of all the cooperative property.

A cooperative differs from a condominium because, in a cooperative, no unit is individually owned. Instead, a cooperative unit's occupants receive an exclusive right to occupy the unit. The cooperative holds the legal title to the unit and all common elements. The cooperative association may assess costs for the maintenance of common expenses.⁸

Homeowners' Associations

Florida law provides statutory recognition to corporations that operate residential communities in this state and procedures for operating homeowners' associations. These laws protect the rights of association members without unduly impairing the ability of such associations to perform their functions.⁹

A "homeowners' association" is defined as a "Florida corporation responsible for the operation of a community or a mobile home subdivision in which the voting membership is made up of parcel owners or their agents, or a combination thereof, and in which membership is a mandatory condition of parcel ownership, and which is authorized to impose assessments that, if unpaid, may become a lien on the parcel." Unless specifically stated to the contrary, homeowners' associations are also governed by ch. 607, F.S., relating to for-profit corporations or by ch. 617, F.S., relating to not-for-profit corporations. ¹¹

Homeowners' associations are administered by a board of directors whose members are elected. The powers and duties of homeowners' associations include the powers and duties provided in ch. 720, F.S., and in the governing documents of the association, which include recorded declaration of covenants, bylaws, articles of incorporation, and duly adopted amendments to these documents. 13

⁶ Section 718.110(1)(a), F.S. *But see*, s. 718.110(4) and (8), F.S., which provides exceptions to the subject matter and procedure for amendments to a declaration of condominium.

⁷ Section 718.103(4), F.S.

⁸ See ss. 719.106(1)(g) and 719.107, F.S.

⁹ See s. 720.302(1), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 720.301(9), F.S.

¹¹ Section 720.302(5), F.S.

¹² See ss. 720.303 and 720.307, F.S.

¹³ See ss. 720.301 and 720.303, F.S.

Financial Reporting for Community Associations

Sections 718.111(13), 719.104(4), and 720.303(7), F.S., set forth the financial reporting responsibilities of condominium, cooperative, and homeowners' associations. Associations have 90 days after the end of the fiscal year to prepare and complete a financial report for the preceding fiscal year. The type of financial statements or information that must be provided is based on the association's total annual revenues.

If the association has a total annual revenue of \$150,000 or more, but less than \$300,000, the association must prepare compiled financial statements. ¹⁴ If the association has a total annual revenue of at least \$300,000 and not less than \$500,000, the association must prepare reviewed financial statements. ¹⁵ If the total annual revenue is \$500,000 or more, the association must prepare audited financial statements. ¹⁶ If the total annual revenue is less than \$150,000, then a report of cash receipts must be prepared. ¹⁷

An association having fewer than 50 units ("parcels" for homeowners' associations), regardless of annual revenue, may prepare a report of cash receipt and expenditures instead of financial statements, unless the governing documents provide otherwise.¹⁸

In a condominium association, the board may use a higher level of reporting without a meeting or approval of the membership. It may not use a lower level of reporting without a majority of the voting interests present at a properly called meeting of the association.¹⁹

In cooperative and homeowners' association, upon a petition by 20 percent of the voting interests in the association, the level of reporting may be increased or decreased after a majority vote of the voting interests.²⁰

Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes

Condominiums and cooperatives are regulated by the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes (division) in accordance with ch. 718, F.S., and ch. 719, F.S. The division is afforded complete jurisdiction to investigate complaints and enforce compliance with ch. 718, F.S., and ch. 719, F.S., with respect to associations that are still under developer

¹⁴ A compiled financial statement is an accounting service based on information provided by the entity that is the subject of the financial statement. A compiled financial statement is made without a Certified Public Accountant's (CPA) assurance as to conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Compiled financial statements must conform to the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services. J.G. Siegel and J.K. Shim, *Barron's Business Guides, Dictionary of Accounting Terms*, 3rd ed. (Barron's 2000).

¹⁵ A reviewed financial statement is an accounting service that provides a board of directors and interested parties some assurance as to the reliability of financial data without the CPA conducting an examination in accordance with GAAP. Reviewed financial statements must comply with AICPA auditing and review standards for public companies or the AICPA review standards for non-public businesses. *Id.*

¹⁶ An audited financial statement by a CPA verifies the accuracy and completeness of the audited entities records in accordance with GAAP. *Id.*

¹⁷ Sections 718.111(13)(a), 719. 104(4)(b), and 720.303(7)(a), F.S.

¹⁸ Sections 718.111(13)(b)2., 719. 104(4)(c)2., and 720.303(7)(b)2., F.S.

¹⁹ Sections 718.111(13)(c) and (d), F.S.

²⁰ Sections 719.104(4)(d) and (e), and 720.303(7)(c) and (d), F.S.

control.²¹ The division also has the authority to investigate complaints against developers involving improper turnover or failure to turnover control to the association, pursuant to s. 718.301, F.S., and s. 719.301, F.S., respectively.²² After control of the condominium or cooperative is transferred from the developer to the unit owners, the division's jurisdiction is limited to investigating complaints related to financial issues, elections, and unit owner access to association records.²³

As part of the division's authority to investigate complaints, s. 718.501(1), F.S., and s. 719.501(1), F.S., authorize the division to subpoena witnesses, take sworn statements from witnesses, issue cease and desist orders, and impose civil penalties (fines) against developers and associations.

The division's jurisdiction regarding homeowners' associations is limited to conducting binding arbitration upon a petition resolve election recall disputes.²⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill repeals the provisions in ss. 718.111(13)(b)2., 719. 104(4)(c)2., and 720.303(7)(b)2., F.S., which provide that an association operating fewer than 50 units ("parcels" for homeowners' associations), regardless of the association's annual revenues, must prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of the financial statements based on the amount of annual revenue.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

²¹ Section 718.501(1), F.S., s. 719.501(1), F.S.

²² *Id*.

 $^{^{23}}$ Id

²⁴ See ss. 720.303(10)(d) and 720.311(1), F.S.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Condominium, cooperative, and homeowners' associations of 50 units or parcels may incur additional expense if required to prepare financial statements based on the amount of annual revenue instead of a report of cash receipts.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 718.111, 719.104, and 720.303.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 SB 796

By Senator Evers

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2-00735-15 2015796

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to financial reporting; amending ss.
718.111, 719.104, and 720.303, F.S.; deleting
provisions with respect to the preparation by certain
condominium associations, cooperative associations,
and homeowners' associations of annual reports of cash
receipts and expenditures in lieu of certain financial
statements; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.111 The association.-

(13) FINANCIAL REPORTING.—Within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, or annually on a date provided in the bylaws, the association shall prepare and complete, or contract for the preparation and completion of, a financial report for the preceding fiscal year. Within 21 days after the final financial report is completed by the association or received from the third party, but not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year or other date as provided in the bylaws, the association shall mail to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association by the unit owner, or hand deliver to each unit owner, a copy of the financial report or a notice that a copy of the financial report will be mailed or hand delivered to the unit owner, without charge, upon receipt of a written request from the unit owner. The division shall adopt rules setting forth uniform accounting principles and standards

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 SB 796

2015796

to be used by all associations and addressing the financial
reporting requirements for multicondominium associations. The
rules must include, but not be limited to, standards for
presenting a summary of association reserves, including a good
faith estimate disclosing the annual amount of reserve funds
that would be necessary for the association to fully fund
reserves for each reserve item based on the straight-line
accounting method. This disclosure is not applicable to reserves
funded via the pooling method. In adopting such rules, the
division shall consider the number of members and annual
revenues of an association. Financial reports shall be prepared
as follows:

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(b)1. An association with total annual revenues of less than \$150,000\$ shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.

2. An association that operates fewer than 50 units, regardless of the association's annual revenues, shall prepare a report of eash receipts and expenditures in lieu of financial statements required by paragraph (a).

2.3. A report of cash receipts and disbursements must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional and management fees and expenses, taxes, costs for recreation facilities, expenses for refuse collection and utility services, expenses for lawn care, costs for building maintenance and repair, insurance costs, administration and salary expenses, and reserves accumulated and expended for capital expenditures,

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deferred maintenance, and any other category for which the association maintains reserves.

Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 719.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.104 Cooperatives; access to units; records; financial reports; assessments; purchase of leases.-

(4) FINANCIAL REPORT .-

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- (c)1. An association with total annual revenues of less than \$150,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.
- 2. An association in a community of fewer than 50 units, regardless of the association's annual revenues, shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of the financial statements required by paragraph (b), unless the declaration or other recorded governing documents provide otherwise.
- 2.3. A report of cash receipts and expenditures must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional, and management fees and expenses; taxes; costs for recreation facilities; expenses for refuse collection and utility services; expenses for lawn care; costs for building maintenance and repair; insurance costs; administration and salary expenses; and reserves, if maintained by the association.
- Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board;

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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official records; budgets; financial reporting; association funds; recalls .-(7) FINANCIAL REPORTING.-Within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, or annually on the date provided in the bylaws,

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the association shall prepare and complete, or contract with a third party for the preparation and completion of, a financial 93 report for the preceding fiscal year. Within 21 days after the final financial report is completed by the association or 96 received from the third party, but not later than 120 days after 97 the end of the fiscal year or other date as provided in the bylaws, the association shall, within the time limits set forth in subsection (5), provide each member with a copy of the annual financial report or a written notice that a copy of the 100 financial report is available upon request at no charge to the 102 member. Financial reports shall be prepared as follows:

(b) 1. An association with total annual revenues of less than \$150,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.

2. An association in a community of fewer than 50 parcels, regardless of the association's annual revenues, may prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of financial statements required by paragraph (a) unless the governing documents provide otherwise.

2.3. A report of cash receipts and disbursement must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional, and management fees and expenses; taxes; costs for recreation

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	2-00735-15 2015796
117	facilities; expenses for refuse collection and utility services;
118	expenses for lawn care; costs for building maintenance and
119	repair; insurance costs; administration and salary expenses; and
120	reserves if maintained by the association.
121	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 5 of 5

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

DUBOSE.CISSY

From:

MURZIN.DAVE

Sent:

Monday, April 20, 2015 11:47 AM SIMMONS.DAVID

To: Cc:

PHELPS.JOHN; DUBOSE.CISSY

Subject:

Presenting SB 796

Chair Simmons,

Senator Evers may not make it here to Tallahassee in time to present SB 796 on financial reporting. The recent bad weather has hampered his departure and travel plans.

I will be prepared to present the bill on his behalf.

Thank you Sir,



Dave Murzin Senator Greg Evers, District 2

209 E Zaragoza St. Pensacola, FL 32502-6048 (850) 595-0213 or 308 Senate Office Bldg. 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100 (850) 487-5002

murzin.dave@flsenate.gov

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APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Financial Proporting Name Oustin Thames	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Grov. Affrirs Manager	
Address 325 W. College Ave.	Phone
Street Tallahassee FC 32301	_ Email
City State Zip Speaking: For Against Information Waive S	Speaking: In Support Against hair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Institute	of CPA's
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

11-20-15

S-001 (10/14/14)



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Criminal Justice, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities Environmental Preservation and Conservation Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security Transportation

SENATOR GREG EVERS

2nd District

April 7, 2015

Senator Simmons Chair, Rules Committee

Les Evers gell

SB796, relating to Financial Reporting, has now favorably passed Regulated Industries and Judiciary Committees. Please place it on the calendar for floor action.

Thank you.

Respectfully,

Greg Evers

☐ 209 East Zaragoza Street, Pensacola, Florida 32502-6048 (850) 595-0213 FAX: (888) 263-0013 ☐ 308 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5002 ☐ 5234 Willing Street, Milton, FL 32570 (850) 564-1026 FAX: (850) 564-1170

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Pre	pared By:	The Profession	nal Staff of the Comn	nittee on Rules
BILL:	CS/HB 7111, 1st Eng.				
INTRODUCER:	Judiciary Committee; Health and Human Services Committee; and Representative Brodeur and others				
SUBJECT:	Conscience Protection for Actions of Private Child-Placing Agencies				
DATE:	April 17, 2015 REVISED:				
ANALYST		STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Davis		Phelps		RC	Pre-meeting

I. Summary:

House Bill 7111 establishes a conscience protection provision for private child-placing agencies. The bill amends s. 409.175, F.S., to allow private child-placing agencies and family foster homes affiliated with the agencies, to object to performing, assisting in, recommending, consenting to, or participating in the placement of a child if the placement violates the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies.

The bill also protects the licensure, grants, contracts, and ability to participate in government programs for those agencies that object to performing adoption services required for the placement of a child or to facilitate the licensure of a family foster home if that placement or licensure violates the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies.

The bill preempts to the state the subject matter of the conscience protection provisions and declares void any enactments that contravene this subject matter.

II. Present Situation:

Conscience Protection Laws

A conscience protection law guarantees that a person will not be forced to participate in a practice or procedure that is personally objectionable to his or her conscience. Conscience protection laws have previously been enacted by states in the areas of healthcare and education and are now being implemented in adoption services.

Healthcare Laws

Conscience protection laws grant health care providers the ability to refuse to perform services related to abortion, sterilization, and more recently contraception, if those services are contrary to

the provider's religious beliefs. In 1973, the Church Amendment became the first conscience clause enacted into law. It was passed in response to the United States Supreme Court's decision in *Roe v. Wade* and stated that public officials may not require individuals or entities who receive public funds to perform medical procedures, or make facilities available for procedures, that are "contrary to [the individual or entity's] religious beliefs or moral convictions." 5

Many states then followed the federal lead and enacted conscience protection legislation regarding abortion. Section 390.0111(8), F.S., grants conscience protection for hospitals, physicians, or any person who refuses to participate in the termination of a pregnancy in Florida.⁶ In addition to other states' statutes, federal statutes provide abortion conscience protections for health care providers.⁷

Similarly, 17 states have conscience protection statutes for individual providers related to sterilization, and 10 states have conscience protection statutes for individual providers related to contraception.⁸ Florida does not have specific conscience protection for sterilization but has conscience protection for physicians or other persons for refusing to furnish contraception.⁹

Education

Conscience protection laws have also emerged in education. In 2011, Missouri amended its Constitution to include, "no student shall be compelled to perform or participate in academic assignments or educational presentations that violate his or her religious beliefs." Although most states do not amend their constitutions, "the vast majority of states have adopted legislation allowing parents to opt their children out of educational curriculum that they contend conflicts with their religious beliefs." In 2013, New Hampshire enacted a broad statutory provision allowing any parent to opt out of specific curricula based on any "objectionable" reason. 12

¹ See generally, Erin Whitcomb, A Most Fundamental Freedom of Choice: An International Review of Conscientious Objection to Elective Abortion, 24 St. John's J. Legal Comment. 771, 783-90 (2010); Catherine Grealis, Religion in the Pharmacy: A Balanced Approach to Pharmacists' Right to Refuse to Provide Plan B, 97 Geo. L.J. 1715, 1718-20 (2009); and Kimberly A. Parr, Beyond Politics: A Social and Cultural History of Federal Healthcare Conscience Protections, 35 Am. J.L. & Med. 620, 620-23 (2009).

² Sen. Frank Church (R-ID).

³ 42 U.S.C. § 300a-7. ⁴ 410 U.S. 113 (1973).

⁵ 42 U.S.C. § 300a-7(b).

⁶ Section 390.0111(8), F.S.

⁷42 U.S.C. § 2996f(b)(8) (prohibiting federal funds from being used in litigation to procure nontherapeutic abortion or to compel any individual to perform an abortion contrary to the religious beliefs or moral convictions of such individual or institution); 20 U.S.C. § 1688 (providing neutrality with respect to abortion in Title IX); 42 U.S.C. § 238n (prohibiting discrimination by the Federal Government against any health care entity that does not provide, train in, or refer for abortions); 42 U.S.C. § 1395w-22(j)(3)(B) (providing conscience protection for providers who accept Medicare); 42 U.S.C. § 1396u-2(b)(3) (providing conscience protection for providers who accept Medicaid); and *Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act*, Pub. L. No. 111-148, 124 Stat 119 (2010) (allowing qualified health plans under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act to choose whether to cover abortions).

⁸ GUTTMACHER INSTITUTE, Refusing to Provide Health Services.

⁹ Section 381.0051(5), F.S.

¹⁰ Mo. Const. Article 1 s. 5.

¹¹ Claire Marshall, *The Spread of Conscience Clause Legislation*, 39 HUMAN RIGHTS MAGAZINE No. 2 (2013), *available at* http://www.americanbar.org/publications/human_rights_magazine_home/2013_vol_39/january_2013_no_2_religious_freedom/the_spread_of_conscience_clause_legislation.html.

¹² N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 186:11.

Adoption Services

At least four states, North Dakota, Virginia, Arkansas, and New Mexico, ¹³ have enacted varying degrees of conscience protection laws for adoption services: The North Dakota ¹⁴ and Virginia ¹⁵ adoption services conscience protection laws protect private child-placing agencies from:

- Being required to perform any duties related to the placement of a child for adoption if the proposed placement would violate the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies.
- Being denied initial licensure, revocation of licensure, or failure to renew licensure based on the agency's objection to performing the duties required to place a child for adoption in violation of the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies.
- Denial of grants, contracts, or participation in government programs based on the agency's objection to performing the duties required to place a child for adoption in violation of the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies.

North Dakota's statute states that the agency's refusal to perform the duties required to place a child for adoption does not constitute a determination that the proposed adoption is not in the best interest of the child. The Virginia statute is silent as to a best interest determination and states that the refusal to perform the duties required to place a child for adoption is limited to the extent allowed by federal law and does not form a basis of any claim for damages. As far as can be determined at this time, neither law has been challenged on constitutional grounds.

The Arkansas statute¹⁸ provides that if the health, safety, and welfare of children in an agency's care are not endangered, the board may not promulgate or enforce any rule that has the effect of

- Interfering with the religious teaching or instruction offered by a child welfare agency;
- Infringing upon the religious beliefs of the holder or holders of a child welfare agency license; or
- Infringing upon the right of an agency operated by a religious organization to consider creed in any decision or action relating to admitting or declining to admit a child or family for services.

The New Mexico statute¹⁹ is much more concisely written and provides:

The regulations shall not proscribe or interfere with the religious beliefs or religious training of child placement agencies and foster homes, except when the beliefs or training endanger the child's health or safety.

¹³ The North Dakota statute was enacted in 2003, Virginia in 2012, Arkansas in 1997, and New Mexico in 1991.

¹⁴ N.D. Cent. Code ss. 50-12-03 and 50-12-07.1.

¹⁵ Va. Code Ann. s 63.2-1709.3.

¹⁶ N.D. Cent. Code s. 50-12-07.1.

¹⁷ Va. Code Ann. s. 63.2-1709.3(D).

¹⁸ Ark. Code Ann. s. 9-28-405.

¹⁹ N.M. Stat. Ann. s. 40-7A-4.

Religious Organizations

In 2006, Catholic Charities of Boston stopped providing adoption services based on a conflict between church teaching and state law.²⁰ As in Florida, to participate in adoption placements in Massachusetts, whether or not the agency receives state funding, the child-placing agencies must be licensed.²¹ However, Massachusetts law prohibits discrimination based on sexual orientation.²² Catholic Charities explained in a press release that "[i]n spite of much effort and analysis, Catholic Charities of Boston finds that it cannot reconcile the teaching of the Church, which guides our work, and the statutes and regulation of the Commonwealth."²³ The previous year, Catholic Charities had been responsible for over a third of all Boston area private adoptions.²⁴ Catholic Charities of San Francisco stopped providing adoption services for the same reasons that same year²⁵ and similar events occurred in Illinois in 2011.²⁶

Private adoption service agencies in Florida currently place children in homes that conform to their written religious beliefs and moral convictions. For example, Florida Baptist Children's Homes states that they are "committed to providing forever, Christian families for children placed in our care, and . . . helping families answer God's call to adopt."²⁷ Additionally, the Jewish Adoption and Family Care Options states that they were created "to ensure that Jewish children who were being removed from their home due to abuse or neglect . . . would at least be able to take with them the one piece of their identity that comes from their connection with their Jewish heritage."²⁸

Adoptions

Adoption is a process established by statute in which the legal rights and duties between a child and the birth or legal parents are terminated and replaced by similar rights and duties between the child and the adoptive parents. Adoption services are performed by all community-based lead agencies throughout the state²⁹ as well as private child-placing agencies. All child-placing agencies must be licensed by the Department of Children and Families (DCF), and include any person, corporation, or agency, public or private, other than a parent or legal guardian, that places or arranges for placement of a child in an adoptive home.^{30,31} As of December 2014, Florida has 82 licensed private child-placing agencies that perform both public and private

²⁰ Catholic Charities pulls out of adoptions, THE WASHINGTON TIMES (March 17, 2006), http://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2006/mar/14/20060314-010603-3657r/.

²¹ Mass. Gen. Laws Ann. ch. 15D, § 8.

²² Mass. Gen. Laws Ann. ch. 151B, § 4.

²³ J. Bryan Hehir & Jeffrey Kaneb, Statement of Catholic Charities, Archdiocese of Boston, On Adoption Programs, ARCHDIOCESE OF BOSTON NEWS/EVENTS (March 10, 2006), http://www.bostoncatholic.org/uploadedFiles/News releases 2006 statement060310-2.pdf. ²⁴ Colleen Theresa Rutledge, Caught in the Crossfire: How Catholic Charities of Boston Was Victim to the Clash Between Gay Rights and Religious Freedom, 15 DUKE J. GENDER L. & POL'Y 297, 298 (2008).

²⁵ Cicero A. Estrella, *Catholic Charities scaling back its role in adoption services*, SFGATE (August 3, 2006), http://www.sfgate.com/bayarea/article/SAN-FRANCISCO-Catholic-Charities-scaling-back-2515267.php.

²⁶ Laurie Goodstein, *Illinois Catholic Charities close over adoption rule*, The Boston Globe (December 29, 2011), http://www.bostonglobe.com/news/nation/2011/12/29/illinois-catholic-charities-close-rather-than-allow-same-sex-couples-adopt-children/Km9RBLkpKzABNLJbUGhyJM/story.html.

²⁷ FLORIDA BAPTIST CHILDREN'S HOMES, https://www.fbchomes.org/our-care/adoption/ (last viewed March 27, 2015).

²⁸ JAFCO, *Preserving our Jewish Heritage*, https://www.jafco.org/who-we-are/preserving-our-jewish-heritage/ (last visited March 27, 2015).

²⁹ Section 409.986(1), F.S.

³⁰ Section 409.175, F.S.

³¹ Rule 65C-15, F.A.C.

adoptions.³² Licensure of these agencies requires compliance with personnel requirements, written policies, financial reports, purpose statements, intake procedures, and record keeping.³³

Child Welfare System Adoptions

In Florida, DCF provides child welfare services.³⁴ Statute requires child welfare services, including adoption services, to be delivered through community-based care (CBC) lead agencies contracted by DCF.³⁵ For example, CBCs provide pre- and post-adoption services such as information and referral services, support groups, adoption-related libraries, case management and training.³⁶

During Fiscal Year 2013, 3,415 adoptions of children within the child welfare system were finalized in Florida. Over the last 6 federal fiscal years, the number of finalized adoptions has ranged from 2,945 to 3,870 annually.³⁷

The vast majority of children adopted in FY 2013 were adopted by either relatives (49.83%) or foster parents (24.8%). Non-relative parents comprised 24 percent of adoptions.³⁸

As of April 1, 2015, 849 children are awaiting adoption in Florida with no identified home.³⁹

Private Adoptions

Private adoptions are adoptions that occur outside of the child welfare system. Licensed child-placing agencies act as intermediaries between natural and potential adoptive parents providing adoption services. These services include home studies, counseling, education, legal services, and post-placement services. ⁴⁰ These adoptions are arranged by licensed child-placing agencies and require judicial action but are not otherwise tracked by the state. ⁴¹

Foster Care

Before children are adopted, many of them enter the foster care system. Foster care is "made up of individuals or families who have requested to be able to take dependent children in to their home."⁴² There are more than 4,200 licensed foster homes in Florida caring for nearly 8,000

³² Email from Gina Sisk, Legislative Affairs, Department of Children and Families, April 16, 2015 (on file with the Senate Committee on Judiciary).

³³ Rule 65C-15, F.A.C.

³⁴ Section 20.19(4)(a)3., F.S.

³⁵ Section 409.986(1), F.S.

³⁶ Explore Adoption, Frequently Asked Questions, http://www.adoptflorida.org/docs/faqs.pdf (last visited March 30, 2015).

³⁷ U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, ADMINISTRATION ON CHILDREN, YOUTH, AND FAMILIES, *Adoption of Children with Public Child Welfare Agency Involvement by State: FY 2004 - FY 2013*, http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/resource/adoptions-with-agency-involvement-by-state-fy2004-fy2013 (last visited March 27, 2015).

³⁸ U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, ADMINISTRATION ON CHILDREN, YOUTH, AND FAMILIES, *Prior Relationship of Adoptive Parent(s) to Child: 10/1/2012 - 9/30/2013*, http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/resource/prior-relation-2013 (last visited March 30, 2015).

³⁹ E-mail from Gina Sisk, Legislative Affairs, Department of Children and Families, April 16, 2015 (on file with the Senate Committee on Judiciary.)

⁴⁰ The Florida Bar, Adoptions in Florida Pamphlet,

http://www.floridabar.org/tfb/TFBConsum.nsf/48e76203493b82ad852567090070c9b9/40018bdf1f308fe985256b2f006c5c11?OpenDocum ent#WHAT%20IS%20ADOPTION%3F (last visited Mar. 30, 2015). [hereinafter *Adoptions in Florida Pamplet*]

⁴² Fostering Florida's Future, Fostering Definitions, http://www.fosteringflorida.com/fosteringdefinitions.shtml (last visited April 2, 2015).

children.⁴³ A number of the licensed foster homes are private, religious affiliated organizations. For example, Florida Baptist Children's Home served over six hundred children in foster care, often keeping siblings together instead of being divided into different foster homes.⁴⁴ Likewise, the Jewish Adoption and Family Care Options is a nonprofit that receives foster care children through the state foster care system, court system, or by the birth parents and provides the children with licensed foster parents who meet their requirements.⁴⁵ These organizations provide case management services for the children and a stable and safe environment.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

This bill creates a conscience protection provision in s. 409.175, F.S., for private child-placing agencies. The conscience protection provision addresses licensure, contracts, and liability of private child-placing agencies and family foster homes⁴⁶ or residential child-caring agencies⁴⁷ affiliated with private child-placing agencies.

Specifically, the bill relieves any private child-placing agency from the requirement that it must participate in the placement of a child or facilitate any licensing of a family foster home which would violate the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies.

The bill creates licensure protection by barring the Department of Children and Families from denying or revoking a license because a private child-placing agency refuses to participate in a placement or facilitate in a licensure of a family foster home against the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies. This licensure protection extends to any family foster homes or residential child-caring agencies affiliated with the private child-placing agency.

The bill provides private contract protection by barring the state, local government, or community-based care lead agency from denying any grant, contract, or participation in a government program because of a private child-placing agency's refusal to participate in a placement or facilitate in the licensure of a family foster home against the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies. This contract protection extends to any family foster homes or residential child-caring agencies affiliated with the private child-placing agency.

⁴³ Fostering Florida's Future, 2012 Achievements, http://www.fosteringflorida.com/docs/FosteringFloridasFuture-2012report.pdf (last visited April 2, 2015).

⁴⁴ Florida Baptist Children's Homes & Orphan's Heart, 2013 Annual Report, https://www.fbchomes.org/about-us/annual-reports/ (last visited April 2, 2015).

⁴⁵ JAFCO, *Foster Care*, https://www.jafco.org/what-we-do/foster-care/ (last visited April 2, 2015). These requirements include, but are not limited to, completion of an 8 week training program, two family consultations, adequate space for children, and criminal background clearance.

⁴⁶ Section 409.175(2)(e), F.S., defines "family foster home" as a private residence in which children who are unattended by a parent or legal guardian are provided 24-hour care. Such homes include emergency shelter family homes and specialized foster homes for children with special needs. A person who cares for a child of a friend for a period not to exceed 90 days, a relative who cares for a child and does not receive reimbursement for such care from the state or federal government, or an adoptive home which has been approved by the department or by a licensed child-placing agency for children placed for adoption is not considered a family foster home.

⁴⁷ Section 409.175(2)(j), F.S., defines "residential child-caring agency" as any person, corporation, or agency, public or private, other than the child's parent or legal guardian, that provides staffed 24-hour care for children in facilities maintained for that purpose, regardless of whether operated for profit or whether a fee is charged. Such residential child-caring agencies include, but are not limited to, maternity homes, runaway shelters, group homes that are administered by an agency, emergency shelters that are not in private residences, and wilderness camps. Residential child-caring agencies do not include hospitals, boarding schools, summer or recreation camps, nursing homes, or facilities operated by a governmental agency for the training, treatment, or secure care of delinquent youth, or facilities licensed under s. 393.067 or s. 394.875 or ch. 397.

Under this bill, a private child-placing agency that acts in accordance with its written religious convictions or policies is immune from lawsuits seeking injunctive relief or damages based on those actions.

The bill preempts to the state the conscience protection subject matter of the bill. As such, any provision of law or certain other enumerated enactments, such as local ordinances or rules, which contravene this subject matter or restrict a private child-placing agency's exercise of authority under this bill is void.

The law takes effect July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

This bill does not appear to have an impact on cities or counties and as such, does not appear to be a mandate for constitutional purposes.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. Other Constitutional Issues:

Equal Protection

The equal protection clause of the United States Constitution requires that no state shall deny any person within its jurisdiction "equal protection of the laws." Furthermore, Florida's equal protection clause states that "no person shall be deprived of any right because of race, religion, national origin, or physical disability." The bill may raise an equal protection issue where a couple or individual, who is otherwise qualified to adopt, is denied by a private adoption agency for reasons that are protected under the bill.

A court's response to an equal protection claim depends on the classification of people involved. A court will analyze government action that discriminates against people according to race, ethnicity, religion, and national origin with the strictest scrutiny.⁵⁰ In addition to those protected classes, federal and state courts also recognize quasi-suspect

⁴⁸ U.S. CONST. amend XIV, s. 1.

⁴⁹ FLA. CONST. Article I, s. 2.

⁵⁰ Under strict scrutiny, the government must show that a law with discriminatory effect advances a compelling state interest, is narrowly tailored, and is the least restrictive means for advancing that interest. *Loving v. Virginia*, 388 U.S. 1, 11 (1967).

classes.⁵¹ If a claim does not involve a fundamental right, a suspect class, or quasi-suspect class, then a court will analyze with rational basis scrutiny, whereby the court will uphold a law if it bears a reasonable relationship to the attainment of a legitimate government objective.⁵²

The Supreme Court of the United States has a history of disallowing private discrimination and finding that a state sanctioned private parties' discrimination against a protected class. ⁵³ For example, in *Shelley v. Kraemer*, the Supreme Court found that judicial enforcement of racially restrictive covenants in private neighborhoods was sufficient to give rise to state action that promoted discrimination and was in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment. ⁵⁴

Additionally, the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992, codified in ch. 760, F.S., broadly prohibits discrimination against individuals based on their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap, or marital status. Due this act, those protected by the law have protected class status. However, at this time, the neither the Legislature nor the courts have extended the act to create a protected class based on a person's sexual orientation.

In recent years, some courts have begun recognizing homosexuals as a quasi-suspect class and applying intermediate scrutiny to find laws with discriminatory effects against homosexuals unconstitutional.⁵⁵ Further, some courts, including a Florida state court, have found that laws prohibiting qualified homosexuals from participating in state-sanctioned activity, like adoption, that qualified heterosexuals can participate in freely are not justifiable even under the deferential rational basis review and are unconstitutional.⁵⁶ However, in 2004, the Eleventh Circuit Court of Appeals held that Florida's law prohibiting homosexuals from adopting did not burden a fundamental right and withstood rational basis scrutiny.⁵⁷ This case remains good law⁵⁸ and established federal precedent that, under Florida law, homosexuals are not a suspect or quasi-suspect class.

⁵³ Reitman v. Mulkey, 387 U.S. 369, 375 (1967) (reasoning that "'(t)he instant case presents an undeniably analogous situation' wherein the State had taken affirmative action designed to make private discriminations legally possible."); and Burton v. Wilmington Parking Authority, 365 U.S. 715, 717 (1961) (finding that discrimination by a lessee of an agency created by the State was sufficient to find that the there was "discriminatory state action in violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment.").
⁵⁴ Shelley v. Kraemer, 334 U.S. 1, 21 (1948).

⁵¹ BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY (10th ed. 2014) defines quasi-suspect classification as "[a] statutory classification based on gender or legitimacy, and therefore subject to intermediate scrutiny under equal-protection analysis." BLACK'S defines intermediate scrutiny as "[a] standard lying between the extremes of rational-basis review and strict scrutiny. Under the standard, if a statute contains a quasi-suspect classification (such as gender or legitimacy), the classification must be substantially related to the achievement of an important governmental objective."

⁵² Vance v. Bradley, 440 U.S. 93, 97 (1979).

⁵⁵ See Windsor v. U.S., 699 F.3d 169 (2d Cir. 2012), affirmed on other grounds 133 S.Ct. 2675 (2013); Golinski v. Office of Personnel Mgmt, 824 F.Supp.2d 968 (N.D. Cal. 2012).

⁵⁶ Florida Dept. of Children and Families v. Adoption of X.X.G., 45 So.3d 79 (Fla. 3d DCA 2010); Bassett v. Snyder, 2014 WL 5847607 (E.D. Mich. 2014). BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY (10th ed. 2014) defines the "rational-basis test" as "[t]he criterion for judicial analysis of a statute that does not implicate a fundamental right or a suspect or quasi-suspect classification under the Due Process or Equal Protection Clause, whereby the court will uphold a law if it bears a reasonable relationship to the attainment of a legitimate governmental objective. Rational basis is the most deferential of the standards of review that courts use in due-process and equal-protection analysis."

⁵⁷ Lofton v. Secretary of Dept. of Children and Family Services, 358 F.3d 804, 818 (11th Cir. 2004).

⁵⁸ The Supreme Court denied certiorari on January 10, 2005. *See Lofton v. Secretary, Florida Dept. of Children and Families*, 543 U.S. 1081 (2005).

Religious Freedom

Article 1, section 3 of the Florida Constitution states,

There shall be no law respecting the establishment of religion or prohibiting or penalizing the free exercise thereof...No revenue of the state or any political subdivision or agency thereof shall ever be taken from the public treasury directly or indirectly in aid of any church, sect, or religious denomination or in aid of any sectarian institution.⁵⁹

Florida's Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1998 (FRFRA), ch. 761, F.S., guarantees that

(1) The government shall not substantially burden⁶⁰ a person's exercise of religion, even if the burden results from a rule of general applicability . . . ⁶¹

It may be argued that the language of this bill does not create a new right for private adoption agencies⁶² but rather codifies an existing right guaranteed by both the Florida Constitution and the FRFRA—the right to be free from the government compelling them, as religious adherents, to engage in conduct their religion forbids. As the Supreme Court of the United States determined in *Burwell v. Hobby Lobby Stores, Inc.*, the phrase "a person's" in the federal version of the Religious Freedom Restoration Act "include[s] corporations, companies, associations, firms, partnerships, societies, and joint stock companies, as well as individuals."⁶³ The provisions of the bill are more specific than FRFRA. Additionally the FRFRA regulates the relationship between government and the people. The bill goes farther by regulating relationships between private parties.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The specificity in this bill may provide more certainty to religiously affiliated child-placing agencies that they are authorized to continue operating in accordance with their religious convictions. The wording of Florida's Religious Freedom Restoration Act is much more general. Similarly, the specificity in the bill may discourage lawsuits against private child-placing agencies that act in accordance with their religious beliefs.

⁶⁰ In 2004, the Florida Supreme Court held that "a substantial burden on the free exercise of religion is one that either compels the religious adherent to engage in conduct that his religion forbids or forbids him to engage in conduct that his religion requires." Warner v. City of Boca Raton, 887 So. 2d 1023, 1033 (Fla. 2004) (emphasis added).

⁶¹ Section 761.03(1), F.S.

⁵⁹ FLA. CONST. Article I, s. 3.

⁶² In *Burwell v. Hobby Lobby Stores, Inc.*, 134 S.Ct. 2751, 2768-70 (2014), the Supreme Court of the United States determined that the phrase "a person's" in the federal version of the Religious Freedom Restoration Act "include[s] corporations, companies, associations, firms, partnerships, societies, and joint stock companies, as well as individuals." *Id.* at 2768.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 409.175 of the Florida Statutes:

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by House Judiciary Committee on April 2, 2015:

The Judiciary committee adopted one amendment that extends the conscience protection to private child-placing agencies that refuse to facilitate in the licensure of family foster homes when the licensure would violate the agency's written religious or moral convictions.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



Senate		House
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The Committee on Ru	ules (Soto) recommended the	e following:
		e following:
	ales (Soto) recommended the	e following:
Senate Amendme	ent (with title amendment)	e following:
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Senate Amendme Delete lines 5 and insert:	ent (with title amendment) 53 - 58	
Senate Amendme Delete lines 5 and insert: care lead agency mu	ent (with title amendment) 53 - 58 ast withhold a grant, conta	ract, or
Senate Amendme Delete lines 5 and insert: care lead agency mu	ent (with title amendment) 53 - 58	ract, or
Senate Amendme Delete lines 5 and insert: care lead agency mu participation in a	ent (with title amendment) 53 - 58 ast withhold a grant, conta	ract, or licensed private
Senate Amendment Delete lines 5 and insert: care lead agency musticipation in a child-placing agence	ent (with title amendment) 53 - 58 1st withhold a grant, contagovernment program from a	ract, or licensed private home or
Senate Amendment Delete lines 5 and insert: care lead agency musticipation in a child-placing agency residential child-or	ent (with title amendment) 53 - 58 ast withhold a grant, contagovernment program from a cy, or from a family foster	ract, or licensed private home or ith such a private



======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========
And the title is amended as follows:
Delete line 15
and insert:
requiring certain entities to withhold grants,



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	1
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The Committee on Rules	(Soto) recommended	the following:
Senate Amendment (with title amendmen	nt)
Between lines 78 a	.nd 79	
insert:		
(g) This subsection	n does not apply to	o a for-profit child-
placing agency.		
 T I T	'I.E. AMENDMI	F. N T ========
And the title is amende		
Delete line 27		
and insert:		



12 preemption of specified laws, providing applicability; providing an effective 13

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The Committee on Rules	s (Gibson) recommended	the following:
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Delete line 72		
Defete fine //		
and insert:	ion doos not allow a n	rivato child-nlacing
and insert: (f) This subsecti	ion does not allow a p	
and insert: (f) This subsection agency, or a family for	oster home or resident	ial child-caring
and insert: (f) This subsection agency, or a family for agency affiliated with		ial child-caring -placing agency, to

(g) This subsection expressly preempts to the state the

color, or national origin.

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12 13 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows: 14 Delete line 26 15 16 and insert: 17 constitute discrimination; providing that a private child-placing agency or an affiliated home or agency 18 19 is not allowed to discriminate based on race, color, 20 or national origin; providing for the



	LEGISLATIVE ACTIO	N
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The Committee on Ru	les (Gibson) recommend	ded the following:
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Delete line 72		
and insert:		
(f) This subse	ction does not allow a	private child-placing
agency, or a family	foster home or reside	ential child-caring
agency affiliated w	ith such a private chi	ld-placing agency, to
discriminate agains	t an individual or cou	ple because of, or
based on the percep	tion of, the individua	al's or couple's marital
status.		

(g) This subsection expressly preempts to the state the

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13	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
14	And the title is amended as follows:
15	Delete line 26
16	and insert:
17	constitute discrimination; providing that a private
18	child-placing agency or an affiliated home or agency
19	is not allowed to discriminate based on marital
20	status; providing for the



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
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The Committee on R	Rules (Gibson) recommended	the following:
	Rules (Gibson) recommended	-
	ment (with title amendment	-
Senate Amendm	ment (with title amendment	-
Senate Amendm Delete line 7 and insert:	ment (with title amendment	.)
Senate Amendm Delete line 7 and insert: (f) This subs	ment (with title amendment	rivate child-placing
Senate Amendm Delete line 7 and insert: (f) This subs agency, or a famil	ment (with title amendment 2 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	erivate child-placing ial child-caring
Senate Amendm Delete line 7 and insert: (f) This substagency, or a familagency affiliated	ment (with title amendment 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	rivate child-placing ial child-caring l-placing agency, to
Senate Amendment Delete line 7 and insert: (f) This substagency, or a family agency affiliated discriminate again	ment (with title amendment) 22 Section does not allow a poster home or resident with such a private child	rivate child-placing ial child-caring -placing agency, to e because of, or

(g) This subsection expressly preempts to the state

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12 13 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows: 14 Delete line 26 15 and insert: 16 17 constitute discrimination; providing that a private child-placing agency or an affiliated home or agency 18 is not allowed to discriminate based on religion or 19 20 lack thereof; providing for the

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



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CS/HB7111, Engrossed 1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to conscience protection for actions of private child-placing agencies; amending s. 409.175, F.S.; providing that a private child-placing agency is not required to place a child or be involved in the placement of a child or facilitate the licensure of a foster home which would violate the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies; prohibiting the Department of Children and Families from taking actions related to licensure based on the agency's refusal to place a child or be involved in the placement of a child or facilitate the licensure of a foster home which violates the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies; prohibiting certain entities from withholding grants, contracts, or participation in government programs from a private child-placing agency or affiliated agencies or homes based on the agency's refusal to place a child or be involved in the placement of a child or the licensure of a foster home which violates the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies; providing that such refusal does not provide the basis for a claim for injunctive relief or compensatory or punitive damages; specifying that certain acts by a private child-placing agency do not constitute discrimination; providing for the

Page 1 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb7111-02-e1

2015

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



CS/HB 7111, Engrossed 1

2015

27	preemption of specified laws; providing an effective
28	date.
29	
30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
31	
32	Section 1. Subsection (18) is added to section 409.175,
33	Florida Statutes, to read:
34	409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential
35	child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public
36	records exemption
37	(18)(a) A private child-placing agency is not required to
38	perform, assist in, recommend, consent to, or participate in the
39	placement of a child or to facilitate the licensure of a family
40	foster home when the proposed placement or licensure would
41	violate the agency's written religious or moral convictions or
42	<pre>policies.</pre>
43	(b) The department may not deny an application for, deny
44	the renewal of, or revoke the license of a private child-placing
45	agency, or the license of a family foster home or residential
46	child-caring agency affiliated with a private child-placing
47	agency, because of the refusal of the private child-placing
48	agency to perform, assist in, recommend, consent to, or
49	participate in the placement of a child or to facilitate the
50	licensure of a family foster home which violates the agency's
51	written religious or moral convictions or policies.

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



CS/HB 7111, Engrossed 1 2015

(c) The state or a local government or community-based				
care lead agency may not withhold a grant, contract, or				
participation in a government program from a licensed private				
child-placing agency, or from a family foster home or				
$\underline{\text{residential child-caring agency affiliated with such a private}}$				
child-placing agency, because of the refusal of the private				
child-placing agency to perform, assist in, recommend, consent				
to, or participate in the placement of a child or to facilitate				
the licensure of a family foster home which violates the				
agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies.				

- (d) Refusal of a private child-placing agency to perform, assist in, recommend, consent to, or participate in the placement of a child or to facilitate the licensure of a family foster home which violates the agency's written religious or moral convictions or policies does not provide the basis for a claim for injunctive relief or compensatory or punitive damages against such private child-placing agency or any operator, owner, or personnel thereof.
- (e) An act by a private child-placing agency under this subsection does not constitute discrimination.
- (f) This subsection expressly preempts to the state the subject matter hereof. Any provision of law, ordinance, regulation, rule, or policy of any county, municipality, district, school district, political subdivision, or agency of the state that contravenes this subsection or restricts a private child-placing agency's exercise of authority under this

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



CS/HB 7111, Engrossed 1 2015

subsection is void.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 4 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb7111-02-e1

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) + 3 1///
Meéting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Protection	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name John Stemberger	
Job Title President and Grenera	1 Coursel
Address	Phone
Street Orkindo	Email
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Fomily Action, 2 Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature. Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Sta	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Michael Sheedy	
Job Title	
Address W. Pak Av.	Phone
Street City State Zip	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp	eaking: In Support Against rwill read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Confirmed of Camilia	Ru4.11
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) **HB 7111** 4-20-15 Bill Number (if applicable) Meeting Date ADOPTION DISCRIMINATION **Topic** Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Carlos Guillermo Smith Name Governmental Affairs Job Title 404-934-4944 2237 Stonington Avenue **Address** Phone Street carloss@eqfl.org Orlando **Email** State Zip City Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) **Equality Florida** Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

Appearing at request of Chair:

APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20-/5 (Deliver BOTH cop Meeting Date	ies of this form to the Senai	tor or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting) HB7/1 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic CONSCIENCE PRO	TECTION		216086 Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name JERRY HAAG			
Job Title PRESIDENT			
Address 10/5 SIKES B.	LUD		Phone 863/687-8811
City	FL State	7,781 5 Zip	Email Jerry. Long @ FBCHOMES. OR
Speaking: For Against	Information		peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLORFOX	BARTIST	(MILDARY'S	Homes
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes UNO	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes Ano
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be as			persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record f	or this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St	aff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Profection	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Randy Osborne	
Job Title Director of Education	
Address 2775 NW 49th Ave	Phone 352-572-7598
OCA A FL 34482 State State	Email
	peaking: In Support Against fr will read this information into the record.)
Representing FloriDA Egglo Forum	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: X Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

H-2014 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profess	sional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Religious Conscience	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Catherine Raer	
Job Title Chair - The Tea Party Notwood	1 <u>K.</u>
Address 1421 Woodgate WAY	Phone
City State Zip	<u>0</u> € Email
Speaking: For Against Information Wai	ive Speaking: In Support Against e Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Tea Party Networ	K
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist re	egistered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not perimeeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as i	/ mit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

H (20 15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Nichael Sheedy	
Job Title Cx C. Dr.	
Address ZU W. Park Ave.	Phone
Tall. 72. 32301	Email
·	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing FC Conf. of Catallic	BULLINS
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date	Staff conducting the meeting) H8 7 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Protection	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name John Stemberger	_
Job Title President and General Counsel	-
Address Street	Phone
	Email
	speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Family Action Logis by	the Arm of the Florida
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature. Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20-15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Religious Conscience	—————————————————————————————————————
Name Catherine Bose	
Job Title Chase The Tea Party	Network
Address 1424 Woodgate WAY	Phone
IH FI	32308 Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Tea Party Netw	10/6
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remai	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this rks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4/10/20/5	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable) ついて 知り
Topic Conscience Protection	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Randy Osborne	
Job Title Director OF Educati	`1U
Address 2275 NW 49th ALC	Phone 352-572-7598
Street SCA A SL	34482 Email
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Flori Da Engle	Forum
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: X Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

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While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

4 20 15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to trie seriator	of Senate Professional St	an conducting the m	eeting)
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
			197050
Topic	·		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Michael Sheedy			
Job Title			
Address 201 W. Parc Ave.		Phone	
Street FL	3 = 301	Email	
City State	Zip	-	
Speaking: For Against Information		eaking: [] l	In Support Against Information into the record.)
Representing	Gth. IIc	304	ivs
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Leg	gislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4/20/20/5 (Deliver BOTH copies of	this form to the Senator of	or Senate Professional St	aff conducting the meeting)	7/14
Topic Conscionce	Protection	h		Bill Number (if applicable) 7050 nent Barcode (if applicable)
Name Randy Osborn				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Job Title Director of	Education	911		
Address Street			Phone <u>35</u> Z-3	572-7598
OCA A	FL State	3448Z	Email	
	nformation	-	eaking: In Supple of the suppl	
Representing FloriDA	Eggle 1	Forum		
Appearing at request of Chair: Ye	s No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislatur	re: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage put meeting. Those who do speak may be asked				

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senator)	ate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Religious Conscience	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Catherine Baer	
Job Title Chair-The Tea Party No	two/K
Address 1421 Woodgate Way	Phone
Street J F/	3230/ Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Tea Party Netw	lork
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lot	obyist registered with Legislature: Yes Wo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so	not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

	he Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) HB 7///
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Protecti	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name John Stemberger	
Job Title <u>President</u> and Ger	peral Counsel
Address Street	Phone
Orlando FA City State	Email
Representing From ION TOWNING	Maive Speaking: In Support Against from, legislative arm of the Policy Council
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	HV
•	Bill Number (if applicable) 658/36
Topic CONSCIENCE SILL	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name JERRY HAAG	•
Job Title PRESI DENT	
Address 1015 SIKES BLVD Street	Phone 863 /687-8811
LAKEGAND JL 33815 City State Zip	Email Jerry hang @ FBI Homes. ORE
	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLORIDA BAPTIST (MILLARIS	Homes
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 1 No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes Mo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address Phone_ For Speaking: Information Against Waive Speaking: | In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator Meeting Date	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Constituce Protect	1.581710
Name Randy Osborne	
Job Title Director Of Educat	_
Address 2775 NW 49th AR	Phone 352-572-7398
City State	34472 Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Engle	Form
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20-15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or	Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) H
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Religious Conscience	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name CAtherine Boer	
Job Title Chair - The Toa Party)	1etwork
Address 1421 Woodgate WAY	Phone
TH FI	<u> 3130</u> Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Tea Party Vet	work
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	_obbyist registered with Legislature: ☐ Yes 🔀 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks	nay not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 4-20-/5 Meeting Date 864054 Topic CONSCIENCE PROTECTION Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name JERRY HAAG Job Title PRESIDEN LAKELAND City Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: | In Support | (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing FLORIDA BAPTIST CHILDRENS Homes Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20-15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

HB 7111

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Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic ADOPTION DISCRIMINATION	SUHOSH (G-IBSON) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Carlos Guillermo Smith	
Job Title Governmental Affairs	
Address 2237 Stonington Avenue	Phone
Street Orlando	Email carloss@eqfl.org
Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Equality Florida	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

APPEARANCE RECORD

Coliver BOTH copies of Meeting Date	this form to the Senator or Sena	te Professional Staff conducti	
weeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable) 名64 の 54
Topic		·	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Michael	Sheedy		
Job Title	,		
Address Zu w. Parl	c A.L.	Phone	
City	State	· 3 0 Email_	
Speaking: For Against Ir	nformation	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against d this information into the record.)
Representing FL Canf	was t	C.t.hi	Bulies
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes	s No Lob	byist registered wit	h Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage pub meeting. Those who do speak may be asked t	olic testimony, time may . to limit their remarks so :	not permit all persons that as many persons a	wishing to speak to be heard at this as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional States)	HG 'HII Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Protection	804054 Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name John Stemberger	
Job Title President and General Course!	
Address	Phone
City State Zip	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp	eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing Flonda Family Yetion, Legislative	arm of the Florida
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe	red with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all p meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many p	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the St	enator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Pr	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Randy Osborne	**************************************
Name Randy Osborne Job Title Director of Edu	cation
Address Street 2775 /	vw 49th Ave Phone 352-572-7598
OCA A FL City State	<u>3448Z</u> Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Engli	e Forum
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their re	, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this emarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff co	onducting the meeting) \mathcal{H}
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Religious Conscience	Mendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Catherine Boen	
Job Title Chair - The Tea Party Network	
	hone
Street 0 32308 E	mail
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Spea	king: In Support Against
Representing The Tea Party Network	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Yoo Lobbyist registere	ed with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all per	rsons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address Phone Street **Email** Zip Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

1115 JUL

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Protection	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jam Olsen	
Job Title Legislative Workgroup Chair PLFaith tous	OGministy-bused Advisory
Address VOSOX 17011	Phone 850-906-9170
Street	
Tall dusco PC 32317	Email person Porrober33@
City State Zip	gmail.com/
(The Cha	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Faith-lause O. Community tow	and Adylisom Council-
	ered with Legislature: Yes No
	·

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(Deliver BOTH copies of t	this form to the Senator or Se	RECORD nate Professional Staff conducting the	meeting)
Meeting Date			<u>HB ///(</u> Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Prote	SHIND		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name John Stembers	E		
Job Title President and G	Jeneral C	ounsel	
Address	77	Phone	
Orlando	T- LState	Email <u>·</u>	
Speaking: For Against In	formation Action, legisle	Waive Speaking: The Chair will read this	In Support Against information into the record.)
Representing Horida Family	ly Policy	Council	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes		bbyist registered with Le	
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage publ meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to	ic testimony, time may Ilmit their remarks so	not permit all persons wishir that as many persons as pos	ng to speak to be heard at this ssible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this			S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

The state of the s	3OTH copies of this form to the Ser	nator or Senate Professional Staff conducting	the meeting)
Meeting Date Topic Advistion 9	1	exima in t	Bill Number (if applicable)
Name 45	The Sold	shano-	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title 1			
Address <u>625</u> <u>E</u>	6. Breward	St Phone	862-222-3969
fallahasse	State	<u> </u>	bahadevare 10
Speaking: For Again	<u></u>	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
Representing	Now	(The Chair Will Tead I	this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Cha	ir: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with	Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to en-	courage public testimony, i v be asked to limit their rei	time may not permit all persons wi marks so that as many persons as	ishing to speak to be heard at this

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Property of the Senator of Senate Property of Senate Property of the Senator of Senate Property of Senate Proper	rofessional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic FUII BILL ATL AMACO	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Michael Sheed	
Job Title Dir.	
Address Zel W. Park Ave.	Phone
City State Zi	
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Confusion + C	atuilie Bulies
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	st registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not	permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20 - [Senate Professional Staff	f conducting the meeting) HB
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Adoption Discrimination	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Amy Datz	
Job Title Log15/abrul Claison	850
Address	Phone 322-7529
(16 // 1 SO 60 // 779.7	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Spe	aking: In Support Against
Representing Nasyml Concil of Jen	will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Yoo Lobbyist register	ed with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession Meeting Date	nal Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience PROTECTION	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name JERRY HAAG	
Job Title PRESIDENT - FLURIDA BAPTIST CHILD	REUS HOMES
Address 1015 SIKES BLUD Street	Phone 863/687-8811
LAKELAND FL 378/3 City State Zip	Email Jerry, hong QFBCHome
Speaking: For Against Information Waive	e Speaking: In Support Against Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLORIDA BAPTIST CHILDREN	3. Homes
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist reg	gistered with Legislature: Yes 1/No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permi meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as ma	it all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this any persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address Phone _____ Street State Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Weeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional s	Staff conducting the meeting) H75 711 (Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic HP3 7111 Conscience Postaffer	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ration Eddre Enter	-
Job Title Senior Pastos	-
Address 1599 Ballo Ql Street	Phone 350-954-4100
City State Zip	Email Castor @ westpittman, or
(The Cha	peaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing West Cittman Baptist C	Quel
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	If persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date	Staff conducting the meeting) UB 7111 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Adoption "conscience elause"	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Mary Kator	_
Job Title Attorney	_
Address 11209 Kelleher Ct.	Phone (248) 935-9637
New Port Richey FL 34654 City State Zip	Email Mkkator @ me, com
· ··· - ···	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes Vo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	Il persons wishing to speak to be heard at this y persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

04/20/2015	Deliver BOTTI copie	s of this form to the Sellatt	or denate Professional S	tair conducting the meeting)	HB7111
Meeting Date				•	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic			- VANDA III	Amend	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Amanda Williams					
Job Title Foster Parent			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Address 7215 NW 127	Place			Phone 352-214-6	5300
Alachua		FL	32615	Email amawill@g	mail.com
Speaking: For 🗸	Against	State Information		peaking: In Suir will read this informa	
Representing	·		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Appearing at request of	f Chair: 🔲	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislati	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition meeting. Those who do spe	to encourage _l ak may be aske	public testimony, tim ed to limit their rema	ne may not permit all orks so that as many	persons wishing to sp persons as possible o	peak to be heard at this can be heard.
This form is part of the pu				·	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

4/20/15	CS/HB 7111
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Maria T. Bates, Esq.	
Job Title Adoption Attorney	
Address 970 Lake Carillon Dr. Suite 300	Phone 727-265-5438
St. Petersburg FL	33716 Email maria@familyplanninglaw.com
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Adoption & Family Planning L.	aw Center, LLC
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Vo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their	y, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

04/20/2015	(Donto: Do III dopies		or or obligion rollogorollar of	dir oorddollag trio meeting/	HB7111
Meeting Date					Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Adoption "Cons	cience clause	il		Ameno	lment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Denise Brogan-	-Kator				
Job Title Senior Legis	lative Counsel		·		
Address 11209 Kelleh	er Ct.			Phone (727) 86	8-8140
New Port Ric	hey	FL	34654	Email DeniseBK	@FamilyEquality.org
City Speaking: ☐ For ✔	Against	State Information			upport Against ation into the record.)
Representing Fan	nily Equality Co	ouncil			
Appearing at request of	of Chair:	res 🔽 No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislat	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition meeting. Those who do sp					

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20-15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience trolection Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Hawber Kelly
Job Title Dir, of Foundatton for Defense of Families
Address <u>Po Bax 89757</u> Phone <u>844-433-3872</u>
Tampa FL 33689 Email amber & Fd farmer dea
Speaking: For Against Information State Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Foundation for Detense of Families * Against
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible sees to be asked.

who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St Meeting Date	aff conducting the meeting) ### ### ############################
Topic CONSCIENCE PROTECTION	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name_TOM WUKASIK	
JOB Title VICE PRESIDENT - 4KDDS OF SOXIK FURNON	
Address 827 S. SMME RO 7	Phone 954-590-1531
N. LAUDERDALK FL 33868	Email TOMW 4KIDS AMERICA. Org
(The Chai	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing 4KIDS ON SOUTH PLORIDA,	INC
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

4-20-15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Prof	ressional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Conscience Protection	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name ////////////////////////////////////	
Job Title Les Affairs	
Address 1101 Victoria Dr	Phone 813.532-5023
Duned on FL 34698	Email-wiphillipswka@ wheo
City State Zip	dy
Speaking: For Against Information W	aive Speaking: In Support Against
\sim (7	he Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL FAMILY ACTION	* Against Amendments
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes No
	•

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

4/20/2015 (Deliver BOTH	copies of this form to the Sena	itor or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting)	7111
Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Chilo Placement	980-		Amendi	nent Barcode (if applicable)
Name Sean Rolaska				
Job Title Legis the Ca	ordinator			
Address 15 S. Andrews	Are j Room	426	Phone <u>954-3</u>	57- 7575
Ft. Landerdale	FL	33301	Email Skolasko	- a brown 1. 60
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: For Against	Information	Waive Sp (The Chai	peaking: [] In Sup ir will read this informa	port Against tion into the record.)
Representing Broward	County			
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislatu	re: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encoura meeting. Those who do speak may be a	ge public testimony, ti asked to limit their rem	ne may not permit all arks so that as many	persons wishing to sp persons as possible ca	eak to be heard at this an be heard.
This form is part of the public record				S-004 (40/44/44)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Religious Conscience Bill	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Catherine Ball	
Job Title The Tea PArty Network Chair	
Address 1421 Woodgale Way	Phone
Tallahassee Fl 3230K State Zip	Email
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Tea Party Network	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testiment, time may not permit all	nareone wiching to speak to be heard at this

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

4/2	20/2015	Deliver BOTH copies	s of this form to the Sena	ator or Senate	e Professional St	taff conducting	the meeting)	7/11	
Meeting	Date							Bill Number (if ap)	olicable)
Topic	Rele	yíous	Conssi	as	B:1	1	Amend	ment Barcode (if ap	pplicable)
Name	Randy	05b	one						
Job Title_	Dire	utor of	Educa	tion					
Address		NW	yath Au	و		Phone_	352	2-572-7	598
Sti _(Cit	OCALA		PL State	34	48Z	Email_	randy	e victory	360
Speaking:		Against _	Information			peaking: [ir will read t		pport Agai	
Repres	enting	Florio	A Gae	, le	7-000	m			
Appearing	at request o	f Chair:	Yes No	Lobb	yist registe	ered with	Legislatu	ıre: 🔀 Yes 🛚	No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 4.20.15 7111 Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) ONSCIOUS PROTECTION ACTIONS PRIVATE Chip PLACINE Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Phone 843.264-2977 Address Street **Email** City State Against Information Waive Speaking: | In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) FLORIPA Ethics AND Recicions Liberry Connission Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senate	or or Senate Professional Sta	iff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic HS 7111 - Adoption (hild	Placement	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Norberto Kate	, and the second	
Job Title Hearing Office		
Address 931 Thistle Lane U. Street		Phone 467 628-1604
City State	32751 Zip	Email garcho4/1+ Cjuro.com
Speaking: For V Against Information		eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing Family Law Section	of the flo.	ida Bar
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registe	red with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their rema	e may not permit all բ rks so that as many բ	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address Street City State **Against** Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

April 20, 2015	THE copies of this form to the deliator	or Senate Professional Si	tail conducting the meeting)	CS/HB 7111
Meeting Date	•		•	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Excluding LGBT people from a	adopting on basis of religious b	eliefs of organization	Amena	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Diane Fisher				
Job Title Reverend Elder	···			
Address 149 B Villas Court S	<u> </u>		Phone (850)629	-4472
Tallahassee	Florida	32303	Email revdianefis	sher@gmail.com
City Speaking: ☐ For ☑ Agains	State Information		peaking: In Su ir will read this informa	
Representing Gentle She	pherd Metropolitan Con	nmunity Church		
Appearing at request of Chair	Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislati	ıre: Yes 🖊 No
While it is a Senate tradition to enco meeting. Those who do speak may	ourage public testimony, țime be asked to limit their remar	e may not permit all ks so that as many	persons wishing to sp persons as possible o	neak to be heard at this ean be heard.
This form is part of the public rec	ord for this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Adoption HB 7111	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name_Brant Copeland	
Job Title Haston First Prassyler	ba And
Address Street	Phone 850 -222-4504
	Email Email
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing 50	(The following
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Yes
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic HB, 7111 Adoption	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Rabbi Jack Rombers	
Job Title Rabbi Jonple Israel	
Address 22/5 Mahan Di	Phone 850-217-7676
State 3208 City State	Email 19 bbi Q Tomptoisvalth
Speaking: For Against Information Wa	aive Speaking: In Support Against he Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not pe meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as	rmit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

4-20-2015	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)S/HB 711/
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Dania Monroe	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Deputy Director	·
	- 220 Phone 407 929 6932
City State	2375 1 Email & monroe @ embraced by grace. or
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Embracelby Go	rail
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this s so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S 001 (10(14)14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

ALL EARTHUE RECORD
4.20.15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Irivate Child Placing Agency Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Nancy Rivera
Job Title
Address 30 Moree Loop #29 Phone 7/8-54-2374
Address 30 Moree Loop #29 Phone 7/8-541-2374 Winter Springs 17 32708 Email Norrivera @ add. City State Zip
City State Zip
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
(The Shall will read this information the record.)
Representing Section 1
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

4/20/15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)	•
Topic Foster / Adoptive Child Amendment Barcode (If applicable)	•
Name Nathanie (9il)	
Job Title 10 year old Student	
Address 2809 Trobark Drive Phone 850-692-9944	
Talahassee FL 32312 Email Email Engillegraile	Coy
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)	
Representing <u>all</u> foster children	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No	
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)	

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Equal Protection Name Martin Gill	Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Farent Educator	
Address 2809 Trebar 2	Dr. Phone 850 692 9944
	323/2 Email <u>Fugilogual</u> Cony Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing MA	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this is so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>Adoptin</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Johanna Byrd	
Job Title Director of Government Af	Cairs
Address 1931 Dellooped Drive	Phone <u>§50-224-2400</u>
Tallahassee, Fl 32303 City State	Zip Email Johanna (a) nascoft. org
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing National Association of	Social Workers, Florida Chapter
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No L	obbyist registered with Legislature: Yes X No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

1105

Meeting Date (Boliver Bott Copies of this form to the Senator of Senate Profession	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Cansaione Protection	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name William Peterseim, ¿FP	
Job Title Broadcust Professional Writer Centified	Financial Planner
Address 26239 Sword Dancer Dr	Phone
Wesley Chage! FZ 5354/P. City State Zip	
Speaking: For Against Information Waive	Speaking: In Support Against Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist reg	istered with Legislature: Yes Vo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as ma	all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ny persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or	Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) (S/HB '7/1/ Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Karen Wooda!	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 579 E. Call St.	Phone 850-321-9386 3230 Email Kwfa/ly Jaol.com Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
	obbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	nay not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this so that as many persons as possible can be heard. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meetina Date Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address Street State Against Speaking: For Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Ethics and Elections, Chair Banking and Insurance, Vice Chair Appropriations Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services
Commerce and Tourism Regulated Industries Rules

SENATOR GARRETT RICHTER

President Pro Tempore 23rd District

April 20, 2015

Senator David Simmons, Chair Senate Committee on Rules 402 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Chair Simmons:

Due to weather conditions, I will be late arriving in Tallahassee and consequently will not be there for the commencement of the Rules Committee meeting. I will come directly to the meeting upon my arrival in Tallahassee.

Thank you for your consideration,

Garrett Richter

Cc: John Phelps, Staff Director

REPLY TO:

☐ 3299 E. Tamiami Trail, Suite 203, Naples, Florida 34112-4961 (239) 417-6205 ☐ 404 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5023 ☐ 25 Homestead Road North, Suite 42 B, Lehigh Acres, Florida 33936 (239) 338-2777

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: EL 110 Case: Type:

Caption: Senate Rules Committee Judge:

Started: 4/20/2015 1:02:53 PM

Ends: 4/20/2015 5:01:14 PM Length: 03:58:22

1:02:54 PM Senator Simmons calls the meeting to order

1:03:03 PM Roll call

Quorum present 1:03:06 PM

1:05:05 PM CS/SB 476

1:05:22 PM Senator Grimsley explains the bill 1:05:54 PM Senator Joyner with a question

1:06:32 PM Senator Grimsley responds 1:06:55 PM

Senator Soto with a question 1:07:03 PM Senator Grimsley responds

1:07:38 PM Senator Grimsley waives close

1:07:48 PM Roll call

1:08:12 PM CS/SB 476 is reported favorably

CS/CS/SB 614 1:08:22 PM 1:09:00 PM Amendment 395678

Senator Latvala with several questions and comments 1:09:18 PM

1:10:07 PM Senator Simmons responds

1:11:28 PM Senator Grimsley explains circumstances on the late filed amendment

1:12:36 PM Senator Latvala with a question 1:12:49 PM Senator Grimsley responds

1:13:00 PM Senator Simmons comments

1:13:43 PM Senator Latvala speaks regarding the late filed amendment

1:14:20 PM Senator Grimsley responds 1:14:52 PM Senator Latvala with a question

1:15:00 PM John Phelps, Staff Director for Rules Committee, speaks on the amendments

1:15:26 PM Senator Latvala speaks on the amendments

1:15:54 PM Senator Grimsley responds

Senator Latvala with a follow up 1:16:09 PM Senator Grimsley responds 1:16:15 PM

Senator Latvala with a follow up 1:16:27 PM

1:16:37 PM John Phelps speaks on the amendments

Senator Montford with a question regarding the amendments 1:17:04 PM

1:18:02 PM Senator Grimsley responds Senator Simmons responds 1:18:07 PM

1:19:39 PM Senator Latvala comments on the amendments

1:20:24 PM Senator Grimsley responds

1:20:59 PM Senator Gaetz comments on the amendments

Senator Latvala comments 1:21:19 PM

1:22:26 PM CS/CS/SB 614 is temporarily postponed

1:23:11 PM CS/SB 738

1:23:23 PM Senator Grimsley explains the bill

1:23:56 PM Larry Gonzalez, General Counsel, Fla. Society of Health-System Pharmacists, waives in support

1:24:07 PM Doug Russell, Quest Diagnostics, waives in support

1:24:26 PM Stephen R. Winn, Executive Director, Florida Osteopathic Medical Association, waives in support

Mike Huey, Attorney, Laboratory Corporation of America, waives in support 1:24:36 PM

Senator Grimsley waives close 1:25:01 PM

1:25:10 PM Roll call

CS/SB 738 is reported favorably 1:25:28 PM

CS/SB 946 1:25:45 PM

1:26:13 PM Tyrell Hall explains the bill

1:26:34 PM Senator Soto with a question

1:26:43 PM Tyrell Hall responds 1:27:06 PM Tyrell Hall waives close

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1:27:13 PM
               Roll call
1:27:36 PM
               CS/SB 946 is reported favorably
               CS/SB 1224
1:27:47 PM
               Senator Joyner explains the bill
1:27:58 PM
1:28:42 PM
               Senator Gibson with a question
1:29:07 PM
               Senator Joyner responds
               Martha Edenfield, representing The Real Property, Probate & Trust Section of the Florida Bar responds
1:29:43 PM
               Senator Gibson with a follow up
1:30:27 PM
1:30:40 PM
               Martha Edenfield responds
1:31:00 PM
               Senator Montford with a question
               Martha Edenfield responds
1:32:22 PM
               Senator Montford with a follow up
1:32:45 PM
1:33:38 PM
               Martha Edenfield responds
1:34:20 PM
               Senator Montford with a follow up
1:34:29 PM
               Martha Edenfield responds
1:34:49 PM
               Amendment 402896
1:35:00 PM
               Senator Joyner explains the amendment
               Senator Jovner waives close
1:35:38 PM
               Amendment 402896 is adopted without objection
1:36:02 PM
               Amendment 688460
1:36:06 PM
               Senator Joyner explains the amendment
1:36:12 PM
               Amendment 688460 is adopted without objection
1:36:59 PM
1:37:08 PM
               Back on the bill as amended
               Senator Gibson with a question
1:37:15 PM
               Martha Edenfield responds
1:38:49 PM
1:39:44 PM
               Senator Joyner waives close
1:39:57 PM
               Roll call
               CS/CS/SB 1224 is reported favorably
1:40:16 PM
               CS/CS/SB 564
1:40:36 PM
               Senator Richter explains the bill
1:40:45 PM
               Senator Soto with a question
1:41:00 PM
               Senator Richter responds
1:41:11 PM
               Cynthia Henderson, LGBS, waives in support
1:41:40 PM
               Senator Richter waives close
1:42:05 PM
1:42:13 PM
               Roll call
               CS/CS/SB 564 is reported favorably
1:42:34 PM
               CS/CS/SB 566
1:42:48 PM
               Senator Richter explains the bill
1:42:57 PM
               Senator Soto with a question
1:43:26 PM
1:43:33 PM
               Senator Richter responds
1:43:44 PM
               Amendment 180286
               Senator Richter explains the amendment.
1:43:52 PM
               Cynthia Henderson, LGBS, waives in support
1:44:20 PM
1:44:35 PM
               Senator Richter waives close on the amendment
               Amendment is adopted without objection
1:44:48 PM
               Back on bill as amended
1:44:57 PM
               Senator Richter waives close
1:45:10 PM
               Roll call
1:46:04 PM
               CS/CS/CS/SB 566 is reported favorably
1:46:31 PM
1:46:59 PM
               CS/SB 678
               Senator Diaz de la Portilla explains the bill
1:47:06 PM
               Sean Stafford, Star & Shield Insurance Group, waives in support
1:47:33 PM
                Senator Diaz de la Portilla waives close
1:47:54 PM
1:48:06 PM
                Roll call
1:48:27 PM
                CS/SB 678 is reported favorably
                CS/CS/SB 360
1:48:54 PM
1:49:19 PM
                Rachel Barnes explains the bill
                Brittany Finkbeiner, Real Property, Probate & Trust Law Section, waives in support
1:50:08 PM
                Rachel Barnes waives close
1:50:37 PM
1:50:50 PM
                Roll call
                CS/CS/SB 360 is reported favorably
1:51:10 PM
                SB 796
1:51:38 PM
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Dave Murzin explains the bill
1:51:49 PM
               Justin Thames, Gov. Affairs Manager, Florida Institute of CPA's, waives in support
1:52:14 PM
1:52:45 PM
               Dave Murzin waives close
               Roll call
1:52:57 PM
               SB 796 is reported favorably
1:53:21 PM
               CS/CS/SB 1372
1:53:52 PM
               Senator Gaetz explains the bill
1:54:14 PM
               Senator Latvala with a question
1:55:21 PM
               Senator Simmons responds
1:55:53 PM
               Senator Gaetz speaks on the bill and amendments
1:56:20 PM
               Senator Simmons speaks on the bill and amendments
1:57:16 PM
               Senator Latvala comments
1:57:37 PM
1:58:09 PM
               CS/CS/SB 1372 is temporarily postponed
1:58:41 PM
               CS/CS/SB 614
               395678 late filed amendment is taken up without objection
1:59:35 PM
               Senator Grimsley explains the amendment
1:59:55 PM
               Senator Soto with a question
2:03:46 PM
               Senator Grimsley responds
2:03:55 PM
               Senator Gibson with a question
2:04:06 PM
               Senator Grimsley responds
2:04:31 PM
               Senator Grimsley explains differences to the bill
2:05:28 PM
2:05:48 PM
               Senator Montford with a question
               Senator Grimsley responds
2:06:30 PM
               Senator Montford with a follow up
2:07:19 PM
2:07:27 PM
               Senator Grimsley responds
               Senator Soto with a question
2:07:53 PM
               Senator Grimsley responds
2:08:01 PM
               421698, 495086, 850170 amendments are withdrawn
2:08:18 PM
               Late filed amendments
2:08:46 PM
               Amendment to the amendment 183442
2:08:58 PM
               Senator Grimsley explains the amendment to the amendment
2:09:27 PM
               Amendment to the amendment 183442 is adopted without objection
2:11:52 PM
               Amendment to the amendment 841294 is withdrawn
2:12:04 PM
               Amendment to the amendment 149458
2:13:11 PM
               Senator Gaetz explains the amendment to the amendment
2:13:32 PM
               Without objection, the amendment to the amendment is taken up
2:15:40 PM
               Joy Ryan, AHIP, speaks against the amendment to the amendment
2:16:18 PM
               Senator Lee with a question
2:17:07 PM
               Joy Ryan responds
2:17:16 PM
               Senator Lee with a follow up
2:18:16 PM
2:18:31 PM
               Joy Ryan responds
               Senator Montford with a question
2:19:07 PM
               Joy Ryan responds
2:19:18 PM
                Senator Montford with a follow up
2:19:34 PM
                Joy Ryan responds
2:19:44 PM
                Senator Negron with a question
2:21:20 PM
2:21:51 PM
                Joy Ryan responds
                Senator Joyner with a question
 2:22:20 PM
                Joy Ryan responds
 2:24:26 PM
                Senator Joyner with a follow up
 2:25:02 PM
                Joy Ryan responds
 2:25:14 PM
                Senator Gibson with a question
 2:25:35 PM
                Joy Ryan responds
 2:26:21 PM
                Senator Gibson with a follow up
 2:26:41 PM
                Joy Ryan responds
 2:27:10 PM
                Jeff Scott, Florida Medical Association, speaks in support of the amendment to the amendment
 2:27:52 PM
                Senator Gibson with a question
 2:29:06 PM
 2:29:37 PM
                Jeff Scott responds
                Senator Gibson with a follow up
 2:30:04 PM
                Jeff Scott responds
 2:30:20 PM
                Senator Montford with a question
 2:30:45 PM
                Jeff Scott responds
 2:31:10 PM
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2:31:34 PM
               Senator Montford with a follow up
               Jeff Scott responds
2:31:56 PM
               Stephen R. Wynn, Executive Director, Florida Osteopathic Medical Association, waives in support
2:32:22 PM
2:32:41 PM
               William Peterseim, CFP, speaks for the amendment to the amendment
2:36:03 PM
               Toni Large, Fla Society of Rheumatology, speaks in support of the amendment to the amendment
               Senator Gibson speaks in debate
2:38:14 PM
               Senator Montford speaks in debate
2:39:40 PM
2:40:11 PM
               Senator Joyner speaks in debate
               Senator Gaetz closes on the amendment to the amendment 149458
2:40:45 PM
2:42:27 PM
               Voice vote - amendment to the amendment is adopted
2:42:40 PM
               Back on Amendment 395678 as amended
2:43:28 PM
               Amendment 395678 is adopted without objection
               Back on bill as amended
2:43:46 PM
2:43:50 PM
               Corinne Mixon, Florida Academy of Physician Assistants, waives in support
2:43:54 PM
               Nelson Anthony Guzman, PA-C, Critical Care Physician Assistant, waives in support
2:44:08 PM
               Chris Floyd, Consultant, FL Assoc. of Nurse Practitioners, waives in support
2:44:18 PM
               Martha Decastro, VP for Nursing, Florida Hospital Association, waives in support
2:44:26 PM
               Janet DuBois, President, Florida Nurse Practitioner Network, waives in support
               Barbara Lumpkin, Baptist Health South Florida, waives in support
2:44:37 PM
               Alisa LaPolt, Florida Nurses Association, waives in support
2:44:46 PM
               Courtney Cox, coordinator, Patient Access for Florida, waives in support
2:44:55 PM
               Taylor Smith, Representative, Florida State Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, waives in support
2:45:01 PM
               Christopher Wells, Program Manager, Sickle Cell Foundation, waives in support
2:45:11 PM
               Carol Berkowitz, Fla. Health Care Association, waives in support
2:45:15 PM
2:45:28 PM
               Julia Pallantino, Florida Nurse Practitioner Network, waives in support
2:45:41 PM
               Stephen R. Winn, Executive Director, Florida Osteopathic Medical Association, waives in support
2:45:55 PM
               Paul Shidel speaks against the bill
               Senator Grimsley closes on the bill
2:51:28 PM
2:52:15 PM
               Roll call
2:52:45 PM
               CS/CS/CS/SB 614 is reported favorably
2:53:08 PM
               CS/CS/SB 1372
2:53:31 PM
               Senator Gaetz explains the bill and amendments
               Senator Joyner moves for reconsideration of the substitute amendment 533978
2:54:11 PM
               Voice vote - motion for reconsideration is passed
2:55:15 PM
               President Gaetz explains amendment 278496 to the substitute amendment 533978
2:55:47 PM
2:56:48 PM
               Senator Latvala with a question
2:57:19 PM
               Senator Gaetz responds
2:57:48 PM
               Senator Latvala with a follow up
2:58:12 PM
               Senator Gaetz responds
               Nick Iarossi, Safety Net Hospital Alliance, speaks in support of the amendment
2:59:40 PM
               Senator Gaetz closes on Amendment 278496
3:00:36 PM
3:01:09 PM
               Voice vote - Amendment to the substitute amendment is adopted
               Without objection, amendment 533978 as amended is adopted
3:01:51 PM
3:02:26 PM
               Amendment 897662
3:02:27 PM
               Senator Gaetz explains the amendment
3:03:25 PM
               Voice vote to reconsider 897662 without objection
               Amendment 958928
3:03:48 PM
               Senator Gaetz explains the amendment
3:04:00 PM
               Virlindia Doss, Executive Director, FL Commission on Ethics, waives in support
3:05:19 PM
               Senator Gaetz waives close on substitute amendment 958928
3:05:56 PM
               Voice vote - substitute amendment is adopted
3:06:17 PM
               Back on bill as amended
3:06:40 PM
               Kraig Conn, Florida League of Cities, speaks against the bill
3:06:43 PM
               Senator Gaetz closes on the bill
3:09:23 PM
               Roll call
3:09:53 PM
               CS/CS/CS/SB 1372 is reported favorably
3:10:16 PM
3:10:33 PM
               CS/HB 7111
3:11:31 PM
               Senator Simmons explains taking up the bill
3:21:38 PW
               Senator Gibson with a question
3:22:01 PM
               Senator Simmons responds
3:22:23 PM
               Senator Montford with a question
3:23:07 PM
               Senator Simmons responds
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Senator Galvano with a question
3:23:58 PM
3:24:12 PM
               Senator Simmons responds
               Tom Cibula, Staff Director for Senate Judiciary Committee gives background on the bill
3:24:21 PM
               Senator Gibson with a question
3:28:57 PM
               Tom Cibula responds
3:29:29 PM
               Senator Gibson with a follow up
3:29:50 PM
               Tom Cibula responds
3:30:07 PM
               Senator Latvala with a question
3:30:20 PM
3:31:05 PM
               Tom Cibula responds
3:31:44 PM
               Senator Latvala with a followup
               Tom Cibula responds
3:32:05 PM
               Senator Latvala with a question
3:32:24 PM
3:33:14 PM
               Senator Soto comments
               Senator Montford with a question
3:33:28 PM
               Tom Cibula responds
3:33:52 PM
               Senator Montford with a follow up
3:33:59 PM
               Tom Cibula responds
3:34:18 PM
               Senator Soto with a question
3:34:28 PM
               Senator Simmons responds
3:35:06 PM
               Senator Soto with a follow up
3:35:32 PM
               Senator Lee speaks on the procedure
3:35:47 PM
               Senator Soto with a question
3:36:37 PM
               Tom Cibula responds
3:37:09 PM
3:38:10 PM
               Senator Soto with a follow up
3:38:44 PM
               Senator Simmons responds
               Courtney Gager, speaking for the bill
3:39:30 PM
               Pam Olsen, Legislative Workgroup Chair, Florida Faith Based Advisory Council, speaks in support of the
3:40:56 PM
                Senator Latvala with a question
3:43:33 PM
               Pam Olsen responds
3:44:19 PM
               Senator Latvala with a follow up
3:45:18 PM
                Pam Olsen responds
3:45:31 PM
                Senator Latvala with a follow up
3:46:39 PM
                Pam Olsen responds
3:47:19 PM
                Senator Latvala comments
3:48:03 PM
                Senator Montford with a question
3:48:23 PM
                Pam Olsen responds
3:48:54 PM
                Senator Montford with a follow up
3:49:45 PM
                Pam Olsen responds
3:49:55 PM
                Senator Gibson with a question
3:50:46 PM
                Pam Olsen responds
3:51:08 PM
                Senator Gibson with a question
3:52:10 PM
                Pam Olsen responds
3:52:15 PM
                John Stemberger, President and General Counsel, Florida Family Action, legislative arm of the Florida
3:52:42 PM
                Family Policy
                Council speaks in support of the bill
 3:53:46 PM
                Senator Lee with a question
 3:56:38 PM
                John Stemberger responds
 3:58:27 PM
                Senator Galvano with a question
 4:00:14 PM
                John Stemberger responds
 4:00:24 PM
                Senator Montford with a question
 4:00:37 PM
                John Stemberger responds
 4:00:58 PM
                Senator Montford with a follow up
 4:01:05 PM
                John Stemberger responds
 4:01:53 PM
                Senator Soto with a question
 4:02:39 PM
                John Stemberger responds
 4:02:56 PM
 4:04:02 PM
                Senator Gaetz with a question
 4:06:04 PM
                John Stemberger responds
                Senator Gaetz with a follow up
 4:07:01 PM
                John Stemberger responds
 4:07:43 PM
                Barbara DeVane, Florida NOW, waives in opposition
 4:08:05 PM
                Michael Sheedy, Executive Director, FL Conference of Catholic Bishops, speaks for the bill
 4:08:26 PM
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Senator Latvala with a question
4:11:01 PM
               Michael Sheedy responds
4:11:16 PM
               Senator Latvala with a follow up
4:11:24 PM
               Michael Sheedy responds
4:11:50 PM
               Senator Latvala with a question
4:12:14 PM
4:12:27 PM
               Michael Sheedy responds
               Senator Latvala with a follow up
4:12:45 PM
               Michael Sheedy responds
4:12:58 PM
               Senator Gibson with a question
4:14:02 PM
               Michael Sheedy responds
4:15:22 PM
               Senator Montford with a question
4:15:35 PM
               Michael Sheedy responds
4:15:48 PM
               Senator Soto with a question
4:15:59 PM
               Michael Sheedy responds
4:16:27 PM
               Amy Datz, National Council of Jewish Women, speaks against the bill
4:17:38 PM
               Senator Gaetz with a question
4:19:49 PM
4:20:56 PM
               Amy Datz responds
                Senator Gaetz with a follow up
4:21:17 PM
4:21:45 PM
                Amy Datz responds
4:22:06 PM
                Senator Gaetz with a follow up
               Amy Datz responds
4:22:22 PM
                Jerry Haag, President, Florida Baptist Children's Homes, speaks for the bill
4:22:35 PM
                Senator Montford with a question
4:25:28 PM
                Jerry Haag responds
4:25:58 PM
                Senator Gaetz with a question
4:27:00 PM
                Jerry Haag responds
4:27:44 PM
                Senator Gaetz with a follow up
4:28:02 PM
                Jerry Haag responds
4:28:29 PM
                Senator Soto with a question
4:28:49 PM
                Jerry Haag responds
4:29:00 PM
                Nandi Randolph, speaks for the bill
4:30:05 PM
                Pastor Eddie Eaton, Senior Pastor, West Pittman Baptist Church, waives in support
4:31:56 PM
                Mary Kator, Attorney, speaks against the bill
4:32:13 PM
                Amanda Williams, foster parent, speaks against the bill
4:33:52 PM
                Maria Bates, Adoption Attorney, Adoption & Family Planning Law Center, LLC, speaks against the bill
4:34:52 PM
                Senator Gibson with a question
4:36:32 PM
                Maria Bates responds
4:37:17 PM
                Denise Brogan-Kator, Senior Legislative Counsel, Family Equality Council, speaks against the bill
4:38:05 PM
                Amber Kelly, Director of Foundation for Defense of Families, speaks for the bill
4:39:40 PM
                Tom Lukasik, Vice President, 4Kids of South Florida, Inc., speaks for the bill
4:41:11 PM
                Mark Phillips, Legislative Affairs, FL Family Action, waives in support
4:42:50 PM
                Sean Kolasker, Legislative Coordinator, Broward County, waives in opposition
4:43:07 PM
                Catherine Baer, The Tea Party Network, speaks for the bill
4:43:13 PM
                Randy Osborne, Director of Education, Florida Eagle Forum, speaks for the bill
4:44:53 PM
                Bill Bunkley, President, Florida Ethics and Religious Liberty Commission, speaks for the bill
4:46:05 PM
                Senator Latvala with a question
 4:48:16 PM
                Bill Bunkley responds
 4:48:36 PM
                Norberto Katz, Hearing Officer, Family Law Section of the Florida Bar, speaks against the bill
 4:49:37 PM
                Heather Rosenberg, President, Tallahassee Area Foster & Adoptive Parent Association, speaks against
 4:50:34 PM
                Diane Fisher, Reverend Elder, Gentle Shepherd Metropolitan Community Church, speaks against the bill
 4:52:07 PM
                Brant Copeland, Pastor, First Presbyterian Church
 4:53:32 PM
                speaks against the bill
 4:54:24 PM
                Daria Monroe, Deputy Director, Embraced by Grace, speaks for the bill
 4:54:52 PM
                Nancy Rivera speaks for the bill
 4:56:17 PM
                Nathaniel Gill, student, speaks against the bill
 4:58:13 PM
                Motion to temporarily postpone the bill without objection
 5:00:08 PM
                 Senator Simmons comments
 5:00:24 PM
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Without objection, meeting is adjourned

5:01:09 PM