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Tab 1	SB 40	8 by Flo	ores; (Simil	ar to H 00283) Licensure of Ca	rdiovascular Programs	
Tab 2	SB 42	2 by G i	bson ; (Sim	ilar to H 00259) Elder Abuse Fa	tality Review Teams	
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Tab 4	CS/SE	450 b	y CF, Garc i	ia; (Similar to H 01327) Mental	Health and Substance Use Disorders	;
Tab 5	SB 62	2 by G r	rimsley ; (Si	milar to H 00597) Health Care	Facility Regulation	
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The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Senator Flores, Chair Senator Stargel, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Wednesday, January 10, 2018

TIME: 4:00—5:30 p.m.

PLACE: James E. "Jim" King, Jr. Committee Room, 401 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Flores, Chair; Senator Stargel, Vice Chair; Senators Baxley, Book, Passidomo, Rader, and

Rouson

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 408 Flores (Similar H 283, Compare H 597, S 622)	Licensure of Cardiovascular Programs; Establishing additional criteria that must be included by the Agency for Health Care Administration in rules relating to adult cardiovascular services at hospitals seeking licensure for a Level I program, etc. HP 12/05/2017 Favorable AHS 01/10/2018 Favorable AP	Favorable Yeas 6 Nays 0
2	SB 422 Gibson (Similar H 259, Compare H 261, Linked CS/S 424)	Elder Abuse Fatality Review Teams; Creating elder abuse fatality review teams in each judicial circuit housed, for administrative purposes only, in the Department of Elderly Affairs; exempting certain information and records acquired by a review team from discovery or introduction into evidence in specified actions or proceedings; prohibiting a person from being required to testify regarding records or information produced or presented during meetings or other activities of a review team, etc. CF 11/13/2017 Favorable AHS 01/10/2018 Fav/CS AP	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
3	CS/SB 444 Health Policy / Bean (Similar CS/H 41)	Pregnancy Support Services; Requiring the Department of Health to contract with a not-for-profit statewide alliance of organizations to provide pregnancy support and wellness services through subcontractors; requiring the contractor to spend a specified percentage of funds on direct client services; specifying the entities eligible for a subcontract, etc. HP 11/07/2017 Fav/CS AHS 01/10/2018 Favorable AP	Favorable Yeas 4 Nays 2

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Wednesday, January 10, 2018, 4:00—5:30 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	CS/SB 450 Children, Families, and Elder Affairs / Garcia (Similar H 1327)	Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders; Requiring a specific level of screening for peer specialists working in mental health programs and facilities; specifying that the use of peer specialists for recovery support is an essential element of a coordinated system of behavioral health care; requiring the Department of Children and Families to develop a training program for peer specialists and give preference to trainers who are certified peer specialists; requiring peer specialists to meet the requirements of a background screening as a condition of employment and continued employment, etc.	Favorable Yeas 6 Nays 0
		CF 11/06/2017 CF 11/13/2017 Fav/CS AHS 01/10/2018 Favorable AP	
5	SB 622 Grimsley (Similar H 597, Compare H 27, H 119, H 213, H 283, S 144, S 408, S 1088, S 1492)	Health Care Facility Regulation; Providing that a designated facility owned or operated by a public health trust and located within the boundaries of a municipality is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the county creating the public health trust; eliminating state licensure requirements for clinical laboratories; requiring a birth center to be federally certified and meet specified requirements to perform certain laboratory tests, etc. HP 12/05/2017 Favorable	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
		AHS 01/10/2018 Fav/CS AP RC	
6		Care Administration and Florida Healthy Kids the Reauthorization of the Children's Health Insurance	Presented
7	Update from the Agency for Health Funding for Behavioral Health Servi	Care Administration on the Use of Low Income Pool ces	Presented
8	Presentations of Schedule VIII-B Re Care Administration and the Depart	eduction Proposal Highlights by the Agency for Health ment of Health	Presented
	Other Related Meeting Documents		

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared	d By: The Prof	fessional St	aff of the Approp	riations Subcommi	ttee on Health and Human Services
BILL:	SB 408				
INTRODUCER:	Senator Flo	ores			
SUBJECT:	Licensure	of Cardio	vascular Progra	ams	
DATE:	January 9,	2018	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Looke		Stoval	1	HP	Favorable
2. Kidd		Willia	ms	AHS	Recommend: Favorable
3.				AP	

I. Summary:

SB 408 reduces the number of adult inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations, from 300 to 100, that a hospital located more than 100 road miles from the nearest hospital offering Level II adult cardiovascular services (ACS) must provide in a 12-month period in order to become licensed as a Level I ACS program. A Level I program performs adult percutaneous cardiac interventions without onsite cardiac surgery.¹

Currently, only the Lower Keys Medical Center would qualify for this exemption.²

Additionally, the bill amends the requirements for the licensure of all Level I programs to include both inpatients and outpatients when determining the volume of patients that have been discharged or transferred with a principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2018.

II. Present Situation:

Hospitals are regulated by the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) under ch. 395, F.S., and the general licensure provisions of part II of ch. 408, F.S. Hospitals are subject to the certificate of need (CON) provisions in part I of ch. 408, F.S. A CON is a written statement

¹ Percutaneous coronary intervention, also known as coronary angioplasty, is a nonsurgical technique for treating obstructive coronary artery disease, including unstable angina, acute myocardial infarction, and multivessel coronary artery disease. See Medscape: Percutaneous cardiac intervention, *available at* http://emedicine.medscape.com/article/161446-overview, (last visited Dec. 1, 2017).

² AHCA, Senate Bill 408 Analysis (Nov. 8, 2017) (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

BILL: SB 408 Page 2

issued by the AHCA evidencing community need for a new, converted, expanded, or otherwise significantly modified health care facility or health service.³

Adult cardiovascular services (ACS) were previously regulated through the CON program.⁴ However, in 2004, the Legislature established a licensure process for adult interventional cardiology services (the predecessor terminology for ACS), dependent upon rulemaking, in lieu of the CON procedure.⁵

Among other things, that law required the rules to establish two hospital program licensure levels: a Level I program and a Level II program.⁶

A hospital with Level I ACS designation on its license provides diagnostic and therapeutic cardiac catheterization procedures on a routine and emergency basis. A Level I hospital does not have the capability to perform open heart surgery, and by rule can provide the same routine and emergency cardiac catheterization services as a Level II (with open heart surgery capability) hospital except for the higher risk trans septal punctures and lead extractions of implanted devices. A Level I hospital qualifies for the designation by confirming compliance with national guidelines established by the American College of Cardiology and the American Heart Association, and having a transfer agreement with a Level II hospital in which a patient needing the higher level of care can be transferred within 60 minutes.⁷

Currently, in order to be designated as a Level I hospital, the hospital must perform at least 300 diagnostic cardiac catheterization sessions during the most recent 12-month period, or transfer or discharge at least 300 inpatients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease. For these metrics, the diagnostic cardiac catheterization sessions may include inpatients and outpatients in the total count, but the patients with ischemic heart disease must be inpatients. The criteria cannot be met by combining the two volume options - either the sessions volume is met or the inpatient principal diagnosis volume is met. Once a hospital obtains the designation it does not need to verify volume thresholds to maintain the designation. Subsection 408.0361(3), F.S., allows a hospital more than 100 road miles from the closest Level II hospital to qualify for Level I designation if all criteria is met except for the emergency transfer of patients within 60 minutes.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 408 amends s. 408.0361, F.S., to exempt a hospital that is more than 100 road miles from the nearest hospital offering Level II ACS from patient or procedure volume requirements in order to be licensed as a Level I ACS provider. The hospital must still demonstrate, for the most recent 12-month period as reported to the AHCA, that:

³ Section 408.032(3), F.S.

⁴ See s. 408.036(3)(m) and (n), F.S., allowing for an exemption from the full review process for certain adult open-heart services and PCI services.

⁵ Chapter 2004-383, s. 7, Laws of Fla.

⁶ Level I and Level II ACS programs may also perform adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization in accordance with Rule 59A-3.2085(13), F.A.C. Adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization involves the insertion of a catheter into one or more heart chambers for the purpose of diagnosing cardiovascular diseases.

⁷ Supra note 2

⁸ Supra note 2

BILL: SB 408 Page 3

• It has provided a minimum of 100 adult inpatient and outpatient cardiac catheterizations rather than 300; or

• It has discharged or transferred at least 300 patients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease.

Currently, only the Lower Keys Medical Center would qualify for this exemption.⁹

Additionally, the bill amends the requirements for the licensure of all Level I programs to include both inpatients and outpatients when determining the volume of patients that have been discharged or transferred with a principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease. This will allow patients who have been transferred prior to admission to the hospital as an inpatient to be included in the counts.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrict	ions:
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None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

SB 408 may have a positive fiscal impact on a hospital that is able to be licensed as a Level I program under the changes made in the bill.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill does not impact state revenues or expenditures.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

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⁹ Supra note 2

BILL: SB 408 Page 4

VII. **Related Issues:**

None.

VIII. **Statutes Affected:**

This bill substantially amends section 408.0361 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) A.

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2018 SB 408

By Senator Flores

39-00427-18 2018408

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to licensure of cardiovascular

programs; amending s. 408.0361, F.S.; establishing

additional criteria that must be included by the

Agency for Health Care Administration in rules relating to adult cardiovascular services at hospitals seeking licensure for a Level I program; providing an

effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 408.0361, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.0361 Cardiovascular services and burn unit licensure.-

- (3) In establishing rules for adult cardiovascular services, the agency shall include provisions that allow for:
- (b) For a hospital seeking a Level I program, demonstration that, for the most recent 12-month period as reported to the agency, it has provided a minimum of 300 adult inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations or, for the most recent 12-month period, has discharged or transferred at least 300 patients inpatients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease and that it has a formalized, written transfer agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program, including written transport protocols to ensure safe and efficient transfer of a patient within 60 minutes. However, a hospital located more than 100 road miles from the closest Level II adult cardiovascular services program:
 - 1. May demonstrate that, for the most recent 12-month

Page 1 of 2

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 SB 408

2018408

period as reported to the agency, it has provided a minimum of 100 adult inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations, or for the most recent 12-month period has discharged or transferred at least 300 patients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease.

39-00427-18

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2. Does not need to meet the 60-minute transfer time protocol if the hospital demonstrates that it has a formalized, written transfer agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program. The agreement must include written transport protocols to ensure the safe and efficient transfer of a patient, taking into consideration the patient's clinical and physical characteristics, road and weather conditions, and viability of ground and air ambulance service to transfer the patient.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

APPEARANCE RECORD

1/10/3017	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Licensure of Cardio Vascular	Programs Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ellen N. Anderson	
Job Title Director of Government Ke	lations
Address 106 E. College Ave. Suite	650 Phone 850.239.7959
Tallahässee Fi	32301 Email Plen_anderson@
City	ZipChs. net
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against
opeaking	(The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Community Weath S	systems
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting). ATP Readmittation

1610118		31.0(20(10)
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Schedule VIIIB, LIP, CHIP Reauthoriz	CHION A	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Beth kidder	· 8	* * .
Job Title Medicaid Director		
Address Street Mahan Drive	Phone 86	50-412-3212
Tallahassee FL 32508 City State Zip	Email	
Speaking: For Against Minformation Waive		In Support Against aformation into the record.)
Representing Agency For Health Care Administra	Hor	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	stered with Leg	islature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as mar		

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Sch VIIIB Name Michele Tullet	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Departy Sec. for Operation DOK	
Address 4052 Bald Cypress Way Street Tallahassee FS	Phone 850-245-4449 Email Michelle Tollette of the Alle
•	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing DOH	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons **a**s possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepare	d By: The Profession	al Staff of the Approp	oriations Subcommi	ttee on Health and Human Services
BILL:	PCS/SB 422 (707324)			
INTRODUCER:	Appropriations S	Subcommittee on I	Health and Huma	n Services and Senator Gibson
SUBJECT:	Elder Abuse Fat	ality Review Team	18	
DATE:	January 12, 201	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST S	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Hendon	He	endon	CF	Favorable
Loe	W	illiams	AHS	Recommend: Fav/CS
·			AP	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

PCS/SB 422 authorizes the establishment of elder abuse fatality review teams on a voluntary basis in each judicial circuit to review fatal incidents of elder abuse, and make policy and other recommendations to help prevent future incidents of elder abuse-related fatalities. The bill exempts certain information and records acquired by a review team from discovery or introduction into evidence in specified actions or proceedings. The review teams are assigned to the Department of Elder Affairs (DOEA) for administrative purposes only. The DOEA must submit a report, annually by November 1, that summarizes the findings and recommendations of the review teams to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Children and Families.

The bill adds elder abuse fatality review teams to the list of persons and entities authorized pursuant to s. 415.107(3), F.S., to have access to records concerning reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, including reports made to the central abuse hotline, otherwise held confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), F.S.

The bill will increase state expenditures by an indeterminate amount. The Department of Elder Affairs will experience an increase in workload related to submitting the required report and providing administrative support to the review teams; however, these costs can be absorbed within existing resources.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2018.

II. Present

There are currently no designated Elder Abuse Fatality Review Teams in Florida. The Adult Protective Services Program, under the Department of Children and Families (DCF), is responsible for preventing further harm to vulnerable adults who are victims of abuse, neglect, exploitation, or self-neglect. The mandatory reporting requirement of persons who are required to investigate reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation also extends to alleged deaths due to abuse or neglect.

The Florida Abuse Hotline, administered by the DCF, screens allegations of adult abuse and neglect to determine whether the information meets the criteria of an abuse report. If the criteria are met, a protective investigation is initiated to confirm whether there is evidence that abuse has occurred; whether that is an immediate or long-term risk to the victim; and whether the victim needs additional services to safeguard his or her well-being.¹

Section 415.1034, F.S., enumerates persons that have an immediate, mandatory requirement to report to the central abuse hotline if they know, have suspicion, or have reasonable cause to suspect that a vulnerable adult has been or is being abused, neglected, or exploited. Additionally, any person required to investigate reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation and who has reasonable cause to suspect that a vulnerable adult died as a result of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately report the suspicion to the appropriate medical examiner, the appropriate criminal justice agency and to the DCF, notwithstanding the existence of a death certificate signed by a practicing physician.²

The DCF is required, upon receipt of a report alleging abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, to begin within 24 hours a protective investigation of the matter.³ For each report it receives, the DCF shall perform an onsite investigation to determine, among other things, if the person meets the definition of a vulnerable adult and, if so, if the person is in need of services; whether there is an indication that the vulnerable adult was abused, neglected, or exploited; and if protective, treatment, and ameliorative services are necessary to safeguard and ensure the vulnerable adult's well-being.⁴

Section 415.1102, F.S., authorizes the DCF to develop, maintain, and coordinate the services of one or more multidisciplinary adult protection teams in each of its regions. A "multidisciplinary adult protection team" is defined as a team of two or more persons trained in the prevention, identification, and treatment of abuse of elderly persons.⁵ The multidisciplinary teams may be composed of, but are not limited to, psychiatrists, psychologists, or other trained counseling personnel; law enforcement officers; medical personal with experience or training to provide health services; social workers who have experience or training in the prevention of abuse of the

¹Florida Department of Children and Families; Protecting Vulnerable Adults, *available at:* http://www.myflfamilies.com/service-programs/adult-protective-services/protecting-vulnerable-adults (last visited Nov. 7, 2017).

² Section 415.1034(2), F.S.

³ Section 415.104(1), F.S.

⁴ Section 415.104(2), F.S.

⁵ Section 415.1102(1), F.S.

elderly or dependent persons; and public and professional guardians.⁶ The multidisciplinary team is convened to supplement the protective services activities of the Adult Protective Services program of the DCF.⁷

Section 415.107(3), F.S., enumerates persons and entities that may have access to records concerning reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, including reports made to the central abuse hotline, otherwise held confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), F.S. The identity of any person reporting abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable person shall not be released to these persons and entities.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 creates s. 415.1103, F.S., to authorize the creation of an elder abuse fatality review team on a voluntary basis in each judicial circuit⁸ to review fatal or near-fatal incidents of abuse, neglect, or violence against the elderly. Each review team is composed of volunteers from numerous state and local agencies as well as community partners. Each volunteer serves without compensation for a two-year term. Each team will determine the number of cases it will review and must limit its review to closed cases in which an elderly person's death is verified to have been caused by abuse or neglect in order to avoid interference with an ongoing criminal investigation or prosecution.

The elder abuse fatality team's review may include a review of events leading up to the incident, available community resources, actions taken by systems and individuals related to the incident, and any other information deemed relevant to the team. The review team is directed to make policy and other recommendations, which include system improvements and necessary resources, training, or other information to prevent future incidents of elder abuse deaths. Each team is required to submit its findings and recommendations to the DOEA annually by September 1. By November 1 each year, the DOEA shall prepare a summary report of the information provided by the review teams, and submit the report to the Executive Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Children and Families.

The bill exempts a member of a review team in the performance of his or her duties as a review team member from monetary liability. Additionally, all information and records acquired by an elder abuse fatality review team are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil or criminal action. The elder abuse fatality review teams are assigned to the Department of Elder Affairs for administrative purposes only.

⁶ Section 415.1102(2), F.S.

⁷ Section 415.1102(3), F.S.

⁸ There are currently 20 judicial circuits in Florida.

⁹ The bill provides for membership to include, but not be limited to, the following or their representatives: law enforcement agencies; the state attorney; the medical examiner; a county court judge; adult protective services; an Aging and Disability Resource Center; the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman program; the Agency for Health Care Administration; the Office of the Attorney General; the office of court administration; the clerk of the court; a victim services program; an elder law attorney; emergency services personnel; a certified domestic violence center; an advocacy organization for victims of sexual violence; a funeral home director; a forensic pathologist; a geriatrician; a geriatric nurse; a geriatric psychiatrist or other individual licensed to offer behavioral health services; a hospital discharge planner; a public guardian; and other persons with knowledge regarding fatal incidents of elder abuse, domestic violence, or sexual violence.

Section 2 adds elder abuse fatality review teams to the list of persons and entities authorized pursuant to s. 415.107(3), F.S., to have access to records concerning reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, including reports made to the central abuse hotline, otherwise held confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), F.S.

Section 3 provides an effective date of July 1, 2018.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

Any public records or open meetings issues are addressed in SB 424.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department of Elder Affairs will incur additional costs associated with providing administrative support to the various elder abuse fatality review teams, and submitting the required annual report; however, these costs can be absorbed within existing resources. Other public agencies whose staff serve on the review teams may incur some costs.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The bill does not specify the appointing authority for the members of the review team. As a result, anyone that falls within the particular membership categories may "volunteer" to participate on the review team. This may raise concerns because the review team has access to information that is otherwise confidential and exempt from public disclosure.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill does not define the term "elder," specifically the age at which a person is deemed to be an elder, which may lead to inconsistency in the cases a team chooses to review. Providing a definition of "elder" which establishes, at a minimum, the age of a person eligible for a team review will allow for more standardized comparability amongst the separate reports required to be submitted by each team.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 415.1103 of the Florida Statutes.

The bill amends section 415.107 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

Recommended PCS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services on January 10, 2018:

The PCS makes the following changes:

- Makes the establishment of an elder abuse fatality review team voluntary in each judicial circuit in Florida;
- Requires the scope of the review team be limited to closed cases in which abuse or neglect is verified;
- Requires the review teams to submit recommendations by September 1 annually to the DOEA;
- Requires the DOEA to compile the recommendations of the review teams into a single report to be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Children and Families by November 1 annually; and
- Adds elder abuse fatality review teams to the list of persons and entities authorized pursuant to s. 415.107(3), F.S., to have access to records concerning reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, including reports made to the central abuse hotline, otherwise held confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), F.S.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 01/11/2018

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Gibson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 415.1103, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

415.1103 Elder abuse fatality review teams.—

(1) (a) An elder abuse fatality review team may be established in each judicial circuit to review deaths of elderly persons alleged or found to have been caused by, or related to,

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abuse or neglect.
(b) An elder abuse fatality review team may include, but is
not limited to, representatives from the following entities
within the review team's judicial circuit:
1. Law enforcement agencies;
2. The state attorney;
3. The medical examiner;
4. A county court judge;
5. Adult protective services;
6. The area agency on aging;
7. The State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program;
8. The Agency for Health Care Administration;
9. The Office of the Attorney General;
10. The Office of the State Courts Administrator;
11. The clerk of the court;
12. A victim services program;
13. An elder law attorney;
14. Emergency services personnel;
15. A certified domestic violence center;
16. An advocacy organization for victims of sexual
<pre>violence;</pre>
17. A funeral home director;
18. A forensic pathologist;
19. A geriatrician;
20. A geriatric nurse;
21. A geriatric psychiatrist or other individual licensed
to offer behavioral health services;
22. A hospital discharge planner;
23. A public guardian; or

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- 24. Any other persons who have knowledge regarding fatal incidents of elder abuse, domestic violence, or sexual violence, including knowledge of research, policy, law, and other matters connected with such incidents involving elders or who are recommended for inclusion by the review team.
- (c) A person eligible under paragraph (b) may initiate the establishment of a team in his or her judicial circuit and call the first organizational meeting of the team. The executive director of the local area agency on aging shall appoint the members of the team. At the initial meeting, members of the team shall choose two members to serve as co-chairs.
- (d) Participation in a review team is voluntary. Members of the review team shall serve without compensation and may not be reimbursed for per diem or travel expenses.
- (e) Members shall serve for terms of 2 years, to be staggered as determined by the co-chairs. Members may be reappointed by the executive director of the local area agency on aging but not for more than 3 consecutive terms. Chairs may be reelected by a majority of the review team but not for more than 2 consecutive terms.
- (f) A review team shall determine the local operations of the team, including, but not limited to, the process for case selection, which shall be limited to closed cases, and the meeting schedule, to include at least one meeting in each fiscal year.
- (g) Administrative costs of operating the review team shall be borne by the team members or entities whom they represent.
- (2) An elder abuse fatality review team must do all of the following:

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- (a) Review deaths of elderly persons in its judicial circuit alleged or found to have been caused by, or related to, abuse or neglect.
- (b) Consider the events leading up to a fatal incident, available community resources, current law and policies, and the actions taken by systems and individuals related to the fatal incident.
- (c) Identify gaps, deficiencies, or problems in the delivery of services to elderly persons by public and private agencies which may be related to deaths reviewed by the team.
- (d) Whenever possible, develop a communitywide approach to address causes of and contributing factors to deaths reviewed by the team.
- (e) Develop practice standards and recommend changes in law, rules, and policies to support the care of elderly persons and prevent elder abuse deaths.
- (f) Implement such recommendations and practice standards to the extent possible.
- (3) (a) Upon written request from a co-chair of a review team, the following information or records pertaining to an elderly person whose death is being reviewed by the team shall be disclosed:
- 1. Information and records held by a criminal justice agency, as defined in s. 119.011(4), not including active criminal intelligence or investigative information, as defined in s. 119.011(3).
- 2. Information and records from Adult Protective Services pursuant to s. 415.107(3)(m).
 - 3. An autopsy report from the Medical Examiner's Office,

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not including materials protected under s. 406.135.

- (b) Review teams may share with each other any relevant information that pertains to the review of the death of an elderly person.
- (c) A team member may not contact, interview, or obtain information by request directly from a member of the deceased elder's family as part of the review, unless a team member is authorized to do so in the course of his or her employment duties. A member of the deceased elder's family may voluntarily provide records or information to a review team.
- (4)(a) By September 1 of each year, each review team shall submit a report to the Department of Elderly Affairs, including, but not limited to:
- 1. Descriptive statistics regarding cases reviewed by the review team, including demographic information regarding victims and caregivers, and the causes and nature of deaths;
- 2. Current policies, procedures, rules, or statutes that the review team identified as contributing to the incidence of elder abuse and elder deaths, and recommendations for system improvement and needed resources, training, or information dissemination to address those identified issues;
- 3. Any other recommendations to prevent deaths from elder abuse, based on an analysis of the data and information presented in the report; and
- 4. Any steps taken by the review team and public and private agencies to implement necessary changes and improve the coordination of services and reviews.
- (b) By November 1 of each year, the Department of Elderly Affairs shall prepare a summary report of the information

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required by paragraph (a), which shall be provided to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Children and Families.

- (5) Information and records acquired by an elder abuse fatality review team are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil or criminal action or administrative or disciplinary proceeding by any state or local government department or agency if the information or records arose out of the matters that are the subject of review by a review team, unless the information and records are not discoverable from any other source. Information and records that are available from other sources are not immune from discovery or introduction into evidence solely because the information, documents, or records were presented to or reviewed by a review team.
- (6) A person who has attended a meeting of the review team or who has otherwise participated in the activities authorized by this section may not be allowed or required to testify in any civil, criminal, administrative, or disciplinary proceeding as to any records or information produced or presented to a team during a meeting or other activity authorized by this section, unless such testimony is necessary to determine the records or information that was available to the fatality review team. However, this paragraph does not prevent any person who testifies before the team or who is a member of the team from testifying as to matters otherwise within his or her knowledge.
- (7) There is no monetary liability on the part of, and a cause of action for damages may not arise against, any member of an elder abuse fatality review team in the performance of his or



156 her duties as a review team member in regard to any discussions 157 by, or deliberations or recommendations of, the team or the member, unless such member acted in bad faith, with wanton and 158 159 willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property. 160 (8) Elder abuse fatality review teams and their members may 161 not disclose any information that is confidential pursuant to 162 law. 163 Section 2. Paragraph (m) is added to subsection (3) of 164 section 415.107, Florida Statutes, to read: 165 415.107 Confidentiality of reports and records.-166 (3) Access to all records, excluding the name of the 167 reporter which shall be released only as provided in subsection 168 (6), shall be granted only to the following persons, officials, 169 and agencies: 170 (m) An elder abuse fatality review team established under s. 415.1103(1) that is reviewing the death of an elderly person. 171 172 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018. 173 174 ========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========== And the title is amended as follows: 175 176 Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: 177 178 A bill to be entitled An act relating to elder abuse fatality review teams; 179 180 creating s. 415.1103, F.S.; authorizing the 181 establishment of elder abuse fatality review teams in 182 each judicial circuit; providing conditions for team establishment and organization; specifying review team 183

duties; providing review teams with access to and use

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of records; requiring each review team to submit an annual report by a certain date to the Department of Elderly Affairs containing specified information; requiring the department to prepare an annual report by a certain date with such information to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Department of Children and Families; exempting certain information and records from discovery; providing exceptions; prohibiting a member from testifying about information or records presented during meetings or activities of the team; providing immunity from monetary liability for members under certain conditions; prohibiting review teams and review team members from disclosing confidential information; amending s. 415.107, F.S.; requiring that elder abuse fatality review teams be granted access to certain records; providing an effective date.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 01/11/2018

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Gibson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (634064) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 11 - 86

and insert:

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abuse or neglect. The teams are housed, for administrative purposes only, in the Department of Elderly Affairs.

(b) An elder abuse fatality review team may include, but is not limited to, representatives from the following entities within the review team's judicial circuit:



11	1. Law enforcement agencies;
12	2. The state attorney;
13	3. The medical examiner;
14	4. A county court judge;
15	5. Adult protective services;
16	6. The area agency on aging;
17	7. The State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program;
18	8. The Agency for Health Care Administration;
19	9. The Office of the Attorney General;
20	10. The Office of the State Courts Administrator;
21	11. The clerk of the court;
22	12. A victim services program;
23	13. An elder law attorney;
24	14. Emergency services personnel;
25	15. A certified domestic violence center;
26	16. An advocacy organization for victims of sexual
27	violence;
28	17. A funeral home director;
29	18. A forensic pathologist;
30	19. A geriatrician;
31	20. A geriatric nurse;
32	21. A geriatric psychiatrist or other individual licensed
33	to offer behavioral health services;
34	22. A hospital discharge planner;
35	23. A public guardian; or
36	24. Any other persons who have knowledge regarding fatal
37	incidents of elder abuse, domestic violence, or sexual violence,
38	including knowledge of research, policy, law, and other matters
39	connected with such incidents involving elders or who are
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recommended for inclusion by the review team.

- (c) A person eligible under paragraph (b) may initiate the establishment of a team in his or her judicial circuit and call the first organizational meeting of the team. At the initial meeting, members of the team shall choose two members to serve as co-chairs.
- (d) Participation in a review team is voluntary. Members of the review team shall serve without compensation and may not be reimbursed for per diem or travel expenses.
- (e) Members shall serve for terms of 2 years, to be staggered as determined by the co-chairs. Chairs may be reelected by a majority of the review team but not for more than 2 consecutive terms.
- (f) A review team shall determine the local operations of the team, including, but not limited to, the process for case selection, which must be limited to closed cases in which an elderly person's death is verified to have been caused by abuse or neglect, and the meeting schedule, to include at least one meeting in each fiscal year.
- (g) Administrative costs of operating the review team shall be borne by the team members or entities whom they represent.
- (2) An elder abuse fatality review team must do all of the following:
- (a) Review deaths of elderly persons in its judicial circuit alleged or found to have been caused by, or related to, abuse or neglect.
- (b) Consider the events leading up to a fatal incident, available community resources, current law and policies, and the actions taken by systems and individuals related to the fatal



69	incident.
70	(c) Identify gaps, deficiencies, or problems in the
71	delivery of services to elderly persons by public and private
72	agencies which may be related to deaths reviewed by the team.
73	(d) Whenever possible, develop a communitywide approach to
74	address causes of, and contributing factors to, deaths reviewed
75	by the team.
76	(e) Develop practice standards and recommend changes in
77	law, rules, and policies to support the care of elderly persons
78	and prevent elder abuse deaths.
79	
80	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
81	And the title is amended as follows:
82	Delete line 182
83	and insert:
84	each judicial circuit housed, for administrative
85	purposes only, in the Department of Elderly Affairs;
86	providing conditions for team

Florida Senate - 2018 SB 422

By Senator Gibson

6-00430B-18 2018422

A bill to be entitled An act relating to elder abuse fatality review teams; creating s. 415.1103, F.S.; providing legislative findings; creating elder abuse fatality review teams in each judicial circuit housed, for administrative purposes only, in the Department of Elderly Affairs; providing for membership; specifying the duties of the review teams; providing immunity from liability for acts conducted in furtherance of a review team's duties; prohibiting a review team and its members from disclosing certain information; exempting certain information and records acquired by a review team from discovery or introduction into evidence in specified actions or proceedings; providing an exception; prohibiting a person from being required to testify regarding records or information produced or presented during meetings or other activities of a review team; providing an exception; requiring each judicial circuit to organize by public notice the review team's initial meeting; providing requirements for the initial meeting; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 415.1103, Florida Statutes, is created

26 to read:

415.1103 Elder abuse fatality review teams.—

(1) The Legislature finds that elder abuse is a serious issue and that fatality review teams raise awareness in the

Page 1 of 5

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 SB 422

2018422

6-00430B-18

30	community of the serious nature and potential lethality of elder
31	abuse in this state, support the enactment of protections and
32	reforms that will help prevent abuse-related deaths in the
33	future, and help ensure that victims of elder abuse receive
34	needed services.
35	(2) Effective December 31, 2018, an elder abuse fatality
36	review team must be established in each judicial circuit to
37	review the facts and circumstances in cases involving abuse-
38	related deaths. The teams shall be housed, for administrative
39	purposes only, in the Department of Elderly Affairs.
40	(3) The elder abuse fatality review teams are composed of
41	volunteers, each of whom shall serve without compensation for a
42	term of 2 years. The review team membership may include, but is
43	<pre>not limited to, the following or their representatives:</pre>
44	(a) Law enforcement agencies.
45	(b) The state attorney.
46	(c) The medical examiner.
47	(d) A county court judge.
48	(e) Adult protective services.
49	(f) The Aging and Disability Resource Center.
50	(g) The State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program.
51	(h) The Agency for Health Care Administration.
52	(i) The Office of the Attorney General.
53	(j) The office of court administration.
54	(k) The clerk of the court.
55	(1) A victim services program.
56	(m) An elder law attorney.
57	(n) Emergency services personnel.
58	(o) A certified domestic violence center.

Page 2 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 SB 422

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6-00430B-18

59	(p) An advocacy organization for victims of sexual
60	violence.
61	(q) A funeral home director.
62	(r) A forensic pathologist.
63	(s) A geriatrician.
64	(t) A geriatric nurse.
65	(u) A geriatric psychiatrist or other individual licensed
66	to offer behavioral health services.
67	(v) A hospital discharge planner.
68	(w) A public guardian.
69	(x) Other persons who have knowledge regarding fatal
70	incidents of elder abuse, domestic violence, or sexual violence,
71	including knowledge of research, policy, law, and other matters
72	connected with such incidents or who are recommended for
73	inclusion by the review team.
74	(4) Each elder abuse fatality review team shall do all of
75	the following:
76	(a) Limit its review to cases that have been closed, to
77	avoid interference with or influencing the outcome of an ongoing
78	<pre>criminal investigation or prosecution.</pre>
79	(b) Determine the number of cases it will review in which
30	an elderly person's death is verified to have been caused by
31	abuse or neglect.
32	(c) After reviewing those cases, make policy and other
33	recommendations as to how incidents of abuse-related fatalities
84	may be prevented.
35	(d) Submit its recommendations to the Office of the
36	Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House
37	of Representatives, the Department of Children and Families, and

Page 3 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 SB 422

	6-00430B-18 2018422_
88	the Department of Elder Affairs.
89	(5) (a) The elder abuse fatality review teams must be
90	provided access to any information or records contained in a
91	closed file that pertains to an elder whose death is subject to
92	review by a team, including information or records from a law
93	enforcement agency, which are determined necessary for the team
94	to carry out its duties.
95	(b) The review teams shall review the events leading up to
96	a fatal incident, available community resources, the actions
97	taken by systems and individuals related to the fatal incident,
98	and any other information deemed relevant by the team.
99	(6) There is no monetary liability on the part of, and a
100	cause of action for damages may not arise against, any member of
101	an elder abuse fatality review team in the performance of his or
102	her duties as a review team member.
103	(7) Elder abuse fatality review teams and their members may
104	not disclose any information that is not otherwise a public
105	record.
106	(8) Information and records acquired by an elder abuse
107	fatality review team are not subject to discovery or
108	introduction into evidence in any civil or criminal action or
109	administrative or disciplinary proceeding by any department or
110	employing agency if the information or records arose out of
111	matters that are the subject of evaluation and review by the
112	elder abuse fatality review team. However, information,
113	documents, and records that are available from other sources are
114	not immune from discovery or introduction into evidence solely
115	because the information, documents, or records were presented to

Page 4 of 5

 $\underline{\text{or reviewed by a review team.}}$ A person who has attended a

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 ${f CODING:}$ Words ${f stricken}$ are deletions; words ${f underlined}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 SB 422

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	6-00430B-18 2018422
117	meeting of an elder abuse fatality review team may not be
118	required to testify in any civil, criminal, administrative, or
119	disciplinary proceedings as to any records or information
120	produced or presented to the team during meetings or other
121	activities authorized by this section. However, review team
122	members may be required to testify as to matters otherwise
123	within their personal knowledge.
124	(9) The chief judge or his or her representative from each
125	judicial circuit shall provide public notice of the initial
126	meeting of the review team in its circuit. At the initial
127	meeting, the volunteers shall choose two members who shall serve
128	as co-chairs of the review team. The co-chairs shall determine
129	the frequency of the meetings in the circuit and submit the
130	team's recommendations as provided in paragraph (4)(d).
131	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 5 of 5

 ${f CODING:}$ Words ${f stricken}$ are deletions; words ${f underlined}$ are additions.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) S 422 Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Elder Abuse Fatality Review Teams Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Linda Levin
Job Title CEO, Eldersource
Address 10688 Old St. Augustine Rd Phone 90439/6610
Street 3257 Email 1, nda. levin @ myelduswie, org
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL. Association of Area Agencies on Aging
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address Phone 850 Email Speaking: Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date				SB 427 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Elder Abuse F	atality P	evieu		Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Zayne Smith	`			
Job Title Associate Sta	te Direct	σ√		
Address Zov W. College	- Ove		Phone _	850 228-4243
Tally	FC State	32301 Zip		Zsmith @ parp. or
Speaking: For Against	Information			In Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing AARP				
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	ered with	Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared	d By: The Profes	ssional Staff of the Appro	priations Subcommi	ttee on Health and Human Services	
BILL:	CS/SB 444				
INTRODUCER:	Health Policy Committee and Senator Bean				
SUBJECT:	Pregnancy S	upport Services			
DATE:	January 9, 2	018 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
. Lloyd		Stovall	HP	Fav/CS	
. Loe	_	Williams	AHS	Recommend: Favorable	
			AP		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 444 creates s. 381.96, F.S., to codify the existing Pregnancy Support Services program (program) which has been funded by the state since the 2005-2006 fiscal year. The program provides pregnancy support and wellness services, such as direct client services, program awareness activities, and communication activities, through a statewide alliance of community organizations. The bill directs the Department of Health (DOH) to contract with the Florida Pregnancy Care Network (network) and specifies contract deliverables for the program, including financial reports, staffing requirements, and timeframes for achieving obligations. The network is to contract only with providers that exclusively promote and support childbirth.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2018.

BILL: CS/SB 444 Page 2

II. Present Situation:

Florida's Birth Rate

In 2016, over 217,000 women aged 15 to 50 in Florida had a birth in the past 12 months.¹ Almost half (48 percent) of Florida's births are to unmarried mothers with 86 percent of the fathers acknowledged on the birth certificate.²

The state's infant mortality rate slightly increased to 6.2 infant deaths per 1,000 live births in 2015, and then back down to 6.1 for 2016 after reaching its lowest rate in Florida's history of 6.0 in 2014.³ As the DOH notes in its *Florida Vital Statistics Annual Report-2015*, this represents less than half of the state's resident infant mortality rate of 1980.⁴ The most frequently cited causes of resident infant fatality in 2015, and the numbers reported were:

- Perinatal period conditions (756 deaths);
- Congenital malformations (266 deaths);
- Unintentional injuries (98 deaths); and
- Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (59 deaths).⁵

These causes accounted for 84 percent of all resident infant fatalities in Florida.⁶

The Florida Pregnancy Care Network

The Florida Pregnancy Care Network (network) is a private $501(c)(3)^7$ nonprofit organization that provides financial and other support to pregnant women and their families through an alliance of pregnancy support organizations. A five-person board of directors oversees the network, and an executive director manages the daily operations of the network. The network includes over 50 sub-grantee resource organizations throughout the state that provide counseling, referral, material support, training, and education to pregnant mothers as they prepare to parent or place their babies for adoption. In 2015, the organization reported gross receipts of \$3.6 million.

¹ United States Census Bureau, American Fact Finder - Selected Characteristics in the United States, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates,

https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_15_5YR_DP02&src=pt (last visited Oct. 27, 2017).

² Florida Department of Health, *Pregnancy and Young Child Profile* – 2015, <u>http://www.flhealthcharts.com/ChartsReports/rdPage.aspx?rdReport=ChartsProfiles.PregnancyandYoungChild</u> (last visited Oct. 27, 2017).

³ Florida Department of Health, FL Health Charts, Infant Deaths Data – Per 1,000 Live Births Single Year Rates, http://www.flhealthcharts.com/charts/DataViewer/InfantDeathViewer/InfantDeathViewer.aspx (last visited Oct. 27, 2017).

⁴ Florida Department of Health, *Florida Vital Statistics Annual Report 2015, Executive Summary*, p. vi, http://www.flpublichealth.com/VSBOOK/VSBOOK.aspx (last visited Oct. 30, 2017).

⁵ Id.

⁶ Id.

⁷ Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Organizations described in this section are commonly referred to as charitable organizations.

⁸ I.R.S., Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (2015) – Florida Pregnancy Care Network, Inc., Part I, Summary of organization's mission or most significant activities, *see profile at* https://www.guidestar.org/profile/20-3707766 (last visited Oct. 30, 2017).

⁹ Id.

Florida Pregnancy Support Services Program

The network administers the Florida Pregnancy Support Services Program (program) through a contract with the DOH. The program has received continuous state funding since the 2005-2006 fiscal year, including a \$4 million appropriation from the General Revenue Fund for the 2017-2018 fiscal year.¹⁰

Proviso language in the Fiscal Year 2017-2018 General Appropriations Act (GAA) permits the funds to be used for wellness services, including but not limited to, high blood pressure screening, flu vaccines, anemia testing, thyroid screening, cholesterol, diabetes screening, assistance with smoking cessation, and tetanus vaccines. ¹¹ Services may be purchased directly from qualified providers or vouchers may be offered. The GAA also requires that at least 85 percent of the funds appropriated be used for direct client services such as life skills, program awareness, and communications. ¹² The DOH is directed to specifically contract with the program's current contract management provider and to provide the contractual oversight. Similar proviso language has been included in the GAA since the 2009-2010 fiscal year.

The DOH is authorized by the Fiscal Year 2017-2018 GAA to spend no more than \$500 per sub-contracted provider for contract oversight. Nine major deliverables with performance metrics and financial consequences are included in the contract with the network.¹³

Financial reimbursement through this contract is made to a minimum of 45 local pregnancy resource organizations for services to pregnant women and their families. He while many participating organizations may be faith-based, they are not permitted to share religious information and contracting entities must ensure that they will strictly adhere to this regulation. The program also provides a statewide toll free number that is available 24/7 via phone or text message, and a website that can also connect women and their families to available resources. All services are available to women and their families free of charge and can continue for up to 12 months after the birth of the child.

Pregnant women and their families may use the program to prepare for pregnancy, childbirth, and parenting. The program offers free counseling and classes that cover these topics as well as nutrition and infant care. Participants may also receive items such as maternity and baby clothing, diapers, formula and baby food, baby bath items, cribs and infant carriers by

¹⁰ Chapter 2017-70, Specific Appropriation 445, Laws of Fla.

¹¹ Id.

¹² Id.

¹³ Contract between the State of Florida, Department of Health and Florida Pregnancy Care Network, Inc., pp. 16-22, July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018, (Agency Contract ID# COHN6). For a copy of the contract, visit the Florida Accountability Contract Tracking System at: https://facts.fldfs.com/Search/ContractDetail.aspx?AgencyId=640000&ContractId=COHN6 (last visited Oct. 30, 2017).

¹⁴ Id at 9.

¹⁵ Id at 10.

¹⁶ The toll-free Option Line number is 1-866-673-HOPE (4673) or participants can text the word "choice" to 313131.

¹⁷ Florida Pregnancy Support Services, *I Might Be Pregnant* http://www.floridapregnancysupportservices.com/i-might-be-pregnant/ (last visited Oct. 30, 2017).

participating in on-site classes and training. ¹⁸ For Fiscal Year 2016-2017, the program served 27,011 clients for pregnancy services and 1,615 for wellness services. In the prior fiscal year, the program served 24,184 total clients. ¹⁹

Background Screenings for Qualified Entities

The current contract between the DOH and the network requires all paid staff and volunteers to have a state and national criminal background check as described below if the staff or volunteer provides direct services to minors, the elderly, or individuals with disabilities.²⁰ If it is the individual's initial screening, the screening must include fingerprint checks through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).²¹ Currently, the DOH and the program utilize an existing User Agreement held by the DOH with the FBI to conduct these screenings. The results of those screenings are returned to the DOH, not the individual network subcontractors.²²

The public may access Florida criminal history information under s. 943.053, F.S., at the cost of \$24.00 per record through the FDLE. A Level I background check in Florida is a state only name-based check and an employment history check. A Level 2 check includes a state and national fingerprint-based check and consideration of disqualifying offenses, and applies to statutorily designated employees who hold a position of trust and responsibility only.²³

Under s. 943.0542, F.S., certain businesses and organizations that provide care or care placement services, or licenses or certifies to provide care or care placement services, may have access to criminal history information from the FDLE after registering with the FDLE and payment of any fees. The qualified entity²⁴ must submit fingerprints to the FDLE with its request for screening and maintain a signed waiver allowing the release of the state and national criminal history record to the qualified entity. The amount of the fee is set by the FBI for the national criminal history check in compliance with the National Child Protection Act of 1993, as amended.

The national criminal history data is available only for the purpose of screening employees and volunteers or persons applying to be employees or volunteers. The FDLE will provide the information directly to the qualified entity as permitted by a written waiver. Whether the individual is fit to be an employee or volunteer around children, the disabled, or the elderly is for the qualified entity to determine; the FDLE will not make that determination. The qualified

¹⁸ Florida Pregnancy Support Services, *I Am Pregnant and Considering Terminating My Pregnancy*, http://www.floridapregnancysupportservices.com/i-am-pregnant-and-need-help/ (last visited Oct. 30, 2017).

¹⁹ Email from Bryan Wendel, Florida Department of Health, (Oct. 31, 2017) (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

²⁰ Contract between the DOH and the Florida Pregnancy Care Network, Inc., Supra note 13, at 9.

²¹ Id.

²² Email from Bryan Wendel, Florida Department of Health, (Nov. 7, 2017) (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

²³ Florida Dep't of Law Enforcement, *Criminal History Record Checks/Background Checks Fact Sheet* (July 26, 2017), pp. 4-5, https://www.fdle.state.fl.us/cms/Criminal-History-Records/Documents/BackgroundChecks FAQ.aspx (last visited Nov. 7, 2017).

²⁴ Federal law defines a "qualified entity" as a business or organization, whether public, private, for-profit, not-for-profit, or voluntary, that provides care or care placement services, including a business or organization that licenses or certifies others to provide care or care placement services. "Care" means the provision of care, treatment, education, training, instruction, supervision, or recreation for children, the elderly, or individuals with disabilities. *See* 42 U.S.C. §5119c.

entity must notify the screened individual of his or her right to obtain a copy of the screening report as well as any criminal records.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 creates s. 381.96, F.S., to codify in statute the Pregnancy Support Services Program, a program that has been funded through the General Appropriations Act since the 2005-2006 fiscal year. The bill implements most of the provisions from the prior years' proviso language with a few exceptions and additions as noted below:

- A specific directive to spend at least 90 percent of the contract funds on pregnancy support and wellness services rather than the currently required 85 percent of appropriated funds on direct client services, including life skills, program awareness, and communications.
- A specific requirement for background screening under s. 943.0542, F.S., for all paid staff and volunteers of a subcontractor if those individuals provide direct client services to a client who is a minor or an elderly person or who has a disability.

The bill directs the DOH to specify the contract deliverables with the network, including requirements to:

- Establish the financial and other reporting deliverables, the timeframes for achieving the contractual obligations, and any other requirements deemed necessary by the DOH, such as staffing and location requirements;
- Survey subcontractors annually and to specify the sanctions that shall be imposed for noncompliance with the terms of a subcontract;
- Establish and manage the subcontracts with a sufficient number of networks to ensure availability of pregnancy support and wellness services and to maintain delivery of those services throughout the contract term;
- Offer wellness services or vouchers or other appropriate payment arrangements that allow for the purchase of services from qualified providers;
- Subcontract only with providers that exclusively promote and support childbirth; and
- Ensure that informational materials provided to eligible clients are accurate, current, and cite a reference source of any medical statement.

The bill restricts the services provided under the contract to be non-coercive and instructional materials may not include faith-based content.

Section 2 provides an effective date of July 1, 2018.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Either the subcontracted pregnancy support organizations or the network will be paying the costs of the criminal background checks at the cost of \$36.00 per employee or \$28.75 per volunteer.²⁵ The current contract between the program and the department requires the program's subcontractors to follow these same screening requirements.²⁶ The current contract places this responsibility on the individual subcontractors.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The DOH is responsible for the contractual oversight of the state's funding of the program. Proviso language included in the Fiscal Year 2017-2018 GAA places a cap of \$50,000 on DOH administrative costs.²⁷ CS/SB 444 does not place a maximum or minimum funding amount for the DOH's administrative oversight functions.

The FDLE will be processing additional background checks for the program employees and volunteers. It is unknown at this time how many employees or volunteers will be processed under this requirement. The background check will cost \$36.00 for employees and \$28.75 for volunteers.²⁸

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The DOH is concerned whether 10 percent of the appropriated funds is sufficient for the administrative and oversight responsibilities delineated in the bill for the DOH and the network.

Currently, in the network's contract, the DOH requires the network's subcontractors to conduct a Level 2 background screening on all staff and volunteers. These screenings are being performed under an existing User Agreement held by the DOH that may not be applicable to the new

²⁵ Florida Department of Law Enforcement, *Criminal History Record Check Fee Schedule* (Effective October 1, 2016) https://www.fdle.state.fl.us/cms/Criminal-History-Records/Documents/BackgroundChecks_FAQ.aspx, p. 8, (last visited Oct. 30, 2017)

²⁶ Contract between the DOH and the Florida Pregnancy Care Network, Inc., Supra note 13, at 9.

²⁷ Supra note 10.

²⁸ Contract between the DOH and the Florida Pregnancy Care Network, Inc., Supra note 13, at 9.

statutory language. FDLE recommended that the bill be amended to either specifically incorporate the screenings into a User Agreement specific to this purpose and hold the DOH responsible for the results or, alternatively, provide for the submission of fingerprints to FDLE and the FBI, provide that costs of the screening are to be borne by the applicant, and designate FDLE as the retention entity for screening results. The FDLE also recommended participation in the FBI's national retained fingerprint arrest notification program so that any future arrests would be reported to the DOH.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 381.96 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Health Policy on November 7, 2017:

The CS removes immunizations from the list of enumerated wellness services that may be provided by the network's subcontracted providers. The CS also adds wellness services to the services for which the DOH shall contract with the network.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2018 CS for SB 444

By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Bean

588-01112-18 2018444c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to pregnancy support services; creating s. 381.96, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring the Department of Health to contract with a not-for-profit statewide alliance of organizations to provide pregnancy support and wellness services through subcontractors; providing duties of the department; providing contract requirements; requiring the contractor to spend a specified percentage of funds on direct client services; providing for subcontractor background screenings under certain circumstances; requiring the contractor to annually survey subcontractors; specifying the entities eligible for a subcontract; requiring services to be provided in a noncoercive manner; forbidding the inclusion of faith-based content in informational materials; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 381.96, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

381.96 Pregnancy support services.-

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- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Department" means the Department of Health.

eligibility may continue for, but may not exceed, 12 months

(b) "Eligible client" means a pregnant woman or a woman who suspects that she is pregnant, and the family of such a woman, who voluntarily seeks pregnancy support services. The period of

Page 1 of 4

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 CS for SB 444

	588-01112-18 2018444c
30	after the birth of the child.
31	(c) "Florida Pregnancy Care Network, Inc.," or "network"
32	means the not-for-profit statewide alliance of pregnancy support
33	organizations that provide pregnancy support services through a
34	comprehensive system of care to women and their families.
35	(d) "Pregnancy support services" means services that
36	promote and encourage childbirth, including, but not limited to:
37	1. Direct client services, such as pregnancy testing,
38	counseling, referral, training, and education for pregnant women
39	and their families.
40	2. Program awareness activities, including a promotional
41	campaign to educate the public about the pregnancy support
42	services offered by the network and a website that provides
43	$\underline{\text{information on the location of providers in the user's area, as}$
44	well as other available community resources.
45	3. Communication activities, including the operation and
46	<pre>maintenance of a hotline or call center with a single statewide</pre>
47	toll-free telephone number which is available 24 hours a day for
48	an eligible client to obtain the location and contact
49	information for a pregnancy center located in his or her area.
50	(e) "Wellness services" means services or activities
51	intended to maintain and improve health or prevent illness and
52	injury, including, but not limited to, high blood pressure
53	screening, anemia testing, thyroid screening, cholesterol
54	screening, diabetes screening, and assistance with smoking
55	cessation.
56	(2) DEPARTMENT DUTIES -The department shall contract with

Page 2 of 4

the network for the management and delivery of pregnancy support

and wellness services to eligible clients.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 CS for SB 444

588-01112-18 2018444c1

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- (3) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.—The department contract must specify the contract deliverables, including financial reports and other reports due to the department, timeframes for achieving contractual obligations, and any other requirements that the department determines are necessary, such as staffing and location requirements. The contract must require the network to:
- $\underline{\text{(a) Establish, implement, and monitor a comprehensive}}$ $\underline{\text{system of care through subcontractors which meets the pregnancy}}$ $\underline{\text{support and wellness needs of eligible clients.}}$
- (b) Establish and manage subcontracts with a sufficient number of providers to ensure the availability of pregnancy support and wellness services for eligible clients and maintain and manage the delivery of such services throughout the contract period.
- (c) Spend at least 90 percent of contract funds on pregnancy support and wellness services.
- $\underline{\text{(d) Offer wellness services through vouchers or other}}$ $\underline{\text{appropriate arrangements that allow the purchase of services}}$ $\underline{\text{from qualified health care providers.}}$
- (e) Require a background screening, as provided in s. 943.0542, for all paid staff and volunteers of a subcontractor if such staff or volunteers provide direct client services to an eligible client who is a minor or an elderly person or who has a disability.
- (f) Annually survey its subcontractors and specify the sanctions that will be imposed for noncompliance with the terms of a subcontract.
 - (g) Subcontract only with providers that exclusively

Page 3 of 4

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 CS for SB 444

	588-01112-18 2018444c1
88	promote and support childbirth.
39	(h) Ensure that informational materials provided to an
90	eligible client by a provider are current and accurate and cite
91	the source of any medical statement included in the materials.
92	(4) SERVICES.—Services provided pursuant to this section
93	must be provided in a noncoercive manner and instructional
94	materials may not include any faith-based content.
95	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 4 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

То:		Senator Anitere Flores, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services
Subje	ect:	Committee Agenda Request
Date:		November 9, 2017
I respe	ectfully	request that Senate Bill #444, relating to Pregnancy Support Services, be placed on
		committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
	\boxtimes	next committee agenda.

Senator Aaron Bean Florida Senate, District 4

APPEARANCE RECORD

6 10 2018 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional St	aff conducting the	meeting) S 및 리시 4
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Crishale Bailay		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title			
Address 1510 Walnish Way	1-	Phone	
Street TallaNGSSEE FL	3307	Email	
Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive S (The Cha		In Support Against sinformation into the record.)
Representing Mysolf			
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist regist	ered with Le	egislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic CYISIS Pregnancy center bill Name Lear Tal	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address 2630 MISSION vd apt 57	Phone 352-348-1076
Tayanarce FL City State Speaking: For Against Information	32304 Email LLOV_tal@notmail.com Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against
Representing Flovida NOW	(The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 58 444
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
$\rho \cdot \rho = \rho \cdot $
Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Garbara Beland
Job Title MS
1 - 1 N B ICK
Address 625 E. Oww. 00 71 Phone 350-251-4280
Tallahasse fl 32308 Email Darbardevane 1 Guhar.
CityState Zip
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against
(The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional States 10 18	aff conducting the m	eeting)	444	
Meeting Date		Bill I	lumber (if applic	able)
Topic PREGNANCY SUPPORT SUCS		Amendment i	Barcode (if appli	cable)
Name CHARO VALGRO				
Job Title State Pizza Dive				
Address \$325 NE 82 NO QUE	Phone	786 A	A2 8199	7
Street Migmi FL 33137 City State Zip	Email	HARO (INSTITUTE	- ERG
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp	peaking:	In Support	Agains	st)
Representing FL LATINA ADVOCAM NE	werk			
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Leg	jislature:	Yes	No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing persons as pos	g to speak t sible can be	o be heard at t heard.	his

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APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Star	Fill Number (if applicable)
Topic Pregnancy Support Services	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Associate for Social Concerns : Roof	ect life
Address 201 W Park Ave.	Phone
T 11 1 2272/	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair	eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Conference of Cathorica	Bishops
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe	red with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic SB 444	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Kimberry Stott	_
Job Title <u>Legislative Manager</u>	_
Address 2300 N FL. Mango Road	Phone 57el. 296.4952
Street West Palm Beach FC 33409 City State Zip	_ Email_Kimberry. Stott@ppsenf
	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Alliance of Planned Pa	wenthood Affiliates
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit al	ll persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St	taff conducting the meeting)	SB 444
/ Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Lakey Love	Amend	dment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Student - Florda State University		
Address 1571 Melan Street	Phone	
	· ·	upport Against pation into the record.)
Representing		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislat	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many		

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APPEARANCE RECORD

10 - Jan - 18 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional	Staff conducting the meeting) 444
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Expenditure of funds on Courseling	S Certes Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ken Hays	_
Job Title Concerned Citizen	_
Address 1935 Nanticoke Circle	Phone
Tallahassee FL 32303	Email
	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing	,
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Machines Date	<u> </u>
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic SB444 Pregnancy Support Services Name Stephen Downey Job Title	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 132 Ferndala DR Phone	615 972-0306
$\frac{Street}{Collocity} = \frac{3230}{State} = \frac{3230}{Zip} = \text{Email}$ Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking:	Schowery 2002@ (om (st. m) In Support Against d this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered wit While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons a	

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Pric Moore	T SERVICES	3	Amend	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title MediCAL SEVICE	INSTRUCTOR	2		
Address 3700 200 AVE			Phone 321-6	53 5404
Street Ljk/twi City	FL State	32950 Zip		RIPHILE SMALL. COM
Speaking: For Against	Information	-	peaking:In Su r will read this informa	
Representing 504 954	PPORT FOR	WOMEN'S RI	GHT TO CHOS	ŚĘ
Appearing at request of Chair: Y	es No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislatu	ıre: Yes No
Malle it is a Constant we dition to a negument	blic to otime on a time	may not normit all	naraana wiahina ta aw	a a la ta b a b a a val a t t!= :=

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APPEARANCE RECORD

1-10-2018 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of Senate Professional S	tall conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>cruis pregnancy centers</u> Name <u>Stophanie</u> Owens	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Leges LaTive Advarate	
Address 2507 CALAWAY Rd Ste 102 A	Phone <u>727.639.1243</u>
TAVIAHASSEE PL 32303 City State Zip	Email LWYFADVOCACY gmail
	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing LEAGUE OF WOMEN	YOTE 2S & FLORIDA
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

1-10-2018	<u>SB444</u>
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>CPC</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Barbara Frey	
Job Title	
Address 1518 Wekewa Nene	Phone (850) 877-8577
Tallahassee FL	<i>323</i> 01 Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Self	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes XNo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their rema	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this rks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>CPC</u> Name <u>Rebecca Morris</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address 3723 Fermanach C. Street	Phone <u>\$50 322 2893</u>
Tallahassee Fa 32309 City State Zip	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive S	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Self	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Senator Date)	Staff conducting the meeting) SS 44 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Pregnancy Support Services Name Darry Warel	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Contified Nurse - Midwife	
Address 1951 N. Mendian Rel Unit 41	Phone (651) 249 - 8173
Street Tallahanee FL 32303 City State Zip	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive S	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Myself	
	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit at meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address Against Information Waive Speaking: Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information in to the record.) Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Job Title Address Phone Street State Information Speaking: Against Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing ____ Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional States)	Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Paris Wilson	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address 140 Wahnish way	Phone <u>5)7-331-3562</u>
	Email <u>Paris 1. wilson @fomu.co</u> Deaking: In Support Against Tr will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date	Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Name IMani Hutchinson	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	Phone <u>205-422-0860</u>
Street Tallahassee FL 323077 City State Zip	Email iManikkl99903makon
Speaking: For Against Information Waive	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons **a**s possible can be heard.

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The Table Senate

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Bill Number (if applicable)

Topic	100	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
XName Sanbuga Oatuni		_
Job Title		_
XAddress 1510 Ceahnish Way	Trans.	Marchane 818 858 6069
Ellahassee F7 City State	32307 Zin	_ Email Kiyas Olafunyia gima
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive (Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing MYSelf	(The Ch	air will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time	ne may not permit a	Il persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional State Meeting Date	JB 444
Topic	Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Asia Ponan-Johnson	
Job Title	
Address 221 Palmetto Street, 154-6	Phone 912-944-5628
Tallahassee FL S City State Zip	Email Asia. Ronan-Johnson
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking:	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing MYSCIF	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes KNo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Programs to Support Pregnant Women Address _ Phone <u>831-246-28</u> Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing _Se/

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Appearing at request of Chair:

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St.	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ame Wilde	
Job Title retred educator	
Address 9100 Microsuxee Rd	Phone
Tallahassee 53309 City State Zip	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking:	peaking: In Support Against r will read this information into the record.)
Representing Myself	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting)	444
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic PREGNANCY SUPPORT SERVICES	Amend	dment Barcode (if applicable)
Name BILL BUNKLEY		
Job Title PRESIDENT		
Address Po Box 341644	Phone $8/3$. 264. 2917
1 Ampa 2 33694	Email	
	peaking: In Suir will read this inform	ation into the record.)
Representing FLORIDA ETHICS AND RELIGIOUS	11B6RT4 C	2044155104
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislat	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to spersons as possible of	peak to be heard at this can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff of Meeting Date	SB444 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic FPSSP	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Kimberly Nelson	
Job Title Epec. Director PCGC	
Address 1344 Constitution PLW F	Phone 850 251-7027
	Email Kimberly 9277@ad.
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Spea	aking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registere	ed with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all per meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many per	rsons wishing to speak to be heard at this rsons as possible can be heard.
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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Speaking: Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address State Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Yes V Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff	conducting the meeting) SB 444	
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)	
Topic FPSSP	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name RYAN SPRAGUE		
Job Title CEO, Pregnancy Help + Information Cente		
Address 1710 S. Gadsden St.	Phone 850 222 7177	
	Email	
Speaking: For Against State Zip Waive Spe (The Chair v	aking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)	
Representing PSF My Self		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ed with Legislature: Yes No	
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.		

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

By: The Profe	ssional St	aff of the Approp	riations Subcommi	ttee on Health and Human Services
CS/SB 450				
R: Children, Families, and Elder Affairs Committee and Senator Garcia				
Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders				
January 9, 2	2018	REVISED:		
YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
	Hendo	on	CF	Fav/CS
	Willia	ms	AHS	Recommend: Favorable
			AP	
	CS/SB 450 Children, Fa	CS/SB 450 Children, Families, a Mental Health and S January 9, 2018 YST STAF Hendo	CS/SB 450 Children, Families, and Elder Affa Mental Health and Substance Use I January 9, 2018 REVISED:	Children, Families, and Elder Affairs Committee ar Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders January 9, 2018 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE Hendon CF Williams AHS

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 450 promotes the use of peer specialists for recovery support in behavioral health care. A "peer specialist" is an individual who has been in recovery from a substance use disorder or mental illness or a family member or caregiver who supports a person with a current substance use disorder or mental illness.

The bill revises background screening requirements for peer specialists and requires a peer specialist to be certified, or be supervised by a licensed behavioral care professional or another certified peer specialist. The bill codifies existing training program and certification requirements for peer specialists provided by the Department of Children and Families.

The overall fiscal impact of the bill on state expenditures is indeterminate. To the extent the bill increases the number of peer specialists available to provide services and providers substitute those services for other more costly behavioral health services, the state may experience lower costs for mental health and substance abuse treatment. On the other hand, to the extent such services are in addition to current services, the state may incur additional costs for such treatment. The Department of Children and Families will incur minimal costs, which can be absorbed within existing department resources, to update its in-house background screening database.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2018.

II. Present Situation:

Behavioral Health Workforce Shortage

Workforce issues for providers of substance use disorder and mental illness treatment and recovery services, which have been of concern for decades, have taken on a greater sense of urgency with the passage of recent parity and health reform legislation. The Affordable Care Act increased the number of people who are eligible for health care coverage, including behavioral health services. In addition, as screening for mental illness and substance abuse becomes more frequent in primary care, more people will need behavioral health services. Furthermore, workforce shortages will be impacted by additional demands that result from: (1) a large number of returning veterans in need of services; and (2) new state re-entry initiatives to reduce prison populations, a large majority of whom have mental or substance use disorders.

Shortages of qualified behavioral health workers, recruitment and retention of staff, and an aging workforce have long been cited as problems. Lack of workers in rural areas and the need for a workforce more reflective of the racial and ethnic composition of the U.S. population create additional barriers to accessing care for many. Recruitment and retention efforts are hampered by inadequate compensation, which discourages many from entering or remaining in the field. In addition, the misunderstanding and prejudice of persons with mental and substance use disorders can negatively affect the use of peer specialists.

Opioid Crisis

Florida has experienced an exponential growth in overdoses and deaths from overdoses from opioids.³ In 2016, Florida had 53,180 deaths from overdoses of legal and illegal opioids.⁴ The overdoses and deaths have significant social and economic impact to the state. For example, families are negatively impacted as more children must be removed from their homes due to substance use by parents.

On May 3, 2017, Governor Rick Scott, following the declaration of a national opioid epidemic by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), signed Executive Order 17-146 declaring a public health emergency across the state for the opioid epidemic in Florida.⁵ The Executive Order allowed the state to immediately draw down more than \$27 million in federal grant funding from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Opioid State Targeted Response Grant to provide prevention, treatment and recovery support services. In addition, Florida's Surgeon General Dr. Celeste Philip issued a standing order to pharmacists in Florida to

¹ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Report to Congress on the Nation's Substance Abuse and Mental Health Workforce Issues. January 24, 2013. *Available at:* https://store.samhsa.gov/shin/content//PEP13-RTC-BHWORK/PEP13-RTC-BHWORK.pdf (last visited Nov. 2, 2017). ² *Id.*

³ Jim Hall, Senior Epidemiologist, Center for Applied Research on Substance Use and Health Disparities, Nova Southeastern University. Presentation to the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services, Oct. 25, 2017. *Available at* http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Committees/2016-2018/AHS/MeetingRecords/MeetingPacket_3987.pdf (last visited Nov. 2, 2017).

⁴ *Id.*

⁵ Office of the Governor, Executive Order number 17-146. *Available at* http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/17146.pdf (last visited Nov. 2, 2017).

dispense Naloxone to emergency responders (law enforcement officers, firefighters, paramedics, and emergency medical technicians) to treat individuals showing signs of opioid overdose.

Use of Peer Specialists

Research has shown that recovery from a substance use disorder or mental illness is facilitated by the use of social support provided by peers. The most recognized form of peer support is the 12-step programs of Alcoholic Anonymous and Narcotic Anonymous. More recently, peers or peer specialists, have been used to assist persons with serious mental illnesses.

Research has identified four types of social support provided by peers:

- Emotional where a peer demonstrates empathy, caring or concern to bolster a person's self-esteem. This is often provided by peer mentoring or peer-led support groups.
- Informational where a peer shares knowledge and information to provide life or vocational skills training. Examples include parenting classes, job readiness training, and wellness seminars.
- Instrumental where a peer provides concrete assistance to help others accomplish tasks. Examples include child care, transportation and help accessing health and human services.
- Affiliational where a peer facilitates contacts with other people to promote learning of social skills, create a sense of community, and acquire a sense of belonging. Examples include staffing recovery centers, sports league participation, and alcohol or drug free socialization.⁸

The Department of Children and Families (department) Florida Peer Services Handbook defines a peer as an individual who has life experience with a mental health and/or substance use condition. Current department guidelines recommend that an individual be in recovery for at least two years to be considered for peer specialist training. In Florida, family members or caregivers may also be certified as peer specialists.

The Florida Certification Board currently offers certification with three distinct endorsements for individuals with lived experience who wish to become certified as Peer Specialists. General requirements for certification include being age 18 or older, achieving minimum education of high school diploma or equivalent, passing background screening, completing a minimum of 40 hours of training, and passing a competency exam.¹⁰

⁶ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Substance Abuse Treatment. What Are Peer Recovery Support Services? *Available at* https://store.samhsa.gov/shin/content//SMA09-4454/SMA09-4454.pdf (last visited Nov. 2, 2017).

⁷ National Public Radio. In Texas, People with Mental Illness Are Finding Work Helping Peers. July 11, 2017. http://www.npr.org/sections/health-shots/2017/07/11/536501069/in-texas-people-with-mental-illness-are-finding-work-helping-peers (last visited Nov. 2, 2017).

⁸ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Substance Abuse Treatment. What Are Peer Recovery Support Services? *Available at* https://store.samhsa.gov/shin/content//SMA09-4454/SMA09-4454.pdf (last visited Nov. 2, 2017).

⁹ Department of Children and Families, Florida Peer Services Handbook. *Available at* http://www.myflfamilies.com/service-programs/substance-abuse/publications (last visited Nov. 2, 2017).

¹⁰ SB 450 Department of Children and Families Bill Analysis. Oct. 11, 2017. On file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families and Elder Affairs.

Barriers to the Use of Peer Specialists

Currently, there is a shortage of peer specialists working within behavioral health services. As of June 2017, there were 418 individuals with active certification through the Florida Certification Board.¹¹

There are two principal barriers to the use of peer specialists. First, peer specialists often cannot pass background screening requirements in ss. 435.04 and 408.809, F.S. Persons who have recovered from a substance use disorder or mental illness often have a criminal history. 12 Common offenses may include using and selling illegal substances, prostitution, or financial fraud. Section 435.04, F.S., allows a person with a disqualifying offense identified through background screening to apply to the respective state agency head (the Secretary of the Department of Children and Families or the Secretary of the Agency for Health Care Administration) for an exemption if it has been three or more years since the person's conviction. The applicant must produce all court records regarding the convictions, letters of recommendation, evidence of their rehabilitation, education, and employment, and must also complete a questionnaire. The requirements for this exemption often deter persons from becoming peer specialists.

Second, only recently have peer specialists been reimbursed as a behavioral health care service. Medicaid billing for peer support services began in Georgia in 1999 and quickly expanded nationally in 2007 after the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) sent guidelines to states on how to be reimbursed for services delivered by peer providers. ¹³ In 2012, Georgia was approved as the first state to bill for a peer whole health and wellness service delivered by peer providers. CMS' Clarifying Guidance on Peer Services Policy from May 2013 states that any peer provider must "complete training and certification as defined by the state" before providing billable services. ¹⁴ Beginning January 1, 2014, CMS expanded the type of practitioners who can provide Medicaid prevention services beyond physicians and other licensed practitioners, at a state's discretion, which can include peer providers. ¹⁵ Florida's Medicaid program currently covers peer recovery services. The department also allows the state's behavioral health managing entities to reimburse for these services. ¹⁶

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 394.455, F.S., to define "peer specialist," as a person who has been in recovery from a substance use disorder or mental illness for the past 2 years, or a family member of such a person, and who is certified under s. 397.417, F.S. (created by section 6 of the bill).

¹¹ *Id*.

¹² Id.

¹³ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. SMDL #07-011. Aug. 15, 2007. On file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families and Elder Affairs.

 ¹⁴ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Clarifying Guidance on Peer Support Services Policy. May, 1, 2013. On file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families and Elder Affairs.
 ¹⁵ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Center for Integrated Health Solutions. Peer Providers. On file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families and Elder Affairs.
 ¹⁶ SB 450 Department of Children and Families Bill Analysis. Oct. 11, 2017. On file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families and Elder Affairs.

This is consistent with the department's definition for peer specialists and recommended recovery time, and is consistent with national standards.

Section 2 amends s. 394.4572, F.S., relating to background screening of mental health personnel. The bill conforms this statute to the requirements of the newly created s. 397.417, F.S., relating to the background screening of peer specialists.

Section 3 amends s. 394.4573, F.S., to add the use of peer specialists to the list of recovery support services as an essential element of a coordinated system of behavioral health care.

Section 4 amends s. 397.311, F.S., providing definitions in Chapter 397, F.S., relating to Substance Abuse Services, to include a definition for "peer specialist."

Section 5 amends s. 397.4073, F.S., relating to background screening for persons working with individuals with substance use disorders. The section removes provisions authorizing agency heads to exempt persons who have recovered from a substance use disorder from drug offenses that would otherwise disqualify them from providing peer recovery services. This language is no longer needed as section 6 revises background screening requirements in the newly created s. 397.417, F.S.

Section 6 creates s. 397.417, F.S., relating to behavioral health peer specialists. This section provides legislative findings that: there is a shortage of behavioral health care employees; the state is experiencing an opioid epidemic; and peers are often an effective support for persons with substance use disorders or mental illness because the peer shares common life experiences. The bill also specifies intent to expand the use of peer specialists as a cost-effective behavioral health care service.

The section sets qualifications for peer specialists and responsibilities of the department. A peer specialist must be certified and meet the background screening requirements, as well as complete a training program approved by the department. The department must develop a training program for peer specialists—with preference given to trainers who are certified peer specialists—and certify peer specialists directly or may designate a private, nonprofit certification organization to certify peer specialists, implement the training program, and administer the competency exam. The section also requires peer specialists that are providing services be supervised by a licensed behavioral health care professional or a certified peer specialist.

In addition, section 6 also provides that peer specialist services may be reimbursed as a recovery service through the department, behavioral health managing entity, or the Medicaid program.

The section specifies revised background screening requirements that differ from current law because persons who have recovered from a substance use disorder or mental illness may be more likely to have committed certain offenses.¹⁷ Under current law and department rule, peers working with persons suffering from substance use disorders must meet background screening requirements in s. 435.04, F.S. Peers working with persons suffering from mental illness must

¹⁷ SB 450 Department of Children and Families Bill Analysis. Oct. 11, 2017. On file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families and Elder Affairs.

meet the screening requirements in s. 435.04 F.S., as well as those in s. 408.409, F.S. The new screening requirements eliminate the following disqualifying offenses from current law for peer specialists:

- Misdemeanor assault, or battery (ch. 784, F.S.),
- Prostitution (ch. 796, F.S.),
- Lower level burglary offenses (s. 810.02, F.S.),
- Lower level theft and robbery offenses (ch. 812, F.S.),
- Lower level drug abuse offenses (s. 817.563 and ch. 893, F.S.),
- Mail or wire fraud (s. 817.034, F.S.),
- Insurance fraud (s. 817.234, F.S.),
- Credit card fraud (ss. 817.481, 817.60, and 817.61, F.S.),
- Identification fraud (s. 817.568, F.S.), and
- Forgery (ss. 831.01, 831.02, 831.07 and 831.09, F.S.).

Finally, the section includes a grandfather clause to allow all peer specialists certified as of the effective date of the act to be recognized as having met the requirements of this bill.

Section 7 amends s. 212.055, F.S., relating to the county public hospital surtax, to incorporate a conforming cross reference to a definition in chapter 397, F.S., relating to substance abuse.

Section 8 amends s. 394.495, F.S., relating to children's mental health care, to incorporate conforming cross references to definitions.

Section 9 amends s. 394.496, F.S., relating to mental health service planning, to incorporate conforming cross references to definitions.

Section 10 amends s. 394.9085, F.S., relating to behavioral health service provider liability, to incorporate conforming cross references to definitions.

Section 11 amends s. 397.416, F.S., relating to substance use disorder treatment services, to incorporate conforming revisions.

Section 12 amends s. 409.972, F.S., relating to enrollment in Medicaid, to incorporate a conforming cross reference.

Section 13 amends s. 440.102, F.S., relating to the drug-free workplace program, to incorporate conforming cross references to definitions.

Section 14 amends s. 744.2007, F.S., relating to public guardians, to incorporate a conforming cross reference to a definition.

Section 15 provides the bill takes effect July 1, 2018.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The bill will allow additional peer specialists to be employed to provide recovery services to persons suffering from a substance use disorder and or a mental illness. To the extent the bill increases the number of peer specialists available to provide services and providers substitute those services for other more costly behavioral health services, private insurers and Medicaid managed care plans may see a reduction in the cost of behavioral health care services. On the other hand, to the extent such services are in addition to current services, private insurers and Medicaid managed care plans may incur additional costs for such treatment.

The bill requires that peer specialists be supervised by a licensed behavioral health care professional or a licensed behavioral health care agency which may increase costs for those providers currently employing peer specialists.

The bill may result in additional background screenings if more persons apply to be peer specialists. The individual or behavioral health care provider would be charged a fee to cover the cost of the background screening. The individual may also incur a certification testing fee. However, the Department of Children and Families currently provides resources to offset such costs for individuals who may not have the ability to pay for the certification.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The state may see a reduction in the cost of behavioral health care services if more health insurance providers make use of peer specialists. This would be due to the effectiveness of peer specialists in assisting persons recovering from substance use disorders or mental illnesses and the lower cost of peer recovery services compared to other behavioral health care services.

The Department of Children and Families will incur minimal costs, which can be absorbed within existing department resources, to update its in-house background screening database.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 394.455, 394.4572, 394.4573, 397.311, and 397.4073. The bill amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes to incorporate conforming cross references in 212.055, 394.495, 394.496, 394.9085, 397.416, 409.972, 440.102, and 744.2007. This bill creates section 397.417 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Children, Families, and Elder Affairs on November 13, 2017:

- Adds a family member or caregiver of a person with a substance use disorder or mental illness to the definition of a peer specialist. This is current practice and family members presently serve as certified peer specialists in Florida.
- Allows certified peer specialists, along with licensed behavioral health care
 professionals, to supervise other peer specialists. The CS removes supervision by a
 behavioral health care agency.
- Clarifies that peer specialists must have had no felony convictions for at least 3 years and meet the background screening requirements in the bill.
- Requires peer specialists to have completed or been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by the court for any felony prior to being certified.
- Adds felony assault and battery, female genital mutilation, and robbery as offenses
 that would disqualify peer specialists. The CS clarifies that drug offenses that are first
 and second degree are disqualifying for peer specialists. Peer specialists would still be
 able to request an exemption from a state agency. The CS removes the offense of
 selling a non-controlled substance as a controlled substance from the list of
 disqualifying offenses.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By the Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; and Senator Garcia

586-01082-18 2018450c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to mental health and substance use disorders; amending s. 394.455, F.S.; defining the term "peer specialist"; amending s. 394.4572, F.S.; requiring a specific level of screening for peer specialists working in mental health programs and facilities; amending s. 394.4573, F.S.; specifying that the use of peer specialists for recovery support is an essential element of a coordinated system of behavioral health care; amending s. 397.311, F.S.; defining the term "peer specialist"; amending s. 397.4073, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 397.417, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; authorizing a person to seek certification as a peer specialist if he or she meets specified qualifications; requiring a background screening, completion of a training program, and a passing score on a competency exam for a qualified person to obtain certification as a peer specialist; requiring the Department of Children and Families to develop a training program for peer specialists and give preference to trainers who are certified peer specialists; requiring the training program to coincide with a competency exam and be based on current practice standards; requiring the department to certify peer specialists directly or by designating a nonprofit certification organization; requiring that a person providing peer specialist services be certified or supervised by a licensed

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Florida Senate - 2018 CS for SB 450

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30	behavioral health care professional or a certified
31	peer specialist; authorizing the department, a
32	behavioral health managing entity, or the Medicaid
33	program to reimburse a peer specialist service as a
34	recovery service; encouraging Medicaid managed care
35	plans to use peer specialists in providing recovery
36	services; requiring peer specialists to meet the
37	requirements of a background screening as a condition
38	of employment and continued employment; authorizing
39	the department or the Agency for Health Care
40	Administration to require by rule that fingerprints be
41	submitted electronically to the Department of Law
42	Enforcement; authorizing the department or the agency
43	to contract with certain vendors for fingerprinting;
44	specifying requirements for vendors; specifying
45	offenses to be considered in the background screening
46	of a peer specialist; authorizing a person who does
47	not meet background screening requirements to request
48	an exemption from disqualification from the department
49	or the agency; providing that all peer specialists
50	certified as of the effective date of this act are
51	recognized as having met the requirements of this act;
52	amending ss. 212.055, 394.495, 394.496, 394.9085,
53	397.416, 409.972, 440.102, and 744.2007, F.S.;
54	conforming cross-references; making technical changes;
55	providing an effective date.
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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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586-01082-18 2018450c1

Section 1. Present subsections (32) through (48) of section 394.455, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (33) through (49), respectively, and a new subsection (32) is added to that section, to read:

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394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(32) "Peer specialist" means a person who has been in recovery from a substance use disorder or mental illness for the past 2 years or a family member or caregiver of a person with a substance use disorder or mental illness and who is certified under s. 397.417.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 394.4572, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4572 Screening of mental health personnel.-

(1) (a) The department and the Agency for Health Care Administration shall require level 2 background screening pursuant to chapter 435 for mental health personnel. "Mental health personnel" includes all program directors, professional clinicians, staff members, and volunteers working in public or private mental health programs and facilities who have direct contact with individuals held for examination or admitted for mental health treatment. For purposes of this chapter, employment screening of mental health personnel also includes, but is not limited to, employment screening as provided under chapter 435 and s. 408.809. The department and the Agency for Health Care Administration shall require a level 2 background screening pursuant to s. 397.417(5) for persons working as peer specialists in public or private mental health programs or facilities who have direct contact with individuals held for involuntary examination or admitted for mental health treatment.

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 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 CS for SB 450

586-01082-18 2018450c1 Section 3. Paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section

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394.4573, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 90 394.4573 Coordinated system of care; annual assessment; essential elements; measures of performance; system improvement grants; reports.—On or before December 1 of each year, the 93 department shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives an assessment of the behavioral health services in this state. The assessment shall consider, at a minimum, the extent to which 96 designated receiving systems function as no-wrong-door models, the availability of treatment and recovery services that use recovery-oriented and peer-involved approaches, the availability of less-restrictive services, and the use of evidence-informed 100 101 practices. The department's assessment shall consider, at a minimum, the needs assessments conducted by the managing 103 entities pursuant to s. 394.9082(5). Beginning in 2017, the department shall compile and include in the report all plans 104 105 submitted by managing entities pursuant to s. 394.9082(8) and 106 the department's evaluation of each plan. 107

- (2) The essential elements of a coordinated system of care include:
- (1) Recovery support, including, but not limited to, the use of peer specialists as described in s. 397.417 to assist in the individual's recovery from a substance use disorder or mental illness, support for competitive employment, educational attainment, independent living skills development, family support and education, wellness management and self-care, and assistance in obtaining housing that meets the individual's needs. Such housing may include mental health residential

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117 treatment facilities, limited mental health assisted living 118 facilities, adult family care homes, and supportive housing. 119 Housing provided using state funds must provide a safe and 120 decent environment free from abuse and neglect. 121 Section 4. Present subsections (30) through (49) of section 122 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (31) 123 through (50), respectively, and a new subsection (30) is added 124 to that section, to read: 125 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part 126 VIII, the term: 127 (30) "Peer specialist" means a person who has been in recovery from a substance use disorder or mental illness for the 128 129 past 2 years or a family member or caregiver of a person with a 130 substance use disorder or mental illness and who is certified 131 under s. 397.417. 132 Section 5. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4) of 133 section 397.4073, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 134 397.4073 Background checks of service provider personnel.-135 (4) EXEMPTIONS FROM DISQUALIFICATION.-136 (b) Since rehabilitated substance abuse impaired persons 137 are effective in the successful treatment and rehabilitation of 138 individuals with substance use disorders, for service providers 139 which treat adolescents 13 years of age and older, service 140 provider personnel whose background checks indicate crimes under 141 s. 817.563, s. 893.13, or s. 893.147 may be exempted from 142 disqualification from employment pursuant to this paragraph. 143 (c) The department may grant exemptions from 144 disqualification which would limit service provider personnel to working with adults in substance use disorder abuse treatment 145

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CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2018 CS for SB 450

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146	facilities.
147	Section 6. Section 397.417, Florida Statutes, is created to
148	read:
149	397.417 Behavioral health peer specialists
150	(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT
151	(a) The Legislature finds that:
152	1. The ability to provide adequate behavioral health
153	services is limited by a shortage of professionals and
154	paraprofessionals.
155	2. The state is experiencing an increase in opioid
156	addictions, which prove fatal to persons in many cases.
157	3. Peer specialists provide effective support services
158	because they share common life experiences with the persons they
159	assist.
160	4. Peer specialists promote a sense of community among
161	those in recovery.
162	5. Research has shown that peer support facilitates
163	recovery and reduces health care costs.
164	6. Peer specialists may have a criminal history that
165	prevents them from meeting background screening requirements.
166	(b) The Legislature intends to expand the use of peer
167	specialists as a cost-effective means of providing services by
168	ensuring that peer specialists meet specified qualifications,
169	meet modified background screening requirements, and are
170	adequately reimbursed for their services.
171	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—
172	(a) A person may seek certification as a peer specialist if
173	$\underline{\text{he or she has been in recovery from a substance use disorder or}}$
174	mental illness for the past 2 years or if he or she is a family

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586-01082-18 2018450c1 175 member or caregiver of a person with a substance use disorder or 176 mental illness. 177 (b) To obtain certification as a peer specialist, a person 178 must meet the background screening requirements of subsection (5), complete the training program, and achieve a passing score 179 180 on the competency exam described in paragraph (3)(a). 181 (3) DUTIES OF THE DEPARTMENT.-182 (a) The department must develop a training program for 183 persons seeking certification as peer specialists. The 184 department must give preference to trainers who are certified 185 peer specialists. The training program must coincide with a competency exam and be based on current practice standards. 186 187 (b) The department shall certify peer specialists. The 188 department may certify peer specialists directly or may 189 designate a private, nonprofit certification organization to 190 certify peer specialists, implement the training program, and

- (c) The department must require that a person providing peer specialist services be certified or be supervised by a licensed behavioral health care professional or a certified peer specialist.
- (4) PAYMENT.—Peer specialist services may be reimbursed as a recovery service through the department, a behavioral health managing entity, or the Medicaid program. Medicaid managed care plans are encouraged to use peer specialists in providing recovery services.
 - (5) BACKGROUND SCREENING.-

administer the competency exam.

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(a) All peer specialists must have completed or been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or any

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i i	586-01082-18 2018450c1
204	nonmonetary condition imposed by the court for any felony and
205	must undergo a background screening as a condition of employment
206	and continued employment. The background screening must include
207	fingerprinting for statewide criminal history records checks
208	through the Department of Law Enforcement and national criminal
209	history records checks through the Federal Bureau of
210	Investigation. The background screening may include local
211	criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies.
212	(b) The department or the Agency for Health Care
213	Administration, as applicable, may require by rule that
214	fingerprints submitted pursuant to this section be submitted
215	electronically to the Department of Law Enforcement.
216	(c) The department or the Agency for Health Care
217	Administration, as applicable, may contract with one or more
218	vendors to perform all or part of the electronic fingerprinting
219	pursuant to this section. Such contracts must ensure that the
220	owners and personnel of the vendor performing the electronic
221	fingerprinting are qualified and will ensure the integrity and
222	security of all personal identifying information.
223	(d) Vendors who submit fingerprints on behalf of employers
224	must:
225	1. Meet the requirements of s. 943.053; and
226	2. Have the ability to communicate electronically with the
227	department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as
228	applicable, accept screening results from the Department of Law
229	Enforcement and provide the applicant's full first name, middle
230	initial, and last name; social security number or individual
231	taxpayer identification number; date of birth; mailing address;
232	sex; and race.

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(e) The background screening under this section must ensure that a peer specialist has not, during the previous 3 years, been arrested for and is awaiting final disposition of, been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, or been adjudicated delinquent and the record has not been sealed or expunged for, any felony.

- (f) The background screening under this section must ensure that a peer specialist has not been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, or been adjudicated delinquent and the record has not been sealed or expunged for, any offense prohibited under any of the following state laws or similar laws of another jurisdiction:
- 2. Section 394.4593, relating to sexual misconduct with certain mental health patients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.
 - 3. Section 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud.
- 4. Section 415.111, relating to adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation of aged persons or disabled adults.
 - 5. Section 741.28, relating to domestic violence.
- 6. Section 777.04, relating to attempts, solicitation, and conspiracy to commit an offense listed in this section.
 - 7. Section 782.04, relating to murder.
- 8. Section 782.07, relating to manslaughter, aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult, aggravated manslaughter of a child, or aggravated manslaughter of an officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a

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262	paramedic.		
263	9. Section 782.071, relating to vehicular homicide.		
264	10. Section 782.09, relating to killing of an unborn child		
265	by injury to the mother.		
266	11. Chapter 784, relating to assault, battery, and culpable		
267	negligence, if the offense was a felony.		
268	12. Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping.		
269	13. Section 787.02, relating to false imprisonment.		
270	14. Section 787.025, relating to luring or enticing a		
271	child.		
272	15. Section 787.04(2), relating to leading, taking,		
273	enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or		
274	concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending		
275	<pre>custody proceedings.</pre>		
276	16. Section 787.04(3), relating to leading, taking,		
277	enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or		
278	concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending		
279	dependency proceedings or proceedings concerning alleged abuse		
280	or neglect of a minor.		
281	17. Section 790.115(1), relating to exhibiting firearms or		
282	weapons within 1,000 feet of a school.		
283	18. Section 790.115(2)(b), relating to possessing an		
284	electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon		
285	on school property.		
286	19. Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery.		
287	20. Former s. 794.041, relating to prohibited acts of		
288	persons in familial or custodial authority.		
289	21. Section 794.05, relating to unlawful sexual activity		
290	with certain minors.		

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291	22. Section 794.08, relating to female genital mutilation.
292	23. Section 798.02, relating to lewd and lascivious
293	behavior.
294	24. Chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent
295	exposure.
296	25. Section 806.01, relating to arson.
297	26. Section 810.02, relating to burglary, if the offense
298	was a felony of the first degree.
299	27. Section 810.14, relating to voyeurism, if the offense
300	was a felony.
301	28. Section 810.145, relating to video voyeurism, if the
302	offense was a felony.
303	29. Section 812.13, relating to robbery.
304	30. Section 812.131, relating to robbery by sudden
305	<pre>snatching.</pre>
306	31. Section 812.133, relating to carjacking.
307	32. Section 812.135, relating to home-invasion robbery.
308	33. Section 817.50, relating to fraudulently obtaining
309	goods or services from a health care provider and false reports
310	of a communicable disease.
311	34. Section 817.505, relating to patient brokering.
312	35. Section 825.102, relating to abuse, aggravated abuse,
313	or neglect of an elderly person or disabled adult.
314	36. Section 825.1025, relating to lewd or lascivious
315	offenses committed upon or in the presence of an elderly person
316	or disabled person.
317	37. Section 825.103, relating to exploitation of an elderly
318	person or disabled adult, if the offense was a felony.
319	38. Section 826.04, relating to incest.

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320	39. Section 827.03, relating to child abuse, aggravated
321	child abuse, or neglect of a child.
322	40. Section 827.04, relating to contributing to the
323	delinquency or dependency of a child.
324	41. Former s. 827.05, relating to negligent treatment of
325	children.
326	42. Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by a
327	child.
328	43. Section 831.30, relating to fraud in obtaining
329	medicinal drugs.
330	44. Section 831.31, relating to sale, manufacture,
331	delivery, possession with intent to sell, manufacture, or
332	deliver any counterfeit controlled substance if the offense was
333	a felony.
334	45. Section 843.01, relating to resisting arrest with
335	violence.
336	46. Section 843.025, relating to depriving a law
337	enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer
338	means of protection or communication.
339	47. Section 843.12, relating to aiding in an escape.
340	48. Section 843.13, relating to aiding in the escape of
341	juvenile inmates of correctional institutions.
342	49. Chapter 847, relating to obscene literature.
343	50. Section 874.05, relating to encouraging or recruiting
344	another to join a criminal gang.
345	51. Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and
346	control, if the offense was a felony of the second degree or
347	greater severity.
348	52. Section 895.03, relating to racketeering and collection

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349	of unlawful debts.
350	53. Section 896.101, relating to the Florida Money
351	Laundering Act.
352	54. Section 916.1075, relating to sexual misconduct with
353	certain forensic clients and reporting of such sexual
354	misconduct.
355	55. Section 944.35(3), relating to inflicting cruel or
356	inhuman treatment on an inmate resulting in great bodily harm.
357	56. Section 944.40, relating to escape.
358	57. Section 944.46, relating to harboring, concealing, or
359	aiding an escaped prisoner.
360	58. Section 944.47, relating to introduction of contraband
361	into a correctional facility.
362	59. Section 985.701, relating to sexual misconduct in
363	juvenile justice programs.
364	60. Section 985.711, relating to contraband introduced into
365	detention facilities.
366	(6) EXEMPTION REQUESTS.—Persons who wish to become a peer
367	specialist and are disqualified under subsection (5) may request
368	an exemption from disqualification pursuant to s. 435.07 from
369	the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as
370	applicable.
371	(7) GRANDFATHER CLAUSE.—All peer specialists certified as
372	of the effective date of this act are recognized as having met
373	the requirements of this act.
374	Section 7. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section
375	212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
376	212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent;
377	authorization and use of proceedsIt is the legislative intent

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378 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 379 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 380 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the 381 levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 382 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 383 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 384 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 386 387 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 388 provided in s. 212.054.

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- (5) COUNTY PUBLIC HOSPITAL SURTAX.—Any county as defined in s. 125.011(1) may levy the surtax authorized in this subsection pursuant to an ordinance either approved by extraordinary vote of the county commission or conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting in a referendum. In a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), for the purposes of this subsection, "county public general hospital" means a general hospital as defined in s. 395.002 which is owned, operated, maintained, or governed by the county or its agency, authority, or public health trust.
- (e) A governing board, agency, or authority shall be chartered by the county commission upon this act becoming law. The governing board, agency, or authority shall adopt and implement a health care plan for indigent health care services. The governing board, agency, or authority shall consist of no more than seven and no fewer than five members appointed by the county commission. The members of the governing board, agency, or authority shall be at least 18 years of age and residents of

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the county. A No member may not be employed by or affiliated with a health care provider or the public health trust, agency, or authority responsible for the county public general hospital. The following community organizations shall each appoint a representative to a nominating committee: the South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Miami-Dade County Public Health Trust, the Dade County Medical Association, the Miami-Dade County Homeless Trust, and the Mayor of Miami-Dade County. This committee shall nominate between 10 and 14 county citizens for the governing board, agency, or authority. The slate shall be presented to the county commission and the county commission shall confirm the top five to seven nominees, depending on the size of the governing board. Until such time as the governing board, agency, or authority is created, the funds provided for in subparagraph (d)2. shall be placed in a restricted account set aside from other county funds and not disbursed by the county for any other purpose.

- 1. The plan shall divide the county into a minimum of four and maximum of six service areas, with no more than one participant hospital per service area. The county public general hospital shall be designated as the provider for one of the service areas. Services shall be provided through participants' primary acute care facilities.
- 2. The plan and subsequent amendments to it shall fund a defined range of health care services for both indigent persons and the medically poor, including primary care, preventive care, hospital emergency room care, and hospital care necessary to stabilize the patient. For the purposes of this section, "stabilization" means stabilization as defined in s. 397.311 s-

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586-01082-18 2018450c1 436 397.311(45). Where consistent with these objectives, the plan 437 may include services rendered by physicians, clinics, community 438 hospitals, and alternative delivery sites, as well as at least one regional referral hospital per service area. The plan shall 440 provide that agreements negotiated between the governing board, 441 agency, or authority and providers shall recognize hospitals that render a disproportionate share of indigent care, provide other incentives to promote the delivery of charity care to draw 444 down federal funds where appropriate, and require cost 445 containment, including, but not limited to, case management. From the funds specified in subparagraphs (d)1. and 2. for 447 indigent health care services, service providers shall receive 448 reimbursement at a Medicaid rate to be determined by the 449 governing board, agency, or authority created pursuant to this paragraph for the initial emergency room visit, and a per-member 451 per-month fee or capitation for those members enrolled in their service area, as compensation for the services rendered 452 453 following the initial emergency visit. Except for provisions of 454 emergency services, upon determination of eligibility, 455 enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred at the time services 456 were rendered. The provisions for specific reimbursement of 457 emergency services shall be repealed on July 1, 2001, unless 458 otherwise reenacted by the Legislature. The capitation amount or 459 rate shall be determined before program implementation by an 460 independent actuarial consultant. In no event shall such 461 reimbursement rates exceed the Medicaid rate. The plan must also 462 provide that any hospitals owned and operated by government 463 entities on or after the effective date of this act must, as a condition of receiving funds under this subsection, afford 464

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public access equal to that provided under s. 286.011 as to any meeting of the governing board, agency, or authority the subject of which is budgeting resources for the retention of charity care, as that term is defined in the rules of the Agency for Health Care Administration. The plan shall also include innovative health care programs that provide cost-effective alternatives to traditional methods of service and delivery funding.

- 3. The plan's benefits shall be made available to all county residents currently eligible to receive health care services as indigents or medically poor as defined in paragraph (4) (d).
- 4. Eligible residents who participate in the health care plan shall receive coverage for a period of 12 months or the period extending from the time of enrollment to the end of the current fiscal year, per enrollment period, whichever is less.
- 5. At the end of each fiscal year, the governing board, agency, or authority shall prepare an audit that reviews the budget of the plan, delivery of services, and quality of services, and makes recommendations to increase the plan's efficiency. The audit shall take into account participant hospital satisfaction with the plan and assess the amount of poststabilization patient transfers requested, and accepted or denied, by the county public general hospital.

Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 394.495, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.495 Child and adolescent mental health system of care; programs and services.—

(3) Assessments must be performed by:

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494	(a) A professional as defined in s. 394.455(5), (7), (33)
495	$\frac{(32)}{(36)}$, $\frac{(36)}{(35)}$, or $\frac{(37)}{(36)}$;
496	(b) A professional licensed under chapter 491; or
497	(c) A person who is under the direct supervision of a
498	qualified professional as defined in s. 394.455(5), (7), $\underline{(33)}$
499	$\frac{(32)}{(36)}$, $\frac{(36)}{(35)}$, or $\frac{(37)}{(36)}$ or a professional licensed under
500	chapter 491.
501	Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 394.496, Florida
502	Statutes, is amended to read:
503	394.496 Service planning
504	(5) A professional as defined in s. 394.455(5), (7), $\underline{(33)}$
505	$\frac{(32)}{(36)}$, $\frac{(36)}{(35)}$, or $\frac{(37)}{(36)}$ or a professional licensed under
506	chapter 491 must be included among those persons developing the
507	services plan.
508	Section 10. Subsection (6) of section 394.9085, Florida
509	Statutes, is amended to read:
510	394.9085 Behavioral provider liability
511	(6) For purposes of this section, the $\underline{\text{term}}$ $\underline{\text{terms}}$
512	"detoxification services $ au''$ has the same meaning as
513	<pre>detoxification in s. 397.311(26)(a), "addictions receiving</pre>
514	facility r'' has the same meaning as provided in s.
515	$\underline{397.311(26)(a)}$, and "receiving facility" \underline{has} \underline{have} the same
516	meaning meanings as those provided in $\underline{s. 394.455}$ ss.
517	397.311(26)(a)4., 397.311(26)(a)1., and 394.455(39),
518	respectively.
519	Section 11. Section 397.416, Florida Statutes, is amended
520	to read:
521	397.416 Substance <u>use disorder</u> abuse treatment services;
522	qualified professional.—Notwithstanding any other provision of

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law, a person who was certified through a certification process recognized by the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services before January 1, 1995, may perform the duties of a qualified professional with respect to substance <u>use</u> abuse treatment services as defined in this chapter, and need not meet

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Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 409.972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

the certification requirements contained in s. 397.311(35) s.

409.972 Mandatory and voluntary enrollment.-

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397.311(34).

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- (1) The following Medicaid-eligible persons are exempt from mandatory managed care enrollment required by s. 409.965, and may voluntarily choose to participate in the managed medical assistance program:
- (b) Medicaid recipients residing in residential commitment facilities operated through the Department of Juvenile Justice or $\underline{\text{in}}$ a treatment facility as defined in $\underline{\text{s. 394.455}}$ $\underline{\text{s.}}$ $\underline{\text{394.455}}$ (47).

Section 13. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (1) of section 440.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirements.—The following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency for Health Care Administration:

- (d) "Drug rehabilitation program" means a service provider as defined in s. 397.311 which, established pursuant to s. 397.311(43), that provides confidential, timely, and expert

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identification, assessment, and resolution of employee drug 553 abuse. 554 (g) "Employee assistance program" means an established program capable of providing expert assessment of employee 556 personal concerns; confidential and timely identification services with regard to employee drug abuse; referrals of 557 employees for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and assistance; 558 559 and followup services for employees who participate in the program or require monitoring after returning to work. If, in 560 561 addition to the above activities, an employee assistance program 562 provides diagnostic and treatment services, these services shall in all cases be provided by service providers as defined in s. 563 397.311 pursuant to s. 397.311(43). 564 565 Section 14. Subsection (7) of section 744.2007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 567 744.2007 Powers and duties.-568 (7) A public guardian may not commit a ward to a treatment facility, as defined in s. $394.455 ext{ s. } ext{ } ext{394.455} ext{ } ext{(47)}$, without an 569

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Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

involuntary placement proceeding as provided by law.

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The Florida Senate State Senator René García

36th District

Please reply to:

☐ District Office:

1490 West 68 Street Suite # 201 Hialeah, FL. 33014 Phone# (305) 364-3100

November 15, 2017

The Honorable Anitere Flores Chair, Health and Human Services Appropriations Committee 201 Capitol Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Senator Flores,

Please have this letter serve as my formal request to have CS/SB 450: Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders be heard during the next scheduled Health and Human Services Appropriations Committee Meeting. Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Sincerely,

State Senator René García

District 36

Phil Williams CC:

Tonya Kidd

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting) 450
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Mental Health	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Alisa LaPolt (Ah LEE sa)	_
Job Title Executive Director	_
Address Street PO Box 961	Phone 671-4445
Tallahasse Ft	Email namiflorida. 09
	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing National Alliance on Mental:	ILLIAESS
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	• •

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

1/10/2018			SB 450
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic mental health and substance	use		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Shane Messer			-
Job Title Legislative Affairs Director			-
Address 316 East Park			Phone 850-322-6693
Street Tallahassee	FL	32301	Email shane@fccmh.org
City	State	Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information		Speaking: In Support Against Air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Council f	or Behavioral Healtho	care	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes ✓ No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be a			I persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record	for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

1-16-16 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Seriator of Seriate Professional State	SB 450
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name MAYC FONTAINE	
Job Title CEO	
	Phone878-2196
	Email Martane of adaa.org
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair	eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLONIDA BEHAVING HEALTH ASSO	
	red with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons **a**s possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepare	d By: The Profession	nal Staff of the Approp	riations Subcommi	tee on Health and Human Services
BILL:	PCS/SB 622 (452688)			
NTRODUCER:	Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services and Senator Grimsle			
UBJECT: Health Care Facility Regulation				
DATE:	January 12, 201	18 REVISED:		
ANALYST				
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
ANAL . Looke	_	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE HP	ACTION Favorable
. Looke	S		_	
. Looke	S	tovall	HP	Favorable

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

PCS/SB 622 amends numerous provisions related to the regulation of health care facilities by the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA or agency). The bill's provisions include, but are not limited to:

- Eliminating obsolete language and terms such as mobile surgical facility and provisions
 related to specialty definitions for rural hospitals, and certificate of need requirements for
 hospitals wanting to add adult open-heart services.
- Eliminating the requirement that health care facility risk managers be licensed by the state.
- Amending various statutes related to home health agencies, nurse registries, assisted living facilities (ALF), and general licensing requirements.
- Exempting certain hospitals from volume requirements needed to provide Level I adult cardiovascular services (ACS).
- Specifying training that staff must have in hospitals providing ACS if the experience was not obtained in a hospital with a surgical center.
- Repealing the subscriber assistance program.
- Repealing state licensure of clinical laboratories in favor of deferring to federal requirements.
- Eliminating both statewide and district Ombudsman Committees.

The bill will reduce state revenues by approximately \$2.05 million annually as a result of the elimination of the risk manager application fees and the clinical laboratory licensing fees. This

includes reductions of \$1.6 million from the Health Care Trust Fund in ACHA, \$0.3 million from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund in the Department of Health and \$0.15 million from the General Revenue Fund.

The bill becomes effective on July 1, 2018.

II. Present Situation:

The Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) is created in s. 20.42, F.S, as the chief health policy and planning entity for the state and is responsible for, among other things, health facility licensure, inspection, and regulatory enforcement. AHCA licenses or certifies and regulates 40 different types of health care providers, including hospitals, nursing homes, ALFs, and home health agencies. In total, the agency licenses, certifies, regulates or provides exemptions for more than 42,000 providers. ¹

Generally applicable provisions of health care provider licensure are addressed in the Health Care Licensing Procedures Act in part II of ch. 408, F.S. Additional chapters or sections in the Florida Statutes provide specific licensure or regulatory requirements pertaining to health care providers in this state. ²

Due to the many diverse issues addressed by the bill, pertinent background is provided within the **Effect of Proposed Changes** portion of this analysis for the reader's convenience.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 622 amends numerous statutes related to the AHCA.

Public Health Trust Facilities

Section 2 creates s. 154.13, F.S., to specify that any designated facility owned or operated by a public health trust and located within the boundaries of a municipality is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the county creating the public health trust and not within the municipality's jurisdiction. The Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County is the only public health trust which owns/operates health care providers. Jackson Health System consists of three hospitals: Jackson Memorial, Jackson North Medical Center and Jackson South Community Hospital. These are the only hospitals owned by a public health trust, Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County. According to the license information, there is also a nursing home, Jackson Memorial Perdue Medical Center and five hospital-based clinical laboratories that are part of Jackson Health System.³

¹ See the Agency for Health Care Administration, *Division of Health Quality Assurance*, available at: http://ahca.myflorida.com/MCHQ/index.shtml (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).

² See s. 408.802, F.S., for the health care provider types and applicable licensure statutes.

³ Agency for Health Care Administration, *Senate Bill 622 Analysis* (Nov. 15, 2017) (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy.)

Birth Centers

Section 16 amends s. 383.313, F.S., to require that any birthing center that performs laboratory tests on its patients must be federally certified by the Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) and federal rules adopted thereunder. Currently, birthing centers are exempt from the requirement to be licensed as a clinical laboratory under part I of ch. 483, F.S., if the birth center has no more than five physicians and the tests are conducted exclusively for the diagnosis and treatment of clients of the birth center.

Section 18 repeals s. 383.335, F.S., which provides obsolete exemptions to certain rules related to birth centers. Currently, no providers meet these exemptions.⁵

Mobile Surgical Facilities

Sections 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 60, and 122 amend ss. 395.001, 395.002, 395.003, 395.0161, 395.0163, 408.036, and 766.118, F.S., respectively, to repeal obsolete provisions related to mobile surgical facilities. No license has been issued for a mobile surgical facility and none are anticipated. The Florida Department of Corrections operates one hospital: Reception and Medical Center Hospital in Lake Butler. The hospital does not offer surgical services directly to its inmates, but contracts with U.S. Medical Group, Inc., via its licensed Ambulatory Surgical Center, Modular Freestanding Surgery Center. This Ambulatory Surgical Center has been licensed since September, 24, 2002, and is stationary on the premises of the correctional facility. A separate license type is not needed in order to meet the surgical needs of the inmate population.⁶

Alternate-Site Testing

Section 26 creates s. 395.0091, F.S., to define the term "alternate-site testing" to mean any laboratory testing done under the administrative control of a hospital, but performed out the of physical or administrative confines of the hospital's central laboratory. This section also requires the AHCA, in consultation with the Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, to adopt rules for criteria for alternate-site testing. The section establishes minimum criteria the rules must address and requires alternate-site testing locations to register when the associated hospital applies to renew its license. This change will keep the requirements in place for alternate-site testing after the repeal of provisions related to clinical laboratory state licensure.⁷

Deregulation of Risk Managers

Current law requires every hospital, ambulatory surgical center, and Health Maintenance Organization providing direct services to employ a state licensed health care risk manager to oversee the facility's risk management program. No other state requires licensure of risk managers. Other Florida licensed facilities such as nursing homes are not required to employ a licensed risk manager and can employ anyone meeting the facility's qualifications for their risk manager positions.

⁴ Part I of ch. 483, F.S., is repealed in this bill.

⁵ Supra note 3

⁶ Supra note 3

⁷ Supra note 3

The health care risk manager licensure requirements have multiple pathways, including being licensed as a health care professional such as a nurse, respiratory therapist, physical therapist or emergency medical technician. Physician assistants and other professions licensed by the Florida Department of Health may not qualify unless they also meet another pathway. There are no licensure examinations, no continuing education requirements, and no method for the agency to determine a licensee's continued competency in health care risk management. Licensees are required to renew their license biennially. As there are no requalification requirements to renew a license, the process involves verification of contact information, employment, if applicable, and background screening status. Professional certification is available through the American Society for Healthcare Risk Management, but is not required for licensure.

The agency currently licenses 2,458 health care risk managers, of which only 602 (24.5 percent) report working in a licensed capacity for at least one hospital or ambulatory surgical center. A licensed health care risk manager may also appoint an unlicensed delegate to assist with risk management functions. On-the-job training is a common pathway to licensure. On average for the past 5 years, approximately 174 initial applications are received and 181 licensees fail to renew each year. Roughly 50 of the 1,200 applications (initial and renewal) reviewed each year are withdrawn from consideration because the applicant does not submit all of the required documentation.⁸

Sections 29, 34, 92, and 115 amend ss. 395.0197, 395.10973, 458.307, and 641.55, F.S., respectively and sections 32, 33, 35, and 36 repeal ss. 395.10971, 395.10972, 395.10974, and 395.10975, F.S., respectively, to eliminate the requirement that health care facility risk managers be licensed by the state. The bill continues to require risk managers and that risk managers demonstrate competence in specified areas, as determined by each health care facility. The bill eliminates all provisions related to licensure of risk managers by the AHCA but continues to require the AHCA to develop a model risk management program for health care facilities that will satisfy the requirements of s. 395.0197, F.S.

Complaint Investigation Procedures

Section 30 repeals s. 395.1046, F.S., relating to the complaint investigation procedures for alleged violation of the emergency access to care provisions found in s. 395.1041, F.S. The state's emergency access to care provisions are similar to the federal Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act, commonly known as EMTALA. The agency enforces the emergency access to care requirements through the uniform complaint investigation procedure used for all license types and these complaints are given top priority. Section 395.1046, F.S., duplicates the complaint investigation procedures found in the general licensing provisions in part II of ch. 408, F.S. Also, s. 395.1046, F.S., provides confidentiality protections and a public records exemption

⁸ Supra note 3

⁹ EMTALA, also known as the patient antidumping statute, was passed in 1986 as part of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), Public Law 99–272. Section 1867 of the Act sets forth requirements for medical screening examinations for individuals who come to the emergency department of a hospital and request examination or treatment for an emergency medical condition, regardless of ability to pay. The statute further provides that, if a hospital finds that such an individual has an emergency medical condition, it is obligated to provide that individual with either necessary stabilizing treatment or an appropriate transfer to another medical facility. *See* the CMS.gov website at: https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Legislation/EMTALA/index.html (last visited Dec. 1, 2017).

for the results in the investigation report, which the agency proposes is an unnecessary level of confidentiality. 10

AHCA Rules for Certain Healthcare Services

Section 31 amends s. 395.1055, F.S., to require the agency to adopt rules to ensure that all hospitals providing organ transplantation, neonatal intensive care services, inpatient psychiatric services, inpatient substance abuse services, or comprehensive medical rehabilitation meet the minimum licensure requirements adopted by the agency. The licensure requirement must include quality of care, nurse staffing, physician staffing, physical plant, equipment, emergency transportation, and data reporting standards. The section also requires the AHCA to mandate level 2 background screening for personnel of distinct part nursing units of hospitals.

Repealing Obsolete Provisions Relating to Rural Hospitals

Section 37 amends s. 395.602, F.S., relating to rural hospitals, to remove the definitions of "emergency care hospital," "essential access community hospital," "inactive rural hospital bed," and "rural primary care hospital." These definitions relate to obsolete rural hospital programs that are no longer available or applicable to rural hospitals. Hospitals are authorized to make changes to their bed inventory at will so there is no longer a need to maintain an inventory of inactive rural hospital beds for CON purposes. ¹¹ Additionally, this section amends the definition of "rural hospital" to limit the number of beds to 175 that a hospital classified as a sole community hospital under 42 C.F.R. s. 412.92 may have in order to be considered a rural hospital. Current law classifies a sole community hospital as a rural hospital regardless of the number of beds. ¹²

Section 38 amends s. 395.603, F.S., to remove provisions relating to the deactivation of general hospital beds in order to seek licensure for programs that are now obsolete.

Section 39 repeals s. 395.604, F.S., relating to licensing hospitals for these obsolete programs.

Section 40 repeals s. 395.605, F.S., relating to licensing emergency care hospitals which is now an obsolete program.

Hospital Annual Assessments

Sections 41 and 64 amend ss. 395.701 and 408.20, F.S., relating to hospital assessments on inpatient and outpatient services. Current law excludes hospitals operated by the agency or the DOC. The bill expands the exclusion to any hospital operated by a state agency, to specifically exclude hospitals operated by the Department of Children and Families.¹³

¹⁰ Supra note 3

¹¹ Supra note 3

¹² Currently, no rural hospital has over 100 beds. See Florida Health Finder list of rural hospitals, available at http://www.floridahealthfinder.gov/facilitylocator/ListFacilities.aspx, (last visited on Dec. 1, 2017).

¹³ Supra note 3.

Nursing Homes

Section 43 amends s. 400.0625, F.S., to delete language that required a nursing home to accept clinical laboratory tests performed by a clinical laboratory prior to admission in lieu of routine examinations and any clinical laboratory tests ordered by a physician as required upon admission. This section also conforms provisions to the repeal of part I of ch. 483, F.S.

Section 44 amends s. 400.191, F.S., to require the AHCA to post nursing home survey and deficiency information that is older than 30 months in its nursing home guide.

Home Health Agencies

Home health agencies are health care providers that provide skilled services (by nurses, therapists, and social workers) and/or unskilled services (by home health aides, certified nursing assistants, homemaker, and companions) to patients in their homes. A home health agency may also provide staffing to health care facilities on a temporary basis.¹⁴

Section 45 amends s. 400.464, F.S., to require that any license issued for a home health agency on or after July 1, 2018, must specify the services that the home health agency is authorized to perform. Any advertising or provision of services by the home health agency that the home health agency is not licensed to perform constitutes unlicensed activity. The section eliminates a 10-day grace period for the cessation of unlicensed activity after receiving notification of such from the AHCA and ties penalties for unlicensed activity to s. 408.812, F.S. ¹⁵ The section also authorizes a voluntary process for applying for a certificate of exemption from licensure for a person providing home health services who is exempt from licensure as a home health agency. The agency may charge a fee of \$100 or the actual cost of processing this certificate. The certificate of exemption is valid for up to 2 years.

Section 46 amends s. 400.471, F.S., to require application for a change of ownership or for the addition of skilled services. Applicants for license renewal no longer need to provide volume data. Under this section, evidence of contingency funding refers to the general licensing provisions in part II of ch. 408, F.S., to eliminate an inconsistency between the two chapters. Under current law, a home health agency that is not Medicare or Medicaid certified and does not provide skilled care is exempt from providing proof of accreditation. This section provides the exemption only if the home health agency does not provide skilled care. The section further clarifies that the accrediting organization must be recognized by the agency, the survey must demonstrate compliance with Florida laws pertaining to home health agencies and must be continuously maintained.

Sections 46 and 47 amend ss. 400.471 and 400.474, F.S., respectively, to clarify that a licensed home health agency must provide the services specified in the written agreement with the patient except in emergency situations that are beyond the provider's control that make it impossible to provide the services.

¹⁴ Home Health Agencies, AHCA webpage, available at http://ahca.myflorida.com/MCHQ/Health_Facility_Regulation/Home_Care/HHA/index.shtml, (last visited on Nov. 29, 2017).

¹⁵ Section 408.812, F.S., prohibits unlicensed activity and provides penalties for violations including fines of up to \$1,000 a day, injunctive relief, and potential application of licensure violations as if the operator were licensed.

Section 48 amends s. 400.476, F.S., to require a home health agency that provides skilled nursing care to have a director of nursing. Current law exempts a home health agency from this requirement if it is Medicare or Medicaid certified or provides only physical, occupational, or speech therapy. This exemption is repealed.

Section 49 amends s. 400.484, F.S., renaming deficiencies as violations with respect to providing care by home health agencies and tying these violations to the general licensing provisions for health care facilities in part II of ch. 408, F.S.

Nurse Registries

As of October 1, 2017, there were 593 nurse registries licensed by the agency responsible for securing health-care-related contracts for private duty (in home) or health care facility staffing services by independently contracted caregivers within Florida.

In accordance with s. 400.506(5)(a), F.S., the continued operation of an unlicensed nurse registry for more than 10 days after agency notification is considered a second degree misdemeanor. Each day of continued non-compliance is considered a separate offense, with each offense carrying the potential for imprisonment of up to 60 days. In addition to the criminal actions, s. 400.506(5)(b), F.S., authorizes the agency to impose a \$500 fine for each day of continued non-compliance. While it does not make unlicensed activity a criminal offense, the Health Care Licensing Procedures Act of Chapter 408, Part II, F.S., prevails over s. 400.506, F.S., and authorizes the agency to impose a \$1000 per day fine for each day of continued operation after agency notification.

Agency records show that 37 complaints alleging nurse registry unlicensed activity were filed between January 1, 2012, and present. Upon investigation, 11 of the complaints were substantiated. Of the 11 substantiated complaints, the agency imposed an administrative fine of \$46,000 for one unlicensed nurse registry that failed to discontinue operations after notification.

Nurse registries are not eligible for participation in the Medicare program and are only authorized to participate in Florida Medicaid through the Long Term Care Waiver program. Currently, s. 400.506, F.S., specifically prohibits licensed nurse registries who bill Florida Medicaid or the Medicare program from giving remuneration to certain named parties who are involved in the discharge of patients from health care facilities such as hospitals and nursing homes from which the registry receives referrals. Likewise, a nurse registry is prohibited from giving remuneration to physicians, physicians' office staff members, and immediate family members of physicians if the nurse registry received a referral from the physician or his or her office within the previous 12 months.¹⁶

Section 51 amends s. 400.506, F.S., to eliminate a 10-day grace period for the cessation of unlicensed activity after receiving notification of such from the AHCA, and ties penalties for unlicensed activity to s. 408.812, F.S.¹⁷ In addition, the section removes the prohibitions on a nurse registry providing remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner, facility based staff

¹⁶ Supra note 3

¹⁷ Supra note 3

member, third party vendor, physician, member of the physician's office staff, or an immediate family member of a physician for referrals. Current law exempts nurse registries from this prohibition if they do not bill Medicare or Medicaid or share a controlling interest with any entity that bills Medicare or Medicaid. In addition to s. 400.506, F.S., s. 817.505(1)(a), F.S., makes it unlawful for any health care provider or health care facility, including nurse registries, to "offer or pay a commission, benefit, bonus, rebate, kickback, or bribe, directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, or engage in any split-fee arrangement whatsoever, to induce the referral of a patient or patronage to or from a health care provider or health care facility." The bill also clarifies that a nurse registry may not monitor, supervise, manage or train a caregiver or a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, certified nursing assistant, companion or homemaker or home health aide referred for contract under this chapter.

Hospices

Section 52 amends s. 400.606, F.S., to eliminate the requirement that applicants for hospice licensure that are existing health care providers submit a profit-loss statement and the most recent licensure inspection report. The requirement to provide a profit-loss statement is duplicative of general health care licensing statutes that require uniform proof of financial ability to operate and the requirement to provide an inspection report is unnecessary since all inspection reports are available to the public online.¹⁹

Home Medical Equipment Providers

Section 53 amends s. 400.925, F.S., to make technical clarifying changes to the definition of home medical equipment.

Section 54 amends s. 400.931, F.S., to require a licensed home medical equipment provider to notify the AHCA of a change in the general manager within the timeframes established in part II of ch. 408, F.S., which is 21 days, rather than the 45-day timeframe provided in this section of law.

Health Care Service Pools

Section 56 amends s. 400.980, F.S., to require changes of information contained on the original registration application to be submitted to the agency within the timeframes established in part II of ch. 408, F.S., rather than 14 days prior to the change as required in this section of law.

Health Care Clinic Exemptions

Section 58 amends s. 400.9935, F.S., to make certificates of exemption from licensure valid for up to 2 years. Currently, such exemptions are valid indefinitely. This change is intended to improve the integrity of the exemption process.²⁰

¹⁸ Supra note 3

¹⁹ Supra note 3

²⁰ Supra note 3

Adult Cardiovascular Services

Hospitals are regulated by the AHCA under ch. 395, F.S., and the general licensure provisions of part II of ch. 408, F.S. Hospitals are subject to the certificate of need (CON) provisions in part I of ch. 408, F.S. A CON is a written statement issued by the AHCA evidencing community need for a new, converted, expanded, or otherwise significantly modified health care facility or health service.²¹

Adult cardiovascular services (ACS), including percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI), were previously regulated through the CON program. ²² However, in 2004, the Legislature established a licensure process for adult interventional cardiology services (the predecessor terminology for ACS), dependent upon rulemaking, in lieu of the CON procedure. ²³ Among other things, that law required the rules to establish two hospital program licensure levels: a Level I program authorizing the performance of adult primary PCI for emergency patients without onsite cardiac surgery, and a Level II program authorizing the performance of PCI with onsite cardiac surgery. ²⁴ Additionally the rules must require compliance with the most recent guidelines of the American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association guidelines for staffing, physician training and experience, operating procedures, equipment, physical plant, and patient-selection criteria to ensure quality and safety. ²⁵ Current law requires that a hospital seeking a Level I program must demonstrate that it has, in the most recent 12-month period, provided a minimum of 300 adult inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations or discharged at least 300 patients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease and has a transfer agreement with a Level II hospital within 60 minutes transfer time.

The AHCA adopted rules for Level I ACS²⁶ and Level II ACS.²⁷ Staffing rules for both levels require the nursing and technical catheterization laboratory staff to meet the following:

- Be experienced in handling acutely ill patients requiring intervention or balloon pump;
- Have at least 500 hours of previous experience in dedicated cardiac interventional laboratories at a hospital with a Level II ACS program;²⁸
- Be skilled in all aspects of interventional cardiology equipment; and
- Participate in a 24-hour-per-day, 365 day-per-year call schedule.

One of the authoritative sources referenced in the AHCA's rulemaking is The American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Practice Guidelines' report:

²¹ Section 408.032(3), F.S.

²² See s. 408.036(3)(m) and (n), F.S., allowing for an exemption from the full review process for certain adult open-heart services and PCI services.

²³ Chapter 2004-383, s. 7, Laws of Fla.

²⁴ Level I and Level II ACS programs may also perform adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization in accordance with Rule 59A-3.2085(13), F.A.C. Adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization involves the insertion of a catheter into one or more heart chambers for the purpose of diagnosing cardiovascular diseases.

²⁵ See s. 408.0361(3), F.S.

²⁶ Rule 59A-3.2085(16), F.A.C.

²⁷ Rule 59A-3.2085(17), F.A.C.

²⁸ The standard in the CON exemption in s. 408.036(3)(n), F.S., for providing PCI in a hospital without an approved adult open-heart-surgery program required previous experience in dedicated interventional laboratories or surgical centers.

ACC/AHA/SCAI 2005 Guideline Update for PCI.²⁹ Table 15 in that report provides criteria for the performance of primary PCI at hospitals without onsite cardiac surgery. It states:

The nursing and technical catheterization laboratory staff must be experienced in handling acutely ill patients and must be comfortable with interventional equipment. They must have acquired experience in dedicated interventional laboratories at a surgical center.

In 2014, the Society for Cardiovascular Angiography and Interventions, the American College of Cardiology Foundation, and the American Heart Association, Inc., issued the SCAI/ACC/AHA Expert Consensus Document: 2014 Update on PCI Without On-Site Surgical Backup. 30 That report acknowledged advances and best practices in PCI performed in hospitals without onsite surgery. Table IV in that report addresses personnel requirements for PCI programs without onsite surgery. It recommends the program have experienced nursing and technical laboratory staff with training in interventional laboratories. The report does not reference a requirement that the training or experience should occur in a dedicated interventional laboratory at a surgical center.

As of October 31, 2017, there are 56 Florida hospitals providing Level I ACS services and 79 Florida hospitals providing Level II ACS services.³¹

Section 60 amends s. 408.036, F.S., to remove the exemption from certificate of need for hospitals wanting to add adult open-heart services. This exemption is no longer necessary due to the creation of licensure standards in 2004.

Section 61 amends s. 408.0361, F.S., to exempt a hospital located more than 100 road miles from the closest Level II ACS from the requirement to meet ischemic heart disease diagnosis volume requirements if the hospital demonstrates that it has, for the most recent 12-month period as reported to the agency, provided a minimum of 100 adult inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations or that, for the most recent 12-month period, it has discharged or transferred at least 300 patients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease. This change will allow Lower Keys Medical Center to become a Level I provider.³²

²⁹ Smith SC Jr, Feldman TE, Hirshfeld JW Jr, Jacobs AK, Kern MJ, King SB III, Morrison DA, O'Neill WW, Schaff HV, Whitlow PL, Williams DO. ACC/AHA/SCAI 2005 guideline update for percutaneous coronary intervention: a report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Practice Guidelines (ACC/AHA/SCAI Writing Committee to Update the 2001 Guidelines for Percutaneous Coronary Intervention). the Society for Cardiovascular Angiography and Interventions (2005), available at

http://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=3&ved=0ahUKEwizrYy2zubKAhUBfSYKHafZCiAQFggvMAI&url=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.scai.org%2Fasset.axd%3Fid%3Da1d96b40-b6c7-42e7-9b71-1090e581b58c%26t%3D634128854999430000&usg=AFQjCNF0t0334L9yMm XLA5rl0pXoCvPDw (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).

³⁰ Gregory J. Dehmer, et.al, *available at* http://circ.ahajournals.org/content/129/24/2610.full.pdf+html (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).

³¹ *See* The AHCA FloridaHealthFinder.gov *available at* http://www.floridahealthfinder.gov/facilitylocator/FacilitySearch.aspx, (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).
³² Id.

The section also requires AHCA licensure rules for hospitals providing ACS to include, at a minimum, a requirement that all nursing and technical staff have demonstrated experience in handling acutely ill patients requiring PCI in dedicated cardiac interventional laboratories or surgical centers. Currently, pursuant to AHCA rules, the experience must have been acquired in a hospital with a surgical center. The section states that, if a staff member's previous experience was in a dedicated cardiac interventional laboratory at a hospital that did not have an approved adult open-heart-surgery program, the laboratory must meet the following criteria in order for the staff member's experience to qualify. The laboratory must have:

- Had an annual volume of 500 or more PCI procedures;
- Achieved a demonstrated success rate of 95 percent or higher for PCI;
- Experienced a complication rate of less than 5 percent for PCI; and
- Performed diverse cardiac procedures, including, but not limited to, balloon angioplasty and stenting, rotational atherectomy, cutting balloon atheroma remodeling, and procedures relating to left ventricular support capability.

Subscriber Assistance Program

The subscriber assistance panel (SAP) was created in 1985 to assist members of managed care entities whose grievances or appeals were not satisfactorily resolved by the managed care entity upon exhaustion of the managed care entity's internal grievance and appeal process. Under the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA),³³ managed care entities were given an option to either comply with the state's external review requirement or opt-out and participate in the federal external review program. The majority of health plans in Florida elected to use the federal program and the SAP program experienced a significant decrease in the number of cases being reviewed by the panel.³⁴

The SAP is currently available to members of managed care entities with coverage by: Statewide Medicaid Managed Care, Healthy Kids, Prepaid Health Clinics, or grandfathered policies³⁵ that have not elected to have all of their health insurance policies subject to an external review process by independent review organization(s). Medicaid recipients in managed care can file for an external review through a Medicaid Fair Hearing and members with grandfathered commercial policies may appeal through independent review organizations.³⁶

Repeal of the SAP eliminates this program as an external appeal option for members in Healthy Kids and Prepaid Health Clinics, although according to the agency, no Prepaid Health Clinic

³³ Pub. Law No. 111-148 (Mar. 23, 2010) amended by Pub. Law. No. 111-152 (Mar. 30, 2010).

³⁴ According to the agency, between FY 2011-2012 and FY 2012-2013, when the majority of plans opted to use the federal external review program, the number of cases received by the SAP dropped from 415 to 213. The number of cases heard by the SAP dropped from 74 to 17. There was an uptick in both number of cases received by the subscriber assistance program and the number of cases heard by the panel for FY 2014-2015 and FY 2015-2016; however, FY 2016-2017 showed a decline in the number of cases received and heard from 350 to 253 and 53 to 28, respectively. The predominant outcome of the cases in FY 2016-2017 was a determination of non-jurisdiction (165), followed by submission of an incomplete application (24) and resolved prior to panel hearing (26). *See* the chart prepared by the agency for activity since FY 2009-2010 at supra note

³⁵ A grandfathered health plan is a plan that existed on March 23, 2010, the date that the PPACA was enacted, and that at least one person had been continuously covered for 1 year. Plans or policies may lose their "grandfathered" status if they make certain significant changes that reduce benefits or increase costs to consumers. *See* Healthcare.gov, *Grandfathered Health Plans*, https://www.healthcare.gov/glossary/grandfathered-health-plan/ (last visited Nov. 28, 2017).

³⁶ Supra note 3.

members have used the SAP. At this time, these members do not have another avenue in which to file an external appeal.³⁷

Section 65 repeals s. 408.7056, F.S., relating to the subscriber assistance program.

General Licensing Provisions

Section 67 amends s. 408.803, F.S., to add a definition of "relative." This addition is to clarify the meaning of the term when used in the newly created s. 408.810(1), F.S., (see Section 70, below).

Section 68 amends s. 408.806, F.S., to authorize a licensee that holds a license for multiple providers licensed by the agency to request alignment of all license expiration dates. In order to accomplish this, the agency is authorized to issue a license for an abbreviated licensure period with a prorated licensure fee.

Section 69 amends s. 408.809, F.S., to apply background screening provisions to all controlling interests in a health care facility. Current law only requires background screening of controlling interests if the AHCA has reason to believe that such a person has been convicted of a prohibited offense. The section also requires background screening for contractors with a licensee or provider who work for 20 hours or more per week and have access to client funds, personal property, or living areas.

Section 70 amends s. 408.810, F.S., to exempt an applicant for a change of ownership from submitting proof of financial ability to operate, if the provider has been licensed for at least 5 years and the change is the result of a corporate reorganization under which the controlling interest is unchanged or solely due to the death of a controlling interest, and the surviving controlling interest continue to hold at least 51 percent of the ownership.

The agency is authorized to adopt rules to address the circumstances under which a controlling interest, an administrator, an employee, a contractor, or a representative thereof who is not a relative of the patient or client may act as a legal representative, agent, health care surrogate, power of attorney, or guardian of a patient or client. According to the agency, licensure regulations are currently inconsistent in this area. Due to the vulnerability of persons receiving health or custodial care, allowing the paid caregiver to control finances or health care decisions of the patient can result in exploitation or abuse. In some cases, the facility has a surety bond, but this is not required for all provider types.³⁸

The section also requires that the licensee must ensure that no person holds any ownership interest who has a disqualifying offense³⁹ or who holds any ownership interest in a provider that had a license revoked or application denied. This provision does not apply to shareholders in a publicly traded corporation.

³⁸ Supra note 1.

³⁷ *Id*.

³⁹ Pursuant to s. 408.809, F.S.

Section 71 amends s. 408.812, F.S., relating to unlicensed activity, to specify that unlicensed activity constitutes abuse and neglect, as defined in s. 415.102, F.S.⁴⁰ The section removes the requirement that a person or entity must apply for a license after receiving notification from the agency that the person or entity is engaging in unlicensed activity. If a controlling interest or licensee has more than one provider and fails to license all providers that require licensure, the agency may impose a fine, regardless of correction, as one of the authorized sanctions.

Background Screening

Sections 74 and 87 amend ss. 409.907 and 435.04, F.S., respectively, to move certain disqualifying offenses from the Medicaid requirements into background screening standards. This move allows Medicaid applicants to apply for an exemption to a disqualifying offense in the same manner as other persons required to be screened under these provisions.⁴¹ The section also provides more specificity as to which offenses are disqualifying.

Section 87 also amends s. 435.04, F.S., to disqualify persons from employment as a health care worker who have been arrested for and are awaiting final disposition of an offense related to domestic violence. This change conforms to the language used in subsection (2) disqualifying persons from employment for all other enumerated offenses.

Assisted Living Facilities

ALFs provide full-time living arrangements in the least restrictive and most home-like setting. Facilities can include individual apartments or rooms that a resident has alone or shares with another person. These facilities can also range in size from one resident to several hundred residents.

The basic services provided by an ALF include, but are not limited to:

- Housing, nutritional meals, and special diets;
- Personal care (help with bathing, dressing, eating, walking, physical transfer);
- Give medications (by a nurse employed at the facility or arranged by contract) or help residents give themselves medications;
- Supervise residents;
- Arrange for health care services;
- Provide or arrange for transportation to health care services;
- Health monitoring;
- Respite care;
- Social and leisure activities; and
- Mental Health services.

⁴⁰ In summary, s. 415.102, F.S., defines "abuse" as any willful act or threatened act by a relative, caregiver, or household member which causes or is likely to cause significant impairment to a vulnerable adult's physical, mental, or emotional health; and that abuse includes acts and omissions. "Neglect" is defined as the failure or omission on the part of the caregiver or vulnerable adult to provide the care, supervision, and services necessary to maintain the physical and mental health of the vulnerable adult. Refer to s. 415.102(16), F.S., for additional acts that constitute neglect.

⁴¹ Supra n. 3

Section 78 amends s. 429.04, F.S., relating to exemptions from licensure, to clarify and expand the exemptions to include facilities licensed by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, mental health facilities, licensed hospitals, nursing homes, inpatient hospices, homes for special services, ⁴² intermediate care facilities, or transitional living facilities. Additionally, the section assigns the burden of providing documentation substantiating an exemption to the person or entity asserting an exemption in response to an agency investigation of unlicensed activity.

A current exemption includes any person who provides housing, meals, or one or more personal services on a 24-hour basis in the person's own home to not more than two adults who do not receive optional state supplementation. The section specifies that in addition to owning or renting the home, the person who provides these services must have established the home as the person's permanent residence. If the person holds a homestead exemption at a different address, a presumption exists that the person has not established permanent residence as required by this section. Furthermore, the section provides that the exemption does not apply to a person or entity who previously held licensure issued by the agency and such license was revoked or licensure renewal was denied by final order, or when the license was voluntarily relinquished during agency enforcement proceedings.

Section 79 amends s. 429.08, F.S., relating to unlicensed facilities, to clarify and create a felony of the third degree penalty for renting or otherwise maintaining a building or property that operates or maintains an unlicensed ALF. This section now provides that any person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed ALF after receiving notice from the agency that licensure is required and to cease such operation commits a felony of the third degree. Current law provides a 6-month window after a statutory or rule change takes place if the change placed the person in the position of violating this provision before the violation occurs. This 6-month timeframe is repealed in the bill.

Section 80 amends s. 429.176, F.S., to prohibit an ALF from operating for more than 120 consecutive days without an administrator who has completed the core educational requirements.

Section 82 amends s. 429.24, F.S., to specify that new services added to a resident's contract for which the resident was not previously charged do not require a 30-day written notice of rate increase.

Section 83 amends s. 429.28, F.S., to specify that residents in an ALF have the right to "assistance with" obtaining access to adequate and appropriate health care. Current law provides the resident with the right to "access to adequate and appropriate health care." The section further specifies that "adequate and appropriate health care" includes management of medications, assistance in making appointments for health care services, the provision of or arrangement of transportation to health care appointments, and the performance of health care services in accordance with s. 429.255, F.S.⁴³

⁴² Homes for special services is defined in s. 400.801, F.S., as a site licensed by the agency prior to January 1, 2006, where specialized health care services are provided, including personal and custodial care, but not continuous nursing services.

⁴³ Section 429.255, F.S., specifies the types of care that may be provided by various staff in an ALF, including nursing and medical staff, and includes provisions for emergency situations.

Sections 83 and 85 amend ss. 429.28 and 429.34, F.S., to strike provisions from the "resident's bill of rights" section that are related to AHCA inspections of ALFs and move the provisions into the section related to AHCA right of entry and inspection powers.

Section 84 amends s. 429.294, F.S., to conform the requirement that ALFs provide copies of medical records to the provisions requiring nursing homes to provide such records. Current law requires ALFs to provide the records within 10 days while nursing homes have 30 days to provide the records. 44

Section 86 amends s. 429.52, F.S., to specify that an ALF administrator must complete staff training, including passing the competency test, within 90 days of the date of employment.

Clinical Laboratories

The CMS regulates all laboratory testing (except research) performed on humans in the U.S. through the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA).⁴⁵ Facilities that provide clinical laboratory services are required to be certified by the CMS CLIA laboratory certification program which operates in conjunction with the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Certain laboratories may qualify as a waived testing laboratory and receive a CLIA Certificate of Waiver.⁴⁶

Clinical laboratories in the state performing non-waived tests must also obtain a state license from the AHCA and comply with part I of ch. 483, F.S., relating to clinical laboratories, and the general licensing provisions in part II of ch. 408, F.S. This requirement also applies to a clinical laboratory operated by one or more practitioners such as physicians, chiropractors, podiatrists, optometrists, or dentists, exclusively in connection with the diagnosis and treatment of their own patients.⁴⁷

As of July 1, 2017, the agency licenses 3,904 clinical laboratories and collects an average of \$1,540,000 per year in recurring licensure fees and an average of \$321,900 per year in recurring biennial assessments required by s. 408.033, F.S. In addition, the CLIA program certifies another 18,446 Florida based laboratories that only perform "waived" testing and therefore, are exempt from state licensure requirements.⁴⁸

Section 89 amends s. 456.054, F.S., to move anti-kickback language for clinical laboratories from s. 483.245, F.S., which is being repealed, into the general provisions for healthcare practitioners.

⁴⁴ See s. 400.145, F.S.

⁴⁵ CMS.gov, *Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA)* (April 5, 2017) https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-duidance/Legislation/CLIA/index.html?redirect=/CLIA (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).

⁴⁶ Waived testing laboratories: employ methodologies that are so simple and accurate as to render the likelihood of erroneous results negligible, pose no reasonable risk of harm to the patient if the test is performed incorrectly, use tests that are cleared by the FDA for home use, and conduct testing that is considered non-technical requiring little or no difficulty. *See* Agency for Health Care Administration, Waived Laboratories:

<u>http://ahca.myflorida.com/MCHQ/Health_Facility_Regulation/Laboratory_Licensure/waived_apps.shtml</u> (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).

⁴⁷ Section 483.035(1), F.S.

⁴⁸ Supra note 3.

Section 95 repeals part I of ch. 483, F.S., relating to the licensure and regulation of clinical laboratories by the agency. Part I includes ss. 483.011 - 483.26, F.S. Laboratories will continue to be certified by, or receive a certificate of waiver from, the CMS under the CLIA. Included within the repeal is a requirement that laboratory results must be reported directly to the licensed practitioner or other authorized person who requested it, and the authorization for a laboratory to disclose the results without a patient's consent to other health care practitioners and providers involved in the care or treatment of the patient as specified in s. 456.057(7)(a), F.S.

Section 97 amends s. 483.801, F.S., to exempt from licensure persons engaged in testing performed by laboratories that are wholly owned and operated by one or more practitioners who are licensed under Florida law as allopathic or osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, podiatrists, optometrists, or dentists and who practice in the same group practice, and in which no clinical laboratory work is performed for patients referred by a health care provider who is not a member of the same group.

Managed Care Ombudsman Committees

The Statewide Managed Care Ombudsman Committee (statewide committee) and the district managed care ombudsman committees (district committees) were established in 1996.⁴⁹ The statewide committee is created within the agency as a consumer protection and advocacy organization on behalf of managed care subscribers. The statewide committee has administrative authority over the district committees and consists of the chairpersons of the district committees.

A district committee is created in s. 641.65, F.S., in each district of the agency that has staff assigned for the regulation of managed care programs. Each district committee must have no fewer than nine members or more than 16 members, including at least four physicians, one licensed under each of chs. 458, 459, 460, and 461; one psychologist; one registered nurse; one clinical social worker; one attorney; and one consumer.⁵⁰

According to the agency, due to the very stringent committee composition requirements, the majority of districts could not form district committees. The first committee was established in 1999 and only three other districts were able to meet committee requirements. The last activity on record was in 2010, and there are currently no active committees.⁵¹

Sections 116-121 repeal ss. 641.60, 641.65, 641.67, 641.68, 641.70, and 641.75, F.S., to eliminate the statewide and district Managed Care Ombudsman Committees.

Miscellaneous Provision

Section 62 amends s. 408.061, F.S., relating to data collection by the agency from health care facilities, to conform cross-references and to exclude hospitals operated by state agencies from the requirement to submit certain financial reports.

⁴⁹ Chapter 96-391, Laws of Fla.

⁵⁰ Section 641.65(2), F.S.

⁵¹ Supra note 3

Technical and Conforming Sections

The following sections make technical changes to the Florida statutes to conform its provisions to other changes made by this bill:

Section 55 amends s. 400.933, F.S., to make a technical change specifying that it is the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, not the DOH, that issues medical oxygen retail establishment permits.

Section 77 amends s. 492.02, F.S., to make technical grammatical changes to the section.

Sections 1, 3-15, 17, 19, 20-22, 25, 42, 50, 57, 59, 63, 66, 72, 73, 75-76, 81, 88, 90-94, 96, 98-115, and 122-126.

These sections amend ss. 20.43, 220.1845, 376.30781, 376.86, 381.0031, 381.0034, 381.004, 381.0405, 383.14, 383.30, 383.301, 383.302, 383.305, 383.309, 383.33, 384.31, 385.211, 394.4787, 395.001, 395.009, 395.7015, 400.497, 400.9905, 408.033, 408.07, 408.802, 408.820, 409.905, 409.9116, 409.975, 429.19, 456.001, 456.057, 456.076, 458.307, 458.345, 459.021, 483.294, 483.803, 483.813, 483.823, 491.003, 627.351, 627.602, 627.6406, 627.64194, 627.6513, 627.6574, 641.185, 641.31, 641.312, 641.3154, 641.51, 641.511, 641.515, 641.55, 766.118, 766.202, 945.36, 1009.65, and 1011.52, F.S., respectively.

Effective Date

Section 127 provides the bill takes effect July 1, 2018.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Repealing the licensure requirement for health care risk managers will save each risk manager the cost of the licensure fee, which is \$104.54 for initial applicants and \$52.78 for renewal applicants.⁵²

Repealing clinical laboratory licensure will save each clinical laboratory that was required to be licensed and is accredited \$100 biennially. If not accredited the fee is between \$400 - \$3,919 biennially, depending upon the annual volume of non-waived tests performed.⁵³

C. Government Sector Impact:

State Revenues

With the elimination of the risk manager application fees and the laboratory licensure application fees, overall revenue to the state will decrease by approximately \$2.05 million annually. This includes reductions of \$1.6 million from the Health Care Trust Fund in ACHA, \$0.3 million from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund in the Department of Health and \$0.15 million from the General Revenue Fund.

Of the \$2.05 million reductions noted above, \$64,866 per year is attributable to the elimination of the risk manager application fees and \$1,540,000 per year is attributable to the laboratory licensure application fees. ⁵⁴ The AHCA collects assessments pursuant to s. 408.033, F.S., and transfers these assessments to the Grants and Donations Trust Fund within the Department of Health (DOH) to fund the Local Health Councils. The estimated reduction to the transfer to DOH associated with the laboratory assessments is \$304,950. The estimated reduction to General Revenue is \$152,785 relating to the General Revenue surcharge in s. 215.20, F.S.

State Expenditures

The bill reduces the workload on AHCA staff relating to the licensure of clinical laboratories. The AHCA anticipates reallocating such resources to other areas of AHCA providing regulatory functions.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The title of the bill does not include language stricken from s. 400.0625, F.S., on lines 1182-1186.

The bill amends s. 408.0361, F.S., to mandate the establishment of rules to require nursing and technical staff in hospitals performing adult cardiovascular services to have specified experience. This change appears to apply to both hospitals providing Level I and Level II services, however,

⁵² See the Application checklist available at:

http://ahca.myflorida.com/MCHQ/Health_Facility_Regulation/Hospital_Outpatient/risk_manager.shtml (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).

⁵³ See AHCA Clinical laboratory fees, available at:

http://ahca.myflorida.com/MCHQ/Health_Facility_Regulation/Laboratory_Licensure/fees.shtml (last visited Nov. 29, 2017).

⁵⁴ Supra n. 3

this is placed within a statutory paragraph only relating to a hospital seeking a Level I program license. As such, it is unclear whether the staff training requirement applies to both hospitals providing Level I and Level II services or only to hospitals providing Level I services. The bill may need to be amended to clearly indicate to which hospitals the requirement applies.

The bill amends s. 491.003, F.S., to make technical grammatical changes to the bill. Line 2941 eliminates parentheses around the phrase "mental dysfunctions or disorders (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral)." This phrase is part of a list and as such, the list should also be amended to use semicolons rather than commas in order to adequately distinguish the individual parts of the list from the phrase within the deleted parentheses. Additionally, the parenthetical phrase is used on lines 2838-2839, 2847-2848, 2882, 2893-2894, and 2951-2952 and these instances have not been amended. The bill should be amended to be consistent in its usage throughout the section.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 20.43, 220.1845, 376.30781, 376.86, 381.0031, 381.0034, 381.004, 381.0405, 383.14, 383.30, 383.301, 383.302, 383.305, 383.309, 383.313, 383.33, 384.31, 385.211, 394.4787, 395.001, 395.002, 395.003, 395.009, 395.0161, 395.0163, 395.0197, 395.1055, 395.10973, 395.602, 395.603, 395.701, 395.7015, 400.0625, 400.191, 400.464, 400.471, 400.474, 400.476, 400.484, 400.497, 400.506, 400.606, 400.925, 400.931, 400.933, 400.980, 400.9905, 400.9935, 408.033, 408.036, 408.0361, 408.061, 408.07, 408.20, 408.7056, 408.802, 408.803, 408.806, 408.809, 408.810, 408.812, 408.820, 409.905, 409.907, 409.9116, 409.975, 429.02, 429.04, 429.08, 429.176, 429.19, 429.24, 429.28, 429.294, 429.34, 429.52, 435.04, 456.001, 456.054, 456.057, 456.076, 458.307, 458.345, 459.021, 483.294, 483.801, 483.803, 483.813, 483.823, 491.003, 627.351, 627.602, 627.6406, 627.64194, 627.6513, 627.6574, 641.185, 641.31, 641.312, 641.3154, 641.51, 641.515, 641.55, 766.118, 766.202, 945.36, 1009.65, and 1011.52.

This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 154.13 and 395.0091.

This bill repeals the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 383.335, 395.1046, 395.10971, 395.10972, 395.10974, 395.10975, 395.604, 395.605, 483.011, 483.021, 483.031, 483.035, 483.041, 483.051, 483.061, 483.091, 483.101, 483.111, 483.172, 483.181, 483.191, 483.201, 483.221, 483.23, 483.245, 483.26, 641.60, 641.65, 641.67, 641.68, 641.70, and 641.75.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

Recommended PCS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services on January 10, 2018:

The PCS clarifies the duties of nurse registries, removes obsolete language related to adult open-heart surgery certificate of need requirements, and removes section 88 of the bill relating to background screening.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Grimsley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with directory amendment)

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Between lines 1533 and 1534

insert:

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(e) Upon referral of a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, certified nursing assistant, companion or homemaker, or home health aide for contract in a private residence or facility, the nurse registry shall advise the patient, the patient's family, or any other person acting on behalf of the



patient, at the time of the contract for services, that the 11 12 caregiver referred by the nurse registry is an independent 13 contractor and that the it is not the obligation of a nurse registry may not to monitor, supervise, manage, or train a 14 15 caregiver referred for contract under this chapter. 16 17 ===== D I R E C T O R Y C L A U S E A M E N D M E N T ====== And the directory clause is amended as follows: 18 19 Delete line 1520

20 and insert:

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Section 51. Subsection (5), paragraph (e) of subsection (6), and paragraph (a) of subsection

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 01/11/2018

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Grimsley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

Between lines 1564 and 1565 insert:

(19) It is not the obligation of A nurse registry may not to monitor, supervise, manage, or train a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, certified nursing assistant, companion or homemaker, or home health aide referred for contract under this chapter. In the event of a violation of this chapter or a violation of any other law of this state by a referred

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registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, certified nursing assistant, companion or homemaker, or home health aide, or a deficiency in credentials which comes to the attention of the nurse registry, the nurse registry shall advise the patient to terminate the referred person's contract, providing the reason for the suggested termination; cease referring the person to other patients or facilities; and, if practice violations are involved, notify the licensing board. This section does not affect or negate any other obligations imposed on a nurse registry under chapter 408. ===== D I R E C T O R Y C L A U S E A M E N D M E N T ====== And the directory clause is amended as follows: Delete lines 1520 - 1521 and insert: Section 51. Subsection (5), paragraph (a) of subsection (15), and subsection (19) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows: Delete line 108 and insert: registry; prohibiting a nurse registry from monitoring, supervising, managing, or training a certain caregiver who is an independent contractor;

amending s. 400.606, F.S.; removing a

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 01/11/2018

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Grimsley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with directory amendment)

3 Delete line 1791

and insert:

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(m) 1. For the provision of adult open-heart services in a hospital located within the boundaries of a health service planning district, as defined in s. 408.032(5), which has experienced an annual net out-migration of at least 600 openheart surgery cases for 3 consecutive years according to the most recent data reported to the agency, and the districts

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population per licensed and operational open-heart programs exceeds the state average of population per licensed and operational open-heart programs exceeds the state average of population per licensed and operational open-heart programs by at least 25 percent. All hospitals within a health service planning district which meet the criteria reference in subsubparagraphs 2.a.-h. shall be eligible for this exemption on July 1, 2004, and shall receive the exemption upon filing for it and subject to the following:

a. A hospital that has received a notice of intent to grant a certificate of need or a final order of the agency granting a certificate of need for the establishment of an open-heart surgery program is entitled to receive a letter of exemption for the establishment of an adult open-heart-surgery program upon filing a request for exemption and complying with the criteria enumerated in sub-subparagraphs 2.a.-h., and is entitled to immediately commence operation of the program.

b. An otherwise eligible hospital that has not received a notice of intent to grant a certificate of need or a final order of the agency granting a certificate of need for the establishment of an open-heart-surgery program is entitled to immediately receive a letter of exemption for the establishment of an adult open-heart-surgery program upon filing a request for exemption and complying with the criteria enumerated in subsubparagraphs 2.a.-h., but is not entitled to commence operation of its program until December 31, 2006.

2. A hospital shall be exempt from the certificate-of-need review for the establishment of an open-heart-surgery program when the application for exemption submitted under this

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paragraph complies with the following criteria:

a. The applicant must certify that it will meet and continuously maintain the minimum licensure requirements adopted by the agency governing adult open-heart programs, including the most current guidelines of the American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association Cuidelines for Adult Open Heart Programs.

b. The applicant must certify that it will maintain sufficient appropriate equipment and health personnel to ensure quality and safety.

c. The applicant must certify that it will maintain appropriate times of operation and protocols to ensure availability and appropriate referrals in the event of emergencies.

d. The applicant can demonstrate that it has discharged at least 300 inpatients with a principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease for the most recent 12-month period as reported to the agency.

e. The applicant is a general acute care hospital that is in operation for 3 years or more.

f. The applicant is performing more than 300 diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures per year, combined inpatient and outpatient.

q. The applicant's payor mix at a minimum reflects the community average for Medicaid, charity care, and self-pay patients or the applicant must certify that it will provide a minimum of 5 percent of Medicaid, charity care, and self-pay to open-heart-surgery patients.

h. If the applicant fails to meet the established criteria

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open-heart programs or fails to reach 300 surgeries per year by the end of its third year of operation, it must show cause why its exemption should not be revoked.

3. By December 31, 2004, and annually thereafter, the agency shall submit a report to the Legislature providing information concerning the number of requests for exemption it has received under this paragraph during the calendar year and the number of exemptions it has granted or denied during the calendar year.

(n) For the provision of percutaneous coronary intervention for patients presenting with emergency myocardial infarctions in a hospital without an approved adult open-heart-surgery program. In addition to any other documentation required by the agency, a request for an exemption submitted under this paragraph must comply with the following:

1. The applicant must certify that it will meet and continuously maintain the requirements adopted by the agency for the provision of these services. These licensure requirements shall be adopted by rule and must be consistent with the quidelines published by the American College of Cardiology and the American Heart Association for the provision of percutaneous coronary interventions in hospitals without adult open-heart services. At a minimum, the rules must require the following:

a. Cardiologists must be experienced interventionalists who have performed a minimum of 75 interventions within the previous 12 months.

b. The hospital must provide a minimum of 36 emergency interventions annually in order to continue to provide the service.

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c. The hospital must offer sufficient physician, nursing, and laboratory staff to provide the services 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

d. Nursing and technical staff must have demonstrated experience in handling acutely ill patients requiring intervention based on previous experience in dedicated interventional laboratories or surgical centers.

e. Cardiac care nursing staff must be adopt in hemodynamic monitoring and Intra-aortic Balloon Pump (IABP) management.

f. Formalized written transfer agreements must be developed with a hospital with an adult open-heart-surgery program, and written transport protocols must be in place to ensure safe and efficient transfer of a patient within 60 minutes. Transfer and transport agreements must be reviewed and tested, with appropriate documentation maintained at least every 3 months. However, a hospital located more than 100 road miles from the closest Level II adult cardiovascular services program does not need to meet the 60-minute transfer time protocol if the hospital demonstrates that it has a formalized, written transfer agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program. The agreement must include written transport protocols that ensure the safe and efficient transfer of a patient, taking into consideration the patient's clinical and physical characteristics, road and weather conditions, and viability of ground and air ambulance service to transfer the patient.

q. Hospitals implementing the service must first undertake a training program of 3 to 6 months' duration, which includes establishing standards and testing logistics, creating quality assessment and error management practices, and formalizing



patient-selection criteria.

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2. The applicant must certify that it will use at all times the patient-selection criteria for the performance of primary angioplasty at hospitals without adult open-heart-surgery programs issued by the American College of Cardiology and the American Heart Association. At a minimum, these criteria would provide for the following:

a. Avoidance of interventions in hemodynamically stable patients who have identified symptoms or medical histories.

b. Transfer of patients who have a history of coronary disease and clinical presentation of hemodynamic instability.

3. The applicant must agree to submit a quarterly report to the agency detailing patient characteristics, treatment, and outcomes for all patients receiving emergency percutaneous coronary interventions pursuant to this paragraph. This report must be submitted within 15 days after the close of each calendar quarter.

4. The exemption provided by this paragraph does not apply unless the agency determines that the hospital has taken all necessary steps to be in compliance with all requirements of this paragraph, including the training program required under sub-subparagraph 1.g.

5. Failure of the hospital to continuously comply with the requirements of sub-subparagraphs 1.c.-f. and subparagraphs 2. and 3. will result in the immediate expiration of this exemption.

6. Failure of the hospital to meet the volume requirements of sub-subparagraphs 1.a. and b. within 18 months after the program begins offering the service will result in the immediate



expiration of the exemption.

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If the exemption for this service expires under subparagraph 5. or subparagraph 6., the agency may not grant another exemption for this service to the same hospital for 2 years and then only upon a showing that the hospital will remain in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph through a demonstration of corrections to the deficiencies that caused expiration of the exemption. Compliance with the requirements of this paragraph includes compliance with the rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph.

(m) (p) For replacement of a licensed nursing home on the

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===== D I R E C T O R Y C L A U S E A M E N D M E N T ====== And the directory clause is amended as follows:

Delete lines 1780 - 1783

172 and insert:

> Section 60. Present paragraphs (f) through (l) of subsection (3) of section 408.036, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (e) through (k), respectively, present paragraphs (o) through (t) of that subsection are redesignated as paragraphs (1) through (q), respectively, and present paragraphs (e), (m), (n), and (p) of that subsection are amended, to read:

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
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Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Grimsley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 2569 - 2609.

========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 236 - 239

and insert:

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screen for; amending s. 456.054, F.S.; prohibiting

By Senator Grimsley

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care facility regulation; creating s. 154.13, F.S.; providing that a designated facility owned or operated by a public health trust and located within the boundaries of a municipality is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the county creating the public health trust; amending ss. 381.0031, 381.004, 384.31, 395.009, 400.0625, and 409.905, F.S.; eliminating state licensure requirements for clinical laboratories; requiring clinical laboratories to be federally certified; amending s. 383.313, F.S.; requiring a birth center to be federally certified and meet specified requirements to perform certain laboratory tests; repealing s. 383.335, F.S., relating to partial exemptions from licensure requirements for certain facilities that provide obstetrical and gynecological surgical services; amending s. 395.002, F.S.; revising and deleting definitions to remove the term "mobile surgical facility"; conforming a cross-reference; creating s. 395.0091, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, to adopt rules establishing criteria for alternate-site laboratory testing; requiring specifications to be included in the criteria; defining the term "alternate-site testing"; amending ss. 395.0161 and 395.0163, F.S.; deleting licensure and inspection requirements for mobile surgical facilities to conform to changes made

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26-00620-18 2018622 30 by the act; amending s. 395.0197, F.S.; requiring the 31 manager of a hospital or ambulatory surgical center 32 internal risk management program to demonstrate 33 competence in specified administrative and health care 34 service areas; conforming provisions to changes made 35 by the act; repealing s. 395.1046, F.S., relating to 36 hospital complaint investigation procedures; amending 37 s. 395.1055, F.S.; requiring hospitals that provide 38 specified services to meet agency licensure 39 requirements; providing standards to be included in 40 licensure requirements; conforming a provision to 41 changes made by the act; requiring a level 2 background screening for personnel of distinct part 42 4.3 nursing units; repealing ss. 395.10971 and 395.10972, F.S., relating to the purpose and the establishment of 45 the Health Care Risk Manager Advisory Council, 46 respectively; amending s. 395.10973, F.S.; removing 47 requirements relating to agency standards for health 48 care risk managers to conform provisions to changes 49 made by the act; repealing s. 395.10974, F.S., 50 relating to licensure of health care risk managers, 51 qualifications, licensure, and fees; repealing s. 52 395.10975, F.S., relating to grounds for denial, 53 suspension, or revocation of a health care risk 54 manager's license and an administrative fine; amending 55 s. 395.602, F.S.; deleting definitions for the terms 56 "emergency care hospital", "essential access community 57 hospital," "inactive rural hospital bed", and "rural 58 primary care hospital"; amending s. 395.603, F.S.;

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deleting provisions relating to deactivation of general hospital beds by certain rural and emergency care hospitals; repealing s. 395.604, F.S., relating to other rural hospital programs; repealing s. 395.605, F.S., relating to emergency care hospitals; amending s. 395.701, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "hospital" to exclude hospitals operated by a state agency; amending s. 400.191, F.S.; removing the 30-month reporting timeframe for the Nursing Home Guide; amending s. 400.464, F.S.; requiring that a license issued to a home health agency on or after a specified date specify the services the organization is authorized to perform and whether the services constitute skilled care; providing that the provision or advertising of certain services constitutes unlicensed activity under certain circumstances; authorizing certain persons, entities or organizations providing home health services to voluntarily apply for a certificate of exemption from licensure by providing certain information to the agency; providing that the certificate is valid for a specified time and is nontransferable; authorizing the agency to charge a fee for the certificate; amending s. 400.471, F.S.; revising home health agency licensure requirements; providing requirements for proof of accreditation for home health agencies applying for change of ownership or the addition of skilled care services; removing a provision prohibiting the agency from issuing a license to a home health agency that fails to satisfy

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26-00620-18 2018622 88 the requirements of a Medicare certification survey 89 from the agency; amending s. 400.474, F.S.; revising 90 conditions for the imposition of a fine against a home 91 health agency; amending s. 400.476, F.S.; requiring a 92 home health agency providing skilled nursing care to 93 have a director of nursing; amending s. 400.484, F.S.; 94 imposing administrative fines on home health agencies 95 for specified classes of violations; amending s. 96 400.497, F.S.; requiring the agency to adopt, publish, 97 and enforce rules establishing standards for 98 certificates of exemption; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; 99 specifying a criminal penalty for any person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed nurse registry 100 101 that fails to cease operation immediately and apply 102 for a license after notification from the agency; 103 revising provisions authorizing the agency to impose a 104 fine on a nurse registry that fails to cease operation 105 after agency notification; revising circumstances 106 under which the agency is authorized to deny, suspend, 107 or revoke a license or impose a fine on a nurse 108 registry; amending s. 400.606, F.S.; removing a 109 requirement that an existing licensed health care 110 provider's hospice licensure application be 111 accompanied by a copy of the most recent profit-loss 112 statement and licensure inspection report; amending s. 113 400.925, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 114 "home medical equipment"; amending s. 400.931, F.S.; 115 requiring a home medical equipment provider to notify the agency of certain personnel changes within a 116

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specified timeframe; amending s. 400.933, F.S.; requiring the agency to accept the submission of a valid medical oxygen retail establishment permit issued by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation in lieu of an agency inspection for licensure; amending s. 400.980, F.S.; revising the timeframe within which a health care services pool registrant must provide the agency with certain changes of information; amending s. 400.9935, F.S.; specifying that a voluntary certificate of exemption may be valid for up to 2 years; amending s. 408.0361,

F.S.; providing an exception for a hospital to become

amending s. 408.20, F.S.; exempting hospitals operated

a Level I Adult Cardiovascular provider if certain

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requirements are met; amending s. 408.061, F.S.;
excluding hospitals operated by state agencies from
certain financial reporting requirements; conforming a
cross-reference; amending s. 408.07, F.S.; deleting
the definition for the term "clinical laboratory";

by any state agency from assessments against the
Health Care Trust Fund to fund certain agency
activities; repealing s. 408.7056, F.S., relating to

activities; repealing s. 408.7056, F.S., relating to the Subscriber Assistance Program; amending s.

408.803, F.S.; defining the term "relative" for purposes of the Health Care Licensing Procedures Act;

amending s. 408.806, F.S.; authorizing licensees who hold licenses for multiple providers to request that

noid licenses for multiple providers to request that the agency align related license expiration dates;

authorizing the agency to issue licenses for an

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146 abbreviated licensure period and to charge a prorated 147 licensure fee; amending s. 408.809, F.S.; expanding 148 the scope of persons subject to a level 2 background 149 screening to include any employee of a licensee who is 150 a controlling interest and certain part-time 151 contractors; amending s. 408.810, F.S.; providing that 152 an applicant for change of ownership licensure is 153 exempt from furnishing proof of financial ability to 154 operate if certain conditions are met; authorizing the 155 agency to adopt rules governing circumstances under 156 which a controlling interest may act in certain legal 157 capacities on behalf of a patient or client; requiring a licensee to ensure that certain persons do not hold 158 159 an ownership interest if the licensee is not organized 160 as or owned by a publicly traded corporation; defining 161 the term "publicly traded corporation"; amending s. 162 408.812, F.S.; providing that certain unlicensed 163 activity by a provider constitutes abuse and neglect; 164 clarifying that the agency may impose a fine or 165 penalty, as prescribed in an authorizing statute, if 166 an unlicensed provider who has received notification 167 fails to cease operation; authorizing the agency to 168 revoke all licenses and impose a fine or penalties 169 upon a controlling interest or licensee who has an 170 interest in more than one provider and who fails to 171 license a provider rendering services that require 172 licensure in certain circumstances; amending s. 173 408.820, F.S.; deleting certain exemptions from part 174 II of ch. 408, F.S., for specified providers to

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conform provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 409.907, F.S.; removing the agency's authority to consider certain factors in determining whether to enter into, and in maintaining, a Medicaid provider agreement; amending s. 429.02, F.S.; revising definitions of the terms "assisted living facility" and "personal services"; amending s. 429.04, F.S.; providing additional exemptions from licensure as an assisted living facility; requiring a person or entity asserting the exemption to provide documentation that substantiates the claim upon agency investigation of unlicensed activity; amending s. 429.08, F.S.; providing criminal penalties and fines for a person who rents or otherwise maintains a building or property use as an unlicensed assisted living facility; providing criminal penalties and fines for a person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed assisted living facility after receiving notice from the agency; amending s. 429.176, F.S.; prohibiting an assisted living facility from operating for more than a specified time without an administrator who has completed certain educational requirements; amending s. 429.24, F.S.; providing that 30-day written notice of rate increase for residency in an assisted living facility is not required in certain situations; amending s. 429.28, F.S.; revising the assisted living facility resident bill of rights to include assistance with obtaining access to adequate and appropriate health care; defining the term "adequate and

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26-00620-18 2018622 204 appropriate health care"; deleting a requirement that 205 the agency conduct at least one monitoring visit under 206 certain circumstances; deleting provisions authorizing 2.07 the agency to conduct periodic followup inspections 208 and complaint investigations under certain 209 circumstances; amending s. 429.294, F.S.; deleting the 210 specified timeframe within which an assisted living 211 facility must provide complete copies of a resident's 212 records in an investigation of resident's rights; 213 amending s. 429.34, F.S.; authorizing the agency to 214 inspect and investigate assisted living facilities as 215 necessary to determine compliance with certain laws; removing a provision requiring the agency to inspect 216 217 each licensed assisted living facility at least 218 biennially; authorizing the agency to conduct 219 monitoring visits of each facility cited for prior 220 violations under certain circumstances; amending s. 221 429.52, F.S.; requiring an assisted living facility 222 administrator to complete required training and 223 education within a specified timeframe; amending s. 224 435.04, F.S.; providing that security background 225 investigations must ensure that a person has not been 226 arrested for, and is not awaiting final disposition 227 of, certain offenses; requiring that security 228 background investigations for purposes of 229 participation in the Medicaid program screen for 230 violations of federal or state law, rule, or 231 regulation governing any state Medicaid program, the Medicare program, or any other publicly funded federal 232

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or state health care or health insurance program; specifying offenses under federal law or any state law that the security background investigations must screen for; amending s. 435.12, F.S.; revising fingerprinting requirements for purposes of a person's inclusion in the care provider background screening clearinghouse; amending s. 456.054, F.S.; prohibiting any person or entity from paying or receiving a kickback for referring patients to a clinical laboratory; prohibiting a clinical laboratory from providing personnel to perform certain functions or duties in a health care practitioner's office or dialysis facility; providing an exception; prohibiting a clinical laboratory from leasing space in any part of a health care practitioner's office or dialysis facility; repealing part I of ch. 483, F.S., relating to clinical laboratories; amending s. 483.294, F.S.; removing a requirement that the agency inspect multiphasic health testing centers at least once annually; amending s. 483.801, F.S.; providing an exemption from regulation for certain persons employed by certain laboratories; amending s. 483.803, F.S.; revising definitions of the terms "clinical laboratory", and "clinical laboratory examination"; removing a cross-reference; amending s. 641.511, F.S.; revising health maintenance organization subscriber grievance reporting requirements; repealing s. 641.60, F.S., relating to the Statewide Managed Care Ombudsman Committee; repealing s. 641.65, F.S., relating to

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i	26-00620-18 2018622
262	district managed care ombudsman committees; repealing
263	s. 641.67, F.S., relating to a district managed care
264	ombudsman committee, exemption from public records
265	requirements, and exceptions; repealing s. 641.68,
266	F.S., relating to a district managed care ombudsman
267	committee and exemption from public meeting
268	requirements; repealing s. 641.70, F.S., relating to
269	agency duties relating to the Statewide Managed Care
270	Ombudsman Committee and the district managed care
271	ombudsman committees; repealing s. 641.75, F.S.,
272	relating to immunity from liability and limitation on
273	testimony; amending s. 945.36, F.S.; authorizing law
274	enforcement personnel to conduct drug tests on certain
275	inmates and releasees; amending ss. 20.43, 220.1845,
276	376.30781, 376.86, 381.0034, 381.0405, 383.14, 383.30,
277	383.301, 383.302, 383.305, 383.309, 383.33, 385.211,
278	394.4787, 395.001, 395.003, 395.7015, 400.9905,
279	408.033, 408.036, 408.802, 409.9116, 409.975, 429.19,
280	456.001, 456.057, 456.076, 458.307, 458.345, 459.021,
281	483.813, 483.823, 491.003, 627.351, 627.602, 627.6406,
282	627.64194, 627.6513, 627.6574, 641.185, 641.31,
283	641.312, 641.3154, 641.51, 641.515, 641.55, 766.118,
284	766.202, 1009.65, and 1011.52, F.S.; conforming
285	provisions to changes made by the act; providing an
286	effective date.
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288	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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290	Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section

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291	20.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
292	20.43 Department of Health.—There is created a Department
293	of Health.
294	(3) The following divisions of the Department of Health are
295	established:
296	(g) Division of Medical Quality Assurance, which is
297	responsible for the following boards and professions established
298	within the division:
299	1. The Board of Acupuncture, created under chapter 457.
300	2. The Board of Medicine, created under chapter 458.
301	3. The Board of Osteopathic Medicine, created under chapter
302	459.
303	4. The Board of Chiropractic Medicine, created under
304	chapter 460.
305	5. The Board of Podiatric Medicine, created under chapter
306	461.
307	6. Naturopathy, as provided under chapter 462.
308	7. The Board of Optometry, created under chapter 463.
309	8. The Board of Nursing, created under part I of chapter
310	464.
311	9. Nursing assistants, as provided under part II of chapter
312	464.
313	10. The Board of Pharmacy, created under chapter 465.
314	11. The Board of Dentistry, created under chapter 466.
315	12. Midwifery, as provided under chapter 467.
316	13. The Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology,
317	created under part I of chapter 468.
318	14. The Board of Nursing Home Administrators, created under
319	part II of chapter 468.

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320	15. The Board of Occupational Therapy, created under part
321	III of chapter 468.
322	16. Respiratory therapy, as provided under part V of
323	chapter 468.
324	17. Dietetics and nutrition practice, as provided under
325	part X of chapter 468.
326	18. The Board of Athletic Training, created under part XIII
327	of chapter 468.
328	19. The Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists, created under
329	part XIV of chapter 468.
330	20. Electrolysis, as provided under chapter 478.
331	21. The Board of Massage Therapy, created under chapter
332	480.
333	22. The Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, created
334	under part $\overline{\text{II}}$ $\overline{\text{III}}$ of chapter 483.
335	23. Medical physicists, as provided under part IV of
336	chapter 483.
337	24. The Board of Opticianry, created under part I of
338	chapter 484.
339	25. The Board of Hearing Aid Specialists, created under
340	part II of chapter 484.
341	26. The Board of Physical Therapy Practice, created under
342	chapter 486.
343	27. The Board of Psychology, created under chapter 490.
344	28. School psychologists, as provided under chapter 490.
345	29. The Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family
346	Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling, created under chapter
347	491.
348	30. Emergency medical technicians and paramedics, as

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26-00620-18 2018622 349 provided under part III of chapter 401. 350 Section 2. Section 154.13, Florida Statutes, is created to 351 read: 154.13 Designated facilities; jurisdiction.—Any designated 352 353 facility owned or operated by a public health trust and located 354 within the boundaries of a municipality is under the exclusive 355 jurisdiction of the county creating the public health trust and 356 is not within the jurisdiction of the municipality. 357 Section 3. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section 358 220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 359 220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit.-360 (2) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.-361 (k) In order to encourage the construction and operation of 362 a new health care facility as defined in s. 408.032 or s. 363 408.07, or a health care provider as defined in s. 408.07 or s. 364 408.7056, on a brownfield site, an applicant for a tax credit 365 may claim an additional 25 percent of the total site 366 rehabilitation costs, not to exceed \$500,000, if the applicant 367 meets the requirements of this paragraph. In order to receive 368 this additional tax credit, the applicant must provide 369 documentation indicating that the construction of the health 370 care facility or health care provider by the applicant on the 371 brownfield site has received a certificate of occupancy or a 372 license or certificate has been issued for the operation of the 373 health care facility or health care provider. 374 Section 4. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 375 376.30781, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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376.30781 Tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaning-

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solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated

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brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; revocation authority.—

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(3) (f) In order to encourage the construction and operation of a new health care facility or a health care provider, as defined in s. 408.032 $\underline{\text{or}_{7}}$ s. 408.07, $\underline{\text{or s. 408.7056}_{7}}$ on a brownfield site, an applicant for a tax credit may claim an additional 25 percent of the total site rehabilitation costs, not to exceed \$500,000, if the applicant meets the requirements of this paragraph. In order to receive this additional tax credit, the applicant must provide documentation indicating that the construction of the health care facility or health care provider by the applicant on the brownfield site has received a certificate of occupancy or a license or certificate has been issued for the operation of the health care facility or health care provider.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 376.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.86 Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Program.-

(1) The Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Council is created to review and approve or deny, by a majority vote of its membership, the situations and circumstances for participation in partnerships by agreements with local governments, financial institutions, and others associated with the redevelopment of brownfield areas pursuant to the Brownfields Redevelopment Act for a limited state guaranty of up to 5 years of loan guarantees or loan loss reserves issued pursuant to law. The limited state loan guaranty applies only to 50 percent of the primary lenders loans for redevelopment projects in brownfield areas. If the redevelopment project is for affordable housing, as defined in

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407 s. 420.0004, in a brownfield area, the limited state loan 408 guaranty applies to 75 percent of the primary lender's loan. If 409 the redevelopment project includes the construction and 410 operation of a new health care facility or a health care 411 provider, as defined in s. 408.032 or, s. 408.07, or s. 412 408.7056, on a brownfield site and the applicant has obtained 413 documentation in accordance with s. 376.30781 indicating that 414 the construction of the health care facility or health care 415 provider by the applicant on the brownfield site has received a 416 certificate of occupancy or a license or certificate has been 417 issued for the operation of the health care facility or health 418 care provider, the limited state loan guaranty applies to 75 percent of the primary lender's loan. A limited state quaranty 419 420 of private loans or a loan loss reserve is authorized for 421 lenders licensed to operate in the state upon a determination by

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Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 381.0031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

the council that such an arrangement would be in the public

interest and the likelihood of the success of the loan is great.

381.0031 Epidemiological research; report of diseases of public health significance to department.—

(2) Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder which licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of

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436	public health significance shall immediately report the fact to
437	the Department of Health.
438	Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 381.0034, Florida
439	Statutes, is amended to read:
440	381.0034 Requirement for instruction on HIV and AIDS.—
441	(3) The department shall require, as a condition of
442	granting a license under chapter 467 or part $\overline{\text{II}}$ $\overline{\text{III}}$ of chapter
443	483, that an applicant making initial application for licensure
444	complete an educational course acceptable to the department on
445	human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency
446	syndrome. Upon submission of an affidavit showing good cause, an
447	applicant who has not taken a course at the time of licensure
448	shall be allowed 6 months to complete this requirement.
449	Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
450	381.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
451	381.004 HIV testing
452	(4) HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TESTING REQUIREMENTS;
453	REGISTRATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; EXEMPTIONS FROM
454	REGISTRATION.—No county health department and no other person in
455	this state shall conduct or hold themselves out to the public as
456	conducting a testing program for acquired immune deficiency
457	syndrome or human immunodeficiency virus status without first
458	registering with the Department of Health, reregistering each
459	year, complying with all other applicable provisions of state
460	law, and meeting the following requirements:
461	(c) The program shall have all laboratory procedures
462	performed in a laboratory $\underline{\text{appropriately certified by the Centers}}$
463	for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical
464	Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted

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thereunder licensed under the provisions of chapter 483.

Section 9. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 381.0405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 381.0405 Office of Rural Health.—

- (4) COORDINATION.—The office shall:
- (f) Assume responsibility for state coordination of the Rural Hospital Transition Grant Program, the Essential Access Community Hospital Program, and other federal rural health care programs.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 383.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.14 Screening for metabolic disorders, other hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk factors.—

(2) RULES.-

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- (a) After consultation with the Genetics and Newborn Screening Advisory Council, the department shall adopt and enforce rules requiring that every newborn in this state shall:
- 1. Before becoming 1 week of age, be subjected to a test for phenylketonuria;
- 2. Be tested for any condition included on the federal Recommended Uniform Screening Panel which the council advises the department should be included under the state's screening program. After the council recommends that a condition be included, the department shall submit a legislative budget request to seek an appropriation to add testing of the condition to the newborn screening program. The department shall expand statewide screening of newborns to include screening for such conditions within 18 months after the council renders such advice, if a test approved by the United States Food and Drug

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494	Administration or a test offered by an alternative vendor which
495	is compatible with the clinical standards established under part
496	I of chapter 483 is available. If such a test is not available
497	within 18 months after the council makes its recommendation, the
498	department shall implement such screening as soon as a test
499	offered by the United States Food and Drug Administration or by
500	an alternative vendor is available; and
501	3. At the appropriate age, be tested for such other
502	metabolic diseases and hereditary or congenital disorders as the
503	department may deem necessary from time to time.
504	Section 11. Section 383.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to
505	read:
506	383.30 Birth Center Licensure Act; short title.—Sections
507	383.30-383.332 $383.30-383.335$ shall be known and may be cited as
508	the "Birth Center Licensure Act."
509	Section 12. Section 383.301, Florida Statutes, is amended
510	to read:
511	383.301 Licensure and regulation of birth centers;
512	legislative intent.—It is the intent of the Legislature to
513	provide for the protection of public health and safety in the
514	establishment, maintenance, and operation of birth centers by
515	providing for licensure of birth centers and for the
516	development, establishment, and enforcement of minimum standards
517	with respect to birth centers. The requirements of part II of
518	chapter 408 shall apply to the provision of services that
519	require licensure pursuant to ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335
520	and part II of chapter 408 and to entities licensed by or
521	applying for such licensure from the Agency for Health Care

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Administration pursuant to ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335. A

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license issued by the agency is required in order to operate a birth center in this state.

Section 13. Section 383.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.302 Definitions of terms used in ss. $\underline{383.30-383.332}$ $\underline{383.30-383.335}$.—As used in ss. $\underline{383.30-383.332}$ $\underline{383.30-383.335}$, the term:

(1) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care Administration.

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- (2) "Birth center" means any facility, institution, or place, which is not an ambulatory surgical center or a hospital or in a hospital, in which births are planned to occur away from the mother's usual residence following a normal, uncomplicated, low-risk pregnancy.
- (3) "Clinical staff" means individuals employed full time or part time by a birth center who are licensed or certified to provide care at childbirth.
- (4) "Consultant" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 who agrees to provide advice and services to a birth center and who either:
- (a) Is certified or eligible for certification by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, or
 - (b) Has hospital obstetrical privileges.
- (5) "Governing body" means any individual, group, corporation, or institution which is responsible for the overall operation and maintenance of a birth center.
- (6) "Governmental unit" means the state or any county, municipality, or other political subdivision or any department, division, board, or other agency of any of the foregoing.

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552	(7) "Licensed facility" means a facility licensed in
553	accordance with s. 383.305.
554	(8) "Low-risk pregnancy" means a pregnancy which is
555	expected to result in an uncomplicated birth, as determined
556	through risk criteria developed by rule of the department, and
557	which is accompanied by adequate prenatal care.
558	(9) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
559	corporation, company, association, institution, or joint stock
560	association and means any legal successor of any of the
561	foregoing.
562	(10) "Premises" means those buildings, beds, and facilities
563	located at the main address of the licensee and all other
564	buildings, beds, and facilities for the provision of maternity
565	care located in such reasonable proximity to the main address of
566	the licensee as to appear to the public to be under the dominion
567	and control of the licensee.
568	Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 383.305, Florida
569	Statutes, is amended to read:
570	383.305 Licensure; fees
571	(1) In accordance with s. 408.805, an applicant or a
572	licensee shall pay a fee for each license application submitted
573	under ss. $\underline{383.30-383.332}$ $\underline{383.30-383.335}$ and part II of chapter
574	408. The amount of the fee shall be established by rule.
575	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 383.309, Florida
576	Statutes, is amended to read:
577	383.309 Minimum standards for birth centers; rules and
578	enforcement
579	(1) The agency shall adopt and enforce rules to administer

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ss. $383.30-383.332 \frac{383.30-383.335}{383.30-383.335}$ and part II of chapter 408,

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which rules shall include, but are not limited to, reasonable and fair minimum standards for ensuring that:

- (a) Sufficient numbers and qualified types of personnel and occupational disciplines are available at all times to provide necessary and adequate patient care and safety.
- (b) Infection control, housekeeping, sanitary conditions, disaster plan, and medical record procedures that will adequately protect patient care and provide safety are established and implemented.
- (c) Licensed facilities are established, organized, and operated consistent with established programmatic standards.

Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 383.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.313 Performance of laboratory and surgical services; use of anesthetic and chemical agents.—

(1) LABORATORY SERVICES.—A birth center may collect specimens for those tests that are requested under protocol. A birth center must obtain and continuously maintain certification by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder in order to may perform simple laboratory tests specified, as defined by rule of the agency, and which are appropriate to meet the needs of the patient is exempt from the requirements of chapter 483, provided no more than five physicians are employed by the birth center and testing is conducted exclusively in connection with the diagnosis and treatment of clients of the birth center.

Section 17. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 383.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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383.33 Administrative penalties; moratorium on admissions.—
(1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter
408, the agency may impose an administrative fine not to exceed
\$500 per violation per day for the violation of any provision of
ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335, part II of chapter 408, or
applicable rules.

- (2) In determining the amount of the fine to be levied for a violation, as provided in this section, the following factors shall be considered:
- (a) The severity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious harm to the health or safety of any person will result or has resulted; the severity of the actual or potential harm; and the extent to which the provisions of ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335, part II of chapter 408, or applicable rules were violated.

Section 18. <u>Section 383.335, Florida Statutes, is repealed.</u>
Section 19. Section 384.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

384.31 Testing of pregnant women; duty of the attendant.—
Every person, including every physician licensed under chapter
458 or chapter 459 or midwife licensed under part I of chapter
464 or chapter 467, attending a pregnant woman for conditions
relating to pregnancy during the period of gestation and
delivery shall cause the woman to be tested for sexually
transmissible diseases, including HIV, as specified by
department rule. Testing shall be performed by a laboratory
appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement
Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder approved for

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such purposes under part I of chapter 483. The woman shall be informed of the tests that will be conducted and of her right to refuse testing. If a woman objects to testing, a written statement of objection, signed by the woman, shall be placed in the woman's medical record and no testing shall occur.

Section 20. Subsection (2) of section 385.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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385.211 Refractory and intractable epilepsy treatment and research at recognized medical centers.—

(2) Notwithstanding chapter 893, medical centers recognized pursuant to s. 381.925, or an academic medical research institution legally affiliated with a licensed children's specialty hospital as defined in s. 395.002(27) s. 395.002(28) that contracts with the Department of Health, may conduct research on cannabidiol and low-THC cannabis. This research may include, but is not limited to, the agricultural development, production, clinical research, and use of liquid medical derivatives of cannabidiol and low-THC cannabis for the treatment for refractory or intractable epilepsy. The authority for recognized medical centers to conduct this research is derived from 21 C.F.R. parts 312 and 316. Current state or privately obtained research funds may be used to support the activities described in this section.

Section 21. Subsection (7) of section 394.4787, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4787 Definitions; ss. 394.4786, 394.4787, 394.4788, and 394.4789.—As used in this section and ss. 394.4786, 394.4788, and 394.4789:

(7) "Specialty psychiatric hospital" means a hospital

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26-00620-18 2018622 licensed by the agency pursuant to s. 395.002(27) s. 395.002(28) 669 and part II of chapter 408 as a specialty psychiatric hospital. 670 Section 22. Section 395.001, Florida Statutes, is amended 671 672 395.001 Legislative intent.-It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for the protection of public health and 673 674 safety in the establishment, construction, maintenance, and 675 operation of hospitals and, ambulatory surgical centers, and mobile surgical facilities by providing for licensure of same 676 677 and for the development, establishment, and enforcement of minimum standards with respect thereto. 679 Section 23. Present subsections (22) through (33) of 680 section 395.002, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (21) through (32), respectively, and subsections (3) and (16) of that section and present subsections (21) and (23) 683 of that section are amended, to read: 395.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter: 684 685 (3) "Ambulatory surgical center" or "mobile surgical 686 facility" means a facility the primary purpose of which is to 687 provide elective surgical care, in which the patient is admitted to and discharged from such facility within the same working day and is not permitted to stay overnight, and which is not part of a hospital. However, a facility existing for the primary purpose 691 of performing terminations of pregnancy, an office maintained by 692 a physician for the practice of medicine, or an office 693 maintained for the practice of dentistry may shall not be 694 construed to be an ambulatory surgical center, provided that any 695 facility or office which is certified or seeks certification as

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a Medicare ambulatory surgical center shall be licensed as an

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ambulatory surgical center pursuant to s. 395.003. Any structure or vehicle in which a physician maintains an office and practices surgery, and which can appear to the public to be a mobile office because the structure or vehicle operates at more than one address, shall be construed to be a mobile surgical facility.

(16) "Licensed facility" means a hospital \underline{or}_7 ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility licensed in accordance with this chapter.

(21) "Mobile surgical facility" is a mobile facility in which licensed health care professionals provide elective surgical care under contract with the Department of Corrections or a private correctional facility operating pursuant to chapter 957 and in which inmate patients are admitted to and discharged from said facility within the same working day and are not permitted to stay overnight. However, mobile surgical facilities may only provide health care services to the inmate patients of the Department of Corrections, or inmate patients of a private correctional facility operating pursuant to chapter 957, and not to the general public.

 $(22)\cdot(23)$ "Premises" means those buildings, beds, and equipment located at the address of the licensed facility and all other buildings, beds, and equipment for the provision of hospital or, ambulatory surgical, or mobile surgical care located in such reasonable proximity to the address of the licensed facility as to appear to the public to be under the dominion and control of the licensee. For any licensee that is a teaching hospital as defined in $\underline{s}.408.07$ $\underline{s}.408.07(45)$, reasonable proximity includes any buildings, beds, services,

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26-00620-18 2018622 726 programs, and equipment under the dominion and control of the 727 licensee that are located at a site with a main address that is 728 within 1 mile of the main address of the licensed facility; and all such buildings, beds, and equipment may, at the request of a licensee or applicant, be included on the facility license as a 730 731 single premises. 732 Section 24. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and 733 paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 395.003, Florida 734 Statutes, are amended to read: 735 395.003 Licensure; denial, suspension, and revocation.-736 (1) (a) The requirements of part II of chapter 408 apply to the provision of services that require licensure pursuant to ss. 737 395.001-395.1065 and part II of chapter 408 and to entities 738 739 licensed by or applying for such licensure from the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to ss. 395.001-395.1065. A 741 license issued by the agency is required in order to operate a hospital or, ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical 742 743 facility in this state. 744 (b)1. It is unlawful for a person to use or advertise to 745 the public, in any way or by any medium whatsoever, any facility as a "hospital," or "ambulatory surgical center," or "mobile 746 surgical facility" unless such facility has first secured a 747

license under the provisions of this part.

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(2) (b) The agency shall, at the request of a licensee that

2. This part does not apply to veterinary hospitals or to

commercial business establishments using the word "hospital $_{T}$ " or "ambulatory surgical center $_{T}$ " or "mobile surgical facility" as a

part of a trade name if no treatment of human beings is

performed on the premises of such establishments.

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is a teaching hospital as defined in $\underline{s.\ 408.07}\ s.\ 408.07(45)$, issue a single license to a licensee for facilities that have been previously licensed as separate premises, provided such separately licensed facilities, taken together, constitute the same premises as defined in $\underline{s.\ 395.002}\ s.\ 395.002(23)$. Such license for the single premises shall include all of the beds, services, and programs that were previously included on the licenses for the separate premises. The granting of a single license under this paragraph $\underline{may}\ shall$ not in any manner reduce the number of beds, services, or programs operated by the licensee.

Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 395.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.009 Minimum standards for clinical laboratory test results and diagnostic X-ray results; prerequisite for issuance or renewal of license.— $\,$

(1) As a requirement for issuance or renewal of its license, each licensed facility shall require that all clinical laboratory tests performed by or for the licensed facility be performed by a clinical laboratory appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder licensed under the provisions of chapter 483.

Section 26. Section 395.0091, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

395.0091 Alternate-site testing.—The agency, in consultation with the Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, shall adopt by rule the criteria for alternate-site testing to be performed under the supervision of a clinical laboratory

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784	director. At a minimum, the criteria must address hospital
785	internal needs assessment; a protocol for implementation,
786	including the identification of tests to be performed and who
787	will perform them; selection of the method of testing to be used
788	for alternate-site testing; minimum training and education
789	requirements for those who will perform alternate-site testing,
790	such as documented training, licensure, certification, or other
791	medical professional background not limited to laboratory
792	professionals; documented inservice training and initial and
793	ongoing competency validation; an appropriate internal and
794	external quality control protocol; an internal mechanism for the
795	central laboratory to identify and track alternate-site testing;
796	and recordkeeping requirements. Alternate-site testing locations
797	must register when the hospital applies to renew its license.
798	For purposes of this section, the term "alternate-site testing"
799	includes any laboratory testing done under the administrative
800	control of a hospital, but performed out of the physical or
801	administrative confines of the central laboratory.
802	Section 27. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section
803	395.0161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
804	395.0161 Licensure inspection
805	(1) In addition to the requirement of s. 408.811, the
806	agency shall make or cause to be made such inspections and
807	investigations as it deems necessary, including:
808	(f) Inspections of mobile surgical facilities at each time
809	a facility establishes a new location, prior to the admission of
810	patients. However, such inspections shall not be required when a
811	mobile surgical facility is moved temporarily to a location
812	where medical treatment will not be provided.

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813 Section 28. Subsection (3) of section 395.0163, Florida 814 Statutes, is amended to read: 815 395.0163 Construction inspections; plan submission and 816 approval; fees .-817 (3) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.811, the agency shall inspect a mobile surgical facility at initial 818 licensure and at each time the facility establishes a new 819 820 location, prior to admission of patients. However, such 821 inspections shall not be required when a mobile surgical 822 facility is moved temporarily to a location where medical 823 treatment will not be provided. 824 Section 29. Subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (6), and subsections (16) and (17) of section 395.0197, Florida 825 826 Statutes, are amended to read: 827 395.0197 Internal risk management program.-828 (2) The internal risk management program is the 829 responsibility of the governing board of the health care 830 facility. Each licensed facility shall hire a risk manager $_{\overline{L}}$ 831 licensed under s. 395.10974, who is responsible for 832 implementation and oversight of the such facility's internal 833 risk management program and who demonstrates competence, through 834 education or experience, in all of the following areas: 835 (a) Applicable standards of health care risk management. 836 (b) Applicable federal, state, and local health and safety 837 laws and rules. 838 (c) General risk management administration. 839 (d) Patient care. 840 (e) Medical care. 841 (f) Personal and social care.

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842	(g) Accident prevention.
843	(h) Departmental organization and management.
844	(i) Community interrelationships.
845	(j) Medical terminology as required by this section. A risk
846	manager must not be made responsible for more than four internal
847	risk management programs in separate licensed facilities, unless
848	the facilities are under one corporate ownership or the risk
849	management programs are in rural hospitals.
850	(6)(c) The report submitted to the agency $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ also
851	contain the name and license number of the risk manager of the
852	licensed facility, a copy of its policy and procedures which
853	govern the measures taken by the facility and its risk manager
854	to reduce the risk of injuries and adverse incidents, and the
855	results of such measures. The annual report is confidential and
856	is not available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any
857	other law providing access to public records. The annual report
858	is not discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative
859	action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the
860	appropriate regulatory board. The annual report is not available
861	to the public as part of the record of investigation for and
862	prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the
863	public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board.
864	However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall
865	make available, upon written request by a health care
866	professional against whom probable cause has been found, any
867	such records which form the basis of the determination of
868	probable cause.
869	(16) There shall be no monetary liability on the part of,
870	and no cause of action for damages shall arise against, any risk

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manager, licensed under s. 395.10974, for the implementation and oversight of the internal risk management program in a facility licensed under this chapter or chapter 390 as required by this section, for any act or proceeding undertaken or performed within the scope of the functions of such internal risk management program if the risk manager acts without intentional fraud.

(17) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted to any licensed risk manager or licensed facility with regard to information furnished pursuant to this chapter, unless the licensed risk manager or facility acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such information.

Section 30. Section 395.1046, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 31. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 395.1055, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (i) is added to subsection (1), to read:

395.1055 Rules and enforcement.-

- (1) The agency shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this part, which shall include reasonable and fair minimum standards for ensuring that:
- (i) All hospitals providing organ transplantation, neonatal intensive care services, inpatient psychiatric services, inpatient substance abuse services, or comprehensive medical rehabilitation meet the minimum licensure requirements adopted by the agency. Such licensure requirements must include quality of care, nurse staffing, physician staffing, physical plant, equipment, emergency transportation, and data reporting standards.

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900	(2) Separate standards may be provided for general and
901	specialty hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, mobile
902	$\frac{\text{surgical facilities}_{r}}{\text{surgical facilities}_{r}}$ and statutory rural hospitals as defined in
903	s. 395.602.
904	(3) The agency shall adopt rules with respect to the care
905	and treatment of patients residing in distinct part nursing
906	units of hospitals which are certified for participation in
907	Title XVIII (Medicare) and Title XIX (Medicaid) of the Social
908	Security Act skilled nursing facility program. Such rules shall
909	take into account the types of patients treated in hospital
910	skilled nursing units, including typical patient acuity levels
911	and the average length of stay in such units, and shall be
912	limited to the appropriate portions of the Omnibus Budget
913	Reconciliation Act of 1987 (Pub. L. No. 100-203) (December 22,
914	1987), Title IV (Medicare, Medicaid, and Other Health-Related
915	Programs), Subtitle C (Nursing Home Reform), as amended. The
916	agency shall require level 2 background screening as specified
917	in s. 408.809(1)(e) pursuant to s. 408.809 and chapter 435 for
918	personnel of distinct part nursing units.
919	Section 32. Section 395.10971, Florida Statutes, is
920	repealed.
921	Section 33. Section 395.10972, Florida Statutes, is
922	repealed.
923	Section 34. Section 395.10973, Florida Statutes, is amended
924	to read:
925	395.10973 Powers and duties of the agency.—It is the
926	function of the agency to:
927	(1) Adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to
928	implement the provisions of this part and part II of chapter 408

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929 conferring duties upon it.

(2) Develop, impose, and enforce specific standards within the scope of the general qualifications established by this part which must be met by individuals in order to receive licenses as health care risk managers. These standards shall be designed to ensure that health care risk managers are individuals of good character and otherwise suitable and, by training or experience in the field of health care risk management, qualified in accordance with the provisions of this part to serve as health care risk managers, within statutory requirements.

- (3) Develop a method for determining whether an individual meets the standards set forth in s. 395.10974.
- (4) Issue licenses to qualified individuals meeting the standards set forth in s. 395.10974.
- (5) Receive, investigate, and take appropriate action with respect to any charge or complaint filed with the agency to the effect that a certified health care risk manager has failed to comply with the requirements or standards adopted by rule by the agency or to comply with the provisions of this part.
- (6) Establish procedures for providing periodic reports on persons certified or disciplined by the agency under this part.
- (2)-(7)- Develop a model risk management program for health care facilities which will satisfy the requirements of s. 395.0197.
- (3) (8) Enforce the special-occupancy provisions of the Florida Building Code which apply to hospitals, intermediate residential treatment facilities, and ambulatory surgical centers in conducting any inspection authorized by this chapter and part II of chapter 408.

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958	Section 35. Section 395.10974, Florida Statutes, is
959	repealed.
960	Section 36. Section 395.10975, Florida Statutes, is
961	repealed.
962	Section 37. Subsection (2) of section 395.602, Florida
963	Statutes, is amended to read:
964	395.602 Rural hospitals.—
965	(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this part, the term:
966	(a) "Emergency care hospital" means a medical facility
967	which provides:
968	1. Emergency medical treatment; and
969	2. Inpatient care to ill or injured persons prior to their
970	transportation to another hospital or provides inpatient medical
971	care to persons needing care for a period of up to 96 hours. The
972	96-hour limitation on inpatient care does not apply to respite,
973	skilled nursing, hospice, or other nonacute care patients.
974	(b) "Essential access community hospital" means any
975	facility which:
976	1. Has at least 100 beds;
977	2. Is located more than 35 miles from any other essential
978	access community hospital, rural referral center, or urban
979	hospital meeting criteria for classification as a regional
980	referral center;
981	3. Is part of a network that includes rural primary care
982	hospitals;
983	4. Provides emergency and medical backup services to rural
984	primary care hospitals in its rural health network;
985	5. Extends staff privileges to rural primary care hospital
986	physicians in its network; and

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6. Accepts patients transferred from rural primary care hospitals in its network.

(c) "Inactive rural hospital bed" means a licensed acute care hospital bed, as defined in s. 395.002(13), that is inactive in that it cannot be occupied by acute care inpatients.

(a) (d) "Rural area health education center" means an area health education center (AHEC), as authorized by Pub. L. No. 94-484, which provides services in a county with a population density of up to $\frac{1}{100}$ persons per square mile.

(b) (e) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds and an emergency room, which is:

- 1. The sole provider within a county with a population density of up to 100 persons per square mile;
- 2. An acute care hospital, in a county with a population density of up to 100 persons per square mile, which is at least 30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads under normal traffic conditions, from any other acute care hospital within the same county;
- 3. A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict whose boundaries encompass a population of up to 100 persons per square mile;
- 4. A hospital classified as a sole community hospital under 42 C.F.R. s. 412.92 which has up to 175, regardless of the number of licensed beds;
- 5. A hospital with a service area that has a population of up to 100 persons per square mile. As used in this subparagraph, the term "service area" means the fewest number of zip codes that account for 75 percent of the hospital's discharges for the

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1016	most recent 5-year period, based on information available from
1017	the hospital inpatient discharge database in the Florida Center
1018	for Health Information and Transparency at the agency; or
1019	6. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital, as
1020	defined in s. 408.07.
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1022	Population densities used in this paragraph must be based upon
1023	the most recently completed United States census. A hospital
1024	that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no
1025	later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall
1026	continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30,
1027	2021, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds
1028	and an emergency room. An acute care hospital that has not
1029	previously been designated as a rural hospital and that meets
1030	the criteria of this paragraph shall be granted such designation
1031	upon application, including supporting documentation, to the
1032	agency. A hospital that was licensed as a rural hospital during
1033	the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 fiscal year shall continue to be a
1034	rural hospital from the date of designation through June 30,
1035	2021, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds
1036	and an emergency room.
1037	(f) "Rural primary care hospital" means any facility
1038	meeting the criteria in paragraph (e) or s. 395.605 which
1039	provides:
1040	1. Twenty-four-hour emergency medical care;
1041	2. Temporary inpatient care for periods of 72 hours or less
1042	to patients requiring stabilization before discharge or transfer
1043	to another hospital. The 72 hour limitation does not apply to
1044	respite, skilled nursing, hospice, or other nonacute care

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patients; and

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3. Has no more than six licensed acute care inpatient beds.

(c) (g) "Swing-bed" means a bed which can be used interchangeably as either a hospital, skilled nursing facility (SNF), or intermediate care facility (ICF) bed pursuant to 42 C.F.R. parts 405, 435, 440, 442, and 447.

Section 38. Section 395.603, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.603 Deactivation of general hospital beds; Rural hospital impact statement.—

(1) The agency shall establish, by rule, a process by which a rural hospital, as defined in s. 395.602, that seeks licensure as a rural primary care hospital or as an emergency care hospital, or becomes a certified rural health clinic as defined in Pub. L. No. 95-210, or becomes a primary care program such as a county health department, community health center, or other similar outpatient program that provides preventive and curative services, may deactivate general hospital beds. Rural primary care hospitals and emergency care hospitals shall maintain the number of actively licensed general hospital beds necessary for the facility to be certified for Medicare reimbursement. Hospitals that discontinue inpatient care to become rural health care clinics or primary care programs shall deactivate all licensed general hospital beds. All hospitals, clinics, and programs with inactive beds shall provide 24-hour emergency medical care by staffing an emergency room. Providers with inactive beds shall be subject to the criteria in s. 395.1041. The agency shall specify in rule requirements for making 24 hour emergency care available. Inactive general hospital beds shall

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1074	be included in the acute care bed inventory, maintained by the
1075	agency for certificate-of-need purposes, for 10 years from the
1076	date of deactivation of the beds. After 10 years have elapsed,
1077	inactive beds shall be excluded from the inventory. The agency
1078	shall, at the request of the licensee, reactivate the inactive
1079	general beds upon a showing by the licensee that licensure
1080	requirements for the inactive general beds are met.
1081	$\stackrel{ ext{(2)}}{ ext{ In formulating and implementing policies and rules that}}$
1082	may have significant impact on the ability of rural hospitals to
1083	continue to provide health care services in rural communities,
1084	the agency, the department, or the respective regulatory board
1085	adopting policies or rules regarding the licensure or
1086	certification of health care professionals shall provide a rural
1087	hospital impact statement. The rural hospital impact statement
1088	shall assess the proposed action in light of the following
1089	questions:
1090	$\underline{\text{(1)}}$ (a) Do the health personnel affected by the proposed
1091	action currently practice in rural hospitals or are they likely
1092	to in the near future?
1093	$\underline{\text{(2)}}$ (b) What are the current numbers of the affected health
1094	personnel in this state, their geographic distribution, and the
1095	number practicing in rural hospitals?
1096	$\underline{\text{(3)}}$ (c) What are the functions presently performed by the
1097	affected health personnel, and are such functions presently
1098	performed in rural hospitals?
1099	$\underline{\text{(4)}}$ (d) What impact will the proposed action have on the
1100	ability of rural hospitals to recruit the affected personnel to
1101	practice in their facilities?
1102	(5) (c) What impact will the proposed action have on the

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1103	limited financial resources of rural hospitals through increased
1104	salaries and benefits necessary to recruit or retain such health
1105	personnel?
1106	(6) (f) Is there a less stringent requirement which could
1107	apply to practice in rural hospitals?
1108	(7) (g) Will this action create staffing shortages, which
1109	could result in a loss to the public of health care services in
1110	rural hospitals or result in closure of any rural hospitals?
1111	Section 39. Section 395.604, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1112	Section 40. Section 395.605, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1113	Section 41. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
1114	395.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1115	395.701 Annual assessments on net operating revenues for
1116	inpatient and outpatient services to fund public medical
1117	assistance; administrative fines for failure to pay assessments
1118	when due; exemption
1119	(1) For the purposes of this section, the term:
1120	(c) "Hospital" means a health care institution as defined
1121	in s. 395.002(12), but does not include any hospital operated by
1122	a state the agency or the Department of Corrections.
1123	Section 42. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
1124	395.7015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1125	395.7015 Annual assessment on health care entities.—
1126	(2) There is imposed an annual assessment against certain
1127	health care entities as described in this section:
1128	(b) For the purpose of this section, "health care entities"
1129	include the following:
1130	1. Ambulatory surgical centers and mobile surgical
1131	facilities licensed under s. 395.003. This subsection shall only

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1132	apply to mobile surgical facilities operating under contracts
1133	entered into on or after July 1, 1998.
1134	2. Clinical laboratories licensed under s. 483.091,
1135	excluding any hospital laboratory defined under s. $483.041(6)_{T}$
1136	any clinical laboratory operated by the state or a political
1137	subdivision of the state, any clinical laboratory which
1138	qualifies as an exempt organization under s. 501(c)(3) of the
1139	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and which receives 70
1140	percent or more of its gross revenues from services to charity
1141	patients or Medicaid patients, and any blood, plasma, or tissue
1142	bank procuring, storing, or distributing blood, plasma, or
1143	tissue either for future manufacture or research or distributed
1144	on a nonprofit basis, and further excluding any clinical
1145	laboratory which is wholly owned and operated by 6 or fewer
1146	physicians who are licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter
1147	459 and who practice in the same group practice, and at which no
1148	clinical laboratory work is performed for patients referred by
1149	any health care provider who is not a member of the same group.
1150	2.3. Diagnostic-imaging centers that are freestanding
1151	outpatient facilities that provide specialized services for the
1152	identification or determination of a disease through examination
1153	and also provide sophisticated radiological services, and in
1154	which services are rendered by a physician licensed by the Board
1155	of Medicine under s. 458.311, s. 458.313, or s. 458.317, or by
1156	an osteopathic physician licensed by the Board of Osteopathic
1157	Medicine under s. 459.0055 or s. 459.0075. For purposes of this
1158	paragraph, "sophisticated radiological services" means the
1159	following: magnetic resonance imaging; nuclear medicine;
1160	angiography; arteriography; computed tomography; positron

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emission tomography; digital vascular imaging; bronchography; lymphangiography; splenography; ultrasound, excluding ultrasound providers that are part of a private physician's office practice or when ultrasound is provided by two or more physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who are members of the same professional association and who practice in the same medical specialties; and such other sophisticated radiological services, excluding mammography, as adopted in rule by the board.

Section 43. Subsection (1) of section 400.0625, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0625 Minimum standards for clinical laboratory test results and diagnostic X-ray results.—

(1) Each nursing home, as a requirement for issuance or renewal of its license, shall require that all clinical laboratory tests performed for the nursing home be performed by a clinical laboratory appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder licensed under the provisions of chapter 483, except for such self-testing procedures as are approved by the agency by rule. Results of clinical laboratory tests performed prior to admission which meet the minimum standards provided in s. 483.181(3) shall be accepted in lieu of routine examinations required upon admission and clinical laboratory tests which may be ordered by a physician for residents of the nursing home.

Section 44. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 400.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.191 Availability, distribution, and posting of reports

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and records.-

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(2) The agency shall publish the Nursing Home Guide quarterly in electronic form to assist consumers and their families in comparing and evaluating nursing home facilities.

- (a) The agency shall provide an Internet site which shall include at least the following information either directly or indirectly through a link to another established site or sites of the agency's choosing:
- 1198 1. A section entitled "Have you considered programs that 1199 provide alternatives to nursing home care?" which shall be the 1200 first section of the Nursing Home Guide and which shall prominently display information about available alternatives to 1201 nursing homes and how to obtain additional information regarding 1202 1203 these alternatives. The Nursing Home Guide shall explain that 1204 this state offers alternative programs that permit qualified 1205 elderly persons to stay in their homes instead of being placed 1206 in nursing homes and shall encourage interested persons to call 1207 the Comprehensive Assessment Review and Evaluation for Long-Term 1208 Care Services (CARES) Program to inquire if they qualify. The 1209 Nursing Home Guide shall list available home and community-based programs which shall clearly state the services that are 1210 1211 provided and indicate whether nursing home services are included 1212 if needed.
 - 2. A list by name and address of all nursing home facilities in this state, including any prior name by which a facility was known during the previous 24-month period.
 - 3. Whether such nursing home facilities are proprietary or nonproprietary.
 - 4. The current owner of the facility's license and the year

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that that entity became the owner of the license.

- 5. The name of the owner or owners of each facility and whether the facility is affiliated with a company or other organization owning or managing more than one nursing facility in this state.
- 6. The total number of beds in each facility and the most recently available occupancy levels.
- 7. The number of private and semiprivate rooms in each facility.
 - 8. The religious affiliation, if any, of each facility.
- 9. The languages spoken by the administrator and staff of each facility.
- 10. Whether or not each facility accepts Medicare or Medicaid recipients or insurance, health maintenance organization, Veterans Administration, CHAMPUS program, or workers' compensation coverage.
- 11. Recreational and other programs available at each facility.
- 12. Special care units or programs offered at each facility.
- 13. Whether the facility is a part of a retirement community that offers other services pursuant to part III of this chapter or part I or part III of chapter 429.
- 14. Survey and deficiency information, including all federal and state recertification, licensure, revisit, and complaint survey information, for each facility for the past 30 months. For noncertified nursing homes, state survey and deficiency information, including licensure, revisit, and complaint survey information for the past 30 months shall be

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1248 provided.

Section 45. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (b), (e), and (f) of subsection (4) of section 400.464, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

400.464 Home health agencies to be licensed; expiration of license; exemptions; unlawful acts; penalties.—

(1) The requirements of part II of chapter 408 apply to the provision of services that require licensure pursuant to this part and part II of chapter 408 and entities licensed or registered by or applying for such licensure or registration from the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to this part. A license issued by the agency is required in order to operate a home health agency in this state. A license issued on or after July 1, 2018, must specify the home health services the organization is authorized to perform and indicate whether such specified services are considered skilled care. The provision or advertising of services that require licensure pursuant to this part without such services being specified on the face of the license issued on or after July 1, 2018, constitutes unlicensed activity as prohibited under s. 408.812.

(4) (b) The operation or maintenance of an unlicensed home health agency or the performance of any home health services in violation of this part is declared a nuisance, inimical to the public health, welfare, and safety. The agency or any state attorney may, in addition to other remedies provided in this part, bring an action for an injunction to restrain such violation, or to enjoin the future operation or maintenance of the home health agency or the provision of home health services in violation of this part or part II of chapter 408, until

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compliance with this part or the rules adopted under this part has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the agency.

- (e) Any person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed home health agency and who, within 10 working days after receiving notification from the agency, fails to cease operation and apply for a license under this part commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Each day of continued operation is a separate offense.
- (f) Any home health agency that fails to cease operation after agency notification may be fined <u>in accordance with s.</u> $408.812 \frac{$500 \text{ for each day of noncompliance}}{}$.
- (6) Any person, entity, or organization providing home health services which is exempt from licensure under subsection (5) may voluntarily apply for a certificate of exemption from licensure under its exempt status with the agency on a form that specifies its name or names and addresses, a statement of the reasons why it is exempt from licensure as a home health agency, and other information deemed necessary by the agency. A certificate of exemption is valid for a period of not more than 2 years and is not transferable. The agency may charge an applicant \$100 for a certificate of exemption or charge the actual cost of processing the certificate.

Section 46. Subsections (6) through (9) of section 400.471, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5) through (8), respectively, and present subsections (2),(6), and (9) of that section are amended, to read:

400.471 Application for license; fee.-

(2) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter

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1306	408, the initial applicant, the applicant for a change of
1307	ownership, and the applicant for the addition of skilled care
1308	$\underline{\text{services}}$ must file with the application satisfactory proof that
1309	the home health agency is in compliance with this part and
1310	applicable rules, including:
1311	(a) A listing of services to be provided, either directly
1312	by the applicant or through contractual arrangements with
1313	existing providers.
1314	(b) The number and discipline of professional staff to be
1315	employed.
1316	(c) Completion of questions concerning volume data on the
1317	renewal application as determined by rule.
1318	$\underline{\text{(c)}}\underline{\text{(d)}}$ A business plan, signed by the applicant, which
1319	details the home health agency's methods to obtain patients and
1320	its plan to recruit and maintain staff.
1321	$\underline{\text{(d)}}_{\text{(e)}}$ Evidence of contingency funding <u>as required under s.</u>
1322	408.8065 equal to 1 month's average operating expenses during
1323	the first year of operation.
1324	$\underline{\text{(e)}}$ (f) A balance sheet, income and expense statement, and
1325	statement of cash flows for the first 2 years of operation which
1326	provide evidence of having sufficient assets, credit, and
1327	projected revenues to cover liabilities and expenses. The
1328	applicant has demonstrated financial ability to operate if the
1329	applicant's assets, credit, and projected revenues meet or
1330	exceed projected liabilities and expenses. An applicant may not
1331	project an operating margin of 15 percent or greater for any
1332	month in the first year of operation. All documents required
1333	under this paragraph must be prepared in accordance with
1334	generally accepted accounting principles and compiled and signed

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by a certified public accountant.

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 $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ All other ownership interests in health care entities for each controlling interest, as defined in part II of chapter 408.

(g) (h) In the case of an application for initial licensure, an application for a change of ownership, or an application for the addition of skilled care services, documentation of accreditation, or an application for accreditation, from an accrediting organization that is recognized by the agency as having standards comparable to those required by this part and part II of chapter 408. A home health agency that is not Medicare or Medicaid certified and does not provide skilled care is exempt from this paragraph. Notwithstanding s. 408.806, an initial applicant that has applied for accreditation must provide proof of accreditation that is not conditional or provisional and a survey demonstrating compliance with the requirements of this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules from an accrediting organization that is recognized by the agency as having standards comparable to those required by this part and part II of chapter 408 within 120 days after the date of the agency's receipt of the application for licensure or the application shall be withdrawn from further consideration. Such accreditation must be continuously maintained by the home health agency to maintain licensure. The agency shall accept, in lieu of its own periodic licensure survey, the submission of the survey of an accrediting organization that is recognized by the agency if the accreditation of the licensed home health agency is not provisional and if the licensed home health agency authorizes

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1364	releases of, and the agency receives the report of, the
1365	accrediting organization.
1366	(6) The agency may not issue a license designated as
1367	certified to a home health agency that fails to satisfy the
1368	requirements of a Medicare certification survey from the agency.
1369	(8) (9) The agency may not issue a renewal license for a
1370	home health agency in any county having at least one licensed
1371	home health agency and that has more than one home health agency
1372	per 5,000 persons, as indicated by the most recent population
1373	estimates published by the Legislature's Office of Economic and
1374	Demographic Research, if the applicant or any controlling
1375	interest has been administratively sanctioned by the agency
1376	during the 2 years prior to the submission of the licensure
1377	renewal application for one or more of the following acts:
1378	(a) An intentional or negligent act that materially affects
1379	the health or safety of a client of the provider;
1380	(b) Knowingly providing home health services in an
1381	unlicensed assisted living facility or unlicensed adult family-
1382	care home, unless the home health agency or employee reports the
1383	unlicensed facility or home to the agency within 72 hours after
1384	providing the services;
1385	(c) Preparing or maintaining fraudulent patient records,
1386	such as, but not limited to, charting ahead, recording vital
1387	signs or symptoms which were not personally obtained or observed
1388	by the home health agency's staff at the time indicated,
1389	borrowing patients or patient records from other home health
1390	agencies to pass a survey or inspection, or falsifying
1391	signatures;
1392	(d) Failing to provide at least one service directly to a

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patient for a period of 60 days;

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- (e) Demonstrating a pattern of falsifying documents relating to the training of home health aides or certified nursing assistants or demonstrating a pattern of falsifying health statements for staff who provide direct care to patients. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three fraudulent entries or documents;
- (f) Demonstrating a pattern of billing any payor for services not provided. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three billings for services not provided within a 12-month period;
- (g) Demonstrating a pattern of failing to provide a service specified in the home health agency's written agreement with a patient or the patient's legal representative, or the plan of care for that patient, except unless a reduction in service is mandated by Medicare, Medicaid, or a state program or as provided in s. 400.492(3). A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three incidents, regardless of the patient or service, in which the home health agency did not provide a service specified in a written agreement or plan of care during a 3-month period;
- (h) Giving remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner, facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who is involved in the discharge planning process of a facility licensed under chapter 395, chapter 429, or this chapter from whom the home health agency receives referrals or gives remuneration as prohibited in s. 400.474(6)(a);
- (i) Giving cash, or its equivalent, to a Medicare or Medicaid beneficiary;

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1422	(j) Demonstrating a pattern of billing the Medicaid program
1423	for services to Medicaid recipients which are medically
1424	unnecessary as determined by a final order. A pattern may be
1425	demonstrated by a showing of at least two such medically
1426	unnecessary services within one Medicaid program integrity audit
1427	period;
1428	(k) Providing services to residents in an assisted living
1429	facility for which the home health agency does not receive fair
1430	market value remuneration; or
1431	(1) Providing staffing to an assisted living facility for
1432	which the home health agency does not receive fair market value
1433	remuneration.
1434	Section 47. Subsection (5) of section 400.474, Florida
1435	Statutes, is amended to read:
1436	400.474 Administrative penalties
1437	(5) The agency shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a home
1438	health agency that demonstrates a pattern of failing to provide
1439	a service specified in the home health agency's written
1440	agreement with a patient or the patient's legal representative,
1441	or the plan of care for that patient, $\underline{\text{except}}$ unless a reduction
1442	in service is mandated by Medicare, Medicaid, or a state program
1443	$\frac{1}{2}$ as provided in s. 400.492(3). A pattern may be demonstrated
1444	by a showing of at least three incidences, regardless of the
1445	patient or service, where the home health agency did not provide
1446	a service specified in a written agreement or plan of care
1447	during a 3-month period. The agency shall impose the fine for
1448	each occurrence. The agency may also impose additional
1449	administrative fines under s. 400.484 for the direct or indirect

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harm to a patient, or deny, revoke, or suspend the license of

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the home health agency for a pattern of failing to provide a service specified in the home health agency's written agreement with a patient or the plan of care for that patient.

Section 48. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 400.476, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 $400.476~{\rm Staffing}$ requirements; notifications; limitations on staffing services.—

(2) DIRECTOR OF NURSING.-

(c) A home health agency that <u>provides skilled nursing care</u>
<u>must</u> is not <u>Medicare or Medicaid certified and does not provide</u>
<u>skilled care or provides only physical, occupational, or speech</u>
<u>therapy is not required to have a director of nursing and is</u>
<u>exempt from paragraph (b)</u>.

Section 49. Section 400.484, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.484 Right of inspection; <u>violations</u> <u>deficiencies</u>; fines.—

- (1) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.811, the agency may make such inspections and investigations as are necessary in order to determine the state of compliance with this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules.
- (2) The agency shall impose fines for various classes of $\underline{\text{violations}}$ deficiencies in accordance with the following schedule:
- (a) Class I violations are as provided in s. 408.813 A class I deficiency is any act, omission, or practice that results in a patient's death, disablement, or permanent injury, or places a patient at imminent risk of death, disablement, or permanent injury. Upon finding a class I violation deficiency,

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deficiency exists.

- (c) Class III violations are as provided in s. 408.813 \mathbb{A} class III deficiency is any act, omission, or practice that has an indirect, adverse effect on the health, safety, or security of a patient. Upon finding an uncorrected or repeated class III violation deficiency, the agency shall impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 for each occurrence and each day that the uncorrected or repeated violation deficiency exists.
- (d) Class IV violations are as provided in s. 408.813 \mathbb{A} class IV deficiency is any act, omission, or practice related to required reports, forms, or documents which does not have the potential of negatively affecting patients. These violations are of a type that the agency determines do not threaten the health, safety, or security of patients. Upon finding an uncorrected or repeated class IV violation deficiency, the agency shall impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$500 for each occurrence and each day that the uncorrected or repeated violation deficiency exists.
- (3) In addition to any other penalties imposed pursuant to this section or part, the agency may assess costs related to an

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26-00620-18 2018622 1509 investigation that results in a successful prosecution, 1510 excluding costs associated with an attorney's time. 1511 Section 50. Subsection (4) of section 400.497, Florida 1512 Statutes, is amended to read: 1513 400.497 Rules establishing minimum standards.—The agency 1514 shall adopt, publish, and enforce rules to implement part II of chapter 408 and this part, including, as applicable, ss. 400.506 1515 1516 and 400.509, which must provide reasonable and fair minimum 1517 standards relating to: 1518 (4) Licensure application and renewal and certificates of 1519 exemption. 1520 Section 51. Subsection (5) and paragraph (a) of subsection 1521 (15) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1522 400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements; 1523 penalties .-1524 (5) (a) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.812, any 1525 person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed nurse 1526 registry and who, within 10 working days after receiving 1527 notification from the agency, fails to cease operation and apply 1528 for a license under this part commits a misdemeanor of the 1529 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 1530 775.083. Each day of continued operation is a separate offense. 1531 (b) If a nurse registry fails to cease operation after 1532 agency notification, the agency may impose a fine pursuant to s. 1533 408.812 of \$500 for each day of noncompliance. 1534 (15) (a) The agency may deny, suspend, or revoke the license 1535 of a nurse registry and shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a

1. Provides services to residents in an assisted living ${\tt Page} \ 53 \ {\tt of} \ 120$

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nurse registry that:

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1538	facility for which the nurse registry does not receive fair
1539	market value remuneration.
1540	2. Provides staffing to an assisted living facility for
1541	which the nurse registry does not receive fair market value
1542	remuneration.
1543	3. Fails to provide the agency, upon request, with copies
1544	of all contracts with assisted living facilities which were
1545	executed within the last 5 years.
1546	4. Gives remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner,
1547	facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who is
1548	involved in the discharge planning process of a facility
1549	licensed under chapter 395 or this chapter and from whom the
1550	nurse registry receives referrals. A nurse registry is exempt
1551	from this subparagraph if it does not bill the Florida Medicaid
1552	program or the Medicare program or share a controlling interest
1553	with any entity licensed, registered, or certified under part II
1554	of chapter 408 that bills the Florida Medicaid program or the
1555	Medicare program.
1556	5. Gives remuneration to a physician, a member of the
1557	physician's office staff, or an immediate family member of the
1558	physician, and the nurse registry received a patient referral in
1559	the last 12 months from that physician or the physician's office
1560	staff. A nurse registry is exempt from this subparagraph if it
1561	does not bill the Florida Medicaid program or the Medicare
1562	program or share a controlling interest with any entity
1563	licensed, registered, or certified under part II of chapter 408
1564	that bills the Florida Medicaid program or the Medicare program.
1565	Section 52. Subsection (1) of section 400.606, Florida
1566	Statutes, is amended to read:

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26-00620-18 2018622 1567 400.606 License; application; renewal; conditional license 1568 or permit; certificate of need .-1569 (1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, the initial application and change of ownership application 1570 1571 must be accompanied by a plan for the delivery of home, residential, and homelike inpatient hospice services to 1572 1573 terminally ill persons and their families. Such plan must 1574 contain, but need not be limited to: 1575 (a) The estimated average number of terminally ill persons 1576 to be served monthly. 1577 (b) The geographic area in which hospice services will be 1578 available. 1579 (c) A listing of services which are or will be provided, 1580 either directly by the applicant or through contractual 1581 arrangements with existing providers. 1582 (d) Provisions for the implementation of hospice home care 1583 within 3 months after licensure. 1584 (e) Provisions for the implementation of hospice homelike 1585 inpatient care within 12 months after licensure. 1586 (f) The number and disciplines of professional staff to be 1587 employed. 1588 (g) The name and qualifications of any existing or 1589 potential contractee. 1590 (h) A plan for attracting and training volunteers. 1591 1592 If the applicant is an existing licensed health care provider, 1593 the application must be accompanied by a copy of the most recent

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profit-loss statement and, if applicable, the most recent

licensure inspection report.

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1596	Section 53. Subsection (6) of section 400.925, Florida
1597	Statutes, is amended to read:
1598	400.925 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
1599	(6) "Home medical equipment" includes any product as
1600	defined by the Food and Drug Administration's Federal Food,
1601	Drug, and Cosmetic Act, any products reimbursed under the
1602	Medicare Part B Durable Medical Equipment benefits, or any
1603	products reimbursed under the Florida Medicaid durable medical
1604	equipment program. Home medical equipment includes:
1605	(a) Oxygen and related respiratory equipment; manual,
1606	motorized, or customized wheelchairs and related seating and
1607	positioning, but does not include prosthetics or orthotics or
1608	any splints, braces, or aids custom fabricated by a licensed
1609	health care practitioner;
1610	(b) Motorized scooters;
1611	(c) Personal transfer systems; and
1612	(d) Specialty beds, for use by a person with a medical
1613	need; and
1614	(e) Manual, motorized, or customized wheelchairs and
1615	related seating and positioning, but does not include
1616	prosthetics or orthotics or any splints, braces, or aids custom
1617	fabricated by a licensed health care practitioner.
1618	Section 54. Subsection (4) of section 400.931, Florida
1619	Statutes, is amended to read:
1620	400.931 Application for license; fee
1621	(4) When a change of the general manager of a home medical
1622	equipment provider occurs, the licensee must notify the agency
1623	of the change within $\underline{\text{the timeframes established in part II of}}$
1624	chapter 408 and applicable rules 45 days.

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Section 55. Subsection (2) of section 400.933, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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400.933 Licensure inspections and investigations.-

- (2) The agency shall accept, in lieu of its own periodic inspections for licensure, submission of the following:
- (a) The survey or inspection of an accrediting organization, provided the accreditation of the licensed home medical equipment provider is not provisional and provided the licensed home medical equipment provider authorizes release of, and the agency receives the report of, the accrediting organization; or
- (b) A copy of a valid medical oxygen retail establishment permit issued by the Department of <u>Business and Professional</u>
 Regulation <u>Health</u>, pursuant to chapter 499.

Section 56. Subsection (2) of section 400.980, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.980 Health care services pools.-

(2) The requirements of part II of chapter 408 apply to the provision of services that require licensure or registration pursuant to this part and part II of chapter 408 and to entities registered by or applying for such registration from the agency pursuant to this part. Registration or a license issued by the agency is required for the operation of a health care services pool in this state. In accordance with s. 408.805, an applicant or licensee shall pay a fee for each license application submitted using this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules. The agency shall adopt rules and provide forms required for such registration and shall impose a registration fee in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of administering

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1654	this part and part II of chapter 408. In addition to the
1655	requirements in part II of chapter 408, the registrant must
1656	provide the agency with any change of information contained on
1657	the original registration application within the timeframes
1658	established in this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable
1659	<u>rules</u> 14 days prior to the change .
1660	Section 57. Paragraphs (a) through (d) of subsection (4) of
1661	section 400.9905, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1662	400.9905 Definitions
1663	(4) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services are
1664	provided to individuals and which tenders charges for
1665	reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a
1666	portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does
1667	not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not
1668	apply to:
1669	(a) Entities licensed or registered by the state under
1670	chapter 395; entities licensed or registered by the state and
1671	providing only health care services within the scope of services
1672	authorized under their respective licenses under ss. $383.30-$
1673	383.332 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397,
1674	this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter
1675	465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter
1676	484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers
1677	authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers
1678	certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or
1679	any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based

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health care services or other health care services by licensed

practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter

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- (b) Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or registered by the state and providing only health care services within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.
- (c) Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only health care services within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners solely within a hospital

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1712 under chapter 395.

(d) Entities that are under common ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; entities that are under common ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only health care services within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; endstage renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be deemed a clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).

Section 58. Subsection (6) of section 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.-

1737 (6) Any person or entity providing health care services
1738 which is not a clinic, as defined under s. 400.9905, may
1739 voluntarily apply for a certificate of exemption from licensure
1740 under its exempt status with the agency on a form that sets

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forth its name or names and addresses, a statement of the reasons why it cannot be defined as a clinic, and other information deemed necessary by the agency. An exemption may be valid for up to 2 years and is not transferable. The agency may charge an applicant for a certificate of exemption in an amount equal to \$100 or the actual cost of processing the certificate, whichever is less. An entity seeking a certificate of exemption must publish and maintain a schedule of charges for the medical services offered to patients. The schedule must include the prices charged to an uninsured person paying for such services by cash, check, credit card, or debit card. The schedule must be posted in a conspicuous place in the reception area of the entity and must include, but is not limited to, the 50 services most frequently provided by the entity. The schedule may group services by three price levels, listing services in each price level. The posting must be at least 15 square feet in size. As a condition precedent to receiving a certificate of exemption, an applicant must provide to the agency documentation of compliance with these requirements.

Section 59. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 408.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.033 Local and state health planning.-

(2) FUNDING.-

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(a) The Legislature intends that the cost of local health councils be borne by assessments on selected health care facilities subject to facility licensure by the Agency for Health Care Administration, including abortion clinics, assisted living facilities, ambulatory surgical centers, birth birthing centers, clinical laboratories except community nonprofit blood

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i.	26-00620-18 2018622
1770	banks and clinical laboratories operated by practitioners for
1771	exclusive use regulated under s. 483.035, home health agencies,
1772	hospices, hospitals, intermediate care facilities for the
1773	developmentally disabled, nursing homes, health care clinics,
1774	and multiphasic testing centers and by assessments on
1775	organizations subject to certification by the agency pursuant to
1776	chapter 641, part III, including health maintenance
1777	organizations and prepaid health clinics. Fees assessed may be
1778	collected prospectively at the time of licensure renewal and
1779	prorated for the licensure period.
1780	Section 60. Paragraphs (f) through (t) of subsection (3) of
1781	section 408.036, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
1782	paragraphs (e) through (s), respectively, and present paragraphs
1783	(e) and (p) of that subsection are amended, to read:
1784	408.036 Projects subject to review; exemptions
1785	(3) EXEMPTIONS.—Upon request, the following projects are
1786	subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection (1):
1787	(e) For mobile surgical facilities and related health care
1788	services provided under contract with the Department of
1789	Corrections or a private correctional facility operating
1790	pursuant to chapter 957.
1791	$\underline{\text{(o)}}$ For replacement of a licensed nursing home on the
1792	same site, or within 5 miles of the same site if within the same
1793	subdistrict, if the number of licensed beds does not increase
1794	except as permitted under paragraph $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ $\underline{\text{(f)}}$.
1795	Section 61. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
1796	408.0361, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1797	408.0361 Cardiovascular services and burn unit licensure
1798	(3) In establishing rules for adult cardiovascular

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services, the agency shall include provisions that allow for:

(b) 1. For a hospital seeking a Level I program,
demonstration that, for the most recent 12-month period as
reported to the agency, it has provided a minimum of 300 adult
inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations or,
for the most recent 12-month period, has discharged or
transferred at least 300 patients inpatients with the principal
diagnosis of ischemic heart disease and that it has a
formalized, written transfer agreement with a hospital that has
a Level II program, including written transport protocols to
ensure safe and efficient transfer of a patient within 60
minutes.

2.a. A hospital located more than 100 road miles from the closest Level II adult cardiovascular services program does not need to meet the diagnostic cardiac catheterization volume and ischemic heart disease diagnosis volume requirements in subparagraph 1., if the hospital demonstrates that it has, for the most recent 12-month period as reported to the agency, provided a minimum of 100 adult inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations or that, for the most recent 12-month period, it has discharged or transferred at least 300 patients with the principal diagnosis of ischemic heart disease.

<u>b.</u> However, A hospital located more than 100 road miles from the closest Level II adult cardiovascular services program does not need to meet the 60-minute transfer time protocol requirement in subparagraph 1., if the hospital demonstrates that it has a formalized, written transfer agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program. The agreement must include written transport protocols to ensure the safe and efficient

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1828	transfer of a patient, taking into consideration the patient's
1829	clinical and physical characteristics, road and weather
1830	conditions, and viability of ground and air ambulance service to
1831	transfer the patient.
1832	3. At a minimum, the rules for adult cardiovascular
1833	services must require nursing and technical staff to have
1834	demonstrated experience in handling acutely ill patients
1835	requiring intervention, based on the staff member's previous
1836	experience in dedicated cardiac interventional laboratories or
1837	surgical centers. If a staff member's previous experience is in
1838	a dedicated cardiac interventional laboratory at a hospital that
1839	does not have an approved adult open-heart-surgery program, the
1840	staff member's previous experience qualifies only if, at the
1841	time the staff member acquired his or her experience, the
1842	dedicated cardiac interventional laboratory:
1843	a. Had an annual volume of 500 or more percutaneous cardiac
1844	<pre>intervention procedures;</pre>
1845	b. Achieved a demonstrated success rate of 95 percent or
1846	greater for percutaneous cardiac intervention procedures;
1847	c. Experienced a complication rate of less than 5 percent
1848	for percutaneous cardiac intervention procedures; and
1849	d. Performed diverse cardiac procedures, including, but not
1850	limited to, balloon angioplasty and stenting, rotational
1851	atherectomy, cutting balloon atheroma remodeling, and procedures
1852	relating to left ventricular support capability.
1853	Section 62. Subsection (4) of section 408.061, Florida
1854	Statutes, is amended to read:
1855	408.061 Data collection; uniform systems of financial
1856	reporting; information relating to physician charges;

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1857 confidential information; immunity.-

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(4) Within 120 days after the end of its fiscal year, each health care facility, excluding continuing care facilities, hospitals operated by state agencies, and nursing homes as those terms are defined in s. $408.07 \cdot \frac{408.07(14)}{3000} \cdot \frac{408.07($ file with the agency, on forms adopted by the agency and based on the uniform system of financial reporting, its actual financial experience for that fiscal year, including expenditures, revenues, and statistical measures. Such data may be based on internal financial reports which are certified to be complete and accurate by the provider. However, hospitals' actual financial experience shall be their audited actual experience. Every nursing home shall submit to the agency, in a format designated by the agency, a statistical profile of the nursing home residents. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of Elderly Affairs and the Department of Health, shall review these statistical profiles and develop recommendations for the types of residents who might more appropriately be placed in their homes or other noninstitutional settings.

Section 63. Subsection (11) of section 408.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.07 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, with the exception of ss. 408.031-408.045, the term:

(11) "Clinical laboratory" means a facility licensed under s. 483.091, excluding: any hospital laboratory defined under s. 483.041(6); any clinical laboratory operated by the state or a political subdivision of the state; any blood or tissue bank where the majority of revenues are received from the sale of

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1886	blood or tissue and where blood, plasma, or tissue is procured
1887	from volunteer donors and donated, processed, stored, or
1888	distributed on a nonprofit basis; and any clinical laboratory
1889	which is wholly owned and operated by physicians who are
1890	licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and who practice
1891	in the same group practice, and at which no clinical laboratory
1892	work is performed for patients referred by any health care
1893	provider who is not a member of that same group practice.
1894	Section 64. Subsection (4) of section 408.20, Florida
1895	Statutes, is amended to read:
1896	408.20 Assessments; Health Care Trust Fund.—
1897	(4) Hospitals operated by <u>a state agency</u> the Department of
1898	Children and Families, the Department of Health, or the
1899	Department of Corrections are exempt from the assessments
1900	required under this section.
1901	Section 65. Section 408.7056, Florida Statutes, is
1902	repealed.
1903	Section 66. Subsections (10), (11), and (27) of section
1904	408.802, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1905	408.802 Applicability.—The provisions of this part apply to
1906	the provision of services that require licensure as defined in
1907	this part and to the following entities licensed, registered, or
1908	certified by the agency, as described in chapters 112, 383, 390,
1909	394, 395, 400, 429, 440, 483, and 765:
1910	(10) Mobile surgical facilities, as provided under part I
1911	of chapter 395.
1912	(11) Health care risk managers, as provided under part I of
1913	chapter 395.
1914	(27) Clinical laboratories, as provided under part I of

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chapter 483.

Section 67. Subsections (12) and (13) of section 408.803, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (13) and (14), respectively, and a new subsection (12) is added to that section, to read:

408.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(12) "Relative" means an individual who is the father, mother, stepfather, stepmother, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandmother, grandfather, great-grandmother, great-grandfather, grandson, granddaughter, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother, or half-sister of a patient or client.

Section 68. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 408.806, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

408.806 License application process.-

- (7)(c) If an inspection is required by the authorizing statute for a license application other than an initial application, the inspection must be unannounced. This paragraph does not apply to inspections required pursuant to ss. 383.324, 395.0161(4) and, 429.67(6), and 483.061(2).
- (9) A licensee that holds a license for multiple providers licensed by the agency may request that all related license expiration dates be aligned. Upon such request, the agency may issue a license for an abbreviated licensure period with a prorated licensure fee.

Section 69. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (1) of

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1944	section 408.809, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1945	408.809 Background screening; prohibited offenses
1946	(1) Level 2 background screening pursuant to chapter 435
1947	must be conducted through the agency on each of the following
1948	persons, who are considered employees for the purposes of
1949	conducting screening under chapter 435:
1950	(d) Any person who is a controlling interest if the agency
1951	has reason to believe that such person has been convicted of any
1952	offense prohibited by s. 435.04. For each controlling interest
1953	who has been convicted of any such offense, the licensee shall
1954	submit to the agency a description and explanation of the
1955	conviction at the time of license application.
1956	(e) Any person, as required by authorizing statutes,
1957	seeking employment with a licensee or provider who is expected
1958	to, or whose responsibilities may require him or her to, provide
1959	personal care or services directly to clients or have access to
1960	client funds, personal property, or living areas; and any
1961	person, as required by authorizing statutes, contracting with a
1962	licensee or provider whose responsibilities require him or her
1963	to provide personal care or personal services directly to
1964	clients, or contracting with a licensee or provider to work 20
1965	hours a week or more who will have access to client funds,
1966	personal property, or living areas. Evidence of contractor
1967	screening may be retained by the contractor's employer or the
1968	licensee.
1969	Section 70. Subsection (8) of section 408.810, Florida
1970	Statutes, is amended, and subsections (11), (12), and (13) are
1971	added to that section, to read:
1972	408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the

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licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules, each applicant and licensee must comply with the requirements of this section in order to obtain and maintain a license.

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(8) Upon application for initial licensure or change of ownership licensure, the applicant shall furnish satisfactory proof of the applicant's financial ability to operate in accordance with the requirements of this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules. The agency shall establish standards for this purpose, including information concerning the applicant's controlling interests. The agency shall also establish documentation requirements, to be completed by each applicant, that show anticipated provider revenues and expenditures, the basis for financing the anticipated cash-flow requirements of the provider, and an applicant's access to contingency financing. A current certificate of authority, pursuant to chapter 651, may be provided as proof of financial ability to operate. The agency may require a licensee to provide proof of financial ability to operate at any time if there is evidence of financial instability, including, but not limited to, unpaid expenses necessary for the basic operations of the provider. An applicant applying for change of ownership licensure is exempt from furnishing proof of financial ability to operate if the provider has been licensed for at least 5 years, and:

(a) The ownership change is a result of a corporate reorganization under which the controlling interest is unchanged and the applicant submits organizational charts that represent the current and proposed structure of the reorganized

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2002	corporation; or
2003	(b) The ownership change is due solely to the death of a
2004	person holding a controlling interest, and the surviving
2005	controlling interests continue to hold at least 51 percent of
2006	ownership after the change of ownership.
2007	(11) The agency may adopt rules that govern the
2008	circumstances under which a controlling interest, an
2009	administrator, an employee, or a contractor, or a representative
2010	thereof, who is not a relative of the client may act as an agent
2011	of the client in authorizing consent for medical treatment,
2012	assignment or benefits, and release of information. Such rules
2013	may include requirements related to disclosure, bonding,
2014	restrictions, and client protections.
2015	(12) The licensee shall ensure that no person holds any
2016	ownership interest, either directly or indirectly, regardless of
2017	<pre>ownership structure, who:</pre>
2018	(a) Has a disqualifying offense pursuant to s. 408.809; or
2019	(b) Holds or has held any ownership interest, either
2020	directly or indirectly, regardless of ownership structure, in a
2021	provider that had a license revoked or an application denied
2022	pursuant to s. 408.815.
2023	(13) If the licensee is a publicly traded corporation or is
2024	wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a publicly traded
2025	corporation, subsection (12) does not apply to those persons
2026	whose sole relationship with the corporation is as a shareholder
2027	of publicly traded shares. As used in this subsection, a
2028	"publicly traded corporation" is a corporation that issues
2029	securities traded on an exchange registered with the United
2030	States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national

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securities exchange.

Section 71. Section 408.812, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.812 Unlicensed activity.-

- (1) A person or entity may not offer or advertise services that require licensure as defined by this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable rules to the public without obtaining a valid license from the agency. A licenseholder may not advertise or hold out to the public that he or she holds a license for other than that for which he or she actually holds the license.
- (2) The operation or maintenance of an unlicensed provider or the performance of any services that require licensure without proper licensure is a violation of this part and authorizing statutes. Unlicensed activity constitutes harm that materially affects the health, safety, and welfare of clients, and constitutes abuse and neglect, as defined in s. 415.102. The agency or any state attorney may, in addition to other remedies provided in this part, bring an action for an injunction to restrain such violation, or to enjoin the future operation or maintenance of the unlicensed provider or the performance of any services in violation of this part and authorizing statutes, until compliance with this part, authorizing statutes, and agency rules has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the agency.
- (3) It is unlawful for any person or entity to own, operate, or maintain an unlicensed provider. If after receiving notification from the agency, such person or entity fails to cease operation and apply for a license under this part and authorizing statutes, the person or entity is shall be subject

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2060 to penalties as prescribed by authorizing statutes and 2061 applicable rules. Each day of continued operation is a separate 2062 offense.

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- (4) Any person or entity that fails to cease operation after agency notification may be fined \$1,000 for each day of noncompliance.
- (5) When a controlling interest or licensee has an interest in more than one provider and fails to license a provider rendering services that require licensure, the agency may revoke all licenses, and impose actions under s. 408.814, and regardless of correction, impose a fine of \$1,000 per day, unless otherwise specified by authorizing statutes, against each licensee until such time as the appropriate license is obtained or the unlicensed activity ceases for the unlicensed operation.
- (6) In addition to granting injunctive relief pursuant to subsection (2), if the agency determines that a person or entity is operating or maintaining a provider without obtaining a license and determines that a condition exists that poses a threat to the health, safety, or welfare of a client of the provider, the person or entity is subject to the same actions and fines imposed against a licensee as specified in this part, authorizing statutes, and agency rules.
- (7) Any person aware of the operation of an unlicensed provider must report that provider to the agency.

Section 72. Subsections (10), (11) and (26) of section 408.820, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (12) through (25) and (27) and (28) are redesignated as subsections (10) through (23) and (24) and (25), respectively, to read:

408.820 Exemptions.—Except as prescribed in authorizing

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26-00620-18 2018622 2089 statutes, the following exemptions shall apply to specified 2090 requirements of this part: 2091 (10) Mobile surgical facilities, as provided under part I of chapter 395, are exempt from s. 408.810(7)-(10). 2092 2093 (11) Health care risk managers, as provided under part I of chapter 395, are exempt from ss. 408.806(7), 408.810(4)-(10), 2094 and 408.811. 2095 2096 (26) Clinical laboratories, as provided under part I of 2097 chapter 483, are exempt from s. 408.810(5)-(10). 2098 Section 73. Subsection (7) of section 409.905, Florida 2099 Statutes, is amended to read: 2100 409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.-The agency may make 2101 payments for the following services, which are required of the 2102

409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.—The agency may make payments for the following services, which are required of the state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any service under this section shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law.

Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

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(7) INDEPENDENT LABORATORY SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for medically necessary diagnostic laboratory procedures ordered by a licensed physician or other licensed practitioner of the

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2118	healing arts which are provided for a recipient in a laboratory
2119	that meets the requirements for Medicare participation and is
2120	appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
2121	Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement
2122	Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder licensed
2123	under chapter 483, if required.
2124	Section 74. Subsection (10) of section 409.907, Florida
2125	Statutes, is amended to read:
2126	409.907 Medicaid provider agreements.—The agency may make
2127	payments for medical assistance and related services rendered to
2128	Medicaid recipients only to an individual or entity who has a
2129	provider agreement in effect with the agency, who is performing
2130	services or supplying goods in accordance with federal, state,
2131	and local law, and who agrees that no person shall, on the
2132	grounds of handicap, race, color, or national origin, or for any
2133	other reason, be subjected to discrimination under any program
2134	or activity for which the provider receives payment from the
2135	agency.
2136	(10) The agency may consider whether the provider, or any
2137	officer, director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated
2138	person, or any partner or shareholder having an ownership
2139	interest equal to 5 percent or greater in the provider if the
2140	provider is a corporation, partnership, or other business
2141	entity, has:
2142	(a) Made a false representation or omission of any material
2143	fact in making the application, including the submission of an
2144	application that conceals the controlling or ownership interest
2145	of any officer, director, agent, managing employee, affiliated
2146	person, or partner or shareholder who may not be eligible to

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moral turpitude;

listed in this subsection;

2147 participate; 2148 (b) Been or is currently excluded, suspended, terminated 2149 from, or has involuntarily withdrawn from participation in, 2150 Florida's Medicaid program or any other state's Medicaid 2151 program, or from participation in any other governmental or 2152 private health care or health insurance program; (c) Been convicted of a criminal offense relating to the 2153 2154 delivery of any goods or services under Medicaid or Medicare or 2155 any other public or private health care or health insurance 2156 program including the performance of management or 2157 administrative services relating to the delivery of goods or 2158 services under any such program; 2159 (d) Been convicted under federal or state law of a criminal 2160 offense related to the neglect or abuse of a patient in 2161 connection with the delivery of any health care goods or 2162 services; 2163 (c) Been convicted under federal or state law of a criminal 2164 offense relating to the unlawful manufacture, distribution, 2165 prescription, or dispensing of a controlled substance; 2166 (f) Been convicted of any criminal offense relating to 2167 fraud, theft, embezzlement, breach of fiduciary responsibility, 2168 or other financial misconduct: 2169 (g) Been convicted under federal or state law of a crime 2170 punishable by imprisonment of a year or more which involves

(i) Been found to have violated federal or state laws,

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(h) Been convicted in connection with the interference or

obstruction of any investigation into any criminal offense

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2176	rules, or regulations governing Florida's Medicaid program or
2177	any other state's Medicaid program, the Medicare program, or any
2178	other publicly funded federal or state health care or health
2179	insurance program, and been sanctioned accordingly;
2180	$\underline{\text{(c)}}$ Been previously found by a licensing, certifying, or
2181	professional standards board or agency to have violated the
2182	standards or conditions relating to licensure or certification
2183	or the quality of services provided; or
2184	(d) (k) Failed to pay any fine or overpayment properly
2185	assessed under the Medicaid program in which no appeal is
2186	pending or after resolution of the proceeding by stipulation or
2187	agreement, unless the agency has issued a specific letter of
2188	forgiveness or has approved a repayment schedule to which the
2189	provider agrees to adhere.
2190	Section 75. Subsection (6) of section 409.9116, Florida
2191	Statutes, is amended to read:
2192	409.9116 Disproportionate share/financial assistance
2193	program for rural hospitals.—In addition to the payments made
2194	under s. 409.911, the Agency for Health Care Administration
2195	shall administer a federally matched disproportionate share
2196	program and a state-funded financial assistance program for
2197	statutory rural hospitals. The agency shall make
2198	disproportionate share payments to statutory rural hospitals
2199	that qualify for such payments and financial assistance payments
2200	to statutory rural hospitals that do not qualify for
2201	disproportionate share payments. The disproportionate share
2202	program payments shall be limited by and conform with federal
2203	requirements. Funds shall be distributed quarterly in each
2204	fiscal year for which an appropriation is made. Notwithstanding

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the provisions of s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients.

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(6) This section applies only to hospitals that were defined as statutory rural hospitals, or their successor-ininterest hospital, prior to January 1, 2001. Any additional hospital that is defined as a statutory rural hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, on or after January 1, 2001, is not eligible for programs under this section unless additional funds are appropriated each fiscal year specifically to the rural hospital disproportionate share and financial assistance programs in an amount necessary to prevent any hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, eligible for the programs prior to January 1, 2001, from incurring a reduction in payments because of the eligibility of an additional hospital to participate in the programs. A hospital, or its successor-ininterest hospital, which received funds pursuant to this section before January 1, 2001, and which qualifies under s. 395.602(2)(b) s. 395.602(2)(e), shall be included in the programs under this section and is not required to seek additional appropriations under this subsection.

Section 76. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 409.975, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.975 Managed care plan accountability.—In addition to the requirements of s. 409.967, plans and providers participating in the managed medical assistance program shall comply with the requirements of this section.

(1) PROVIDER NETWORKS.-Managed care plans must develop and

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2234	maintain provider networks that meet the medical needs of their
2235	enrollees in accordance with standards established pursuant to
2236	s. 409.967(2)(c). Except as provided in this section, managed
2237	care plans may limit the providers in their networks based on
2238	credentials, quality indicators, and price.
2239	(a) Plans must include all providers in the region that are
2240	classified by the agency as essential Medicaid providers, unless
2241	the agency approves, in writing, an alternative arrangement for
2242	securing the types of services offered by the essential
2243	providers. Providers are essential for serving Medicaid
2244	enrollees if they offer services that are not available from any
2245	other provider within a reasonable access standard, or if they
2246	provided a substantial share of the total units of a particular
2247	service used by Medicaid patients within the region during the
2248	last 3 years and the combined capacity of other service
2249	providers in the region is insufficient to meet the total needs
2250	of the Medicaid patients. The agency may not classify physicians
2251	and other practitioners as essential providers. The agency, at a
2252	minimum, shall determine which providers in the following
2253	categories are essential Medicaid providers:
2254	 Federally qualified health centers.
2255	2. Statutory teaching hospitals as defined in $\underline{\text{s. }408.07(44)}$
2256	s. 408.07(45).
2257	3. Hospitals that are trauma centers as defined in s.
2258	395.4001(14).
2259	4. Hospitals located at least 25 miles from any other
2260	hospital with similar services.
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2262	Managed care plans that have not contracted with all essential

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26-00620-18 2018622 2263 providers in the region as of the first date of recipient 2264 enrollment, or with whom an essential provider has terminated 2265 its contract, must negotiate in good faith with such essential 2266 providers for 1 year or until an agreement is reached, whichever is first. Payments for services rendered by a nonparticipating 2267 2268 essential provider shall be made at the applicable Medicaid rate 2269 as of the first day of the contract between the agency and the 2270 plan. A rate schedule for all essential providers shall be 2271 attached to the contract between the agency and the plan. After 2272 1 year, managed care plans that are unable to contract with 2273 essential providers shall notify the agency and propose an 2274 alternative arrangement for securing the essential services for 2275 Medicaid enrollees. The arrangement must rely on contracts with 2276 other participating providers, regardless of whether those 2277 providers are located within the same region as the 2278 nonparticipating essential service provider. If the alternative 2279 arrangement is approved by the agency, payments to 2280 nonparticipating essential providers after the date of the 2281 agency's approval shall equal 90 percent of the applicable 2282 Medicaid rate. Except for payment for emergency services, if the 2283 alternative arrangement is not approved by the agency, payment 2284 to nonparticipating essential providers shall equal 110 percent 2285 of the applicable Medicaid rate. 2286

- (b) Certain providers are statewide resources and essential providers for all managed care plans in all regions. All managed care plans must include these essential providers in their networks. Statewide essential providers include:
 - 1. Faculty plans of Florida medical schools.

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2. Regional perinatal intensive care centers as defined in

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s. 383.16(2).

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- 3. Hospitals licensed as specialty children's hospitals as defined in s. 395.002(27) s. 395.002(28).
- 4. Accredited and integrated systems serving medically complex children which comprise separately licensed, but commonly owned, health care providers delivering at least the following services: medical group home, in-home and outpatient nursing care and therapies, pharmacy services, durable medical equipment, and Prescribed Pediatric Extended Care.

Managed care plans that have not contracted with all statewide essential providers in all regions as of the first date of recipient enrollment must continue to negotiate in good faith. Payments to physicians on the faculty of nonparticipating Florida medical schools shall be made at the applicable Medicaid rate. Payments for services rendered by regional perinatal intensive care centers shall be made at the applicable Medicaid rate as of the first day of the contract between the agency and the plan. Except for payments for emergency services, payments to nonparticipating specialty children's hospitals shall equal the highest rate established by contract between that provider and any other Medicaid managed care plan.

Section 77. Subsections (5) and (17) of section 429.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

429.02 Definitions.-When used in this part, the term:

(5) "Assisted living facility" means any building or buildings, section or distinct part of a building, private home, boarding home, home for the aged, or other residential facility, regardless of whether operated for profit or not, which

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undertakes through its ownership or management provides to
provide housing, meals, and one or more personal services for a
period exceeding 24 hours to one or more adults who are not
relatives of the owner or administrator.

(17) "Personal services" means direct physical assistance with or supervision of the activities of daily living, and the self-administration of medication, or and other similar services which the department may define by rule. The term may "Personal services" shall not be construed to mean the provision of medical, nursing, dental, or mental health services.

Section 78. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 429.04, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (3) is added that section, to read:

429.04 Facilities to be licensed; exemptions.-

- (2) The following are exempt from licensure under this part:
- (b) Any facility or part of a facility licensed by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities under chapter 393, a mental health facility licensed under er chapter 394, a hospital licensed under chapter 395, a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, an inpatient hospice licensed under part IV of chapter 400, a home for special services licensed under part V of chapter 400, an intermediate care facility licensed under part VIII of chapter 400, or a transitional living facility licensed under part XI of chapter 400.
- (d) Any person who provides housing, meals, and one or more personal services on a 24-hour basis in the person's own home to not more than two adults who do not receive optional state supplementation. The person who provides the housing, meals, and

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2350	personal services must own or rent the home and $\underline{\text{must have}}$
2351	established the home as his or her permanent residence. For
2352	purposes of this paragraph, any person holding a homestead
2353	exemption at an address other than that at which the person
2354	asserts this exemption is presumed to not have established
2355	permanent residence reside therein. This exemption does not
2356	apply to a person or entity that previously held a license
2357	issued by the agency which was revoked or for which renewal was
2358	denied by final order of the agency, or when the person or
2359	entity voluntarily relinquished the license during agency
2360	enforcement proceedings.
2361	(3) Upon agency investigation of unlicensed activity, any
2362	person or entity that claims that it is exempt under this
2363	section must provide documentation substantiating entitlement to
2364	the exemption.
2365	Section 79. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (1) of
2366	section 429.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2367	429.08 Unlicensed facilities; referral of person for
2368	residency to unlicensed facility; penalties
2369	(1) (b) Except as provided under paragraph (d), Any person
2370	who owns, rents, or otherwise maintains a building or property
2371	used as operates, or maintains an unlicensed assisted living
2372	facility commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
2373	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of
2374	continued operation is a separate offense.
2375	(d) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.812_{r} any
2376	person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed assisted
2377	living facility $\underline{\text{after receiving notice from the agency}} \ \underline{\text{due to a}}$
2378	change in this part or a modification in rule within 6 months

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after the effective date of such change and who, within 10
working days after receiving notification from the agency, fails
to cease operation or apply for a license under this part
commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of continued
operation is a separate offense.

Section 80. Section 429.176, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.176 Notice of change of administrator.—If, during the period for which a license is issued, the owner changes administrators, the owner must notify the agency of the change within 10 days and provide documentation within 90 days that the new administrator has completed the applicable core educational requirements under s. 429.52. A facility may not be operated for more than 120 consecutive days without an administrator who has completed the core educational requirements.

Section 81. Subsection(7) of section 429.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.19 Violations; imposition of administrative fines; grounds.—

(7) In addition to any administrative fines imposed, the agency may assess a survey fee, equal to the lesser of one half of the facility's biennial license and bed fee or \$500, to cover the cost of conducting initial complaint investigations that result in the finding of a violation that was the subject of the complaint or monitoring visits conducted $\frac{1}{2}$ under s. $\frac{429.28(3)}{2}$ (e) to verify the correction of the violations.

Section 82. Subsection (2) of section 429.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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429.24 Contracts.-

- (2) Each contract must contain express provisions specifically setting forth the services and accommodations to be provided by the facility; the rates or charges; provision for at least 30 days' written notice of a rate increase; the rights, duties, and obligations of the residents, other than those specified in s. 429.28; and other matters that the parties deem appropriate. A new service or accommodation added to, or implemented in, a resident's contract for which the resident was not previously charged does not require a 30-day written notice of a rate increase. Whenever money is deposited or advanced by a resident in a contract as security for performance of the contract agreement or as advance rent for other than the next immediate rental period:
- (a) Such funds shall be deposited in a banking institution in this state that is located, if possible, in the same community in which the facility is located; shall be kept separate from the funds and property of the facility; may not be represented as part of the assets of the facility on financial statements; and shall be used, or otherwise expended, only for the account of the resident.
- (b) The licensee shall, within 30 days of receipt of advance rent or a security deposit, notify the resident or residents in writing of the manner in which the licensee is holding the advance rent or security deposit and state the name and address of the depository where the moneys are being held. The licensee shall notify residents of the facility's policy on advance deposits.

Section 83. Paragraphs (e) and (j) of subsection (1) and

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26-00620-18 2018622_ paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (3) of section

429.28 Resident bill of rights.-

429.28, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- (1) No resident of a facility shall be deprived of any civil or legal rights, benefits, or privileges guaranteed by law, the Constitution of the State of Florida, or the Constitution of the United States as a resident of a facility. Every resident of a facility shall have the right to:
- (e) Freedom to participate in and benefit from community services and activities and to <u>pursue</u> achieve the highest possible level of independence, autonomy, and interaction within the community.
- appropriate health care. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "adequate and appropriate health care" means the management of medications, assistance in making appointments for health care services, the provision of or arrangement of transportation to health care appointments, and the performance of health care services in accordance with s. 429.255 which are consistent with established and recognized standards within the community.
- (3) (c) During any calendar year in which no survey is conducted, the agency shall conduct at least one monitoring visit of each facility cited in the previous year for a class I or class II violation, or more than three uncorrected class III violations.
- (d) The agency may conduct periodic followup inspections as necessary to monitor the compliance of facilities with a history of any class I, class II, or class III violations that threaten the health, safety, or security of residents.

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2466	(e) The agency may conduct complaint investigations as
2467	warranted to investigate any allegations of noncompliance with
2468	requirements required under this part or rules adopted under
2469	this part.
2470	Section 84. Subsection (1) of section 429.294, Florida
2471	Statutes, is amended to read:
2472	429.294 Availability of facility records for investigation
2473	of resident's rights violations and defenses; penalty.—
2474	(1) Failure to provide complete copies of a resident's
2475	records, including, but not limited to, all medical records and
2476	the resident's chart, within the control or possession of the
2477	facility within 10 days, in accordance with the provisions of s.
2478	400.145, shall constitute evidence of failure of that party to
2479	comply with good faith discovery requirements and shall waive
2480	the good faith certificate and presuit notice requirements under
2481	this part by the requesting party.
2482	Section 85. Subsection (2) of section 429.34, Florida
2483	Statutes, is amended to read:
2484	429.34 Right of entry and inspection.—
2485	(2) (a) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.811, the
2486	agency may inspect and investigate facilities as necessary to
2487	determine compliance with this part, part II of chapter 408, and
2488	rules adopted thereunder. The agency shall inspect each licensed
2489	assisted living facility at least once every 24 months to
2490	determine compliance with this chapter and related rules. If an
2491	assisted living facility is cited for a class I violation or
2492	three or more class II violations arising from separate surveys
2493	within a 60-day period or due to unrelated circumstances during
2494	the same survey, the agency must conduct an additional licensure

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inspection within 6 months.

(b) During any calendar year in which a survey is not conducted, the agency may conduct monitoring visits of each facility cited in the previous year for a class I or class II violation or for more than three uncorrected class III violations.

Section 86. Subsection (4) of section 429.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.52 Staff training and educational programs; core educational requirement.—

(4) Effective January 1, 2004, a new facility administrator must complete the required training and education, including the competency test, within 90 days of the date of employment a reasonable time after being employed as an administrator, as determined by the department. Failure to do so is a violation of this part and subjects the violator to an administrative fine as prescribed in s. 429.19. Administrators licensed in accordance with part II of chapter 468 are exempt from this requirement. Other licensed professionals may be exempted, as determined by the department by rule.

Section 87. Subsection (3) of section 435.04, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

435.04 Level 2 screening standards.-

(3) The security background investigations under this section must ensure that no person subject to this section has been arrested for and is awaiting final disposition of, been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense that constitutes

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2524	domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28, whether such act was
2525	committed in this state or in another jurisdiction.
2526	(4) For the purpose of screening applicability to
2527	participate in the Medicaid program, the security background
2528	investigations under this section must ensure that a person
2529	subject to screening under this section has not been arrested
2530	for and is not awaiting final disposition of; has not been found
2531	guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo
2532	contendere or guilty to; and has not been adjudicated delinquent
2533	and the record sealed or expunged for, any of the following
2534	offenses:
2535	(a) Violation of a federal law or a law in any state which
2536	<pre>creates a criminal offense relating to:</pre>
2537	1. The delivery of any goods or services under Medicaid or
2538	Medicare or any other public or private health care or health
2539	insurance program, including the performance of management or
2540	administrative services relating to the delivery of goods or
2541	services under any such program;
2542	2. Neglect or abuse of a patient in connection with the
2543	delivery of any health care good or service;
2544	3. Unlawful manufacture, distribution, prescription, or
2545	dispensing of a controlled substance;
2546	4. Fraud, theft, embezzlement, breach of fiduciary
2547	responsibility, or other financial misconduct; or
2548	5. Moral turpitude, if punishable by imprisonment of a year
2549	or more.
2550	6. Interference with or obstruction of an investigation
2551	into any criminal offense identified in this subsection.
2552	(b) Violation of the following state laws or laws of

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2553	another jurisdiction:
2554	1. Section 817.569, criminal use of a public record or
2555	information contained in a public record;
2556	2. Section 838.016, unlawful compensation or reward for
2557	official behavior;
2558	3. Section 838.021, corruption by threat against a public
2559	servant;
2560	4. Section 838.022, official misconduct;
2561	5. Section 838.22, bid tampering;
2562	6. Section 839.13, falsifying records;
2563	7. Section 839.26, misuse of confidential information; or
2564	(c) Violation of a federal or state law, rule, or
2565	regulation governing the Florida Medicaid program or any other
2566	state Medicaid program, the Medicare program, or any other
2567	publicly funded federal or state health care or health insurance
2568	program.
2569	Section 88. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
2570	435.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2571	435.12 Care Provider Background Screening Clearinghouse
2572	(2)(a) To ensure that the information in the clearinghouse
2573	is current, the fingerprints of an employee required to be
2574	screened by a specified agency and included in the clearinghouse
2575	must be:
2576	1. Retained by the Department of Law Enforcement pursuant
2577	to s. $943.05(2)(g)$ and (h) and (3), and the Department of Law
2578	Enforcement must report the results of searching those
2579	fingerprints against state incoming arrest fingerprint
2580	submissions to the Agency for Health Care Administration for
2581	inclusion in the clearinghouse.

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2582	2. Retained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the
2583	national retained print arrest notification program as soon as
2584	the Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in such
2585	program. Arrest prints will be searched against retained prints
2586	at the Federal Bureau of Investigation and notification of
2587	arrests will be forwarded to the Florida Department of Law
2588	Enforcement and reported to the Agency for Health Care
2589	Administration for inclusion in the clearinghouse.
2590	3. Resubmitted for a Federal Bureau of Investigation
2591	national criminal history check every 5 years until such time as
2592	the fingerprints are retained by the Federal Bureau of
2593	Investigation.
2594	4. Subject to retention on a 5-year renewal basis with fees
2595	collected at the time of initial submission or resubmission of
2596	fingerprints.
2597	a. A person who passed a level 2 screening under s. 435.04
2598	after December 31, 2012, by a specified agency may extend the
2599	screening renewal period until January 1, 2020, unless the
2600	Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in the
2601	national retained print arrest notification program before that
2602	date.
2603	b. The retention of fingerprints by the Department of Law
2604	Enforcement pursuant to s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h) and (3) is
2605	extended until the earlier of January 1, 2021, or the date that
2606	the Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in the
2607	national retained print arrest notification program.
2608	5. Submitted with a photograph of the person taken at the
2609	time the fingerprints are submitted.

Section 89. Subsection (4) of section 456.001, Florida

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2611 Statutes, is amended to read: 2612 456.001 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term: 2613 (4) "Health care practitioner" means any person licensed 2614 under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 460; 2615 chapter 461; chapter 462; chapter 463; chapter 464; chapter 465; 2616 chapter 466; chapter 467; part I, part II, part III, part V, 2617 part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468; chapter 478; 2618 chapter 480; part II or part III or part IV of chapter 483; 2619 chapter 484; chapter 486; chapter 490; or chapter 491. 2620 Section 90. Subsection (3) of section 456.054, Florida 2621 Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), and a new 2622 subsection (3) is added to that section, to read: 2623 456.054 Kickbacks prohibited .-2624 (3) (a) It is unlawful for any person or any entity to pay 2625 or receive, directly or indirectly, a commission, bonus, 2626 kickback, or rebate from, or to engage in any form of a split-2627 fee arrangement with, a dialysis facility, health care 2628 practitioner, surgeon, person, or entity for referring patients 2629 to a clinical laboratory as defined in s. 483.803. 2630 (b) It is unlawful for any clinical laboratory to: 2631 1. Provide personnel to perform any functions or duties in 2632 a health care practitioner's office or dialysis facility for any 2633 purpose, including for the collection or handling of specimens, 2634 directly or indirectly through an employee, contractor, 2635 independent staffing company, lease agreement, or otherwise, 2636 unless the laboratory and the practitioner's office, or dialysis 2637 facility, are wholly owned and operated by the same entity. 2638 2. Lease space within any part of a health care 2639 practitioner's office or dialysis facility for any purpose,

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2640	including for the purpose of establishing a collection station
2641	where materials or specimens are collected or drawn from
2642	<pre>patients.</pre>
2643	Section 91. Paragraphs (h) and (i) of subsection (2) of
2644	section 456.057, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2645	456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or
2646	copies of records to be furnished; disclosure of information
2647	(2) As used in this section, the terms "records owner,"
2648	"health care practitioner," and "health care practitioner's
2649	employer" do not include any of the following persons or
2650	entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not
2651	authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized
2652	under the confidentiality and disclosure requirements of this
2653	section to maintain those documents required by the part or
2654	chapter under which they are licensed or regulated:
2655	(h) Clinical laboratory personnel licensed under part $\overline{ ext{II}}$
2656	III of chapter 483.
2657	(i) Medical physicists licensed under part $\overline{\text{III}}$ $\overline{\text{IV}}$ of
2658	chapter 483.
2659	Section 92. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section
2660	456.076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2661	456.076 Impaired practitioner programs.—
2662	(1) As used in this section, the term:
2663	(j) "Practitioner" means a person licensed, registered,
2664	certified, or regulated by the department under part III of
2665	chapter 401; chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 460;
2666	chapter 461; chapter 462; chapter 463; chapter 464; chapter 465;
2667	chapter 466; chapter 467; part I, part II, part III, part V,
2668	part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468; chapter 478;

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26-00620-18 2018622_ chapter 480; part $\underline{\text{II or part}}$ III $\underline{\text{or part IV}}$ of chapter 483;

chapter 484; chapter 486; chapter 490; or chapter 491; or an applicant for a license, registration, or certification under the same laws

Section 93. Subsection (2) of section 458.307, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.307 Board of Medicine.-

(2) Twelve members of the board must be licensed physicians in good standing in this state who are residents of the state and who have been engaged in the active practice or teaching of medicine for at least 4 years immediately preceding their appointment. One of the physicians must be on the full-time faculty of a medical school in this state, and one of the physicians must be in private practice and on the full-time staff of a statutory teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 408.07. At least one of the physicians must be a graduate of a foreign medical school. The remaining three members must be residents of the state who are not, and never have been, licensed health care practitioners. One member must be a health care risk manager licensed under s. 395.10974. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.

Section 94. Subsection (1) of section 458.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.345 Registration of resident physicians, interns, and fellows; list of hospital employees; prescribing of medicinal drugs; penalty.—

(1) Any person desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training which leads to

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2698	subspecialty board certification in this state, or any person
2699	desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident
2700	physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship
2701	training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in $\underline{\mathbf{s.}}$
2702	408.07 s. $408.07(45)$ or s. $395.805(2)$, who does not hold a
2703	valid, active license issued under this chapter shall apply to
2704	the department to be registered and shall remit a fee not to
2705	exceed \$300 as set by the board. The department shall register
2706	any applicant the board certifies has met the following
2707	requirements:
2708	(a) Is at least 21 years of age.
2709	(b) Has not committed any act or offense within or without
2710	the state which would constitute the basis for refusal to
2711	certify an application for licensure pursuant to s. 458.331.
2712	(c) Is a graduate of a medical school or college as
2713	specified in s. 458.311(1)(f).
2714	Section 95. Subsection (1) of s. 459.021, Florida Statutes,
2715	is amended to read:
2716	459.021 Registration of resident physicians, interns, and
2717	fellows; list of hospital employees; penalty
2718	(1) Any person who holds a degree of Doctor of Osteopathic
2719	Medicine from a college of osteopathic medicine recognized and
2720	approved by the American Osteopathic Association who desires to
2721	practice as a resident physician, intern, or fellow in
2722	fellowship training which leads to subspecialty board
2723	certification in this state, or any person desiring to practice
2724	as a resident physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship
2725	training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in \underline{s} .

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408.07 s. 408.07(45) or s. 395.805(2), who does not hold an

active license issued under this chapter shall apply to the department to be registered, on an application provided by the department, before commencing such a training program and shall remit a fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the board.

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Section 96. Part I of chapter 483, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 483.011, 483.021, 483.031, 483.035, 483.041, 483.051, 483.061, 483.091, 483.101, 483.111, 483.172, 483.181, 483.191, 483.201, 483.221, 483.23, 483.245, and 483.26, is repealed.

Section 97. Section 483.294, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.294 Inspection of centers.—In accordance with s. 408.811, the agency shall, at least once annually, inspect the premises and operations of all centers subject to licensure under this part.

Section 98. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 483.801, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

483.801 Exemptions.—This part applies to all clinical laboratories and clinical laboratory personnel within this state, except:

(3) Persons engaged in testing performed by laboratories that are wholly owned and operated by one or more practitioners licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, or chapter 466 who practice in the same group practice, and in which no clinical laboratory work is performed for patients referred by any health care provider who is not a member of that group practice regulated under s. 483.035(1) or exempt from regulation under s.

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2756	483.031(2) .
2757	(5) Advanced registered nurse practitioners licensed under
2758	part I of chapter 464 who perform provider-performed microscopy
2759	procedures (PPMP) in \underline{a} an exclusive-use laboratory setting
2760	pursuant to subsection (3).
2761	(6) Persons performing laboratory testing within a
2762	physician office practice for patients referred by a health care
2763	provider who is a member of the same physician office practice,
2764	if the laboratory or entity operating the laboratory within a
2765	physician office practice is under common ownership, directly or
2766	indirectly, with an entity licensed pursuant to chapter 395.
2767	Section 99. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section
2768	483.803, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2769	483.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
2770	(2) "Clinical laboratory" means the physical location in
2771	which one or more of the following services are performed to
2772	provide information or materials for use in the diagnosis,
2773	prevention, or treatment of a disease or the identification or
2774	assessment of a medical or physical condition:
2775	(a) Clinical laboratory services, which entail the
2776	examination of fluids or other materials taken from the human
2777	body.
2778	(b) Anatomic laboratory services, which entail the
2779	examination of tissue taken from the human body.
2780	(c) Cytology laboratory services, which entail the
2781	examination of cells from individual tissues or fluid taken from
2782	the human body a clinical laboratory as defined in s. 483.041.
2783	(3) "Clinical laboratory examination" means a <u>procedure</u>
2784	performed to deliver the services identified in subsection (2).

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including the oversight or interpretation of such services elinical laboratory examination as defined in s. 483.041.

(4) "Clinical laboratory personnel" includes a clinical laboratory director, supervisor, technologist, blood gas analyst, or technician who performs or is responsible for laboratory test procedures, but the term does not include trainees, persons who perform screening for blood banks or plasmapheresis centers, phlebotomists, or persons employed by a clinical laboratory to perform manual pretesting duties or clerical, personnel, or other administrative responsibilities, or persons engaged in testing performed by laboratories regulated under s. 483.035(1) or exempt from regulation under s. 483.031(2).

Section 100. Section 483.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.813 Clinical laboratory personnel license.—A person may not conduct a clinical laboratory examination or report the results of such examination unless such person is licensed under this part to perform such procedures. However, this provision does not apply to any practitioner of the healing arts authorized to practice in this state or to persons engaged in testing performed by laboratories regulated under s. 483.035(1) or exempt from regulation under s. 483.031(2). The department may grant a temporary license to any candidate it deems properly qualified, for a period not to exceed 1 year.

Section 101. Subsection (2) of section 483.823, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.823 Qualifications of clinical laboratory personnel.-

(2) Personnel qualifications may require appropriate

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2814	education, training, or experience or the passing of an
2815	examination in appropriate subjects or any combination of these,
2816	but \underline{a} no practitioner of the healing arts licensed to practice
2817	in this state is $\underline{\text{not}}$ required to obtain any license $\underline{\text{under this}}$
2818	$\overline{\text{part}}$ or to pay any fee $\underline{\text{under this part}}$ $\underline{\text{hereunder except the fee}}$
2819	required for clinical laboratory licensure.
2820	Section 102. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7), and
2821	subsections (8) and (9) of section 491.003, Florida Statutes,
2822	are amended to read:
2823	491.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:
2824	(7) The "practice of clinical social work" is defined as
2825	the use of scientific and applied knowledge, theories, and
2826	methods for the purpose of describing, preventing, evaluating,
2827	and treating individual, couple, marital, family, or group
2828	behavior, based on the person-in-situation perspective of
2829	psychosocial development, normal and abnormal behavior,
2830	psychopathology, unconscious motivation, interpersonal
2831	relationships, environmental stress, differential assessment,
2832	differential planning, and data gathering. The purpose of such
2833	services is the prevention and treatment of undesired behavior
2834	and enhancement of mental health. The practice of clinical
2835	social work includes methods of a psychological nature used to
2836	evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and
2837	mental disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective,
2838	or behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders,
2839	alcoholism, and substance abuse. The practice of clinical social
2840	work includes, but is not limited to, psychotherapy,
2841	hypnotherapy, and sex therapy. The practice of clinical social
2842	work also includes counseling, behavior modification,

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consultation, client-centered advocacy, crisis intervention, and the provision of needed information and education to clients, when using methods of a psychological nature to evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, alcoholism, or substance abuse. The practice of clinical social work may also include clinical research into more effective psychotherapeutic modalities for the treatment and prevention of such conditions.

- (c) The terms "diagnose" and "treat," as used in this chapter, when considered in isolation or in conjunction with any provision of the rules of the board, may shall not be construed to permit the performance of any act which clinical social workers are not educated and trained to perform, including, but not limited to, admitting persons to hospitals for treatment of the foregoing conditions, treating persons in hospitals without medical supervision, prescribing medicinal drugs as defined in chapter 465, authorizing clinical laboratory procedures pursuant to chapter 483, or radiological procedures, or use of electroconvulsive therapy. In addition, this definition shall may not be construed to permit any person licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified pursuant to this chapter to describe or label any test, report, or procedure as "psychological," except to relate specifically to the definition of practice authorized in this subsection.
- (8) The $\underline{\text{term}}$ "practice of marriage and family therapy" $\underline{\text{means}}$ is defined as the use of scientific and applied marriage and family theories, methods, and procedures for the purpose of

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2872	describing, evaluating, and modifying marital, family, and
2873	individual behavior, within the context of marital and family
2874	systems, including the context of marital formation and
2875	dissolution, and is based on marriage and family systems theory,
2876	marriage and family development, human development, normal and
2877	abnormal behavior, psychopathology, human sexuality,
2878	psychotherapeutic and marriage and family therapy theories and
2879	techniques. The practice of marriage and family therapy includes
2880	methods of a psychological nature used to evaluate, assess,
2881	diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental disorders or
2882	dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral),
2883	sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, alcoholism, and
2884	substance abuse. The practice of marriage and family therapy
2885	includes, but is not limited to, marriage and family therapy,
2886	psychotherapy, including behavioral family therapy,
2887	hypnotherapy, and sex therapy. The practice of marriage and
2888	family therapy also includes counseling, behavior modification,
2889	consultation, client-centered advocacy, crisis intervention, and
2890	the provision of needed information and education to clients,
2891	when using methods of a psychological nature to evaluate,
2892	assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental
2893	disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or
2894	behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders,
2895	alcoholism, or substance abuse. The practice of marriage and
2896	family therapy may also include clinical research into more
2897	effective psychotherapeutic modalities for the treatment and
2898	prevention of such conditions.
2899	(a) Marriage and family therapy may be rendered to
2900	individuals, including individuals affected by termination of

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marriage, to couples, whether married or unmarried, to families, or to groups.

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- (b) The use of specific methods, techniques, or modalities within the practice of marriage and family therapy is restricted to marriage and family therapists appropriately trained in the use of such methods, techniques, or modalities.
- (c) The terms "diagnose" and "treat," as used in this chapter, when considered in isolation or in conjunction with any provision of the rules of the board, may shall not be construed to permit the performance of any act that which marriage and family therapists are not educated and trained to perform, including, but not limited to, admitting persons to hospitals for treatment of the foregoing conditions, treating persons in hospitals without medical supervision, prescribing medicinal drugs as defined in chapter 465, authorizing clinical laboratory procedures pursuant to chapter 483_{7} or radiological procedures or the use of electroconvulsive therapy. In addition, this definition may shall not be construed to permit any person licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified pursuant to this chapter to describe or label any test, report, or procedure as "psychological," except to relate specifically to the definition of practice authorized in this subsection.
- (d) The definition of "marriage and family therapy" contained in this subsection includes all services offered directly to the general public or through organizations, whether public or private, and applies whether payment is requested or received for services rendered.
- (9) The $\underline{\text{term}}$ "practice of mental health counseling" $\underline{\text{means}}$ $\underline{\text{is defined as}}$ the use of scientific and applied behavioral

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2930	science theories, methods, and techniques for the purpose of
2931	describing, preventing, and treating undesired behavior and
2932	enhancing mental health and human development and is based on
2933	the person-in-situation perspectives derived from research and
2934	theory in personality, family, group, and organizational
2935	dynamics and development, career planning, cultural diversity,
2936	human growth and development, human sexuality, normal and
2937	abnormal behavior, psychopathology, psychotherapy, and
2938	rehabilitation. The practice of mental health counseling
2939	includes methods of a psychological nature used to evaluate,
2940	assess, diagnose, and treat emotional and mental dysfunctions or
2941	disorders_ (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral),
2942	behavioral disorders, interpersonal relationships, sexual
2943	dysfunction, alcoholism, and substance abuse. The practice of
2944	mental health counseling includes, but is not limited to,
2945	psychotherapy, hypnotherapy, and sex therapy. The practice of
2946	mental health counseling also includes counseling, behavior
2947	modification, consultation, client-centered advocacy, crisis
2948	intervention, and the provision of needed information and
2949	education to clients, when using methods of a psychological
2950	nature to evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent
2951	emotional and mental disorders and dysfunctions (whether
2952	cognitive, affective, or behavioral), behavioral disorders,
2953	sexual dysfunction, alcoholism, or substance abuse. The practice
2954	of mental health counseling may also include clinical research
2955	into more effective psychotherapeutic modalities for the
2956	treatment and prevention of such conditions.
2957	(a) Mental health counseling may be rendered to
2958	individuals, including individuals affected by the termination

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of marriage, and to couples, families, groups, organizations, and communities.

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- (b) The use of specific methods, techniques, or modalities within the practice of mental health counseling is restricted to mental health counselors appropriately trained in the use of such methods, techniques, or modalities.
- (c) The terms "diagnose" and "treat," as used in this chapter, when considered in isolation or in conjunction with any provision of the rules of the board, may shall not be construed to permit the performance of any act that which mental health counselors are not educated and trained to perform, including, but not limited to, admitting persons to hospitals for treatment of the foregoing conditions, treating persons in hospitals without medical supervision, prescribing medicinal drugs as defined in chapter 465, authorizing clinical laboratory procedures pursuant to chapter 483, or radiological procedures, or the use of electroconvulsive therapy. In addition, this definition may shall not be construed to permit any person licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified pursuant to this chapter to describe or label any test, report, or procedure as "psychological," except to relate specifically to the definition of practice authorized in this subsection.
- (d) The definition of "mental health counseling" contained in this subsection includes all services offered directly to the general public or through organizations, whether public or private, and applies whether payment is requested or received for services rendered.

Section 103. Paragraph (h) of subsection (4) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans .-

- (4) MEDICAL MALPRACTICE RISK APPORTIONMENT.-
- (h) As used in this subsection:

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- 2991 1. "Health care provider" means hospitals licensed under 2992 chapter 395; physicians licensed under chapter 458; osteopathic 2993 physicians licensed under chapter 459; podiatric physicians 2994 licensed under chapter 461; dentists licensed under chapter 466; 2995 chiropractic physicians licensed under chapter 460; naturopaths 2996 licensed under chapter 462; nurses licensed under part I of 2997 chapter 464; midwives licensed under chapter 467; clinical 2998 laboratories registered under chapter 483; physician assistants 2999 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; physical therapists and physical therapist assistants licensed under chapter 486; 3000 3001 health maintenance organizations certificated under part I of 3002 chapter 641; ambulatory surgical centers licensed under chapter 3003 395; other medical facilities as defined in subparagraph 2.; blood banks, plasma centers, industrial clinics, and renal 3004 3005 dialysis facilities; or professional associations, partnerships, 3006 corporations, joint ventures, or other associations for 3007 professional activity by health care providers.
 - 2. "Other medical facility" means a facility the primary purpose of which is to provide human medical diagnostic services or a facility providing nonsurgical human medical treatment, to which facility the patient is admitted and from which facility the patient is discharged within the same working day, and which facility is not part of a hospital. However, a facility existing for the primary purpose of performing terminations of pregnancy or an office maintained by a physician or dentist for the practice of medicine may shall not be construed to be an "other

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medical facility."

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3. "Health care facility" means any hospital licensed under chapter 395, health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641, ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395, or other medical facility as defined in subparagraph 2.

Section 104. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 627.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.602 Scope, format of policy.-
- (1) Each health insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state must comply with all applicable provisions of this code and all of the following requirements:
- (h) Section 641.312 and the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as implemented by 29 C.F.R. s. 2560.503-1, relating to internal grievances. This paragraph does not apply to a health insurance policy that is subject to the Subscriber Assistance Program under s. 408.7056 of to the types of benefits or coverages provided under s. 627.6513(1)-(14) issued in any market.

Section 105. Subsection (1) of section 627.6406, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.6406 Maternity care.-
- (1) Any policy of health insurance which that provides coverage for maternity care must also cover the services of certified nurse-midwives and midwives licensed pursuant to chapter 467, and the services of birth centers licensed under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335.
 - Section 106. Paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (1) of

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3046 section 627.64194, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3047 627.64194 Coverage requirements for services provided by 3048 nonparticipating providers; payment collection limitations.-3049 (1) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Facility" means a licensed facility as defined in s. 3050 3051 395.002(16) and an urgent care center as defined in s. 395.002 s. 395.002(30). 3052 3053 (e) "Nonparticipating provider" means a provider who is not 3054 a preferred provider as defined in s. 627.6471 or a provider who 3055 is not an exclusive provider as defined in s. 627.6472. For 3056 purposes of covered emergency services under this section, a facility licensed under chapter 395 or an urgent care center 3057 defined in s. $395.002 ext{ s. } 395.002(30)$ is a nonparticipating 3058 3059 provider if the facility has not contracted with an insurer to 3060 provide emergency services to its insureds at a specified rate. 3061 Section 107. Section 627.6513, Florida Statutes, is amended 3062 to read: 3063 627.6513 Scope.-Section 641.312 and the provisions of the 3064 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as implemented 3065 by 29 C.F.R. s. 2560.503-1, relating to internal grievances, apply to all group health insurance policies issued under this 3066 3067 part. This section does not apply to a group health insurance 3068 policy that is subject to the Subscriber Assistance Program in 3069 s. 408.7056 or to: 3070 (1) Coverage only for accident insurance, or disability 3071 income insurance, or any combination thereof. 3072 (2) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance. 3073 (3) Liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance. 3074

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(4) Workers' compensation or similar insurance.

- (5) Automobile medical payment insurance.
- (6) Credit-only insurance.

- (7) Coverage for onsite medical clinics, including prepaid health clinics under part II of chapter 641.
- (8) Other similar insurance coverage, specified in rules adopted by the commission, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. To the extent possible, such rules must be consistent with regulations adopted by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- (9) Limited scope dental or vision benefits, if offered separately.
- (10) Benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home health care, or community-based care, or any combination thereof, if offered separately.
- (11) Other similar, limited benefits, if offered separately, as specified in rules adopted by the commission.
- (12) Coverage only for a specified disease or illness, if offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits.
- (13) Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance, if offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits.
- (14) Benefits provided through a Medicare supplemental health insurance policy, as defined under s. 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security Act, coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under 10 U.S.C. chapter 55, and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health plan, which are offered as a separate insurance policy and as independent, noncoordinated benefits.

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3104	Section 108. Subsection (1) of section 627.6574, Florida
3105	Statutes, is amended to read:
3106	627.6574 Maternity care
3107	(1) Any group, blanket, or franchise policy of health
3108	insurance $\underline{\text{which}}$ $\underline{\text{that}}$ provides coverage for maternity care must
3109	also cover the services of certified nurse-midwives and midwives
3110	licensed pursuant to chapter 467, and the services of birth
3111	centers licensed under ss. $383.30-383.332 383.30-383.335$.
3112	Section 109. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section
3113	641.185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3114	641.185 Health maintenance organization subscriber
3115	protections
3116	(1) With respect to the provisions of this part and part
3117	III, the principles expressed in the following statements shall
3118	serve as standards to be followed by the commission, the office,
3119	the department, and the Agency for Health Care Administration in
3120	exercising their powers and duties, in exercising administrative
3121	discretion, in administrative interpretations of the law, in
3122	enforcing its provisions, and in adopting rules:
3123	(j) A health maintenance organization should receive timely
3124	and, if necessary, urgent review by an independent state
3125	external review organization for unresolved grievances and
3126	appeals pursuant to s. 408.7056.
3127	Section 110. Paragraph (a) of subsection (18) of section
3128	641.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3129	641.31 Health maintenance contracts.—
3130	(18)(a) Health maintenance contracts that provide coverage,
3131	benefits, or services for maternity care must provide, as an
3132	option to the subscriber, the services of nurse-midwives and

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midwives licensed pursuant to chapter 467, and the services of birth centers licensed pursuant to ss. $\frac{383.30-383.332}{383.335}$, if such services are available within the service area.

Section 111. Section 641.312, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.312 Scope.—The Office of Insurance Regulation may adopt rules to administer the provisions of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Uniform Health Carrier External Review Model Act, issued by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and dated April 2010. This section does not apply to a health maintenance contract that is subject to the Subscriber Assistance Program under s. 408.7056 or to the types of benefits or coverages provided under s. 627.6513(1)-(14) issued in any market.

Section 112. Subsection (4) of section 641.3154, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.3154 Organization liability; provider billing prohibited.—

(4) A provider or any representative of a provider, regardless of whether the provider is under contract with the health maintenance organization, may not collect or attempt to collect money from, maintain any action at law against, or report to a credit agency a subscriber of an organization for payment of services for which the organization is liable, if the provider in good faith knows or should know that the organization is liable. This prohibition applies during the pendency of any claim for payment made by the provider to the organization for payment of the services and any legal proceedings or dispute resolution process to determine whether

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3162	the organization is liable for the services if the provider is
3163	informed that such proceedings are taking place. It is presumed
3164	that a provider does not know and should not know that an
3165	organization is liable unless:
3166	(a) The provider is informed by the organization that it
3167	accepts liability;
3168	(b) A court of competent jurisdiction determines that the
3169	organization is liable; <u>or</u>
3170	(c) The office or agency makes a final determination that
3171	the organization is required to pay for such services subsequent
3172	to a recommendation made by the Subscriber Assistance Panel
3173	pursuant to s. 408.7056; or
3174	(c) (d) The agency issues a final order that the
3175	organization is required to pay for such services subsequent to
3176	a recommendation made by a resolution organization pursuant to
3177	s. 408.7057.
3178	Section 113. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section
3179	641.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3180	641.51 Quality assurance program; second medical opinion
3181	requirement.—
3182	(5)(c) For second opinions provided by contract physicians
3183	the organization is prohibited from charging a fee to the
3184	subscriber in an amount in excess of the subscriber fees
3185	established by contract for referral contract physicians. The
3186	organization shall pay the amount of all charges, which are
3187	usual, reasonable, and customary in the community, for second
3188	opinion services performed by a physician not under contract
3189	with the organization, but may require the subscriber to be
3190	responsible for up to 40 percent of such amount. The

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organization may require that any tests deemed necessary by a noncontract physician shall be conducted by the organization. The organization may deny reimbursement rights granted under this section in the event the subscriber seeks in excess of three such referrals per year if such subsequent referral costs are deemed by the organization to be evidence that the subscriber has unreasonably overutilized the second opinion privilege. A subscriber thus denied reimbursement under this section has shall have recourse to grievance procedures as specified in ss. 408.7056_{r} 641.495 $_{r}$ and 641.511. The organization's physician's professional judgment concerning the treatment of a subscriber derived after review of a second opinion is shall be controlling as to the treatment obligations of the health maintenance organization. Treatment not authorized by the health maintenance organization is shall be at the subscriber's expense.

Section 114. Subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection (3), paragraph (d) of subsection (4), paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (6), and subsections (7) through (12) of section 641.511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

641.511 Subscriber grievance reporting and resolution requirements.—

(1) Every organization must have a grievance procedure available to its subscribers for the purpose of addressing complaints and grievances. Every organization must notify its subscribers that a subscriber must submit a grievance within 1 year after the date of occurrence of the action that initiated the grievance, and may submit the grievance for review to the Subscriber Assistance Program panel as provided in s. 408.7056

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3220	after receiving a final disposition of the grievance through the
3221	organization's grievance process. An organization shall maintain
3222	records of all grievances and shall report annually to the
3223	agency the total number of grievances handled, a categorization
3224	of the cases underlying the grievances, and the final
3225	disposition of the grievances.
3226	(3) Each organization's grievance procedure, as required
3227	under subsection (1), must include, at a minimum:
3228	(e) A notice that a subscriber may voluntarily pursue
3229	binding arbitration in accordance with the terms of the contract
3230	if offered by the organization, after completing the
3231	organization's grievance procedure and as an alternative to the
3232	Subscriber Assistance Program. Such notice shall include an
3233	explanation that the subscriber may incur some costs if the
3234	subscriber pursues binding arbitration, depending upon the terms
3235	of the subscriber's contract.
3236	(4) (d) In any case when the review process does not resolve
3237	a difference of opinion between the organization and the
3238	subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of the subscriber,
3239	the subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of the
3240	subscriber may submit a written grievance to the Subscriber
3241	Assistance Program.
3242	(6) (g) In any case when the expedited review process does
3243	not resolve a difference of opinion between the organization and
3244	the subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of the
3245	subscriber, the subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of
3246	the subscriber may submit a written grievance to the Subscriber
3247	Assistance Program.

 $\underline{\text{(g)}}$ (h) An organization shall not provide an expedited Page 112 of 120

26-00620-18 2018622 3249 retrospective review of an adverse determination. 3250 (7) Each organization shall send to the agency a copy of 3251 its quarterly grievance reports submitted to the office pursuant 3252 to s. 408.7056(12). 3253 (7) (8) The agency shall investigate all reports of unresolved quality of care grievances received from: 3254 3255 (a) annual and quarterly grievance reports submitted by the 3256 organization to the office. 3257 (b) Review requests of subscribers whose grievances remain 3258 unresolved after the subscriber has followed the full grievance 3259 procedure of the organization. 3260 (9) (a) The agency shall advise subscribers with grievances to follow their organization's formal grievance process for 3261 3262 resolution prior to review by the Subscriber Assistance Program. 3263 The subscriber may, however, submit a copy of the grievance to

(b) Requiring completion of the organization's grievance process before the Subscriber Assistance Program panel's review does not preclude the agency from investigating any complaint or grievance before the organization makes its final determination.

the agency at any time during the process.

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(10) Each organization must notify the subscriber in a final decision letter that the subscriber may request review of the organization's decision concerning the grievance by the Subscriber Assistance Program, as provided in s. 408.7056, if the grievance is not resolved to the satisfaction of the subscriber. The final decision letter must inform the subscriber that the request for review must be made within 365 days after receipt of the final decision letter, must explain how to initiate such a review, and must include the addresses and toll-

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3278	free telephone numbers of the agency and the Subscriber
3279	Assistance Program.
3280	(8) (11) Each organization, as part of its contract with any
3281	provider, must require the provider to post a consumer
3282	assistance notice prominently displayed in the reception area of
3283	the provider and clearly noticeable by all patients. The
3284	consumer assistance notice must state the addresses and toll-
3285	free telephone numbers of the Agency for Health Care
3286	Administration, the Subscriber Assistance Program, and the
3287	Department of Financial Services. The consumer assistance notice
3288	must also clearly state that the address and toll-free telephone
3289	number of the organization's grievance department shall be
3290	provided upon request. The agency may adopt rules to implement
3291	this section.
3292	(9) (12) The agency may impose administrative sanction, in
3293	accordance with s. 641.52, against an organization for
3294	noncompliance with this section.
3295	Section 115. Subsection (1) of section 641.515, Florida
3296	Statutes, is amended to read:
3297	641.515 Investigation by the agency
3298	(1) The agency shall investigate further any quality of
3299	care issue contained in recommendations and reports submitted
3300	pursuant to $\underline{s.}$ $\underline{ss.}$ 408.7056 and 641.511. The agency shall also
3301	investigate further any information that indicates that the
3302	organization does not meet accreditation standards or the
3303	standards of the review organization performing the external
3304	quality assurance assessment pursuant to reports submitted under
3305	s. 641.512. Every organization shall submit its books and
3306	records and take other appropriate action as may be necessary to

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facilitate an examination. The agency shall have access to the organization's medical records of individuals and records of employed and contracted physicians, with the consent of the subscriber or by court order, as necessary to administer earry out the provisions of this part.

Section 116. Subsection (2) of section 641.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.55 Internal risk management program.-

(2) The risk management program shall be the responsibility of the governing authority or board of the organization. Every organization which has an annual premium volume of \$10 million or more and which directly provides health care in a building owned or leased by the organization shall hire a risk manager, certified under ss. 395.10971-395.10975, who is shall be responsible for implementation of the organization's risk management program required by this section. A part-time risk manager may shall not be responsible for risk management programs in more than four organizations or facilities. Every organization that which does not directly provide health care in a building owned or leased by the organization and every organization with an annual premium volume of less than \$10 million shall designate an officer or employee of the organization to serve as the risk manager.

The gross data compiled under this section or s. 395.0197 shall be furnished by the agency upon request to organizations to be utilized for risk management purposes. The agency shall adopt rules necessary to <u>administer</u> carry out the provisions of this section.

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3336	Section 117. Section 641.60, Florida Statutes, is repealed.		
3337	Section 118. Section 641.65, Florida Statutes, is repealed.		
3338	Section 119. Section 641.67, Florida Statutes, is repealed.		
3339	Section 120. Section 641.68, Florida Statutes, is repealed.		
3340	Section 121. Section 641.70, Florida Statutes, is repealed.		
3341	Section 122. Section 641.75, Florida Statutes, is repealed.		
3342	Section 123. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section		
3343	766.118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:		
3344	766.118 Determination of noneconomic damages		
3345	(6) LIMITATION ON NONECONOMIC DAMAGES FOR NEGLIGENCE OF A		
3346	PRACTITIONER PROVIDING SERVICES AND CARE TO A MEDICAID		
3347	RECIPIENT.—Notwithstanding subsections (2) , (3) , and (5) , with		
3348	respect to a cause of action for personal injury or wrongful		
3349	death arising from medical negligence of a practitioner		
3350	committed in the course of providing medical services and		
3351	medical care to a Medicaid recipient, regardless of the number		
3352	of such practitioner defendants providing the services and care,		
3353	noneconomic damages may not exceed \$300,000 per claimant, unless		
3354	the claimant pleads and proves, by clear and convincing		
3355	evidence, that the practitioner acted in a wrongful manner. $\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}}$		
3356	practitioner providing medical services and medical care to a		
3357	Medicaid recipient is not liable for more than \$200,000 in		
3358	noneconomic damages, regardless of the number of claimants,		
3359	unless the claimant pleads and proves, by clear and convincing		
3360	evidence, that the practitioner acted in a wrongful manner. The		
3361	fact that a claimant proves that a practitioner acted in a		
3362	wrongful manner does not preclude the application of the		
3363	limitation on noneconomic damages prescribed elsewhere in this		
3364	section. For purposes of this subsection:		

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(b) The term "practitioner," in addition to the meaning prescribed in subsection (1), includes any hospital $\underline{\text{or}}_{\tau}$ ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility as defined and licensed under chapter 395.

Section 124. Subsection (4) of section 766.202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.202 Definitions; ss. 766.201-766.212.—As used in ss. 766.201-766.212, the term:

(4) "Health care provider" means any hospital or, ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility as defined and licensed under chapter 395; a birth center licensed under chapter 383; any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, part I of chapter 464, chapter 466, chapter 467, part XIV of chapter 468, or chapter 486; a clinical lab licensed under chapter 483; a health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641; a blood bank; a plasma center; an industrial clinic; a renal dialysis facility; or a professional association partnership, corporation, joint venture, or other association for professional activity by health care providers.

Section 125. Section 945.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

945.36 Exemption from health testing regulations for Law enforcement personnel <u>authorized to conduct</u> conducting drug tests on inmates and releasees.—

(1) Any law enforcement officer, state or county probation officer, employee of the Department of Corrections, or employee of a contracted community correctional center who is certified by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subsection (2) may

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3394	administer, is exempt from part I of chapter 483, for the
3395	limited purpose of administering a urine screen drug test to:
3396	(a) Persons during incarceration;
3397	(b) Persons released as a condition of probation for either
3398	a felony or misdemeanor;
3399	(c) Persons released as a condition of community control;
3400	(d) Persons released as a condition of conditional release;
3401	(e) Persons released as a condition of parole;
3402	(f) Persons released as a condition of provisional release;
3403	(g) Persons released as a condition of pretrial release; or
3404	(h) Persons released as a condition of control release.
3405	(2) The Department of Corrections shall develop a procedure
3406	for certification of any law enforcement officer, state or
3407	county probation officer, employee of the Department of
3408	Corrections, or employee of a contracted community correctional
3409	center to perform a urine screen drug test on the persons
3410	specified in subsection (1).
3411	Section 126. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
3412	1009.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3413	1009.65 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment
3414	Program
3415	(2) From the funds available, the Department of Health
3416	shall make payments to selected medical professionals as
3417	follows:
3418	(b) All payments $\underline{\text{are}}$ shall be contingent on continued proof
3419	of primary care practice in an area defined in $\underline{s.~395.602}$ (2) (b)
3420	s. 395.602(2)(e), or an underserved area designated by the
3421	Department of Health, provided the practitioner accepts Medicaid
3422	reimbursement if eligible for such reimbursement. Correctional

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facilities, state hospitals, and other state institutions that employ medical personnel shall be designated by the Department of Health as underserved locations. Locations with high incidences of infant mortality, high morbidity, or low Medicaid participation by health care professionals may be designated as underserved.

Section 127. Subsection (2) of section 1011.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1011.52 Appropriation to first accredited medical school.-
- (2) In order for a medical school to qualify under the provisions of this section and to be entitled to the benefits herein, such medical school:
- (a) Must be primarily operated and established to offer, afford, and render a medical education to residents of the state gualifying for admission to such institution;
- (b) Must be operated by a municipality or county of this state, or by a nonprofit organization heretofore or hereafter established exclusively for educational purposes;
- (c) Must, upon the formation and establishment of an accredited medical school, transmit and file with the Department of Education documentary proof evidencing the facts that such institution has been certified and approved by the council on medical education and hospitals of the American Medical Association and has adequately met the requirements of that council in regard to its administrative facilities, administrative plant, clinical facilities, curriculum, and all other such requirements as may be necessary to qualify with the council as a recognized, approved, and accredited medical school;

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(d) Must certify to the Department of Education the name, address, and educational history of each student approved and accepted for enrollment in such institution for the ensuing school year; and

(e) Must have in place an operating agreement with a government-owned hospital that is located in the same county as the medical school and that is a statutory teaching hospital as defined in s. 408.07(44) s. 408.07(45). The operating agreement must shall provide for the medical school to maintain the same level of affiliation with the hospital, including the level of services to indigent and charity care patients served by the hospital, which was in place in the prior fiscal year. Each year, documentation demonstrating that an operating agreement is in effect shall be submitted jointly to the Department of Education by the hospital and the medical school prior to the payment of moneys from the annual appropriation.

Section 128. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

То:	Senator Anitere Flores, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request
Date:	December 7, 2017
I respectfully placed on the	request that Senate Bill #622 , relating to Health Care Facility Regulation, be:
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
	next committee agenda.
	Denice Gunsley
	Senator Denise Grimsley Florida Senate, District 26

cc: Phil Williams, Staff Director Robin Jackson, Committee Administrative Assistant

No material available

No material available

Agency for Health Care Administration

Schedule VIII-B
Reductions for Fiscal Year 2018-2019

Beth Kidder, Deputy Secretary for Medicaid

Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services

January 10, 2018



Reduction Target and Proposals

The following proposed reductions are presented in the event of a revenue shortfall

• The Agency's target reduction is 10% in General Revenue and State Trust Fund:

- General Revenue \$760,982,940

State Trust Fund \$82,872,413

- Federal Funds \$1,331,397,823

- Total \$2,175,253,176

Agency proposes the following reductions:

- Eliminate Medicaid Hospital Rate Enhancement
- Eliminate Medicaid Retroactive Eligibility
- Limit Medicaid Medically Needy Program to Children and Pregnant Women
- Eliminate Medicaid MEDS-AD Waiver

Better Health Care for All Floridians AHCA.MyFlorida.com

 Reduce Prepaid Health Plan Capitation Rate (by reducing eligibility or services)

Companion to Issue Proposed by Agency for Persons with Disabilities

Reduction Detail

Issues	General Revenue	State Trust Funds	Federal Funds	Total All Funds
Eliminate Medicaid Hospital				
Rate Enhancement	(\$121,988,276)		(\$196,186,675)	(\$318,174,951)
Eliminate Medicaid				
Retroactive Eligibility	(\$37,538,287)	(\$257,192)	(\$60,630,375)	(\$98,425,854)
Limit Medicaid Medically				
Needy Program to Children				
and Pregnant Women	(\$206,857,973)	(\$29,354,840)	(\$353,764,227)	(\$589,977,040)
Eliminate Medicaid MEDS-AD				
Waiver	(\$213,131,858)	(\$1,443,742)	(\$344,225,557)	(\$558,801,157)
Reduce Prepaid Health Plan				
Capitation Rate (by reducing				
eligibility or services)	(\$181,466,546)		(\$293,257,292)	(\$474,723,838)
Companion to Issue				
Proposed by Agency for				
Persons with Disabilities		(\$51,816,639)	(\$83,333,697)	(\$135,150,336)
Total Reductions	(\$760,982,940)	(\$82,872,413)	(\$1,331,397,823)	(\$2,175,253,176)



Eliminate Medicaid Hospital Rate Enhancement

Background	 Prior to SFY 2017-18 Medicaid hospital inpatient and outpatient rates included a combined automatic rate enhancement of over \$817 million. The 2017 Florida Legislature reduced both the hospital inpatient and hospital outpatient automatic rate enhancements on a recurring basis by over \$499 million. \$86.9 million restored with non-recurring funds. The automatic rate enhancement does not improve access to quality care for Medicaid recipients and is based on obsolete methodologies that predate current rate-setting methodologies.
Overview of Issue	Eliminates the remaining recurring automatic rate enhancement for hospital inpatient and outpatient services • Includes impact on the prepaid health plans



Eliminate Medicaid Hospital Rate Enhancement

Mandatory or	N/A
Optional	
General Revenue	Proposes a total reduction in General Revenue of \$121.9 million
Impact	
Current Recipients	N/A
Impacted	
Statutory Changes	Yes
Needed	
Federal Authority	No
Needed	



Eliminate Medicaid Retroactive Eligibility

Background	 Retroactive eligibility: Eligibility that is granted for a time period prior to the date an individual applied for Medicaid. Florida currently makes eligibility effective on the first day of the month the person applied and allows for up to an additional 90 days of retroactive eligibility. Florida pays the claims during this retroactive period on a fee-for-service basis, and thus pays for uncoordinated and potentially inappropriate utilization of medical services.
Overview of Issue	This issue eliminates coverage of retroactive eligibility except for the period during first month of eligibility



Eliminate Medicaid Retroactive Eligibility

Mandatory or	Mandatory: Federal Medicaid law requires states to include
Optional	coverage of retroactive eligibility in their state plans.
General Revenue	Proposes a total reduction in General Revenue of \$37.5
Impact	million.
Current Recipients	N/A
Impacted	
Statutory Changes	No
Needed	
Federal Authority	Yes, a waiver, and a State Plan Amendment
Needed	



Limit Medicaid Medically Needy Program to Children and Pregnant Women

Background	 Medically Needy program is available to individuals who have income or assets that exceed the normal limits for Medicaid. Individuals must incur a monthly share of cost for medical expenses before becoming Medicaid eligible for the month. Share of cost is similar to an insurance deductible. Share of cost amount varies depending on the family's size and income.
Overview of	Limits eligibility for Medically Needy program to pregnant women
Issue	and children only.
Mandatory or	Optional
Optional	



Limit Medicaid Medically Needy Program to Children and Pregnant Women

General Revenue Impact	Proposes a total reduction in General Revenue of \$206.8 million.
Current Recipients Impacted	Estimated 26,954 individuals would no longer be eligible. Estimated 1,599 individuals would continue to receive services through the Medically Needy program.
Statutory Changes Needed	Yes
Federal Authority Needed	Yes, a State Plan Amendment



Eliminate Medicaid MEDS-AD Waiver

Background	 The MEDS-AD program is available to individuals: With a disability or who are at least 65 years old With an income up to 88% of the Federal Poverty Level that is within the State asset limits; and Not eligible for Medicare or dually eligible and meet specific waiver criteria.
	 Many program enrollees do not otherwise qualify for Medicaid. All affected individuals will be from the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) eligibility group. These individuals are aged, blind, or disabled with incomes above the SSI level but below 88% of the Federal Poverty Level.
Overview of	Eliminates the MEDS-AD program.
Issue	



Eliminate Medicaid MEDS-AD Waiver

Mandatory or	Optional
Optional	
General Revenue	Proposes a total reduction in General Revenue of \$213.1
Impact	million.
Current Recipients	Estimated 51,057 would no longer be eligible.
Impacted	
Statutory Changes	Yes
Needed	
Federal Authority	Yes, approval of waiver transition plan
Needed	



Reduce Prepaid Health Plan Capitation Rate (by reducing eligibility or services)

Background	The Agency pays Statewide Medicaid Managed Care health plans a fixed, monthly, per member per month, capitated payment to furnish all covered services to Medicaid recipients.
Overview of Issue	Decreases the capitation rate paid to the Medicaid Managed Care plans for providing Medicaid benefit packages to Medicaid recipients by 5.16%.
	Eligibility or services will need to be reduced to achieve this reduction.
Mandatory or	Services provided through the health plans include both
Optional	optional and mandatory services



Reduce Prepaid Health Plan Capitation Rate (by reducing eligibility or services)

General Revenue Impact	Proposes a total reduction in General Revenue of \$181.4 million.
Current Recipients Impacted	Depends on what eligibility or service reductions are enacted.
Statutory Changes Needed	Yes, a statutory change would be needed to achieve this reduction if eligibility or services are reduced or eliminated.
Federal Authority Needed	Yes, a waiver or a State Plan Amendment



Companion to Issue Proposed by Agency for Persons with Disabilities

Background	Currently, there is double budget authority in the Medical Care Trust Fund that is used for the payment of claims for individuals enrolled in the developmental disabilities iBudget waiver administered by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
Overview of Issue	This reduction will keep the budget authority in the Home and Community Based Services waiver category in balance based upon the federal financial participation (FFP) rate.
Mandatory or	N/A
Optional	



Companion to Issue Proposed by Agency for Persons with Disabilities

General Revenue Impact	Proposes a total reduction in State Trust Funds of \$51.8 million.
Current Recipients Impacted	None
Statutory Changes Needed	No
Federal Authority Needed	No



Questions?



Department of Health

Fiscal Year 2018-2019 Schedule VIII-B



Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services January 10, 2018

Department of Health VIII-B

The Schedule VIII-B budget reductions are pursuant to the Legislative Budget Request Instructions and presented in the event of a revenue shortfall.

These reductions are not in the Governor's Recommended Budget.

Total Target Amount

General Revenue

\$48,994,816

Trust Fund

\$90,700,775

Department of Health VIII-B

General Revenue

Children's Medical Services Specialty Contracts		
Community Specific Initiatives		
Ounce of Prevention		
Fla Association of Free and Charitable Clinics		
Healthy Start Coalitions		
Family Planning Services		
Primary Care Program		
Full Service Schools		
Crisis Counseling		
Safety Net Program		
Epilepsy Services including Pharmaceuticals		

\$6,692,590
\$11,467,829
\$1,900,000
\$9,500,000
\$19,975,176
\$3,858,481
\$2,000,000
\$6,000,000
\$4,000,000
\$2,500,000
\$4,584,830

Department of Health VIII-B

Trust Fund

Planning & Evaluation Trust Fund Sweep in Lieu of Budget Reduction

Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund Sweep in Lieu of Budget Reduction

\$8,682,810	
\$8,540,779	
\$17,223,589	

Questions?

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Agriculture, Vice Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and
Human Services
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development
Governmental Oversight and Accountability
Transportation

JOINT COMMITTEE:

Joint Administrative Procedures Committee, Alternating Chair

December 21, 2017

The Honorable Anitere Flores 404 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1300

Dear Chairwoman Flores:

In accordance with Senate Rule 1.21 I am writing to you to be excused from the Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services meeting that will be held on January 10, 2018 at 4:00pm due to a business matters that needs my immediate attention. I sincerely apologize for any inconvenience this may cause.

Thank you for your consideration. Please feel free to contact me at 561-866-4020 if you have any questions.

Sincerely

Kevin Rader State Senator District 29

Verin Roude

cc: Phil Williams, Staff Director

^{☐ 5301} N. Federal Hwy, Suite 135, Boca Raton, Florida 33487

^{☐ 222} Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5029

CourtSmart Tag Report

Case No.: **Room: SB 401** Type: Caption: Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Judge: Started: 1/10/2018 4:00:57 PM Ends: 1/10/2018 5:20:06 PM Length: 01:19:10 4:01:58 PM Sen. Flores (Chair) 4:02:18 PM S 450 4:02:21 PM Sen. Garcia 4:03:02 PM Sen. Flores 4:03:14 PM Alisa LaPolt, Executive Director, National Alliance on Mental Illness (waives in support) 4:03:23 PM Shane Messer, Legislative Affairs Director, Florida Council for Behavioral Healthcare (waives in support) 4:03:31 PM 4:03:32 PM Mark Fontaine, CEO, Florida Behavioral Health Association (waives in support) 4:03:50 PM Sen Rouson Sen. Garcia 4:04:22 PM 4:04:44 PM Sen. Flores 4:05:12 PM S 422 Sen. Gibson 4:05:21 PM 4:05:32 PM Sen. Flores 4:05:42 PM Am. 634064 4:05:44 PM Am. 145162 4:06:09 PM Sen. Gibson Sen. Flores 4:07:30 PM Sen. Gibson 4:07:36 PM Sen. Flores 4:11:06 PM Sen. Flores 4:11:24 PM Linda Levin, CEO, Eldersource, Florida Association of Area Agencies on Aging (waived in support) 4:11:28 PM 4:11:36 PM Paul Jess, Florida Justice Association (waived in support) Zayne Smith, Associate State Director, AARP (waived in support) 4:11:52 PM Sen Gibson 4:12:04 PM 4:16:27 PM Sen. Flores S 622 4:16:34 PM 4:16:37 PM Am. 486176 4:16:43 PM Sen. Grimsley 4:16:51 PM Sen. Flores 4:17:02 PM Am. 848950 4:17:08 PM Sen. Grimsley 4:17:13 PM Sen. Flores Am. 693974 4:17:26 PM 4:17:31 PM Sen Grimsley 4:18:13 PM Sen. Flores 4:18:25 PM Am. 165374 4:18:29 PM Sen. Grimsley 4:18:54 PM Sen. Flores 4:19:12 PM Sen. Grimsley 4:19:25 PM Sen. Flores 4:19:56 PM S 408 4:20:05 PM Sen Flores 4:21:03 PM Sen. Stargel 4:21:07 PM Sen. Flores 4:21:15 PM Sen. Stargel 4:21:29 PM Sen. Flores 4:21:44 PM TAB 6 - Reauthorization of the Children's Health Insurance Program 4:21:57 PM Beth Kidder, Medicaid Director, Agency for Health Care Administration

TAB 7 - Use of Low Income Pool Funding for Behavioral Health Services

4:24:08 PM

4:24:27 PM

4:24:37 PM

Sen. Flores

B. Kidder

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4:27:13 PM
               Sen. Flores
               Sen. Stargel
4:27:18 PM
4:27:35 PM
               B. Kidder
               Sen. Stargel
4:27:55 PM
               B. Kidder
4:28:14 PM
4:28:43 PM
               Sen Flores
4:29:11 PM
               TAB 8 - Presentations of Schedule VIII-B Reduction Proposal By Agency for Health Care Administration
and the Department of Health
               Sen. Flores
4:29:17 PM
4:29:46 PM
               B. Kidder
4:36:56 PM
               Sen. Flores
4:37:25 PM
               Michele Tallent, Deputy Secretary for Operations, DOH
4:40:43 PM
               Sen. Flores
4:41:12 PM
               S 444
4:41:16 PM
               Sen. Bean
               Sen. Book
4:42:32 PM
4:44:02 PM
               Sen. Bean
4:45:23 PM
               Sen. Book
4:45:32 PM
               Sen. Bean
4:46:02 PM
               Sen. Book
4:46:27 PM
               Sen. Flores
4:46:46 PM
               Crishelle Bailey (waives against)
               Leor Tai, Florida NOW (waives against)
4:46:50 PM
4:46:53 PM
               Barbara DeVane, Florida NOW (waives against)
4:47:02 PM
               Charo Valero, State Policy Director, Florida Latina Advocacy Network
4:49:51 PM
               Sen. Flores
4:49:57 PM
               Ingrid Delgado, Associate for Social Concerns and Respect Life, Florida Conference of Catholic Bishops
(waives in support)
               Kimblery Scott, Legislative Manager, Florida Alliance of Planned Parenthood Affiliates (waives against)
4:50:04 PM
               Lakev Love, Student, Florida State University (waives against)
4:50:14 PM
4:50:17 PM
               Ken Hays (waives against)
               Stephen Downey (waives against)
4:50:23 PM
               Phil Moore, Medical Device Instructor (waives against)
4:50:27 PM
               Stephanie Owens, Legislative Advocate, League of Women Voters of Florida
4:51:07 PM
               Sen. Flores
4:53:39 PM
4:53:43 PM
               Barbara Frey (waives against)
               Rebecca Morris (waives against)
4:53:46 PM
4:53:48 PM
               DarcyWard, Certified Nurse - Midwife (waives against)
4:53:54 PM
               Haley Gentile, Victim Advocate (waives against)
4:54:00 PM
               Shelby Mantay (waives against)
4:54:07 PM
               Jave Satmus (waives against)
4:54:11 PM
               Paris Wilson (waives against)
4:54:27 PM
               Imani Hutchinson (waives against)
               Sankiya Olatunji (waives against)
4:54:35 PM
               Asia Ronan-Johnson (waives against)
4:54:40 PM
4:54:57 PM
               Sara Smith, Registered Nurse, Retired
4:56:44 PM
               Anne Wilde, Retired Educator (waives against)
4:56:51 PM
               Bill Bunkley, President, Florida Ethics and Religious Liberty Commission (waives in support)
4:56:59 PM
               Kimblery Nelson, Executive Director, PLGC (waives in support)
4:57:07 PM
               Danielle Bedard (waives against)
4:57:23 PM
               John Hedrick, Chair Legislative Committee, Leon County Democratic Party (waives against)
4:57:34 PM
               Ryan Sprague, CEO, Pregnancy Help and Information Center
5:03:26 PM
               Sen. Book
5:03:52 PM
               R. Sprague
5:05:07 PM
               Sen. Book
5:05:18 PM
               R. Sprague
5:05:59 PM
               Sen. Book
5:06:15 PM
               R. Sprague
5:07:00 PM
               Sen. Book
5:07:28 PM
               R. Sprague
5:08:28 PM
               Sen. Stargel
5:08:38 PM
               R. Sprague
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5:09:23 PM	Sen. Flores
5:09:32 PM	Sen. Baxley
5:13:22 PM	Sen. Flores
5:13:25 PM	Sen. Book
5:15:22 PM	Sen. Stargel
5:16:14 PM	Sen. Rouson
5:16:28 PM	Sen. Flores
5:16:53 PM	Sen. Bean
5:19:10 PM	Sen. Flores
5:19:33 PM	Sen. Baxley
5:19:54 PM	Sen. Flores