The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

COMMERCE AND TOURISM Senator Detert, Chair Senator Abruzzo, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 17, 2014

TIME: 4:30 —6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Toni Jennings Committee Room, 110 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Detert, Chair; Senator Abruzzo, Vice Chair; Senators Bean, Hays, Hukill, Margolis, Richter,

Ring, Simpson, Stargel, and Thompson

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
IAD	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	CS/SB 136 Transportation / Ring (Similar CS/H 3)	Freight Logistics Zones; Defining the term "freight logistics zone"; authorizing a county, or two or more contiguous counties, to designate a geographic area or areas within its jurisdiction as a freight logistics zone; requiring the adoption of a strategic plan that must include certain information; providing that certain projects within freight logistics zones may be eligible for priority in state funding and certain incentive programs; providing evaluation criteria for freight logistics zones, etc. TR 11/07/2013 Fav/CS CM 03/17/2014 Favorable ATD AP	Favorable Yeas 11 Nays 0
2	SB 970 Hays (Compare CS/H 873, CS/CS/H 7015, CS/S 860)	Employment of Veterans; Authorizing a private employer to give priority in its hiring practices to certain wartime veterans and spouses of service-disabled veterans, etc.	Temporarily Postponed
		MS 03/05/2014 Favorable CM 03/17/2014 Temporarily Postponed	
3	SB 1150 Bean (Identical H 1223)	Medical Tourism; Requiring Enterprise Florida, Inc., to collaborate with the Department of Economic Opportunity to market this state as a health care destination; requiring the Division of Tourism Marketing to include in its 4-year plan a discussion of the promotion of medical tourism; requiring the plan to promote national and international awareness of the qualifications, scope of services, and specialized expertise of health care providers in this state and to include an initiative to showcase qualified health care providers, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 10 Nays 0
		CM 03/17/2014 Fav/CS HP AP	

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Commerce and Tourism Monday, March 17, 2014, 4:30 —6:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	SB 1184 Brandes (Similar CS/CS/H 185, Compare CS/S 1272)	Self-service Gasoline Stations; Requiring full-service gasoline stations offering self-service at a lesser cost to display an additional decal; requiring the decal to contain certain information; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to adopt rules to implement and enforce this requirement; providing for preemption of local regulations pertaining to fueling assistance for certain motor vehicle operators, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 11 Nays 0
		CM 03/17/2014 Fav/CS AG AP	
5	SB 1556 Simpson (Similar CS/CS/H 489, CS/S 1032)	Mineral Rights; Requiring a seller to provide a prospective purchaser with a mineral rights disclosure summary; requiring the disclosure summary to be included in the contract for sale or attached to the contract for sale; defining the term "mineral rights", etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 10 Nays 0
		CM 03/17/2014 Fav/CS JU	
6	SB 1654 Appropriations (Similar H 7081)	Tax Administration; Providing that charges for the storage of towed vehicles that are impounded by a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency are not taxable; providing monetary and criminal penalties for a dealer's willful failure to collect certain taxes or fees after receiving notice of such duty to collect from the Department of Revenue; subjecting a person to criminal penalties and monetary penalties for knowingly selling or engaging in certain other actions involving a sales suppression device or phantomware, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 11 Nays 0
		CM 03/17/2014 Fav/CS	
TAB	OFFICE and APPOINTMENT (HOM	E CITY) FOR TERM ENDING	COMMITTEE ACTION
	Senate Confirmation Hearing: A punamed executive appointment to the	ublic hearing will be held for consideration of the below-office indicated.	
7	Executive Director, Department of	,	December of October
7	Panuccio, Jesse (Tallahassee)	Pleasure of Governor	Recommend Confirm Yeas 11 Nays 0

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Commerce and Tourism Monday, March 17, 2014, 4:30 —6:00 p.m.

TAB BILL NO. and INTRODUCER BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS

COMMITTEE ACTION

An electronic copy of the Appearance Request form is available to download from any Senate committee page on the Senate's website, www.flsenate.gov

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared B	By: The Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and Tourism
BILL:	CS/SB 13	6		
INTRODUCER:	Transporta	ation Committee and Sen	nator Ring	
SUBJECT:	Freight Lo	ogistics Zones		
DATE:	March 14,	2014 REVISED:		
ANA	LYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Price		Eichin	TR	Fav/CS
1. 11100		** *** *	C) (
		Hrdlicka	CM	Favorable
		Hrdlicka	ATD	Favorable

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 136 allows a county or counties to designate a "freight logistics zone," which is defined as a grouping of activities and infrastructure associated with freight transportation and related services within a defined area around an intermodal logistics center. The county or counties must adopt a strategic plan that includes a map depicting the geographic area or areas of the zone and identifies existing infrastructure and resources within or near the zone.

A project within a zone may be eligible for priority funding or incentives from state economic development programs under parts I, III, and V of ch. 288, F.S. Eligibility for priority status will be based on an evaluation of the project.

II. Present Situation:

The Florida Department of Transportation

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) is pursuing a goal to develop a coordinated multi-modal transportation system for freight movement in Florida. It recently established the Office of Freight, Logistics, and Passenger Operations to emphasize freight mobility through the

development and implementation of a freight planning process that maximizes the use of the existing government- and privately-owned transportation resources.¹

Freight Mobility and Trade Plan

The Legislature in 2012, emphasized the importance of freight mobility to the state's economic growth by directing the FDOT to develop a Freight Mobility and Trade Plan by July 1, 2013.² The plan will assist in making freight mobility investments that contribute to the economic growth of the state and enhance the integration of the transportation system between transportation modes throughout the state.³ The plan must propose transportation-related policies and investments that promote:

- The flow of trade through the state's seaports and airports and recapture cargo shipped through seaports and airports in other states;
- The development of intermodal logistic centers in the state;
- The development of manufacturing industries in the state; and
- The implementation of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, and propane energy policies that reduce transportation costs for businesses and residents in the state.⁴

The FDOT must also emphasize freight issues and needs in all appropriate transportation plans.⁵

Intermodal Logistics Center Infrastructure Program

Additionally, in 2012, the Legislature created the Intermodal Logistics Center Infrastructure Program⁶ within the FDOT to provide funds for roads, rail facilities, or other means for the shipment of goods through a seaport.⁷ The FDOT must provide up to \$5 million annually for the program and must include projects the program proposes to fund in its tentative work program, which is developed to allocate state and federal funding for transportation related projects.⁸ In selecting a project for funding, the FDOT must consider a number of statutory criteria and consult with the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO).⁹ The FDOT must fund up to 50 percent of project costs for selected projects.¹⁰

¹ FDOT, Office of Freight Logistics and Passenger Operations, *available at* http://www.dot.state.fl.us/multimodal/ (last visited Mar. 12, 2014).

² Chapter 2012-174, s. 23, L.O.F.; s. 334.044(33), F.S.

³ Section 334.044(33), F.S.; *See also* Florida Logistics website, *available at* http://www.freightmovesflorida.com/ (last visited Mar. 14, 2014).

⁴ *Id.* at (a).

⁵ *Id.* at (b)

⁶ Section 311.101(2), F.S., defines "intermodal logistics center" as a "facility or group of facilities serving as a point of intermodal transfer of freight in a specific area physically separated from a seaport where activities relating to transport, logistics, goods distribution, consolidation, or value-added activities are carried out and whose activities and services are designed to support or be supported by conveyance of shipping through one or more [of Florida's 17 seaports]."

⁷ Chapter 2012-174, s. 12, L.O.F.; s. 311.101(1), F.S.

⁸ See s. 339.135(4), F.S.

⁹ Section 311.101(3),(4), F.S.

¹⁰ *Id.* at (6).

Strategic Intermodal System

Lastly, in 2012, the Legislature required the FDOT Secretary to designate a planned facility as part of the Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) upon the request of the facility. A requesting facility must meet the criteria established by the FDOT; meet the definition of "intermodal logistics center;" and must have been designated in a local comprehensive plan or local government development order as an intermodal logistics center or equivalent planning term. Designation as part of the SIS makes the facility eligible to receive funding for transportation capacity improvements.

Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21)

At the federal level, in 2012, the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act recommended that states develop plans for the immediate and long-range planning activities and investments of the state with respect to freight. ¹⁵ The act also provides up to 95 percent federal matching funds for certain projects that are identified in state freight plans and that improve the movement of freight. ¹⁶

Economic Development Incentive Programs, Ch. 288, F.S.

Part I: General Provisions

Current law provides a number of economic development incentives in various forms, including tax refunds, tax credits, tax exemptions, cash grants, and infrastructure funding. The most frequently utilized incentives include the qualified target industry tax refund, quick action closing fund, brownfield redevelopment bonus refund, high impact performance incentive grant, and quick response training. These incentives are administered by the DEO and are generally designed to promote job creation within certain target industries in Florida; accordingly, awards for these incentives are based on job creation, wage, and economic benefit (return on investment) projections for each entity that applies for the incentives. Additionally, recipient businesses are generally contractually required to meet specific milestones before incentive payments begin.

Part III: Foreign Trade Zones

Part III of ch. 288, F.S., authorizes any corporation or government agency to apply to the federal government to establish a foreign trade zone in or adjacent to a port of entry of the United States

¹¹ Chapter 2012-174, s. 58, L.O.F.; s. 339.63(5), F.S.

¹² Supra note 6.

¹³ Section 339.63(5), F.S.

¹⁴ See s. 339.61(1), F.S.

¹⁵ P.L. 112-141, s. 1118 (July 6, 2012).

¹⁶ *Id.* at s. 1116.

¹⁷ Section 288.106, F.S.

¹⁸ Section 288.1088, F.S.

¹⁹ Section 288.107, F.S.

²⁰ Section 288.108, F.S.

²¹ Section 288.047, F.S. For a general description of these programs and their award and performance history *see* DEO and Enterprise Florida, Inc., *2013 Annual Incentives Report* (Dec. 30, 2013) *available at* http://www.floridajobs.org/business/EDP/EconomicDevelopmentIncentivesReport.pdf (last visited Mar. 13, 2014).

pursuant to the Foreign Trade Zones Act of 1934. A foreign trade zone is a designated location where U.S.-based companies can take advantage of special procedures that delay, avoid, or reduce duties, quotas, or certain ad valorem taxes on merchandise held in the zone.²² These advantages are designed to lower the costs of U.S.-based businesses that are engaged in international trade.²³

There are currently 20 foreign trade zones in Florida, each of which is managed by a local government entity.²⁴ Beyond the authority to establish and operate a zone in accordance with federal law, part III of ch. 288, F.S., does not contain any state-level economic development incentives specifically for projects located in a foreign trade zone.

Part V: Export Finance

Part V of ch. 288, F.S., creates the Florida Export Finance Corporation (FEFC), a not-for-profit corporation, to help small and medium-sized Florida businesses expand international trade and job opportunities for Florida's workforce. While the FEFC provides information and technical and consulting assistance to certain small and medium-sized Florida exporters, its primary service is through providing loan guarantees for exported goods. The FEFC will guarantee a loan to an exporter only after a commercial lender has denied an exporter's loan request. The maximum amount of guarantee the FEFC will provide is \$500,000 and may not exceed 90 percent of the value of the loan.²⁵

The FEFC is also a member of the city/state program of the Export-Import Bank of the United States and offers Florida exporters access to U.S. government export assistance programs offered by the Ex-Im Bank and the SBA.²⁶

Beyond loan guarantees for small and medium-sized exporters and access to U.S. government export assistance programs, the FEFC does not provide any business incentives under part V of ch. 288, F.S.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 creates s. 311.103, F.S., to provide for the designation of freight logistics zones in Florida. A "freight logistics zone" is defined as a grouping of activities and infrastructure associated with freight transportation and related services within a defined area around an intermodal logistics center as defined in s. 311.101(2), F.S.²⁷ A county, or two or more contiguous counties, is authorized to designate one or more geographic areas within its jurisdiction as a zone. The bill does not limit the size, number, or scope of the geographic areas that may be designated as zones.

²² U.S. International Trade Administration, U.S. Foreign Trade Zones, *What is a Foreign-Trade Zone?*, *available at* http://enforcement.trade.gov/ftzpage/info/zone.html (last visited Mar. 13, 2014).

²³ Seminole County, Economic Development, *Foreign Trade Zones*, *available at* http://www.seminolecountyfl.gov/ecodev/ftz.aspx (last visited Mar. 13, 2014).

²⁴ U.S. International Trade Administration, U.S. Foreign Trade Zones, *available at* http://enforcement.trade.gov/ftzpage/letters/ftzlist-map.html#florida (last visited Mar. 13, 2013).

²⁵ DEO and Enterprise Florida, Inc., 2013 Annual Incentives Report at 72.

²⁶ *Id.* at 75.

²⁷ Supra note 6.

A strategic plan adopted by the county or counties must accompany the designation and must include a map depicting the geographic area or areas to be included within the designation. The strategic plan must also identify:

- Existing or planned freight facilities or logistics clusters within the zone;
- Existing transportation infrastructure and workforce availability within or near the zone;
- Any public workforce training providers available for a business seeking to locate or expand within the zone;
- Any local, state, or federal freight movement plans within or near the zone; and
- Local government incentives to encourage new or expanding development or redevelopment within the zone.

Lastly, the strategic plan must include documentation that it is consistent with local government comprehensive plans and, if necessary, long-range transportation plans of a metropolitan planning organization.

A project within a zone that is consistent with the FDOT's Freight and Mobility Trade Plan may be eligible for priority in state funding and incentive programs relating to zones, including applicable programs identified in parts I, III, and V of ch. 288, F.S. Current incentives under part I of ch. 288, F.S., do not provide a system of priority treatment to determine incentive awards. As explained in the Present Situation above, incentive awards are determined based on job creation, wage, and economic benefit calculations for each project. Additionally, neither foreign trade zones under part III of ch. 288, F.S., nor the FEFC under part V of ch. 288, F.S., provide state-level development incentives or funding beyond the loan guarantee program for exporters by the FEFC. The priority status of a project in a zone as provided in the bill, will likely be inapplicable for any federal government funding or incentives provided through foreign trade zones or the FEFC.

To determine funding or incentive program eligibility, a project within a zone will be evaluated based on the following criteria:

- The presence of an existing or planned intermodal logistics center within the zone.
- Whether the project serves a strategic state interest.
- Whether the project facilitates the cost-effective and efficient movement of goods.
- The extent to which the project contributes to economic activity.
- The extent to which the project efficiently interacts with and supports the transportation network.
- The amount of investment or commitments made by the owner or developer of the existing or proposed facility.
- The extent to which the county or counties have commitments with private sector businesses planning to locate operations with the zone.
- Demonstrated local financial support and commitment to the project.

It is unclear how the bill will be administered. For example, the bill does not indicate which state agency or department will evaluate projects to determine whether the project will receive priority for funding or incentives. Presumably, once a project in a zone meets eligibility requirements under any of the incentive or funding programs in parts I, III, and V of ch. 288, F.S., and also

meets the criteria for evaluating projects described above, priority of that project over other projects not within an zone is authorized. However, once a pool of eligible projects within zones is identified, no process for prioritizing projects within the pool is provided in the bill.

Section 2 provides an effective date of July 1, 2014.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

Indeterminate.

B. Private Sector Impact:

A business located in a zone may be eligible for priority in state funding and incentives programs related to zones. With respect to programs under part I of ch. 288, F.S., a business may be required to meet the evaluation criteria established under the bill in addition to the particular funding or incentive program's requirements under part I of ch. 288, F.S.

Additionally, the FDOT indicated that projects within zones may be given priority consideration for funding during the development of the Five-Year Tentative Work Program.²⁸

The bill may also promote growth of the freight industry and related businesses.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The impact on state agencies is indeterminate because the responsibility of the FDOT or the DEO in implementing or administering the bill is uncertain.

The bill may further the development of a coordinated multi-modal transportation system for freight movement in Florida, thereby facilitating statewide economic development.

²⁸ FDOT, Agency Analysis of SB 136, 4 (Oct. 9, 2013) (on file with the Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

Counties that choose to designate freight logistics zones will incur expenses, in unknown amounts, associated with creating strategic plans and designating freight logistics zones. Local government financial support and commitment, in unknown amounts, are to be identified in the required strategic plans.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 311.103 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Transportation on November 7, 2013:

The bill authorizes designation of a geographic area or areas as a zone. Once designated, projects within the zone are to be evaluated under specified criteria. The CS clarifies that evaluation criteria applies to "projects within a designated freight logistics zone," rather than "projects for designation as a freight logistics zone."

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2014 CS for SB 136

By the Committee on Transportation; and Senator Ring

596-00649-14 2014136c1

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to freight logistics zones; creating
s. 311.103, F.S.; defining the term "freight logistics
zone"; authorizing a county, or two or more contiguous
counties, to designate a geographic area or areas
within its jurisdiction as a freight logistics zone;
requiring the adoption of a strategic plan that must
include certain information; providing that certain
projects within freight logistics zones may be
eligible for priority in state funding and certain
incentive programs; providing evaluation criteria for
freight logistics zones; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 311.103, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

311.103 Designation of state freight logistics zones.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "freight logistics zone" means a grouping of activities and infrastructure associated with freight transportation and related services within a defined area around an intermodal logistics center as defined in s. 311.101(2).
- (2) A county, or two or more contiguous counties, may designate a geographic area or areas within its jurisdiction as a freight logistics zone. The designation must be accompanied by a strategic plan adopted by the county or counties. At a minimum, the strategic plan must include, but is not limited to:

 (a) A map depicting the geographic area or areas to be

Page 1 of 3

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2014 CS for SB 136

	596-00649-14 2014136C1
30	included within the designation.
31	(b) Identification of the existing or planned freight
32	facilities or logistics clusters located within the proposed
33	freight logistics zone.
34	(c) Identification of existing transportation
35	infrastructure, such as roads, rail, airports, and seaports,
36	within or in close proximity to the proposed freight logistics
37	zone.
38	(d) Identification of existing workforce availability
39	within or in close proximity to the proposed freight logistics
40	zone.
41	(e) Identification of any local, state, or federal
42	workforce training capabilities available for a business seeking
43	to locate or expand within the proposed freight logistics zone.
44	(f) Identification of any local, state, or federal plans,
45	including transportation, seaport, or airport plans, concerning
46	the movement of freight within or in close proximity to the
47	<pre>proposed freight logistics zone.</pre>
48	(g) Identification of financial or other local government
49	incentives to encourage new development, expansion of existing
50	development, or redevelopment within the proposed freight
51	<u>logistics zone.</u>
52	(h) Documentation that the plan is consistent with
53	applicable local government comprehensive plans and adopted
54	long-range transportation plans of a metropolitan planning
55	organization, where applicable.
56	(3) A project within a freight logistics zone designated
57	pursuant to this section which is consistent with the Freight
58	Mobility and Trade Plan developed in accordance with s.

Page 2 of 3

Florida Senate - 2014 CS for SB 136

	596-00649-14 2014136c1
9	334.044(33) may be eligible for priority in state funding and
0	incentive programs relating to freight logistics zones,
51	including applicable programs identified in parts I, III, and ${\tt V}$
52	of chapter 288.
3	(4) When evaluating projects within a designated freight
4	logistics zone to determine funding or incentive program
55	eligibility under this section, consideration must be given to
6	all of the following:
7	(a) The presence of an existing or planned intermodal
8	logistics center within the freight logistics zone.
9	(b) Whether the project serves a strategic state interest.
0	(c) Whether the project facilitates the cost-effective and
1	efficient movement of goods.
2	(d) The extent to which the project contributes to economic
3	activity, including job creation, increased wages, and revenues.
4	(e) The extent to which the project efficiently interacts
5	with and supports the transportation network.
6	(f) The amount of investment or commitments made by the
7	owner or developer of the existing or proposed facility.
8	(g) The extent to which the county or counties have
9	commitments with private sector businesses planning to locate
0	operations within the freight logistics zone.
31	(h) Demonstrated local financial support and commitment to
32	the project.
3	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Governmental Oversight and Accountability, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Finance and Tax, Vice Chair Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development
Banking and Insurance
Commerce and Tourism
Judiciary
Rules

JOINT COMMITTEE:

Joint Legislative Auditing Committee

SENATOR JEREMY RING 29th District

November 8, 2013

Honorable Senator Nancy C. Detert 416 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Fl 32399

Dear Chairwoman Detert,

I am writing to respectfully request your cooperation in placing Senate Bill 136, relating to Freight Logistic Zones on the Commerce and Tourism agenda at your earliest convenience. I would greatly appreciate the opportunity to discuss the bill at greater length before your committee.

Thank you in advance for your assistance. As always, please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions or comments you may have.

Very Truly Yours,

Juny Ring

Jeremy Ring Senator District 29

cc:Jennifer Hrdlicka

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional $3/17/2014$	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	
Topic Freight Logistics Zones	Bill Number 136
Name Leticia M Adams	Amendment Barcode(if applicable)
Job Title Senior Policy Director	
Address 136 South Bronough Street	Phone 850-544-6866
Tallahassee FL 32301	E-mail ladams@flchamber.com
City State Zip	
Speaking: ✓ For Against Information	
Representing Florida Chamber of Commerce	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes VINo Lobbyist	st registered with Legislature: 【✔】Yes [】No

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

Lobbyist registered with Legislature: [] Yes 🚺 No	Lobbyis	No	Appearing at request of Chair: Mes Vo	at request of	Appearing a
		S	JUSTICE-2-JESUS	enting	Representing
		✓ Information	Against	For	Speaking:
E-mail_JUSTICE2JESUS@YAHOO.COM	33705 ^{Zip}	FLORIDA	ERSBURG	SAINT PETERSBURG	Ωι β
Phone 727-897-9291		子	1119 NEWTON AVNUE SOUTH	1119 NEWI	Address
і) аррісавів)				TRUSTEE	Job Title
Amendment Barcode			TS	BRIAN PITTS	Name
Bill Number 136					Topic
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	or Senate Professi	this form to the Senator	(Deliver BOTH copies of	31 171201 4 Meeting Date	311 Meeti

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	: The Prof	essional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and T	ourism
BILL:	SB 970					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Hay	/S				
SUBJECT:	Employmen	nt of Vete	erans			
DATE:	March 14, 2	014	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Ryon		Ryon		MS	Favorable	
2. Siples		Hrdlic	ka	CM	Pre-meeting	, ,

I. Summary:

SB 970 authorizes, but does not require, a private sector employer to establish a voluntary veterans' preference in employment process for an honorably discharged veteran or the spouse of a service-disabled veteran.

II. Present Situation:

In the United States there are over 21 million veterans, of which, over 1.5 million reside in Florida. Approximately 75 percent of Florida's veteran population are wartime veterans, including more than 231,000 veterans of the Afghanistan and Iraq wars and 498,000 Vietnam-era veterans. There are 187,000 military retirees who call Florida home. The national unemployment rate for nonveterans 18 and over for 2013 was 7.2 percent. The total unemployment rate among veterans was 6.6 percent for the same period; however, for those who have served in the armed forces during Gulf War era II, the unemployment rate was 9 percent.

For the purpose of obtaining state benefits, Florida law defines the term "veteran" to mean a person who has served in the active military and who has been honorably discharged or released

¹ U.S. Census Bureau, State & County Quick Facts, Florida, *available at* http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/states/12000.html (last visited Mar. 10, 2014).

² Florida Department of Veterans' Affairs, Fast Facts, *available at* http://floridavets.org/?page_id=50 (last visited on Mar. 10, 2014). Additionally, Florida is home to 160,000 women veterans, 164,000 World War II Veterans, and 249,000 disabled veterans.

³ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Data Retrieval: Labor Force Statistics (CPS), *available at* http://www.bls.gov/webapps/legacy/cpsatab5.htm (last visited Mar. 10, 2014). To retrieve this data, select total unemployment rate for nonveterans, 18 years and over.

⁴ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Data Retrieval: Labor Force Statistics (CPS), *available at* http://www.bls.gov/webapps/legacy/cpsatab5.htm (last visited Mar. 10, 2014). To retrieve this data, select the total unemployment rate for veterans, 18 years and over and the total unemployment rate for Gulf War-era II veterans. Gulf War era II includes veterans who served on active duty from September 2001 to present.

BILL: SB 970 Page 2

from active duty under honorable conditions.⁵ Additionally, Florida law defines "service-disabled veteran" to mean a permanent Florida resident with a service-connected disability, as determined by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, or who has been terminated from military service by reason of disability by the U.S. Department of Defense.⁶ A disability is determined to be service-connected if the disability was incurred or aggravated in the line of duty in the active military service.⁷ There are approximately 249,000 service-disabled veterans living in Florida.⁸

Florida has a large active-duty military population with more than 61,000 military personnel and 12,000 Florida National Guard members. Another 25,000 civilian personnel are directly associated with the military presence in Florida.⁹

Florida's military installations and defense businesses provide a \$73 billion annual economic impact, and account for more than 758,000 jobs in Florida, representing the third largest sector of the state economy after agriculture and tourism.¹⁰

Veterans' Preference in Public Employment

The federal government and nearly all of the states provide preference to veterans to address employment needs of veterans. The forms of veterans' preference vary, but generally pertain to preference in appointment, promotion, and retention, and provide additional employment protections not accorded to nonveterans.

The federal government provides preference over nonveterans in hiring and retention to an honorably discharged veteran who served on active duty during specified periods, served in a military campaign, has a service-connected disability, or is a Purple Heart recipient. Preference is also given to spouses, widows or widowers, and mothers of such individuals when the veteran is unable to use the preference.¹¹

Florida law requires all state government entities, counties, cities, towns, villages, special tax school districts, and special districts (government employers) to grant employment preference in hiring and retention¹² to the following persons:¹³

• A veteran with a service-connected disability;

⁵ Section 1.01(14), F.S.

⁶ Section 295.187(3)(b), F.S.

⁷ 38 U.S.C. s. 101(16).

⁸ See supra note 2.

⁹ Enterprise Florida, Inc. (EFI), *Florida Defense Factbook*, January 2013, *available at* http://www.floridadefense.org/documents/HAAS%20Study%202013/Factbook%202013%20FINAL.pdf (last visited on Mar. 10, 2014).

¹⁰ EFI, *Florida's Military Profile*, (Sept. 2013), *available at* http://www.enterpriseflorida.com/wpcontent/uploads/Military Install Map1.pdf (last visited Mar. 10, 2014).

¹¹ 5 U.S.C. s. 2108. See also Office of Personnel Management, Feds Hire Vets, Veterans' Preference, *available at* http://www.fedshirevets.gov/job/vetpref/index.aspx, and Family Member Preference (Derived Preference), *available at* http://www.fedshirevets.gov/job/familypref/index.aspx (last visited Mar. 12, 2014).

¹² Section 295.07(4)(b), F.S., exempts certain positions from the veterans' preference requirement such as persons employed on a temporary basis without benefits, heads of departments, positions that require licensure as a physician, and positions which require membership in the Florida Bar.

¹³ Section. 295.07(1)(a)-(d), F.S.

BILL: SB 970 Page 3

• The spouse of a veteran who has a permanent and total service-connected disability that prevents the veteran from qualifying for employment;

- The spouse of a military service member who is missing in action, was captured in the line of duty by a hostile force, or was forcibly detained or interned in the line of duty by a foreign government or power;
- A wartime veteran¹⁴ who was honorably discharged; and
- The unremarried widow or widower of a veteran who died as a result of a service-connected disability.

Florida's veterans' preference provisions define a tiered point system in which points (5 points or 10 points) are added to the final score of the examination used to determine qualification for employment.¹⁵ For positions in which an examination is not used to determine eligibility, first or second preference in appointment is provided to applicants depending on their status that qualifies them for veterans' preference.¹⁶

Unlike government employers, private employers in Florida are not required to comply with veterans' preference requirements.

Veterans' Preference in Private Employment

While the majority of states grant some form of employment preference to veterans in the public sector, private employers have been hesitant to favor veterans due to long-standing federal laws that prohibit discrimination in hiring.¹⁷ Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (act), as amended, prohibits veterans' preference in employment as unlawfully discriminatory due to the potential disparate impact on women.¹⁸ However, the act contains an exception that provides that veterans' preferences permitted pursuant to federal, state, or local law are not subject to challenge under Title VII.¹⁹

¹⁴ Section 1.01(14), F.S. To receive benefits as a wartime veteran, a veteran must have served in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign badge has been authorized or a veteran must have served during one of the following periods of wartime service: (a) Spanish-American War, including the Philippine Insurrection and the Boxer Rebellion; (b) Mexican Border Period; (c) World War I; (d) World War II; (e) Korean Conflict; (f) Vietnam Era; (g) Persian Gulf War; (h) Operation Enduring Freedom; and (i) Operation Iraqi Freedom.

¹⁵ Section 295.08, F.S. Ten points are given to an individual with a service-connected disability or the spouse of an individual with a service-connected disability or whose spouse is missing in action, captured in the line of duty by a hostile force, or forcibly detained or interned in the line of duty by a foreign government or power. Five points is given to an individual who is a wartime veteran or the unremarried widow or widower or a veteran who died as the result of a service-connected disability.

¹⁶ Section 295.085, F.S. An individual must meet the minimum qualifications for the position for which he or she is applying. First preference is given to an individual with a service-connected disability or the spouse of an individual with a service-connected disability or whose spouse is missing in action, captured in the line of duty by a hostile force, or forcibly detained or interned in the line of duty by a foreign government or power. Second preference is given to an individual who is a wartime veteran or the unremarried widow or widower or a veteran who died as the result of a service-connected disability.

¹⁷ Jennifer Schultz, National Conference of State Legislatures, *Giving Veterans Hiring Preference*, LegisBrief, Vol. 21, No. 46, (December 2013) (on file with the Senate Commerce and Tourism Committee).

¹⁸ U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, "Policy Guidance on Veterans' Preference under Title VII," Aug. 10, 1990, *available at* http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/veterans preference.html (last visited Mar. 10, 2014).

¹⁹ *Id.* 42 U.S.C. s. 2000e-11. However, the preference may be challenged when evidence shows disparate treatment in its application.

BILL: SB 970 Page 4

Since 2011, four states have enacted statutes that allow private employers to create voluntary veterans' preference policies: Washington, Minnesota, Arkansas, and North Dakota.²⁰

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 970 creates s. 295.188, F.S., to authorize, but not require, a private sector employer to establish a voluntary veterans' preference in employment for an honorably discharged veteran or the spouse of a service-disabled veteran. The bill also states that these provisions do not violate any state or local equal employment opportunity law.

The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2014.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Veteran or other persons authorized under this bill seeking employment may benefit from private employers who implement a plan that provides preferential treatment of veterans in hiring and retention practices.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

²⁰ See supra note 18.

BILL: SB 970 Page 5

V	/II.	R۵	lated	l lee	ues:
v	/ 	ne	iaiti	7 199	ucs.

None.

VIII. **Statutes Affected:**

This bill creates section 295.188 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. **Additional Information:**

A.

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Hays

	11-01022-14 2014970_
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to employment of veterans; creating s.
3	295.188, F.S.; authorizing a private employer to give
4	priority in its hiring practices to certain wartime
5	veterans and spouses of service-disabled veterans;
6	providing for applicability; providing an effective
7	date.
8	
9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
10	
11	Section 1. Section 295.188, Florida Statutes, is created to
12	read:
13	295.188 Employment of veterans.—
14	(1) A private employer may give priority in its hiring
15	<pre>practices to an eligible person who is:</pre>
16	(a) An honorably discharged veteran, as defined in s.
17	1.01(14); or
18	(b) The spouse of a service-disabled veteran, as defined in
19	s. 295.187(3)(b).
20	(2) This section does not violate any state or local equal
21	employment opportunity law.
22	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 1 of 1

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

SENATOR ALAN HAYS

11th District

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government, *Chair* Children, Families, and Elder Affairs, Vice Chair Governmental Oversight and Accountability, Vice Chair Appropriations Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Banking and Insurance

Commerce and Tourism JOINT COMMITTEES:

Joint Select Committee on Collective Bargaining, Joint Legislative Auditing Committee Joint Legislative Budget Commission

MEMORANDUM

Senator Nancy Detert, Chair

Commerce and Tourism Committee To:

CC: Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director

Patty Blackburn, Committee Administrative Assistant

Senator D. Alan Hays From:

Subject: Request to agenda SB 970 – Employment of Veterans

Date: March 6, 2014

I respectfully request that you agend the above referenced bill at your earliest convenience. If you have any questions regarding this legislation, I welcome the opportunity to meet with you one-on-one to discuss it in further detail. Thank you so much for your consideration of this request.

Sincerely,

D. Alan Hays, DMD

State Senator, District 11

D. allan Haip ones

REPLY TO:

☐ 871 South Central Avenue, Umatilla, Florida 32784-9290 (352) 742-6441

□ 320 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5011 □ 1104 Main Street, The Villages, Florida 32159 (352) 360-6739 FAX: (352) 360-6748

☐ 685 West Montrose Street, Suite 110, Clermont, Florida 34711 (352) 241-9344 FAX: (888) 263-3677

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By: T	he Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and	l Tourism
BILL:	CS/SB 1150				
INTRODUCER:	Commerce and	d Tourism Committe	e and Senator Be	ean	
SUBJECT:	Medical Touri	sm			
DATE:	March 17, 201	4 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Askey		Hrdlicka	CM	Fav/CS	
•			HP		
			AP		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 1150 directs Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation (Visit Florida) to promote medical tourism and market the state as a healthcare destination.

Visit Florida is required to include medical tourism in the 4-year marketing plan and showcase Florida providers. The bill allocates \$3.5 million annually from the appropriation for Visit Florida in the General Appropriations Act (GAA) for this purpose.

The bill also requires Visit Florida to create a matching grant program for local and regional economic development organizations to create targeted medical tourism marketing initiatives. The bill allocates \$1.5 million annually from the appropriation for Visit Florida in the GAA to be used for this purpose.

II. Present Situation:

Medical Tourism

Medical tourism is a term used to describe when consumers travel to receive medical treatment. Traditionally, the term meant to travel across international boundaries but consumer travel across state lines has increased and is referred to as domestic medical tourism. Medical tourism can include sophisticated treatments such as cardiac surgery and orthopedics, as well as elective or

routine procedures for dental care or cosmetic surgeries. Medical tourism seems to be occurring for a variety of reasons including the globalization of healthcare services and increases in geriatric populations in the United States and Europe. The industry has "medical tourism facilitators" that market medical tourism "models" to consumers. The function of facilitators is comparable to travel agents and presents legal uncertainties in the interaction between facilitators and providers.

Medical tourism occurs for a variety of reasons. Consumer preference in medical care will depend on factors that a consumer normally applies when purchasing a good. These factors can include cost, income, substitutions, or complimentary goods. Due to the size and scope of the healthcare industry, there is no one "trend" in medical tourism. A recent report by the National Institute for Health Research found that both inward and outward medical tourism had increased in the United Kingdom. The report identifies inward medical tourism as consumers from other countries seeking medical services in the U.K. and outward medical tourism as consumers leaving the U.K. to seek medical services elsewhere. The results from this report also highlighted several other factors that make general "trends" in medical tourism difficult to define. The report found that:

- Economic implications of medical tourism are not uniform;
- The medical tourism industry is almost entirely unregulated and there are potential risks to the consumer;
- Existing information is variable and there is no authoritative source of information;
- Medical tourists are a heterogeneous group of all ages and a range of socio-demographic groups;
- Tourists lack information and appear to make uninformed decisions without considering all associated risks;
- Tourists seem to make use of informal treatment-based or cultural networks to make their decisions;
- Patients are travelling to further or "new" markets in medical tourism; and
- Cost is never a sole motivator and often not the primary motivation for seeking treatment abroad.²

Additionally, the report concluded that more research was needed to:

- Better understand the health and social outcomes of treatment for those who travel for medical treatment;
- Generate more robust data that better capture the size and flows of medical tourism;
- Gather more information on patients including their origins, procedures, and outcomes;
- Allow for the development of better economic costing; and
- Explore the issues of clinical relationships and networks.³

¹National Institute for Health Research, *Implications for the NHS of inward and outward medical tourism; a policy and economic analysis using literature review and mixed-methods approaches* (February 2014), available at: http://www.journalslibrary.nihr.ac.uk/hsdr/volume-2/issue-2 (Last visited March 12, 2014).

 $^{^{2}}$ Id.

 $^{^3}$ Id.

Medical tourism can have political obstacles as well. While inward medical tourism is seen as an opportunity for economic growth, outward medical tourism has been criticized as an admission of domestic healthcare policy failure.⁴

Medical tourism is often presented as a way to lower costs for medical treatment. Cost savings is an incentive for some employers to adopt domestic medical tourism practices within the United States. Changes to healthcare law in the United States has brought medical treatment cost disparity into the spotlight. In May 2013, NPR reported on data released by the Federal Department of Health and Human Services on hospital charges for treatment of Medicare patients. NPR reported that there were large differences in the costs of the 100 most common treatments that require hospitalization. Differences occurred across states and hospitals miles from each other. The differences in cost ranged in multiples of 5 to 40. Similar reports reported supporting examples including a joint replacement procedure that cost \$297,000 at Centinela Hospital and \$84,000 at St. John's Health Center, two California hospitals about 12 miles apart. The reports suggest similar levels of disparity in costs to private insurers and uninsured patients.

Healthcare in Florida

Florida is the fourth largest state in terms of population with an estimated 19.5 million people. According to a report by the Wall Street Journal, Florida paid an average of \$7,156 per person on healthcare in 2009.⁷ The largest portions of that amount was spent on hospital care (\$2,207) and physician/clinical services (\$1,950). The U.S. average for the same time period was \$6,815 per person. In Florida there are currently licensed: 301 hospitals,⁸ 1,987 health care clinics,⁹ 45,939 medical doctors, 10,445 dentists, 203,648 registered nurses, 20,850 pharmacists, and various other licensed practitioners totaling 863,270.¹⁰

Tourism in Florida

Visit Florida is the state's public/private partnership for tourism marketing. Enterprise Florida, Inc. (EFI), contracts with Visit Florida to promote the state for tourism. EFI's Division of Tourism Marketing supports Visit Florida in its activities. Visit Florida is also required to adopt a 4-year tourism marketing plan. According to Visit Florida, tourism in Florida was responsible for 91.5 million tourists in 2012 who spent more than \$71.8 billion, generated 23 percent of the

⁴The Economist, *Médecine avec frontiers: Why health care has failed to globalize* (February 15, 2014), available at: http://www.economist.com/news/international/21596563-why-health-care-has-failed-globalise-m-decine-avec-fronti-res (Last visited March 12, 2014).

⁵ NPR, *Government Data Reveals Wild Disparity in Health Care Costs* (May 8, 2013), available at: http://www.npr.org/templates/story/story.php?storyId=182337915 (Last visited March 12, 2014).

⁶ Christian Science Monitor, *New report reveals stunning disparities in health-care costs* (May 8, 2013), available at: http://www.csmonitor.com/Business/2013/0508/New-report-reveals-stunning-disparities-in-health-care-costs (Last visited March 12, 2014).

⁷The Wall Street Journal, *Health-Care Costs: A State-by-State Comparison* (April 8, 2013), available at: http://online.wsj.com/news/articles/SB10001424127887323884304578328173966380066 (Last visited March 12, 2014).
⁸Florida Agency for Health Care Administration, available at:

http://www.floridahealthfinder.gov/facilitylocator/ListFacilities.aspx (Last visited March 12, 2014). Id.

¹⁰ Florida Dept. of Health, Division of Medical Quality Assurance, *Annual Report and Long Range Plan: FY 2012-2013*, (December 31, 2013).

¹¹ Section 288.923(4), F.S., sets forth the plan requirements.

state's sales tax revenue and employed more than one million Floridians.¹² The Fiscal Year 2013-14 General Appropriations Act appropriated over \$63 million to Visit Florida.¹³ Visit Florida raises matching funds from the private sector, and in 2012 achieved an almost 2:1 ratio, dollar per dollar.¹⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 288.901, F.S., to direct EFI to market the state as a health care destination and to promote quality health care services in Florida.

Section 2 amends s. 288.923, F.S., to include the promotion of medical tourism as a part of Visit Florida's 4-year tourism marketing plan.

Section 3 creates s. 288.924, F.S., to set forth requirements for a medical tourism marketing plan and creates a matching grant program to support local medical tourism marketing.

The bill requires Visit Florida to include specific initiatives to advance Florida as a healthcare destination within the 4-year marketing plan. The marketing plan must:

- Promote national and international awareness of the qualifications, scope of services, and specialized healthcare expertise of providers in Florida;
- Promote national and international awareness of medical conferences, training, and other business opportunities to attract medical practitioners to the state; and
- Include an initiative that showcases select qualified providers offering bundled healthcare packages and support services.

The showcased providers must be selected through a solicitation of proposals from licensed providers for plans. The plans should include available services, provider qualifications, logistic arrangements, and other services and amenities to be provided to patients and their families. Single proposals may include offers made through a network of providers.

Visit Florida shall assess the qualifications and credentials of providers submitting proposals. To the extent funding is available, all qualified providers must be selected to be in the showcase.

To be qualified for the showcase, a provider must:

- Ensure that all providers in a proposal must have full, active, and unencumbered Florida licenses;
- Unconditional accreditation from a nationally recognized accrediting body;
- Be recognized as a Cancer Center of Excellence¹⁵ or have a current national or international recognition in a specialty area; and
- Meet other criteria established by Visit Florida in collaboration with the Florida Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) and the Department of Health.

¹²Visit Florida, available at: http://www.visitflorida.com/en-us/about-visit-florida.html (Last visited March 12, 2014).

¹³ Fiscal Year 2013-14 General Appropriations Act, Line Item 2228, ch. 2013-40, L.O.F.

¹⁴Visit Florida, available at: http://www.visitflorida.com/en-us/about-visit-florida.html (Last visited March 12, 2014).

¹⁵ Section 381.925, F.S.

Visit Florida is also required to create a matching grant program to provide funding to local or regional economic development organizations for targeted medical tourism marketing initiatives. The initiatives must promote Florida as a destination for healthcare service. Providers involved in the local initiative must meet the criteria specified for qualified providers in the showcase. The local or regional economic development organization must show an ability to involve a variety of businesses to collaboratively welcome and support patients and their families who travel to Florida for medical services. The cash or in-kind services available from the local or regional economic development board must be at least equal to the amount of state financial support.

The bill requires \$3.5 million of the funds appropriated in the GAA to Visit Florida to be allocated annually for the development and implementation of the medical tourism marketing plan. An additional \$1.5 million must be allocated annually for the matching grant program.

Section 4 provides an effective date of July 1, 2014.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Indeterminate.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill does not appropriate any additional funds. The bill allocates \$5 million annually from the appropriations in the GAA to Visit Florida to implement s. 288.924, F.S.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 288.901 and 288.923.

This bill creates section 288.924 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Committee on Commerce and Tourism on March 17, 2014:

The committee substitute requires that Visit Florida also include promoting medical conferences, training, and other business opportunities to attract medical practitioners to the state in the 4-year tourism marketing plan. The committee substitute removes the application deadline and requirement of equal division of funds related to the matching grant program.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

156714

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
03/17/2014	•	
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Bean) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 Delete line 101

and insert:

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(b) Promote national and international awareness of medical-related conferences, training, or other business opportunities to attract practitioners from the medical field to destinations in this state.

(c) Include an initiative that showcases selected,



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11	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
12	And the title is amended as follows:
13	Delete line 12
14	and insert:
15	expertise of health care providers in this state, to
16	promote national and international awareness of
17	certain business opportunities to attract
18	practitioners to destinations in this state, and

319040

LEGISLATIVE ACTION House Senate Comm: RCS 03/17/2014

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Bean) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 141 - 155

4 and insert:

> a destination for quality health care services. Selection of recipients of a matching grant shall be based on the following criteria:

- (a) The providers involved in the local initiative must meet the criteria specified in subsection (1).
 - (b) The local or regional economic development organization

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must demonstrate an ability to involve a variety of businesses in a collaborative effort to welcome and support patients and their families who travel to this state to obtain medical services.

(c) The cash or in-kind services available from the local or regional economic development organization must be at least equal to the amount of available state financial support.

By Senator Bean

4-01333A-14 20141150

A bill to be entitled An act relating to medical tourism; amending s. 288.901, F.S.; requiring Enterprise Florida, Inc., to collaborate with the Department of Economic Opportunity to market this state as a health care destination; amending s. 288.923, F.S.; requiring the Division of Tourism Marketing to include in its 4-year plan a discussion of the promotion of medical tourism; creating s. 288.924, F.S.; requiring the plan to promote national and international awareness of the qualifications, scope of services, and specialized expertise of health care providers in this state and to include an initiative to showcase qualified health care providers; requiring a specified amount of funds appropriated to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to be allocated for the medical tourism marketing plan; requiring the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to create a matching grant program; specifying criteria for the grant program; requiring that a specified amount of funds appropriated to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation be allocated for the grant program; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 288.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.901 Enterprise Florida, Inc.-

Page 1 of 6

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 1150

	4-01333A-14 20141150
30	(2) PURPOSES.—Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall act as the
31	economic development organization for the state, $\underline{\text{using }}$ $\underline{\text{utilizing}}$
32	private sector and public sector expertise in collaboration with
33	the department to:
34	(a) Increase private investment in Florida;
35	(b) Advance international and domestic trade opportunities;
36	(c) Market the state both as a probusiness location for new
37	investment and as an unparalleled tourist destination;
38	(d) Revitalize Florida's space and aerospace industries,
39	and promote emerging complementary industries;
40	(e) Promote opportunities for minority-owned businesses;
41	(f) Assist and market professional and amateur sport teams
42	and sporting events in Florida; and
43	(g) Assist, promote, and enhance economic opportunities in
44	this state's rural and urban communities; and
45	(h) Market the state as a health care destination by using
46	the medical tourism initiatives as described in s. 288.924 to
47	promote quality health care services in this state.
48	Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
49	288.923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
50	288.923 Division of Tourism Marketing; definitions;
51	responsibilities
52	(4) The division's responsibilities and duties include, but
53	are not limited to:
54	(c) Developing a 4-year marketing plan.
55	1. At a minimum, the marketing plan shall discuss the
56	following:
57	a. Continuation of overall tourism growth in this state.
5.8	b. Expansion to new or under-represented tourist markets.

Page 2 of 6

4-01333A-14 20141150

c. Maintenance of traditional and loyal tourist markets.

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- d. Coordination of efforts with county destination marketing organizations, other local government marketing groups, privately owned attractions and destinations, and other private sector partners to create a seamless, four-season advertising campaign for the state and its regions.
- e. Development of innovative techniques or promotions to build repeat visitation by targeted segments of the tourist population.
- f. Consideration of innovative sources of state funding for tourism marketing.
 - g. Promotion of nature-based tourism and heritage tourism.
- $\underline{\text{h. Promotion of medical tourism, as provided under s.}} \\ 288.924.$
- $\underline{\text{i.h.}}$ Development of a component to address emergency response to natural and manmade disasters from a marketing standpoint.
- 2. The plan shall be annual in construction and ongoing in nature. Any annual revisions of the plan shall carry forward the concepts of the remaining 3-year portion of the plan and consider a continuum portion to preserve the 4-year timeframe of the plan. The plan also shall include recommendations for specific performance standards and measurable outcomes for the division and direct-support organization. The department, in consultation with the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall base the actual performance metrics on these recommendations.
- 3. The 4-year marketing plan shall be developed in collaboration with the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing

Page 3 of 6

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 1150

4-01333A-14

20141150

88	Corporation. The plan shall be annually reviewed and approved by
89	the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
90	Section 3. Section 288.924, Florida Statutes, is created to
91	read:
92	288.924 Medical tourism
93	(1) MEDICAL TOURISM MARKETING PLAN.—The Division of Tourism
94	Marketing shall include within the 4-year marketing plan
95	required under s. 288.923(4)(c) specific initiatives to advance
96	this state as a destination for quality health care services.
97	The plan must:
98	(a) Promote national and international awareness of the
99	qualifications, scope of services, and specialized expertise of
100	health care providers throughout this state; and
101	(b) Include an initiative that showcases selected,
102	qualified providers offering bundled packages of health care and
103	support services for defined care episodes. The selection of
104	providers to be showcased must be conducted through a
105	solicitation of proposals from Florida hospitals and other
106	licensed providers for plans that describe available services,
107	provider qualifications, and special arrangements for food,
108	lodging, transportation, or other support services and amenities
109	that may be provided to visiting patients and their families. A
110	$\underline{\text{single health care provider may submit a proposal describing the}}$
111	available health care services that will be offered through a
112	network of multiple providers and explaining any support
113	services or other amenities associated with the care episode.
114	The Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation shall assess
115	the qualifications and credentials of providers submitting
116	proposals. To the extent funding is available, all gualified

Page 4 of 6

4-01333A-14

20141150___

117	providers shall be selected to be showcased in the initiative.
118	To be qualified, a health care provider must:
119	1. Have a full, active, and unencumbered Florida license
120	and ensure that all health care providers participating in the
121	proposal have full, active, and unencumbered Florida licenses;
122	$2.\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
123	provisional from a nationally recognized accrediting body;
124	3. Be recognized as a Cancer Center of Excellence under s.
125	381.925 or have a current national or international recognition
126	in another specialty area, if such recognition is given through
127	a specific qualifying process; and
128	4. Meet other criteria as determined by the Florida Tourism
129	Industry Marketing Corporation in collaboration with the Agency
130	for Health Care Administration and the Department of Health.
131	(2) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR MARKETING PLAN.—Annually, at
132	<pre>least \$3.5 million of the funds appropriated in the General</pre>
133	Appropriations Act to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing
134	Corporation shall be allocated for the development and
135	implementation of the medical tourism marketing plan.
136	(3) MEDICAL TOURISM MATCHING GRANTS.—The Florida Tourism
137	Industry Marketing Corporation shall create a matching grant
138	program to provide funding to local or regional economic
139	development organizations for targeted medical tourism marketing
140	initiatives. The initiatives must promote and advance Florida as
141	a destination for quality health care services.
142	(a) Selection of recipients of a matching grant shall be
143	based on the following criteria:
144	1. The providers involved in the local initiative must meet
145	the criteria specified in subsection (1).

Page 5 of 6

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 1150

20141150

4-01333A-14

146	2. The local or regional economic development organization
147	must demonstrate an ability to involve a variety of businesses
148	in a collaborative effort to welcome and support patients and
149	their families who travel to this state to obtain medical
150	services.
151	3. The cash or in-kind services available from the local or
152	regional economic development organization must be at least
153	equal to the amount of available state financial support.
154	(b) Proposals must be submitted by November 1 of each year.
155	Funds must be equally divided among all selected applicants.
156	(4) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR MATCHING GRANTS.—Annually, at
157	<pre>least \$1.5 million of the funds appropriated in the General</pre>
158	Appropriations Act to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing
159	Corporation shall be allocated for the matching grant program.
160	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 6 of 6



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Health Policy, Chair
Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on Education
Appropriations Subcommittee on Health
and Human Services
Commerce and Tourism
Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities
Governmental Oversight and Accountability

SELECT COMMITTEE:

Select Committee on Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act

SENATOR AARON BEAN

4th District

February 28, 2014

The Honorable Nancy Detert Chair, Commerce & Tourism Committee 416 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Dear Chair Detert:

This letter is to request to have my bill <u>SB 1150 relating to Medical Tourism</u> be heard at the next possible committee meeting. If there is any other information needed please do not hesitate to contact me. Thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully,

Aaron Bean

State Senator, 4th District

Cc: Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director

Patty Blackwell, Committee Administrative Assistant

ian Blan

/jk

REPLY TO:

☐ 1919 Atlantic Boulevard, Jacksonville, Florida 32207 (904) 346-5039 FAX: (888) 263-1578

🗖 302 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5004 FAX: (850) 410-4805

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	CORD ional Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Medica Tourism	Bill Number 1150
Name LAYWE SMITH	Amendment Barcode(ij applicable
Job Title Dinector, GOUT, RELATIONS	
Address 4500 SAN PABLO RO	Phone 904, 343. 32 (3
Street TACKSONVILLE FC 32224 City State Zip	E-mail Smith layNe @Mayo.odo
Speaking:	
Representing MAYO CLINIC	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobby	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes I No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date	orm to the Senator or Sena	te Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	e meeting)	
Tonic Medical Tourism		Bill Number	1150	ŧ
Name Leticia M Adams		Amendment Barcode		1
Inh Title Senior Policy Director			(if applicable)	
Address 136 South Bronough Street		Phone 850-544-6866	44-6866	!
Tallahassee	FL 3	32301 E-mail ladam	E-mail ladams@flchamber.com	1
City	State Zip			
Speaking:	Information			
Representing Florida Chamber of Commerce	merce			1
Appearing at request of Chair: ☐Yes ✓ No	No ·	Lobbyist registered witl	registered with Legislature: ☑ Yes ☑ No	
Appearing at request of Origin. Thes Y	-			

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARAZON RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	
Topic Medical Tourism	Bill Number SB 150
Fllon Ondorson	(if applicable)
Name thti Findtioni	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title V.P. State Advocacy	
Address 200 Fact College Avo.	Phone 422.9800
Tallanassee the 32301	E-mail_Ellenal@+ha.org
CITY State Lip	(
Speaking: 🗲 For 🔲 Against 🦳 Information	
Representing FL Hospital Assoc.	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes INO

APPEARANCE RECORD

31 Meeti	31 1712014 Meeting Date	(Deliver BOTH copies of th	is form to the Senator o	or Senate Professi	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	
Topic					Bill Number	(if applicable)
Name	BRIAN PITTS	rs			Amendment Barcode	
Job Title	TRUSTEE			·		(if applicable)
Address	1119 NEWT	1119 NEWTON AVNUE SOUTH			Phone 727-897-9291	
	SAINT PETERSBURG	RSBURG	FLORIDA	33705	E-mail JUSTICE2JESUS@YAHOO.COM	;@YАНОО.С
Ü	City		State	Zip		
Speaking:	For	Against	✓ Information			
Representing		JUSTICE-2-JESUS				
Appearing a	at request of (Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 📝 No	No	Lobbyist	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Mes Ves No	☐ Yes ✓

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	y: The Prof	essional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and To	ourism
BILL:	SB 1184					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Bra	andes				
SUBJECT:	Self-service	e Gasolin	e Stations			
DATE:	March 14, 2	2014	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Malcolm		Hrdlic	ka	CM	Pre-meeting	
2.			_	AG		
3.				AP		

I. Summary:

SB 1184 requires full-service gas stations that also offer self-service gas at a lower cost to display a blue, 15 square inch decal that displays the international symbol of accessibility, the gas station's telephone number, and the words "Call for Assistance." This requirement will be implemented and enforced by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

The bill also preempts local laws relating to fueling assistance for disabled individuals by self-service gas stations.

II. Present Situation:

According to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS), there are 8,000 retail gas stations in Florida. People with disabilities may find it difficult or impossible to use the controls, hose, or nozzle of a self-service gas pump. As a result, at stations that offer both self and full-service, people with disabilities might have no choice but to purchase the more expensive gas from a full-service pump. At locations with only self-service pumps, people with disabilities might be unable to purchase gas at all. State, federal, and local laws have attempted to address these problems.

Florida Fueling Assistance Requirements

Approximately 350 gasoline stations in Florida provide full-service as well as self-service fuel at a lower price.³ Under s. 526.141(5), F.S., these stations, known as "limited full-service" stations, are required to provide refueling assistance for the self-service portion of the station to any

¹ DACS, Agency Analysis: SB 1184 (Feb. 27, 2014) (on file with the Committee on Commerce and Tourism)...

² Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, Disability Rights Section, *ADA Business Brief: Assistance at Gas Stations* (June 2002) *available at* http://www.ada.gov/gasbrscr.pdf (last visited Mar. 11, 2014).

³ DACS, Agency Analysis.

BILL: SB 1184 Page 2

motorist displaying an exemption parking permit or a license plate bearing the international accessibility symbol when the operator of the vehicle is the person to whom such permit was issued. Limited full-service stations must prominently display a decal up to 8 square inches in size on the front of all self-service pumps clearly stating the assistance requirements and the penalties for any violations. This section is enforced by the DACS and compliance is monitored through routine gas station inspections.⁴ A violation of this section is a second-degree misdemeanor.⁵ There are currently no similar state-level requirements for self-service only gas stations.

Americans with Disabilities Act Assistance Requirements

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requires self-service gas stations to provide equal access to their customers with disabilities. Gas stations with more than one employee must provide refueling assistance upon the request of an individual with a disability without any charge beyond the self-service price. Gas stations must let patrons know (e.g., through appropriate signs) that customers with disabilities can obtain refueling assistance by either honking or otherwise signaling an employee. However, a service station or convenience store is not required to provide such service at any time that it is operating on a remote control basis with a single employee, but is encouraged to do so, if feasible.⁶

Local Government Fueling Assistance Regulations

Local governments have begun passing regulations with respect to fueling assistance for disabled drivers. For example, in early 2012, Broward and Hillsborough counties enacted similar ordinances requiring full-service gas stations and self-service gas stations with two or more attendants on duty to provide fueling assistance to a disabled driver when requested. These gas stations are required to place a decal no smaller than 15 square inches with a blue background on the front of all gas pumps that states the telephone number of the gas station, the international symbol of accessibility, and wording such as "Call for Assistance" or "Assistance Available upon Request." The gas station is not required to provide assistance if a second attendant is not present at the station. Consequences for violating the ordinances ranges from a \$250 civil fine up to criminal prosecution as a second-degree misdemeanor.⁷

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 526.141, F.S., to require a full-service gas station offering self-service at a lesser cost to prominently display an additional decal that is blue, at least 15 square inches in size, and that clearly displays the international symbol of accessibility, the station's telephone number, and the words "Call for Assistance." The DACS is directed to adopt rules to implement

⁴ Conversation with Grace Lovett, the DACS (Mar. 13, 2014). The limited full-service assistance decals are part of the inspection decal placed on the gas pump after the DACS has inspected the pump. E-mail from Grace Lovett, the DACS (Mar. 14, 2014).

⁵ A second-degree misdemeanor is punishable by up to 60 days in jail or by a \$500 fine. Sections 775.082(4)(b) and 775.083(1)(e), F.S.

⁶ Department of Justice, ADA Business Brief.

⁷ Hillsborough County, Fla., Code part A, ch. 10, art. XI (2012); Broward County, Fla., Code part II, ch. 20, art. III (2012); *see* Leon County, Fla., Code ch. 11, art. XXIV (2013).

BILL: SB 1184 Page 3

and enforce these provisions. The bill also specifically preempts local government laws and regulations pertaining to the provision of fueling assistance by a self-service gas station.

Section 2 provides an effective date of July 1, 2014.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Decals required by the bill will be produced by the Florida Petroleum Marketers and Convenience Store Association and sold to gas stations at a cost of approximately \$1 per decal. According to the Florida Petroleum Marketers and Convenience Store Association, a number of gas stations already use decals that will be required by the bill.

Gas station owners that fail to comply with the requirements in the bill may face up to 60 days in jail and a \$500 fine.

The bill may provide increased accessibility at gas stations for disabled drivers.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The DACS is not required to make or approve the decals. However, the DACS will check the decals to ensure they comply with the statutory requirements at the same time it conducts gas station inspections.¹⁰

⁸ Telephone conversation with Ned Bowman, Executive Director, Florida Petroleum Marketers and Convenience Store Association (Mar. 12, 2014).

⁹ *Id*.

¹⁰ Conversation with Grace Lovett, the DACS (Mar. 13, 2014); E-mail from Grace Lovett, the DACS (Mar. 14, 2014).

BILL: SB 1184 Page 4

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

As currently written, the bill applies only to limited full-service gas stations when it appears it is intended to apply to self-service gas stations.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill requires the DACS to adopt rules to implement and enforce the act.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill substantially amends section 526.141 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

879080

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 03/17/2014

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Hays) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 Delete lines 33 - 44

and insert:

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(b) 1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, when inspecting a self-service gasoline station, shall confirm that a second and separate decal is affixed to each pump. The decal must be blue, at least 15 square inches, and clearly display the international symbol of accessibility shown in s. 320.0842, the telephone number of the station, and the words



"Call for Assistance." The Department of Agriculture and 11 12 Consumer Services shall adopt rules to implement and enforce 13 this paragraph and shall confirm that the decals conform with 14 this paragraph and are in place by July 1, 2016.

2. This paragraph preempts and supersedes all local government laws and regulations pertaining to the provision of fueling assistance to the motor vehicle operators described in paragraph (a) by self-service gasoline stations.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 2 - 11 and insert:

> An act relating to gasoline stations; amending s. 526.141, F.S.; requiring self-service gasoline pumps to display an additional decal containing specified information; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to confirm compliance by a specified date; providing for preemption of local laws and regulations pertaining to fueling assistance for certain motor vehicle operators; providing an effective date.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 1184

By Senator Brandes

20141184 22-01050A-14 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to self-service gasoline stations; amending s. 526.141, F.S.; requiring full-service gasoline stations offering self-service at a lesser cost to display an additional decal; requiring the decal to contain certain information; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to adopt rules to implement and enforce this requirement; providing for preemption of local regulations pertaining to fueling assistance for certain motor vehicle operators; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 526.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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526.141 Self-service gasoline stations; attendants; regulations .-

(5) (a) Every full-service gasoline station offering selfservice at a lesser cost shall require an attendant employed by the station to dispense gasoline from the self-service portion of the station to any motor vehicle properly displaying an exemption parking permit as provided in s. 316.1958 or s. 320.0848 or a license plate issued pursuant to s. 320.084, s. 320.0842, s. 320.0843, or s. 320.0845 when the person to whom such permit has been issued is the operator of the vehicle and such service is requested. Such stations shall prominently display a decal no larger than 8 square inches on the front of all self-service pumps clearly stating the requirements of this

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 1184

20141184

31 subsection. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 32 shall enforce this requirement. 33 (b) By July 1, 2016, a full-service gasoline station 34 offering self-service at a lesser cost shall prominently 35 display, in addition to the decal required under paragraph (2), a decal that is blue, at least 15 square inches in size, and 37 clearly displays the international symbol of accessibility shown in s. 320.0842, the telephone number of the station, and the 38 39 words "Call for Assistance." The Department of Agriculture and 40 Consumer Services shall adopt rules to implement and enforce this paragraph. This paragraph preempts and supersedes all local government laws and regulations pertaining to the provision of 42 4.3 fueling assistance to the motor vehicle operators described in paragraph (a) by self-service gasoline stations. 45 (c) (b) Violation of paragraph (a) is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 46 47 775.083.

subsection and the penalties applicable to violations of this

22-01050A-14

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request



To:

Senator Nancy Detert, Chair

Committee on Commerce and Tourism

Subject:

Committee Agenda Request

Date:

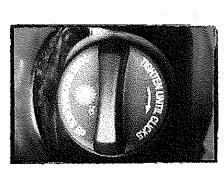
March 3, 2014

I respectfully request that **Senate Bill #1184**, relating to Self-Service Gasoline Stations, be placed on the:

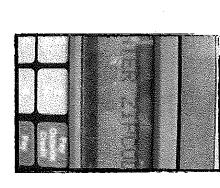
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.

Senator Jeff Brandes Florida Senate, District 22

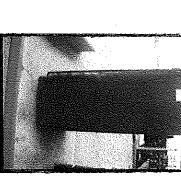
WHY S T STLA PROBLEM FROM THE DISABILITY PERSPECTIVE?



gas caps hard to maneuver



touch screens



communication out of range



confusing signage

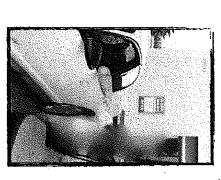


nozzies hard to grasp

safety



credit cards hard to grasp



pumps out of reach

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	al Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic	Bill Number Signature (if applicable)
Name Both Putting Out-Inch.	Amendment Barcode
Job Title Intagovarning Intal Rolations	
Address 6012 Kenredy Blud	Phone 513 271 670
$\frac{17000}{\text{City}}$ $\frac{1}{\text{State}}$ $\frac{33100}{\text{State}}$ $\frac{1}{\text{State}}$	E-mail Data No Commission Commiss
Speaking: 📈 For Against Information	
Representing HUSDOOGO COUNTY	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🏹Yes 🔲 No

APPEARANCE RECORD	CORD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	ional Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic This Day Sidnage	Bill Number
	(if applicable)
Name JII LUISON JUINEN KUNDON	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Director OF Government Attains	
Address 227 S Advas St.	Phone 850.5700269
Sirrege FL.	E-mail MOUSSNO FFOR
City State Zip	<u></u>
Speaking: 🎾 For 🔲 Against 🦳 Information	
Representing Florida Retail Federation	
Appearing at request of Chair: 🔲 Yes 🔀 No Lobby	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🞾 Yes 🔲 No

APPEARANCE RECORD

Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Representing 1200 000	Speaking: For Against Information	City State Zip	Address 100 E. College Are	JOB TITLE CAPITOL ALLHANCE COMM, IN	Name STAR STARKEY	Topic Feling Station	Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the senator or senate Floress)	
Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes I No			250 E-mail Starting Inter & Ora, I.	Phone (30224/40)		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	Bill Number SB 1189	e Professional Stair Conducting the meeting)	The first producting the masting

ARANCH BECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	al Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Self Service Gas Stations	Bill Number SB1184
Name Claudia Frese	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address 3816 Lost Lane	Phone 850-656-6277
	E-mail cwfrese@gmail.com
City State Zip	
Speaking: For Against Information	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: [] Yes [v] No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) March 17, 2014	ional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	
Topic Self-Service Gas Stations	Bill Number SB 1184
Name Mark Soroko	Amendment Barcode (framilicable)
Job Title	
Address 9548 Oak Hollow Trail	Phone 727-366-0375
Street Tallahassee FL 32309	E-mail mark.soroko@gamil.com
City State Zip	!
Speaking: Speaking: Against Information	
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo Lobby	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🔲 Yes 🔽 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	Staff conducting the meeting)
1	
Meeting Date	
Topic (2as Stations	Bill Number 35 10 1
Name (1)	Amendment Barcode
))	(if applicable)
Job Title / TAUD CATE	
Address	Phone
Street	:
City State Zip	E-mail
Speaking: For Against Information	,
Representing Persons (NICA ISAM)	1/ier
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Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Legislature

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By:	The Pro	fessional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and	d Tourism	
BILL:	CS/SB 1556						
INTRODUCER:	Commerce a	nd Tour	rism Committee	and Senator Sir	npson		
SUBJECT:	Mineral Rig	hts					
DATE:	March 19, 2	014	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
1. Baye		Hrdlid	cka	CM	Fav/CS		
2				JU			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 1556 provides that sellers of residential property must provide a prospective purchaser with a disclosure summary at or before the execution of the contract for sale if a subsurface right or right of entry was severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity, or will be severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity. The disclosure summary must inform the purchaser that the subsurface rights have been or will be severed from the property.

II. Present Situation:

Pursuant to ch. 689.01, F.S., property conveyed for a term of more than 1 year must be made by an instrument in writing. "A landowner is entitled to the surface and all that is below it, and on the execution of a deed that contains no reservation and does not limit the estate conveyed, the owner conveys everything under the surface as well as on the surface itself." A landowner can also sever his or her mineral rights in the land and sell them separately.²

Generally, when the surface estate is severed from the mineral estate, the mineral estate is the dominant estate and the owner of the mineral estate has the right of ingress and egress to explore for, locate, and remove the minerals.³ However, the owner of the mineral estate cannot take

¹ 36 Fla. Jur. 2d Mines and Minerals s. 54.

 $^{^{2}}$ Id.

³ P&N Inv. Corp. v. Florida Ranchettes, Inc., 220 So. 2d 451, 453 (Fla. 1st DCA 1968).

actions that unreasonably injure or destroy the value of the surface estate and may be liable for damages to the owner of the surface estate for any unreasonable damages."⁴

Some developers retain mineral rights without a reference to the mineral rights on the face of the deed. There may be a catch-all provision in the deed indicating that the land is "subject to Covenants, Conditions, Restrictions, Reservations, Limitations, Easements, and Agreements of Records, if any." In this case, the prospective purchaser may be unsure about the state of the mineral rights on the land.

In February 2014, Florida Attorney General Pam Bondi stated in a press release that her office was working with a home builder to notify approximately 18,000 homeowners who had purchased real property from the builder without knowledge that the mineral rights to the property had been severed. The notice informs the homeowners that they have the option to receive the mineral rights by completing a certification form. The home builder agreed to cease the practice of reserving mineral rights until the Florida Legislature provides guidance on the issue.⁵

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

CS/SB 1556 creates s. 689.29, F.S., to provide that the seller must provide a prospective purchaser of residential property with a disclosure summary about the subsurface rights of the real property if a subsurface right or right of entry was severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity, or will be severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity. The disclosure summary must inform the prospective purchaser:

- That subsurface rights have been or will be severed and may permit the owner of those rights to access the property and remove subsurface minerals from the property; and
- That subsurface rights may have a monetary value.

The disclosure summary is required for the sale of residential property upon which a new dwelling:

- Will be constructed pursuant to a contract of sale;
- Is being constructed; or
- Has been constructed since the last transfer of the property.

The disclosure summary must be provided at or before the execution of the contract for sale if a subsurface right or the right of entry was severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity, or will be severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity. The disclosure summary must be conspicuous, in boldfaced type, and in a form substantially similar to the form contained in the bill. The purchaser is also required to initial the disclosure summary.

If the disclosure summary is not included in the contract for sale, the contract for sale must refer to and incorporate by reference the disclosure summary and must include, in prominent

⁴ *Id*.

⁵ Florida Office of the Attorney General, *Attorney General Pam Bondi Announces that Home Builder is Notifying Florida Homeowners of Option to Request Mineral Rights*, February 7, 2014, available at http://www.myfloridalegal.com/newsrel.nsf/newsreleases/06535F8FE26017C785257C780071C51D (last visited Mar. 11, 2014).

language, a statement that the potential purchaser should not execute the contract until he or she has read the disclosure summary.

The term "subsurface rights" means the rights to all minerals and mineral fuels, and other resources, including, but not limited to, oil, gas, coal, oil shale, uranium, metals, and phosphate, whether or not it may be mixed with any other substance, found, or located beneath the surface of the earth.

The term "seller" means any seller of real property which, at the time of sale, is zoned for residential use and is property upon which a new dwelling is being constructed, or will be constructed pursuant to the contract of sale with the seller, or has been constructed since the last transfer of the property.

This act takes effect October 1, 2014.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

This bill may impact the private sector related to the cost of providing notice to buyers.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 689.29 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 17, 2014:

The committee substitute:

- Requires a disclosure summary only if a subsurface right or the right of entry was severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity, or will be severed of retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity.
- Changes the form of the disclosure summary.
- Deletes the requirement for the disclosure summary to be in the contract for sale. The
 amendment provides if the disclosure summary is not included in the contract for
 sale, the contract for sale must refer to and incorporate by reference the disclosure
 summary and must include, in prominent language, a statement that the potential
 purchaser should not execute the contract until he or she has read the disclosure
 summary.
- Defines "subsurface rights" to include all minerals, mineral fuels, and other resources, including, but not limited to, oil, gas, coal, oil shale, uranium, and phosphate, whether or not it may be mixed with any other substance, found, or located beneath the surface of the earth.
- Defines the term "seller" to mean any seller of real property which, at the time of sale, is zoned for residential use and is property upon which a new dwelling is being constructed, or will be constructed pursuant to the contract of sale with the seller, or has been constructed since the last transfer of the property.
- Changes the effective date of the bill from July 1, 2014 to October 1, 2014.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

156186

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 03/17/2014

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Simpson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 689.29, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

689.29 Disclosure of subsurface rights to prospective purchaser.-

(1) The seller must provide a prospective purchaser of residential property with a disclosure summary at or before the

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execution of the contract for sale if a subsurface right or the right of entry was severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity, or will be severed or retained by the seller or an affiliated or related entity. The disclosure summary must be conspicuous, in boldfaced type, and in a form substantially similar to the following:

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SUBSURFACE RIGHTS DISCLOSURE SUMMARY

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21 SUBSURFACE RIGHTS HAVE BEEN OR WILL BE SEVERED FROM THE TITLE TO 22 REAL PROPERTY BY CONVEYANCE (DEED) OF THE SUBSURFACE RIGHTS FROM

23 THE SELLER OR BY RESERVATION OF THE SUBSURFACE RIGHTS BY THE 24 SELLER OR AN AFFILIATED OR RELATED ENTITY. WHEN SUBSURFACE

RIGHTS ARE SEVERED FROM THE PROPERTY, THE OWNER OF THOSE RIGHTS

MAY HAVE THE PERPETUAL RIGHT TO DRILL, MINE, EXPLORE, AND REMOVE

ANY OF THE SUBSURFACE RESOURCES ON OR FROM THE PROPERTY EITHER

DIRECTLY FROM THE SURFACE OF THE PROPERTY OR FROM A NEARBY

LOCATION. SUBSURFACE RIGHTS MAY HAVE A MONETARY VALUE.

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...(Buyer Initials)...

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(2) If the disclosure summary is not included in the contract for sale, the contract for sale must refer to and incorporate by reference the disclosure summary and must include, in prominent language, a statement that the potential purchaser should not execute the contract until he or she has read the disclosure summary required under this section.

(3) As used in this section, the term "subsurface rights"



means the rights to all minerals, mineral fuels, and other resources, including, but not limited to, oil, gas, coal, oil shale, uranium, metals, and phosphate, whether or not it may be mixed with any other substance, found, or located beneath the surface of the earth.

(4) As used in this section, the term "seller" means any seller of real property which, at the time of sale, is zoned for residential use and is property upon which a new dwelling is being constructed, or will be constructed pursuant to the contract of sale with the seller, or has been constructed since the last transfer of the property.

Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2014.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to subsurface rights; creating s. 689.29, F.S.; requiring a seller to provide a prospective purchaser with a subsurface rights disclosure summary; providing the form for the disclosure summary; requiring the disclosure summary to be included in, or incorporated by reference in, the contract for sale; defining the term "subsurface rights"; defining the term "seller"; providing an effective date.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 1556

By Senator Simpson

18-01107-14

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20141556 A bill to be entitled An act relating to mineral rights; creating s. 689.29, F.S.; requiring a seller to provide a prospective purchaser with a mineral rights disclosure summary; providing the form for the disclosure summary; requiring the disclosure summary to be included in the contract for sale or attached to the contract for sale; defining the term "mineral rights"; providing an effective date. 10 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 13 Section 1. Section 689.29, Florida Statutes, is created to 14 read: 15 689.29 Disclosure of mineral rights to prospective 16 purchaser .-17 (1) The seller must provide a prospective purchaser of 18 residential property with a disclosure summary at or before the 19 execution of the contract for sale. The disclosure summary must 20 be conspicuous, in boldfaced type, and in a form substantially 21 similar to the following: 22 MINERAL RIGHTS 23 DISCLOSURE SUMMARY

Page 1 of 2

MINERAL RIGHTS CAN BE SEVERED FROM THE TITLE TO REAL PROPERTY BY

CONVEYANCE (DEED) OF THE MINERAL RIGHTS FROM THE OWNER OR BY

RIGHTS ARE OR WILL BE SEVERED FROM THE PROPERTY, THE OWNER OF THOSE RIGHTS MAY HAVE THE PERPETUAL RIGHT TO DRILL, MINE,

RESERVATION OF THE MINERAL RIGHTS BY THE OWNER. IF MINERAL

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2014 SB 1556

	18-01107-14 20141556
30	EXPLORE, AND REMOVE ANY OF THE SUBSURFACE MINERAL RESOURCES ON
31	OR FROM THE PROPERTY EITHER DIRECTLY FROM THE SURFACE OF THE
32	PROPERTY OR FROM A NEARBY LOCATION. WITH REGARD TO THE SEVERANCE
33	OF MINERAL RIGHTS, THE SELLER MAKES THE FOLLOWING DISCLOSURES:
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35	1. Mineral rights were severed from the property by a previous
36	owner: Yes □ No □ No Representation □
37	(Buyer Initials)
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39	2. Seller has severed the mineral rights from the property: Yes
40	□ No □
41	(Buyer Initials)
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43	3. Seller intends to sever the mineral rights from the property
44	before transferring title to Buyer: Yes \square No \square
45	(Buyer Initials)
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47	(2) The disclosure summary must be included in the contract
48	for sale or attached to the contract for sale. If attached, the
49	contract for sale must refer to and incorporate by reference the
50	disclosure summary and must include, in prominent language, a
51	statement that the potential purchaser should not execute the
52	contract until he or she has read the disclosure summary
53	required under this section.
54	(3) As used in this section, the term "mineral rights"
55	means the rights to all minerals and mineral fuels, including
56	oil, gas, coal, oil shale, and uranium.
57	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Community Affairs, *Chair*Appropriations Subcommittee on General
Government

Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development Commerce and Tourism Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities Environmental Preservation and Conservation

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Legislative Auditing Committee

SENATOR WILTON SIMPSON 18th District

March 12, 2014

Senator Nancy C. Detert, Chair Committee on Commerce and Tourism 310 Knott Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Senator Detert,

Please place Senate Bill 1556 relating to mineral rights, on the next Committee on Commerce and Tourism agenda.

Please contact my office with any questions.

Wilton Simpson Senator, 18th District

REPLY TO:

□ 322 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5018 □ Post Office Box 938, Brooksville, Florida 34605

☐ Post Office Box 787, New Port Richey, Florida 34656-0787 (727) 816-1120 FAX: (888) 263-4821

Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Representing Self & Democratic Environmental Cancus of Rande	Speaking: Against Antormation	Thilahassee FC 32303	Address 1130 Crestition Ave.	Job Title Refrict ENVISON Mental Scientist	Name Amy Dutz	Topic Mineral Rights	3-17-14 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	としているところには、これには、これには、これには、これには、これには、これには、これには、これ
Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🔲 Yes 🖳 No	while Cancus of Rander		E-mail analiedate 6	Phone (850) 3227599	(i) appricable)	Amendment Barcode	Bill Number $SB1556$	onal Staff conducting the meeting)	

APPEARANCE RECORD

3 / i) /2014 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic	Bill Number 1555
Name BRIAN PITTS	(if applicable) Amendment Barcode
Job Title TRUSTEE	(if applicable)
Address 1119 NEWTON AVNUE SOUTH	Phone 727-897-9291
SAINT PETERSBURG FLORIDA 33705	E-mail JUSTICE2JESUS@YAHOO COM
State	L 11(4)
Speaking: For Against Information	
Representing JUSTICE-2-JESUS	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	Lobbvist registered with Legislature:

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

No

APPEARANCE RECORD

2-17-14 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	
Topic Mineral Rights	Bill Number SB 1556 (if applicable)
Name Amy Datz	Amendment Barcode
Job Title Refired Environmental Scientist	(if applicable)
Address 1130 Crestilien Ave.	Phone (850) 322-1599
	E-mail amalvedate 0
State Zip	Muc.com
Speaking: For Against Unformation	
Representing Self + Democratic Environmen	tul Cancus of Rorder
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared B	y: The Pro	ressional Stall of	the Committee on	Commerce and Tourism	
BILL:	CS/SB 165	4				
INTRODUCER:	Commerce	and Tou	rism and Appro	priations Comm	ittees	
SUBJECT:	Tax Admin	istration				
DATE:	March 18, 2014 REVISED:					
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
Fournier		Kynoch			AP SPB 7066 as introduced	
1. Hrdlicka		Hrdlicka		CM	Fav/CS	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 1654 contains changes in tax administration that were recommended by the Department of Revenue (department) and approved by the Governor and Cabinet, as well as a clarification of current tax law regarding charges for the storage of towed vehicles, revising the procedures local governments may use to authorize ad valorem exemptions for economic development, and permitting certain entities to publish aggregate data on certain tourism taxes. The bill clarifies provisions pertaining to criminal penalties for failing to collect a tax or fee, making a false or fraudulent return, or failing to register with the department; clearly establishes the department's authority to require security for certain individuals seeking to register new businesses; increases the authority of the department's executive director to compromise taxes; conforms the remittance date for funds collected by the clerks of the court to other statutory requirements for the remittance of these funds; bans the sale, purchase, installation, transfer, or possession of automated sales suppression devices, zappers, and phantom-ware, and provides criminal penalties for these actions; provides an incentive for businesses to comply with requests for reemployment assistance tax records for audit purposes; reduces the interest rate imposed on reemployment assistance tax deficiencies; and extends the protest period for reemployment assistance tax assessments.

Several sections of this bill have a positive, but indeterminate, impact on state and local revenue. Section 14, which reduces the interest rate charged on delinquent reemployment taxes, was estimated by the Revenue Estimating Conference to reduce revenue to the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund by \$0.2 million on a recurring basis.

II. Present Situation:

The Department of Revenue is responsible for ensuring that the taxes it administers are carried out in a fair and equitable manner. Each year the executive director seeks approval of proposed legislative concepts by the Governor and Cabinet, in their role as the head of the department. The department proposes changes in tax administration laws to reduce the burden on taxpayers and to ensure that Florida's tax laws are applied in a consistent, cost-effective, and equitable manner.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Sections 1 and 2

Present situation: Section 196.1995, F.S., permits a local government to allow an ad valorem tax exemption for economic development. The local government may permit exemptions for new or expanding businesses for improvements to real property and for tangible personal property. Initially, the local government must hold a referendum within its total jurisdiction to determine whether the jurisdiction may grant economic development ad valorem exemptions under Art. VII, s. 3 of the Florida Constitution. Once the referendum measure is approved, specific exemptions are effectuated by enactment of an ordinance. However, the improvements must be made or the tangible personal property added or increased on or after an ordinance is adopted by the locality.

Proposed change: The bill permits the improvements to be made or the tangible personal property to be added or increased after approval by motion or resolution of the local governing body and before enactment of the ordinance. The bill provides that an ordinance in existence prior to the effective date of the bill will not be invalidated simply because the improvements to real property were made or the tangible personal property was added or increased prior to the day such ordinance was adopted as long as the local governing body acted substantially in accordance with the law as amended by the bill.

Section 3

Present situation: Section 212.03(6), F.S., provides that every person engaging in a lease or rental of parking or storage spaces for motor vehicles in parking lots or garages, who leases or rents docking or storage space for boats in boat docks or marinas, or who leases or rents tie-down or storage space for aircraft at airports, shall be taxed at the rate of 6 percent on the total rental charges. Current administration of this statute treats storage facilities for towed vehicles as "parking lots or garages" for purposes of application of the tax, but the statute does not explicitly mention these facilities or provide an exception for law enforcement impoundment facilities.

Proposed change: The bill explicitly states that storage facilities for towed vehicles are included in "parking lots and garages" for tax purposes. It also provides that charges for storage of towed vehicles from a "lawful impoundment" by a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency are not taxable, and defines "lawful impoundment" as the storage of a vehicle at the direction of or by a law enforcement agency and the owner is not authorized to access or remove the vehicle.

Sections 4, 5, and 7

Present situation: Sections 212.07, 212.12, and 212.18, F.S., contain redundant and potentially confusing provisions concerning criminal penalties. Section 212.12, F.S., sets forth the penalties for failure to collect a tax or fee, making fraudulent returns, and failure to register with the department. However, ss. 212.07 and 212.18, F.S., also include some reference to such penalties.

Proposed change: The bill amends these sections to clarify the criminal penalties imposed on a person who:

- Willfully fails to collect a tax or fee (s. 212.07, F.S.).
- Makes a false or fraudulent return with a willful intent to evade payment of taxes or fees (s. 212.12, F.S.).
- Willfully fails to register after the department provides notice of the duty to register (s. 212.18, F.S.).

The bill creates no new penalties; the amendments are intended to clarify existing statutory penalties. These sections take effect July 1, 2014.

Section 8 republishes s. 212.20, F.S., to incorporate by reference the amendments made to s. 212.18, F.S., in section 5 of the bill. This section takes effect July 1, 2014.

Section 6

Present situation: Section 212.14(4), F.S., authorizes the department to require a cash deposit, bond, or other security as a condition to a person obtaining or retaining a sales tax dealer's certification of registration. Despite this requirement, delinquent sales tax dealers are able to close down businesses with tax liabilities and to reopen under a new name, because the current provision does not clearly apply to all of the individuals who were responsible for prior delinquent tax accounts when those individuals seek to register new businesses.

Proposed change: The bill revises s. 212.14(4), F.S., to authorize the department to require security for individuals who are responsible for prior delinquent accounts when they seek to register new businesses. This section takes effect July 1, 2014.

Section 9

Present situation: Section 213.0535, F.S., creates the Registration Information Sharing and Exchange Program and permits the sharing of tax administration information between different specified entities. "Level-two" participants include local officials responsible for collecting tourism taxes; these participants are permitted to share information between each other but not with other related entities.

Proposed change: The bill permits a level-two participant to publish aggregate statistics on tourism taxes as long as the data does not pertain to fewer than three taxpayers or the data is prepared for geographic areas below the county level and does not pertain to fewer than ten taxpayers. Statistics published may only relate to the taxes imposed under ss. 125.0104, 125.0108, 212.0305, F.S., and ch. 67-930, L.O.F.

Section 10

Present situation: Chapter 2010-162, L.O.F., changed the remittance date for state funds collected by the Clerks of the Court from the 20th day to the 10th day of the month immediately after the month in which the funds are collected. Section 213.13, F.S., which governs the electronic remittance and distribution of funds by the Clerks of the Court, was not amended to conform to the change.

Proposed change: Section 213.13(5), F.S., is amended to conform to changes made by ch. 2010-162, L.O.F.

Section 11

Present situation: Section 213.21, F.S., allows the department's executive director to enter into an agreement with a taxpayer that compromises the taxpayer's liability if there is a "doubt as to liability" or "doubt as to collectability" of the tax assessed. The statute limits this compromise authority to a reduction of \$250,000 or less.

Proposed change: The bill increases the executive director's authority to compromise taxes to a reduction of \$500,000 or less.

Section 12

Present situation: Automated sales suppression devices or "zappers" are software programs that falsify the records of electronic cash registers and other point-of-sale systems. These devices alter sales records to reduce the value of sales that are reported for tax purposes in order to evade state and federal taxes. In the case of sales tax, the use of these devices results in the theft of taxes that have been collected from a business' customers. While evading state taxes is illegal under current law, the sale, purchase, installation, use, or possession of the devices themselves is not illegal per se. Since 2011, eleven states have enacted legislation making it illegal to sell, install, or possess these devices.

Proposed change: The bill creates s. 213.295, F.S., which makes an automated sales suppression device a contraband article under Florida's Contraband Forfeiture Act (ss. 932.701-932.706, F.S.), and makes it unlawful to knowingly sell, purchase, install, transfer, use, or possess in this state any automated sales suppression device, zapper, or phantom-ware. Any person convicted of violating this law is guilty of a third degree felony;² is liable for all taxes, fees, penalties and interest due the state as a result of the use of the device; and must forfeit to the state as an additional penalty all profits associated with the sale or use of the device. This section takes effect July 1, 2014.

¹ See for example Furchgott, Roy, "With Software, Till Tampering Is Hard To Find," New York Times (August 29, 2008), available at http://www.nytimes.com/2008/08/30/technology/30zapper.html? r=0 (last visited 3/13/2014).

² Punishable by a term of imprisonment not exceeding 5 years and a fine of up to \$5,000. In the case of a habitual offender, the punishment may be a term of imprisonment not exceeding 10 years Sections 775.072, 775.083, and 775.084, F.S.

Section 13

Present situation: Florida law provides a standard reemployment assistance tax rate and allows many businesses to receive a lower rate if they meet certain criteria, including being in compliance with the law. Section 443.131, F.S., lists the criteria necessary for a business to be in compliance, but it does not explicitly state that a taxpayer must comply with records requests during audits to qualify for the reduced tax rate.

Proposed change: Section 443.131, F.S., is amended to create an additional condition for receiving a lower-than-standard reemployment assistance tax rate. The condition is that the employer has produced records requested by the Department of Economic Opportunity or the department for audit purposes.

Section 14

Present situation: Reemployment assistance tax contributions or reimbursements that are unpaid on the due date bear an interest rate of 1 percent per month, an effective annual rate of 12 percent. Other taxes that are administered by the department have an interest rate of prime plus 4 percent, not to exceed an effective rate of 1 percent per month. The interest rate is adjusted twice yearly.

Under s. 443.131, F.S., a determination of reemployment assistance tax rate is final 20 days after the date it is mailed, unless the employer requests a redetermination. However, under s. 443.141, F.S., if an employer does not respond to the Department of Economic Opportunity or the department when required to file a report related to reemployment assistance tax, the department may assess the amount of reemployment assistance tax due upon the employer and such assessment is final 15 days after the date it is mailed, unless the employer files a written protest.

Proposed change: Section 443.141, F.S., is amended to change the interest rate imposed on reemployment assistance tax deficiencies to prime plus 4 percent, not to exceed 1 percent per month, beginning January 1, 2015. This is the rate applied to other taxes administered by the department.

This section is also amended to provide a 20-day protest period for reemployment assistance tax assessments.

This section is effective January 1, 2015.

Section 15 provides that except as otherwise expressly provided, the bill takes effect upon becoming a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

BILL: CS/SB 1654 Page 6

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The department anticipates that the following provisions will improve enforcement and collection of state tax laws:

- Banning the sale, purchase, installation, transfer, use, or possession of automated sales suppression devices, zappers, and phantom-ware, and providing criminal penalties for these actions, should improve the department's ability to collect and enforce the sales tax statutes.
- Improved compliance with reemployment tax reporting is expected to improve the department's audit capability.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has determined that decreasing the interest rate on unpaid reemployment assistance taxes will reduce state trust fund revenue by \$600,000 in Fiscal Year 2014-15 and \$200,000 on a recurring basis. Other provisions of the bill are expected to have an indeterminate, positive impact on state and local revenue.

B. Private Sector Impact:

This bill:

- Revises the procedures local governments may use to authorize ad valorem exemptions for economic development;
- Clarifies that storage facilities for towed vehicles are taxable, but that storage of towed vehicles from a "lawful impoundment" by a law enforcement agency are not taxable;
- Authorizes the department to require additional persons to provide a cash deposit, bond, or other security as a condition of obtaining or retaining a sales tax dealer's certificate of registration;
- Increases the executive director's authority to compromise taxes;
- Prohibits the sale, purchase, installation, transfer, use, or possession of automated sales suppression devices, zappers, and phantom-ware, and specifies criminal penalties for these actions;
- Provides that an employer may not qualify for a reduced reemployment assistance tax rate unless the employer has produced all records that were requested by the department or the Department of Economic Opportunity; and
- Reduces the interest rate imposed on reemployment assistance tax deficiencies and lengthens the protest period for such tax assessments.

BILL: CS/SB 1654 Page 7

C. Government Sector Impact:

The provisions of this bill are expected to improve tax administration by the department.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 196.1995, 212.03, 212.07, 212.12, 212.14, 212.18, 213.0535, 213.13, 213.21, 443.131, and 443.141.

This bill creates section 213.295 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill reenacts section 212.20 of the Florida Statutes for the purpose of incorporating the amendments made to section 212.18 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 17, 2014:

The committee substitute:

- Revises the procedures local governments may use to authorize ad valorem exemptions for economic development.
- Permits certain entities to publish aggregate data related to certain tourism taxes.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

780768

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/17/2014		
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The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Hukill) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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insert:

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Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

7 196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption. 8

Before line 57

(5) Upon a majority vote in favor of such authority, the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, at its discretion, $\underline{\text{may}}$, by ordinance, $\underline{\text{may}}$ exempt

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from ad valorem taxation up to 100 percent of the assessed value of all improvements to real property made by or for the use of a new business and of all tangible personal property of such new business, or up to 100 percent of the assessed value of all added improvements to real property made to facilitate the expansion of an existing business and of the net increase in all tangible personal property acquired to facilitate such expansion of an existing business. To qualify for the exemption, provided that the improvements to real property must be are made or the tangible personal property must be is added or increased after approval by motion or resolution of the local governing body, subject to the adoption of the ordinance, or on or after the day the ordinance is adopted. However, if the authority to grant exemptions is approved in a referendum in which the ballot question contained in subsection (3) appears on the ballot, the authority of the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality to grant exemptions is limited solely to new businesses and expansions of existing businesses that are located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area. Property acquired to replace existing property is shall not be considered to facilitate a business expansion. The exemption applies only to taxes levied by the respective unit of government granting the exemption. The exemption does not apply, however, to taxes levied for the payment of bonds or to taxes authorized by a vote of the electors pursuant to s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution. Any such exemption shall remain in effect for up to 10 years with respect to any particular facility, regardless of any change in the authority of the county or municipality to grant such exemptions. The



exemption may shall not be prolonged or extended by granting exemptions from additional taxes or by virtue of a any reorganization or sale of the business receiving the exemption.

Section 2. A local ordinance enacted pursuant to s. 196.1995, Florida Statutes, before the effective date of this act may not be invalidated on the ground that improvements to real property were made or that tangible personal property was added or increased before the date that such ordinance was adopted if the local governing body acted substantially in accordance with s. 196.1995(5), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 2

55 and insert:

> An act relating to tax administration; amending s. 196.1995, F.S.; requiring certain real property improvements and tangible personal property additions to occur within a specified period in order to qualify for a specified ad valorem tax exemption; providing that certain local ordinances conveying ad valorem tax exemptions may not be invalidated if the local governing body acted in accordance with this act; amending s.

269490

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 03/17/2014

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Hukill) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Between lines 431 and 432

4 insert:

> Section 7. Subsection (5) of section 213.0535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

> 213.0535 Registration Information Sharing and Exchange Program.-

(5) Any provision of law imposing confidentiality upon data shared under this section, including, but not limited to, a any



11 provision imposing penalties for disclosure, applies to 12 recipients of this data and their employees. Data exchanged 13 under this section may not be provided to any person or entity 14 other than a person or entity administering the tax or licensing provisions of those provisions of law enumerated in paragraph 15 16 (4)(a), and such data may not be used for any purpose other than 17 for enforcing those tax or licensing provisions. This section 18 does not prevent a level-two participant from publishing 19 statistics classified so as to prevent the identification of 20 particular accounts, reports, declarations, or returns. However, 21 statistics may not be published if the statistics contain data 22 pertaining to fewer than three taxpayers or if the statistics 23 are prepared for geographic areas below the county level and 24 contain data pertaining to fewer than ten taxpayers. Statistics 25 published under this subsection must relate only to tourist 26 development taxes imposed under s. 125.0104, the tourist impact 27 tax imposed under s. 125.0108, convention development taxes 28 imposed under s. 212.0305, or the municipal resort tax 29 authorized under chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida. 30 31 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 32 And the title is amended as follows: 33 Delete line 30 34 and insert: 35 made by the act; amending s. 213.0535, F.S.; 36 clarifying that confidential tax data may be published 37 as statistics under certain circumstances; amending s. 38 213.13, F.S.; revising

By the Committee on Appropriations

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to tax administration; amending s. 212.03, F.S.; providing that charges for the storage of towed vehicles that are impounded by a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency are not taxable; amending s. 212.07, F.S.; conforming a crossreference to changes made by the act; providing monetary and criminal penalties for a dealer's willful failure to collect certain taxes or fees after receiving notice of such duty to collect from the Department of Revenue; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the imposition of criminal penalties after Department of Revenue notice of requirements to register as a dealer or to collect taxes; making technical and grammatical changes to provisions specifying penalties for making a false or fraudulent return with the intent to evade payment of a tax or fee; amending s. 212.14, F.S.; modifying the definition of the term "person"; authorizing the department to adopt rules relating to requirements for a person to deposit cash, a bond, or other security with the department in order to ensure compliance with sales tax laws; making technical and grammatical changes; amending s. 212.18, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for a person who willfully fails to register as a dealer after receiving notice of such duty by the department; making technical and grammatical changes; reenacting s. 212.20, F.S., relating to the disposition of funds collected, to incorporate changes

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30	made by the act; amending s. 213.13, F.S.; revising
31	the date for transmitting funds collected by the
32	clerks of court to the department; amending s. 213.21,
33	F.S.; increasing the compromise authority for closing
34	agreements with taxpayers which can be delegated to
35	and approved by the executive director; creating s .
36	213.295, F.S., relating to automated sales suppression
37	devices; defining terms; subjecting a person to
38	criminal penalties and monetary penalties for
39	knowingly selling or engaging in certain other actions
40	involving a sales suppression device or phantom-ware;
41	providing that sales suppression devices and phantom-
42	ware are contraband articles under the Florida
43	Contraband Forfeiture Act; amending s. 443.131, F.S.;
44	imposing a requirement on employers to produce records
45	for the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax
46	collection service provider as a prerequisite for a
47	reduction in the rate of reemployment tax; amending s.
48	443.141, F.S.; providing a method to calculate the
49	interest rate for past due employer contributions and
50	reimbursements, and delinquent, erroneous, incomplete,
51	or insufficient reports; increasing the number of days
52	for an employer to protest an assessment; providing
53	effective dates.
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55	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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57	Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 212.03, Florida
58	Statutes, is amended to read:

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212.03 Transient rentals tax; rate, procedure, enforcement, exemptions.—

- (6) It is the legislative intent that <u>a</u> <u>every</u> person is engaging in a taxable privilege who leases or rents parking or storage spaces for motor vehicles in parking lots or garages, <u>including storage facilities for towed vehicles</u>, who leases or rents docking or storage spaces for boats in boat docks or marinas, or who leases or rents tie-down or storage space for aircraft at airports.
- (a) For the exercise of this privilege, a tax is hereby levied at the rate of 6 percent on the total rental charged.
- (b) Charges for parking, docking, tie-down, or storage arising from a lawful impoundment are not taxable. As used in this paragraph, the term "lawful impoundment" means the storing of or having custody over an aircraft, boat, or motor vehicle by, or at the direction of, a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency which the owner or the owner's representative is not authorized to enter upon, have access to, or remove without the consent of the law enforcement agency.

Section 2. Effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 212.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions.—

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(b) A resale must be in strict compliance with s. 212.18 and the rules and regulations, and any dealer who makes a sale for resale which is not in strict compliance is $\frac{\text{with s. }212.18}{\text{compliance}}$

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576-02230-14 20141654 and the rules and regulations shall himself or herself be liable for and must pay the tax. Any dealer who makes a sale for resale shall document the exempt nature of the transaction, as established by rules adopted promulgated by the department, by retaining a copy of the purchaser's resale certificate. In lieu 93 of maintaining a copy of the certificate, a dealer may document, before prior to the time of sale, an authorization number provided telephonically or electronically by the department, or by such other means established by rule of the department. The dealer may rely on a resale certificate issued pursuant to s. 212.18(3)(d) s. 212.18(3)(c), valid at the time of receipt from the purchaser, without seeking annual verification of the resale certificate if the dealer makes recurring sales to a purchaser 100 101 in the normal course of business on a continual basis. For purposes of this paragraph, "recurring sales to a purchaser in 103 the normal course of business" refers to a sale in which the 104 dealer extends credit to the purchaser and records the debt as an account receivable, or in which the dealer sells to a 105 106 purchaser who has an established cash or C.O.D. account, similar 107 to an open credit account. For purposes of this paragraph, purchases are made from a selling dealer on a continual basis if 108 the selling dealer makes, in the normal course of business, 110 sales to the purchaser at least no less frequently than once in 111 every 12-month period. A dealer may, through the informal 112 protest provided for in s. 213.21 and the rules of the 113 department of Revenue, provide the department with evidence of 114 the exempt status of a sale. Consumer certificates of exemption 115 executed by those exempt entities that were registered with the department at the time of sale, resale certificates provided by 116

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purchasers who were active dealers at the time of sale, and verification by the department of a purchaser's active dealer status at the time of sale in lieu of a resale certificate shall be accepted by the department when submitted during the protest period, but may not be accepted in any proceeding under chapter 120 or any circuit court action instituted under chapter 72.

(3) (a) A Any dealer who fails, neglects, or refuses to collect the tax or fees imposed under this chapter herein provided, either by himself or herself or through the dealer's agents or employees, is, in addition to the penalty of being liable for and paying the tax or fee himself or herself, commits guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as

(b) A dealer who willfully fails to collect a tax or fee after the department provides notice of the duty to collect the tax or fee is liable for a specific penalty of 100 percent of the uncollected tax or fee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed by law. A dealer who willfully fails to collect taxes or fees totaling:

1. Less than \$300:

provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

a. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in

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146	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
147	3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
148	\$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
149	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
150	4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of
151	the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
152	775.083, or s. 775.084.
153	(c) The department shall give written notice of the duty to
154	collect taxes or fees to the dealer by personal service, by
155	sending notice to the dealer's last known address by registered
156	<pre>mail, or both.</pre>
157	Section 3. effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (d) of
158	subsection (2) of section 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended
159	to read:
160	212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for
161	noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with
162	delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions;
163	records required
164	(2)
165	(d) \underline{A} Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return \underline{and}
166	$\underline{\text{who has}}$ $\underline{\text{with}}$ a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or fee
167	imposed under this chapter \underline{is} ; any person who, after the
168	department's delivery of a written notice to the person's last
169	known address specifically alerting the person of the
170	requirement to register the person's business as a dealer,
171	intentionally fails to register the business; and any person
172	who, after the department's delivery of a written notice to the
173	person's last known address specifically alerting the person of
174	the requirement to collect tax on specific transactions,

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175	intentionally fails to collect such tax, shall, in addition to
176	the other penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific
177	penalty of 100 percent of any unreported or any uncollected tax
178	or fee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty
179	provided by law. A person who makes a false or fraudulent return
180	with a willful intent to evade payment of taxes or fees
181	totaling:
182	1. Less than \$300:
183	a. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the second
184	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
185	b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first
186	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
187	c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of
188	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
189	775.083, or s. 775.084.
190	2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000,
191	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
191 192	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
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192	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
192 193	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
192 193 194	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
192 193 194 195	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
192 193 194 195 196	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of
192 193 194 195 196	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of the first degree, punishable and, upon conviction, for fine and
192 193 194 195 196 197	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of the first degree, punishable and, upon conviction, for fine and punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of the first degree, punishable and, upon conviction, for fine and punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Delivery of written notice may be made by certified mail, or by

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notice alerting the person of the requirement to register the

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204	person's business as a dealer or to collect tax on specific
205	transactions shall not apply if the person timely files a
206	written challenge to such notice in accordance with procedures
207	established by the department by rule or the notice fails to
208	clearly advise that failure to comply with or timely challenge
209	the notice will result in the imposition of the civil and
210	criminal penalties imposed herein.
211	1. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
212	or fees is less than \$300, the first offense resulting in
213	conviction is a misdemeanor of the second degree, the second
214	offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first
215	degree, and the third and all subsequent offenses resulting in
216	conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the third
217	and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are felonies
218	of the third degree.
219	2. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
220	or fees is \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a
221	felony of the third degree.
222	3. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
223	or fees is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense
224	is a felony of the second degree.
225	4. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
226	or fees is \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the
227	first degree.
228	Section 4. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (4) of
229	section 212.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
230	212.14 Departmental powers; hearings; distress warrants;
231	bonds; subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum
232	(4) In all cases where it is necessary to ensure compliance

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576-02230-14 20141654 233 with the provisions of this chapter, the department shall 234 require a cash deposit, bond, or other security as a condition 235 to a person obtaining or retaining a dealer's certificate of 236 registration under this chapter. Such bond must shall be in the 237 form and such amount as the department deems appropriate under 238 the particular circumstances. A Every person failing to produce 239 such cash deposit, bond, or other security is as provided for 240 herein shall not be entitled to obtain or retain a dealer's 241 certificate of registration under this chapter, and the 242 Department of Legal Affairs is hereby authorized to proceed by 243 injunction, if when so requested by the Department of Revenue, 244 to prevent such person from doing business subject to the 245 provisions of this chapter until such cash deposit, bond, or 246 other security is posted with the department, and any temporary 247 injunction for this purpose may be granted by any judge or 248 chancellor authorized by law to grant injunctions. Any security 249 required to be deposited may be sold by the department at public 250 sale if it becomes necessary so to do in order to recover any 251 tax, interest, or penalty due. Notice of such sale may be served 252 personally or by mail upon the person who deposited the such 253 security. If by mail, notice sent to the last known address as 254 it the same appears on the records of the department is shall be 255 sufficient for the purpose of this requirement. Upon such sale, 256 the surplus, if any, above the amount due under this chapter 2.57 shall be returned to the person who deposited the security. The 258 department may adopt rules necessary to administer this 259 subsection. For the purpose of the cash deposit, bond, or other 260 security required by this subsection, the term "person" includes 261 those entities defined in s. 212.02(12), as well as:

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262 (a) An individual or entity owning a controlling interest 263 in a business; 264 (b) An individual or entity that acquired an ownership 265 interest or a controlling interest in a business that would 266 otherwise be liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other 267 security, unless the department has determined that the 2.68 individual or entity is not liable for the taxes, interest, or 269 penalties described in s. 213.758; or 270 (c) An individual or entity seeking to obtain a dealer's 271 certificate of registration for a business that will be operated 272 at the same location as a previous business that would otherwise 273 have been liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other security, if the individual or entity fails to provide evidence 274 275 that the business was acquired for consideration in an arms-276 length transaction. 277 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (3) of 278

section 212.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers;
rules.—

(3) (a) $\underline{\underline{A}}$ Every person desiring to engage in or conduct business in this state as a dealer, as defined in this chapter, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps that are subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in real property, as defined in this chapter, and $\underline{\underline{a}}$ every person who sells or receives anything of value by way of admissions, must file with the department an application for a certificate of registration for each place of business. The

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application must include, showing the names of the persons who have interests in such business and their residences, the address of the business, and such other data reasonably required by as the department may reasonably require. However, owners and operators of vending machines or newspaper rack machines are required to obtain only one certificate of registration for each county in which such machines are located. The department, by rule, may authorize a dealer that uses independent sellers to sell its merchandise to remit tax on the retail sales price charged to the ultimate consumer in lieu of having the independent seller register as a dealer and remit the tax. The department may appoint the county tax collector as the department's agent to accept applications for registrations. The application must be submitted made to the department before the person, firm, copartnership, or corporation may engage in such business, and it must be accompanied by a registration fee of \$5. However, a registration fee is not required to accompany an application to engage in or conduct business to make mail order sales. The department may waive the registration fee for applications submitted through the department's Internet registration process.

(b) The department, upon receipt of such application, <u>shall</u> will grant to the applicant a separate certificate of registration for each place of business, which certificate may be canceled by the department or its designated assistants for any failure by the certificateholder to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter. The certificate is not assignable and is valid only for the person, firm, copartnership, or corporation to which issued. The certificate must be placed in a

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320 conspicuous place in the business or businesses for which it is 321 issued and must be displayed at all times. Except as provided in 322 this subsection, a no person may not shall engage in business as a dealer or in leasing, renting, or letting of or granting 324 licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping 325 accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, 326 tourist or trailer camps, or real property, or as hereinbefore 327 defined, nor shall any person sell or receive anything of value 328 by way of admissions, without a valid first having obtained such 329 a certificate. A or after such certificate has been canceled; no 330 person may not shall receive a any license from any authority 331 within the state to engage in any such business without a valid 332 certificate first having obtained such a certificate or after such certificate has been canceled. A person may not engage The 333 334 engaging in the business of selling or leasing tangible personal 335 property or services or as a dealer; engage, as defined in this 336 chapter, or the engaging in leasing, renting, or letting of or 337 granting licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping 338 accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or 339 tourist or trailer camps that are taxable under this chapter, or 340 real property; r or engage the engaging in the business of selling or receiving anything of value by way of admissions, 342 without a valid such certificate first being obtained or after 343 such certificate has been canceled by the department, is 344 prohibited.

(c)1. A The failure or refusal of any person who engages in acts requiring a certificate of registration under this subsection and who fails or refuses to register commits, firm, copartnership, or corporation to so qualify when required

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hereunder is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Such acts are, or subject to injunctive proceedings as provided by law. A person who engages in acts requiring a certificate of registration and who fails or refuses to register is also subject Such failure or refusal also subjects the offender to a \$100 initial registration fee in lieu of the \$5 registration fee required by authorized in paragraph (a). However, the department may waive the increase in the registration fee if it finds is determined by the department that the failure to register was due to reasonable cause and not to willful negligence, willful neglect, or fraud.

- 2.a. A person who willfully fails to register after the department provides notice of the duty to register as a dealer commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- b. The department shall provide written notice of the duty to register to the person by personal service, by sending notice by registered mail to the person's last known address, or both.

(d) (e) In addition to the certificate of registration, the department shall provide to each newly registered dealer an initial resale certificate that will be valid for the remainder of the period of issuance. The department shall provide each active dealer with an annual resale certificate. For purposes of this section, the term "active dealer" means a person who is currently registered with the department and who is required to file at least once during each applicable reporting period.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ The department may revoke \underline{a} any dealer's certificate of registration if when the dealer fails to comply with this

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378 chapter. Before Prior to revocation of a dealer's certificate of 379 registration, the department must schedule an informal 380 conference at which the dealer may present evidence regarding 381 the department's intended revocation or enter into a compliance 382 agreement with the department. The department must notify the 383 dealer of its intended action and the time, place, and date of the scheduled informal conference by written notification sent 385 by United States mail to the dealer's last known address of 386 record furnished by the dealer on a form prescribed by the 387 department. The dealer is required to attend the informal conference and present evidence refuting the department's 389 intended revocation or enter into a compliance agreement with 390 the department which resolves the dealer's failure to comply with this chapter. The department shall issue an administrative 392 complaint under s. 120.60 if the dealer fails to attend the 393 department's informal conference, fails to enter into a 394 compliance agreement with the department resolving the dealer's noncompliance with this chapter, or fails to comply with the 396 executed compliance agreement.

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 $\underline{(f)}$ (e) As used in this paragraph, the term "exhibitor" means a person who enters into an agreement authorizing the display of tangible personal property or services at a convention or a trade show. The following provisions apply to the registration of exhibitors as dealers under this chapter:

- 1. An exhibitor whose agreement prohibits the sale of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax imposed in this chapter is not required to register as a dealer.
- An exhibitor whose agreement provides for the sale at wholesale only of tangible personal property or services subject

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to the tax imposed <u>under</u> in this chapter must obtain a resale certificate from the purchasing dealer but is not required to register as a dealer.

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- 3. An exhibitor whose agreement authorizes the retail sale of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax imposed $\underline{\text{under}}$ in this chapter must register as a dealer and collect the tax $\underline{\text{imposed under this chapter}}$ on such sales.
- 4. $\underline{\text{An}}$ Any exhibitor who makes a mail order sale pursuant to s. 212.0596 must register as a dealer.

 $\underline{\underline{A}}$ Any person who conducts a convention or a trade show must make $\underline{\underline{his}}$ or \underline{her} their exhibitor's agreements available to the department for inspection and copying.

Section 6. Effective July 1, 2014, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to subsection (3) of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.—

- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and s. $202.18\,(1)\,(b)$ and (2)(b) shall be as follows:
- (c) Proceeds from the fees imposed under ss. 212.05(1)(h)3. and 212.18(3) shall remain with the General Revenue Fund.

Section 7. Subsection (5) of section 213.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

213.13 Electronic remittance and distribution of funds collected by clerks of the court.—

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(5) All court-related collections, including fees, fines, reimbursements, court costs, and other court-related funds that the clerks must remit to the state pursuant to law, must be transmitted electronically by the 10th 20th day of the month immediately following the month in which the funds are collected.

Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 213.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

213.21 Informal conferences; compromises.-

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(2) (a) The executive director of the department or his or her designee is authorized to enter into closing agreements with any taxpayer settling or compromising the taxpayer's liability for any tax, interest, or penalty assessed under any of the chapters specified in s. 72.011(1). Such agreements must shall be in writing if when the amount of tax, penalty, or interest compromised exceeds \$30,000, or for lesser amounts, if when the department deems it appropriate or if when requested by the taxpayer. When a written closing agreement has been approved by the department and signed by the executive director or his or her designee and the taxpayer, it shall be final and conclusive; and, except upon a showing of fraud or misrepresentation of material fact or except as to adjustments pursuant to ss. 198.16 and 220.23, no additional assessment may be made by the department against the taxpayer for the tax, interest, or penalty specified in the closing agreement for the time period specified in the closing agreement, and the taxpayer is shall not be entitled to institute any judicial or administrative proceeding to recover any tax, interest, or penalty paid pursuant to the closing agreement. The department is authorized

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to delegate to the executive director the authority to approve
any such closing agreement resulting in a tax reduction of
\$500,000 \$250,000 or less.
Section 9. Effective July 1, 2014, section 213.295, Florida
Statutes, is created to read:
213.295 Automated sales suppression devices.—
(1) As used in this section, the term:
(a) "Automated sales suppression device" or "zapper" means
a software program that falsifies the electronic records of
electronic cash registers or other point-of-sale systems,
including, but not limited to, transaction data and transaction
reports. The term includes the software program, any device that
carries the software program, or an Internet link to the
software program.
(b) "Electronic cash register" means a device that keeps a
register or supporting documents through the use of an
electronic device or computer system designed to record
transaction data for the purpose of computing, compiling, or
processing retail sales transaction data in whatever manner.
(c) "Phantom-ware" means a hidden programming option
embedded in the operating system of an electronic cash register
or hardwired into the electronic cash register which may be used
to create a second set of records or eliminate or manipulate
transaction records, which may or may not be preserved in
$\underline{\text{digital formats, to represent the true or manipulated record of}}$
transactions in the electronic cash register.
(d) "Transaction data" includes the identification of items

determination for each item; a segregated tax amount for each of $$\operatorname{\textsc{Page}}$$ 17 of 22

purchased by a customer; the price for each item; a taxability

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494	the taxed items; the amount of cash or credit tendered; the net
495	amount returned to the customer in change; the date and time of
496	the purchase; the name, address, and identification number of
497	the vendor; and the receipt or invoice number of the
498	transaction.
499	(e) "Transaction report" means a report that documents, but
500	is not limited to documenting, the sales, taxes, or fees
501	collected, media totals, and discount voids at an electronic
502	cash register and is printed on a cash register tape at the end
503	of a day or a shift, or a report that documents every action at
504	an electronic cash register and is stored electronically.
505	(2) A person may not knowingly sell, purchase, install,
506	transfer, possess, use, or access an automated sales suppression
507	device, a zapper, or phantom-ware.
508	(3) A person who violates this section:
509	(a) Commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
510	<pre>provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</pre>
511	(b) Is liable for all taxes, fees, penalties, and interest
512	due the state which result from the use of an automated sales
513	suppression device, a zapper, or phantom-ware and shall forfeit
514	to the state as an additional penalty all profits associated
515	with the sale or use of an automated sales suppression device, a
516	zapper, or phantom-ware.
517	(4) An automated sales suppression device, a zapper,
518	phantom-ware, or any device containing such device or software
519	is a contraband article under ss. 932.701-932.706, the Florida
520	Contraband Forfeiture Act.
521	Section 10. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section
522	443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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443.131 Contributions.-

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- (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT EXPERIENCE.-
- (h) Additional conditions for variation from the standard rate. - An employer's contribution rate may not be reduced below the standard rate under this section unless:
- 1. All contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties incurred by the employer for wages paid by him or her in all previous calendar quarters, except the 4 calendar quarters immediately preceding the calendar quarter or calendar year for which the benefit ratio is computed, are paid; and
- 2. The employer has produced for inspection and copying all work records in his or her possession, custody, or control which were requested by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax collection service provider pursuant to s. 443.171(5). An employer shall have at least 60 days to provide the requested work records before the employer is assigned the standard rate; and
- 3.2. The employer entitled to a rate reduction must have at least one annual payroll as defined in subparagraph (b)1. unless the employer is eligible for additional credit under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. If the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is amended or repealed in a manner affecting credit under the federal act, this section applies only to the extent that additional credit is allowed against the payment of the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax act.

The tax collection service provider shall assign an earned contribution rate to an employer for under subparagraph 1. the

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552	quarter immediately after the quarter in which all
553	contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties are paid
554	in full and all work records requested pursuant to s. 443.171(5)
555	have been produced for inspection and copying by the Department
556	of Economic Opportunity or the tax collection service provider.
557	Section 11. Effective January 1, 2015, paragraph (a) of
558	subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
559	443.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
560	443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.—
561	(1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT,
562	ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS
563	(a) Interest.—Contributions or reimbursements unpaid on the
564	date due bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month
565	through December 31, 2014. Beginning January 1, 2015, the
566	interest rate shall be calculated in accordance with s. 213.235,
567	except that the rate of interest may not exceed 1 percent per
568	$\underline{\text{month}}$ from and after $\underline{\text{the}}$ $\underline{\text{that}}$ date $\underline{\text{due}}$ until payment plus
569	accrued interest is received by the tax collection service
570	provider, unless the service provider finds that the employing
571	unit has good reason for failing to pay the contributions or
572	reimbursements when due. Interest collected under this
573	subsection must be paid into the Special Employment Security
574	Administration Trust Fund.
575	(2) REPORTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, APPEALS
576	(b) Hearings.—The determination and assessment are final $\underline{20}$
577	15 days after the date the assessment is mailed unless the
578	employer files with the tax collection service provider within
579	the 20 15 days a written protest and petition for hearing

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specifying the objections thereto. The tax collection service

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581 provider shall promptly review each petition and may reconsider 582 its determination and assessment in order to resolve the 583 petitioner's objections. The tax collection service provider 584 shall forward each unresolved petition remaining unresolved to 585 the department for a hearing on the objections. Upon receipt of a petition, the department shall schedule a hearing and notify 586 587 the petitioner of the time and place of the hearing. The 588 department may appoint special deputies to conduct hearings who 589 shall and to submit their findings together with a transcript of 590 the proceedings before them and their recommendations to the 591 department for its final order. Special deputies are subject to 592 the prohibition against ex parte communications in s. 120.66. At 593 any hearing conducted by the department or its special deputy, 594 evidence may be offered to support the determination and 595 assessment or to prove it is incorrect. In order to prevail, 596 however, the petitioner must either prove that the determination 597 and assessment are incorrect or file full and complete corrected 598 reports. Evidence may also be submitted at the hearing to rebut 599 the determination by the tax collection service provider that 600 the petitioner is an employer under this chapter. Upon evidence 601 taken before it or upon the transcript submitted to it with the 602 findings and recommendation of its special deputy, the 603 department shall either set aside the tax collection service

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penalties, must be paid within 15 days after notice of the final

provider's determination that the petitioner is an employer

assessed under the final order, together with interest and

order is mailed to the employer, unless judicial review is instituted in a case of status determination. Amounts due when

under this chapter or reaffirm the determination. The amounts

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the status of the employer is in dispute are payable within 15 days after the entry of an order by the court affirming the determination. However, a any determination that an employing unit is not an employer under this chapter does not affect the benefit rights of an any individual as determined by an appeals referee or the commission unless:

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- 1. The individual is made a party to the proceedings before the special deputy; or
- 2. The decision of the appeals referee or the commission has not become final or the employing unit and the department were not made parties to the proceedings before the appeals referee or the commission.

Section 12. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

Lobhvist registered with Legislature: Myes Mo		Appearing at request of Chair:
	COUNTY	Representing ST Locia
	Information	Speaking: For Against
	State Zip	City
E-mail Thewis a thucken, Com		wit Palm Bina
Phone 5 6/ - 640 - 082 1	07	Address 515 N. Flas Lic
		Job Title ATT orpsy
Amendment Barcode 780 76 & (if applicable)		Name Terry Lewis
Bill Number 1654	3	Topic Tax Adminitation
sional Staff conducting the meeting)	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	3 / / (Deliver BOTH copies of this Meeting Date

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/19/14 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Supprt Amadmint	Bill Number 1654
Name Mat Forrest	Amendment Barcode 269490
Job Title Lusy 15+	- (3) approximation
03 F. Park Aur.	Phone 850-577-0444
To // h. Mrc Fl 32701	E-mail
Speaking: For Against Information	
Representing Florida Assoc. of Destination	on Marketing Organization
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyi	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: XYes III No

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

3 / / 7 /2014 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date	inal Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic	Bill Number 1659
Name BRIAN PITTS	Amendment Barcode (If applicable)
Job Title TRUSTEE	(if applicable)
Address 1119 NEWTON AVNUE SOUTH	Phone 727-897-9291
Street	
SAINT PETERSBURG FLORIDA 33705	E-mail JUSTICE2JESUS@YAHOO.COM
City State Zip	
Speaking: Against Information	
Representing JUSTICE-2-JESUS	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: ☐ Yes ☑ No

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

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STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Division of Elections

I. Ken Detzner, Secretary of State do hereby certify that

Jesse Panuccio

is duly appointed Executive Director;

Executive Director, Department of Economic Opportunity

for a term beginning on the
Sixteenth day of May, A.D., 2013,
to serve at the pleasure of the Governor
and is subject to be confirmed by the Senate
during the next regular session of the Legislature.



Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Florida, at Tallahassee, the Capital, this the Eleventh day of July, A.D., 2013.

len actions

Secretary of State

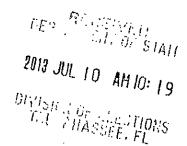
DSDE 99 (3/03)

OATH OF OFFICE

(Art. II. § 5(b), Fla. Const.)

STATE OF FLORIDA

County of Leon



I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, protect, and defend the Constitution and Government of the United States and of the State of Florida; that I am duly qualified to hold office under the Constitution of the State, and that I will well and faithfully perform the duties of

Executive Director, Department of Economic Opportunity

(Title of Office)

on which I am now about to enter, so help me God.

[NOTE: If you affirm, you may omit the words "so help me God." See § 92.52, Fla. Stat.]

Signature

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 9 day of July 2013

Signature of Officer Administration KATHY WHITEN WISON MY COMMISSION & EE BTOKE EXPINES. Inches 38, 2017

Print, Type, or Stamp Commission & About Michigan States and Commission & Produced Identification

Type of Identification Produced

Type of Identification Produced

ACCEPTANCE

I accept the office listed in the above Oath of Office.

Mailing Address:

V Home

Office

2050 Gardenbrook Lane

Street or Post Office Box

Tallahassee, Florida 32301

City, State, Zip Code

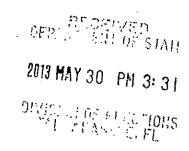
Jesse Panuccio

Print name as you desire commission issued

Signature



RICK SCOTT GOVERNOR



May 30, 2013

The Honorable Kenneth W. Detzner Secretary of State State of Florida R. A. Gray Building, Room 316 500 South Bronough Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0250

Dear Secretary Detzner:

Please be advised I have amended the following reappointment under the provisions of Section 1001.71, Florida Statutes:

Mr. Jesse M. Panuccio 2050 Gardenbrook Lane Tallahassee, Florida 32301

as Executive Director of the Department of Economic Opportunity, subject to confirmation by the Senate. This appointment is effective May 16, 2013, for a term ending at the pleasure of the Governor.

Sincerely,

Rick Scott

Governor

RS/vh

104933

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR SENATE CONFIRMATION

The information from this questionnaire will be used by the Florida Senate in considering action on your confirmation. The questionnaire MUST BE COMPLETED IN FULL. Answer "none" or "not applicable" where appropriate.

Please type or print in blue or black ink.

lease type of print in blue of bia			7-9-1	3
		•	D	ate Completed
. Name: Mr.	Panuccio	Jesse		M.
Mr./Mrs./Ms.	Last	First		Middle/Maiden
. Business Address: 107 East	Madison Street	Suite 212	Tallah	assee
	Street	· Office#		City
	FL	32399	(850) 24	
Post Office Box	State	Zip Code	Area (Code/Phone Number
. Residence Address: 2050 Ga	rdenbrook Lane	Tallahassee		Leon
	Street	City	(050) 00	County
	FL	32301	(850) 69	Z-3179 Code/Phone Number
Post Office Box	State	Zip Code	Aica	Loue/Fione indirect
Specify the preferred mailing add	iress: Business	Residence 🗌	Fax #	(optional)
. A. List all your places of residen	ice for the last five (5) years.			Орнован
Address	City & State		<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
2050 Gardenbrook Lane		Feb.	2011	Present
	Arlington, VA	Oct	2007	Jan. 2011
1200 N. Veitch St.	, raingon, r			
			ned at any time du	ring adulthood.
		la that you have maintai	From	<u>To</u>
B. List all your former and curren	t residences outside of Floric	la that you have maintai		<u>To</u>
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St.	t residences outside of Floric City & State	ia that you have maintai Oc	From	<u>To</u> Jan. 201
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street	t residences outside of Floric <u>City & State</u> Arlington, VA	la that you have maintai Oc T Au	<u>From</u> t. 2007	<u>To</u> Jan. 201 Aug. 200 May 2006
B. List all your former and curren	t residences outside of Florid <u>City & State</u> Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U	la that you have maintai Oc T Au	From t. 2007 g. 2006	
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street	t residences outside of Floric <u>City & State</u> Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA	la that you have maintai Oc T Au	From t, 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004	Jan. 201 ² Jan. 201 ² Aug. 2006 May 2004 May 2004 □ ⊵
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street Harvard Law School (See attached)	t residences outside of Florid <u>City & State</u> Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA	la that you have maintai Oc T Au Au	From t, 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004	Jan. 201 Aug. 2006 May 2004
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street Harvard Law School (See attached) Date of Birth: Nov. 1, 1980	t residences outside of Florid <u>City & State</u> Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA	la that you have maintai Oc T Au Au	From t, 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004	Jan. 201 Aug. 2006 May 2004
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street Harvard Law School (See attached) Date of Birth: Nov. 1, 1980	t residences outside of Floric <u>City & State</u> Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA	la that you have maintai Oc T Au Au Au	From t, 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004	Jan. 201 Aug. 2006 May 2004
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street Harvard Law School (See attached) Date of Birth: Nov. 1, 1980 Social Security Number: Driver License Number	t residences outside of Florid City & State Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA Place of Birth:	la that you have maintai Oc T Au Au Au lew Jersey	Erom t. 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004 g. 2003	Jan. 201 Aug. 2006 May 2004
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street Harvard Law School (See attached) Date of Birth: Nov. 1, 1980	t residences outside of Florid City & State Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA Place of Birth:	la that you have maintai Oc T Au Au Au lew Jersey	From t, 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004	Jan. 201 Aug. 2006 May 2006 May 2004
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street Harvard Law School (See attached) Date of Birth: Nov. 1, 1980 Social Security Number: Driver License Number	t residences outside of Florid City & State Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA Place of Birth:	la that you have maintai Oc T Au Au Au lew Jersey	Erom t. 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004 g. 2003	Jan. 201 Aug. 2006 May 2006 May 2004
B. List all your former and curren Address 1200 N. Veitch St. 480 N. Wall Street 44 Martin Street Harvard Law School (See attached) Date of Birth: Nov. 1, 1980 Social Security Number: Driver License Number	t residences outside of Florid City & State Arlington, VA Salt Lake City, U Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA Place of Birth:	la that you have maintai Oc T Au Au Au lew Jersey	Erom t. 2007 g. 2006 g. 2004 g. 2003	Jan. 201 Aug. 2006 May 2004 DAY SEE COLOR FILE COLOR Aug. 2007

Questionnaire for Senate Confirmation (attachment)

Continuation of Question #4.(B)

Duke University Durham, NC Jan. 2003 – May 2003*
Hotel At. George Student Housing NYC, NY Jan. 2002 – June 2002
GW University Washington, DC Summer 2002

*During summers between school years (college & law), I lived in various locations, but cannot recall each of these temporary addresses. The locations were in Pompano Beach, FL; Montgomery, AL; and Washington, D.C.

			<u>,, </u>
f you are a naturalized citizen, date	of naturalization:		·
. Since what year have you been a c	ontinuous resident of Florid	la? 2011	
. Are you a registered Florida voter?	Yes No If "Y	Yes" list:	
A. County of Registration: Leon		B. Current Party Affiliation: Re	epublican
Education			
A. High School: Morris Hills Hig	h School, Rockaway, NJ Name and Location)	Year	Graduated: 1999
B. List all postsecondary education	al institutions attended:		
Name & Location	Dates Attended	<u>Certific</u>	ates/Degrees Received
Duke University	1999-2003		BA
Harvard Law School	2003-2006		JD
. Are you or have you ever been a m	ember of the armed forces	of the United States? Yes	No If "Yes" list:
A. Dates of Service:			
B. Branch or Component:			
C. Date & type of discharge:			
. Have you ever been arrested, charg ordinance? (Exclude traffic violation give details:	ed, or indicted for violation ons for which a fine or civil	of any federal, state, county, or penalty of \$150 or less was paid	municipal law, regulation, or d.) Yes No If Yes
Date P	lace	Nature	<u>Disposition</u>
I received a speeding ticket in Virgi	—— inia on 4/2/00, but my recor	ds do not reflect the amount of t	he fine, so I cannot definitively
answer "yes" or "no" to this que			
Concerning your current employer address, type of business, occupation	and for all of your employs on or job title, and period(s)) of employment.	
Employer's Name & Address	Type of Business	Occupation/Job Title	Period of Employment
DEO, Tallahassee, FL	Government	Executive Director	Jan. 2013 - present
EOG, Tallahassee, FL	Government	General Counsel	Mar. 2012 - Jan. 2013
	Government	Deputy General Counsel	Feb. 2011 - Mar. 2012
EOG, Tallahassee, FL		Associate	2007 - 2011
	Law Firm		
EOG, Tallahassee, FL Cooper & Kirk, PLLC	my state, district, or local g	overnmental agency in Florida?	Yes No nployment:
EOG, Tallahassee, FL Cooper & Kirk, PLLC Have you ever been employed by a	my state, district, or local g	overnmental agency in Florida? g agency, and the period(s) of er	

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	For two years in the EOG legal office, I gained a deep understanding of how state agencies function. Wo Governor also allowed me to understand and appreciate his vision for a government that is transpared	
	efficient. In addition, because DEO is chiefly a compliance and monitoring agency, my background	
	serve me well in this position. Moreover, with several months on the job at DEO, I believe I have learned	ed a great dear abou
	its critical functions, its challenges, and its potential for helping our economy thrive.	
3.	3. Have you received any degree(s), professional certification(s), or designations(s) related to the subject appointment? Yes No I If "Yes", list:	et matter of this
	My BA is in Public Policy. I also have a JD.	
С.	C. Have you received any awards or recognitions relating to the subject matter of this appointment? You If "Yes", list:	es 🗌 No 🔳
)	D. Identify all association memberships and association offices held by you that relate to this appointment. N/A	ent:
D Y	Do you currently hold an office or position (appointive, civil service, or other) with the federal or any for No 🔳 If "Yes", list:	oreign government?
	A. Have you ever been elected or appointed to any public office in this state? Yes No I If "Ye date of election or appointment, term of office, and level of government (city, county, district, state,	es", state the office federal):
A		
A		of Government
A	Office Title Date of Election or Appointment Term of Office Level of	of Government tate

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and the reconous	ny of the regularly sch	eduled meetings, state the number	er of meetings you attended, the number you misse
	(s) for your absence(s)).	Reason for Absence
Meetings Attended	1	Meetings Missed	Reason for Absence
. Has probable cause ev and Employees? Yes	rer been found that you	were in violation of Part III, Ch	apter 112, F.S., the Code of Ethics for Public Office
Date		ture of Violation	<u>Disposition</u>
			of Florida? Yes No II If "Yes", list:
B. Date of suspension	:	D. Result: Reins	stated Removed Resigned Resigned
If "Yes", list:		office that required confirmation	by the Florida Senate? Yes 🔳 No 🗌
A. Title of Office: Exe			
B. Term of Appointme			and No action by full Consts Chember
			ance; No action by full Senate Chamber.
. Have you ever been re	Hused a fidelity, surery	, performance, or other bond?	Yes No I If "Yes", explain:
		al ou use fessional license on cont	ificate in the State of Florida? Yes 🔳 No 🗌
If "Yes", provide the t	title and number, origin	nal issue date, and issuing author	ity. If any disciplinary action (fine, probation, ssuing authority, state the type and date of the
If "Yes", provide the t suspension, revocation action taken: <u>License/Certificate</u>	title and number, origin n, disbarment) has even <u>Original</u>	nal issue date, and issuing author r been taken against you by the is	rity. If any disciplinary action (fine, probation, ssuing authority, state the type and date of the
If "Yes", provide the t suspension, revocation action taken:	title and number, origing, disbarment) has ever	nal issue date, and issuing author	ity. If any disciplinary action (fine, probation, ssuing authority, state the type and date of the Disciplinary Action/Date
If "Yes", provide the t suspension, revocation action taken: <u>License/Certificate</u> <u>Title & Number</u>	title and number, origin, disbarment) has even Original Issue Date	nal issue date, and issuing author r been taken against you by the is <u>Issuing Authority</u>	ity. If any disciplinary action (fine, probation, ssuing authority, state the type and date of the Disciplinary Action/Date
If "Yes", provide the t suspension, revocation action taken: License/Certificate Title & Number Law license A. Have you, or busin dealings during the	title and number, origin, disbarment) has ever Original Issue Date 10/20/2006	nal issue date, and issuing author r been taken against you by the is Issuing Authority Florida Supreme Cou ave been and owner, officer, or exith any state or local government.	rity. If any disciplinary action (fine, probation, ssuing authority, state the type and date of the Disciplinary Action/Date rt N/A mployee, held any contractual or other direct al agency in Florida, including the office or agence
If "Yes", provide the t suspension, revocation action taken: License/Certificate Title & Number Law license A. Have you, or busin dealings during the	original Issue Date 10/20/2006 nesses of which you have last four (4) years with the second provided the	nal issue date, and issuing author r been taken against you by the is Issuing Authority Florida Supreme Cou	rity. If any disciplinary action (fine, probation, ssuing authority, state the type and date of the Disciplinary Action/Date rt N/A mployee, held any contractual or other direct al agency in Florida, including the office or agence.

, h

. Have you ever been a	registered lobbyist or have you lo	obied at any level of governme	ent at any time during the past five
(5) years? Yes 🔳			
A. Did you receive an	ny compensation other than reimbu	rsement for expenses? Yes L	」No ■
B. Name of agency or	entity you lobbied and the princip	al(s) you represented:	
Agency Lobbied		Principal Represente	<u>d</u>
	byist" registration to the extent	• •	
telephone number. Exc	have known you well within the peclude your relatives and members	of the Florida Senate.	
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<u>MEMORANDUM</u>

AS A GENERAL MATTER, APPLICATIONS FOR ALL POSITIONS WITHIN STATE GOVERNMENT ARE PUBLIC RECORDS WHICH MAY BE VIEWED BY ANYONE UPON REQUEST. HOWEVER, THERE ARE SOME EXEMPTIONS FROM THE PUBLIC RECORDS LAW FOR IDENTIFYING INFORMATION RELATING TO PAST AND PRESENT LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AND THEIR FAMILIES, VICTIMS OF CERTAIN CRIMES, ETC. IF YOU BELIEVE AN EXEMPTION FROM THE PUBLIC RECORDS LAW APPLIES TO YOUR SUBMISSION, PLEASE CHECK THIS BOX.

Yes, I assert that identifying information provided in this application should be excluded from inspection under the Public Records Law.
Because: (please provide cite.)

IF YOU NEED ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE AS TO THE APPLICABILITY OFANY PUBLIC RECORDS LAW EXEMPTION TO YOUR SITUATION, PLEASE CONTACT THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The Office of the Attorney General PL-01, The Capitol Tallahassee, Florida 32399 (850) 245-0150

GEMATITENT OF STAIL 2013 JUL 10 AM 10: 19 CERTIFICATION STATE OF FLORIDA Leon COUNTY OF _____ Before me, the undersigned Notary Public of Florida, personally appeared Jesse M. Panuccio who, after being duty sworn, say: (1) that he/she has carefully and personally prepared or read the answers to the foregoing questions; (2) that the information contained in said answers is complete and true; and (3) that he/she will, as an appointee, fully support the Constitutions of the United States and of the State of Florida. Signature of Applicant-Affiant Sworn to and subscribed before me this 9th day of July, 2013. KATHY WHITTEN WILSON MY COMMISSION # EE \$70054 EXPIRES: January 30, 2017 Bonded Thru Notery Public Underwith (Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public) My commission expires: 1-30-17

Personally Known OR Produced Identification .

Type of Identification Produced _____

(seal)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profess	sional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	
Topic DEO Condination	Bill Number
Name Brian P. HS	(if applicable) Amendment Barcode
tle	(if applicable)
Address St Petersburg 1119 Newton Ave S.	Phone 727/897-929/
Street St Petersburg State S	E-mail justice2jesusgymhoc.com
Speaking: For Against VInformation	
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Wo Lobbyis	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🏻 Yes 🖳 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: EL 110 Case: Type: Caption: Senate Commerce and Tourism Committee Judge:

Started: 3/17/2014 4:32:32 PM

Ends: 3/17/2014 5:45:10 PM Length: 01:12:39

4:32:34 PM Call to order

4:33:10 PM Tab 6 SB 1654 Senator Hukill 4:34:20 PM Amendment 1 barcode 780768 4:35:21 PM Amendment 2 barcode 269490

4:36:17 PM Senator Hukill 4:37:19 PM Roll call on SB 1654

4:37:42 PM Bill passes 4:38:07 PM Tab 2 TP'd

Tab 7 Senate Confirmation Hearing Jesse Pannucio 4:38:32 PM

4:47:12 PM Senator Detert 4:51:14 PM Senator Thompson

4:51:58 PM Senator Ring

Speaker Brian Pitts representing Justice 2 Jesus 5:05:05 PM 5:09:33 PM Roll call on Jesse Pannucio's Confirmation

5:10:32 PM Motion passes

Tab 4 SB 1184 Senator Brandes 5:10:45 PM 5:11:21 PM Amendment 1 barcode 879080

5:12:11 PM Speaker Melissa Ramba representing Florida Retail Federation

5:13:15 PM Speaker Jeff Sharkey representing Leon County 5:14:20 PM Speaker Claudia Frese representing herself 5:15:14 PM Speaker Mark Soroko representing himself

Speaker J.R. Harding representing Persons with Disabilities 5:16:15 PM

Senator Bean 5:21:49 PM Senator Stargel 5:23:07 PM Roll call on SB 1184 5:23:47 PM 5:23:56 PM Bill passes

Tab 1 SB 136 Senator Ring 5:24:16 PM

5:25:43 PM Speaker Brian Pitts representing Justice 2 Jesus

5:27:19 PM Senator Bean 5:28:15 PM Roll call on SB 136 5:28:29 PM Bill passes

5:28:39 PM Tab 3 SB 1150 Senator Bean 5:29:37 PM Amendment 1 barcode 156714 Amendment 2 barcode 319040 5:29:52 PM

5:30:57 PM Speaker Layne Smith representing Mayo Clinic

5:32:26 PM Senator Thompson

5:33:36 PM Speaker Brian Pitts representing Justice 2 Jesus

5:36:11 PM Senator Thompson 5:37:59 PM Senator Ring Roll call on SB 1150 5:39:02 PM

5:39:04 PM Bill passes

Tab 5 SB 1556 Senator Simpson 5:39:32 PM Amendment 1 barcode 156186 5:39:53 PM

5:41:05 PM Senator Stargel

5:43:01 PM Speaker Amy Datz representing herself and Democratic Environmental Caucus of Florida

5:44:06 PM Roll call on SB 1556

5:44:30 PM Bill passes 5:44:57 PM Adjournment