The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS Senator Fasano, Chair Senator Joyner, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Thursday, March 17, 2011 **TIME:** 10:15 a.m.—12:15 p.m.

PLACE: Mallory Horne Committee Room, 37 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Fasano, Chair; Senator Joyner, Vice Chair; Senators Bennett, Evers, Smith, Storms, and

Thrasher

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	CS/SB 170 Judiciary / Bennett (Similar H 443)	Electronic Filing and Receipt of Court Documents; Requires each state attorney and public defender to implement a system by which the state attorney and public defender can electronically file court documents with the clerk of the court and receive court documents from the clerk of the court. Provides legislative expectations that the state attorneys and public defenders consult with specified entities. Defines the term "court documents," etc. JU 02/08/2011 Fav/CS BJA 03/17/2011 BC	
2	CS/SB 618 Criminal Justice / Evers	Juvenile Justice; Repeals provisions relating to legislative intent for serious or habitual juvenile	

Criminal Justice / Evers (Compare H 1233, H 4157, S 1850) Juvenile Justice; Repeals provisions relating to legislative intent for serious or habitual juvenile offenders in the juvenile justice system, definitions of terms for a training school and the serious or habitual juvenile offender program, the serious or habitual juvenile offender program in the juvenile justice system, the intensive residential treatment program for offenders less than 13 year of age, and the designation of persons holding law enforcement certification within the Office of the Inspector General to act as law enforcement officers, etc.

CJ 03/09/2011 Fav/CS BJA 03/17/2011

BC

3 CS/SB 822 Judiciary / Bogdanoff (Similar H 391) Expert Testimony; Provides that a witness qualified as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education may testify in the form of an opinion as to the facts at issue in a case under certain circumstances. Requires the courts of this state to interpret and apply the principles of expert testimony in conformity with specified United States Supreme Court decisions, etc.

JU 03/09/2011 Fav/CS

BJA 03/17/2011

BC

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Budget Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Appropriations Thursday, March 17, 2011, 10:15 a.m.—12:15 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	Review Fiscal Year 2011-12 Budget Redu	uctions and Funding Issues	
5	Review Existing Proviso for Fiscal Year 2	011-12	
6	Review Proposed New Proviso for Fiscal	Year 2011-12	
7	Review Proposed Conforming Bills and Ir	nplementing Legislation for Fiscal Year 2011-12	
8	Public Testimony		
9	Budget Work Session		

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared E	By: The Professi	onal Staff of	the Budget S	ubcommittee on Cri	minal and Civi	I Justice Appropriations	
BILL:	CS/SB 170						
INTRODUCER:	ER: Judiciary Committee and Senator Bennett						
SUBJECT:	Electronic F	iling and F	Receipt of Co	ourt Documents			
DATE:	March 14, 2	011	REVISED:				
ANAL'	YST		DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	E/CC	ACTION	
1. O'Connor		Maclure		JU	Fav/CS		
2. <u>Hendon</u>		Sadberry	/	BJA BC	Pre-meeti	ng	
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	Please	see Sec	tion VIII.	for Addition	al Informa	ation:	
А	. COMMITTEE	SUBSTITU	JTE x	Statement of Subs	tantial Chang	jes	
В	. AMENDMEN	TS		Technical amendm	nents were re	commended	
				Amendments were	recommende	ed	
				Significant amendr	ments were re	ecommended	

I. Summary:

This bill requires each state attorney and public defender to implement a process by which the state attorney and public defender can electronically file court documents with the clerk of the court and electronically receive court documents from the clerk of the court. The bill also defines the term "court documents." The bill further expresses the expectation of the Legislature that the state attorneys and public defenders consult with specified entities in implementing the electronic filing and receipt process. The Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association and the Florida Public Defender Association are required to report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by March 1, 2012, on the progress made in implementing the electronic filing and receipt system.

This bill creates sections 27.341 and 27.5112, Florida Statutes.

II. Present Situation:

Electronic Filing of Court Documents

In 2009, the Legislature passed and the Governor signed into law Senate Bill 1718 (2009 Regular Session). This bill required each clerk of the court to implement a statewide, uniform electronic filing process for court documents using standards to be specified by the Supreme Court. The Legislature's expressed intent for requiring the implementation of electronic filing was "to reduce judicial costs in the office of the clerk and the judiciary, increase timeliness in the processing of cases, and provide the judiciary with case-related information to allow for improved judicial case management."

The federal court system already uses an electronic filing system called PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records). Additionally, there are 13 state courts and the District of Columbia using statewide electronic filing systems. Those courts are: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Texas, and Washington.

Supreme Court Standards

In response to SB 1718, the Florida Supreme Court promulgated statewide standards for electronic filing on July 1, 2009.⁷ The Court specified that electronic filing would be implemented through "a single statewide Internet portal for electronic access to and transmission of court records to and from all Florida courts." All electronic filing systems were required to be compatible with the Florida Courts E-Portal developed by the Florida Courts Technology Commission. The Court specified that electronic court records submitted to the portal must be "capable of being printed as paper, or transferred to archival media, without loss of content or material alteration of appearance"; such records "shall constitute the official record and are equivalent to court records filed in paper."

Status of Implementation

Proviso language from the fiscal year 2010-11 General Appropriations Act required the state courts system to "accelerate the implementation of the electronic filing requirements ... by implementing five of the ten trial court divisions by January 1, 2011."

¹ Chapter 2009-61, Laws of Fla.

² *Id* at s. 16.

 $^{^3}$ Id.

⁴ PACER, *PACER Home*, http://www.pacer.gov/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2011).

⁵ American Bar Association, *Electronic Filing Resource Page*, http://www.abanet.org/tech/ltrc/research/efiling/home.html (last visited Feb. 1, 2011).

⁶ *Id*.

⁷ In Re: Statewide Standards for Electronic Access to the Courts, AOSC09-30 (Fla. July 1, 2009).

⁸ *Id.* at 3.

⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Florida Supreme Court, Standards for Electronic Access to the Courts, 6 (June 2009).

¹¹ Chapter 2010-152, s. 7, Laws of Fla., proviso accompany specific appropriation 3238.

The electronic filing system is called the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal and can be found at www.myflcourtaccess.com. The portal is currently functional, with nine counties signed on for the initial program. ¹² Clerks in these counties are currently working with volunteer attorneys to use the portal on a pilot basis before the portal opens to all attorneys. ¹³ A second set of counties was recently approved to be added over time. ¹⁴ By motion of the Florida E-Filing Authority, an entity made up of eight circuit court clerks and the Clerk of the Supreme Court that provides governance for the e-filing portal, ¹⁵ the portal is currently programmed for the following five civil divisions: circuit civil, county civil, family, probate, and juvenile dependency. ¹⁶ Although the portal is not yet programmed for electronic filing for criminal divisions, to date 28 counties have been granted approval by the Florida Courts Technology Commission ¹⁷ to implement electronic filing in criminal divisions, and an additional six counties have applied and are pending approval. ¹⁸ Some of these counties have requested approval for electronic filing in criminal divisions for systems they are currently using on the local level, while others may have requested approval in anticipation of the statewide portal's expansion into all divisions.

Other Electronic Filing Efforts

Distinct from the statewide portal, there have been other electronic filing efforts in Florida for several years. For example, the Manatee County Clerk of Court received approval from the Supreme Court in 2005 to utilize electronic filing in all cases. ¹⁹ Electronic filing is mandatory in Manatee County for foreclosure actions and is encouraged for other actions. ²⁰ On the appellate level, the First District Court of Appeal (First DCA) began implementing an electronic filing program in 2009 at the direction of the Legislature. ²¹ When the program first began, attorneys had the option of filing documents electronically or in paper. However, effective September 1, 2010, all attorneys were required and non-attorneys were encouraged to file all pleadings

¹² The nine counties currently signed on to use the e-filing program are: Lake, Columbia, Duval, Gulf, Holmes, Lee, Miami-Dade, Putnam, and Walton. Gary Blankenship, *E-filing open for business: The new service is being phased in slowly*, THE FLORIDA BAR NEWS, Jan. 15, 2011, *available at*

http://www.floridabar.org/DIVCOM/JN/jnnews01.nsf/8c9f13012b96736985256aa900624829/0a29309ae461bfdc85257810006684b5!OpenDocument (last visited Jan. 31, 2011).

¹³ *E-filing is underway*, THE FLORIDA BAR NEWS, Feb. 1, 2011, *available at* http://www.floridabar.org/DIVCOM/JN/jnnews01.nsf/8c9f13012b96736985256aa900624829/a3867c4f16e4e48c852578220047644a!OpenDocument (last visited Feb. 1, 2011).

¹⁴ New counties are: Broward, Orange, Marion, Collier, Franklin, Jackson, and Leon. *Id.*

¹⁵ Florida E-Filing Authority, *E-Filing Authority Home*, http://www.flclerks.com/eFiling_authority.html (last visited Feb. 1, 2011).

¹⁶ Minutes for the Florida E-Filing Authority meeting (Dec. 8, 2010) (on file with the Senate Committee on Judiciary).

¹⁷ The Florida Courts Technology Commission has been tasked with evaluating electronic filing applications "to determine whether they comply with the technology policies established by the supreme court." *In Re: Amendments to the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration—Rule 2.236*, 41 So. 3d 128,133 (Fla. 2010).

¹⁸ Counties granted approval for at least one criminal division: Alachua, Broward, Calhoun, Clay, Dixie, Duval, Flagler, Gadsden, Glades, Gulf, Holmes, Jackson, Lake, Lee, Leon, Manatee, Monroe, Okaloosa, Orange, Palm Beach, Polk, Putnam, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, St. Johns, St. Lucie, and Volusia; counties pending approval for at least one criminal division: Bay, Brevard, Citrus, Pinellas, Sumter, and Taylor. Florida State Courts, *Electronic Initiatives as of January 21*, 2011, http://www.flcourts.org/gen_public/technology/bin/efilingchart.pdf (last visited Feb. 2, 2011).

¹⁹ Manatee County Clerk of the Circuit Court, *E-File and E-Case Initiation*, http://www.manateeclerk.com/Services/EFiling.aspx (last visited Feb. 2, 2011). ²⁰ Id

²¹ Chapter 2009-61, s. 17, Laws of Fla.

electronically.²² The Public Defender for the Second Judicial Circuit handles appeals in the jurisdiction of the First DCA;²³ attorneys in the appellate division currently file electronically in accordance with the court's requirements.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

This bill requires offices of the state attorney and the public defender to implement an electronic process to file court documents with the clerk of the court and receive court documents from the clerk of the court. The term "court documents" as defined in the bill includes, but is not limited to, pleadings, motions, briefs, and their respective attachments, orders, judgments, opinions, decrees, and transcripts. The Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association is required by the bill to file a report with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by March 1, 2012, describing the progress that each office has made to implement an electronic filing system. For any office of the state attorney that has not fully implemented an electronic filing system by that date, the report must also include a description of the additional activities that are needed to complete the system and the additional timeframe anticipated. The bill provides identical requirements for the Florida Public Defender Association on behalf of each office of the public defender. The bill expresses the Legislature's intent that offices of the state attorney and public defender consult with each other within the same circuit as well as with clerks of the court serving each office, the Florida Court Technology Commission, and any authority that governs the operation of a statewide portal for the electronic filing and receipt of court documents.

The bill language does not specify whether offices of the state attorney and public defender are being directed to electronically file and receive court documents through the statewide portal or other means, such as filing directly with clerks in their circuits. The bill does not appear to require state attorneys or public defenders to design entirely new systems; rather it directs them to develop the technological capability and implement a process for electronic filing and receipt, which may be possible through revision of their existing data or case management systems. The extent of necessary changes will likely vary among the offices depending on the existing information technology already in place. Consulting with each other and the additional entities specified by the bill will allow offices of the state attorney and public defender to benefit from any existing knowledge those entities are able to provide to facilitate the transition to electronic filling.

This bill provides that it takes effect upon becoming a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Article VII, Section 18(a) of the Florida Constitution states that no county or municipality shall be bound by any general law requiring such county or municipality to spend funds or to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds unless the Legislature has determined that such law fulfills an important state interest and meets one of a number of

²² In Re: Electronic Filing of Pleadings in the First District Court of Appeal, AO10-3 (Fla. 1st DCA 2010).

²³ Florida State Courts, *Florida's District Courts*, http://www.flcourts.org/courts/dca/dca.shtml (last visited Feb. 2, 2011).

enumerated exceptions. If none of the constitutional exceptions apply, and if the bill becomes law, cities and counties are not bound by the law unless the Legislature has determined that the bill fulfills an important state interest and approves the bill by a two-thirds vote of the membership of each house.²⁴

Counties are required by Article V, Section 14 of the Florida Constitution to fund the cost of communications services for public defenders' offices and state attorneys' offices. The Legislature by general law has prescribed that communications services include "[a]ll computer networks, systems and equipment." Senate Bill 170 requires that offices of the state attorney and offices of the public defender implement processes to electronically file court documents. Counties would be required to provide any funds associated with implementation of the electronic filing process. However, an expenditure in compliance with this bill does not appear to constitute a mandate because it relates to an existing constitutional duty on the part of the counties.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

This bill requires each state attorney and public defender to implement a process for electronic filing. As referenced in the Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions section of this bill analysis, any funding necessary to implement the process would be provided by the county. The bill expresses the legislative expectation that once electronic filing is implemented, it will reduce costs associated with paper filing, increase timeliness in the processing of cases, and provide the judiciary and the clerk of court with case-related information to allow for improved judicial case management. As noted previously, the extent of necessary updates will vary among offices depending on the existing information technology already in place. If any office is unable to implement electronic filing because the financial burden is too great for a particular county, that fact could be

²⁴ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 18(a).

²⁵ Section 29.008(2)(f), F.S.

relayed to the Legislature in the progress report due on March 1, 2012, as specified in the bill.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Judiciary on February 8, 2011:

The committee substitute:

- Replaces legislative intent language for the implementation of electronic filing for offices of the state attorney and public defender with language requiring such implementation;
- Specifies that the required electronic filing process should also have the capability to receive documents from the clerk;
- Replaces the phrase "design and implement a system" with "develop the technological capability and implement a process";
- Defines the term "court documents"; and
- Includes the legislative expectation that offices of the state attorney and public defender consult with specified entities.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

The Committee on Budget Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Appropriations (Bennett) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 27.341, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

27.341 Electronic filing and receipt of court documents.-(1) (a) Each office of the state attorney shall electronically file court documents with the clerk of the court and receive court documents from the clerk of the court. It is the expectation of the Legislature that the electronic filing and receipt of court documents will reduce costs for the office

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of the state attorney, the clerk of the court, and the judiciary; will increase timeliness in the processing of cases; and will provide the judiciary and the clerk of the court with case-related information to allow for improved judicial case management.

- (b) As used in this section, the term "court documents" includes, but is not limited to, pleadings, motions, briefs, and their respective attachments, orders, judgments, opinions, decrees, and transcripts.
- (2) It is further the expectation of the Legislature that each office of the state attorney consult with the office of the public defender for the same circuit served by the office of the state attorney, the clerks of court for the circuit, the Florida Court Technology Commission, and any authority that governs the operation of a statewide portal for the electronic filing and receipt of court documents.
- (3) The Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association shall file a report with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by March 1, 2012, describing the progress that each office of the state attorney has made to use the Florida Courts E-Portal or separate clerks' offices portals for purposes of electronic filing and documenting receipt of court documents. For any office of the state attorney that has not fully implemented an electronic filing and receipt system by March 1, 2012, the report must also include a description of the additional activities that are needed to complete the system for that office and the projected time necessary to complete the additional activities.
 - Section 2. Section 27.5112, Florida Statutes, is created to



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- 27.5112 Electronic filing and receipt of court documents.-(1) (a) Each office of the public defender shall electronically file court documents with the clerk of the court and receive court documents from the clerk of the court. It is the expectation of the Legislature that the electronic filing and receipt of court documents will reduce costs for the office of the public defender, the clerk of the court, and the judiciary; will increase timeliness in the processing of cases; and will provide the judiciary and the clerk of the court with case-related information to allow for improved judicial case management.
- (b) As used in this section, the term "court documents" includes, but is not limited to, pleadings, motions, briefs, and their respective attachments, orders, judgments, opinions, decrees, and transcripts.
- (2) It is further the expectation of the Legislature that, in developing the capability and implementing the process, each office of the public defender consult with the office of the state attorney for the same circuit served by the office of the public defender, the clerks of court for the circuit, the Florida Court Technology Commission, and any authority that governs the operation of a statewide portal for the electronic filing and receipt of court documents.
- (3) The Florida Public Defender Association shall file a report with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by March 1, 2012, describing the progress that each office of the public defender has made to use the Florida Courts E-Portal or separate clerks' offices portals



for purposes of electronic filing and documenting receipt of court documents. For any office of the public defender that has not fully implemented an electronic filing and receipt system by March 1, 2012, the report must also include a description of the additional activities that are needed to complete the system for that office and the projected time necessary to complete the additional activities.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows:

A bill to be entitled

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Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

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An act relating to electronic filing and receipt of court documents; creating ss. 27.341 and 27.5112, F.S.; requiring each state attorney and public defender to electronically file court documents with the clerk of the court and receive court documents from the clerk of the court; defining the term "court documents"; providing legislative expectations that the state attorneys and public defenders consult with specified entities; requiring the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association and the Florida Public Defender Association report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by a specified date on the progress made to use the Florida Courts E-Portal system to electronically file and



100 receive court documents; providing an effective date.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

The Committee on Budget Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Appropriations (Bennett) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (873152)

3 Delete line 33

and insert:

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the Florida Courts E-Portal or, if the case type is not approved for the Florida Courts E-Portal, separate clerks' offices portals

Delete line 70

and insert:

the Florida Courts E-Portal or, if the case type is not approved for the Florida Courts E-Portal, separate clerks' offices



13	<u>portals</u>
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15	Delete line 78
16	and insert:
17	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

By: The Professi	onal Staf	f of the Budget S	ubcommittee on Cri	minal and Civi	Justice Appropriations		
CS/SB 618							
JCER: Criminal Justice Committee and Senator Evers							
Juvenile Jus	tice						
March 14, 2	011	REVISED:					
YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION		
	Canno	on	CJ	Fav/CS			
	Sadbe	erry	BJA	Pre-meeting	ng		
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Please	see S	ection VIII.	for Addition	al Informa	ation:		
. COMMITTEE	SUBST	TITUTE x	Statement of Subs	stantial Chang	es		
B. AMENDMEN	TS		Technical amendn	nents were red	commended		
			Amendments were	e recommende	ed		
			Significant amend	ments were re	commended		
	CS/SB 618 Criminal Just Juvenile Just March 14, 2 YST Please	CS/SB 618 Criminal Justice Co Juvenile Justice March 14, 2011 YST STAF Canno Sadbe Please see So COMMITTEE SUBST	CS/SB 618 Criminal Justice Committee and Set Juvenile Justice March 14, 2011 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR Cannon Sadberry Please see Section VIII. COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE X AMENDMENTS	CS/SB 618 Criminal Justice Committee and Senator Evers Juvenile Justice March 14, 2011 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE Cannon CJ Sadberry BJA BC Please see Section VIII. for Addition COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE X Statement of Substance Amendments were	Criminal Justice Committee and Senator Evers Juvenile Justice March 14, 2011 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE Cannon CJ Fav/CS Sadberry BJA Pre-meeting BC Please see Section VIII. for Additional Information COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE X Statement of Substantial Change		

I. Summary:

The bill repeals numerous sections and provisions containing obsolete language in ch. 985, F.S., to more accurately reflect current practices within the Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ). The specific provisions which the bill deletes are as follows.

The bill repeals the definition of "serious or habitual juvenile offender program" (SHOP) in s. 985.03(48), F.S., the legislative intent language relating to SHOP in s. 985.02(5), F.S., and the statute implementing this program in s. 985.47, F.S. It repeals two statutes implementing the intensive residential treatment program for offenders under 13 years of age (JR.SHOP) in ss. 985.483 and 985.486, F.S. The definition of "training school" is also repealed in s. 985.02(56), F.S.

References in s. 985.494, F.S., to SHOP, JR. SHOP, the early delinquency intervention program (EDIP), and the sheriff's training and respect (STAR) programs (formerly known as juvenile boot camps) are also deleted under the bill. Instead of listing these specific prerequisite programs, the bill provides that a child adjudicated delinquent for a felony (or a child who has a

withheld felony adjudication) must complete two different high risk residential commitment programs as a prerequisite to being placed in a maximum risk residential program.

The bill deletes references to the STAR program in s. 985.445, F.S., which authorizes a residential commitment to a STAR program if a child is adjudicated delinquent for committing grand theft auto.

In addition to repealing these obsolete programs, the bill also repeals an unnecessary statute, s. 985.636, F.S., relating to inspectors within the Inspector General's Office being sworn law enforcement officers, if the Secretary of the DJJ deems it necessary to enforce criminal law and conduct criminal investigations relating to state operated facilities.

Finally, the last two sections of the bill repeal obsolete references to the Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission (Commission) which provided staff development and training until it expired in 2001 and the DJJ took over those duties. The bill codifies current practice by specifying that the DJJ is responsible for staff development and training.

This bill amends sections 985.494 and 985.66, Florida Statutes. The bill repeals sections 985.02(5), 985.03(48), 985.03(56), 985.445, 985.47, 985.48(8), 985.483, 985.486, 985.636, Florida Statutes. It also makes conforming changes to sections 985.0301, 985.47, and 985.565, Florida Statutes.

II. Present Situation:

There are several statutes relating to the serious or habitual juvenile offender program (SHOP) and the intensive residential treatment program for offenders under 13 years of age (JR. SHOP). Section 985.03(48), F.S., provides a definition of SHOP by citing to the program created in s. 985.47, F.S. The cited section specifies the requirements of a SHOP program. Moreover, legislative intent language relating to SHOP exists in s. 985.02(5), F.S. Similarly, two statutes exist that implement JR.SHOPs in ss. 985.483 and 985.486, F.S.

Section 985.494, F.S., provides that a child adjudicated delinquent for a felony (or a child who has an adjudication of delinquency withheld for a felony) must be committed to a SHOP or a JR. SHOP, if such child has participated in an early delinquency intervention program (EDIP) and has completed a sheriff's training and respect (STAR) program (formerly known as juvenile boot camp).

Additionally, such child must be committed to a maximum risk residential program, if he or she has participated in an EDIP, has completed a STAR program and a SHOP or JR. SHOP. The length of stay in a maximum risk commitment program is for an indeterminate period of time; however, it may not exceed the maximum imprisonment that an adult would serve for that offense.¹

¹ Section 985.494(1)(b), F.S.

This section of law also allows the court to consider an equivalent program of similar intensity as being comparable to one of these specified programs when committing a child to an appropriate program under this statute.²

The definition of "training school" is contained in s. 985.03(56), F.S., to include the Arthur G. Dozier School and the Eckerd Youth Development Center. According to the DJJ, the training schools no longer exist as a category in the DJJ residential programs. Residential programs are now categorized by restrictiveness levels.³

Section 985.445, F.S., provides the court with discretion to place a child adjudicated delinquent for committing a first or second grand theft auto into a STAR program. Upon a third adjudication, however, the court is required to place that child into a STAR program. The statute also requires the court to order such child to complete a specified number of community service hours (at least 50 for a first adjudication, 100 for the second adjudication, and 250 for the third adjudication).

According to the DJJ, there have been no operational STAR programs since 2008. The department also states that the SHOP and JR. SHOPs have been underutilized for the past several years. Because maximum and high risk programs currently serve the most serious offenders, the DJJ states it no longer needs the SHOP and JR. SHOP designations. In 1996, according to the DJJ, the SHOPs were reclassified from maximum risk to high risk programs but the statutory admission criteria remained unchanged. In reviewing the records of children admitted to the SHOPs in FY 07-08, the DJJ found that 12.3 percent of the 24 children admitted did not meet the statutory criteria. Similarly, 10 percent of the 20 children admitted to the JR. SHOPs did not meet that criteria.

Section 985.636, F.S., relating to the Inspector General's Office, authorizes the Secretary of the DJJ to designate inspectors holding a law enforcement certification as law enforcement officers within the Inspector General's Office. This designation is only for the purpose of enforcing any criminal law and conducting any investigation involving a state-operated program that falls under the department's jurisdiction. However, according to the DJJ, this law is unnecessary because the department has never had sworn law enforcement officers.

Section 985.66, F.S., prescribes standards for the juvenile justice training academies, establishes the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund, and creates the Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission (Commission) under the DJJ. The legislative purpose of the statute is to provide a systematic approach to staff development and training for judges, state attorneys, public defenders, law enforcement officers, school district personnel, and juvenile justice program staff. Section 985.48(8), F.S., also requires the Commission to establish a training program to

³ Department of Juvenile Justice 2011 Agency Proposal (on file with the Senate Criminal Justice Committee in Tallahassee, Florida.)

² Section 985.494(2), F.S.

⁴ 2011 Department of Juvenile Justice Legislative Priority Paper, updated on March 4, 2011(on file with the Senate Criminal Justice Committee in Tallahassee, Florida.)

⁵ Department of Juvenile Justice 2011 Agency Proposal (on file with the Senate Criminal Justice Committee in Tallahassee, Florida).

⁶ Section 985.66(1), F.S.

manage and provide services to juvenile sexual offenders in juvenile sexual offender programs. However, the Commission expired on June 30, 2001 because it was not reenacted by the Legislature. After that, the DJJ took over the training duties of the Commission.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill repeals numerous sections and provisions containing obsolete language in ch. 985, F.S., to more accurately reflect current practices within the Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ). The specific provisions which the bill deletes are as follows.

The bill repeals the following provisions relating to serious or habitual juvenile offender programs (SHOP): the definition of SHOP in s. 985.03(48), F.S., the SHOP legislative intent language in s. 985.02(5), F.S., and the statute implementing SHOP in s. 985.47, F.S. It repeals two statutes implementing the intensive residential treatment program for offenders under 13 years of age (JR.SHOP) in ss. 985.483 and 985.486, F.S.

The bill deletes references in s. 985.494, F.S., to the SHOPs, JR. SHOPs, EDIPs, and the STAR programs (formerly known as juvenile boot camp). Instead of listing these specific prerequisite programs, the bill provides that a child adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony (or a child who has a withheld felony adjudication) must complete two different high risk residential commitment programs as a prerequisite to being placed in a maximum risk residential program.

The bill also deletes references to the STAR program in s. 985.445, F.S., which authorizes a residential commitment to a STAR program if a child is adjudicated delinquent for committing grand theft auto. The bill accomplishes this by repealing s. 985.445, F.S. Finally, the bill makes conforming changes to several statutes referencing this repealed section of law.

The definition of "training school" is repealed in s. 985.02(56), F.S.

The bill also repeals an unnecessary statute, s. 985.636, F.S., which allows certain inspectors within the DJJ's Inspector General's Office to be deemed certified law enforcement officers by the Secretary of the DJJ. (According to the DJJ, the department has never had sworn law enforcement officers.)⁹

Finally, the bill amends s. 985.66, F.S., by deleting obsolete references to the Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission (which sunset on June 30, 2001) and authorizing the DJJ to continue providing staff development and training to department program staff. It also amends s. 985.48, F.S., to conform to these changes by deleting references to the provision requiring the Commission to establish a training program to manage juvenile sexual offenders.

⁹ *Id*.

⁷ Section 985.66(9), F.S.

⁸ Department of Juvenile Justice 2011Agency Proposal (on file with the Senate Criminal Justice Committee in Tallahassee, Florida.)

IV. **Constitutional Issues:**

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

٧. **Fiscal Impact Statement:**

Α. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

В. **Private Sector Impact:**

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

According to the DJJ, there is no fiscal impact to the department. ¹⁰

VI. **Technical Deficiencies:**

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Additional Information:

Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: A. (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Criminal Justice on March 9, 2011:

Incorporates the original bill's "repealer" provisions as well as repeals additional outdated provisions related to the following:

- Serious or habitual juvenile offender programs (SHOPs) and intensive residential treatment programs for offenders under 13 year of age (JR. SHOPs);
- Sheriff's Training and Respect programs;
- Definition of "training schools";

¹⁰ *Id*.

• Inspectors within the Inspector General's Office being sworn law enforcement officers when deemed necessary by the Secretary of DJJ; and

• Juvenile Justice Standards and Training Commission.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared B	By: The Profession	onal Staff o	of the Budget S	ubcommittee on Cri	minal and Civi	I Justice Appropriations		
BILL:	CS/SB 822							
INTRODUCER:	DDUCER: Judiciary Committee and Senator Bogdanoff							
SUBJECT:	Expert Testi	mony						
DATE:	March 14, 20	011	REVISED:					
ANAL` 1. Munroe	YST	STAFF Maclur	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE JU	Fav/CS	ACTION		
2. Hendon		Sadbern		BJA	Pre-meeting	ng		
3.			<i>J</i>	BC				
1.								
5.								
5. <u> </u>								
	Please	see Se	ction VIII.	for Addition	al Informa	ation:		
А	. COMMITTEE	SUBSTIT	UTE x	Statement of Subs	stantial Chang	jes		
В	B. AMENDMEN	TS		Technical amend	nents were re	commended		
					e recommende	ed		
				Significant amend	ments were re	ecommended		

I. Summary:

The bill revises the standard for Florida courts to admit expert witness testimony so that it is in conformity with Federal Rule of Evidence 702 and the standard articulated in *Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc.*, 509 U.S. 579 (1993). The bill provides additional criteria for a court to consider in determining whether an expert witness may testify in the form of an opinion or otherwise in a case:

- The testimony is based on sufficient facts or data;
- The testimony is the product of reliable principles and methods; and
- The witness has applied the principles and methods reliably to the facts of the case.

The bill requires Florida courts to interpret and apply requirements for the admissibility of expert witness testimony and the determination of the basis of an expert's opinion, in accordance with *Daubert* and subsequent U.S. Supreme Court decisions applying *Daubert*. Currently, Florida courts employ the standard articulated in *Frye v. United States*, 293 F. 1010 (D.C. Cir. 1923), which requires the party who wants to introduce the expert opinion testimony into evidence to

¹ General Electric Co. v. Joiner, 522 U.S. 136 (1997), and Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137 (1999).

show that the methodology or principle has sufficient reliability. Under the bill, *Frye* and subsequent Florida decisions applying or implementing *Frye* would no longer apply to a court's determination of the admissibility of expert witness testimony in the form of opinion and a court's determination of the basis of the expert's opinion. The bill would have a fiscal impact on the courts, the state attorneys, the public defenders and regional conflict counsel due to additional hearings and the hiring of additional experts.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

This bill amends sections 90.702 and 90.704, Florida Statutes.

II. Present Situation:

Expert testimony has been used to assist the trier of fact in both civil and criminal trials for a wide range of subjects, including polygraph examination, battered woman syndrome, child abuse cases, and serum blood alcohol. The Florida Rules of Civil Procedure define "expert witness" as a person duly and regularly engaged in the practice of a profession who holds a professional degree from a university or college and has had special professional training and experience, or one possessed of special knowledge or skill about the subject upon which called to testify.² Courts use expert witness testimony when scientific, technical, or other specialized knowledge may assist the trier of fact in understanding evidence or determining facts in issue during litigation. The Florida Evidence Code provides that the facts or data upon which an expert bases an opinion or inference may be those perceived by, or made known to, the expert at or before trial.³ If the facts or data are of a type reasonably relied upon by experts in the subject to support the opinion expressed, the facts or data need not be admissible in evidence. The Florida Supreme Court has considered the issue of whether experts can testify on direct examination that they relied on the hearsay opinions of other experts in forming their opinions.⁴ The Florida Supreme Court has held that an expert is not permitted to testify on direct examination that the expert relied on consultations with colleagues or other experts in reaching his or her opinion because it impermissibly permits the testifying experts to bolster their opinions and creates the danger that the testifying experts will serve as conduits for the opinions of others who are not subject to cross-examination.⁵ The Court emphasized that its holding did not preclude experts from relying on facts or data that are not independently admissible if the facts or data are a type reasonably relied upon by experts in the subject.⁶

Frye Standard

To admit scientific testimony into evidence, Florida courts, use the standard governing the admissibility of scientific expert testimony imposed in *Frye v. United States*, 293 F. 1013 (D.C. Cir. 1923). If the subject matter involves new or novel scientific evidence, the *Frye* standard requires the party who wants to introduce the expert opinion into evidence to show that the

² Fla. R. Civ. P. 1.390(a).

³ Section 90.704, F.S.

⁴ Linn v. Fossum, 946 So. 2d 1032 (Fla. 2006).

⁵ *Id.* at 1033.

⁶ *Id*.

^{&#}x27; Stokes v. State, 548 So. 2d 188 (Fla. 1989).

methodology or principle has sufficient reliability. In *Frye*, the court held that the "principle or discovery" must be sufficiently established to "have gained general acceptance in the particular field in which it belongs."

The Florida Supreme Court imposes four steps in its articulation of the *Frye* test:

- 1. The trial judge must determine whether such expert testimony will assist the jury in understanding the evidence or in determining a fact in issue.
- 2. The trial judge must decide whether the expert's testimony is based on a scientific principle or discovery that is "sufficiently established to have gained general acceptance in the particular field in which it belongs."
- 3. The trial judge must determine whether a particular witness is qualified as an expert to present opinion testimony on the subject in issue.
- 4. The judge may then allow the expert to render an opinion on the subject of his or her expertise, and it is then up to the jury to determine the credibility of the expert's opinion, which it may either accept or reject.

The Florida Supreme Court noted that, under *Frye*, the court's inquiry focuses only on the general acceptance of the scientific principles and methodologies upon which an expert relies to give his or her opinion. The *Frye* test is satisfied through the court's finding of proof of general acceptance of the basis of an expert's opinion. Once the basis or foundation is established for an expert's opinion, the finder of fact may then assess and weigh the opinion for its value. Florida courts continue to apply the *Frye* standard for determining the admissibility of scientific evidence.

The *Frye* test is not applicable to all expert opinion proffered for admissibility into evidence. If the expert opinion is based solely on the expert's experience and training, and the opinion does not rely on something that constitutes new or novel scientific tests or procedures, then it may be admissible without meeting the *Frye* standard.¹³ By example, Florida courts admit medical expert testimony concerning medical causation when based solely on the expert's training and experience.¹⁴ One court in determining the admissibility of medical expert testimony noted that *Frye* was not applicable to medical testimony (pure opinion) because the expert relied on his analysis of medical records and differential diagnosis rather than a study, test, procedure, or methodology that constituted new or novel scientific evidence.¹⁵

Florida Rules of Evidence

The Florida Evidence Code is codified in chapter 90, F.S. Section 90.102, specifies that the chapter replaces and supersedes existing statutory or common law in conflict with its

⁸ Frye v. United States, 293 F. 1013, 1014 (D.C. Cir. 1923).

⁹ Ramirez v. State, 651 So. 2d 1164, 1166-67 (Fla. 1995).

¹⁰ Marsh v. Valyou, 977 So. 2d 543, 548-49 (Fla. 2007).

¹¹ *Id*.

¹² *Id*.

¹³ Marsh, 977 So. 2d at 548. See also Charles W. Ehrhardt, Florida Evidence s. 702.3 (2004 edition).

¹⁴ See, e.g., Cordoba v. Rodriguez, 939 So. 2d 319, 322 (Fla. 4th DCA 2006); Fla. Power & Light Co. v. Tursi, 729 So. 2d 995, 996 (Fla. 4th DCA 1999).

¹⁵ Gelsthorpe v. Weinstein, 897 So. 2d 504, 510-11 (Fla. 2d DCA 2005).

provisions. ¹⁶ The Florida Supreme Court regular adopts amendments to the Evidence Code as rules of court when it is determined that the matter is procedural rather than substantive. The Florida Evidence Code requires an expert to demonstrate knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education in the subject matter to qualify as an expert. ¹⁷ In a concurring opinion, one justice has argued that the Florida Supreme Court has "never explained how *Frye* has survived the adoption of the rules of evidence." ¹⁸ Justice Anstead also noted that the Florida Supreme Court has continued to apply *Frye* in determining the admissibility of scientific expert opinion testimony after the adoption of the Florida Rules of Evidence, but has done so without any mention that the rules do not mention *Frye* or the test set out in *Frye*. ¹⁹

Daubert Standard

The *Frye* standard was used in federal courts until 1993 when the U.S. Supreme Court issued its opinion in the case of *Daubert*.²⁰ The United States Supreme Court held that Federal Rule of Evidence 702 had superseded the *Frye* test, and it announced a new standard for determining the admissibility of novel scientific evidence.²¹ Under the *Daubert* test, when there is a proffer of expert testimony, the judge as a gatekeeper must make "a preliminary assessment of whether the reasoning or methodology underlying the testimony is scientifically valid and of whether that reasoning or methodology properly can be applied to the facts in issue."²² The Court announced other factors that a court may consider as part of its assessment under the *Daubert* test for the admissibility of expert scientific testimony:

- Whether the scientific methodology is susceptible to testing or has been tested;
- Whether the theory or technique has been subjected to peer review and publication;
- Whether in the case of a particular scientific technique, the court ordinarily should consider the known or potential rate of error; and
- The existence and maintenance of standards controlling the technique's operation.

Federal Rule of Evidence 702 was amended in 2000 to reflect *Daubert* and other decisions applying *Daubert*.²³ In *General Electric Co. v. Joiner*, the U.S. Supreme Court held that abuse of discretion is the appropriate standard of review for an appellate court to apply when reviewing a trial court's decision to admit or exclude evidence under *Daubert*.²⁴ In *Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael*, the Court held that a trial judge is not bound by the specific factors outlined in *Daubert*, but depending on the circumstances of the particular case at issue, the judge may consider other factors in his or her assessment under *Daubert*.²⁵ Additionally, the Court in *Kumho Tire Co.* held that the trial judge's obligation to be a gatekeeper is not limited to scientific testimony but extends to all expert testimony.²⁶

¹⁶ Section 90.102, F.S.

¹⁷ Section 90.702, F.S.

¹⁸ Justice Anstead concurring in *Marsh* 977 So. 2d at 551.

¹⁹ *Id*.

²⁰ Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579 (1993).

²¹ *Id*.

²² *Id.* at 592-93.

²³ Fed. R. Evid. 702, Advisory Committee Notes for 2000 Amendments.

²⁴ General Electric Co. v. Joiner, 522 U.S. 136, 139 (1997).

²⁵ Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137, 147-52 (1999).

²⁶ *Id*.

The Weisgram v. Marley Co. case, a part of the Daubert progeny, was a wrongful death action against a manufacturer of heaters in which the plaintiff introduced expert testimony that the alleged heater defect caused a house fire.²⁷ The Court held that a federal appellate court may direct the entry of judgment as a matter of law when the court determines that evidence was erroneously admitted at trial and the remaining evidence which was properly admitted is insufficient to support the jury verdict.²⁸ The plaintiffs obtained a jury verdict based on the expert testimony that the heater was defective and that the heater's defect caused the fire.²⁹ The Supreme Court affirmed the Court of Appeals' reversal of the jury verdict, finding that the expert testimony offered by the plaintiff was speculation under Federal Rule of Evidence 702 as explicated in Daubert regarding the defectiveness of the heater.³⁰ The Court found the plaintiff's fears unconvincing that "allowing [federal] courts of appeals to direct the entry of judgment for defendants will punish plaintiffs who could have shored up their cases by other means had they known their expert testimony would be found inadmissible." The Court stated that Daubert put parties on notice regarding the exacting standards of reliability demanded of expert testimony.

Other state courts have used the *Frye*, *Daubert*, and other tests in determining the admissibility of expert testimony regarding scientific, technical, or other specialized knowledge.³³ Advocacy groups and scholars differ on how many states still maintain the *Frye* standard and the number which have moved to the *Daubert* or a similar standard for determining the admissibility of scientific and evidence.³⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill revises the standard for Florida courts to admit expert witness testimony so that it is in conformity with Federal Rule of Evidence 702 and the standard articulated in *Daubert*. The requirements for a witness qualified as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education to testify in the form of an opinion are revised to impose additional criteria for the admissibility of the testimony. The criteria include the following three-part test for a court's consideration to determine whether an expert witness may testify in the form of an opinion or otherwise in a case:

- The testimony is based on sufficient facts or data;
- The testimony is the product of reliable principles and methods; and
- The witness has applied the principles and methods reliably to the facts of the case.

The bill requires Florida courts to interpret and apply requirements for the admissibility of expert witness testimony and the determination of the basis of an expert's opinion, in accordance with

²⁷ Weisgram v. Marley Co., 528 U.S. 440 (2000).

²⁸ *Id.* at 445-46.

²⁹ *Id*.

³⁰ *Id.* at 445-47.

³¹ *Id.* at 455-56.

³² Id

³³ Comm. on Judiciary, The Florida Senate, *Analysis of Law Relating to Admissibility of Expert Testimony and Scientific Evidence*, 5 (Issue Brief 2009-331) (Oct. 2008).

³⁴ *Id.*

Daubert and subsequent U.S. Supreme Court decisions applying *Daubert*. Frye and subsequent Florida decisions applying or implementing *Frye* would no longer apply to a court's determination of the admissibility of expert witness testimony in the form of opinion and a court's determination of the basis of the expert's opinion.

The bill amends s. 90.704, F.S., to specify that facts or data that are otherwise inadmissible in evidence may not be disclosed to the jury by the proponent of the opinion or inference unless the court determines that the probative value of the facts or data in assisting the jury to evaluate the expert's opinion substantially outweighs the prejudicial effect of the facts or data. With the bill's amendment to s. 90.704, F.S., the language of the section tracks Federal Rule of Evidence 703.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

Other Potential Implications:

There is a balance between enactments of the Legislature and the Florida Supreme Court on matters relating to evidence. The Legislature has enacted and continues to revise ch. 90, F.S., and the Florida Supreme Court tends to adopt these changes as rules. The Florida Supreme Court regularly adopts amendments to the Evidence Code as rules of court when it is determined that the matter is procedural rather than substantive. If the Florida Supreme Court views the changes in this bill as an infringement upon the Court's authority over practice and procedure, it may refuse to adopt the changes in the bill as a rule.³⁷

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

³⁵ General Electric Co. v. Joiner, 522 U.S. 136 (1997), and Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137 (1999).

³⁶ *Linn*, 946 So. 2d at 1036-1037 (Florida Supreme Court acknowledging that s. 90.704, F.S., is modeled after Federal Rule of Evidence 703).

³⁷ See, e.g., In re Florida Evidence Code, 782 So. 2d 339 (Fla. 2000) (Florida Supreme Court adopting Evidence Code to the extent it is procedural and rejecting hearsay exception as a rule of court) and *compare with In re Florida Evidence Code*, 372 So.2d 1369 (Fla. 1979) (Florida Supreme Court adopting Florida Evidence Code to the extent it is procedural), *clarified*, *In re Florida Evidence Code*, 376 So. 2d 1161 (Fla. 1979).

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

It is difficult to quantify the fiscal impact of the bill's change in evidentiary standards for the admission of expert opinions. It may result in a need for additional pre-trial hearings depending on the manner in which it is actually implemented by the courts that would increase legal costs to private litigants.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The change in standard to admit expert opinions in Florida courts would have a fiscal impact due to increased pre-trial hearings and hiring of expert witnesses. In criminal proceedings, the courts, the state attorneys, the public defenders, and the regional conflict counsels would incur additional costs. Additional hearings would be held to qualify experts requiring additional staff time from these offices. In addition, state attorneys, public defenders, and regional conflict counsel would need to hire experts to testify in hearings to qualify experts.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Judiciary on March 9, 2011:

The committee substitute removes *Weisgram v. Marley Co.*, 528 U.S. 440 (2000), as one of the U.S. Supreme Court decisions that Florida courts must use to interpret and apply requirements for the admissibility of expert witness testimony and the determination of the basis of an expert's opinion. The committee substitute amends s. 90.704, F.S., to specify that facts or data that are otherwise inadmissible in evidence may not be disclosed to the jury by the proponent of the opinion or inference unless the court determines that the probative value of the facts or data in assisting the jury to evaluate the expert's opinion substantially outweighs the prejudicial effect of the facts or data.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

FY 2011-12
Performance Goals

Criminal	Circuit 1	Circuit 2	Circuit 3	Circuit 4
Circuit Criminal Dispositions	9,224	4,458	2,558	10,680
Circuit Criminal Reopenings	6,084	2,678	948	910
Circuit Special Proceedings	6,566	2,534	2,256	6,444
Circuit Performance Goal	21,874	9,670	5,762	18,034
County Criminal Dispositions	15,788	7,334	4,104	29,166
County Criminal Reopenings	432	812	182	436
Criminal Traffic Dispositions	12,818	6,940	3,624	32,488
County Special Proceedings	2,640	730	632	802
County Performance Goal	31,678	15,816	8,542	62,892

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Civil	Circuit 1	Circuit 2	Circuit 3	Circuit 4
Family Dispositions	16,536	6,210	4,866	24,336
Family Reopenings	13,334	13,008	1,792	11,100
Circuit Civil Dispositions	10,518	5,790	1,800	18,007
Circuit Civil Reopenings	3,678	1,049	286	12,333
Civil Appeals	48	12	6	14
Probate Dispositions	3,810	2,704	1,168	4,732
Probate Reopenings	2,888	960	34	1,692
Circuit Performance Goal	50,813	29,734	9,952	72,214
County Civil Dispositions	14,862	11,768	6,002	27,876
County Civil Reopenings	3,578	3,432	488	8,044
Civil Traffic Dispositions	14,682	24,186	9,154	141,874
County Performance Goal	33,122	39,386	15,644	177,794

FY 2011-12
Performance Goals

Criminal	Circuit 5	Circuit 6	Circuit 7	Circuit 8
Circuit Criminal Dispositions	11,198	17,630	9,842	4,294
Circuit Criminal Reopenings	4,430	4,678	1,056	1,014
Circuit Special Proceedings	6,658	30,486	9,096	6,308
Circuit Performance Goal	22,286	52,794	19,994	11,616
County Criminal Dispositions	14,158	33,010	28,422	13,106
County Criminal Reopenings	894	272	378	508
Criminal Traffic Dispositions	14,714	22,482	19,740	7,982
County Special Proceedings	1,628	7,180	2,182	2,096
County Performance Goal	31,394	62,944	50,722	23,692

Civil	Circuit 5	Circuit 6	Circuit 7	Circuit 8
Family Dispositions	19,696	23,938	16,602	8,188
Family Reopenings	14,074	19,622	16,002	7,568
Circuit Civil Dispositions	21,208	31,027	17,288	5,463
Circuit Civil Reopenings	10,575	14,109	8,809	1,960
Civil Appeals	78	50	22	28
Probate Dispositions	6,220	8,422	5,554	2,096
Probate Reopenings	3,108	7,884	2,258	420
Circuit Performance Goal	74,959	105,051	66,534	25,723
County Civil Dispositions	25,360	28,576	16,644	6,396
County Civil Reopenings	6,728	3,328	3,584	2,694
Civil Traffic Dispositions	34,736	46,492	45,656	26,756
County Performance Goal	66,824	78,396	65,884	35,846

FY 2011-12 Performance Goals

Criminal	Circuit 9	Circuit 10	Circuit 11	Circuit 12
Circuit Criminal Dispositions	15,530	4,090	23,358	5,654
Circuit Criminal Reopenings	2,214	3,674	6	6,516
Circuit Special Proceedings	6,918	8,166	32,640	6,342
Circuit Performance Goal	24,662	15,930	56,004	18,512
County Criminal Dispositions	29,778	20,632	36,934	9,958
County Criminal Reopenings	882	2,024	0	1,020
Criminal Traffic Dispositions	27,554	15,988	82,584	14,456
County Special Proceedings	280	1,644	1,226	2,040
County Performance Goal	58,494	40,288	120,744	27,474

Civil	Circuit 9	Circuit 10	Circuit 11	Circuit 12
Family Dispositions	29,860	17,322	34,844	12,026
Family Reopenings	38,384	15,388	36,870	12,790
Circuit Civil Dispositions	39,554	13,743	53,178	19,908
Circuit Civil Reopenings	35,026	9,258	52,868	8,138
Civil Appeals	76	10	264	24
Probate Dispositions	5,622	4,262	9,804	6,030
Probate Reopenings	4,692	2,652	17,462	3,280
Circuit Performance Goal	153,214	62,635	205,291	62,196
County Civil Dispositions	42,794	14,538	83,402	11,528
County Civil Reopenings	10,398	3,690	26,716	2,402
Civil Traffic Dispositions	72,248	21,996	693,456	25,796
County Performance Goal	125,440	40,224	803,574	39,726

FY 2011-12
Performance Goals

Criminal	Circuit 13	Circuit 14	Circuit 15	Circuit 16
Circuit Criminal Dispositions	18,428	4,132	8,172	906
Circuit Criminal Reopenings	8,742	276	652	52
Circuit Special Proceedings	16,134	3,090	7,600	166
Circuit Performance Goal	43,304	7,498	16,424	1,124
County Criminal Dispositions	27,566	11,684	26,404	2,560
County Criminal Reopenings	3,838	444	420	0
Criminal Traffic Dispositions	36,880	5,998	39,908	624
County Special Proceedings	2,372	848	1,530	0
County Performance Goal	70,656	18,974	68,262	3,184

Civil	Circuit 13	Circuit 14	Circuit 15	Circuit 16
Family Dispositions	28,974	6,348	17,000	1,452
Family Reopenings	24,682	3,494	14,092	430
Circuit Civil Dispositions	25,549	4,809	46,303	1,980
Circuit Civil Reopenings	6,987	1,740	22,887	779
Civil Appeals	62	8	100	2
Probate Dispositions	6,296	1,532	7,748	402
Probate Reopenings	3,836	626	6,006	42
Circuit Performance Goal	96,386	18,557	114,136	5,087
County Civil Dispositions	34,986	5,732	38,006	1,672
County Civil Reopenings	13,040	1,404	5,786	138
Civil Traffic Dispositions	103,514	12,408	174,486	11,738
County Performance Goal	151,540	19,544	218,278	13,548

FY 2011-12
Performance Goals

Criminal	Circuit 17	Circuit 18	Circuit 19	Circuit 20
Circuit Criminal Dispositions	13,516	7,868	5,552	7,524
Circuit Criminal Reopenings	5,732	5,294	2,538	1,706
Circuit Special Proceedings	15,900	8,746	4,802	4,714
Circuit Performance Goal	35,148	21,908	12,892	13,944
County Criminal Dispositions	24,316	25,266	12,118	19,032
County Criminal Reopenings	662	3,892	200	600
Criminal Traffic Dispositions	34,180	16,494	9,798	23,564
County Special Proceedings	2,394	3,096	2,166	2,158
County Performance Goal	61,552	48,748	24,282	45,354

Civil	Circuit 17	Circuit 18	Circuit 19	Circuit 20
Family Dispositions	28,666	14,764	10,364	16,780
Family Reopenings	22,278	17,096	8,986	10,758
Circuit Civil Dispositions	49,608	15,013	15,827	45,841
Circuit Civil Reopenings	56,652	8,892	6,851	24,675
Civil Appeals	362	46	10	36
Probate Dispositions	6,504	3,980	4,928	6,454
Probate Reopenings	316	3,128	1,372	3,988
Circuit Performance Goal	164,386	62,919	48,338	108,533
County Civil Dispositions	68,250	17,668	12,278	23,106
County Civil Reopenings	27,988	6,500	3,338	5,620
Civil Traffic Dispositions	254,194	65,376	28,232	48,782
County Performance Goal	350,432	89,544	43,848	77,508

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposal

19							19
18	WATER CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRA		The parties with the same of t	artemandentalismente productiva programmente manuel productiva de la constanta de la constanta de la constanta			8
17			250,000	250,000		0 INCREASE SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	17 4100200
16	2,000,000		minumi met	**************************************			16 4009050
5			2,000,000	2,000,000		0 RESTORATION OF GENERAL REVENUE FUND SHIFTS FROM NONRECURRING TRUST FUNDS	15 4009030
14	жин тилими менений министрации менений		1,000,000	1,000,000			14 4000040
<u></u>	106,876					0 INCREASE AUTHORITY FOR THE AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009	13 40S0300
12	(402,454) 12				(8.00)		12 3400820
	402,454				8.00		11 3400810
5			(134,590)	(134,590)			10 33003C0
9	(353,131)		(194,098)	(194,098)			9 330L100
8			(1,419,936)	(1,419,936)	(19.00)	0 REDUCE CIVIL ENFORCEMENT	8 33H0100
7				(3,801,192)		0 CRIME PREVENTION PROGRAM REDUCTION	7 33B1120
6	(73,819)					0 DIRECT BILLING FOR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS	6 2503080
ഗ	(404,272)		(661,523)	(661,523)	(15.00)	DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT	5 1700500
4							4 1601210
3	4,790,000						3 1601200
2	142,545,697		38,410,928	38,410,928	1,337.50	START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current law and policy)	2
_						DEPARTMENT OF LEGAL AFFAIRS	1 DEPAR
LINE #	TRUST FUNDS	N/R GR	RECUR GR	TOTAL GR	TIT	# ISSUE TITLE	LINE ISSUE#
		1	Chairman's Proposal				

2400010 1800760 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS TOTAL: DEPARTMENT OF LEGAL AFFAIRS 3000600 3300080 4700550 3300060 33V0190 33V0140 3300770 4700710 3000680 3000670 2503080 2401020 1800770 33V0160 3000730 3300250 3300240 ISSUE# CONSOLIDATE EXISTING FACILITIES TO PROMOTE REPLACE OBSOLETE RADIO COMMUNICATIONS IN TRANSFER FUNDS TO APPROPRIATION CATEGORY TRANSFER FUNDS FROM APPROPRIATION CATEGORY START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current DIRECT BILLING FOR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS OFFICER SAFETY - REPLACE BODY ARMOR SAVINGS THROUGH SECURE CONTRACT RESIDENTIAL ELIMINATE BOOT CAMPS FOOD COSTS SAVINGS REDUCE FUNDING FOR BLACKWATER PRISON FOR RESTORE WORK SQUADS EXPAND RE-ENTRY AT EXISTING INSTITUTIONS BAKER RE-ENTRY CENTER EVERGLADES RE-ENTRY CENTER EFFICIENCIES PRISONS IN REGION III SECURE CONTRACT RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE SUBSTANCE ABUSE BEDS - DEDUCT POSITIONS REDUCE VACANT COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT BED CAPACITY SAVINGS FROM SALARY ADJUSTMENTS IN EXECUTIVE swipe card timekeeping system) REDUCE OVERTIME FUNDING (Due to implementation of a BEDS - ADD ADDITIONAL RENT SAVINGS FROM RELOCATION OF DIRECTION CENTRAL OFFICE TO STATE LEASE SPACE BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS ISSUE TITLE Chairman's Proposal 29,350.00 1,303.50 FE (199.00)(105.00)(50.00)(50.00)71.00 21.00 74.00 72.00 2,339,779,567 TOTALCR 35,449,589 (10,039,791) (14,405,882) (3,433,919)(2,500,000) (2,702,881)(2,924,109)(5,304,001)(2,298,886) (2,000,000)11,388,000 2,835,426 1,713,991 2,461,459 (683,745)250,000 683,745 (15,896)275,370 785,658 Chairman's Proposal 2,339,779,567 RECURGR 35,449,589 (10,039,791)(14,405,882 (3,433,919)(2,500,000)(2,924,109) (2,298,886 (2,000,000 11,388,000 (2,702,881)(5,304,001)2,835,426 2,461,459 1,713,991 (683,745) (15,896)683,745 785,658 N/R GR 275,370 250,000 0 TRUST FINDS 148,611,351 82,680,681 (278,000) 400,000 278,000

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FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES

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BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposal

S						DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT		S
T								<u>6</u>
	83,080,681	825,370	2,169,355,543	2,170,180,913	28,418.00	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	TOTAL:	60
								59
		300,000		300,000		MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR (Install stun fence)	000M066	58
1 1			(54,664)	(54,664)		DEBT SERVICE REDUCTION	990D100	57
			500,000	500,000		INCREASE ELECTRONIC MONITORING	8400010	56
12.7						PRISON CONTRACTS		
55B			1,000,000	1,000,000		RESTORE NON-RECURRING FUNDING FOR PRIVATE	3	55B
55A			500,000	500,000		ONLINE EDUCATION PROGRAMS		85A
55			1,000,000	1,000,000		EXPAND EDIBLE CROPS PROGRAM	5300200	55
54	тиния на министраму министраму на разрукта у муниција у муниција у муниција у муниција у муниција у муниција у		1,451,654	1,451,654		MAINTAIN CURRENT SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT	4700740	54
53			(41,060,332)	(41,060,332)	(521.00)	ADJUST CRIMINAL JUSTICE ESTIMATING CONFERENCE FUNDING FOR MOST RECENT CONFERENCE FORECAST	33V0270	53
52			(14,417,718)	(14,417,718)		PRIVATIZATION OF INMATE MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES (534 FTE would be placed in reserve October 1, 2011)	3310300	52
2			(60,582,282)	(60,582,282)		PRIVATIZATION OF INMATE MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND PHARMACY SERVICES (2,406 FTE would be placed in reserve October 1, 2011)	3310200	51
50			(5,493,893)	(5,493,893)	(85.00)	SAVINGS FROM CONSOLIDATING REGIONAL OFFICES	3300740	50
49	Политетивничник мереник применент п		(591,287)	(591,287)	(27.00)	REDUCE STAFF AT FLORIDA STATE PRISON FROM STUN FENCE INSTALLATION	3300500	49
48	Makananamanananananananananananananananan		(917,134)	(917,134)		REDUCE WARDEN AND ASSISTANT WARDEN SALARIES	3300400	48
47	majeraret maneret etama a contrata parte parte de contrata parte d		(252,630)	(252,630)			33003C0	47
46			(7,403,755)	(7,403,755)	(133.00)	REDUCE POSITIONS VACANT OVER 6 MONTHS	3300290	46
\$			(8,300,000)	(8,300,000)		REDUCE REQUIRED BASIC TRAINING CURRICULUM AND INSOURCE TRAINING	3300280	45
4			(5,938,075)	(5,938,075)		REDUCE OPERATING COSTS FOR 6,400 PRISON BEDS BY 5 PERCENT	3300270	44
43			(3,423,077)	(3,423,077)		CONSOLIDATE PROBATION/PAROLE FIELD OFFICES WITHIN COUNTIES	3300260	43
# ENE	TRUST FUNDS	N/R GR	RECUR GR	TOTAL GR	FIE	ISSUE TITLE	ISSUE#	# ENE
			Chairman's Proposal					

3/17/2011 @ 9:15 AM **75** 69 77 72 68 67 66 80 79 78 74 73 70 3304500 33B1130 4200000 36112C0 3308050 33V1620 3000730 2503080 1700510 1700220 330L100 330F000 160F200 160F190 SYSTEM GRANT **AUTHORITY IN INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES** REDUCE GRANTS AND DONATIONS TRUST FUND OFFICE AND BUILDING LEASE SAVINGS ELIMINATE UNFUNDED BUDGET VACANT POSITION REDUCTIONS REDUCE CRIMINAL JUSTICE NETWORK (CJNET) EXPANSION OF FLORIDA'S DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACID DIRECT BILLING FOR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FEDERAL GRANTS TRUST FUND - DEDUCT SUPPORT SALARY INCENTIVE - ADD INCREASE FEDERAL GRANT TRUST FUND AUTHORITY -NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK IN-SENTENCING FEDERAL GRANTS ELIMINATE VIOLENT OFFENDER INCARCERATION TRUTH REDUCE MIDDLE MANAGEMENT (Increase span of control) **EXPENSE AUTHORITY** OF LEGAL AFFAIRS TRANSFER CYBERCRIME UNIT FROM THE DEPARTMENT TRANSFER THE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FRAUD UNIT TO FEDERAL GRANTS TRUST FUND - ADD TRANSFER FUNDS WITHIN INFORMATION PROGRAM TOXICOLOGY GRANT (DNA) DATABASE TO INCLUDE FELONY ARRESTS LEGISLATIVE ACTION THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES VIA TRANSFER FUNDS WITHIN INFORMATION PROGRAM (63.00)(5.00)(4.00) 15.00 (2,348,257)(100,000)(235, 212)(175,920) (52,787)280,916 661,523 (2,348,257) (235, 212)(175,920)(100,000)(52,787)280,916 661,523

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposal

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ISSUE#

63

START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current

1,744.00

89,326,682

89,326,682

FIE

TOTAL GR

N/R GR

TRUST FUNDS 160,587,012

63

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404,272

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(126, 184)

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126,184

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Chairman's Proposal RECURGR

65

160F180

64

160F170

law and policy)

SUPPORT SALARY INCENTIVE - DEDUCT

TRANSFER FUNDS WITHIN INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES TO

TRANSFER FUNDS WITHIN INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES

(5,854,137)

78

(119,611)

7

(111,865)

6 35

(43,514)

4,454,120

79

561,695

80

(2,313,553)

74

(134,635)

73

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BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposal

103 32	102 30	101 25	100 25	99 16	98 16	97 16				93	92 77	91	90 33	89 33	88	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	87 F			83	82	81 50	LINE H
3200100	3002020	2503080	25001C0	160F430	160F420				EPARTN		TOTAL: F		33V0200	33G4000	33B0300		OKIDA		DTAL: D			5000000	ISSUE#
REDUCTION OF EXCESS BUDGET AUTHORITY	ENHANCE INFORMATION SHARING	DIRECT BILLING FOR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS	COST ADJUSTMENT FOR DATA PROCESSING SERVICES	TRANSFER BUDGET BETWEEN APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES - DEDUCT	TRANSFER BUDGET BETWEEN APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES - ADD	APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES - DEDUCT	APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES - ADD	START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current law and policy)	DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE		FLORIDA PAROLE COMMISSION		ELIMINATE UNFUNDED POSITIONS	REDUCE VACANT POSITIONS	MOVE CENTRAL OFFICE TO LESS EXPENSIVE LEASE SPACE	law and policy)	FLORIDA PAROLE COMMISSION START IIP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current		TOTAL: DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT			ESTABLISH A PILOT PROGRAM IN PASCO COUNTY TO REDUCE THE ABUSE OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS (PIII mills)	ISSUE TITLE
(1.00)	3.00							4,730.00			121.00		(7.00)				128 00		1,687.00				FTE
	198,552	5,858	30,318	(700)	700			406,532,479			8,178,584			0	(151,000)	0,000	8 220 584		89,106,945			1,750,000	TOTAL GR
	186,858	5,858		(700)	700			406,532,479			8,178,584				(151,000)	0,000,000	8 320 584		89,106,945			1,750,000	Chairman's Proposal RECUR GR
	11,694		30,318				stelledeline des des services en la constanta de la constanta de la constanta de la constanta de la constanta d				0								0				N/R/GR
(1,883,077)	*	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR				(30,568)	30,568	192,202,959			51,237					(:, T (:	54 337		153,519,900		ns (definition) to be included from the latter of the latt		TRUST FUNDS
	102	101	ā	99	98	97				93	9 <u>2</u>	91	90	89	88	***** *	27	38	82	83	82	Ğ	LINE

118 119 5500110 121 115 3309000 110 33V8020 109 122 120 114 330F000 124 SUPREME COURT 33\/0000 33B0540 5001270 33G0020 33V0470 33G0030 33V8040 33V8030 TOTAL: DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE 000M066 REDUCE DETENTION BED CAPACITY MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR MIDDLE MANAGEMENT REDUCTION (Reduce span of GRANTS FOR FISCALLY CONSTRAINED COUNTIES ELECTRONIC MONITORING FOR MISDEMEANANT YOUTH EXPAND PROBATION, PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION PROGRAMS TO OFF-SET BED REDUCTIONS ELIMINATE UNFUNDED BUDGET ELIMINATE RESIDENTIAL CARE FOR MISDEMEANANT REDUCE REGIONAL MANAGEMENT AND ELIMINATE DETENTION BED CAPACITY AT FUND BUDGET AUTHORITY REDUCE UNFUNDED GRANTS AND DONATIONS TRUST ELIMINATE FUNDING FOR THE COMMUNITY COALITION REDUCE LENGTH OF STAY IN RESIDENTIAL REDUCE FUNDING FOR THE PRODIGY PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION UNDERUTILIZED FACILITIES DETENTION CENTER COSTS YOUTH VIOLENCE PREVENTION PROGRAM PROGRAM COMMITMENT HTUOY control 4,121.00 (305.00)(147.00)(65.00)(69.00)(25.00)356,401,115 (10,000,000) (21,809,483) (3,119,156)(1,125,141)(4,141,980)(5,710,631) 4,632,618 3,642,298 (597,989)(252,060)175,000 500,000 300,000 351,426,485 (10,000,000) (21,809,483) (1,125,141)(5,710,631) (4,141,980) (3,119,156) 3,642,298 (597,989)(252,060)500,000 175,000 4,974,630 4,632,618 300,000

(5,000,000)

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33B0240

RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM (96% Utilization) REDUCE SECURE BED CAPACITY WITHIN THE LINE

ISSUE #

2

33B0170

REDUCE NON-SECURE BED CAPACITY WITHIN THE

ISSUE TITLE

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Chairman's Proposal RECURGE

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TRUST FUNDS

LINE

104

(8,280,159)

(8,280,159)

(4,579,409)

(4,579,409

(15,825,046)

3 109 (1,323,317)

108

(1,510,808)

107

(5,583,299)

106

105

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS

Chairman's Proposal

FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES

RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM (96% Utilization)

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159,859,514

122

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INCREASE OF TRUST FUND AUTHORITY - FEDERAL START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current JUDICIAL CASELOAD INCENTIVE PLAN INNOCENCE COMMISSION TRANSFER FROM CONTRACTED SERVICES TO EXPENSE TRANSFER FROM CONTRACTED SERVICES TO EXPENSE GRANTS TRUST FUND (for Judicial Inquiry System) - DEDUCT law and policy) **BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS** ISSUE TITLE FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposal 271.50 TOTALGR 0 Chairman's Proposal RECURGE N'R GR TRUST FUNDS 31,004,607

LINE

ISSUE#

125

DISTRICT COURTS OF APPEAL

149 148 147

2000010

1800520

1800510

DEDUCT OLD DCA BUDGET ENTITY

(436.00)

(41,961,230)

147

41,961,230

148

(47,000)

149

41,961,230

146

144 <u>₩</u> 142 4

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436.00

436.00

22.00

law and policy)

ADD NEW DCA BUDGET ENTITIES

REALIGN EXPENDITURES - DEDUCT

TRANSFER BETWEEN APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES TO

START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current

141 141

14 8

138 139 137

JUDICIAL ADMINISTERED FUNDS

law and policy)

START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current

22.00

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140

138

37

TOTAL: SUPREME COURT

272.50

3,300,000

3,000,000

300,000

42,808,163

136

13 13 13 36 13 133

131 130 129

> 3000700 3000600

3000800

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990A000

OFFICE SPACE FCO (Remodel 1st DCA for OSCA)

Reinvestment Act of 2009)

FEDERAL FUNDING REDUCTIONS (American Recovery and

COURT APPOINTED DUE PROCESS COSTS

.00

3,000,000

3,000,000

10,900,000

130

247,056

129

(92,000)

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(132,500)

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132,500

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134

128

160F020

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160F010

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1602400

143 142

TOTAL: JUDICIAL ADMINISTERED FUNDS

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposal

					Chairman's Proposal			
#E	ISSUE#	ISSUE TITLE	FTE	TOTAL GR	RECUR GR	N/R GR	TRUST FUNDS	# E
150	2000020	TRANSFER BETWEEN APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES TO					47,000	150
	2402170	CARRET REDI ACEMENT AND INTERIOR PAINTING (4th)					27,000	151
3 2	3000150	APPELLATE COURT SECURITY WORKLOAD (2nd)						152
53	33V3600	BASE BUDGET REDUCTION (1st DCA)	(5.00)				(590,232)	153
154	4600600	APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONAL INCREASES (3rd - telephone system)					57,250	154 4
155	7000210	BUILDING FACILITIES MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONAL					50,000	Ŝ
		CTACCT (+01 - security grazing)					78 500	א מ
156	/000330	AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM REMEDIATION (411)					70,000	1 N C
j							THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH	<u> </u>
150			124 00	2	2	2	A1 627 A08	ה ה ה
159	TOTAL: L	TOTAL: DISTRICT COURTS OF APPEAL	431.00		9	0	1,004,100	3 6
160								è
161	TRIAL COURTS	JURIS		1700 100	17 700 400		220 674 000	3 -
100		law and policy)	2,00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
163	2000010	TRANSFER BETWEEN APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES TO REALIGN EXPENDITURES - DEDUCT					(20,000)	<u>න</u>
164	2000020	TRANSFER BETWEEN APPROPRIATION CATEGORIES TO REALIGN EXPENDITURES - ADD					20,000	164
165	3200010	FEDERAL FUNDING REDUCTIONS (American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009)					(3,400,000) 165	165 5
166	33V3600	BASE BUDGET REDUCTION	(47.00)	(2,855,364)	(2,855,364)			166
167		COURTHOUSE FURNISHINGS - NON PUBLIC AREAS					1,425,832	167
168	Back of Bill	FUND STATE COURT REVENUE TF DEFICIT (FY 2010-11)		50,200,000		50,200,000		168
169								169
170								170
171	TOTAL:	TRIAL COURTS	3,544.00	94,934,039	44,734,039	50,200,000	337,600,068	171
172								172
173	JUDICIA	JUDICIAL QUALIFICATIONS COMMISSION						173
174	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current	5.00		0		921,952	174
175		law and policy)						175
- /								

195 193 202 203 202 199 198 197 191 192 192 189 188 185 184 188 181 181 187 CLERKS OF COURT OPERATIONS CORPORATION TOTAL: CLERKS OF COURT 33V3600 BASE BUDGET REDUCTION Back of CLERKS OF COURT GUARDIAN AD LITEM 5200030 33V3600 JUSTICE ADMINISTRATIVE COMMISSION TOTAL: GUARDIAN AD LITEM TOTAL: JUSTICE ADMINISTRATIVE COMMISSION law and policy) FUND CLERK OF COURT TF DEFICIT (FY 2010-11) START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current COURT APPOINTED DUE PROCESS COSTS START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current law and policy) START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current BASE BUDGET REDUCTION law and policy) law and policy 539.00 539.00 103.00 98.00 (5.00)0.00 0.00 7.00 82,673,679 40,200,000 30,333,289 30,333,289 (4,330,194) 14,833,965 72,169,908 40,200,000 0 30,333,289 30,333,289 82,673,679 72,169,908 (4,330,194) 14,833,965 0 0 0 40,200,000

40,200,000

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451,380,312

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320,249

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188 187

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposa

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TOTAL: JUDICIAL QUALIFICATIONS COMMISSION

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2,027,609

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ISSUE#

ISSUE TITLE

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TOTAL GR

N/R GR

TRUST FUNDS

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Chairman's Proposal RECURGE

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1,741,081

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445,080,312

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(6,300,000)

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223 | 1605770 224 2600130 2600210 STATE ATTORNEYS 1600065 33V3600 3000640 1605180 1605170 1605140 1605050 1604030 1600090 160S200 TOTAL: CLERKS OF COURT OPERATIONS CORPORATION 33V3600 1605070 1600170 160\$100 160A010 ESUE# BASE BUDGET REDUCTION REAPPROVAL OF APPROPRIATION REALIGNMENT - ADD BASE BUDGET REDUCTION ENHANCED OPS ANNUALIZATION OF GRANT AND DONATION TRUST ANNUALIZATION OF VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT (VOCA) FUND REALIGNMENT - DELETE REAPPROVAL OF GRANTS AND DONATIONS TRUST FUND REALIGNMENT - ADD REAPPROVAL OF GRANTS AND DONATIONS TRUST REAPPROVAL OF DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE DELETE REAPPROVAL OF VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT GRANT REAPPROVAL OF VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN (VAWA) AMENDMENTS OVER BASE BUDGET REAPPROVAL OF CURRENT YEAR BUDGET STATE FUND SOURCE IDENTIFIER - ADD FEDERAL FUND SOURCE IDENTIFIER - DELETE RATE ADJUSTMENT FOR BUDGET AMENDMENTS (5th and START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current PROSECUTION GRANT REAPPROVAL OF APPROPRIATION REALIGNMENT -ACT PROGRAM REAPPROVAL OF PRIOR YEAR BUDGET AMENDMENT ADJUSTMENT FOR VICTIM WITNESS GRANT 10th circuits - rate only, no funding) PROGRAM law and policy) EXTER BUSS Chairman's Proposal 5,997.25 FIE (303.00)7.00 TOTALGR 308,047,183 (18,482,831) 0 Chairman's Proposal RECURGE 308,047,183 (18,482,831) 0 NROR 0 0 TRUST FUNDS 88,558,330 (2,408,462)1,640,119 2,408,462 4,620,708 (121,925) (236,646)(100,962)

213,448

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219

79,766

220

121,925

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222

22

91,073

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17,775

225

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439,637 236,646

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212 213

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209 208

2

207

206

205

59,773

18,470

215 216

36,973

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BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS

LINE

204

FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES

204

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3/17/2011 @ 9:15 AM 249 248 247 246 245 243 242 241 240 239 238 237 235 233 236 234 231 232 244 33\/3600 3406080 33\/5500 40S0120 3406090 3000640 2600430 2600340 1600900 PUBLIC DEFENDERS 3005600 1605060 1600430 1600110 TOTAL: STATE ATTORNEYS law and policy) REAPPROVAL OF COUNTY INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF FUND FROM GENERAL REVENUE - ADD GENERAL REVENUE TO TRUST FUND - DEDUCT PUBLIC DEFENDER REDUCTION FROM 2010 SESSION BASE BUDGET REDUCTION STAFFING FOR MENTALLY ILL JAIL DIVERSION ENHANCED OPS ANNUALIZATION OF FEDERAL JUSTICE ASSISTANCE ANNUALIZATION OF COUNTY INFORMATION REAPPROVAL OF COUNTY AND/OR MUNICIPALITY REAPPROVAL OF FEDERAL JUSTICE ASSISTANCE 2009 DRUG COURT IMPROVEMENT - DEDUCT PUBLIC DEFENDERS COORDINATION OFFICE TO TRUST PUBLIC DEFENDERS COORDINATION OFFICE FROM REAPPROVAL OF EX-OFFENDER REENTRY PROGRAM CONTRACTS FOR SPECIAL LAWS AND ORDINANCE GRANT TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENT DEFENSE GRANT GRANT 2,759.00 5,694.25 (178.00)4.00 289,364,352 160,704,784 (9,642,287) (200,000) (650,000)203,524 289,364,352 160,704,784 (9,642,287 (650,000)(200,000) 203,524

2,410,572

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243

244

61,506

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20,751 19,164

240 239

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposa

LINE

ISSUE#

228

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3406070

PROSECUTION COORDINATION OFFICE FROM GENERAL

REVENUE TO TRUST FUND - ADD

PROSECUTION COORDINATION OFFICE FROM GENERAL

ISSUE TITLE

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TOTALGR

Chairman's Proposal RECURGR

(200,000)

(200,000)

0

33,697,177

235

234 233

20,751

236

82,010

237

1,200

238

0

94,335,953

232

2

230

N/R GR

TRUST FUNDS

200,000

229

REVENUE TO TRUST FUND - DEDUCT

(27, 187)

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249

200,000

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BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS FY 2011-12 BUDGET ISSUES Chairman's Proposal

	1 5/0 707 157	96,500,000 1,549,797,157	3,307,000,000	3,403,500,000	49,440.25	TOTAL 2011-12/JA COMMITTEE	276 7
275							275
274	1,124,648	0	32,866,564	32,866,564	347.00	TOTAL: REGIONAL CONFLICT COUNSELS	274 7
273							273
272							272
271			(2,097,865)	(2,097,865)	(39.00)	33V3600 BASE BUDGET REDUCTION	271 3
2/4			(266,040)	(286,040)		DEDUCT	7/0
269			840,992	766,048		REALIGNMENT OF EXPENDITURE	
	Armenia estadores de la compansación de la compansa			0 45 000		law and policy)	. 1
268	1,124,648	0	34,964,429	34,964,429	386.00	START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current	268 268
267						REGIONAL CONFLICT COUNSELS	267 H
266							266
265	400,000	0	6,452,223	6,452,223	67.00	TOTAL: CAPITAL COLLATERAL REGIONAL COUNSELS	265 7
264							264
263							263
262	200,000		(411,844)	(411,844)	(6.00)	33V3600 BASE BUDGET REDUCTION	262 3
						law and policy)	
261	200,000	0	6,864,067	6,864,067	73.00	START-UP 2011-12 (Recurring continuation of current	261
260					JTH)	CAPITAL COLLATERAL REGIONAL COUNSELS (MIDDLE, SOUTH)	260
259							259
258	301,959	0	13,642,687	13,642,687	178.00	TOTAL: APPELLATE PUBLIC DEFENDERS	258 7
257							257
256							256
255							255
407	301,959	c	13,542,587	13,642,687	1/0.00	law and policy)	254
1				10.010	170 80	APPELLATE PUBLIC DEFENDERS	-L
252							252
	36,485,944	0	150,416,021	150,416,021	2,585.00	TOTAL: PUBLIC DEFENDERS	251 1
250							250
# UNE	TRUST FUNDS	N/R GR	RECUR GR	TOTAL GR	FTE	ISSUE # ISSUE TITLE	#EINE
		L	Chairman's Proposal				

1	The moneys contained herein are appropriated from the named funds to the Department	KEEP
	of Corrections, Justice Administration, Department of Juvenile Justice,	
	Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Department of Legal Affairs/Attorney General,	
	and the Parole Commission as the amounts to be used to pay the salaries, other	
	operational expenditures and fixed capital outlay of the named agencies.	
2	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 603 through 781, each provider	KEEP
	contracting with the Department of Corrections must provide the department	
	with a proposal prior to the release of funds that details the services that	
	will be delivered, the expected results, and recommended performance measures.	
	The department and each provider must execute a contract before the release of any	
	funds, and the contract documents must include mutually agreed upon performance	
	measures. Each provider must provide quarterly performance reports to the	
	department. Funds shall only be released to providers whose performance reports	
	indicate successful compliance with the performance measures described in the	
	contract.	
3	The Department of Corrections shall develop and use a uniform format and uniform methodologies for the purpose of reporting annually to the Governor and to the Legislature on the state prison system. Such reports shall include a comprehensive plan for current facility use and any departures from planned facility use, including opening new facilities, renovating or closing existing facilities, and advancing or delaying the opening of new or renovated facilities. The report shall include the maximum capacity of currently operating facilities and the potential maximum capacity of facilities that the department could make operational within the fiscal year. The report shall also identify appropriate sites for future facilities and provide information to support specified locations, such as availability of personnel in local labor markets. Reports should include updated infrastructure needs for existing or future facilities. Each	REVISE
	report should reconcile capacity figures to the immediately preceding report. For the purpose of this paragraph, maximum capacity shall be calculated and displayed	
	pursuant to section 944.023(1)(b), Florida Statutes. The department may provide	
	additional analysis of current and future bed needs based on such factors as	
	deemed necessary by the Secretary. The next report shall be due January 1, 2011.	

4	Funds in Specific Appropriations 603 through 781 shall not be used to pay for unoccupied space currently being leased by the Department of Corrections in the	REVISE
	event the leases are vacant on or after July 1, 2010, and for which it has been determined by the Secretary of the department that there is no longer a need.	
5	The Department of Corrections may, subject to all applicable provisions of chapter 216, Florida Statutes, transfer funds and positions and salary rate among budget entities and programs within Specific Appropriations 603 through 781 if necessary, to ensure public safety and avoid adversely affecting current employees due to the elimination of vacant positions and other approved reductions. It is the intent of the Legislature that priority shall be placed on preserving positions in correctional institutions and community corrections.	KEEP
6	Funds in Specific Appropriations 603 through 781 include reductions in full-time equivalent positions and associated salary and benefits. Those reductions in full-time equivalent positions must be from, to the maximum extent feasible, supervisory and managerial positions.	KEEP
7	To minimize the impact of funding reductions within Specific Appropriations 603 through 781, the department shall identify vacant correctional work release and substance abuse programming capacity and has the discretion pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 216, Florida Statutes, to transfer funds to enable the filling of such additional capacity in accordance with the provisions of chapter 945, Florida Statutes.	KEEP
8	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 603 through 781, the Department of Corrections may contract with a provider to implement an evidence-based risk/needs analysis pilot program using established risk assessment tools to analyze the offender at an appropriate site. The risk/needs assessment tool will allow the department to focus resources and treatment on those offenders with the greatest risk to re-offend and will assist the department in determining appropriate programming for offenders that may be better served in day reporting centers or other similar programs. The findings should include an analysis of whether implementing an evidence-based risk analysis across the entire inmate/offender population would reduce state expenditures and recidivism rates. The department shall report its findings to the chairs of the House Full Appropriations Council on General Government and Health Care and Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means no later than January 31, 2011.	DELETE

9	Funds in Specific Appropriation ***** are from reimbursements from the United States Government for incarcerating aliens in Florida's prisons. If total reimbursements exceed \$18,000,000, the department shall submit a budget amendment in accordance with all applicable provisions of Chapter 216, Florida Statutes, requesting additional budget authority to transfer the balance to the General Revenue Fund.	REVISE
10	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 618 through 628 the Department of Corrections shall develop and submit a transition plan by October 1, 2010, to the Executive Office of the Governor and to the chairs of the Full Appropriations Council on General Government & Health Care and the Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means for relocation and consolidation of its computing services and associated resources from the Justice Data Center into the Northwood Shared Resource Center (NSRC) by June 30, 2012, pursuant to section 282.201(2)(d)1.e., Florida Statutes.	DELETE
11	The department shall work with the Agency for Enterprise Information Technology (AEIT) and the NSRC in developing the plan, in accordance with the requirements of the AEIT, that shall, at a minimum, include an inventory of all resources, including but not limited to, all computing equipment; a description of resources for computing services proposed to remain in the department; the budget, full time personnel, and contracted services associated with the costs of its current computing services; the necessary budget adjustments required to accomplish the transfer of computing resources; and a timetable with significant milestones for the completion of the relocation. Beginning July 1, 2010, the department shall have one trustee with one vote on the NSRC Board of Trustees in Fiscal Year 2010-11.	DELETE
12	Should the Justice Data Center be required to move from private leased space at Blairstone Road prior to the scheduled consolidation, the department may submit a plan with the necessary budget adjustments for approval by the Legislative Budget Commission.	DELETE

13	By September 1, 2010, the Department of Corrections shall execute a service level agreement, pursuant to section 282.203(1)(g), Florida Statutes, to specify the services and levels of services it is to receive from the Southwood Shared Resource Center (SSRC). If the department is unable to complete and execute a service level agreement by that date, the department shall submit a report to the Executive Office of the Governor and to the chairs of the Full Appropriations Council on General Government & Health Care and Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means within five working days, explaining the specific issues preventing execution and describing the department's plan and schedule for resolving those issues.	DELETE
14	From the funds provided in Specific Appropriations 639, 651 and 663, a total of \$1,074,362 is provided as payment in lieu of ad valorem taxation for distribution to local government taxing authorities. Funding is provided as follows: \$269,324 for the Bay Correctional Facility, \$339,242 for the Moore Haven Correctional Facility, \$275,560 for the South Bay Correctional Facility, \$100,000 for the Gadsden Correctional Facility and \$90,236 for the Lake City Correctional Facility. These funds may not be distributed if there are outstanding claims for ad valorem taxes due on the property at issue and may not be distributed until the property is reclassified on the real property and tangible personal property rolls as Government State property back to the date the finance corporation or other state entity acquired the title thereto. These distributions shall be adjusted, with the respect to any facility, to reimburse the Department of Management Services, and any predecessor agency, for the total amounts expended by the state in resisting the imposition of such ad valorem tax claims, including all attorneys' fees and costs actually incurred by the state's agencies.	REVISE

15	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 639, 651, and 663, the Department	KEEP
	of Management Services must ensure all future private prison contracts have explicit	
	conditions that provide for the flexibility to adjust the percentages of special	
	needs inmates to allow for changes in overall state populations of those inmates.	
	Such percentages must be based on Department of Corrections' special needs inmate	
	population forecasts, so that medical and mental healthcare costs are appropriately	
	shared by both private and state prisons. All future private prison contracts	
	must require each private prison vendor to report the same performance measures	
	for inmate programs in private prisons as reported by the Department of Corrections	
	for its comparable public institutions. As part of the private prisons contracting	
	negotiations process, the Department of Corrections must consult with the Department	
	of Management Services and each private prison vendor to establish high, reasonable,	
	and achievable performance standards. All future private prison contracts	
	must require each private prison vendor to develop inmate visitation policies and	
	telephone rates for the private prisons that are consistent with those policies	
	followed by the state's public prisons and encourage inmate family contact, as	
	directed by Florida Statutes. Finally, the Department of Management Services must	
	require all future private prison contracts to adhere to Department of Management	
	Services' established criteria for awarding Privately Operated Institutions Inmate	
	Welfare Trust Fund monies so that Department of Management Services' staff can	
	verify such funds are being used appropriately.	

16	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 639, 651, and 663, the Department	REVISE
1 - 0	of Management Services is directed to execute private prison contract amendments to	1101
	each operations and management contract for each correctional facility currently	
	under its supervision in order to provide the contractors the maximum	
	flexibility to address recurring reductions in contract amounts. Such contract	
	amendments shall expire on June 30, 2011. The Department of Management Services	
	and the private prison contractors may amend the provisions of the private	
	prison operating contracts limiting correctional officer overtime and part-time	
	hours to be consistent with the overtime and part-time use as permitted by the	
	Department of Corrections and the American Correctional Association standards.	
	The contract amendments may also eliminate deductions for vacant positions as	
	long as the services associated with the position are being provided through the use	
	of overtime or part-time staff. The Department of Management Services may amend	
	the private prison operating contracts to provide for the payment of costs	
	associated with all inmate academic, vocational, behavioral and substance	
	abuse programs from funds in the Privately Operated Institutions Inmate	
	Welfare Trust Fund. Such contract amendments may not negatively affect the	
	Department of Corrections.	
17	The Department of Corrections may contract through a request for proposal	KEEP
	for innovative and cost effective approaches to the financing, construction and	
	operation of private correctional beds and services which can include any and all	
	operations defined and requested by the department, including but not limited to	
	financing, operations, housing, staffing, security, meals, medical care,	
	transportation, education and substance abuse treatment services. The department	
	may consult with other state agencies on the development of this request for	
	proposal. Any resulting contract shall be funded through existing appropriations,	
	and at a minimum provide for per diem costs at a cost of at least seven percent	
	below that for which the department can incarcerate similar inmates. The	
	department shall not implement this section in a manner that reduces participation in	
	existing reentry programs.	
	onto oring roomer; programe.	

18	From the funds provided in Specific Appropriations 603 through 781, the Department of Corrections shall implement an electronic time and attendance system in all four regions through a contract or contracts resulting from a competitive solicitation process in accordance with Chapter 287, Florida Statutes. The department shall report all implementation costs and cost savings projections related to the implementation of the electronic time and attendance system to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate by March 1, 2010.	REVISE
19	Specific Appropriations 603 through 781 include a reduction of \$24,251,652 in recurring general revenue to close existing facilities in order to open 2,224 adult male correctional facility beds at Blackwater River Correctional Facility on November 1, 2010.	DELETE
20	The Department of Corrections shall provide a transition plan to the chairs of the Full Appropriations Council on General Government & Health Care and the Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means no later than July 1, 2010, which includes the list of the facilities to be closed to populate Blackwater River Correctional Facility.	DELETE
21	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 603 through 781 the department shall identify 1,350 adult male custody beds that are medical grades 1 and 2, and also, psychological grades 1 and 2 with an average daily per-diem of \$45.06 and implement cost efficiencies that will reduce the average daily per-diem to \$42. The department may achieve these cost efficiencies by matching the types of inmates to the lowest cost of incarceration, i.e. prisons, work camps, or work release facilities. The department must contract for the operation of these 1,350 beds if necessary to reach the per-diem rate of \$42.	DELETE
22	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 603 through 781 the department shall develop a plan to reduce the operating costs of an additional 6,400 beds by five percent. This plan may use Department of Corrections beds or privatized beds. The department shall provide this plan to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1, 2010.	REVISE
23	Funds and positions in Specific Appropriations 603 through 724 and 747 through 781 support the state-wide inmate population increase. These funds and positions are sufficient to provide housing and security for 103,478 inmates when fully annualized. Variable expenses, maintenance, and health services funds are provided for an average daily population of 102,552 inmates.	REVISE

24	Funds and positions in Specific Appropriations 603 through 724 and 747 through 781 are provided to address security needs for the additional prison populations expected in Fiscal Year 2010-2011 as projected by the Criminal Justice Estimating Conference.	REVISE
25	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, \$142,900 from recurring General Revenue is provided to the City of Pahokee as a payment in lieu of taxes for the Sago Palm facility.	KEEP
26	From the funds provided in Specific Appropriation *****, the Department of Corrections may spend up to \$400,000 from the General Revenue Fund for a public awareness campaign describing penalties for "10-20-Life" offenses and other criminal offenses.	KEEP
27	Funds provided in Specific Appropriation ****** include \$22,604,737 for the operation of 2,224 adult male beds at Blackwater River Correctional Facility to be operational on November 1, 2010.	DELETE
28	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 686 through 695, the current work release centers (WRCs) operated through the Central Florida Reception Center (Kissimmee, and Orlando WRCs), the South Florida Reception Center (Hollywood, Miami North, and Opa Locka WRCs), Columbia Correctional Institution (Lake City WRC), and Gainesville Correctional Institution (Santa Fe WRC) shall not exceed the per diem rate of \$22.	KEEP
29	Funds in Specific Appropriations 603 through 681 include reductions in recurring general revenue in the amount of \$2,349,757 to accomplish this per diem for 863 current work release beds at these facilities and a total of 600 new beds which have been constructed at some of these facilities. The department must contract for the operation of these 1,463 beds if necessary to reach the per diem rate of \$22. The Department of Corrections must determine whether to contract for the operation of these beds based on its ability to provide the same services required of community providers currently under contract with the department for work release program beds.	REVISE
30	Funds and positions in Specific Appropriation ***** from the Correctional Work Program Trust Fund are provided for interagency contracted services funded by state agencies or local governments. These positions and funds shall be released as needed upon execution of interagency community service squad contract(s).	KEEP
31	From funds in Specific Appropriation ******, \$1,000,000 in recurring general revenue is provided to continue the victim notification system (VINE).	KEEP

32	Funds in Specific Appropriation ****** are provided for payments required under the master lease purchase agreement used to secure the certificates of participation issued to finance or refinance the following correctional facilities: Bay Correctional Facility	REVISE
33	Series 2009 B and C Bonds include various facility construction projects for the following Department of Corrections facilities: Mayo Annex (Lafayette County), Suwannee Annex (Suwannee County), Lowell Reception Center (Marion County), Lancaster Secure Housing Unit (Gilchrist County), Liberty Work Camp (Liberty County), Franklin Work Camp (Franklin County), Cross City Work Camp (Dixie County), Okeechobee Work Camp (Okeechobee County), New River Work Camp (Bradford County), Santa Rosa Work Camp (Santa Rosa County), Hollywood Work Release Center (Broward County), Kissimmee Work Release Center (Osceola County), Lake City Work Release Center (Columbia County), Santa Fe Work Release Center (Alachua County), Everglades Re-Entry Center (Dade County), Baker Re-Entry Center (Baker County), and Pat Thomas Re-Entry Center (Gadsden County).	KEEP

34	Pursuant to sections 944.012(6)(c), 921.00241 and 775.082(11), Florida Statutes,	DELETE
	the Office of State Courts Administrator (OSCA) and the Department of	
	Corrections (DOC) shall jointly develop recommendations to enact a statewide	
	Alternative Sentencing Program for new non-violent offenders who would be	
	sentenced to prison, but could be diverted. An offender would be eligible for the	
	program if, at a minimum, his or her primary offense was a third-degree felony; the	
	offender's total sentence points score is between 22.1 and 44 points; the offender	
	has not been convicted or previously convicted of a forcible felony as defined in	
	section 776.08, F.S., excluding any third-degree felony violation under chapter 810,	
	F.S.; and the offender's primary offense does not require a minimum mandatory	
	sentence. This program would be for new convictions and is not intended to be	
	used as an early release initiative. The Alternative Sentencing Program	
	recommendations will include the use of local law enforcement, day reporting centers,	
	community-based services, DOC community correction supervision and Global	
	Positioning Systems (GPS) to track offenders. The OSCA/DOC shall submit its	
	Alternative Sentencing Program's recommendations, including all related costs and	
	savings, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of	
	Representatives no later than December 1, 2010.	
35	Funds in Specific Appropriation ***** are provided to continue rent payments	REVISE
	for individual private contracts for rental of office/building space at a rate not	
	to exceed the rate for each contract in effect on June 30, 2010. Price level	
	increases are not provided for rent payments for Department of Corrections'	
	private leases in the 2010-11 fiscal year. No other funds are appropriated or	
	shall be transferred by the department for such increases.	
36	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, \$600,000 in recurring general	KEEP
	revenue is provided for the Drug Abuse Comprehensive Coordinating Office,	
	Inc. (DACCO) in Hillsborough County.	
37	Pursuant to sections 944.012(6)(c), 921.00241 and 775.082(11), Florida Statutes,	KEEP
	\$700,143 in recurring general revenue is provided in Specific Appropriation *****	
	for Judicial/DOC pilot programs for offenders who would be sentenced to prison,	
	but could be diverted to appropriate programs which allow the offender to retain	
	community support, access drug treatment and/or employment opportunities	
	while receiving life-skills assistance in a structured environment. These	
	treatment programs may include drug treatment, residential and outpatient	
	treatment programming, day reporting or other services to reduce recidivism.	

38	These pilot programs are to be initiated in communities where the local court and	KEEP
	Department of Corrections, in conjunction with community stakeholders, agree to	
	implement evidence-based practices and graduated incentives that will result in a	
	reduction in prison admission for that community.	
39	From funds in Specific Appropriations 747 through 756, the Department of	DELETE
	Corrections shall issue an Invitation to Negotiate for dialysis services for Adult	
	Male Custody Operations. To the maximum extent feasible, the department must ensure	
	that the resulting contract benefits Florida's economy and workforce.	
40	The Department of Corrections shall conduct a study to examine the current	DELETE
	use of the 340B Drug Discount Program, and determine if cost savings can be	
	achieved through expanding the department's participation in the program. The	
	department shall report its findings to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of	
	Representatives, and the President of the Senate by December 1, 2010.	
41	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, \$100,000 is provided for	KEEP
	Hepatitis B vaccinations for inmates.	
42	The positions in Specific Appropriation ***** are provided for State Attorneys	KEEP
	and Public Defenders to use for grants received from counties during Fiscal Year	
	2010-2011 for the purpose of prosecution of local ordinance violations pursuant to	
	section 27.34, Florida Statutes, or defense of persons accused of violating local	
	ordinances pursuant to section 27.54, Florida Statutes. Such transfers are contingent	
	upon the Justice Administrative Commission notifying the chair of the Senate	
	Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means and the chair of the House Full	
	Appropriations Council on General Government and Health Care and the Governor's	
	Office of Policy and Budget. Such notification is subject to the legislative	
	objection provisions of chapter 216, Florida Statutes. Rate may be established for	
	these positions consistent with the salaries provided for in the grant.	

43	Funds in Specific Appropriation ***** are provided for attorney fees and case-	KEEP
	related expenses associated with prosecuting and defending sexual predator civil	
	commitment cases. Case-related expenses are limited to expert witness fees,	
	clinical evaluations, court reporter costs, and foreign language interpreters. The	
	maximum amount to be paid by the Justice Administrative Commission for medical	
	experts for sexual predator civil commitment cases is \$200 per hour and all related	
	travel costs must be apportioned to the associated case. The Justice	
	Administrative Commission is authorized to pay up to \$5,000 per case for case-related	
	expenses incurred by the State Attorney, the Public Defender, or the criminal	
	conflict and civil regional counsel, or court appointed counsel where there is an	
	ethical conflict, for a combined maximum of \$10,000 for case-related expenses per	
	case, unless the court orders payment of a greater amount. The Justice	
	Administrative Commission shall submit quarterly reports to the chair of the	
	Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means and the chair of the	
	House Full Appropriations Council on General Government and Health Care describing,	
	by judicial circuit: requests for payments of case-related expenses received; court	
	orders received directing payment of such expenses; and actual encumbrances and	
	disbursements from this special appropriations category.	

44 Funds in Specific Appropriation ***** are provided for the Public Defenders	s' REVISE
due process costs as specified in section 29.006, Florida Statutes. Funds shall	
initially be credited for the use of each circuit in the amounts listed below,	
and may be adjusted pursuant to the provisions of section 29.015, Florida Statutes	S.
1st Judicial Circuit	
2nd Judicial Circuit	
3rd Judicial Circuit	
4th Judicial Circuit	
5th Judicial Circuit 917,535	
6th Judicial Circuit	
7th Judicial Circuit	
8th Judicial Circuit 504,345	
9th Judicial Circuit	
10th Judicial Circuit	
11th Judicial Circuit	
12th Judicial Circuit	
13th Judicial Circuit	
14th Judicial Circuit	
15th Judicial Circuit	
16th Judicial Circuit	
17th Judicial Circuit	
18th Judicial Circuit	
19th Judicial Circuit	
20th Judicial Circuit	

below shall be transferred in quarterly increments within 10 days after the beginning of each quarter to the Office of State Court Administrator on behalf o	
	f
the circuit courts operating shared court reporting or interpreter services:	
1st Judicial Circuit	
2nd Judicial Circuit	
3rd Judicial Circuit	
6th Judicial Circuit	
7th Judicial Circuit	
8th Judicial Circuit	
9th Judicial Circuit	
10th Judicial Circuit	
11th Judicial Circuit	
12th Judicial Circuit	
13th Judicial Circuit	
14th Judicial Circuit	
15th Judicial Circuit 93,646	
16th Judicial Circuit	
17th Judicial Circuit	
46 Funds in Specific Appropriation ***** are provided for case fees and expense	s KEEP
of court-appointed counsel in civil conflict cases and child dependency cases.	
The Justice Administrative Commission shall submit quarterly reports of these	
case payments to the chair of the Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways	
and Means and the chair of the House Full Appropriations Council on General Governm	
and Health Care, by judicial circuit, which shall include, but not be limit	ed
to: information on requests for payments received; court orders received	
directing payment; and actual encumbrances and disbursements and performanc	е
measures for court appointed counsel including: average time to complete cases by	
case type; number of bar complaints for state paid cases; percent of initial	
invoices to the Justice Administrative Commission that are rejected; percent of	
initial invoices filed with the Justice Administrative Commission within 90 days	
after closure of the case; number of cases by type; and total cost per case by type	
from this special appropriations category.	

47	The maximum flat fee to be paid by the Justice Administrative (Commission for	KEEP
att	orney fees for the following dependency and civil cases is set	as follows:	
	ADMISSION OF INMATE TO MENTAL HEALTH FACILITY	300	
	ADULT PROTECTIVE SERVICES ACT - Ch. 415, F.S	500	
	BAKER ACT/MENTAL HEALTH - Ch. 394, F.S	400	
	CINS/FINS - Ch. 984, F.S	750	
	CIVIL APPEALS	400	
	DEPENDENCY - Up to 1 Year	800	
	DEPENDENCY - Each Year after 1st Year	200	
	DEPENDENCY APPEALS	2,000	
	DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED ADULT - Ch. 393, F.S	400	
	EMANCIPATION - Section 743.015, F.S	400	
	GUARDIANSHIP - EMERGENCY - Ch. 744, F.S	400	
	GUARDIANSHIP - Ch. 744, F.S	400	
	MARCHMAN ACT/SUBSTANCE ABUSE - Ch. 397, F.S	300	
	MEDICAL PROCEDURES - Section 394.459(3), F.S	400	
	PARENTAL NOTIFICATION OF ABORTION ACT	400	
	TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS - Ch. 39, F.S Up to 1		
	Year	1,000	
	TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS - Ch. 39, F.S Each Year	·	
	after 1st Year	200	
	TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS - Ch. 63, F.S Up to 1 year	1,000	
	TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS - Ch. 63, F.S Each Year	,	
	after 1st Year	200	
	TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS APPEALS	2,000	
	TUBERCULOSIS - Ch. 392, F.S	300	

48	Funds in Specific Appropriation ****** are provided for case fees as specified in section 27.5304, Florida Statutes, and expenses as specified in section 29.007, Florida Statutes, of court-appointed counsel for indigent criminal defendants and for due process costs for those individuals the court finds indigent for costs. The Justice Administrative Commission shall submit quarterly reports of criminal conflict case payments and performance measures for court-appointed counsel including: average time to complete cases by case type, number of bar complaints for state paid cases, percent of initial invoices to the Justice Administrative Commission that are rejected; percent of initial invoices filed with the Justice Administrative Commission within 90 days after closure of the case; number of cases by type; and total cost per case by type to the chair of the Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means and the chair of the House Full Appropriations Council on General Government and Health Care by judicial circuit.	KEEP
49	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, a total of \$216,934 shall be transferred in quarterly increments within 10 days after the beginning of each quarter to the Office of State Courts Administrator on behalf of the circuit courts operating shared court reporting and interpreter services.	KEEP

50	The maximum flat fee to be paid by the Justice Administrative Commission for attorney fees for criminal conflict cases is set as follows:	KEEP
	POSTCONVICTION - Sections 3.850 and 3.800, F.S	
	CAPITAL - 1ST DEGREE MURDER (LEAD COUNSEL)	
	CAPITAL - 1ST DEGREE MURDER (CO-COUNSEL)	
	CAPITAL SEXUAL BATTERY	
	CAPITAL APPEALS	
	CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS400	
	CRIMINAL TRAFFIC400	
	EXTRADITION 500	
	FELONY - LIFE	
	FELONY - PUNISHABLE BY LIFE	
	FELONY 1ST DEGREE	
	FELONY 2ND DEGREE	
	FELONY 3RD DEGREE	
	FELONY APPEALS	
	JUVENILE DELINQUENCY - 1ST DEGREE FELONY	
	JUVENILE DELINQUENCY - 2ND DEGREE	
	JUVENILE DELINQUENCY - 3RD DEGREE	
	JUVENILE DELINQUENCY - FELONY LIFE	
	JUVENILE DELINQUENCY - MISDEMEANOR	
	JUVENILE DELINQUENCY APPEALS	
	MISDEMEANOR400	
	MISDEMEANOR APPEALS	
	VIOLATION OF PROBATION - FELONY (INCLUDES VOCC) 500	
	VIOLATION OF PROBATION - MISDEMEANOR (INCLUDES VOCC) 300	
	VIOLATION OF PROBATION (VOCC) JUVENILE DELINQUENCY 300	
51	The maximum amount to be paid by the Justice Administrative Commission for non-attorney due process services other than those specified, shall not exceed the rates in effect for the 2007-2008 fiscal year.	KEEP

The maximum amount to be paid by the Justice Administrative Commission investigators for criminal conflict cases is \$40 per hour. The maximum	
be paid for court reporting and transcribing costs for criminal conflict cas follows:	
1. Depositions Appearance fees: 1st hour: \$50.00; thereafter \$25.00 per hour	
2. Deposition transcript fee (Original & one copy): 10 business day delivery: \$2.95 per page 5 business day delivery: \$5.00 per page 24 hours delivery: \$7.00 per page Additional copies: \$1.00 per page	
3. Appellate/hearing transcript fee (Original & all copies needed with minimum 2): 10 business day delivery: \$3.95 per page 5 business day delivery: \$6.00 per page 24 hours delivery: \$8.00 per page Copies (when original previously ordered): \$1.00 per page.	
4. Transcription from tapes or audio recordings (other than depositions or hearings): Either \$35 per hour listening fee or \$3.00 per page whichever is greater.	
5. Video Services: \$100 per hour per location.	
When a defense attorney orders a transcript, the court reporter shall either the number of pages for the transcript or the applicable appearance listening fee, whichever is greater.	

53	Funds in Specific Appropriation ***** are provided for the State Attorneys'	REVISE
	due process costs as specified in section 29.005, Florida Statutes. Funds shall	
	initially be credited for the use of each circuit in the amounts listed below,	
	and may be adjusted pursuant to the provisions of section 29.015, Florida Statutes.	
	1st Judicial Circuit	
	2nd Judicial Circuit	
	3rd Judicial Circuit	
	4th Judicial Circuit	
	5th Judicial Circuit	
	6th Judicial Circuit	
	7th Judicial Circuit	
	8th Judicial Circuit	
	9th Judicial Circuit	
	10th Judicial Circuit	
	11th Judicial Circuit	
	12th Judicial Circuit	
	13th Judicial Circuit	
	14th Judicial Circuit	
	15th Judicial Circuit	
	16th Judicial Circuit	
	17th Judicial Circuit	
	18th Judicial Circuit	
	19th Judicial Circuit	
	20th Judicial Circuit	

54	From the funds credited for the use in the following circuits, the amounts specified below shall be transferred in quarterly increments within 10 days after the beginning of each quarter to the Office of State Court Administrator on behalf of the circuit courts operating shared court reporting or interpreter services: 1st Judicial Circuit	KEEP
55	Funds in Specific Appropriation ****** are provided to pay for criminal conflict, dependency and other civil cases for which appointment was made during Fiscal Years 2004-2005, 2005-2006, and 2006-2007.	KEEP
56	From the funds provided in Specific Appropriation ******, the State Attorneys and Public Defenders shall transfer cash from their Grants and Donations Trust Fund, Child Support Enforcement Trust Fund, and Indigent Criminal Defense Trust Fund in proportion to their positions funded from these sources to the Justice Administrative Commission to pay the Human Resources Services contract in the Department of Management Services.	KEEP
57	Funds and positions in Specific Appropriations ***** through 812A, shall first be used to represent children involved in dependency proceedings. Once all children in dependency proceedings are represented, the funds may be used to represent children in other proceedings as authorized by law.	KEEP

58	The budget for each clerk of court and the approved unit costs required under section 28.36, F.S., for the state fiscal year 2010-2011 are contained in the document entitled "2010-2011 Clerk of Court Unit Cost Budget" dated April 21, 2010, and on file with the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives. This document is hereby incorporated by reference into the 2010-2011 General Appropriations Act.	REVISE
59	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, the clerks of court shall accelerate the implementation of the electronic filing requirements of section 16 of chapter 2009-61, Laws of Florida, by implementing five of the ten trial court divisions by January 1, 2011. The ten divisions are defined pursuant to subsection 28.36, (3), Florida Statutes.	REVISE
60	The Prosecution Coordination Office's budgeting, training, and education needs may be funded by each State Attorney's office within the funds provided in Specific Appropriations 820 through 960. Funding for this office shall not exceed \$200,000 in general revenue and \$200,000 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund.	REVISE
61	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 820 through 960, the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association (FPAA) shall review its funding formula and current recurring funding levels of the 20 state attorneys, including both general revenue and trust funds. The review shall compare the recurring funding levels of each state attorney in the 2010-11 fiscal year, to a model which redistributes this level of funding among the state attorneys using the current criteria in the FPAA formula. The review shall also examine state attorney funding per capita, and per case, and the association shall report the findings and any recommendations necessary to correct any funding inequities should they exist, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2011.	DELETE
62	From the positions and funds provided in Specific Appropriation ******, two full-time equivalent positions with associated rate of 95,646 and \$138,618 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund are provided for prosecution of insurance fraud.	KEEP
63	From the positions and funds provided in Specific Appropriation ******, five full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 268,146 and \$388,617 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund are provided for prosecution of insurance fraud.	KEEP
64	From the positions and funds provided in Specific Appropriation ******, two full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 97,386 and \$141,134 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund are provided for prosecution of insurance fraud.	KEEP

65	Additionally, four full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 192,169 and \$278,507 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund are provided solely for prosecution of workers compensation insurance fraud. This transfer authority may not be used to fund attorneys and paralegals that prosecute crimes other than workers compensation insurance fraud.	KEEP
66	From the positions and funds provided in Specific Appropriation ******, two full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 109,446 and \$158,617 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund are provided for prosecution of insurance fraud.	KEEP
67	From the positions and funds provided in Specific Appropriation ******, two full-time equivalent positions with associated rate of 95,646 and \$138,618 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund are provided for prosecution of insurance fraud.	KEEP
68	From the positions and funds provided in Specific Appropriation *****, two full-time equivalent positions with associated rate of 95,646 and \$138,618 from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund are provided for prosecution of insurance fraud.	KEEP
69	The Public Defenders Coordination Office's budgeting needs may be funded by each Public Defender's office within the funds provided in Specific Appropriations 961 through 1073. The total funding for this office shall not exceed \$200,000 in general revenue and \$200,000 from the Indigent Criminal Defense Trust Fund.	REVISE
70	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 961 through 1073, the Florida Public Defenders Association (FPDA) shall review its funding formula and current recurring funding levels of the 20 public defenders, including both general revenue and trust funds. The review shall compare the recurring funding levels of each public defender in the 2010-11 fiscal year, to a model which redistributes this level of funding among the public defenders using the current criteria in the FPDA formula. The review shall also examine public defender funding per capita, and per case, and the association shall report the findings and any recommendations necessary to correct any funding inequities should they exist, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2011.	DELETE

71	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1118 through 1200, each provider who contracts with the Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide the department with a proposal prior to the release of funds that details the services that will be delivered, the expected results, and recommended performance measures. The department and each provider must execute a contract before the release of any funds, and the contract documents shall include mutually agreed upon performance measures. Each provider must provide quarterly performance reports to the department. Funds shall only be released to providers whose performance reports indicate successful compliance with the performance measures described in the contract.	KEEP
72	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1118 through 1200, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall establish a performance accountability system for each provider who contracts with the department for the delivery of services to children at-risk of future involvement in the criminal justice system, as determined by the department. The contract shall include both output measures, such as the number of children served, and outcome measures, such as program completion. The contractor shall report performance results annually to the department. The department's inspector general shall summarize performance results from all contracts and report the information annually to the Legislature.	KEEP
73	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1118 through 1200, the Department of Juvenile Justice is directed to withhold funds from contract payments to any provider if that provider failed to comply with contract requirements that it maintain property insurance and if the failure to do so resulted in uninsured losses. The amount withheld shall not exceed the amount of the uninsured loss and may be reduced by other remedial actions agreed upon by the department and the provider.	KEEP
74	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1118 through 1200, the Department of Juvenile Justice must before implementing any departmental reorganization plans, submit its proposal to the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget and to the Legislative Budget Commission for approval.	KEEP
75	Funds in Specific Appropriations 1118 through 1200 shall not be used to pay for unoccupied space currently being leased by the Department of Juvenile Justice in the event the leases are vacant on or after July 1, 2010, and for which it has been determined by the Secretary of the department that there is no longer a need.	REVISE

76	By September 1, 2010, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall execute a service level agreement, pursuant to section 282.203(1)(g), Florida Statutes, to specify the services and levels of services it is to receive from the Northwood Shared Resource Center (NSRC). If the department is unable to complete and execute a service level agreement by that date, the department shall submit a report to the Executive Office of the Governor and to the chairs of the Full Appropriations Council on General Government & Health Care and Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means within five working days, explaining the specific issues preventing execution and describing the department's plan and schedule for resolving those issues.	DELETE
77	Beginning July 1, 2010, the department shall have one trustee with one vote on the NSRC Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2010-2011.	DELETE
78	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1118 through 1126, the department may contract for services consistent with the department's Juvenile Detention Alternative Initiative (JDAI) and the Annie E. Casey Foundation to divert youth from secure detention to alternative community based services. These services should be designed using in-home and community advocacy to reduce the need for more expensive restrictive placements, build community capacity to reduce recidivism, create supported work opportunities for youth, and improve community safety.	KEEP
79	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, the Department of Juvenile Justice, no earlier than May 15, 2011, shall remit payment for any outstanding food service invoices for services provided after July 1, 2001. The monetary amount of any such payments must be consistent with the amount set forth in the settlement agreement between the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Management Services, the Department of Financial Services, Compass Group USA, Inc., and Trinity Services Group, Inc.; and must be made from the department's excess food products appropriation category from funds that would otherwise revert pursuant to section 216.301, Florida Statutes. The payment of any outstanding food service invoices shall not diminish the quality or quantity of any meals currently being served by the department or private provider.	DELETE

80	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, the Prodigy Program shall include at least two of the four at-risk domains of the Department of Juvenile Justice's risk factors when placing a youth into a prevention, intervention or diversion program. In addition, each youth who enters the program shall be tracked by the department's Juvenile Justice Information System (JJIS) or Prevention Web system. In addition, the Prodigy Program shall contract with a consultant to track arrests or re-arrests for prevention, intervention, and diversion youth for twelve months after completing the program and submit the results to the department semi-annually.	KEEP
81	Funds in Specific Appropriation ****** are provided for the redirection program subject to the requirements and limitations in effect during Fiscal Year 2009-2010. The program may serve youth who are before the court for a non-violent 3rd degree felony and who the judge determines would otherwise require residential commitment. Treatment services shall be evidenced-based family therapy for youth for whom these services are appropriate. Youth at risk of commitment are eligible for evidenced-based family therapy services. These services are to be provided as an alternative to commitment. No child may be served by the redirections program that has ever been adjudicated delinquent, or had adjudication withheld, of any violent crime, except for females adjudicated delinquent for domestic violence, any 1st degree felony or any felony direct-filed in adult court. The department and each participating court shall jointly develop criteria to identify youth appropriate for diversion into this program pursuant to the expanded eligibility criteria provided herein.	REVISE
82	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall transfer up to \$2,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide Medicaid coverage for children eligible for specialized mental health services.	REVISE

83	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1166 through 1188, the department shall provide a weekly residential resource utilization report that identifies operating capacity, current placements, vacant placements, number of youth waiting placement and the percent of use for all residential commitment beds. The department may increase or decrease beds or overlay services provided that the change will better serve taxpayers and the youth under its care. Notification and justification of changes will be provided to the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget, the chair of the Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means, and the chair of the House Full Appropriations Council on General Government and Health Care prior to implementing any change.	KEEP
84	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1166 through 1188, for determining the most appropriate bed reductions in each level of residential commitments, the department may consider those residential commitment programs, if necessary, which have scored below 72 on the overall program score represented in the Comprehensive Accountability Report. The department may also consider programs that are underutilized, those that provide services for which there is a less critical need and other relevant performance measures in determining which level of residential beds should be reduced. Should reductions involve state-operated programs, the department is authorized to submit a budget amendment in accordance with all applicable provisions of chapter 216, Florida Statutes, to transfer positions and funds as necessary to accomplish the reduction of beds. The department shall apply identical criteria in determining whether bed reductions come from contracted or state-operated beds.	KEEP
85	Prior to any change authorized herein, notification and justification must be provided to the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget, the chair of the Senate Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means, and the chair of the House Full Appropriations Council on General Government and Health Care.	KEEP

86	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1177 through 1187, the Community Advisory Board at the Dozier School for Boys, as established under section 63E-7(11)(a) Florida Administrative Code, with the participation of the Guardian Ad Litem Program in the 14th Judicial Circuit, shall prepare an annual report to the Legislature to be submitted to the Governor, President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 1, 2011. The report shall include a summary of all monitoring activities conducted during the review period including the type and scope of each activity, the findings related to each activity, and action taken to correct any deficiencies. The report shall also include a summary of outcomes related to specific performance indicators, as well as an overview of plans, activities and outcomes related to specific program goals and objectives.	DELETE
87	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, \$650,415 from recurring general revenue is provided to the PAR Adolescent Intervention Center (PAIC) Pasco.	KEEP
88	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, \$1,000,000 from nonrecurring general revenue is provided to develop a pilot program to provide jobs to at-risk youth. The department shall contract with non-profit or faith-based organizations that have experience in providing services to at-risk youth and community involvement in the counties of Pinellas, Hillsborough, Manatee and Sarasota.	DELETE
89	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall not expend more than \$150,000 in recurring general revenue for physically secure placements for youths being served by the Children-In-Need of Services/Families-In-Need of Services (CINS/FINS) program.	KEEP
90	Additionally, the CINS/FINS provider shall demonstrate that it has considered local, non-traditional, non-residential delinquency prevention service providers including, but not limited to, grassroots organizations, community, and faith- based organizations, to subcontract and deliver non-residential CINS/FINS services to eligible youth as defined in chapters 984 and 1003.27, F.S., to include areas with high ratios of juvenile arrests per youth ages 10 to 17. Such services may be offered throughout the judicial circuit served by the CINS/FINS provider.	KEEP

91	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, the Department of Law	KEEP
	Enforcement is authorized to distribute 10,000 rape kits to local law enforcement	
	agencies and rape crisis centers statewide at no cost. In addition, the department	
	is authorized to use additional federal funds and any other available funds contained	
	in Specific Appropriation ***** for the purpose of processing rape kits,	
	including the backlog of non-suspect rape cases.	
92	From the funds provided in Specific Appropriation ***** from the Forfeiture	KEEP
	and Investigative Support Trust Fund, up to \$25,000 per case, but not exceeding	
	\$150,000 in total for all cases, may be expended for rewards leading to the	
	capture of fugitives, if such funds are available.	
93	From the funds in Specific Appropriations 1318 and 1319, \$223,349 from the	DELETE
	Federal Grants Trust Fund is provided for the Child Predator Cybercrime Unit	
	from Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC) Task Force Program grants funded in the	
	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.	
94	The positions in Specific Appropriation ***** shall be released as necessary	KEEP
	to allow the Office of the Attorney General to contract with state agencies to	
	provide legal representation.	
95	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, the department shall consult	KEEP
	and contract with, as necessary, outside counsel specializing in impact fee	
	litigation for assistance with Case No. 2010 CA 0478 in the Second Judicial Circuit of	
	Florida.	
96	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, the Attorney General is directed	KEEP
	to give priority to the payment of claims for forensic examinations for	
	victims of sexual assault.	
97	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, \$250,000 in	REVISE
	nonrecurring general revenue is provided to the Florida Council Against Sexual	
	Violence. At least 95 percent of the funds provided shall be distributed to	
	certified rape crisis centers to provide services statewide for victims of	
	sexual assault.	
98	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, \$50,000 in nonrecurring general	DELETE
	revenue is provided for the Cuban American Bar Association Pro Bono Project.	

99	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *******, the Parole Commission shall conduct a study and provide the following to the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by October 1, 2010: 1. A valid determination of the exact number of pending Restoration of Civil Rights (RCR) cases existing on July 1, 2010, along with a full explanation of the methodology used to determine the pending number of cases. Data must include total cases received for each of the past five years, the total number of cases processed for each of the past five years, and the total number of cases received or pending but not processed for each of the past five years; 2. A continuation plan including measures that continue to simplify application forms and processes by using readily available data from existing automated systems; 3. Identification of all existing resources, workload, job descriptions, and internal business procedures for clemency activities. This information must be reported in a manner that allows for isolation of resources allocated to the RCR process. The information must also be sufficient to account for each step in the process to complete the review of RCR without a hearing; and 4. Proposed criteria, developed by case type, to use in defining and classifying case backlogs which shall be based upon a reasonable length of time for the normal processing of cases.	KEEP
100	The moneys contained herein are appropriated from the named funds to the State Courts System as the amounts to be used to pay salaries, other operational expenditures and fixed capital outlay.	KEEP
101	Funds in Specific Appropriation ****** may be spent at the discretion of the Chief Justice to carry out the official duties of the court. These funds shall be disbursed by the Chief Financial Officer upon receipt of vouchers authorized by the Chief Justice.	KEEP

102	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, \$94,579 is provided from the Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund for the creation of an Innocence Commission to study the causes of wrongful conviction and subsequent incarceration.	REVISE
103	From the funds in Specific Appropriation *****, \$35,905 is provided from the Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund for the creation of an Innocence Commission to study the causes of wrongful conviction and subsequent incarceration.	KEEP
104	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, \$65,138 is provided from the Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund for the creation of an Innocence Commission to study the causes of wrongful conviction and subsequent incarceration.	REVISE
105	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, \$4,000 is provided from the Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund for the creation of an Innocence Commission to study the causes of wrongful conviction and subsequent incarceration.	REVISE
106	The positions authorized in Specific Appropriation ***** shall be held in reserve as a contingency in the event the state courts determine that some portion of Article V due process services needs to be shifted from a contractual basis to an employee model in one or more judicial circuits. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court may request transfer of these positions to the salaries and benefits appropriation category within any of the state courts budget entities, consistent with requests for transfers of funds into those same budget entities. Such transfers are subject to the notice, review, and objection provisions of section 216.177, Florida Statutes.	KEEP
107	From the funds in Specific Appropriation ******, the state courts system shall accelerate the implementation of the electronic filing requirements of section 16 of chapter 2009-61, Laws of Florida, by implementing five of the ten trial court divisions by January 1, 2011. The ten divisions are defined pursuant to subsection 28.36 (3), Florida Statutes.	REVISE
108	Funds in Specific Appropriation ****** are provided for transfer for Civil Legal Assistance established pursuant to sections 68.094 through 68.105, Florida Statutes, to assist with foreclosure prevention and assist Florida homeowners to benefit from federal foreclosure prevention programs. Funds shall be transferred in quarterly increments within 10 days after the beginning of each quarter to the Department of Community Affairs.	DELETE

109	Funds in Specific Appropriation ***** are to be used only for case	KEEP
	expenditures associated with the filing and prosecution of formal charges.	
	These costs shall consist of attorney's fees, court reporting fees, investigators'	
	fees, and similar charges associated with the adjudicatory process.	
110	SECTION 123. (a) The sum of \$430,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated	REVISE
	from the General Revenue Fund to the Justice Administrative Commission for the	
	purpose of paying Sexual Predator Civil Commitment Litigation costs.	
	(b) The sum of \$2,350,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the	
	General Revenue Fund to the Justice Administrative Commission for the	
	purpose of paying Public Defender Due Process costs.	
	(c) The sum of \$1,300,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the	
	General Revenue Fund to the Justice Administrative Commission for the	
	purpose of paying Child Dependency and Civil Conflict Case costs.	
	(d) The sum of \$2,600,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the	
	General Revenue Fund to the Justice Administrative Commission for the	
	purpose of paying Criminal Conflict Case costs.	
	(a) mb	
	(e) The sum of \$1,200,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Justice Administrative Commission for the	
	purpose of paying State Attorney Due Process costs.	
	purpose or paying state Attorney Due Process Costs.	
	(f) The sum of \$1,500,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the	
	General Revenue Fund to the Justice Administrative Commission for the	
	purpose of paying Criminal Conflict and Dependency Counsel Liability	
	costs.	
	(g) The sum of \$620,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the	
	General Revenue Fund to the Justice Administrative Commission for the	
	purpose of paying Regional Conflict Counsel Due Process costs.	
	(h) This section shall take effect upon becoming a law.	
	(ii) This section shart take effect upon becoming a raw.	

111	SECTION 128. The unexpended balance from funds appropriated in Specific	REVISE
	Appropriation 3320 of chapter 2007-72, Laws of Florida, for the Supreme Court	
	Restroom Renovations, from funds appropriated in Specific Appropriation 3259A of	
	chapter 2006-25, Laws of Florida, for the 3rd District Court of Appeal Architect	
	Services, and from Section 15 of chapter 2007-326, Laws of Florida, for the 3rd	
	District Court of Appeal Roof Repairs is reverted June 30, 2010 and \$59,295 is	
	appropriated for the 2010-11 fiscal year to the 3rd District Court of Appeal for	
	Life Safety Remediation, \$77,000 is appropriated to the 3rd District Court of Appeal	
	for Ceiling Repair, \$91,100 is appropriated to the 2nd District Court of Appeal	
	for Court Security Enhancement, and \$82,293 is appropriated to the 4th	
	District Court of Appeal for AC System Remediation.	

SENATE BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS PROPOSED NEW PROVISO FOR FY 2011-12

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

- 1. Funds in Specific Appropriations * through * include reductions in recurring general revenue in the amount of \$3,017,882 to accomplish the transition of 800 medium or close custody beds at an average per diem of \$53.34 to 800 contract residential substance abuse beds.
- 2. Funds in Specific Appropriations * through * include reductions in recurring general revenue in the amount of \$8,300,000. To implement this reduction, the department shall limit the number of course hours prescribed by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission to 200. In addition, the department shall use, to the extent possible, department employees that are certified by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission as instructors for basic recruit training courses.
- 3. From the funds in Specific Appropriation * the Department of Corrections shall competitively procure Global Positions Satellite (GPS) technology services to monitor offender activity in accordance with sentencing requirements. The electronic monitoring service shall be Internet accessible, secure, provide equipment and network support services, and provide continuous 24-hour offender monitoring. To the maximum extent feasible, the department shall give preference to a Florida-based company.
- 4. From the funds in Specific Appropriations * through *, the Department of Corrections shall issue an Invitation to Negotiate (ITN), as defined in section 287.057, F.S, no later than July 15, 2011 for the provision of comprehensive health care services to inmates in the custody of the department, excluding those inmates housed in institutions authorized under the provisions of Chapter 957, Florida Statutes. Comprehensive health care services shall provide for physical health care, dental and pharmacy services, and exclude health and pharmacy services for the treatment of mental health.

From the funds in Specific Appropriation *, the Department of Corrections shall issue an ITN no later than July 15, 2011 for the provision of mental health care services to inmates in the custody of the department, excluding those inmates housed in institutions authorized under the provisions of Chapter 957, Florida Statutes. Mental health services shall include physical health care and pharmacy services for the treatment of mental health.

The department is authorized to award a bid or bids to one or more private vendors for the provision of services that are compatible to standard Medicaid service levels at a cost of at least 18 percent less than the department's Fiscal Year 2009-2010 health care expenditures. The department may contract for services on a regional basis or may contract for services on a statewide basis to achieve greater efficiencies and cost savings.

The department shall notify the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget and the chairs of the House and Senate Budget Committees by August 15, or as early as practicable, of its intent to award a contract.

SENATE BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS PROPOSED NEW PROVISO FOR FY 2011-12

The contracts shall be effective no later than October 1, 2011, for a term of three years and may be renewed for an additional three years. Contractors shall be responsible for maintaining electronic medical files of each patient's health information and for providing that information to the department upon request. Contractors shall report utilization and encounter data to the department on a quarterly basis in a format that is acceptable to the department.

The department shall submit a budget amendment to the Legislative Budget Commission, as well as a plan for transitioning staff and operations. The budget amendment shall place positions in reserve and transfer funds to the proper appropriation categories in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 216, Florida Statutes. Additional budget amendments may be submitted during the 2011-2012 fiscal year as necessary for the proper alignment of budget and positions.

5. From the funds in Specific Appropriations * through*, the Department of Corrections shall, before implementing any departmental reorganizational plans or closure of any prison facilities, submit its proposal to the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget and the Legislative Budget Commission for approval.

STATE COURT SYSTEM

- 6. (OSCA) Funds in Specific Appropriation * are for court ordered payments of private court appointed counsel above the statewide rates established in s. 27.5304, F.S. and the 2011-12 General Appropriations Act.
- 7. (OSCA) From the funds in Specific Appropriation *, \$10,900,000 in nonrecurring funds from the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund are provided for payments pursuant to the Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan. The performance goals for the Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan are contained in the document entitled "Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan" dated March 15, 2011, and on file with the Secretary of the Senate. This document is hereby incorporated by reference into the 2011-12 General Appropriations Act.
- 8. (OSCA) Funds in Specific Appropriation * are for remodeling of the 1st District Court of Appeal courthouse to house employees from the annex of the Office of State Courts Administrator to make the most efficient use of the courthouse.
- 9. (Circuit Court) From the funds in Specific Appropriation *, \$678,213 in Expense in nonrecurring funds from the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund are provided for courthouse furnishings in the nonpublic areas of the new courthouse in the 4^{th} circuit.
- 10. (Circuit Court) From the funds in Specific Appropriation *, \$747,619 in Operating Capital Outlay in nonrecurring funds from the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund are provided for courthouse furnishings in the nonpublic areas of the new courthouse in the 4th circuit.

SENATE BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS PROPOSED NEW PROVISO FOR FY 2011-12

Back of Bill Provisions

Justice Administrative Commission

1. SECTION ??? The sum of \$40,200,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is transferred to the Clerks of Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission. Specific Appropriation 813 of chapter 2010-152, Laws of Florida, is reduced by \$9,900,000. The Office of Planning and Budget shall adjust the appropriations ledger to reflect an appropriation of \$445,080,312 for the Clerks of Court from the Clerks of Court Trust Fund. Specific Appropriation 817 of chapter 2010-152, Laws of Florida, is reduced by \$100,000. This section shall take effect upon becoming law.

State Court System

- 2. SECTION ??? The unexpended balance of \$400,000 from the funds provided in Specific Appropriation 2814A of chapter 2008-152, Laws of Florida, for the 1st District Court of Appeal courthouse shall revert immediately and is appropriated to the Office of State Courts Administrator for the purpose of remodeling the 1st District Court of Appeal courthouse to house employees from the annex of the Office of State Courts Administrator.
- 3. SECTION ??? The sum of \$50,200,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is transferred to the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund within the state court system. This section shall take effect upon becoming law.

PROPOSED CONFORMING BILLS

Conforming Bill - An Act Relating to the State Judicial System

No.	Entity	Issue
1	Circuit and	Creates the Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan whereby judges in a circuit that meets certain
	County Courts	performance goals will receive a non-recurring award.
2	Regional Conflict Counsel	Authorizes a direct service organization (DSO) for regional conflict counsel offices.
3	Office of State Court Administrator	Provides that payments for private court appointed counsel above the state rates are to be made from funds appropriated for that purpose in the Office of State Court Administrator.
4	Clerks of Court	Re-directs the deposit of certain fine revenue from the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund to the Clerks of Court Trust Fund.
5		Requires the Clerks of Court Operations Corporation to collect and submit electronically reports from counties on the use of court facility fees.
6		Provides an effective date of July 1, 2011

Conforming Bill - An Act Relating to Criminal Justice

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No.	Entity	Issue
1	Department of Legal Affairs	Transfers the duties and responsibilities of the Cybercrime Office from the Department of Legal Affairs to the Department of Law Enforcement.
2	1 .	Eliminates the Cybercrime Office and cybercrime investigative functions within the Department of Legal Affairs.
3	Department of Corrections	Eliminates the authority for the Department of Corrections to operate bootcamps.
4	1 .	The Department of Corrections is limited to paying for up to 360 hours of basic training per Correctional Officer.
5		Provides an effective date of July 1, 2011

Conforming Bill - An Act Relating to Juvenile Justice

No.	Entity	Issue
	Juvenile Justice	Creates s. 985.665, F.S., titled "Community-Based Juvenile Justice". Requires DJJ to establish three pilot programs in three judicial circuits (2nd, 6th, and 11th). In addition, requires DJJ to contract with a non-profit or county government agency to serve as the regional coordinating agency (RCA) for each pilot. Requires that each RCA administers and manages the full continuum of juvenile justice services in each circuit.
2		Provides an effective date of July 1, 2011

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An act relating to the state judicial system; creating the Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan; prescribing the purpose of the plan; providing for performance goals for each judicial circuit; authorizing financial awards to judges based on the performance of the circuit in meeting the goals; amending s. 27.511, F.S.; authorizing each office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel to create a direct-support organization; prescribing requirements related to the creation and operation of the direct-support organization; amending s. 27.5304, F.S.; authorizing the Office of the State Courts Administrator to pay private court-appointed counsel if a court orders payment above specified flat-fee amounts; providing for a portion of such payments to be paid from funds appropriated to the office for that purpose; amending s. 28.37, F.S.; deleting a provision requiring clerks of court to deposit certain fine revenue into the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; requiring the clerk of court and the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation to submit reports on local traffic assessments in an electronic format; providing an effective date.

A bill to be entitled

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. <u>Judicial Caseload Incentive Plan.</u>
(1) PURPOSE.—There is created the Judicial Caseload

Incentive Plan, the purpose of which is to promote the efficient processing and disposition of cases and reduce costs in the state courts system by allowing each judge within a judicial circuit to earn a nonrecurring award based on the circuit meeting performance goals for the number of cases disposed.

- (2) PERFORMANCE GOALS.—The Legislature shall prescribe in the General Appropriations Act four annual performance goals for each judicial circuit, with one goal for each of the following categories of activities:
- (a) Circuit criminal dispositions.—This category includes circuit criminal dispositions, circuit reopened cases, and circuit special proceedings.
- (b) County criminal dispositions.—This category includes county criminal dispositions, county criminal reopened cases, traffic criminal cases, and county special proceedings.
- (c) Circuit civil dispositions.—This category includes family dispositions, family reopened cases, circuit civil dispositions, circuit civil reopened cases, county appeals, probate proceedings, and probate reopened cases.
- (d) County civil dispositions.—This category includes county civil dispositions, county civil reopened cases, and traffic civil dispositions.

The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall calculate the performance of a circuit toward its performance goal by using the definitions applicable to the state reporting system and data collected from the clerks of court.

- (3) AWARDS.—
- (a) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall

collect data to determine if a circuit meets all four performance goals for a quarter. The office:

- 1. Shall evaluate performance within each goal separately; and
 - 2. May not consider performance data from prior quarters.
- (b)1. If the office determines that a circuit meets all four performance goals for a quarter, each circuit judge in the circuit shall receive an award for that quarter equal to \$3,000, and each county judge in the circuit shall receive an award for that quarter equal to \$2,820. If a judge takes office during the quarter for which the circuit meets its quarterly goals, the office shall prorate the judge's award based on his or her time in service.
- 2. A circuit or county judge may not receive more than one full award per quarter.
- 3. An award under this section is contingent upon the appropriation of, and shall be paid from, funds in the General Appropriations Act.
- (4) REPORTS.—Within 30 days after the end of each quarter, the Office of the State Courts Administrator shall report electronically to the chairs of the appropriations committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives the progress for each circuit in meeting performance goals for the quarter.
- Section 2. Subsection (10) is added to section 27.511, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 27.511 Offices of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel; legislative intent; qualifications; appointment; duties.—
 - (10) Each office of criminal conflict and civil regional

counsel may create a direct-support organization.

- (a) The direct-support organization must be registered in this state as a nonprofit corporation under chapter 617. The direct-support organization shall be exempt from the filing fees under s. 617.0122.
- (b) The direct-support organization shall be organized and operated to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of moneys; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, real or personal; and make expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel.
- (c) The direct-support organization shall operate under a written contract with the regional counsel. The written contract must, at a minimum, provide for:
- 1. Approval of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the direct-support organization by the regional counsel.
- 2. Submission of an annual budget for the approval by the regional counsel.
- 3. The reversion without penalty to the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, or to the state if the office ceases to exist, of all moneys and property held in trust by the direct-support organization for the office if the direct-support organization ceases to exist or if the contract is terminated.
- 4. The fiscal year of the direct-support organization, which must begin July 1 of each year and end June 30 of the following year.

- 5. The disclosure of material provisions of the contract and the distinction between the regional counsel and the direct-support organization to donors of gifts, contributions, or bequests, as well as on all promotional and fundraising publications.
- (d) If the regional counsel determines that the directsupport organization is operating in a manner that is
 inconsistent with the goals and purposes of the office of
 criminal conflict and civil regional counsel or is not acting in
 the best interest of the state, the regional counsel may
 terminate the contract, and thereafter the organization may not
 use the name of the office.
- (e) The regional counsel shall appoint a board of directors for the direct-support organization. The regional counsel may designate employees of the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel to serve on the board of directors. Members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the regional counsel.
 - (f) The regional counsel:
- 1. May authorize the use of facilities and property other than money which are owned by the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel to be used by the direct-support organization.
- 2. May authorize the use of personnel services provided by employees of the office.
- 3. May prescribe the conditions by which the direct-support organization may use property, facilities, or personnel services of the office.
- 4. May not authorize the use of property, facilities, or personnel services of the direct-support organization if the

organization does not provide equal employment opportunities to
all persons, regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or
national origin.

- For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "personnel services" includes full-time personnel and part-time personnel as well as payroll processing.
- (g) Moneys of the direct-support organization may be held in a depository account in the name of the direct-support organization which is separate from the accounts of the office, but which is subject to the provisions of the contract with the regional counsel.
- (h) The direct-support organization shall provide for an annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981.
- (i) The direct-support organization may not exercise any power under s. 617.0302(12) or (16). A state employee may not receive compensation from the direct-support organization for service on the board of directors or for services rendered to the direct-support organization.
- Section 3. Subsections (1) and (12) of section 27.5304, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 27.5304 Private court-appointed counsel; compensation.
- (1) Private court-appointed counsel shall be compensated by the Justice Administrative Commission and the Office of the State Courts Administrator as provided in this section and the General Appropriations Act. The flat fees prescribed in this section are limitations on compensation. The specific flat fee amounts for compensation shall be established annually in the General Appropriations Act. The attorney also shall be

reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses in accordance with s. 29.007. If the attorney is representing a defendant charged with more than one offense in the same case, the attorney shall be compensated at the rate provided for the most serious offense for which he or she represented the defendant. This section does not allow stacking of the fee limits established by this section.

- (12) The Legislature recognizes that on rare occasions an attorney may receive a case that requires extraordinary and unusual effort.
- (a) If counsel seeks compensation that exceeds the limits prescribed under this section and the General Appropriations Act, he or she must file a motion with the chief judge for an order approving payment of attorney's fees in excess of these limits.
- 1. Prior to filing the motion, the counsel shall deliver a copy of the intended billing, together with supporting affidavits and all other necessary documentation, to the Justice Administrative Commission.
- 2. The Office of the State Courts Administrator Justice Administrative Commission shall review the billings, affidavit, and documentation for completeness and compliance with contractual and statutory requirements. If the State Courts Administrator Justice Administrative Commission objects to any portion of the proposed billing, the objection and reasons therefor shall be communicated in writing to the private courtappointed counsel. The counsel may thereafter file his or her motion, which must specify whether the State Courts

 Administrator commission objects to any portion of the billing

or the sufficiency of documentation, and shall attach the commission's letter stating its objection.

- (b) Following receipt of the motion to exceed the fee limits, the chief judge or a designee shall hold an evidentiary hearing.
- 1. At the hearing, the attorney seeking compensation must prove by competent and substantial evidence that the case required extraordinary and unusual efforts. The chief judge or designee shall consider criteria such as the number of witnesses, the complexity of the factual and legal issues, and the length of trial. The fact that a trial was conducted in a case does not, by itself, constitute competent substantial evidence of an extraordinary and unusual effort. In a criminal case, relief under this section may not be granted if the number of work hours does not exceed 75 or the number of the state's witnesses deposed does not exceed 20.
- 2. The chief judge or designee shall enter a written order detailing his or her findings and identifying the extraordinary nature of the time and efforts of the attorney in the case which warrant exceeding the flat fee established by this section and the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) A copy of the motion and attachments shall be served on the Justice Administrative Commission at least 5 business days prior to the date of a hearing. The Justice Administrative Commission shall have standing to appear before the court, including at the hearing under paragraph (b), to contest any motion for an order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses and may participate in a hearing on the motion by use of telephonic or other communication equipment

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unless ordered otherwise. The Justice Administrative Commission may contract with other public or private entities or individuals to appear before the court for the purpose of contesting any motion for an order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses. The fact that the Justice Administrative Commission has not objected to any portion of the billing or to the sufficiency of the documentation is not binding on the court.

(c) (d) If the chief judge or designee finds that counsel has proved by competent and substantial evidence that the case required extraordinary and unusual efforts, the chief judge or designee shall order the compensation to be paid to the attorney at a percentage above the flat fee rate, depending on the extent of the unusual and extraordinary effort required. The percentage shall be only the rate necessary to ensure that the fees paid are not confiscatory under common law. The percentage may not exceed 200 percent of the established flat fee, absent a specific finding that 200 percent of the flat fee in the case would be confiscatory. If the chief judge or designee determines that 200 percent of the flat fee would be confiscatory, he or she shall order the amount of compensation using an hourly rate not to exceed \$75 per hour for a noncapital case and \$100 per hour for a capital case. However, the compensation calculated by using the hourly rate shall be only that amount necessary to ensure that the total fees paid are not confiscatory.

(d) (e) Any order granting relief under this subsection must be attached to the final request for a payment submitted to the Office of the State Courts Administrator Justice Administrative Commission.

(e) (f) The Justice Administrative Commission shall provide to the Office of the State Courts Administrator data concerning the number of cases approved for compensation in excess of the limitation and the amount of these awards by circuit and by judge. The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall report the number of cases paid and the amount paid per case by circuit data quarterly to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and the chief judge of each circuit.

(f) The portion of compensation paid to private courtappointed counsel under this subsection which exceeds the compensation limits prescribed elsewhere under this section and the General Appropriations Act shall be paid from funds appropriated to the Office of the State Courts Administrator for this purpose.

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 28.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.37 Fines, fees, service charges, and costs remitted to the state.—

(2) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 28.241 and 34.041, all court-related fines, fees, service charges, and costs are considered state funds and shall be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission.

However, 10 percent of all court-related fines collected by the clerk shall be deposited into the clerk's Public Records

Modernization Trust Fund to be used exclusively for additional clerk court-related operational needs and program enhancements.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of section

291 318.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:

(13)

(b) A county may impose a surcharge under subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph(a)2., or subparagraph(a)3., but may not impose more than one surcharge under this subsection. A county may elect to impose a different authorized surcharge but may not impose more than one surcharge at a time. The clerk of court shall report, no later than 30 days after the end of the quarter, the amount of funds collected under this subsection during each quarter of the fiscal year. The clerk shall submit the report, in an electronic a format developed by the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation Office of State Courts Administrator, to the chief judge of the circuit and the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation. The corporation shall submit the report in an electronic format to, the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the board of county commissioners.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

2011 Implementing Bill

Chapter 2010-	2011			2011
153 section #	Senate			KEEP/DELETE/
	Bill			NEW (insert
	Secion	HISTORY	Description	row if new)
			minal and Civil Justice Appropriations	
4	4	2010-153(4)	DOC/DJJ/IMPACT COSTS PAID TO LOCAL GOVT. Provides that the	KEEP
		2009-82(2),	Department of Corrections and the Department of Juvenile Justice may expend	
		2008-153(7),	appropriated funds to assist in defraying the costs of impacts that are incurred by	
		2007-73(6),	a municipality or county and associated with opening or operating a facility under	
		2006-26(6),	the authority of the respective department which is located within that municipality	
		2005-71(13),	or county. The amount that is to be paid under this section for any facility may not	
		2004-269(23)	exceed 1 percent of the facility construction cost, less building impact fees	
		2003-399(32)	imposed by the municipality or by the county if the facility is located in the	
		2002-402(21)	unincorporated portion of the county.	
		2001-254(27)		
		2000-171(32)		
		99-228(21)		
_		98-046(17)	DOOLO HO FOT MEN BOOKTONO O A A LA CACAGO FO A HARA	LEED
5	5	2010-153(5)	DOC/CJIC EST./NEW POSITIONS & \$. Amends s. 216.262, F.S. to allow the	KEEP
		2009-82(3),	Executive Office of the Governor (EOG) to request additional positions and	
		2008-153(8),	appropriations from unallocated general revenue during the 2011-2012 fiscal year	
		2007-73(7),	for the Department of Corrections (DOC) if the actual inmate population of the	
		2006-26(7),	Department of Corrections exceeds the inmate population projections of the	
		2005-71(14),	February 21, 2011 Criminal Justice Estimating Conference by 1 percent for 2	
		2004-269(24),	consecutive months or 2 percent for any month. The additional positions and	
		2003-399(35),	appropriations may be used for essential staff, fixed capital improvements, and	
		2002-402(25)	other resources to provide classification, security, food services, health services,	
		2001-254(28)	and other variable expenses within the institutions to accommodate the estimated	
		2000-171(38)	increase in the inmate population, and must be approved by the Legislative	
6	6	2010-153(6)	Budget Commission. DLA/PAY SALARIES WITH EXCESS CASH. Authorizes the Department of	KEEP
0	U	2009-82(5)	Legal Affairs to transfer cash remaining after required disbursements from	INLLF
		2008-153(12)	specified Attorney General cases to the Operating Trust Fund to pay salaries and	
		2000 100(12)	benefits.	
7	7	2010-153(7)	DEPARTMENT OF LEGAL AFFAIRS. Authorizes DLA to expend appropriated	KEEP
•	•	2009-82(4)	funds in those specific appropriations on the same programs that were funded by	
		2008-153(9),	the department pursuant to specific appropriations made in general	
		2007-73(9),	appropriations acts in prior years.	
		2006-26(9),	appropriations and in prior years.	
		2005-71(18)		
8	8	2010-153(8)	MUNICIPALITIES/REPAY GEN. FUND. Amends s. 932.7055, F.S. to extend for	KEEP
		2009-82(7),	another year the authorization for a municipality to expend funds in a special law	
		2008-153(10),	enforcement trust fund to reimburse the general fund of the municipality for	
		2007-73(10),	moneys advanced from the general fund to the special law enforcement trust fund	
		2006-26(11),	prior to October 1, 2001.	
		2005-71(19)		
		2003-399(37)		
		2002-402(26)		
11	9	2010-153(11)	DJJ/MEDICARE. Provides limitation on DJJ reimbursements for health care	KEEP
			services to 110 percent of Medicare allowable rates.	
12	10	2010-153(12)	MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION TRUST FUND. Amends s. 44.108, F.S. to	KEEP
			authorize trust fund to be used as specified in GAA.	
	11	2009-10	TRUST FUND LOAN FOR STATE COURTS. Allow the Chief Justice to request	NEW
			a loan from unallocated GR when the revenues received in the State Courts	
			Revenue Trust Fund equal 98% or less than the offical revenue estimate.	
	12		JUDGE CASELOAD INCENTIVE PLAN. Creates the Judicial Caseload	NEW
			Incentive Plan whereby judges in a circuit that meets certain performance goals	
			will receive a non-recurring award.	