The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

COMMERCE AND TOURISM Senator Montford, Chair Senator Gainer, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 6, 2017

TIME: 1:30—3:30 p.m.

PLACE: Toni Jennings Committee Room, 110 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Montford, Chair; Senator Gainer, Vice Chair; Senators Gibson, Hutson, Latvala, Passidomo,

Rodriguez, and Young

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 380 Mayfield (Similar H 801)	Unsafe Tires; Prohibiting the installation, for compensation, of certain automobile or light truck tires; specifying what constitutes an unsafe used tire; providing that violations of the act are deceptive and unfair trade practices, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
		CM 03/06/2017 Fav/CS JU RC	
2	SB 664 Bean (Similar H 555)	Disaster Preparedness Tax Exemption; Providing a sales and use tax exemption for certain tangible personal property related to disaster preparedness during a specified period, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
		CM 03/06/2017 Fav/CS AFT AP	
3	CS/SB 440 Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security / Gibson (Identical CS/H 401)	Notaries Public; Expanding the list of forms of identification which a notary public may rely on in notarizing a signature on a document to include a veteran health information card, etc.	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0
	(control control)	MS 02/21/2017 Fav/CS CM 03/06/2017 Favorable RC	
4	SB 498 Young (Identical H 467)	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; Requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to adopt by rule certain United States Environmental Protection Agency regulations relating to labeling requirements for pesticides and devices; providing an authorization to the Department of Law Enforcement to release certain mental health and substance abuse history of applicants and licensees for the purpose of determining licensure eligibility; removing a limitation on the length of time for which the department must place certain persons on a no-solicitation list, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
		CM 03/06/2017 Fav/CS JU AP	

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Commerce and Tourism Monday, March 6, 2017, 1:30—3:30 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION

Other Related Meeting Documents

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	: The Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and	d Tourism
BILL:	CS/SB 380				
INTRODUCER: Commerce		and Tourism Committe	e and Senator M	ayfield	
SUBJECT:	Unsafe Tire	S			
DATE:	March 7, 20	17 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Harmsen		McKay	CM	Fav/CS	
2.			JU		
3.			RC		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 380 prohibits the installation, for compensation, of unsafe tires on motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less. The bill provides conditions that deem a tire unsafe, including if the tire:

- Is worn to a 2/32-inch or less tread depth;
- Has damage that exposes the tire's reinforcing piles;
- Has been repaired in a specified manner, such as a repair to the tread shoulder, belt edge, sidewall, or bead area; or repair of a puncture larger than 1/4-inch; or
- Has its identification number defaced or removed.

A person who knowingly violates these provisions commits an unfair and deceptive trade practice under the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, punishable by a civil penalty with a fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.¹

II. Present Situation:

According to one estimate, approximately 10 percent of tires sold in the U.S. each year are used tires.² Used tires are generally a less expensive option for the consumer and provide a greater

¹ See Part II, ch. 501, F.S.

² Safety Research & Strategies, *Used Tires: A Booming Business with Hidden Dangers* (2007), http://www.safetyresearch.net/Library/Used Tires.htm (last visited Mar. 6, 2017).

profit margin for the retailer.³ Although federal regulations require tire manufacturers to mark each new or retreaded tire with a tire identification number (TIN) that indicates the week and year the tire was manufactured,⁴ used tires that have not undergone any retreading or regrooving are not subject to any federal standards. Similarly, the sale of used tires for the purpose of placement on vehicles is not regulated in Florida. However, five other states, Kansas,⁵ Michigan,⁶ Maryland,⁷ Minnesota,⁸ and New Jersey,⁹ have adopted legislation that prohibits "unsafe tires" from being installed on a car.

The Rubber Manufacturers Association (RMA) issued a tire industry service bulletin that lists conditions under which it recommends that a used tire should not be installed on a vehicle.¹⁰ These conditions include:

- Any punctures or other penetrations to the tire, whether repaired or not. This does not include the proper repair of a tire installed on a consumer's vehicle when the consumer is aware of the tire's history;
- Any innerliner or bead damage;
- Indication of internal separation, such as bulges or areas of irregular treadwear;
- Indication of run-flat, under inflated, or overloaded damage (e.g., innerliner abrasion, mid-toupper sidewall abrasion and stamping deterioration, delamination, discoloration, or excessive tread shoulder wear);
- Damage or wear that exposes the body material of the tire, such as cuts, cracks, bulges, impact damage, or punctures;
- Defaced or removed Department of Transportation (DOT) TIN;
- Involved in a recall or a replacement program;
- Inadequate tread depth, which is generally considered a tread depth of 2/32-inch or less;
- Mounted on a rim that is bent, dented, cracked or otherwise damaged;
- Evidence of improper storage;
- Chemical, fire, excessive heat damage, or other environmental damage;
- Designated as a "scrap tire" or otherwise not intended for continued highway service;
- Evidence of prior use of tire repair sealant;
- Altered to look like new tires (e.g., a regrooved tread); and
- Labeled on the sidewall as "Not For Highway Use," "NHS," "For Racing Purposes Only," "Agricultural Use Only," "SL" (service limited agricultural tire), or any other indication that the tire is barred from use on public thoroughfares.

 $^{^3}$ Id.

⁴ 49 C.F.R. s. 571.139, s. 5.5.1 (2005).

⁵ K.S.A. s. 8-1742a.

⁶ M.C.L.S. s. 257.710.

⁷ Md. Transportation Code Ann. s. 22-405.5.

⁸ Minn. Stat. s.169.723.

⁹ Dan Zielinski, *New Jersey Assembly Advances Bill to Protect Consumers from Unsafe Used Tires* (Nov. 21, 2016), https://rma.org/news/new-jersey-assembly-advances-bill-protect-consumers-unsafe-used-tires (last visited Mar. 6, 2017).

¹⁰ Rubber Manufacturers Association, *Tire Information Service Bulletin, Vol. 45, No. 4, Passenger and Light Truck Used Tires* (2011), https://rma.org/sites/default/files/TISB-45-4-0611-

Passenger%2520and%2520Light%2520Truck%2520Used%2520Tires.pdf (last visited Mar. 6, 2017).

The RMA also offers criteria for proper used tire repair, 11 including that:

- Repairs should be limited to the tread area only;
- Punctures cannot be greater than 1/4-inch (6mm) in diameter;
- Repairs must be performed by removing the tire from the rim or wheel assembly to perform a complete inspection to assess all damage that may be present;
- Repairs cannot overlap; and
- A rubber stem, or plug, must be applied to fill the puncture and a patch must be applied to seal the inner liner. A common repair unit is a one-piece unit with a stem and patch portion. A plug by itself is an unacceptable repair for a punctured tire.

Florida and several other states regulate the recycling and disposal of waste tires, also known as scrap tires. Florida law defines a waste tire as a tire that has been removed from a motor vehicle and has not been retreaded or regrooved.¹² Therefore, a tire classified as a waste tire may also be a used tire that may be placed on a vehicle.

A retreaded tire is different from a waste tire or used tire because it has been inspected, received an entirely new tread, and is marked with a new TIN before being re-released to the retail market. ^{13,14,15} Retreaded tires have gained in popularity in recent years, largely because they are lower in price than new tires. ¹⁶ Large markets for retreaded tires include commercial trucking, commercial airlines, and U.S. Department of Defense clients. ¹⁷

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 makes it a violation of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act (FDUTPA) for any person to install an unsafe tire on a motor vehicle that will be used on public streets, roads, or highways, and which has a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less, for compensation. The bill defines an unsafe tire as that which has:

- Any area of tread worn to 2/32-inch tread depth or less;
- Damage to the tire, including a cut, crack, bulge, puncture, scrape, or wear, that exposes the tire's reinforcing plies;
- Been repaired in the following manners:
 - Has tread shoulder or belt edge repairs;
 - Has a cured rubber stem or plug to the outside of the tire as a repair for a puncture, as compared to the puncture being patched or sealed on the inside of the tire;
 - o Has sidewall or bead area repairs; or

¹¹ Rubber Manufacturers Association, *Puncture Repair Procedures for Passenger and Light Truck Tires* (2011), https://rma.org/sites/default/files/prp wallchart1111 0.pdf (last visited Mar. 6, 2017).

¹² Section 403.717(1)(d), F.S.

¹³ Tire Retread and Repair Information Bureau, *About Retreading*, http://www.retread.org/about-retreading (last visited Mar. 6, 2017).

¹⁴ Tire Retread and Repair Information Bureau, *Retread Myths*, http://www.retread.org/retread-myths (last visited Mar. 6, 2017).

¹⁵ 49 C.F.R. s. 574 (1996).

¹⁶ Jim Park, *Are Retreaded Tires Gaining Market Share over Replacements?* (Feb. 2014), *available at* http://www.truckinginfo.com/article/story/2014/02/are-retreaded-tires-gaining-market-share-over-replacements/page/1.aspx (last visited Mar. 6, 2017).

¹⁷ See supra note 13.

- Has a repair to a puncture that is larger than 1/4-inch.
- Evidence of the use of a temporary tire sealant without a subsequent proper repair;
- A defaced or removed TIN:
- Inner liner or bead damage; or
- Evidence of internal separation, such as a bulge or an area of irregular tread wear.

A person who knowingly violates this provision commits an unfair and deceptive trade practice under the FDUTPA, punishable as a civil penalty with a fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation. ¹⁸ Private consumers may still purchase and install their own tires, notwithstanding the above prohibition.

Section 2 provides an effective date of July 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

This legislation may result in a reduction of overall used tire inventory for the paid installation on cars. This may lead to fewer choices for consumers and a reduction in sales for those who install used tires. Additionally, used tire installers may see an increase in costs related to inspection of each tire to determine if it qualifies as "unsafe" under the law.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Florida Office of the Attorney General may incur extra costs related to prosecution of this new prohibition.

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¹⁸ Section 501.2075, F.S.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends s. 501.977 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 6, 2017:

Clarifies that a person may not install, for compensation, unsafe tires on motor vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Senate		
	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
03/06/2017	•	
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The Committee on	Commerce and Tourism (Mayfield)	recommended th
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11	and insert:	
12	of certain tires on specified motor vehicles;	
13	specifying	

Florida Senate - 2017 SB 380

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By Senator Mayfield

17-00351-17

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to unsafe tires; creating s. 501.977,

F.S.; prohibiting the installation, for compensation,
of certain automobile or light truck tires; specifying
what constitutes an unsafe used tire; providing that

violations of the act are deceptive and unfair trade practices; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 501.977, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

501.977 Installation of unsafe tires.-

- (1) A person in this state may not, for compensation, install automobile or light truck tires for use on public streets, roads, or highways if any of the following conditions exist:
- (a) Any area of the tire's tread is worn to 2/32-inch tread depth or less.
- (b) Damage to the tire, including any cut, crack, bulge, puncture, scrape, or wear, exposes the reinforcing plies of the tire.
- $\underline{\mbox{(c)}}$ The tire has been repaired in one or more of the following manners:
- $\underline{\mbox{1. A repair made in the tread shoulder or belt edge area of the tire.}$
- 2. A puncture repair using a cured rubber stem or plug through to the outside of the tire instead of the puncture being patched or sealed on the inside of the tire.
 - 3. A repair to the sidewall or bead area of the tire.
- $\underline{\textbf{4. A repair of a puncture larger than one-fourth of an}}$ inch.

Page 1 of 2

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2017 SB 380

	17-00351-17 2017380
33	(d) The tire shows evidence of a temporary tire sealant
34	having been used without a subsequent proper repair.
35	(e) The tire identification number has been defaced or
36	removed.
37	(f) The tire has inner liner or bead damage.
38	(g) The tire shows evidence of internal separation, such as
39	a bulge or an area of irregular tread wear.
40	(2) A person who knowingly violates this section commits a
41	deceptive and unfair trade practice actionable under the Florida
42	Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act pursuant to part II of
43	chapter 501, Florida Statutes.
44	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Education, Vice Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on the Environment
and Natural Resources
Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government Banking and Insurance Judiciary

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, Alternating Chair

SENATOR DEBBIE MAYFIELD

17th District

February 6, 2017

Chairman Montford 410 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Re: SB 380

Dear Chairman Montford,

I am respectfully requesting Senate Bill 380, a bill relating to Unsafe Tires, be placed on the agenda for your committee on Commerce and Tourism.

I appreciate your consideration of this bill and I look forward to working with you and the Commerce and Tourism committee. If there are any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to call my office at 850-487-5017

Thank you,

Senator Debbie Mayfield

District 17

Cc: Todd McKay, Marilyn Barnes, Melissa Durham, Marcia Mathis, Taylor Peck

☐ 900 E. Strawbridge Avenue, Melbourne, Florida 32901 (321) 409-2025

☐ 1801 27th Street, Vero Beach, Florida 32960 (772) 226-1970

□ 324 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5017

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

JOE NEGRON President of the Senate

ANITERE FLORES President Pro Tempore

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of	CE RECORD or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Wed Tires	SB380 Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Ov Mey Pitus Brooks	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Director of Gov + Relations	
Speaking: For Against Information Representing Yussu Manufacturers A Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No Lol	bbvist registered . :
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this that as many persons as possible can be heard.

APPEARANCE RECORD

APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Ingale Tires Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Coby ist
Address 0 E. Vennedy Nud. Ste 4000 Phone 813 - 407-6703 Street 33600 Email Email Email. Will a man will read this information into the record.) Speaking: For Against Information Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

3-6-17 Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 380
Topic
Name_Rtchacl Gevt
Job Title
Address 2305 BRAEBURN CIP. Phone 950-25(-1837)
City State 32309 Email RGENTRY @ CONCOST, NET
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Publier Manufacturers</u> Assu.
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this
This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession)	al Staff conducting the meeting) 5.3 3 PO
Weeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>Used Tires</u>	
Name Trevor Mask	— Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name_/ COUR /VIOLSE	
Job Title Lobbyist	·
Address 215 S. Monroe St.	- Phone 850-347-8169
Tallohassec F2 32311	Email Maske Coloday Eass. Com
City State Zip	
(The Ch	Speaking: In Support Against pair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Auto Dismantlers + Recycl	lers Association
Appearing of request of OL :	stered with Legislature: Ves No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as man	all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this y persons as possible can be heard
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	
	S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate COMMITTEE VOTE RECORD

COMMITTEE: Commerce and Tourism

ITEM: SB 380

FINAL ACTION: Favorable with Committee Substitute

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 6, 2017

TIME: 1:30—3:30 p.m.

PLACE: 110 Senate Office Building

FINAL	VOTE		3/06/2017 Amendmer	1 nt 337966				
			Mayfield	Mayfield				
Yea	Nay	SENATORS	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay
Χ		Gibson						
Χ		Hutson						
Χ		Latvala						
Χ		Passidomo						
Χ		Rodriguez						
Χ		Young						
Х		Gainer, VICE CHAIR						
Х		Montford, CHAIR						
8 Yea	0 Nay	TOTALS	RCS Yea	- Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay

CODES: FAV=Favorable

UNF=Unfavorable -R=Reconsidered

RCS=Replaced by Committee Substitute RE=Replaced by Engrossed Amendment RS=Replaced by Substitute Amendment TP=Temporarily Postponed VA=Vote After Roll Call VC=Vote Change After Roll Call WD=Withdrawn OO=Out of Order AV=Abstain from Voting

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By:	The Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce an	d Tourism	
BILL:	CS/SB 664					
INTRODUCER: The Commi		tee on Commerce and	Tourism, and Se	enator Bean		
SUBJECT:	Disaster Pre	paredness Tax Exempt	ion			
DATE:	March 6, 20	17 REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Askey		McKay	CM	CS/Fav		
2			AFT			
3.			AP			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 664 provides for a 7-day sales tax exemption period for the purchase of specified items associated with disaster preparedness and protection, from May 30, 2017, through June 5, 2017.

The bill provides an appropriation of \$290,580 in nonrecurring funds from General Revenue for Fiscal Year 2016-17 to the Department of Revenue to administer the tax exemption.

The Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) estimates that CS/SB 664 reduces General Revenue receipts by \$5.3 million and reduces local revenue by \$1.4 million in Fiscal Year 2017-18. Due to the timing of the tax-exempt period the REC also estimates that there will be a reduction in General Revenue receipts by \$0.3 million and local revenues by an insignificant amount, in Fiscal Year 2016-17. The Department of Revenue estimates additional costs of \$290,580 to administer this bill.

The bill takes effect upon becoming law.

II. Present Situation:

Chapter 212, F.S., levies a six percent sales and use tax on most sales of tangible personal property and a limited number of services. Section 212.08, F.S., provides for specific exemptions from the sales and use tax imposed by the chapter.

Local governments are authorized to levy several types of local discretionary sales surtaxes pursuant to s. 212.055, F.S. The rate of the discretionary sales surtax depends on the county, while some counties do not have a surtax.¹ Rates currently range from one-half percent to one and one-half percent.² The surtax does not apply to any sales amount above \$5,000 on any item of tangible personal property.³

The Legislature has approved similar sales tax exemption periods in the past. Most recently, in 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2014, the state established time periods where items below certain thresholds were exempt from tax. The type and value of exempt items has varied. In 2005 and 2007, the tax-exempt period ran from June 1 through June 12;⁴ in 2006, the tax-exempt period was from May 21 through June 1;⁵ and in 2014, the tax-exempt period was from May 31 through June 8.⁶ This time period coincides with the start of the Atlantic hurricane season.⁷

The Florida Division of Emergency Management recommends having a plan and preparing property to prevent damage. Additionally, the Division of Emergency Management recommends having a disaster supply kit with items such as a battery operated radio, flashlight, batteries, and first-aid kit.⁸

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

CS/SB 664 establishes a sales tax exemption period for the purchase of specified items associated with disaster preparedness and protection. The period specified for sales tax exemption on these items will be from 12:01 a.m. on May 30, 2017, through 11:59 p.m. on June 5, 2017.

The items exempted from sales tax are:

- A portable self-powered light source selling for \$20 or less;
- A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or weather band radio selling for \$75 or less;
- A tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting selling for \$50 or less;
- An item typically sold or advertised as a ground anchor system or tie-down kit selling for \$50 or less;
- A gas or diesel fuel tank selling for \$25 or less;
- A package of AAA-cell, AA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt, or 9-volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat batteries, selling for \$30 or less;
- A cellular telephone battery selling for \$60 or less;
- A cellular telephone charger selling for \$40 or less;

http://floridarevenue.com/Forms library/current/gt800019.pdf (Last visited March 1, 2017).

http://floridarevenue.com/Forms_library/current/dr15dssyear2017.pdf (Last visited March 1, 2017).

¹ Florida Department of Revenue, Florida's Discretionary Sales Surtax,

² Florida Department of Revenue, *Discretionary Sales Surtax Information*,

³ Section 212.054(2)(b)1., F.S.

⁴ Chapter 2005-40 and Chapter 2007-25, Laws of Fla.

⁵ Chapter 2006-7, Laws of Fla.

⁶ Chapter 2014-38, section 23, Laws of Fla.

⁷ National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, *Frequently Asked Questions*, http://www.aoml.noaa.gov/hrd/tcfaq/G1.html (Last visited March 2, 2017).

⁸ Florida Division of Emergency Management, *Emergency Kit, Make a Plan, Be Informed*, http://www.floridadisaster.org/documents/EmergencyKit-FDEM.pdf (Last visited March 1, 2017).

- A non-electric food storage cooler selling for \$30 or less;
- A portable generator that is used to provide light, support communications, or preserve food during a power outage selling for \$1,000 or less;
- A storm shutter device selling for \$200 or less;⁹
- A carbon monoxide detector selling for \$75 or less;
- Reusable ice selling for \$10 or less;
- A single product consisting of two or more of the previously listed items selling for \$75 or less;
- A personal locator beacon selling for \$600 or less;
- An emergency position-indicating radio beacon selling for \$1,500 or less;
- An external portable computer drive for data backup and recovery selling for \$200 or less;
 and
- An inverter, inverter/charger, or uninterruptible power supply system selling for \$200 or less.

The bill prohibits the sales tax exemption from applying to sales in public lodging establishments¹⁰, theme park or entertainment complexes¹¹, or airports.¹²

The bill provides that the Department of Revenue (department) may adopt emergency rules to implement the sales tax exemption period.

Section 1 of the bill, which includes the sales tax exemption period, the list of exempted items, the prohibition of tax-exempt sales at certain locations, and authorizing the department to make emergency rules, expires September 30, 2017.

The bill provides an appropriation of \$290,580 in nonrecurring funds from General Revenue for Fiscal Year 2016-17 to the Department of Revenue to administer the tax exemption.

The bill takes effect upon becoming law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Article VII, section 18 of the Florida Constitution governs laws that require counties and municipalities to spend funds or that limit their ability to raise revenue or to receive state tax revenue.

Subsection (b) provides that, except upon approval by each house of the Legislature by two-thirds vote of its membership, the Legislature may not enact, amend, or repeal any general law if the anticipated effect of doing so would be to reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenue in the aggregate. ¹³ These requirements do

⁹ The bill defines the term "storm shutter device" to mean a material or product manufactured, rated, and marketed specifically for preventing window damage from storms.

¹⁰ Section 509.013(4), F.S.

¹¹ Section 509.013(9), F.S.

¹² Section 330.27(2), F.S.

¹³ See FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 18(d).

not apply to laws that have an insignificant fiscal impact on local governments, which for Fiscal Year 2017-2018, is approximately \$2 million.¹⁴

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) estimates that CS/SB 664 reduces General Revenue receipts by \$5.3 million and reduces local revenue by \$1.4 million, in Fiscal Year 2017-18. Due to the timing of the tax-exempt period the REC also estimates that there will be a reduction in General Revenue receipts by \$0.3 million and local revenues by an insignificant amount, in Fiscal Year 2016-17. 15

B. Private Sector Impact:

Indeterminate, but positive. Consumers will see a reduction in cost for some products related to disaster preparation and protection.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill provides an appropriation of \$290,580 in nonrecurring funds from General Revenue for Fiscal Year 2016-17 to the Department of Revenue to administer the tax exemption.

The department estimates that it will require \$290,580 to administer this act. 16

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

¹⁴ An insignificant fiscal impact is an amount not greater than the average statewide population for the applicable fiscal year times ten cents. See Florida Senate Committee on Community Affairs, Interim Report 2012-115: Insignificant Impact, (Sept. 2011), http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/2012/InterimReports/2012-115ca.pdf (Last visited March 1, 2017). ¹⁵ Office of Economic and Demographic Research, *Revenue Estimating Conference*,

http://abar.laspbs.state.fl.us/ABAR/Attachment.aspx?ID=10217 (Last visited March 1, 2017).

http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/revenueimpact/archives/2017/_pdf/Impact0217.pdf (Last visited March 1, 2017.)

16 Florida Department of Revenue, 2017 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis: SB 664,

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill creates general law not contained in a designated section of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 6, 2017:

The CS provides an appropriation of \$290,580 in nonrecurring funds from General Revenue for Fiscal Year 2016-17 to the Department of Revenue to administer the tax exemption.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

358044

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/06/2017		
	•	

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Bean) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete line 64

and insert:

Section 2. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sum of

\$290,580

1 2 3

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Florida Senate - 2017 SB 664

By Senator Bean

4-00438-17 2017664_ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to a disaster preparedness tax exemption; providing a sales and use tax exemption for certain tangible personal property related to disaster preparedness during a specified period; providing exceptions to the exemption; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules to implement the exemption; providing an expiration date; providing an appropriation; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Disaster preparedness tax exemption.-
- (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on May 30, 2017, through 11:59 p.m. on June 5, 2017, on the sale of any of the following:
- $\underline{\mbox{(a) A portable self-powered light source selling for $20 or} \\ \mbox{less.}$
- (b) A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or weather band radio selling for \$75 or less.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ A tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting selling for \$50 or less.
- - (e) A gas or diesel fuel tank selling for \$25 or less.
 - (f) A package of AAA-cell, AA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt,
- or 9-volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat batteries, selling for \$30 or less.
- 30 <u>selling for \$30 or less.</u>
 31 (g) A cellular telephone batt
 - $\underline{\mbox{(g)}}$ A cellular telephone battery selling for \$60 or less.
 - (h) A cellular telephone charger selling for \$40 or less.

Page 1 of 3

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2017 SB 664

2017664

4-00438-17

33	(i) A nonelectric food storage cooler selling for \$30 or
34	less.
35	(j) A portable generator that is used to provide light,
36	support communications, or preserve food during a power outage
37	and selling for \$1,000 or less.
38	(k) A storm shutter device selling for \$200 or less. As
39	used in this paragraph, the term "storm shutter device" means a
40	material or product manufactured, rated, and marketed
41	specifically for the purpose of preventing window damage from
42	storms.
43	(1) A carbon monoxide detector selling for \$75 or less.
44	(m) Reusable ice selling for \$10 or less.
45	(n) A single product consisting of two or more of the items
46	listed in paragraphs (a)-(m) and selling for \$75 or less.
47	(o) A personal locator beacon selling for \$600 or less.
48	(p) An emergency position-indicating radio beacon selling
49	for \$1,500 or less.
50	(q) An external portable computer drive for data backup and
51	recovery and selling for \$200 or less.
52	(r) An inverter, inverter/charger, or uninterruptible power
53	supply system selling for \$200 or less.
54	(2) The tax exemption provided in this section does not
55	apply to sales within a public lodging establishment as defined
56	in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, a theme park or
57	entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida
58	Statutes, or an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida
59	Statutes.
60	(3) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are
61	deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)

Page 2 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2017 SB 664

2017664

and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to implement this section.

(4) This section expires September 30, 2017.

Section 2. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sum of \$
in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue

Fund to the Department of Revenue to administer the tax

exemption for the purchase of tangible personal property

relating to disaster preparedness specified under this act.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

4-00438-17

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Page 3 of 3

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

То:	Senator Bill Montford, Chair Committee on Commerce and Tourism
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request
Date:	February 18, 2017
I respectfull be placed or	y request that Senate Bill # 664 , relating to Disaster Preparedness Tax Exemption, n the:
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
	next committee agenda.

Senator Aaron Bean Florida Senate, District 4

laran Bean

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Data
664
Topic Disserve Cepare decs
Name_Melicea Ramba Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title U.F. of Court Relations
Address Street Phone
City State Zip Email_
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support
Representing Florida Retail Frole-ation into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature:
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this This form is part of the public record for this masting.
This form is part of the public record for this mosting.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

3 6 17 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S		g) lelet
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic DISASTER PREPAREDNESS		
Name FRENCH BROWN	Amei	ndment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Contract Colonyat		
Address 19 5. Monros St., Sute 300	Phone 850	5-425-2227
City State Zip	Email Frenc	46@ hgslar.com
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp		upport Against mation into the record.)
Representing Morrox CHAMBER of	Commi	true
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legisla	uture: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to persons as possible	speak to be heard at this can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate COMMITTEE VOTE RECORD

COMMITTEE: Commerce and Tourism

ITEM: SB 664

FINAL ACTION: Favorable with Committee Substitute

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 6, 2017

TIME: 1:30—3:30 p.m.

PLACE: 110 Senate Office Building

FINAL	. VOTE		3/06/2017 Amendmei	1 nt 358044				
			Bean	Bean				
Yea	Nay	SENATORS	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay
Χ		Gibson						
Χ		Hutson						
Χ		Latvala						
Χ		Passidomo						
Х		Rodriguez						
Х		Young						
Х		Gainer, VICE CHAIR						
Х		Montford, CHAIR						
		,						
8	0	TOTALS	RCS	-				
Yea	Nay	IOIALS	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay

CODES: FAV=Favorable

UNF=Unfavorable -R=Reconsidered

RCS=Replaced by Committee Substitute RE=Replaced by Engrossed Amendment RS=Replaced by Substitute Amendment TP=Temporarily Postponed VA=Vote After Roll Call VC=Vote Change After Roll Call WD=Withdrawn OO=Out of Order AV=Abstain from Voting

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	y: The Profession	onal Staff of t	the Committee on	Commerce and Tourism	
BILL:	CS/SB 440					
INTRODUCER:	Military and Gibson and		fairs, Spac	e, and Domestic	Security Committee and	l Senator
SUBJECT:	Notaries Pu	ıblic				
DATE:	March 2, 20	017 RI	EVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIR	RECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
. Ryon		Ryon		MS	Fav/CS	
		McKay		CM	Favorable	
2. Harmsen		1,10114				

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 440 expands the list of forms of identification that a notary public may rely on in notarizing a signature on a document to include a veteran health identification card issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.

II. Present Situation:

Notaries Public

A notary public is a public officer appointed and commissioned by the Governor whose function is to administer oaths or affirmations; to take acknowledgements; to attest to the trueness of photocopies of certain documents; and to perform other duties specified by Florida law.¹

Chapter 117, F.S., provides requirements and guidelines for notaries and authorizes the Governor to appoint as many notaries as necessary. A notary must be at least 18 years of age, maintain legal residence in the state throughout the commission, and possess the ability to read, write, and understand English.² The application for appointment must include a \$25 fee, a \$10 commission

¹ Florida Executive Office of the Governor, Notary Section, *Governor's Reference Manual for Notaries Public; State of Florida*, 6 (December 13, 2016), available at: http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/Notary Reference Manual 12.13.16.pdf (last visited Mar. 1, 2017).

² Section 117.01(1), F.S.

fee required by s. 113.01, F.S., and a \$4 surcharge, appropriated to the Executive Office of the Governor to be used for notary education and assistance.³

Once appointed, a notary serves a four-year term.⁴ During the term of office, a notary must post and maintain a \$7,500 bond payable to any individual harmed as a result of a notary's breach of duty. The bond must be approved and filed with the Department of State and executed by a surety company that is authorized to transact business within the state. If a surety company pays an individual harmed by the notary for breach of duty, the company must notify the Governor of the payment and the underlying circumstances.⁵ No person may be automatically reappointed as a notary. The application process must be completed regardless of whether an applicant has previously served as a notary.⁶

A notary is authorized by law to perform six functions:

- Administer oaths or affirmations;⁷
- Take acknowledgements of deeds and other instruments of writing for record;⁸
- Attest to photocopies of certain documents;⁹
- Solemnize marriage; ¹⁰
- Verify vehicle identification numbers; 11 and
- Certify the contents of a safe-deposit box. 12

When notarizing a signature a notary either takes an acknowledgement¹³ from or administers an oath¹⁴ or affirmation¹⁵ to the document signer. A notary public may not notarize a signature on a document unless he or she personally knows, or has satisfactory evidence that, the person whose signature is to be notarized is the individual described in and who is executing the instrument.¹⁶

"Satisfactory evidence" means the absence of any information, evidence, or other circumstances that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the person whose signature is to be notarized is not the person he or she claims, and may be any one of the following:¹⁷

³ Section 117.01(2), F.S.

⁴ Section 117.01(1), F.S.

⁵ Section 117.01(8), F.S.

⁶ Section 117.01(6), F.S.

⁷ Section 117.03, F.S.

⁸ Section 117.04, F.S.

⁹ Section 117.05(12)(a), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 117.045, F.S.

¹¹ Section 319.23(3)(a)2., F.S.

¹² Section 655.94(1), F.S.

¹³ An acknowledgement is a formal declaration before an authorized official by a person signing an instrument that such execution is his or her free act and deed. *See* Kelle Clarke, *Notary Essentials: The Difference Between Acknowledgments and Jurats* (Jan. 25, 2016), National Notary Association, available at: https://www.nationalnotary.org/notary-bulletin/blog/2015/04/key-differences-acknowledgment-jurat-certificates (last visited Mar. 1, 2017).

¹⁴ An oath is any form of attestation or pledge by which a person signifies that he or she is bound in conscience and out of a sense of responsibility to a Supreme Being to the truthfulness for some statement. Willfully swearing to untrue statements constitutes perjury. *Id*.

¹⁵ An affirmation is a solemn, formal declaration under the penalty of perjury that certain statements are true.

¹⁶ Section 117.05(5), F.S.

¹⁷ Section 117.05(5)(b)., F.S.

• The sworn written statement of one credible witness personally known to the notary public or the sworn written statement of two credible witnesses whose identities are proven to the notary public upon the presentation of satisfactory evidence that each of the following is true:

- o That the person whose signature is to be notarized is the person named in the document;
- o That the person whose signature is to be notarized is personally known to the witnesses;
- That it is the reasonable belief of the witnesses that the circumstances of the person whose signature is to be notarized are such that it would be very difficult or impossible for that person to obtain another acceptable form of identification;
- o That it is the reasonable belief of the witnesses that the person whose signature is to be notarized does not possess any of the identification documents specified below; and
- That the witnesses do not have a financial interest in nor are parties to the underlying transaction; or
- Reasonable reliance on the presentation to the notary public of any one of the following forms of identification, if the document is current or has been issued within the past 5 years and bears a serial or other identifying number:
 - A Florida ID card or driver license issued by the public agency authorized to issue driver licenses;
 - o A passport issued by the U.S. Department of State;
 - A passport issued by a foreign government if the document is stamped by the U.S.
 Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services;
 - o A driver license or an ID card issued by a public agency authorized to issue driver licenses in a state other than Florida, a territory of the U.S., Canada or Mexico;
 - An ID card issued by any branch of the U.S. armed forces;
 - An inmate ID card issued on or after January 1, 1991, by the Florida Department of Corrections for an inmate who is in its custody;
 - An inmate ID card issued by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Prisons, for an inmate who is in its custody;
 - A sworn, written statement from a sworn law enforcement officer that the forms of ID for an inmate in an institution of confinement were confiscated upon confinement and that the person named in the document is the person whose signature is to be notarized; or
 - o An ID card issued by the U.S. Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.

When notarizing a signature, a notary public must complete a notarial certificate.¹⁸ Among other required elements, a notary must specify on the notarial certificate the specific type of identification the notary public relied upon in identifying the signer, based either on personal knowledge or the satisfactory evidence specified in s. 117.05(5), F.S.¹⁹

Veteran Health Identification Card

The Veteran Health Identification Card (VHIC) is issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (USDVA) to veterans who are enrolled in the USDVA health care system for identification and check-in at USDVA appointments.²⁰ In order to receive a VHIC, the veteran must apply for enrollment in the USDVA health care system and provide a primary and

¹⁸ A notarial certificate is a written statement made by the notary public certifying specific facts of the notarial act performed. ¹⁹ Section 117.05(4), F.S.

²⁰ U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, *Health Benefits*: *Veterans Health Identification Card*, available at http://www.va.gov/healthbenefits/vhic/index.asp (last visited Mar. 1, 2017).

secondary form of identification.²¹ Once the veteran's enrollment is verified, he or she must have their picture taken at the local USDVA medical center for inclusion on the VHIC.²²

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends s. 117.05, F.S., to expand the list of forms of identification that a notary public may rely on in notarizing a signature on a document to include a veteran health identification card issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

 A. Municipality/County Mandates Restriction

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

²¹ *Id.* Primary identification options include: a state-issued driver's license, an unexpired U.S. passport or foreign passport with Form I-94 or Form I-94 A; a U.S. military card; a permanent resident card or alien registration receipt card; a picture school ID; or a federal, state, or local issued photo ID. Secondary identification options include: a social security card; an original or certified birth certificate or other official form of documentation of birth; a voter registration card; a U.S. citizen ID card or Native American tribal document; an employment authorization document issued by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security; or a Canadian driver's license.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 117.05 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security on February 21, 2017:

The CS corrects a typo in the title and places the Veterans Health Identification Card in its own subparagraph.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2017 CS for SB 440

By the Committee on Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security; and Senators Gibson and Torres

583-01929-17 2017440c1

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to notaries public; amending s.
117.05, F.S.; expanding the list of forms of
identification which a notary public may rely on in
notarizing a signature on a document to include a
veteran health identification card; providing an
effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 117.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

117.05 Use of notary commission; unlawful use; notary fee; seal; duties; employer liability; name change; advertising; photocopies; penalties.—

- (5) A notary public may not notarize a signature on a document unless he or she personally knows, or has satisfactory evidence, that the person whose signature is to be notarized is the individual who is described in and who is executing the instrument. A notary public shall certify in the certificate of acknowledgment or jurat the type of identification, either based on personal knowledge or other form of identification, upon which the notary public is relying.
- (b) For the purposes of this subsection, "satisfactory evidence" means the absence of any information, evidence, or other circumstances which would lead a reasonable person to believe that the person whose signature is to be notarized is not the person he or she claims to be and any one of the following:

Page 1 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2017 CS for SB 440

583-01929-17 2017440c1

1. The sworn written statement of one credible witness personally known to the notary public or the sworn written statement of two credible witnesses whose identities are proven to the notary public upon the presentation of satisfactory evidence that each of the following is true:

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- a. That the person whose signature is to be notarized is the person named in the document;
- b. That the person whose signature is to be notarized is personally known to the witnesses;
- c. That it is the reasonable belief of the witnesses that the circumstances of the person whose signature is to be notarized are such that it would be very difficult or impossible for that person to obtain another acceptable form of identification;
- d. That it is the reasonable belief of the witnesses that the person whose signature is to be notarized does not possess any of the identification documents specified in subparagraph 2.; and
- e. That the witnesses do not have a financial interest in nor are parties to the underlying transaction; or
- 2. Reasonable reliance on the presentation to the notary public of any one of the following forms of identification, if the document is current or has been issued within the past 5 years and bears a serial or other identifying number:
- a. A Florida identification card or driver license issued by the public agency authorized to issue driver licenses;
- b. A passport issued by the Department of State of the United States;
 - c. A passport issued by a foreign government if the

Page 2 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2017 CS for SB 440

	583-01929-17 2017440c1
59	document is stamped by the United States Bureau of Citizenship
60	and Immigration Services;
61	d. A driver license or an identification card issued by a
62	public agency authorized to issue driver licenses in a state
63	other than Florida, a territory of the United States, or Canada
64	or Mexico;
65	e. An identification card issued by any branch of the armed
66	forces of the United States;
67	f. A veteran health identification card issued by the
68	United States Department of Veterans Affairs;
69	g.f. An inmate identification card issued on or after
70	January 1, 1991, by the Florida Department of Corrections for an
71	inmate who is in the custody of the department;
72	$\underline{\text{h.g.}}$ An inmate identification card issued by the United
73	States Department of Justice, Bureau of Prisons, for an inmate
74	who is in the custody of the department;
75	$\underline{\text{i.h.}}$ A sworn, written statement from a sworn law
76	enforcement officer that the forms of identification for an
77	inmate in an institution of confinement were confiscated upon
78	confinement and that the person named in the document is the
79	person whose signature is to be notarized; or
80	j.i. An identification card issued by the United States
81	Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.
82	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

Page 3 of 3

 ${f CODING:}$ Words ${f stricken}$ are deletions; words ${f underlined}$ are additions.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and
Domestic Security, Chair
Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on
Transportation, Tourism, and Economic
Development
Commerce and Tourism
Judiciary
Regulated Industries
Joint Legislative Auditing Committee

SENATOR AUDREY GIBSON 6th District

February 22, 2017

Senator Bill Montford, Chair Committee on Commerce and Tourism 310 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Chair Montford:

I respectfully request that SB 440, Notaries Public, be placed on the next committee agenda.

SB 440, expands the list of forms of identification which a notary public may rely on in notarizing a signature on a document to include a veteran health identification card issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs. This bill passed unanimously in the first committee.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Audrey Gibson State Senator District 6

REPLY TO:

☐ 101 E. Union Street, Suite 104, Jacksonville, Florida 32202 (904)359-2553 FAX: (904) 359-2532 ☐ 405 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5006

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) SB 445 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Notaries Public	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ms. Zayne Smith	
Job Title Associate State Director	
Address 200 w. College Am	Phone 850 228-4243
City FC State	3230 Email 25 mith & acrp.org
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing AARP	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ss so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S 001 (10/14/14)

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate COMMITTEE VOTE RECORD

COMMITTEE: Commerce and Tourism

ITEM: CS/SB 440 FINAL ACTION: Favorable

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 6, 2017

TIME: 1:30—3:30 p.m.

PLACE: 110 Senate Office Building

FINAL	. VOTE							
Yea	Nay	SENATORS	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay
Χ		Gibson						
Χ		Hutson						
X		Latvala						
X		Passidomo						
Χ		Rodriguez						
Χ		Young						
Х		Gainer, VICE CHAIR						
Х		Montford, CHAIR						
					1			
					1			
					1			
8	0							
Yea	Nay	TOTALS	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay

CODES: FAV=Favorable

UNF=Unfavorable -R=Reconsidered

RCS=Replaced by Committee Substitute RE=Replaced by Engrossed Amendment RS=Replaced by Substitute Amendment TP=Temporarily Postponed VA=Vote After Roll Call VC=Vote Change After Roll Call WD=Withdrawn OO=Out of Order AV=Abstain from Voting

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Commerce and Tourism									
BILL:	CS/SB 498								
INTRODUCER:	Committee on Commerce and Tourism and Senator Young								
SUBJECT:	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services								
DATE:	March 8, 2017 REVISED:								
ANALYST		STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION			
1. Harmsen		McKay	7	CM	Fav/CS				
2.	_			JU	-				
3.	_			AP	-				

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

SB 498 modifies provisions in several areas regulated by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS), including:

- Allowing private investigative agency managers to manage multiple agencies or branches;
- Making substantial changes to regulations of surveyors and mappers;
- Clarifying fingerprint retention policies for specific partners and corporate officers of ch. 493, F.S., licensees;
- Removing inconsistent language regarding the terms of renewals for licensure under ch. 493, F.S.;
- Permitting the Florida Department of Law Enforcement to share mental health and substance abuse data from its MECOM database with the Department for the purposes of determining eligibility of Class "G" and "K" applicants and licensees;
- Requiring ch. 493, F.S., licensees to reveal if they have been arrested to their employer within 3 days of the arrest, and granting the DACS authority to discipline licensees who fail to do so:
- Mandating that statewide firearm licensees complete training for each type of firearm carried in the course of his or her licensed duties;
- Creating a temporary suspension process for class "G" or "K" licensees who are arrested for or formally charged with a firearms-related crime; and for ch. 493, F.S., licensees who are arrested for or formally charged with a forcible felony;

• Updating the Florida Do Not Call Program to make subscriptions indefinite, rather than for 5 years;

- Creating penalties against intrastate household movers for failure to maintain motor vehicle and liability insurance consistent;
- Exempting company gyms from registration as a health studio with the Department;
- Removing taximeters and digital networks from the definition of a weight and measure, thereby reducing the Department's regulatory authority of taximeters;
- Deleting fees for the registration of a livestock mark or brand, and increasing the term of registration for such marks or brands from 5 to 10 years;
- Repealing a requirement that individuals re-mark or rebrand recently purchased cattle;
- Providing an exemption from registration for agricultural dealers who pay for their purchase with a credit card;
- Allowing the Department to grant concealed weapon or firearm licenses to persons who have been granted relief from firearms disabilities;
- Reducing the concealed weapon or firearm license and renewal fees by five-dollars; and
- Making technical changes and deleting out-of-date language.

II. Present Situation:

The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS or Department) has broad duties, including safeguarding the public from unsafe or defective products and deceptive business practices, providing environmental protection, and supporting Florida's agricultural economy. Twelve divisions and six offices within the Department support these missions.¹

The present situation for each relevant provision of the bill is discussed in the Effect of Proposed Changes section of this bill analysis.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Agriculture Education and Promotion Facility Grant

An agriculture education and promotion facility is an exhibition hall, arena, civic center, exposition center, or other capital project or facility that can be used for agricultural education, exhibitions, civic, and other events.² In 2002, the Legislature gave the Department authority to evaluate applications for grants for the construction or renovation of such facilities.³ Funding of the grants occurs through the General Appropriations Act, which is passed each legislative session.⁴

¹ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *Divisions and Offices*. http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/ (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

² Section 288.1175(3), F.S.

³ Ch. 2002-301, Laws of Fla.

⁴ Section 288.1175(8), F.S.

Section 1 amends s. 288.1175, F.S., to require that applications for an agriculture education and promotion facility grant be *postmarked or electronically submitted* by October 1 of each year; this further defines and clarifies what qualifies as a timely submitted application for the program.

Division of Agricultural Environmental Services

The Division of Agricultural Environmental Services supports state and federal regulatory programs regarding pesticide registration, testing, and regulation, and other related environmental and consumer protection issues.⁵ The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (E.P.A.) labeling requirement for pesticides and devices⁶ and its Worker Protection Standard⁷ provide a floor from which the Division must base certain regulations.⁸

Section 11 deletes an out-of-date reference to the Department's adoption "during the 1995-1996 fiscal year..." of rules to reflect the E.P.A's labeling requirement for pesticides and devices and worker protection standard. This amendment to s. 487.2041, F.S., does not alter the Department's duties or authority.

Division of Licensing

The Division of Licensing within the DACS is responsible for investigating and issuing licenses to conduct private security, private investigative, and recovery services pursuant to ch. 493, F.S. The Division of Licensing also issues concealed weapon or firearm licenses pursuant to s. 790.06, F.S. As of January 2017, the Department issued 176,687 pursuant to ch. 493, F.S., and 1,721,862 concealed weapon or firearm licenses.⁹

Licensure and Discipline of Private Investigators, Security Officers, Recovery Agents, and Related Licenses

Section 12 amends s. 493.6101, F.S., to permit a manager of a private investigative agency licensed under ch. 493, F.S., to manage multiple agencies and branch offices. Currently, a class 'M' (manager) licensee is limited to oversight of only one agency or branch at a time. ¹⁰

The DACS requires applicants for licensure under ch. 493, F.S., to submit a full set of fingerprints, a fingerprint-processing fee, and a fingerprint retention fee with their initial application. With this information, the Department conducts an initial background check through the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE). The Department also retains the applicants' fingerprints in the statewide-

⁵ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *Division of Agricultural Environmental Services*, http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/Agricultural-Environmental-Services (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

^{6 40} C.F.R., Pt. 156

⁷ 40 C.F.R., Pt. 170

⁸ See Rule 5E-2.041, F.A.C., *Pesticides: Materials Incorporated by Reference*; Rule 5E-2.011, F.A.C., *Pesticides: General Labeling Requirements for Pesticides*.

⁹ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Division of Licensing, *Number of Licensees by Type* (Jan. 31, 2017), http://www.freshfromflorida.com/content/download/7471/118627/Number of Licensees By Type.pdf (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

¹⁰ Section 493.6101, F.S.

¹¹ Section 493.6105(3)(j), F.S.

automated biometric identification system¹² and in the national retained print arrest notification program for ongoing updates on arrests of its licensees.¹³ The Department may discipline a licensee based on his or her plea to, or conviction of certain crimes.¹⁴

Section 13 clarifies that partners and corporate officers who do not also possess a ch. 493, F.S., license subject to renewal under s. 493.6113, F.S., ¹⁵ are exempt from participation in the DACS fingerprint retention requirements otherwise imposed on ch. 493, F.S., licensees.

Notifications

Section 15 amends s. 493.6108(5), F.S., to require that ch. 493, F.S., licensees notify their employer within three calendar days if they are arrested for any offense.

Section 19 amends s. 493.6118, F.S., to allow the Department to take administrative action against its ch. 493, F.S., licensees for their failure to notify their employer within three calendar days if they are arrested for any offense.

Section 16 deletes a requirement in s. 493.6112, F.S., that Security Officer and Recovery Agent Schools licensed by the Department under ch. 493, F.S., notify the Department of any hiring, termination, withdrawal, removal, replacement, or addition of the School's partners, officers, or employees. These schools are currently required to provide the DACS with information on their instructors, school facilities, and curricula elsewhere in statute. ¹⁶

This section also clarifies that ch. 493, F.S., agency licensees are required to notify the Department of a change in their employment rolls *within 15 calendar days* by a form submitted electronically to the Department. Section 493.6112, F.S., currently requires that licensees notify the Department "immediately" of such changes; according to the Department, this requirement proves vague in practice and results in varying compliance.¹⁷

Mental History

The Department has a duty to investigate whether any ch. 493, F.S., applicant has been adjudicated incompetent under ch. 744, F.S., ¹⁸ or has been committed to a mental institution

¹² See, s. 943.05(2)(b), F.S.

¹³ See, s. 493.6108, F.S.

¹⁴ Section 493.6118, F.S.

¹⁵ Section 493.6113, F.S., subjects all licenses granted under ch. 493, F.S., to renewal. Although a corporate officer or partner of, e.g., a Private Investigative Agency, is required to file a complete initial application, the corporate officer or partner is not granted a license as a result of his or her application (but his or her agency is). Therefore, corporate officers and partners are not required to renew a license that does not exist under ch. 493, F.S.

¹⁶ See. ss. 493.6304 and 493.6406, F.S.

¹⁷ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *SB* 498 Agency Analysis, p. 5 (Feb. 8, 2017) (On file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

¹⁸ A court may grant a petition to determine incapacity based on a petition to determine incapacity that is filed by an adult; the petition must include allegations of the individual's incapacity and facts in support thereof. *See* s. 744.3201(1), F.S.

under ch. 394, F.S.^{19, 20} The Department may deny an application for licensure based on an applicant's:²¹

- Adjudication of incapacitation under s. 744.331, F.S., or similar law in another state, unless the applicant's capacity has been judicially restored;
- Placement in a treatment facility for the mentally ill under ch. 394, F.S., or similar law in another state, unless the applicant's competency has been judicially restored;
- Diagnosis of an incapacitating mental illness, unless a Florida-licensed psychologist or psychiatrist certifies that the applicant does not currently suffer from mental illness;
- Chronic and habitual use of alcoholic beverages to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired;
- Commitment to a treatment facility for substance abuse under ch. 397, F.S., or similar law in another state;
- Being subject to a finding by a court that she or he is an habitual offender of disorderly intoxication under s. 856.011, F.S., or similar law in another state;
- Convictions of driving under the influence or similar law in another state, within the 3-year period immediately preceding the application, unless the applicant can prove that she or he is not currently impaired and has successfully completed a rehabilitation course; or
- Having been found guilty of a controlled substance-related crime under ch. 893, F.S., or similar law in another state, unless the applicant establishes that she or he is not currently abusing any controlled substance and has successfully completed a rehabilitation course.

The Department must further investigate the general mental history and current mental and emotional fitness, including drug or alcohol abuse, of any class "G" or "K" licensee.²² The Department may deny an application for licensure to a Class "G" or "K" applicant based on a history of mental illness or drug or alcohol abuse.

These investigations into mental health and substance abuse are largely limited to an inquiry by the Department on the application for licensure; records of commitment under ch. 394, F.S., are confidential and exempt unless the applicant authorizes the release of the documentation.²³

Currently, the Department can access FDLE and clerks of courts records of individuals who are or were committed under chs. 394, 397, or 744, F.S., for the purpose of reviewing the fitness of applicants for concealed weapons licenses under ch. 790, F.S.²⁴ The FDLE maintains the Mental Competency Database (MECOM), which lists the names and related data of persons who are prohibited from purchasing a firearm based on adjudication of mental defectiveness (total mental

¹⁹ Section 493.6108(1)(b), F.S.

²⁰ A commitment to an institution under ch. 394, F.S., may be voluntary or involuntary based on mental illness. A voluntary commitment requires the patient's consent, and an involuntary commitment requires a finding that the patient is likely to suffer harm to himself or herself, or that he or she poses a real and present threat of substantial harm to his or her well-being, or the well-being of others. Sections 394.462-.463, F.S.

²¹ Section 493.6106, F.S.

²² Section 493.6108(3), F.S.

²³ Section 394.4615, F.S.

²⁴ Sections 790.065(2)(a)4.c.(l), F.S. and 790.065(2)(a)4.f., F.S.

incapacity) or commitment to mental institutions because of mental illness or substance abuse.²⁵ An individual may be removed from MECOM if he or she receives a relief from firearm disabilities under s. 790.065(2)(a)4.d., F.S.

Section 15 grants the FDLE authority to share data from the MECOM database with the DACS for the limited purpose of determining eligibility of class "G" and "K" applicants and licensees.

Actions Against Licensees

Section 18 requires the DACS to review mental health and substance abuse data provided by the FDLE as part of its case-by-case determination whether a temporary Class "G" applicant is prohibited from licensure.

The Department may pursue disciplinary administrative action against a current ch. 493, F.S., licensee based on a finding that he or she committed any of the acts prohibited in s. 493.6118, F.S., including:

- Being found guilty of, or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or being convicted of, a crime that directly relates to the business for which the license is held;
- Failure to maintain required commercial general liability coverage;
- Commission of an act of violence, or use of force on any person except in the lawful protection of one's self or another from physical harm;
- Failure to cooperate with a Department investigation; or
- Violation of any other provision of ch. 493, F.S.

Administrative disciplinary action is reviewable under ss. 120.569-.57, F.S. These types of administrative hearings generally permit the licensee to dispute the allegations made against him or her. An impartial hearing officer then makes findings of fact and findings of law, which result in a final determination of whether the Department's case against the licensee is supported by clear and convincing evidence.

The Department may also pursue an emergency suspension order (ESO) under s. 120.60(6), F.S., if the Department finds that the licensee poses a serious danger to the public health, safety, or welfare. ²⁶ The ESO allows the Department to require the licensee to cease and desist from continuing to act under his or her license, but the Department is obligated to "promptly" institute a formal suspension or revocation proceeding pursuant to ss. 120.569-.57, F.S. The cease and desist language of the ESO remains in effect until a final order reviewing the allegations against the licensee has been issued pursuant to the hearing under either s. 120.569 or 120.57, F.S.

Section 19 allows the Department to temporarily suspend a class "G" or "K" licensee who is arrested for or formally charged with a firearms-related crime that would disqualify him or her from licensure under s. 493.6118, F.S. This section also grants the Department authority to

²⁵ Section 790.065, F.S.; Florida Department of Law Enforcement, *Mental Competency (MECOM) Database: Frequently Asked Questions* p. 5 (June 2, 2014), https://www.fdle.state.fl.us/cms/FPP/Documents/MECOMFAQs_Final_06022014.aspx (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

²⁶ See also Allied Edu. Corp v. State, Dep't of Edu., 573 Sp. 2d 959, 1991 (Fla. 1st DCA 1991).

temporarily suspend any ch. 493, F.S., licensee who has been arrested for or formally charged with a forcible felony.²⁷

The proposed temporary suspension would grant the licensee a right to hearing under ch. 120, F.S., but the scope of that hearing would be limited only to a determination of whether the licensee has been arrested for or charged with a disqualifying crime. When a licensee is ultimately cleared of the allegations made in his or her underlying criminal case, the Department is required to lift the temporary suspension. When, however, the criminal case results in a disqualifying disposition, the temporary suspension will remain in effect and the Department is required to bring an administrative case under ch. 120, F.S., against the licensee to attempt to revoke his or her license.

Training and Certification for Ch. 493, F.S., Licensees

Applicants for licensure as a firearms instructor ("Class K") must undergo training and receive certification from either:

- The National Rifle Association (NRA) Private Security Firearm Instructor Certificate Program;²⁸ or
- A federal law enforcement agency's firearms instructor certificate program, e.g., through the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC).²⁹

The NRA's firearm instructor certificate expires after 3 years, unless the instructor successfully completes recertification with the NRA, which requires proof of 24 hours of continuing education.³⁰ The FLETC firearm instructor certificate does not expire, but the instructor may be required to obtain recertification by the agency (such as a local police department or sheriff's office) that sponsored the original certification of the trainee by FLETC.³¹

Section 13 amends s. 493.6105(6)(a), F.S., to require that firearms instructor applicants submit evidence of both valid and recent (within the last 3 years) certification. This amendment reflects industry terminology and practices.

Sections 21 and 23 delete the requirement that private investigator interns and security officer licensees receive training in two parts and deletes out-of-date references. According to the

²⁷ Section 776.08, F.S., defines a "forcible felony" as treason; murder; manslaughter; sexual battery; carjacking; homeinvasion robbery; robbery; burglary; arson; kidnapping; aggravated assault; aggravated battery; aggravated stalking; aircraft piracy; unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb; and any other felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any individual.

²⁸ National Rifle Association, *Instructor Development Schools*, http://le.nra.org/training/instructor-development-schools.aspx#schedule (last visited Mar. 7, 2017); National Rifle Association, *Recertification*, http://le.nra.org/training/recertification.aspx (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

²⁹ U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Law Enforcement Training Centers, *Firearms Instructor Training Program*, https://www.fletc.gov/training-program/firearms-instructor-training-program (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

³⁰ National Rifle Association, Recertification, http://le.nra.org/training/recertification.aspx (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

³¹ Committee staff conversation with Federal Law Enforcement Training Center ("FLETC") representative (Mar. 1, 2017).

Department, the requirement that training be provided in two-parts proved cumbersome to both training schools and trainees.³²

Section 493.6113(3)(b), F.S., currently requires holders of a Class "G"³³ statewide firearms licensee to annually complete four hours of firearms recertification training.³⁴ The licensee must submit proof of his or her annual recertification training to the Department. If the licensee fails to provide documentation of the training by the end of the first year of the license's two-year term, the license is automatically suspended until the licensee provides proof of the training. If the licensee fails to provide such documentation by the end of his or her license's term, the Department may not renew the license until the applicant completes the initial licensing requirements, including at least 28 hours of range and classroom training.³⁵

Class "G" licensees are currently permitted to carry up to two of the following types of firearms during the course of their licensed duties: a .38 caliber revolver, a .380 caliber or 9 millimeter semiautomatic pistol; a .357 caliber revolver with .38 caliber ammunition; a .40 caliber handgun; or a .45 ACP handgun. ³⁶ Security officer licensees who also have a class "G" license may only carry their firearm in a concealed manner if they are performing limited, special assignment duties, or are performing bodyguard services. ³⁷

Section 17 amends s. 493.6113, F.S., to require statewide firearm licensees, Class "G" licensees, ³⁸ to perform and successfully complete training for *each type and caliber* of firearm that they will carry in the course of their duties.

Section 18 updates an out-of-date cross-reference in s. 493.6115, F.S., to clarify under what circumstances security officer licensees who also have a class "G" license may carry their authorized firearm in a concealed manner.

Recovery agents and interns (also known as class "E" or "EE" licensees, or repossession service agents) are required to meet the basic licensure requirements in ch. 493, F.S., in addition to completing a minimum of 40 hours of professional training at an accredited recovery agent school.³⁹

Section 26 requires recovery agent and recovery agent intern licensees to *successfully complete* professional training, and submit proof thereof to the Department. This section also deletes an outdated reference in s. 493.6403, F.S.

³² Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services *SB 498 Agency Analysis*, p. 7 (Feb. 8, 2017) (On file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

³³ A Class "G" licensee permits Class "C," "CC," "D," "M," "MA," or "MB" licensees to bear a firearm in the course of their licensed duties. Section 493.6115(2), F.S.

³⁴ The DACS may waive the annual firearms recertification training for certain applicants, such as state and federal law enforcement officers and correctional officers. Section 493.6113(3)(b)1.-3., F.S.

³⁵ The initial training criteria for Class "G" licensees are found in s. 493.6105(5), F.S.

³⁶ Section 493.6115(6), F.S.

³⁷ Section 493.6305, F.S.

³⁸ Class "G" licenses are supplemental licenses that require as a prerequisite that the applicant is currently licensed with the Department as either a Class "C," "CC," "D," "M," "MA," or "MB" licensee. *See* s. 493.6115, F.S.

³⁹ Section 493.6403(2), F.S.

Concealed Weapon or Firearm Licenses

Section 40 amends the qualifications for concealed weapon or firearm licensure under ch. 790, F.S., to allow the Department to grant a concealed weapon license to applicants who have been committed for a mental health issue or abuse of a controlled substance; or adjudicated incapacitated, but have subsequently been granted relief from firearms disabilities pursuant to s. 790.065(2)(a)4.d., F.S., or similar law. This brings the Department's practices into line with the FDLE's regulations on the sale of guns.⁴⁰

This section also implements a five-dollar fee reduction for concealed weapon or firearm license and renewal fees.⁴¹

Technical Changes

Section 24 makes technical changes to s. 493.6304(1), F.S.

Sections 14, 20, 22, and 25 delete erroneous references to "biennial" license fees. License renewals occur on either biennial or triennial cycles, depending on the type of license.⁴² These amendments clarify inconsistent language throughout the chapter and related rules.

Division of Consumer Services

The Division of Consumer Services within the DACS regulates specific business activities, including commercial weight loss practices, telephone solicitations, pawnshops, health studios, sellers of travel, and telemarketing. The Division of Consumer Services also functions as a clearinghouse for consumer complaints.

Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers

The Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers (board) is constituted under the Department with the purpose of regulating professional surveyors and mappers and businesses that offer surveying and mapping services.⁴³ The Board's regulatory duties include:⁴⁴

- Adopting rules detailing the review and approval of courses of study in surveying and mapping;
- Determining the moral character of applicants for licensure;
- Instituting by rule the criteria and course content for continuing education courses;
- Approving and discipline providers of continuing education;
- Holding probable cause panel hearings to determine whether to move forward with disciplinary proceedings against a licensee; and
- Issuing final orders in disciplinary cases.

⁴⁰ See, s. 790.065, F.S.

⁴¹ A concealed weapon or firearm license fee is currently \$60; a renewal fee is \$50. Section 790.06(5)(b), F.S.

⁴² See s. 493.6113, F.S.

⁴³ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers, *Frequently Asked Questions* (Jun. 2011), http://www.freshfromflorida.com/content/download/21271/398679/boardFAQ.pdf (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

⁴⁴ See, ch. 472, F.S.

The practice of surveying and mapping, generally, is the determination of the facts of size, shape, topography, tidal datum planes, legal or geodetic location or relation, and orientation of improved or unimproved real property through the direct measurement or from certifiable measurement through photogrammetric procedures.⁴⁵

Surveyors and mappers must meet the following qualifications to be licensed by the Department:⁴⁶

- Be of good moral character;
- Pass a licensure examination; and
- Meet specific education and experience requirements.

Section 2 exempts subcontractors of registered surveyors and mappers or their businesses from registration under ch. 472, F.S. The subcontractor must be subordinate to, and under the direct control and personal supervision of, a registered surveyor and mapper in order to qualify for this exemption.

Section 3 amends definitions in s. 472.005, F.S., to clarify that the practice of surveying and mapping includes the determination of the volume of bodies of water, and of the orientation of personal property that is attached to any improved or unimproved real property.

Section 4 broadens the prerequisite course of education for surveyor and mapper licensees to include a bachelor's degree in surveying and mapping *or any similarly titled program*. This section also permits applicants for licensure as a surveyor and mapper intern to qualify by completing 2 years of college education in surveying, mapping, mathematics, photogrammetry, forestry, civil engineering, or land law and the physical sciences, in addition to accruing at least 2 years in work as a subordinate to a registered surveyor and mapper.

Section 5 deletes out-of-date language and removes the requirement that a surveyor and mapper prominently post a sign giving notice that she or he does not carry professional liability insurance. The surveyor and mapper is still required to give notice of their lack of insurance to their consumers by a written statement.⁴⁷

Section 6 grants the Board the power to establish the criteria for continuing education (CE) providers, and other CE requirements, including the method of CE delivery and the carry over for each license renewal. This also requires the DACS to establish a system for the administration of those CE requirements that are adopted by the Board.

Section 7 requires registered surveyors and mappers to receive and use a seal that is approved by the Board, but deletes the requirement that the seal be an impression-type metal seal.

Section 8 specifically grants the Department authority to investigate the unlicensed practice of surveying and mapping.

⁴⁵ Section 472.005(3), F.S.

⁴⁶ Sections 472.013 and 472.015, F.S.

⁴⁷ Section 472.015(12), F.S.

Section 9 grants the Board authority to administratively penalize individuals found to be engaged in the unlicensed practice of surveying and mapping.

Surveyors and mappers are required to submit to the DACS a copy of each elevation certificate that she or he completes.⁴⁸ **Section 10** clarifies that a surveyor and mapper may submit a copy of an elevation certificate to the DACS, and said copy need not be signed and sealed. However, the surveyor and mapper must maintain the original signed and sealed copy in their own records.

Do Not Call List

The Department administers the Florida Do Not Call Program, which prohibits unsolicited phone calls to consumers by telephone solicitors. A consumer must request to be placed on the Department's directory of those who do not wish to be contacted, and such request lasts for five years. ⁴⁹ The consumer can re-subscribe every five years. Under s. 501.059(5), F.S., a telephone solicitor is also prohibited from calling a consumer who has previously communicated to the solicitor that he or she does not wish to receive a telephone call that is:

- Made by or on behalf of the seller whose goods or services are offered; or
- Made on behalf of a charity for which a charitable contribution is solicited.

Section 28 deletes the five-year subscription duration from the Do Not Call Program, thereby making each a lifetime subscription. Subscribers may request to be removed from the program at any time, however.

Health Studios

The Health Studio Act, ss. 501.012-501.019, F.S., regulates health studios that enter into contracts for health studio services with consumers. The act requires studios to:

- Register with the DACS;
- Include specific provisions in every contract with a consumer, such as the consumer's total payment obligations, and cancellation provisions;
- Provide a security bond, generally ranging from \$10,000 to \$25,000, depending on the value of outstanding contracts with the studio; and
- Refrain from prohibited practices, such as committing an intentional fraud.

The following health studios or health-related businesses are exempt from registration with the DACS:⁵⁰

- Nonprofit organizations that have tax-exempt status with the Internal Revenue Service;
- Gymnastics schools that engage in instruction and training only;
- Golf, tennis, or racquetball clubs that do not offer physical exercise equipment;
- Country clubs that primarily provide social or recreational amenities to its members; and
- Personal trainers who do not have an established place of business and who do not accept payment for their services more than 30 days in advance.

⁴⁸ Section 472.0366(2), F.S.

⁴⁹ Section 501.059(3)-(4), F.S.

⁵⁰ Sections 501.0125-.013, F.S.

The DACS can seek an injunction or civil penalties for any violation of the act, and violations are generally misdemeanors. The DACS may also institute administrative prosecution of a health studio in violation of s. 501.015 or s. 501.016, F.S.

Section 27 of the bill exempts from registration as a health studio with the DACS any program or facility offered by an organization for the exclusive use of its employees and their family members.

Intrastate Household Movers

Chapter 507, F.S., governs the loading, transportation, shipment, unloading, and affiliated storage of household goods as part of intrastate household moves. The chapter applies to any mover engaged in intrastate transportation or shipment of household goods that originate and terminate in the state.⁵¹

Section 507.04, F.S., requires movers to maintain liability and motor vehicle insurance. A mover who operates more than two vehicles is required to maintain liability insurance of at least \$10,000 per shipment, and not less than 60 cents per pound, per article.⁵² Movers who operate fewer than two vehicles are required only to carry either a performance bond or a \$25,000 certificate of deposit in lieu of liability insurance.⁵³ A mover who fails to maintain the required liability insurance is subject to:

- Immediate suspension of the license by the Department;
- Immediate injunction prohibiting the mover from operating in the state; and
- Civil liability for any injuries that arise.⁵⁴

However, the Department has no such penalties available to it in the case of a mover who fails to maintain motor vehicle insurance. The Department must wait until the mover files for renewal of his or her license with the Department to be able to take any action.⁵⁵ The Department cites this variation of penalties as a burden to their procedures and a possible danger to consumers, who may develop an incorrect impression that a mover who lacks motor vehicle insurance is in good standing with the Department.⁵⁶

Section 29 grants the Department the same penalty guidelines for a mover's failure to maintain both liability and motor vehicle insurance. This will make the Department's procedures more consistent.

Bureau of Standards

The Bureau of Standards within the DACS is generally responsible for the inspection of weights and measures devices or instruments in Florida. This includes, but is not limited to, the prescription of the appropriate unit of weight or measurement to be used, testing of weights and

⁵¹ Section 507.02, F.S.

⁵² Section 507.04(4), F.S.

⁵³ Section 507.04(1)(b), F.S.

⁵⁴ Section 507.04(1), F.S.

⁵⁵ Section 507.04(2)-(3), F.S.

⁵⁶ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *SB* 498 Agency Analysis, p. 9 (Feb. 8, 2017) (On file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

measuring instruments used by any city or county, and inspection of retail scales that are used to determine the weight, measurement or total count of commodities offered for sale, such as fruit and vegetables at a grocery store. For the purpose of consumer protection, the Bureau of Standards is also empowered under s. 531.42, F.S., to enforce the proper use of weights and measuring instruments or devices and the advertisement of the correct weight or measurement on a good for sale.

A taximeter is a device that automatically calculates and indicates the charge for the hire of a vehicle.⁵⁷

Sections 30, 31, and 32 delete the Department's authority to regulate taximeters, and remove related language.

Division of Animal Industry

The Division of Animal Industry safeguards animal and public health, and maintains market access for Florida's animals and animal products by surveilling the movement of animals into and throughout the state, and monitoring any animal disease that may arise.⁵⁸ One estimate concludes that approximately 1.5 million cattle are currently raised in Florida.⁵⁹ These cattle must have official identification unless the cattle are:

- Moving directly to slaughter or through one approved livestock market and then directly to slaughter;
- Moving to an approved tagging site; or
- Being moved from one premises to another while remaining under common ownership as part of normal farm operations. ⁶⁰

Federal law provides identification requirements for cattle that is transported across interstate lines.⁶¹

Section 33 replaces the requirement that an application for livestock mark or brand registration be accompanied by a "facsimile" of the brand or mark, with a requirement that the application include a "detailed drawing" of the brand or mark.

Section 34 extends the term of a livestock mark or brand registration from five to ten years, and deletes the five-dollar registration renewal fee.

⁵⁷ U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *Handbook 44*, *Section 5.54 Taximeters* (2012), https://www.nist.gov/sites/default/files/documents/pml/wmd/pubs/2011/10/26/5-54-12-hb44-final.pdf (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

⁵⁸ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *Division of Animal Industry*, http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/Animal-Industry (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

⁶⁰ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *Summary of Cattle Traceability Requirements* (Aug. 21, 2014), http://www.freshfromflorida.com/content/download/38829/857923/SummaryRequirements.pdf (last visited Mar. 7, 2017). *See also*, Rule 5C-31, Fla. Admin. Code.

⁶¹ *Id. See also*, Ch. 9, C.F.R., pt. 86.

Section 35 deletes s. 534.061, F.S., which requires a person who purchases cattle to re-mark or rebrand the cattle within 10 days. The Department states that the Division of Animal Industry does not currently regulate such transfers.⁶²

Division of Fruit and Vegetables

The Division of Fruit and Vegetables (Division) inspects and certifies all state and federal marketing orders—the program that collectivizes agriculture producers for the purpose of marketing and selling their products. ⁶³ As part of the marketing order program, the Department enters into contracts to promote the agriculture producers' products; these contracts are not subject to the competitive bidding process under s. 287.057, F.S. However, in each instance that the Division enters into a contract without competitive bidding, the director of the Division must file a report to justify the contract process with the Department's internal auditor. ⁶⁴

The Division of Marketing and Development supervised the marketing order process, until a recent reorganization of the Division's duties.⁶⁵

Section 36 amends s. 573.118, F.S., to require the director of the Division of Fruit and Vegetables, rather than the Division of Marketing and Development, to file each report justifying a contract or agreement entered into without competitive bidding in the marketing order process. This reflects the Division reorganization.

Florida Forest Service

The Florida Forest Service (FFS) is dedicated to management of state forests and Florida's forest resources. ⁶⁶ The FFS constructs structures on forest land to support its duties thereon, including wildfire, educational, camping and recreational, and law enforcement facilities. Currently, s. 590.02, F.S., grants the FFS exclusive authority to enforce the Florida Building Code relating to the wildfire and law enforcement structures the FFS builds.

Section 37 expands the grant of authority under s. 590.02, F.S., to the Department to enforce the Florida Building Code as it relates to all FFS facilities, in addition to the FFS' law enforcement and wildfire facilities.

⁶² Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *SB 498 Agency Analysis* (Feb. 8, 2017) (On file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

⁶³ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *Division of Fruits and Vegetables*, http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/Fruit-and-Vegetables (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).
⁶⁴ Section 573.118, F.S.

⁶⁵ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *SB* 498 Agency Analysis (Feb. 8, 2017) (on file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

⁶⁶ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *Florida Forest Service*, http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/Florida-Forest-Service (last visited Mar. 7, 2017). *See also*, s. 590.01, F.S.

Division of Aquaculture

Pursuant to ch. 597, F.S., the Division of Aquaculture coordinates and assists with the development of aquaculture in Florida, and regulates aquafarms to protect and conserve Florida's aquatic organisms.⁶⁷

The Department issues certificates of registration under s. 597.004, F.S., to aquaculture producers who must agree to submit to the Department's best management practices.⁶⁸ These certificates permit the aquaculture producer to sell all aquaculture products except those otherwise prohibited by law, and those for which the origin of the product is unknown.⁶⁹

Section 38 clarifies that dealers licensed pursuant to part VII of ch. 379, F.S., ("Nonrecreational Licenses") including downline sellers of aquaculture products, such as wholesale and retail saltwater products dealers and freshwater fish dealers (excepting the initial aquaculture producer sellers), are not required to be certified aquaculture producers under s. 597.004, F.S. According to the Department, this clarification is being made at the request of the Florida Fish and Wildlife Commission.⁷⁰

Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement

The Division of Agricultural Law Enforcement (AgLaw) is the law enforcement arm of the Department. As part of its duties, AgLaw operates 23 agricultural inspection stations; investigates crimes involving agriculture and unfair and deceptive trade practices; and partners with federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies to coordinate the Domestic Marijuana Eradication Task Force.⁷¹

A dealer in agricultural products (dealer) is any person, partnership, corporation, or other business entity that is engaged in the purchase, receipt, or solicitation of agricultural products from the initial producer, for the purpose of resale or processing for sale.⁷² The AgLaw regulates dealers in order to protect sellers of agricultural products (farmers). The Legislature created this duty because the recovery of agricultural products from a dealer who is ultimately unable to pay the producer for his or her products is impractical because of the quick decay or consumption of agricultural products.⁷³

Section 640.16, F.S. exempts certain dealers from registration as a dealer, if the dealer:

- Pays for the products in cash at the time of the purchase;
- Is a bonded licensee under the federal Packers and Stockyards Act; or
- Purchases less than \$1,000 of agricultural products during a one-month period.

⁶⁷ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *Division of Aquaculture*, http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/Aquaculture (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

⁶⁸ Section 597.004, F.S.

⁶⁹ Section 597.004(5), F.S.

⁷⁰ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *SB 498 Agency Analysis*, p. 10 (Feb. 8, 2017) (on file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

⁷¹ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement, http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/Agricultural-Law-Enforcement (last visited Mar. 7, 2017).

⁷² Section 604.15(2), F.S.

⁷³ See, s. 604.151, F.S.

Section 39 amends s. 640.16, F.S., to provide an additional exemption from registration for those dealers who pay for the products with a credit card at the time of the agricultural purchase.

Section 41 provides an effective date of July 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Private investigator class "M" licensees under ch. 493, F.S., may be able to take on additional employment to supplement their income since they may act as a manager at multiple private investigative agencies or branches.

Those who register a livestock brand or mark will see a reduction in associated fees. Agricultural Dealers who pay for their purchases with a credit card are no longer required to pay a registration fee to the Department.

Concealed weapon licensees will see a five-dollar reduction in licensure and renewal fees.

Those who operate taximeters will no longer incur registration fees and related regulations under the Department.

C. Government Sector Impact:

CS/SB 498 has a slightly negative impact on state revenues. The elimination of certain fees relating to licensure requirements under chs. 534 and 604, F.S., is estimated to

reduce the Department's revenues in the total amount of \$318,939 beginning in Fiscal Year 2017-2018.⁷⁴

The Department expects a decrease in expenditures of \$252,363 beginning in Fiscal Year 2017-2018. This reduction is the result of the elimination of four Departmental positions related to the licensure of agriculture products dealers, and of reduced background check expenditures for ch. 493, F.S., agency manager licensees, who are no longer required to file multiple applications for licensure to be able to manage multiple branches or agencies.⁷⁵

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 288.1175, 472.003, 472.005, 472.013, 472.015, 472.018, 472.025, 472.033, 472.0351, 472.0366, 487.2041, 493.6101, 493.6105, 493.6107, 493.6108, 493.6112, 493.6113, 493.6115, 493.6118, 493.6202, 493.6203, 493.6302, 493.6303, 493.6304, 493.6402, 493.6403, 501.013, 501.059, 507.04, 531.37, 531.61, 531.63, 534.021, 534.041, 573.118, 590.02, 597.004, 604.16, and 790.06. This bill repeals section 534.061, F.S.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 6, 2017:

- Makes substantial changes to regulations and qualifications of surveyors and mappers on ch. 472, F.S;
- Permits the use of FDLE's MECOM database for only class "G" and "K" applicants and licensees:
- Provides for the temporary suspension of class "G" or "K" licensees who are arrested for or charged with a firearms-related crime, and for ch. 493, F.S. licensees who are arrested for or charged with a forcible felony;
- Exempts company gyms that are used only by employees and their families from registration as a health studio with the DACS;
- Deletes the regulation of taximeters from the DACS' duties, and clarifies that digital networks are not regulated by the DACS;

⁷⁴ Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, *SB 498 Agency Analysis* (Feb. 8, 2017) (on file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

⁷⁵ *Id*.

• Allows the DACS to provide a concealed weapon or firearm license to applicants who have had their firearms disabilities restored pursuant to s. 790.065(2)(a)4.d., F.S.; and

• Reduces the concealed weapon or firearm license and renewal fees by five-dollars.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 03/06/2017

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Young) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (8) of section 288.1175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1175 Agriculture education and promotion facility.-

(8) Applications must be postmarked or electronically submitted by October 1 of each year. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may not recommend funding for

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less than the requested amount to any applicant certified as an agriculture education and promotion facility; however, funding of certified applicants shall be subject to the amount provided by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act for this program.

Section 2. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (5) of section 472.003, Florida Statutes, to read:

472.003 Persons not affected by ss. 472.001-472.037.-Sections 472.001-472.037 do not apply to:

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(d) Persons who are under contract with an individual registered or legal entity certified under this chapter and who are under the supervision of and subordinate to a person in responsible charge registered under this chapter, to the extent that such supervision meets standards adopted by rule by the board, if any.

Section 3. Subsections (4) and (10) of section 472.005, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

472.005 Definitions.—As used in ss. 472.001-472.037:

(4)(a) "Practice of surveying and mapping" means, among other things, any professional service or work, the adequate performance of which involves the application of special knowledge of the principles of mathematics, the related physical and applied sciences, and the relevant requirements of law for adequate evidence of the act of measuring, locating, establishing, or reestablishing lines, angles, elevations, natural and manmade features in the air, on the surface and immediate subsurface of the earth, within underground workings, and on the beds or surface of bodies of water, for the purpose

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of determining, establishing, describing, displaying, or interpreting the facts of size, volume, shape, topography, tidal datum planes, and legal or geodetic location or relocation, and orientation of improved or unimproved real property and appurtenances thereto, including acreage and condominiums.

- (b) The practice of surveying and mapping also includes, but is not limited to, photogrammetric control; orientation of improved or unimproved real property and appurtenances and personal property attached thereto, including acreage and condominiums; the monumentation and remonumentation of property boundaries and subdivisions; the measurement of and preparation of plans showing existing improvements after construction; the layout of proposed improvements; the preparation of descriptions for use in legal instruments of conveyance of real property and property rights; the preparation of subdivision planning maps and record plats, as provided for in chapter 177; the determination of, but not the design of, grades and elevations of roads and land in connection with subdivisions or divisions of land; and the creation and perpetuation of alignments related to maps, record plats, field note records, reports, property descriptions, and plans and drawings that represent them.
- (10) "Subordinate" means a person an employee who performs work under the direction, supervision, and responsible charge of a person who is registered under this chapter.
- Section 4. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 472.013, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 472.013 Examinations, prerequisites.
- (2) An applicant shall be entitled to take the licensure examination to practice in this state as a surveyor and mapper

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if the applicant is of good moral character and has satisfied one of the following requirements:

- (a) The applicant has received a bachelor's degree, its equivalent, or higher in surveying and mapping or a similarly titled program, including, but not limited to, geomatics, geomatics engineering, and land surveying, of 4 years or more in a surveying and mapping degree program from a college or university recognized by the board and has a specific experience record of 4 or more years as a subordinate to a professional surveyor and mapper in the active practice of surveying and mapping, which experience is of a nature indicating that the applicant was in responsible charge of the accuracy and correctness of the surveying and mapping work performed. The completed surveying and mapping degree of 4 years or more in a surveying and mapping degree program must have included not fewer than 32 semester hours of study, or its academic equivalent, in the science of surveying and mapping or in boardapproved surveying-and-mapping-related courses. Work experience acquired as a part of the education requirement may shall not be construed as experience in responsible charge.
- (b) The applicant has received a bachelor's degree, its equivalent, or higher in a is a graduate of a 4-year course of study, other than in surveying and mapping, at an accredited college or university recognized by the board, and has a specific experience record of 6 or more years as a subordinate to a registered surveyor and mapper in the active practice of surveying and mapping, 5 years of which shall be of a nature indicating that the applicant was in responsible charge of the accuracy and correctness of the surveying and mapping work

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performed. The course of study in disciplines other than surveying and mapping must have included not fewer than 32 semester hours of study or its academic equivalent. The applicant must have completed a minimum of 25 semester hours from a college or university approved by the board in surveying and mapping subjects or in any combination of courses in civil engineering, surveying, mapping, mathematics, photogrammetry, forestry, or land law and the physical sciences. Any of the required 25 semester hours of study completed not as a part of the bachelor's degree, its equivalent, or higher may 4-year course of study shall be approved at the discretion of the board. Work experience acquired as a part of the education requirement may shall not be construed as experience in responsible charge.

- (3) A person shall be entitled to take an examination for the purpose of determining whether he or she is qualified to practice in this state as a surveyor and mapper intern if:
- (a) The person is in good standing in his or her final year of, or is a graduate of, a 4-year degree program of a college or university and has obtained a minimum of 25 semester hours in surveying, mapping, mathematics, photogrammetry, forestry, civil engineering, or land law and the physical sciences, or any combination thereof. Any of the required 25 semester hours of study completed not as a part of the 4-year course of study may be approved at the discretion of the board. If the person is in his or her final academic year, a letter of good standing will be required from the advisor; or
- (b) The person has completed 2 years of study in a college or university and has obtained a minimum of 15 semester hours in



surveying, mapping, mathematics, photogrammetry, forestry, civil engineering, or land law and the physical sciences, or any combination thereof, and has a specific surveying and mapping experience record of 2 or more years as a subordinate to a registered surveyor and mapper. Any of the required 15 semester hours of study completed not as a part of the 2-year course of study may be approved at the discretion of the board.

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This subsection may not be construed as a substitute for the degree requirement to take the exams for licensure as outlined in subsection (2) the person is in the final year, or is a graduate, of an approved surveying and mapping curriculum in a school that has been approved by the board.

140 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) and subsection 141 (12) of section 472.015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 142 472.015 Licensure.-

- (5) (a) The board shall certify as qualified for a license by endorsement an applicant who, at the time of application:
- 1. Holds a valid license to practice surveying and mapping issued before prior to July 1, 1999, by another state or territory of the United States; has passed a national, regional, state, or territorial licensing examination that is substantially equivalent to the examination required by s. 472.013; and has a specific experience record of at least 8 years as a subordinate to a registered surveyor and mapper in the active practice of surveying and mapping, 6 years of which must be of a nature indicating that the applicant was in responsible charge of the accuracy and correctness of the surveying and mapping work performed; or

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2. Holds a valid license to practice surveying and mapping issued by another state or territory of the United States if the criteria for issuance of the license were substantially the same as the licensure criteria that existed in Florida at the time the license was issued.; or

3. Is a practicing photogrammetrist who holds the Certified Photogrammetrist designation of the American Society for Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing and held such designation on or before July 1, 2005; is a graduate of a 4-year course of study at an accredited college or university; and has a specific experience record of 6 or more years as a subordinate to a Certified Photogrammetrist of the American Society for Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing in the active practice of surveying and mapping, 5 years of which shall be of a nature indicating that the applicant was in responsible charge of the accuracy and correctness of the surveying and mapping work performed. The course of study must have included not fewer than 32 semester hours of study or its academic equivalent. The applicant must have completed a minimum of 25 semester hours from a college or university approved by the board in surveying and mapping subjects or in any combination of courses in civil engineering, surveying, mapping, mathematics, photogrammetry, forestry, or land law and the physical sciences. Any of the required 25 semester hours of study completed not as a part of the 4-year course of study shall be approved at the discretion of the board. Work experience acquired as a part of the education requirement shall not be construed as experience in responsible charge. The applicant must have applied to the department for licensure on or before July 1, 2007.

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(12) A licensee or business entity that meets the requirements of this section or s. 472.021 must carry professional liability insurance or provide notice to any person or entity to which surveying and mapping services are offered that the licensee or business entity does not carry professional liability insurance. The notice must consist of a sign prominently displayed in the reception area and written statements provided in a form and frequency as required by rule of the Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers.

Section 6. Section 472.018, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 472.018 Continuing education.—The department may not renew a license until the licensee submits proof satisfactory to the board that the licensee has met the continuing education requirements for renewal as established by the board and during the 2 years before her or his application for renewal the licensee has completed at least 24 hours of continuing education before license renewal.
- (1) The board shall adopt rules to establish the criteria and course content for continuing education providers courses. The rules may provide that up to a maximum of 25 percent of the required continuing education hours may be fulfilled by the performance of pro bono services to the indigent or to underserved populations or in areas of critical need within the state where the licensee practices. The board must require that any pro bono services be approved in advance in order to receive credit for continuing education under this section. The board shall use the standard recognized by the Federal Poverty Income Guidelines produced by the United States Department of Health

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and Human Services in determining indigency. The board may adopt rules that may provide that a part of the continuing education hours may be fulfilled by performing research in critical need areas or for training leading to advanced professional certification. The board may adopt rules to define underserved and critical need areas. The department shall adopt rules for the administration of continuing education requirements adopted by the board.

- (2) The board may provide by rule the method of delivery and criteria that distance learning may be used to satisfy continuing education requirements. The board may provide by rule provisions for continuing education hours carryover for each license renewal cycle.
- (3) The board may prorate the required continuing education hours in the following circumstances:
 - (a) For new licensees:
- 1. By requiring half of the required continuing education hours for any applicant who becomes licensed with more than half the renewal period remaining and no continuing education for any applicant who becomes licensed with half or less than half of the renewal period remaining; or
- 2. Requiring no continuing education hours until the first full renewal cycle of the licensee.
- (b) When the number of hours required is increased by law or the board.
- (4) Upon the request of a licensee, the provider must also furnish to the department information regarding courses completed by the licensee, in an electronic format required by rule of the department.

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- (5) Each continuing education provider shall retain all records relating to a licensee's completion of continuing education courses for at least 4 years after completion of a course.
- (6) A continuing education provider may not be approved, and the approval may not be renewed, unless the provider agrees in writing to provide such cooperation under this section as required by the department.
- (7) For the purpose of determining which persons or entities must meet the reporting, recordkeeping, and access provisions of this section, the board by rule shall adopt a definition of the term "continuing education provider" applicable to the profession's continuing education requirements. The intent of the rule is to ensure that all records and information necessary to carry out the requirements of this section are maintained and transmitted accordingly and to minimize disputes as to what person or entity is responsible for maintaining and reporting such records and information.
- (8) The board shall approve the providers of continuing education. The approval of continuing education providers and courses must be for a specified period of time, not to exceed 4 years. An approval that does not include such a time limitation may remain in effect under this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter.
- (9) The department may fine, suspend, or revoke approval of any continuing education provider that fails to comply with its duties under this section. The fine may not exceed \$500 per violation. Investigations and prosecutions of a provider's failure to comply with its duties under this section shall be

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conducted pursuant to s. 472.033.

- (10) The board shall issue an order requiring a person or entity to cease and desist from offering any continuing education programs for licensees, and fining, suspending, or revoking any approval of the provider previously granted by the board if the board determines that the person or entity failed to provide appropriate continuing education services that conform to board rules approved course material. The fine may not exceed \$500 per violation. Investigations and prosecutions of a provider's failure to comply with its duties under this section shall be conducted under s. 472.033.
- (11) The board may establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$250 for anyone seeking approval to provide continuing education courses and may establish, by rule, a biennial fee not to exceed \$250 for the renewal of providership of such courses. Such postlicensure education courses are subject to the reporting, monitoring, and compliance provisions of this section.
- (12) The department shall establish a system for the administration of continuing education requirements adopted by the board. The department and the board may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.
- (13) Each continuing education provider shall provide to the department, in an electronic format determined by the department, information regarding the continuing education status of licensees which the department determines is necessary to carry out its duties under this chapter. After a licensee completes a course, the information must be submitted electronically by the continuing education provider to the department within 30 calendar days after completion. However,

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beginning on the 30th day before the renewal deadline or before the renewal date, whichever occurs sooner, the continuing education provider shall electronically report such information to the department within 10 business days after completion.

- (14) The department shall establish a system to monitor licensee compliance with continuing education requirements and to determine the continuing education status of each licensee. As used in this subsection, the term "monitor" means the act of determining, for each licensee, whether the licensee is in full compliance with applicable continuing education requirements as of the date of the licensee's application for license renewal.
- (15) The department may refuse to renew a license until the licensee has satisfied all applicable continuing education requirements. This subsection does not preclude the department or board from imposing additional penalties pursuant to this chapter or rules adopted pursuant this chapter.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 472.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

472.025 Seals.-

(1) The board shall adopt, by rule, a form of seal to be used by all registrants holding valid certificates of registration, whether the registrants are corporations, partnerships, or individuals. Each registrant shall obtain a an impression-type metal seal in that form; and all final drawings, plans, specifications, plats, or reports prepared or issued by the registrant in accordance with the standards of practice established by the board shall be signed by the registrant, dated, and stamped with his or her seal. This signature, date, and seal shall be evidence of the authenticity of that to which

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they are affixed. Each registrant may in addition register his or her seal electronically in accordance with ss. 668.001-668.006. Drawings, plans, specifications, reports, or documents prepared or issued by a registrant may be transmitted electronically and may be signed by the registrant, dated, and stamped electronically with such seal in accordance with ss. 668.001-668.006.

Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 472.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

472.033 Disciplinary proceedings.—Disciplinary proceedings for the board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.

(1)(a) The department shall investigate any complaint that is filed before it if the complaint is in writing, signed by the complainant, and legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this chapter or of any rule adopted by the department or the board has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the department may require supporting information or documentation. The department may investigate, and the department or the board may take appropriate final action on, a complaint even though the original complainant withdraws it or otherwise indicates a desire not to cause the complaint to be investigated or prosecuted to completion. The department may investigate an anonymous complaint if the complaint is in writing and is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rules is substantial, and if the department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the violations alleged in the complaint are true. The

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department may investigate a complaint made by a confidential informant if the complaint is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rule is substantial, and if the department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the allegations of the complainant are true. The department may initiate an investigation if it has reasonable cause to believe that a licensee or a group of licensees has violated a Florida statute, a rule of the department, or a rule of the board, or if it has reasonable cause to believe that a person is engaged in the unlicensed practice of surveying and mapping.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 472.0351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 472.0351 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.
- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (a) Violation of any provision of s. 472.031 or the unlicensed practice of surveying and mapping. +
- (b) Attempting to procure a license to practice surveying and mapping by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentations. +
- (c) Having a license to practice surveying and mapping revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country, for a violation that constitutes a violation under the laws of this state. The acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure, stipulation, consent order, or other settlement offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license by a licensing authority is an action against the license. +
 - (d) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea

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of guilty, no contest, or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of surveying and mapping or the ability to practice surveying and mapping. +

- (e) Making or filing a report or record that the licensee knows to be false, willfully failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such reports or records include only those that are signed in the capacity of a registered surveyor and mapper. +
- (f) Advertising goods or services in a manner that is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or content. +
- (g) Upon proof that the licensee is guilty of fraud or deceit, or of negligence, incompetency, or misconduct, in the practice of surveying and mapping. +
- (h) Failing to perform a statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensed surveyor and mapper; violating a provision of this chapter, a rule of the board or department, or a lawful order of the board or department; or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the department. +
- (i) Practicing on a revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license. +
- (j) Having been found liable in a civil proceeding for knowingly filing a false report or complaint with the department against another licensee. +
- (k) Failing to report to the department any person who the licensee knows is in violation of this chapter or the rules of the department or the board. +

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- (1) Aiding, assisting, procuring, employing, or advising any unlicensed person or entity to practice surveying and mapping contrary to this chapter or the rules of the department or the board. +
- (m) Making deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in or related to the practice of professional surveying or mapping or employing a trick or scheme in or related to the practice of professional surveying or mapping. +
- (n) Exercising influence on the client for the purpose of financial gain of the licensee or a third party. +
- (o) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or accepting and performing professional responsibilities the licensee knows, or has reason to know, the licensee is not competent to perform. +
- (p) Delegating or contracting for the performance of professional responsibilities by a person when the licensee delegating or contracting for performance of such responsibilities knows, or has reason to know, such person is not qualified by training, experience, and authorization when required to perform them.; or
- (q) Improperly interfering with an investigation or inspection authorized by statute, or with any disciplinary proceeding.
- Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 472.0366, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 472.0366 Elevation certificates; requirements for surveyors and mappers.-
- (2) Beginning January 1, 2017, a surveyor and mapper shall, within 30 days after completion, submit to the division a copy

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of each elevation certificate that he or she completes. The copy must be unaltered, except that the surveyor and mapper may redact the name of the property owner. The copy need not be signed and sealed when submitted to the division; however, an original signed and sealed copy must be retained in the surveyor and mapper's records as prescribed by rule of the board. Section 11. Section 487.2041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 487.2041 Enforcement of federal worker protection regulations.—The department shall, to the extent that resources are available, continue to operate under the United States

Environmental Protection Agency regulations regarding the Labeling Requirement for Pesticides and Devices, 40 C.F.R. part 156, and the Worker Protection Standard, 40 C.F.R. part 170, which the department shall adopt adopted by rule during the 1995-1996 fiscal year and published in the Florida Administrative Code. Any provision of this part not preempted by federal law shall continue to apply.

Section 12. Subsection (13) of section 493.6101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6101 Definitions.

(13) "Manager" means any licensee who directs the activities of licensees at any agency or branch office. The manager shall be assigned to and shall primarily operate from the agency or branch office location for which he or she has been designated as manager. The manager of a private investigative agency may, however, manage multiple private investigative agencies and branch offices.

Section 13. Paragraph (j) of subsection (3) and paragraph

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(a) of subsection (6) of section 493.6105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6105 Initial application for license.

- (3) The application must contain the following information concerning the individual signing the application:
- (i) A full set of fingerprints, a fingerprint processing fee, and a fingerprint retention fee. The fingerprint processing and retention fees shall be established by rule of the department based upon costs determined by state and federal agency charges and department processing costs, which must include the cost of retaining the fingerprints in the statewide automated biometric identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and the cost of enrolling the fingerprints in the national retained print arrest notification program as required under s. 493.6108. An applicant who has, within the immediately preceding 6 months, submitted such fingerprints and fees for licensing purposes under this chapter and who still holds a valid license is not required to submit another set of fingerprints or another fingerprint processing fee. An applicant who holds multiple licenses issued under this chapter is required to pay only a single fingerprint retention fee. Partners and corporate officers who do not possess licenses subject to renewal under s. 493.6113 are exempt from the fingerprint retention requirements of this chapter.
- (6) In addition to the requirements under subsection (3), an applicant for a Class "K" license must:
 - (a) Submit one of the following:
- 1. The Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission Instructor Certificate and written confirmation by

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the commission that the applicant possesses an active firearms certification.

- 2. A valid The National Rifle Association Private Security Firearm Instructor Certificate issued not more than 3 years before the submission of the applicant's Class "K" application.
- 3. A valid firearms instructor certificate issued by a federal law enforcement agency not more than 3 years before the submission of the applicant's Class "K" application.

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 493.6107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6107 Fees.-

- (1) The department shall establish by rule examination and biennial license fees, which shall not to exceed the following:
 - (a) Class "M" license-manager Class "AB" agency: \$75.
 - (b) Class "G" license-statewide firearm license: \$150.
 - (c) Class "K" license-firearms instructor: \$100.
 - (d) Fee for the examination for firearms instructor: \$75.

Section 15. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 493.6108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 493.6108 Investigation of applicants by Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.-
- (3) The department must also investigate the mental history and current mental and emotional fitness of any Class "G" or Class "K" applicant and may deny a Class "G" or Class "K" license to anyone who has a history of mental illness or drug or alcohol abuse. Notwithstanding s. 790.065(2)(a)4.f., the Department of Law Enforcement may, for the limited purpose of determining eligibility of Class "G" or Class "K" applicants and licensees under this chapter, provide the department with mental

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health and substance abuse data of individuals who are prohibited from purchasing a firearm.

(5) A person licensed under this chapter must notify his or her employer within 3 calendar days if he or she is arrested for any offense. If the department receives information about an arrest within the state of a person who holds a valid license issued under this chapter for a crime that could potentially disqualify the person from holding such a license, the department must provide the arrest information to the agency that employs the licensee.

Section 16. Section 493.6112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 493.6112 Notification to Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services of changes of partner or officer or employees.-
- (1) After filing the application, unless the department declines to issue the license or revokes it after issuance, an agency or school shall, within 5 working days of the withdrawal, removal, replacement, or addition of any or all partners or officers, notify and file with the department complete applications for such individuals. The agency's or school's good standing under this chapter shall be contingent upon the department's approval of any new partner or officer.
- (2) Each agency or school shall, upon the employment or termination of employment of a licensee, report such employment or termination within 15 calendar days immediately to the department and, in the case of a termination, report the reason or reasons therefor. The report shall be submitted electronically in a manner on a form prescribed by the



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Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 493.6113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6113 Renewal application for licensure.

- (3) Each licensee is responsible for renewing his or her license on or before its expiration by filing with the department an application for renewal accompanied by payment of the renewal fee and the fingerprint retention fee to cover the cost of ongoing retention in the statewide automated biometric identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b). Upon the first renewal of a license issued under this chapter before January 1, 2017, the licensee shall submit a full set of fingerprints and fingerprint processing fees to cover the cost of entering the fingerprints into the statewide automated biometric identification system pursuant to s. 493.6108(4)(a) and the cost of enrollment in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's national retained print arrest notification program. Subsequent renewals may be completed without submission of a new set of fingerprints.
- (b) Each Class "G" licensee shall additionally submit proof that he or she has received during each year of the license period a minimum of 4 hours of firearms requalification recertification training taught by a Class "K" licensee and has complied with such other health and training requirements that the department shall adopt by rule. Proof of completion of firearms requalification recertification training shall be submitted to the department upon completion of the training. A Class "G" licensee must successfully complete this requalification training for each type and caliber of firearm

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carried in the course of performing his or her regulated duties. If the licensee fails to complete the required 4 hours of annual training during the first year of the 2-year term of the license, the license shall be automatically suspended. The licensee must complete the minimum number of hours of range and classroom training required at the time of initial licensure and submit proof of completion of such training to the department before the license may be reinstated. If the licensee fails to complete the required 4 hours of annual training during the second year of the 2-year term of the license, the licensee must complete the minimum number of hours of range and classroom training required at the time of initial licensure and submit proof of completion of such training to the department before the license may be renewed. The department may waive the firearms training requirement if:

- 1. The applicant provides proof that he or she is currently certified as a law enforcement officer or correctional officer under the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission and has completed law enforcement firearms requalification training annually during the previous 2 years of the licensure period;
- 2. The applicant provides proof that he or she is currently certified as a federal law enforcement officer and has received law enforcement firearms training administered by a federal law enforcement agency annually during the previous 2 years of the licensure period; or
- 3. The applicant submits a valid firearm certificate among those specified in s. 493.6105(6)(a) and provides proof of having completed regualification training during the previous 2 years of the licensure period.

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Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 493.6115, Florida Statutes, is amended, present paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (12) of that section are redesignated as paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), respectively, and a new paragraph (b) is added to that subsection, to read:

493.6115 Weapons and firearms.-

- (4) A Class "C" or Class "CC" licensee who is 21 years of age or older and who has also been issued a Class "G" license may carry, in the performance of her or his duties, a concealed firearm. A Class "D" licensee who is 21 years of age or older and who has also been issued a Class "G" license may carry a concealed firearm in the performance of her or his duties under the conditions specified in s. 493.6305(3) or $(4) \frac{493.6305(2)}{493.6305(2)}$. The Class "G" license must shall clearly indicate such authority. The authority of any such licensee to carry a concealed firearm is shall be valid in any location throughout the state, in any location, while performing services within the scope of the license.
- (12) The department may issue a temporary Class "G" license, on a case-by-case basis, if:
- (b) The department has reviewed the mental health and substance abuse data provided by the Department of Law Enforcement as authorized in s. 493.6108(3) and has determined the applicant is not prohibited from licensure based upon this data.

Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 493.6118, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8) and (9) are added to that section, to read:

493.6118 Grounds for disciplinary action.

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- (1) The following constitute grounds for which disciplinary action specified in subsection (2) may be taken by the department against any licensee, agency, or applicant regulated by this chapter, or any unlicensed person engaged in activities regulated under this chapter:-
- (a) Fraud or willful misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining a license.
- (b) Use of any fictitious or assumed name by an agency unless the agency has department approval and qualifies under s. 865.09.
- (c) Being found guilty of or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, or being convicted of a crime that directly relates to the business for which the license is held or sought. A plea of nolo contendere shall create a rebuttable presumption of guilt to the underlying criminal charges, and the department shall allow the individual being disciplined or denied an application for a license to present any mitigating circumstances surrounding his or her plea.
- (d) A false statement by the licensee that any individual is or has been in his or her employ.
- (e) A finding that the licensee or any employee is guilty of willful betrayal of a professional secret or any unauthorized release of information acquired as a result of activities regulated under this chapter.
- (f) Proof that the applicant or licensee is quilty of fraud or deceit, or of negligence, incompetency, or misconduct, in the practice of the activities regulated under this chapter.
 - (g) Conducting activities regulated under this chapter

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without a license or with a revoked or suspended license.

- (h) Failure of the licensee to maintain in full force and effect the commercial general liability insurance coverage required by s. 493.6110.
- (i) Impersonating, or permitting or aiding and abetting an employee to impersonate, a law enforcement officer or an employee of the state, the United States, or any political subdivision thereof by identifying himself or herself as a federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement officer or official representative, by wearing a uniform or presenting or displaying a badge or credentials that would cause a reasonable person to believe that he or she is a law enforcement officer or that he or she has official authority, by displaying any flashing or warning vehicular lights other than amber colored, or by committing any act that is intended to falsely convey official status.
- (i) Commission of an act of violence or the use of force on any person except in the lawful protection of one's self or another from physical harm.
- (k) Knowingly violating, advising, encouraging, or assisting the violation of any statute, court order, capias, warrant, injunction, or cease and desist order, in the course of business regulated under this chapter.
- (1) Soliciting business for an attorney in return for compensation.
- (m) Transferring or attempting to transfer a license issued pursuant to this chapter.
- (n) Employing or contracting with any unlicensed or improperly licensed person or agency to conduct activities

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regulated under this chapter, or performing any act that assists, aids, or abets a person or business entity in engaging in unlicensed activity, when the licensure status was known or could have been ascertained by reasonable inquiry.

- (o) Failure or refusal to cooperate with or refusal of access to an authorized representative of the department engaged in an official investigation pursuant to this chapter.
- (p) Failure of any partner, principal corporate officer, or licensee to have his or her identification card in his or her possession while on duty.
- (q) Failure of any licensee to have his or her license in his or her possession while on duty, as specified in s. 493.6111(1).
- (r) Failure or refusal by a sponsor to certify a biannual written report on an intern or to certify completion or termination of an internship to the department within 15 working days.
- (s) Failure to report to the department any person whom the licensee knows to be in violation of this chapter or the rules of the department.
 - (t) Violating any provision of this chapter.
- (u) For a Class "G" licensee, failing to timely complete requalification recertification training as required in s. 493.6113(3)(b).
- (v) For a Class "K" licensee, failing to maintain active certification specified under s. 493.6105(6).
- (w) For a Class "G" or a Class "K" applicant or licensee, being prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law.

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- (x) In addition to the grounds for disciplinary action prescribed in paragraphs (a)-(t), Class "R" recovery agencies, Class "E" recovery agents, and Class "EE" recovery agent interns are prohibited from committing the following acts:
- 1. Recovering a motor vehicle, mobile home, motorboat, aircraft, personal watercraft, all-terrain vehicle, farm equipment, or industrial equipment that has been sold under a conditional sales agreement or under the terms of a chattel mortgage before authorization has been received from the legal owner or mortgagee.
- 2. Charging for expenses not actually incurred in connection with the recovery, transportation, storage, or disposal of repossessed property or personal property obtained in a repossession.
- 3. Using any repossessed property or personal property obtained in a repossession for the personal benefit of a licensee or an officer, director, partner, manager, or employee of a licensee.
- 4. Selling property recovered under the provisions of this chapter, except with written authorization from the legal owner or the mortgagee thereof.
- 5. Failing to notify the police or sheriff's department of the jurisdiction in which the repossessed property is recovered within 2 hours after recovery.
- 6. Failing to remit moneys collected in lieu of recovery of a motor vehicle, mobile home, motorboat, aircraft, personal watercraft, all-terrain vehicle, farm equipment, or industrial equipment to the client within 10 working days.
 - 7. Failing to deliver to the client a negotiable instrument

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that is payable to the client, within 10 working days after receipt of such instrument.

- 8. Falsifying, altering, or failing to maintain any required inventory or records regarding disposal of personal property contained in or on repossessed property pursuant to s. 493.6404(1).
- 9. Carrying any weapon or firearm when he or she is on private property and performing duties under his or her license whether or not he or she is licensed pursuant to s. 790.06.
- 10. Soliciting from the legal owner the recovery of property subject to repossession after such property has been seen or located on public or private property if the amount charged or requested for such recovery is more than the amount normally charged for such a recovery.
- 11. Wearing, presenting, or displaying a badge in the course of performing a repossession regulated by this chapter.
- (y) Installation of a tracking device or tracking application in violation of s. 934.425.
- (z) Failure of any licensee to notify his or her employer within 3 calendar days if he or she is arrested for any offense.
- (8) (a) Upon notification by a law enforcement agency, a court, or the Department of Law Enforcement and upon subsequent written verification, the department shall temporarily suspend a Class "G" or Class "K" license if the licensee is arrested or charged with a firearms-related crime that would disqualify such person from licensure under this chapter. The department shall notify the licensee suspended under this section of his or her right to a hearing pursuant to chapter 120. A hearing conducted regarding this temporary suspension must be for the limited

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purpose of determining whether the licensee has been arrested or charged with a disqualifying firearms-related crime.

- (b) If the criminal case results in a nondisqualifying disposition, the department shall issue an order lifting the suspension upon the licensee's submission of a certified copy of the final resolution.
- (c) If the criminal case results in a disqualifying disposition, the suspension remains in effect and the department shall proceed with revocation proceedings pursuant to chapter 120.
- (9) (a) Upon notification by a law enforcement agency, a court, or the Department of Law Enforcement and upon subsequent written verification, the department shall temporarily suspend a license if the licensee is arrested or charged with a forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08. The department shall notify the licensee suspended under this section of his or her right to a hearing pursuant to chapter 120. A hearing conducted regarding this temporary suspension must be for the limited purpose of determining whether the licensee has been arrested or charged with a forcible felony.
- (b) If the criminal case results in a nondisqualifying disposition, the department shall issue an order lifting the suspension upon the licensee's submission to the department of a certified copy of the final resolution.
- (c) If criminal case results in a disqualifying disposition, the suspension remains in effect and the department shall proceed with revocation proceedings pursuant to chapter 120.
 - Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 493.6202, Florida



Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6202 Fees.-

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- (1) The department shall establish by rule examination and biennial license fees, which shall not to exceed the following:
 - (a) Class "A" license-private investigative agency: \$450.
 - (b) Class "AA" or "AB" license-branch office: \$125.
- (c) Class "MA" license-private investigative agency manager: \$75.
 - (d) Class "C" license-private investigator: \$75.
 - (e) Class "CC" license-private investigator intern: \$60.
- Section 21. Subsection (5) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (6) of section 493.6203, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 493.6203 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency shall comply with the following additional requirements:
- (5) Effective January 1, 2008, An applicant for a Class "MA," Class "M," or Class "C" license must pass an examination that covers the provisions of this chapter and is administered by the department or by a provider approved by the department. The applicant must pass the examination before applying for licensure and must submit proof with the license application on a form approved by rule of the department that he or she has passed the examination. The administrator of the examination shall verify the identity of each applicant taking the examination.
- (a) The examination requirement in this subsection does not apply to an individual who holds a valid Class "CC," Class "C,"



Class "MA," or Class "M" license.

- (b) Notwithstanding the exemption provided in paragraph (a), if the license of an applicant for relicensure has been invalid for more than 1 year, the applicant must take and pass the examination.
- (c) The department shall establish by rule the content of the examination, the manner and procedure of its administration, and an examination fee that may not exceed \$100.

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- (b) Effective January 1, 2012, Before submission of an application to the department, the applicant for a Class "CC" license must have completed a minimum of 40 hours of professional training pertaining to general investigative techniques and this chapter, which course is offered by a state university or by a school, community college, college, or university under the purview of the Department of Education, and the applicant must pass an examination. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24-hour course and one 16-hour course. The certificate evidencing satisfactory completion of the 40 hours of professional training must be submitted with the application for a Class "CC" license. The training specified in this paragraph may be provided by face-to-face presentation, online technology, or a home study course in accordance with rules and procedures of the Department of Education. The administrator of the examination must verify the identity of each applicant taking the examination.
- 1. Upon an applicant's successful completion of each part of the approved training and passage of any required examination, the school, community college, college, or

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university shall issue a certificate of completion to the applicant. The certificates must be on a form established by rule of the department.

- 2. The department shall establish by rule the general content of the professional training and the examination criteria.
- 3. If the license of an applicant for relicensure is invalid for more than 1 year, the applicant must complete the required training and pass any required examination.
- (c) An individual who submits an application for a Class "CC" license on or after September 1, 2008, through December 31, 2011, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the date the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted by that date, the individual's license shall be automatically suspended until proof of the required training is submitted to the department. An individual licensed on or before August 31, 2008, is not required to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license beyond the total required hours, and the timeframe for completion in effect at the time he or she was licensed applies.

Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 493.6302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6302 Fees.-

- (1) The department shall establish by rule biennial license fees, which shall not to exceed the following:
 - (a) Class "B" license-security agency: \$450.
 - (b) Class "BB" or Class "AB" license-branch office: \$125.

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- 910 (c) Class "MB" license-security agency manager: \$75. 911 (d) Class "D" license-security officer: \$45.
 - (e) Class "DS" license-security officer school or training facility: \$60.
 - (f) Class "DI" license-security officer school or training facility instructor: \$60.

Section 23. Subsection (4) of section 493.6303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6303 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency must comply with the following additional requirements:

(4) (a) Effective January 1, 2012, An applicant for a Class "D" license must submit proof of successful completion of a minimum of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24-hour course and one 16-hour course. The department shall by rule establish the general content and number of hours of each subject area to be taught.

(b) An individual who submits an application for a Class "D" license on or after January 1, 2007, through December 31, 2011, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the date the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted by that date, the individual's license shall be automatically suspended until proof of the required training is submitted to the department. A person licensed before January 1, 2007, is not required to complete additional training hours in order to renew

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an active license beyond the total required hours, and the timeframe for completion in effect at the time he or she was licensed applies.

(c) An individual whose license is suspended or revoked pursuant to paragraph (b), or is expired for at least 1 year, is considered, upon reapplication for a license, an initial applicant and must submit proof of successful completion of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department as provided in paragraph (a) before a license is issued.

Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 493.6304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6304 Security officer school or training facility.-

(1) Any school, training facility, or instructor who offers the training specified outlined in s. 493.6303(4) for Class "D" applicants shall, before licensure of such school, training facility, or instructor, file with the department an application accompanied by an application fee in an amount to be determined by rule, not to exceed \$60. The fee is shall not be refundable.

Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 493.6402, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6402 Fees.-

- (1) The department shall establish by rule biennial license fees, that shall not to exceed the following:
 - (a) Class "R" license-recovery agency: \$450.
 - (b) Class "RR" license-branch office: \$125.
 - (c) Class "MR" license-recovery agency manager: \$75.
 - (d) Class "E" license-recovery agent: \$75.
 - (e) Class "EE" license-recovery agent intern: \$60.

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- (f) Class "RS" license-recovery agent school or training facility: \$60.
 - (g) Class "RI" license-recovery agent school or training facility instructor: \$60.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 493.6403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6403 License requirements.-

(2) Beginning October 1, 1994, An applicant for a Class "E" or a Class "EE" license must submit proof of successful completion have completed a minimum of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department. The department shall by rule establish the general content for the training.

Section 27. Subsection (6) is added to section 501.013, Florida Statutes, to read:

501.013 Health studios; exemptions.—The following businesses or activities may be declared exempt from the provisions of ss. 501.012-501.019 upon the filing of an affidavit with the department establishing that the stated qualifications are met:

(6) A program or facility offered by an organization for the exclusive use of its employees and their family members.

Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 501.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.059 Telephone solicitation.-

(3) (a) If any residential, mobile, or telephonic paging device telephone subscriber notifies the department of his or her desire to be placed on a "no sales solicitation calls" listing indicating that the subscriber does not wish to receive

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unsolicited telephonic sales calls, the department shall place the subscriber on that listing for 5 years.

Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 507.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 507.04 Required insurance coverages; liability limitations; valuation coverage.-

- (1) LIABILITY INSURANCE.-
- (a) 1. Except as provided in paragraph (b), each mover operating in this state must maintain current and valid liability insurance coverage of at least \$10,000 per shipment for the loss or damage of household goods resulting from the negligence of the mover or its employees or agents.
- 2. The mover must provide the department with evidence of liability insurance coverage before the mover is registered with the department under s. 507.03. All insurance coverage maintained by a mover must remain in effect throughout the mover's registration period. A mover's failure to maintain insurance coverage in accordance with this paragraph constitutes an immediate threat to the public health, safety, and welfare. If a mover fails to maintain insurance coverage, the department may immediately suspend the mover's registration or eligibility for registration, and the mover must immediately cease operating as a mover in this state. In addition, and notwithstanding the availability of any administrative relief pursuant to chapter 120, the department may seek from the appropriate circuit court an immediate injunction prohibiting the mover from operating in this state until the mover complies with this paragraph, a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000, and court costs.
 - (3) INSURANCE COVERAGES.—The insurance coverages required

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under paragraph (1)(a) and subsection (2) must be issued by an insurance company or carrier licensed to transact business in this state under the Florida Insurance Code as designated in s. 624.01. The department shall require a mover to present a certificate of insurance of the required coverages before issuance or renewal of a registration certificate under s. 507.03. The department shall be named as a certificateholder in the certificate and must be notified at least 10 days before cancellation of insurance coverage. If a mover fails to maintain insurance coverage, the department may immediately suspend the mover's registration or eligibility for registration, and the mover must immediately cease operating as a mover in this state. In addition, and notwithstanding the availability of any administrative relief pursuant to chapter 120, the department may seek from the appropriate circuit court an immediate injunction prohibiting the mover from operating in this state until the mover complies with this section, a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000, and court costs.

Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 531.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

531.37 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(1) "Weights and measures" means all weights and measures of every kind, instruments, and devices for weighing and measuring, and any appliance and accessories associated with any or all such instruments and devices, excluding taximeters, digital networks, and those weights and measures used for the purpose of inspecting the accuracy of devices used in conjunction with aviation fuel.

Section 31. Section 531.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to



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- 531.61 Exemptions from permit requirement.—Commercial weights or measures instruments or devices are exempt from the requirements of ss. 531.60-531.66 if:
- (1) The device is a taximeter that is licensed, permitted, or registered by a municipality, county, or other local government and is tested for accuracy and compliance with state standards by the local government in cooperation with the state as authorized in s. 531.421.
- (2) The device is used exclusively for weighing railroad cars and is tested for accuracy and compliance with state standards by a private testing agency.
- (2) The device is used exclusively for measuring aviation fuel or petroleum products inspected under chapter 525.
- Section 32. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 531.63, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 33. Section 534.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

534.021 Recording of marks or brands.—The department shall be the recorder of livestock marks or brands, and the marks or brands may not be recorded elsewhere in the state. Any livestock owner who uses a mark or brand to identify her or his livestock must register the mark or brand by applying to the department. The application must be made on a form prescribed by the department and must be accompanied by a detailed drawing facsimile of the brand applied for and a statement identifying the county in which the applicant has or expects to have livestock bearing the mark or brand to be recorded. The department shall, upon its satisfaction that the application

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meets the requirements of this chapter, record the mark or brand for exclusive statewide use by the applicant. If an application is made to record a mark or brand previously recorded, the department shall determine whether the county in which the mark or brand will be used is near enough to another county in which the previously recorded mark or brand is used to cause confusion or to aid theft or dishonesty, and if so, the department must decline to admit to record the mark or brand. If a conflict arises between the owner of any recorded mark or brand and another claiming the right to record the same mark or brand, the department must give preference to the present owner. The department shall charge and collect at the time of recording a fee of \$10 for each mark or brand. A person may not use any mark or brand to which another has a prior right of record. It is unlawful to brand any animal with a brand not registered with the department.

Section 34. Section 534.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

534.041 Renewal of certificate of mark or brand.-The registration of a mark or brand entitles the registered owner to exclusive ownership and use of the mark or brand for a period ending at midnight on the last day of the month 10 - 5 years from the date of registration. Upon application, registration may be renewed, upon application and payment of a renewal fee of \$5, for successive 10-year 5-year periods, each ending at midnight on the last day of the month 10 $\frac{5}{2}$ years from the date of renewal. At least 60 days before prior to the expiration of a registration, the department shall notify by letter the registered owner of the mark or brand that, upon application for

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renewal and payment of the renewal fee, the department will issue a renewal certificate granting the registered owner exclusive ownership and use of the mark or brand for another 10year 5-year period ending at midnight on the last day of the month 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ years from the date of renewal. Failure to make application for renewal within the month of expiration of a registration will cause the department to send a second notice to the registered owner by mail at her or his last known address. Failure of the registered owner to make application for renewal within 30 days after receipt of the second notice will cause the owner's mark or brand to be placed on an inactive list for a period of 12 months, after which it will be canceled and become subject to registration by another person.

Section 35. Section 534.061, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 36. Subsection (1) of section 573.118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

573.118 Assessment; funds; review of accounts; loans.

(1) To provide funds to defray the necessary expenses incurred by the department in the formulation, issuance, administration, and enforcement of any marketing order, every person engaged in the production, distributing, or handling of agricultural commodities within this state, and directly affected by any marketing order, shall pay to the department, at such times and in such installments as the department may prescribe, such person's pro rata share of necessary expenses. Each person's share of expenses shall be that proportion which the total volume of agricultural commodities produced, distributed, or handled by the person during the current marketing season, or part thereof covered by such marketing

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order, is of the total volume of the commodities produced, distributed, or handled by all such persons during the same current marketing season or part thereof. The department, after receiving the recommendations of the advisory council, shall fix the rate of assessment on the volume of agricultural commodities sold or some other equitable basis. For convenience of collection, upon request of the department, handlers of the commodities shall pay any producer assessments. Handlers paying assessments for and on behalf of any producers may collect the producer assessments from any moneys owed by the handlers to the producers. The collected assessments shall be deposited into the appropriate trust fund and used for the sole purpose of implementing the marketing order for which the assessment was collected. The department is not subject to s. 287.057 in the expenditure of these funds. However, the director of the Division of Fruit and Vegetables Marketing and Development shall file with the internal auditor of the department a certification of conditions and circumstances justifying each contract or agreement entered into without competitive bidding.

Section 37. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 590.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

590.02 Florida Forest Service; powers, authority, and duties; liability; building structures; Withlacoochee Training Center.-

(4)

(b) Notwithstanding s. 553.80(1), the department shall exclusively enforce the Florida Building Code as it pertains to wildfire, and law enforcement, and other Florida Forest Service facilities under the jurisdiction of the department.



1171 Section 38. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 1172 597.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1173 597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration. 1174 (5) SALE OF AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS.-1175 (a) Aquaculture products, except shellfish, snook, and any 1176 fish of the genus Micropterus, and prohibited and restricted 1177 freshwater and marine species identified by rules of the Fish 1178 and Wildlife Conservation Commission, may be sold by an 1179 aquaculture producer certified pursuant to this section or by a 1180 dealer licensed pursuant to part VII of chapter 379 without 1181 restriction so long as the product origin can be identified. 1182 Section 39. Subsection (2) of section 604.16, Florida 1183 Statutes, is amended to read: 1184 604.16 Exceptions to provisions of ss. 604.15-604.34.-1185 Except for s. 604.22(2), the provisions of ss. 604.15-604.34 do 1186 not apply to: 1187 (2) A dealer in agricultural products who pays at the time 1188 of purchase with United States cash currency or a cash 1189 equivalent, such as a money order, cashier's check, wire 1190 transfer, electronic funds transfer, or PIN-based debit 1191 transaction, or who pays with a credit card as defined in s. 1192 658.995(2)(a). 1193 Section 40. Subsections (2) and (4), and paragraph (b) of 1194 subsection (5) of section 790.06, Florida Statutes, are amended 1195 to read: 1196 790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or firearm.-1197 (2) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall issue a license if the applicant: 1198

(a) Is a resident of the United States and a citizen of the

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United States or a permanent resident alien of the United States, as determined by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, or is a consular security official of a foreign government that maintains diplomatic relations and treaties of commerce, friendship, and navigation with the United States and is certified as such by the foreign government and by the appropriate embassy in this country;

- (b) Is 21 years of age or older;
- (c) Does not suffer from a physical infirmity which prevents the safe handling of a weapon or firearm;
- (d) Is not ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23 by virtue of having been convicted of a felony;
- (e) Has not been: committed for the abuse of a controlled substance or been
- 1. Found guilty of a crime under the provisions of chapter 893 or similar laws of any other state relating to controlled substances within a 3-year period immediately preceding the date on which the application is submitted; or
- 2. Committed for the abuse of a controlled substance under chapter 397 or under the provisions of former chapter 396 or similar laws of any other state. An applicant who has been granted relief from firearms disabilities pursuant to s. 790.065(2)(a)4.d. or pursuant to the law of the state where the commitment occurred is deemed not to be committed for the abuse of a controlled substance under this subparagraph;
- (f) Does not chronically and habitually use alcoholic beverages or other substances to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired. It shall be presumed that an applicant chronically and habitually uses alcoholic beverages or

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other substances to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired if the applicant has been committed under chapter 397 or under the provisions of former chapter 396 or has been convicted under s. 790.151 or has been deemed a habitual offender under s. 856.011(3), or has had two or more convictions under s. 316.193 or similar laws of any other state, within the 3-year period immediately preceding the date on which the application is submitted;

- (q) Desires a legal means to carry a concealed weapon or firearm for lawful self-defense;
- (h) Demonstrates competence with a firearm by any one of the following:
- 1. Completion of any hunter education or hunter safety course approved by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or a similar agency of another state;
- 2. Completion of any National Rifle Association firearms safety or training course;
- 3. Completion of any firearms safety or training course or class available to the general public offered by a law enforcement agency, junior college, college, or private or public institution or organization or firearms training school, using instructors certified by the National Rifle Association, Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
- 4. Completion of any law enforcement firearms safety or training course or class offered for security guards, investigators, special deputies, or any division or subdivision of a law enforcement agency or security enforcement;
 - 5. Presents evidence of equivalent experience with a

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firearm through participation in organized shooting competition or military service;

- 6. Is licensed or has been licensed to carry a firearm in this state or a county or municipality of this state, unless such license has been revoked for cause; or
- 7. Completion of any firearms training or safety course or class conducted by a state-certified or National Rifle Association certified firearms instructor;

A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes; an affidavit from the instructor, school, club, organization, or group that conducted or taught such course or class attesting to the completion of the course or class by the applicant; or a copy of any document that shows completion of the course or class or evidences participation in firearms competition shall constitute evidence of qualification under this paragraph. A person who conducts a course pursuant to subparagraph 2., subparagraph 3., or subparagraph 7., or who, as an instructor, attests to the completion of such courses, must maintain records certifying that he or she observed the student safely handle and discharge the firearm in his or her physical presence and that the discharge of the firearm included live fire using a firearm and ammunition as defined in s. 790.001;

(i) Has not been adjudicated an incapacitated person under s. 744.331, or similar laws of any other state. An applicant who has been granted relief from firearms disabilities pursuant to s. 790.065(2)(a)4.d. or pursuant to the law of the state where the adjudication occurred is deemed not to have been adjudicated an incapacitated person under this paragraph, unless 5 years

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have elapsed since the applicant's restoration to capacity by court order;

- (j) Has not been committed to a mental institution under chapter 394, or similar laws of any other state. An applicant who has been granted relief from firearms disabilities pursuant to s. 790.065(2)(a)4.d. or pursuant to the law of the state where the commitment occurred is deemed not to have been committed in a mental institution under this paragraph, unless the applicant produces a certificate from a licensed psychiatrist that he or she has not suffered from disability for at least 5 years before the date of submission of the application;
- (k) Has not had adjudication of quilt withheld or imposition of sentence suspended on any felony unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled, or expunction has occurred;
- (1) Has not had adjudication of quilt withheld or imposition of sentence suspended on any misdemeanor crime of domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled, or the record has been expunged;
- (m) Has not been issued an injunction that is currently in force and effect and that restrains the applicant from committing acts of domestic violence or acts of repeat violence; and
- (n) Is not prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by any other provision of Florida or federal law.
- (4) The application shall be completed, under oath, on a form adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer



Services and shall include:

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- (a) The name, address, place of birth, date of birth, and race of the applicant;
- (b) A statement that the applicant is in compliance with criteria contained within subsections (2) and (3);
- (c) A statement that the applicant has been furnished a copy of or a website link to this chapter and is knowledgeable of its provisions;
- (d) A conspicuous warning that the application is executed under oath and that a false answer to any question, or the submission of any false document by the applicant, subjects the applicant to criminal prosecution under s. 837.06;
- (e) A statement that the applicant desires a concealed weapon or firearms license as a means of lawful self-defense; and
- (f) Directions for an applicant who is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01, or a veteran, as defined in s. 1.01, to request expedited processing of his or her application.
- (5) The applicant shall submit to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or an approved tax collector pursuant to s. 790.0625:
- (b) A nonrefundable license fee of up to \$55 \$60 if he or she has not previously been issued a statewide license or of up to \$45 \$50 for renewal of a statewide license. The cost of processing fingerprints as required in paragraph (c) shall be borne by the applicant. However, an individual holding an active certification from the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission as a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(1),



(2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9) is exempt from the licensing requirements of this section. If such individual wishes to receive a concealed weapon or firearm license, he or she is exempt from the background investigation and all background investigation fees but must pay the current license fees regularly required to be paid by nonexempt applicants. Further, a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, or a correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), or (3) is exempt from the required fees and background investigation for 1 year after his or her retirement.

Section 41. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T === And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s. 288.1175, F.S.; specifying that applications for funding for certain agriculture education and promotion facilities must be postmarked or electronically submitted by a certain date; amending s. 472.003, F.S.; specifying that certain persons under contract with registered or certified surveyors and mappers are not subject to the provisions of ch. 472, F.S.; amending s. 472.005, F.S.; redefining the terms "practice of surveying and mapping" and "subordinate"; amending s. 472.013, F.S.; revising the standards for when an applicant is

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eligible to take the licensure examination to practice as a surveyor and mapper; amending s. 472.015, F.S.; revising the qualifications for licensure by endorsement; revising the requirements for a certain notice relating to insurance coverage; amending s. 472.018, F.S.; revising the continuing education requirements for new licensees and license renewal; authorizing the board to provide by rule the method of delivery of, criteria for, and provisions to carryover hours for continuing education requirements; deleting a requirement that the board approve courses; requiring the board to issue cease and desist orders and enact certain penalties for continuing education providers failing to conform to board rules; requiring the department to establish a system for the administration of continuing education requirements adopted by the board; amending s. 472.025, F.S.; deleting a requirement that registrant seals be of impression-type metal; amending s. 472.033, F.S.; specifying that the department may initiate an investigation if it has reasonable cause to believe that a person is engaged in the practice of surveying and mapping without a license; amending s. 472.0351, F.S.; specifying that disciplinary actions may be taken for the unlicensed practice of surveying and mapping; amending s. 472.0366, F.S.; revising the requirements for copies of evaluation certificates that must be submitted to the Division of Emergency Management within the Executive Office of the

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Governor; requiring that certain copies of evaluation certificates be retained in the surveyor and mapper's records; amending s. 487.2041, F.S.; requiring the department to adopt by rule certain United States Environmental Protection Agency regulations relating to labeling requirements for pesticides and devices; amending s. 493.6101, F.S.; specifying that a manager of a private investigative agency may manage multiple offices; amending s. 493.6105, F.S.; exempting certain partners and corporate officers from fingerprint retention requirements; revising the submission requirements for applications for Class "K" licenses; amending s. 493.6107, F.S.; deleting a specification that license fees are biennial; amending s. 493.6108, F.S.; providing an authorization to the Department of Law Enforcement to release certain mental health and substance abuse history of Class "G" or Class "K" applicants and licensees for the purpose of determining licensure eligibility; requiring licensees to notify their employer of an arrest within a specified period; amending s. 493.6112, F.S.; revising the notification requirements for changes of certain partners, officers, and employees of private investigative, security, and recovery agencies; amending s. 493.6113, F.S.; specifying that Class "G" licensees must complete requalification training for each type and caliber of firearm carried in the course of performing regulated duties; conforming terminology; amending s. 493.6115, F.S.; conforming a

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cross-reference; revising the circumstances under which certain licensees may carry a concealed firearm; revising the conditions under which the department may issue a temporary Class "G" license; amending s. 493.6118, F.S.; providing that failure of a licensee to timely notify his or her employer of an arrest is grounds for disciplinary action by the department; requiring the department to temporarily suspend specified licenses of a licensee arrested or formally charged with certain crimes until disposition of the case; requiring the department to notify a licensee of administrative hearing rights; specifying that any hearing must be limited to a determination as to whether the licensee has been arrested or charged with a disqualifying crime; providing that the suspension may be lifted under certain circumstances; requiring the department to proceed with revocation under certain circumstances; amending s. 493.6202, F.S.; deleting a specification that license fees are biennial; amending s. 493.6203, F.S.; deleting a requirement that certain training be provided in two parts; amending s. 493.6302, F.S.; deleting a specification that license fees are biennial; amending s. 493.6303, F.S.; deleting a requirement that certain training be provided in two parts; deleting obsolete provisions; making technical changes; deleting a provision requiring that if a license is suspended, revoked, or expired for at least 1 year, that the applicant must submit proof of certain training before

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issuance of a new license; amending s. 493.6304, F.S.; making technical changes; amending s. 493.6402, F.S.; deleting a specification that license fees are biennial; amending s. 493.6403, F.S.; requiring that applicants for Class "E" and "EE" licenses submit proof of successful completion of certain training, rather than just completion of such training; amending s. 501.013, F.S; providing that a program or facility offered by an organization for the exclusive use of its employees and their family members is not subject to certain health studio regulations; amending s. 501.059, F.S.; removing a limitation on the length of time for which the department must place certain persons on a no sales solicitation list; amending s. 507.04, F.S.; making a technical change; amending s. 531.37, F.S.; redefining the term "weights and measures" to exclude taximeters and digital networks; amending s. 531.61, F.S.; deleting certain taximeters from a permitting requirements for commercially operated or tested weights or measures instruments or devices; repealing s. 531.63(2)(g), F.S.; relating to maximum permit fees for taximeters; amending s. 534.021, F.S.; specifying that a detailed drawing, rather than a facsimile, of a brand must accompany an application for the recording of certain marks and brands; amending s. 534.041, F.S.; extending the registration and renewal period for certain mark or brand certificates; eliminating a renewal fee; repealing s. 534.061, F.S., relating to the transfer

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of ownership of cattle; amending s. 573.118, F.S.; specifying that the Division of Fruit and Vegetables, rather than the Division of Marketing and Development, must file a specified certification; amending s. 590.02, F.S.; specifying that the department has exclusive authority to enforce the Florida Building Code as it relates to Florida Forest Service facilities under the jurisdiction of the department; amending s. 597.004, F.S.; authorizing certain saltwater products dealers to sell certain aquaculture products without restriction under a specified circumstance; amending s. 604.16, F.S.; specifying that dealers in agricultural products who pay by credit card are exempt from certain dealer requirements; amending s. 790.06, F.S.; revising the requirements to obtain a license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm; revising the requirements of the application form; revising the license fees to obtain or renew such license; providing an effective date.

By Senator Young

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s. 288.1175, F.S.; specifying that applications for funding for certain agriculture education and promotion facilities be postmarked or electronically submitted by a certain date; amending s. 487.2041, F.S.; requiring the department to adopt by rule certain United States Environmental Protection Agency regulations relating to labeling requirements for pesticides and devices; amending s. 493.6101, F.S.; specifying that a manager of a private investigative agency may manage multiple offices; amending s. 493.6105, F.S.; exempting certain partners and corporate officers from fingerprint retention requirements; revising the submission requirements for applications for Class "K" licenses; amending s. 493.6107, F.S.; deleting a specification that license fees are biennial; amending s. 493.6108, F.S.; providing an authorization to the Department of Law Enforcement to release certain mental health and substance abuse history of applicants and licensees for the purpose of determining licensure eligibility; requiring licensees to notify their employer of an arrest within a specified period; amending s. 493.6112, F.S.; revising the notification requirements for changes of certain partners, officers, and employees of private investigative, security, and recovery agencies; amending s. 493.6113, F.S.; specifying that Class "G" licensees must complete regualification training for each type and caliber of firearm carried in the course of performing regulated duties; conforming terminology; amending s. 493.6115,

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18-00242A-17 2017498 33 F.S.; correcting a cross-reference regarding the 34 conditions under which a Class "G" licensee may carry 35 a concealed weapon; revising the conditions under 36 which the department may issue a temporary Class "G" 37 license; amending s. 493.6118, F.S.; providing that 38 failure of a licensee to timely notify his or her 39 employer of an arrest is grounds for disciplinary 40 action by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 41 Services; requiring the department to suspend 42 specified licenses of licensees arrested or formally 43 charged with certain crimes until disposition of their 44 cases; amending s. 493.6202, F.S.; deleting a specification that license fees are biennial; amending 45 46 s. 493.6203, F.S.; deleting a requirement that certain training be provided in two parts; deleting obsolete 48 provisions; amending s. 493.6302, F.S.; deleting a 49 specification that license fees are biennial; amending 50 s. 493.6303, F.S.; deleting a requirement that certain 51 training must be provided in two parts; deleting 52 obsolete provisions; making technical changes; 53 amending s. 493.6304, F.S.; making technical changes; 54 amending s. 493.6402, F.S.; deleting a specification 55 that license fees are biennial; amending s. 493.6403, 56 F.S.; requiring that applicants for Class "E" and "EE" 57 licenses submit proof of successful completion of 58 certain training, not just complete such training; 59 deleting an obsolete provision; amending s. 501.059, 60 F.S.; removing a limitation on the length of time for 61 which the department must place certain persons on a

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no-solicitation list; amending s. 507.04, F.S.; making a technical change; amending s. 534.021, F.S.; specifying that a detailed drawing, rather than a facsimile, must accompany an application for the recording of certain marks and brands; amending s. 534.041, F.S.; extending the renewal period for certain mark or brand certificates; eliminating a renewal fee; repealing s. 534.061, F.S., relating to the transfer of ownership of cattle; amending s. 573.118, F.S.; specifying that the Division of Fruit and Vegetables, rather than the Division of Marketing and Development, must file a specified certification; amending s. 590.02, F.S.; specifying that the department has exclusive authority to enforce the Florida Building Code as it relates to Florida Forest Service facilities under the jurisdiction of the department; amending s. 597.004, F.S.; authorizing licensed dealers, rather than certified aquaculture producers, to sell certain aquaculture products without restriction under a specified circumstance; amending s. 604.16, F.S.; specifying that dealers in agricultural products who pay by credit card are exempt from certain dealer requirements; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (8) of section 288.1175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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91	288.1175 Agriculture education and promotion facility.—
92	(8) Applications must be postmarked or electronically
93	submitted by October 1 of each year. The Department of
94	Agriculture and Consumer Services may not recommend funding for
95	less than the requested amount to any applicant certified as an
96	agriculture education and promotion facility; however, funding
97	of certified applicants shall be subject to the amount provided
98	by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act for this
99	program.
100	Section 2. Section 487.2041, Florida Statutes, is amended
101	to read:
102	487.2041 Enforcement of federal worker protection
103	regulations.—The department shall, to the extent that resources
104	are available, continue to operate under the United States
105	Environmental Protection Agency regulations regarding the
106	Labeling Requirement for Pesticides and Devices, 40 C.F.R. part
107	156, and the Worker Protection Standard, 40 C.F.R. part 170,
108	which the department $\underline{\text{shall adopt}}$ $\underline{\text{adopted}}$ by rule $\underline{\text{during the}}$
109	1995-1996 fiscal year and published in the Florida
110	Administrative Code. Any provision of this part not preempted by
111	federal law shall continue to apply.
112	Section 3. Subsection (13) of section 493.6101, Florida
113	Statutes, is amended to read:
114	493.6101 Definitions
115	(13) "Manager" means any licensee who directs the
116	activities of licensees at any agency or branch office. The
117	manager shall be assigned to and shall primarily operate from
118	the agency or branch office location for which he or she has

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been designated as manager. The manager of a private

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investigative agency may, however, manage multiple private investigative agencies and branch offices.

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Section 4. Paragraph (j) of subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 493.6105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6105 Initial application for license.-

- (3) The application must contain the following information concerning the individual signing the application:
- (j) A full set of fingerprints, a fingerprint processing fee, and a fingerprint retention fee. The fingerprint processing and retention fees shall be established by rule of the department based upon costs determined by state and federal agency charges and department processing costs, which must include the cost of retaining the fingerprints in the statewide automated biometric identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and the cost of enrolling the fingerprints in the national retained print arrest notification program as required under s. 493.6108. An applicant who has, within the immediately preceding 6 months, submitted such fingerprints and fees for licensing purposes under this chapter and who still holds a valid license is not required to submit another set of fingerprints or another fingerprint processing fee. An applicant who holds multiple licenses issued under this chapter is required to pay only a single fingerprint retention fee. Partners and corporate officers who do not possess licenses subject to renewal under s. 493.6113 are exempt from the fingerprint retention requirements of this chapter. (6) In addition to the requirements under subsection (3),

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an applicant for a Class "K" license must:

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149	(a) Submit one of the following:
150	1. The Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training
151	Commission Instructor Certificate and written confirmation by
152	the commission that the applicant possesses an active firearms
153	certification.
154	2. <u>A valid</u> The National Rifle Association Private Security
155	Firearm Instructor Certificate issued not more than 3 years
156	before the submission of the applicant's Class "K" application.
157	3. A $\underline{\text{valid}}$ firearms instructor certificate issued by a
158	federal law enforcement agency issued not more than 3 years
159	before the submission of the applicant's Class "K" application.
160	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 493.6107, Florida
161	Statutes, is amended to read:
162	493.6107 Fees
163	(1) The department shall establish by rule examination and
164	$\frac{biennial}{biennial}$ license fees $\frac{biennial}{biennial}$ not \underline{to} exceed the following:
165	(a) Class "M" license-manager Class "AB" agency: \$75.
166	(b) Class "G" license-statewide firearm license: \$150.
167	(c) Class "K" license-firearms instructor: \$100.
168	(d) Fee for the examination for firearms instructor: \$75.
169	Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection
170	(5) of section 493.6108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
171	493.6108 Investigation of applicants by Department of
172	Agriculture and Consumer Services
173	(1) Except as otherwise provided, the department must
174	investigate an applicant for a license under this chapter before
175	it may issue the license. The investigation must include:
176	(b) An inquiry to determine if the applicant has been
177	adjudicated incompetent under chapter 744 or has been committed

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to a mental institution under chapter 394. Notwithstanding s. 790.065(2)(a)4.f., the Department of Law Enforcement is authorized, for the limited purposes of determining the eligibility of applicants and licensees under this chapter, to provide the department with mental health and substance abuse data of individuals who are prohibited from purchasing a firearm.

(5) A person licensed under this chapter must notify his or her employer within 3 calendar days if he or she is arrested for any offense. If the department receives information about an arrest within the state of a person who holds a valid license issued under this chapter for a crime that could potentially disqualify the person from holding such a license, the department must provide the arrest information to the agency that employs the licensee.

Section 7. Section 493.6112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6112 Notification to Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services of changes of partner or officer or employees.—

- (1) After filing the application, unless the department declines to issue the license or revokes it after issuance, an agency or school shall, within 5 working days of the withdrawal, removal, replacement, or addition of any or all partners or officers, notify and file with the department complete applications for such individuals. The agency's or school's good standing under this chapter shall be contingent upon the department's approval of any new partner or officer.
 - (2) Each agency or school shall, upon the employment or

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207	termination of employment of a licensee, report such employment
208	or termination <u>within 15 calendar days</u> immediately to the
209	department and, in the case of a termination, report the reason
210	or reasons therefor. The report shall be <u>submitted</u>
211	electronically in a manner on a form prescribed by the
212	department.
213	Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
214	493.6113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
215	493.6113 Renewal application for licensure
216	(3) Each licensee is responsible for renewing his or her
217	license on or before its expiration by filing with the
218	department an application for renewal accompanied by payment of
219	the renewal fee and the fingerprint retention fee to cover the
220	cost of ongoing retention in the statewide automated biometric
221	identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b). Upon the
222	first renewal of a license issued under this chapter before
223	January 1, 2017, the licensee shall submit a full set of
224	fingerprints and fingerprint processing fees to cover the cost
225	of entering the fingerprints into the statewide automated
226	biometric identification system pursuant to s. 493.6108(4)(a)
227	and the cost of enrollment in the Federal Bureau of
228	Investigation's national retained print arrest notification
229	program. Subsequent renewals may be completed without submission
230	of a new set of fingerprints.
231	(b) Each Class "G" licensee shall additionally submit proof
232	that he or she has received during each year of the license
233	period a minimum of 4 hours of firearms requalification
234	recertification training taught by a Class "K" licensee and has

complied with such other health and training requirements that ${\tt Page~8~of~27}$

18-00242A-17 2017498 236 the department shall adopt by rule. Proof of completion of firearms regualification recertification training shall be 238 submitted to the department upon completion of the training. A 239 Class "G" licensee must successfully complete this 240 regualification training for each type and caliber of firearm carried in the course of performing his or her regulated duties. If the licensee fails to complete the required 4 hours of annual training during the first year of the 2-year term of the license, the license shall be automatically suspended. The 245 licensee must complete the minimum number of hours of range and 246 classroom training required at the time of initial licensure and submit proof of completion of such training to the department 248 before the license may be reinstated. If the licensee fails to 249 complete the required 4 hours of annual training during the 250 second year of the 2-year term of the license, the licensee must complete the minimum number of hours of range and classroom 252 training required at the time of initial licensure and submit 253 proof of completion of such training to the department before 254 the license may be renewed. The department may waive the

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1. The applicant provides proof that he or she is currently certified as a law enforcement officer or correctional officer under the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission and has completed law enforcement firearms requalification training annually during the previous 2 years of the licensure period;

firearms training requirement if:

2. The applicant provides proof that he or she is currently certified as a federal law enforcement officer and has received law enforcement firearms training administered by a federal law enforcement agency annually during the previous 2 years of the

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licensure period; or

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3. The applicant submits a valid firearm certificate among those specified in s. 493.6105(6)(a) and provides proof of having completed requalification training during the previous 2 years of the licensure period.

Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 493.6115, Florida Statutes, is amended, present paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (12) of that section are redesignated as paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), respectively, and a new paragraph (b) is added to that subsection, to read:

493.6115 Weapons and firearms.-

- (4) A Class "C" or Class "CC" licensee who is 21 years of age or older and who has also been issued a Class "G" license may carry, in the performance of her or his duties, a concealed firearm. A Class "D" licensee who is 21 years of age or older and who has also been issued a Class "G" license may carry a concealed firearm in the performance of her or his duties under the conditions specified in s. 493.6305(3) and $(4) \frac{493.6305(2)}{493.6305(2)}$. The Class "G" license must shall clearly indicate such authority. The authority of any such licensee to carry a concealed firearm is shall be valid in any location throughout the state, in any location, while performing services within the scope of the license.
- (12) The department may issue a temporary Class "G" license, on a case-by-case basis, if:
- (b) The department has reviewed the mental health and substance abuse data provided by the Department of Law Enforcement as authorized in s. 493.6108(1)(b) and has determined the applicant is not prohibited from licensure based

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294 upon this data.

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Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 493.6118, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8) and (9) are added to that section, to read:

493.6118 Grounds for disciplinary action.-

- (1) The following constitute grounds for which disciplinary action specified in subsection (2) may be taken by the department against any licensee, agency, or applicant regulated by this chapter, or any unlicensed person engaged in activities regulated under this chapter:
- (a) Fraud or willful misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining a license.
- (b) Use of any fictitious or assumed name by an agency unless the agency has department approval and qualifies under s. 865.09.
- (c) Being found guilty of or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, or being convicted of a crime that directly relates to the business for which the license is held or sought. A plea of nolo contendere shall create a rebuttable presumption of guilt to the underlying criminal charges, and the department shall allow the individual being disciplined or denied an application for a license to present any mitigating circumstances surrounding his or her plea.
- (d) A false statement by the licensee that any individual is or has been in his or her employ.
- (e) A finding that the licensee or any employee is guilty of willful betrayal of a professional secret or any unauthorized release of information acquired as a result of activities

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regulated under this chapter.

- (f) Proof that the applicant or licensee is guilty of fraud or deceit, or of negligence, incompetency, or misconduct, in the practice of the activities regulated under this chapter.
- (g) Conducting activities regulated under this chapter without a license or with a revoked or suspended license.
- (h) Failure of the licensee to maintain in full force and effect the commercial general liability insurance coverage required by s. 493.6110.
- (i) Impersonating, or permitting or aiding and abetting an employee to impersonate, a law enforcement officer or an employee of the state, the United States, or any political subdivision thereof by identifying himself or herself as a federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement officer or official representative, by wearing a uniform or presenting or displaying a badge or credentials that would cause a reasonable person to believe that he or she is a law enforcement officer or that he or she has official authority, by displaying any flashing or warning vehicular lights other than amber colored, or by committing any act that is intended to falsely convey official status.
- (j) Commission of an act of violence or the use of force on any person except in the lawful protection of one's self or another from physical harm.
- (k) Knowingly violating, advising, encouraging, or assisting the violation of any statute, court order, capias, warrant, injunction, or cease and desist order, in the course of business regulated under this chapter.
 - (1) Soliciting business for an attorney in return for

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compensation.

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- (m) Transferring or attempting to transfer a license issued pursuant to this chapter.
- (n) Employing or contracting with any unlicensed or improperly licensed person or agency to conduct activities regulated under this chapter, or performing any act that assists, aids, or abets a person or business entity in engaging in unlicensed activity, when the licensure status was known or could have been ascertained by reasonable inquiry.
- (o) Failure or refusal to cooperate with or refusal of access to an authorized representative of the department engaged in an official investigation pursuant to this chapter.
- (p) Failure of any partner, principal corporate officer, or licensee to have his or her identification card in his or her possession while on duty.
- (q) Failure of any licensee to have his or her license in his or her possession while on duty, as specified in s. 493.6111(1).
- (r) Failure or refusal by a sponsor to certify a biannual written report on an intern or to certify completion or termination of an internship to the department within 15 working days.
- (s) Failure to report to the department any person whom the licensee knows to be in violation of this chapter or the rules of the department.
 - (t) Violating any provision of this chapter.
- (u) For a Class "G" licensee, failing to timely complete $\underline{\text{requalification}}$ recertification training as required in s. 493.6113(3)(b).

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(v) For a Class "K" licensee, failing to maintain active certification specified under s. 493.6105(6).

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- (w) For a Class "G" or a Class "K" applicant or licensee, being prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law.
- (x) In addition to the grounds for disciplinary action prescribed in paragraphs (a)-(t), Class "R" recovery agencies, Class "E" recovery agents, and Class "EE" recovery agent interns are prohibited from committing the following acts:
- 1. Recovering a motor vehicle, mobile home, motorboat, aircraft, personal watercraft, all-terrain vehicle, farm equipment, or industrial equipment that has been sold under a conditional sales agreement or under the terms of a chattel mortgage before authorization has been received from the legal owner or mortgagee.
- Charging for expenses not actually incurred in connection with the recovery, transportation, storage, or disposal of repossessed property or personal property obtained in a repossession.
- 3. Using any repossessed property or personal property obtained in a repossession for the personal benefit of a licensee or an officer, director, partner, manager, or employee of a licensee.
- 4. Selling property recovered under the provisions of this chapter, except with written authorization from the legal owner or the mortgagee thereof.
- 5. Failing to notify the police or sheriff's department of the jurisdiction in which the repossessed property is recovered within 2 hours after recovery.

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6. Failing to remit moneys collected in lieu of recovery of a motor vehicle, mobile home, motorboat, aircraft, personal watercraft, all-terrain vehicle, farm equipment, or industrial equipment to the client within 10 working days.

- 7. Failing to deliver to the client a negotiable instrument that is payable to the client, within 10 working days after receipt of such instrument.
- 8. Falsifying, altering, or failing to maintain any required inventory or records regarding disposal of personal property contained in or on repossessed property pursuant to s. 493.6404(1).
- 9. Carrying any weapon or firearm when he or she is on private property and performing duties under his or her license whether or not he or she is licensed pursuant to s. 790.06.
- 10. Soliciting from the legal owner the recovery of property subject to repossession after such property has been seen or located on public or private property if the amount charged or requested for such recovery is more than the amount normally charged for such a recovery.
- 11. Wearing, presenting, or displaying a badge in the course of performing a repossession regulated by this chapter.
- (y) Installation of a tracking device or tracking application in violation of s. 934.425.
- (z) Failure of any licensee to notify his or her employer within 3 calendar days if he or she is arrested for any offense.
- (8) Upon notification and subsequent written verification to the department by a law enforcement agency, a court, or the Department of Law Enforcement that a licensee has been arrested or formally charged with a firearms-related crime that would

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439	disqualify him or her from licensure under this section, the
440	department shall automatically suspend his or her Class "G" or
441	Class "K" license until final disposition of the case.
442	(9) Upon notification and subsequent written verification
443	to the department by a law enforcement agency, a court, or the
444	Department of Law Enforcement that a licensee has been arrested
445	or formally charged with a forcible felony as defined in s.
446	776.08, the department shall automatically suspend his or her
447	license until final disposition of the case.
448	Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 493.6202, Florida
449	Statutes, is amended to read:
450	493.6202 Fees
451	(1) The department shall establish by rule examination and
452	$\frac{1}{2}$ biennial license fees, which shall not $\frac{1}{2}$ exceed the following:
453	(a) Class "A" license-private investigative agency: \$450.
454	(b) Class "AA" or "AB" license—branch office: \$125.
455	(c) Class "MA" license-private investigative agency
456	manager: \$75.
457	(d) Class "C" license-private investigator: \$75.
458	(e) Class "CC" license-private investigator intern: \$60.
459	Section 12. Subsection (5) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of
460	subsection (6) of section 493.6203, Florida Statutes, are
461	amended to read:
462	493.6203 License requirements.—In addition to the license
463	requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each
464	individual or agency shall comply with the following additional
465	requirements:
466	(5) Effective January 1, 2008, An applicant for a Class
467	"MA," Class "M," or Class "C" license must pass an examination

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that covers the provisions of this chapter and is administered by the department or by a provider approved by the department. The applicant must pass the examination before applying for licensure and must submit proof with the license application on a form approved by rule of the department that he or she has passed the examination. The administrator of the examination shall verify the identity of each applicant taking the examination.

- (a) The examination requirement in this subsection does not apply to an individual who holds a valid Class "CC," Class "C," Class "MA," or Class "M" license.
- (b) Notwithstanding the exemption provided in paragraph (a), if the license of an applicant for relicensure has been invalid for more than 1 year, the applicant must take and pass the examination.
- (c) The department shall establish by rule the content of the examination, the manner and procedure of its administration, and an examination fee that may not exceed \$100.

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(b) Effective January 1, 2012, Before submission of an application to the department, the applicant for a Class "CC" license must have completed a minimum of 40 hours of professional training pertaining to general investigative techniques and this chapter, which course is offered by a state university or by a school, community college, college, or university under the purview of the Department of Education, and the applicant must pass an examination. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24-hour course and one 16-hour course. The certificate evidencing satisfactory completion of

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2017498 497 the 40 hours of professional training must be submitted with the 498 application for a Class "CC" license. The training specified in 499 this paragraph may be provided by face-to-face presentation, 500 online technology, or a home study course in accordance with 501 rules and procedures of the Department of Education. The 502 administrator of the examination must verify the identity of 503 each applicant taking the examination.

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- 1. Upon an applicant's successful completion of each part of the approved training and passage of any required examination, the school, community college, college, or university shall issue a certificate of completion to the applicant. The certificates must be on a form established by rule of the department.
- 2. The department shall establish by rule the general content of the professional training and the examination criteria.
- 3. If the license of an applicant for relicensure is invalid for more than 1 year, the applicant must complete the required training and pass any required examination.
- (c) An individual who submits an application for a Class "CC" license on or after September 1, 2008, through December 31, 2011, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the date the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted by that date, the individual's license shall be automatically suspended until proof of the required training is submitted to the department. An individual licensed on or before August 31, 2008, is not required to complete additional training hours in order

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526	to renew an active license beyond the total required hours, and
527	the timeframe for completion in effect at the time he or she was
528	licensed applies.
529	Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 493.6302, Florida
530	Statutes, is amended to read:
531	493.6302 Fees
532	(1) The department shall establish by rule $\frac{\text{biennial}}{\text{conse}}$ license
533	fees, which shall not \underline{to} exceed the following:
534	(a) Class "B" license-security agency: \$450.
535	(b) Class "BB" or Class "AB" license—branch office: \$125.
536	(c) Class "MB" license—security agency manager: \$75.
537	(d) Class "D" license-security officer: \$45.
538	(e) Class "DS" license—security officer school or training
539	facility: \$60.
540	(f) Class "DI" license—security officer school or training
541	facility instructor: \$60.
542	Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 493.6303, Florida
543	Statutes, is amended to read:
544	493.6303 License requirements.—In addition to the license
545	requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each
546	individual or agency must comply with the following additional
547	requirements:
548	(4)(a) Effective January 1, 2012, An applicant for a Class
549	"D" license must submit proof of successful completion of a
550	minimum of 40 hours of professional training at a school or
551	training facility licensed by the department. The training must
552	be provided in two parts, one 24 hour course and one 16 hour
553	course. The department shall by rule establish the general
554	content and number of hours of each subject area to be taught.

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555	(b) An individual who submits an application for a Class
556	"D" license on or after January 1, 2007, through December 31,
557	2011, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof
558	of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the
559	date the application is submitted. If documentation of
560	completion of the required training is not submitted by that
561	date, the individual's license shall be automatically suspended
562	until proof of the required training is submitted to the
563	department. A person licensed before January 1, 2007, is not
564	required to complete additional training hours in order to renew
565	an active license beyond the total required hours, and the
566	timeframe for completion in effect at the time he or she was
567	licensed applies.
568	(c) Upon reapplication for a license, an individual whose
569	license <u>has been</u> is suspended or revoked pursuant to paragraph
570	(b), or is expired for at least 1 year $or more_T$ is considered.
571	upon reapplication for a license, an initial applicant and must
572	submit proof of successful completion of 40 hours of
573	professional training at a school or training facility licensed
574	by the department as provided in paragraph (a) before a license
575	is issued.
576	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 493.6304, Florida
577	Statutes, is amended to read:
578	493.6304 Security officer school or training facility.—
579	(1) Any school, training facility, or instructor who offers
580	the training specified outlined in s. 493.6303(4) for Class "D"
581	applicants shall, before licensure of such school, training
582	facility, or instructor, file with the department an application
583	accompanied by an application fee in an amount to be determined

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584	by rule, not to exceed \$60. The fee $\underline{\text{is}}$ shall not $\underline{\text{be}}$ refundable.					
585	Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 493.6402, Florida					
586	Statutes, is amended to read:					
587	493.6402 Fees					
588	(1) The department shall establish by rule biennial license					
589	fees $\frac{1}{2}$ that $\frac{1}{2}$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ exceed the following:					
590	(a) Class "R" license-recovery agency: \$450.					
591	(b) Class "RR" license—branch office: \$125.					
592	(c) Class "MR" license-recovery agency manager: \$75.					
593	(d) Class "E" license-recovery agent: \$75.					
594	(e) Class "EE" license-recovery agent intern: \$60.					
595	(f) Class "RS" license-recovery agent school or training					
596	facility: \$60.					
597	(g) Class "RI" license—recovery agent school or training					
598	facility instructor: \$60.					
599	Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 493.6403, Florida					
600	Statutes, is amended to read:					
601	493.6403 License requirements.—					
602	(2) Beginning October 1, 1994, An applicant for a Class "E"					
603	or a Class "EE" license must submit proof of successful					
604	<pre>completion have completed a minimum of 40 hours of professional</pre>					
605	training at a school or training facility licensed by the					
606	department. The department shall by rule establish the general					
607	content for the training.					
608	Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section					
609	501.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
610	501.059 Telephone solicitation.—					
611	(3)(a) If any residential, mobile, or telephonic paging					
612	device telephone subscriber notifies the department of his or					

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613	her desire to be placed on a "no sales solicitation calls"
614	listing indicating that the subscriber does not wish to receive
615	unsolicited telephonic sales calls, the department shall place
616	the subscriber on that listing for 5 years .
617	Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection
618	(3) of section 507.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
619	507.04 Required insurance coverages; liability limitations;
620	valuation coverage
621	(1) LIABILITY INSURANCE
622	(a)1. Except as provided in paragraph (b), each mover
623	operating in this state must maintain current and valid
624	liability insurance coverage of at least \$10,000 per shipment
625	for the loss or damage of household goods resulting from the
626	negligence of the mover or its employees or agents.
627	2. The mover must provide the department with evidence of
628	liability insurance coverage before the mover is registered with
629	the department under s. 507.03. All insurance coverage
630	maintained by a mover must remain in effect throughout the
631	mover's registration period. A mover's failure to maintain
632	insurance coverage in accordance with this paragraph constitutes
633	an immediate threat to the public health, safety, and welfare.
634	If a mover fails to maintain insurance coverage, the department
635	may immediately suspend the mover's registration or eligibility
636	for registration, and the mover must immediately cease operating
637	as a mover in this state. In addition, and notwithstanding the
638	availability of any administrative relief pursuant to chapter
639	120, the department may seek from the appropriate circuit court
640	an immediate injunction prohibiting the mover from operating in
641	this state until the mover complies with this paragraph, a civil

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penalty not to exceed \$5,000, and court costs.

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(3) INSURANCE COVERAGES.—The insurance coverages required under paragraph (1)(a) and subsection (2) must be issued by an insurance company or carrier licensed to transact business in this state under the Florida Insurance Code as designated in s. 624.01. The department shall require a mover to present a certificate of insurance of the required coverages before issuance or renewal of a registration certificate under s. 507.03. The department shall be named as a certificateholder in the certificate and must be notified at least 10 days before cancellation of insurance coverage. If a mover fails to maintain insurance coverage, the department may immediately suspend the mover's registration or eligibility for registration, and the mover must immediately cease operating as a mover in this state. In addition, and notwithstanding the availability of any administrative relief pursuant to chapter 120, the department may seek from the appropriate circuit court an immediate injunction prohibiting the mover from operating in this state until the mover complies with this section, a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000, and court costs.

Section 20. Section 534.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

534.021 Recording of marks or brands.—The department shall be the recorder of livestock marks or brands, and the marks or brands may not be recorded elsewhere in the state. Any livestock owner who uses a mark or brand to identify her or his livestock must register the mark or brand by applying to the department. The application must be made on a form prescribed by the department and must be accompanied by a detailed drawing

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671 facsimile of the brand applied for and a statement identifying 672 the county in which the applicant has or expects to have 673 livestock bearing the mark or brand to be recorded. The department shall, upon its satisfaction that the application 675 meets the requirements of this chapter, record the mark or brand for exclusive statewide use by the applicant. If an application 676 677 is made to record a mark or brand previously recorded, the department shall determine whether the county in which the mark 679 or brand will be used is near enough to another county in which 680 the previously recorded mark or brand is used to cause confusion 681 or to aid theft or dishonesty, and if so, the department must decline to admit to record the mark or brand. If a conflict arises between the owner of any recorded mark or brand and 683 684 another claiming the right to record the same mark or brand, the department must give preference to the present owner. The 686 department shall charge and collect at the time of recording a fee of \$10 for each mark or brand. A person may not use any mark 687 688 or brand to which another has a prior right of record. It is 689 unlawful to brand any animal with a brand not registered with 690 the department. 691 Section 21. Section 534.041, Florida Statutes, is amended

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to read:
534.041 Renewal of certificate of mark or brand.—The

534.041 Renewal of certificate of mark or brand.—The registration of a mark or brand entitles the registered owner to exclusive ownership and use of the mark or brand for a period ending at midnight on the last day of the month $\underline{10}$ 5 years from the date of registration. Upon application, registration may be renewed, upon application and payment of a renewal fee of \$5, for successive 10-year $\underline{5-year}$ periods, each ending at midnight

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on the last day of the month 10 $\frac{5}{2}$ years from the date of renewal. At least 60 days before prior to the expiration of a registration, the department shall notify by letter the registered owner of the mark or brand that, upon application for renewal and payment of the renewal fee, the department will issue a renewal certificate granting the registered owner exclusive ownership and use of the mark or brand for another 10year 5-year period ending at midnight on the last day of the month 10 $\frac{5}{2}$ years from the date of renewal. Failure to make application for renewal within the month of expiration of a registration will cause the department to send a second notice to the registered owner by mail at her or his last known address. Failure of the registered owner to make application for renewal within 30 days after receipt of the second notice will cause the owner's mark or brand to be placed on an inactive list for a period of 12 months, after which it will be canceled and become subject to registration by another person.

Section 22. Section 534.061, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 573.118, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

573.118 Assessment; funds; review of accounts; loans.-

(1) To provide funds to defray the necessary expenses incurred by the department in the formulation, issuance, administration, and enforcement of any marketing order, every person engaged in the production, distributing, or handling of agricultural commodities within this state, and directly affected by any marketing order, shall pay to the department, at such times and in such installments as the department may prescribe, such person's pro rata share of necessary expenses.

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729	Each person's share of expenses shall be that proportion which					
730	the total volume of agricultural commodities produced,					
731	distributed, or handled by the person during the current					
732	marketing season, or part thereof covered by such marketing					
733	order, is of the total volume of the commodities produced,					
734	distributed, or handled by all such persons during the same					
735	current marketing season or part thereof. The department, after					
736	receiving the recommendations of the advisory council, shall fix					
737	the rate of assessment on the volume of agricultural commodities					
738	sold or some other equitable basis. For convenience of					
739	collection, upon request of the department, handlers of the					
740	commodities shall pay any producer assessments. Handlers paying					
741	assessments for and on behalf of any producers may collect the					
742	producer assessments from any moneys owed by the handlers to the					
743	producers. The collected assessments shall be deposited into the					
744	appropriate trust fund and used for the sole purpose of					
745	implementing the marketing order for which the assessment was					
746	collected. The department is not subject to s. 287.057 in the					
747	expenditure of these funds. However, the director of the					
748	Division of $\underline{\text{Fruit and Vegetables}}$ $\underline{\text{Marketing and Development}}$ shall					
749	file with the internal auditor of the department a certification					
750	of conditions and circumstances justifying each contract or					
751	agreement entered into without competitive bidding.					
752	Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section					
753	590.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
754	590.02 Florida Forest Service; powers, authority, and					
755	duties; liability; building structures; Withlacoochee Training					
756	Center					
757	(4)					

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(b) Notwithstanding s. 553.80(1), the department shall exclusively enforce the Florida Building Code as it pertains to wildfire, and law enforcement, and other Florida Forest Service facilities under the jurisdiction of the department.

Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 597.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration.-
- (5) SALE OF AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS.-

 (a) Aquaculture products, except shellfish, snook, and any fish of the genus *Micropterus*, and prohibited and restricted freshwater and marine species identified by rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, may be sold by an aquaculture producer certified pursuant to this section without restriction by a licensed dealer if the solong as product origin can be identified.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 604.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 604.16 Exceptions to provisions of ss. 604.15-604.34.- Except for s. $604.22\,(2)\,\text{,}$ the provisions of ss. 604.15-604.34 do not apply to:
- (2) A dealer in agricultural products who pays at the time of purchase with United States cash currency or a cash equivalent, such as a money order, cashier's check, wire transfer, electronic funds transfer, or PIN-based debit transaction, or who pays with a credit card as defined in s. 658.995(2)(a).

Section 27. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

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THE FLORIDA SENATE



18th District

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Health Policy, Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Pre-K - 12
Education, Vice Chair
Commerce and Tourism
Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities
Regulated Industries

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

February 13, 2017

Senator Bill Montford, Chair Commerce and Tourism Committee 310 Knott Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Dear Chair Montford,

My Senate Bill 498, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services has been referred to your committee for a hearing. I respectfully request that this bill be placed on the next available agenda.

If I may provide any additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely

Dana Young
State Senator

18th District

DY:mfh

cc: Todd McKay, Staff Director - Commerce and Tourism Committee

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 3-6-17 Meeting Date 498 Bill Number (if applicable) Chepke 422 Changer -DAVID DANIEL Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address 311 PANK AVENUE Email ddaniel (Smith bryanau Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) FLORIDA SURVEYING AND MAPRING SOCIETY Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Grace Legislative Address Phone 850 W7 Against Waive Speaking: (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate COMMITTEE VOTE RECORD

COMMITTEE: Commerce and Tourism

ITEM: SB 498

FINAL ACTION: Favorable with Committee Substitute

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 6, 2017

TIME: 1:30—3:30 p.m.

PLACE: 110 Senate Office Building

FINAL VOTE			3/06/2017 1 Amendment 261922					
			Young			1		1
Yea	Nay	SENATORS	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay
X		Gibson						
Х		Hutson						
Х		Latvala						
Х		Passidomo						
Х		Rodriguez						
Х		Young						
Χ		Gainer, VICE CHAIR						
Х		Montford, CHAIR						
<u> </u>								
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8 Yea	0 Nay	TOTALS	RCS Yea	- Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay

CODES: FAV=Favorable

UNF=Unfavorable -R=Reconsidered

RCS=Replaced by Committee Substitute RE=Replaced by Engrossed Amendment RS=Replaced by Substitute Amendment TP=Temporarily Postponed VA=Vote After Roll Call VC=Vote Change After Roll Call WD=Withdrawn OO=Out of Order AV=Abstain from Voting

CourtSmart Tag Report

Case No.: **Room:** EL 110 Type: Judge: Caption: Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism Started: 3/6/2017 1:30:40 PM Ends: 3/6/2017 1:56:42 PM Length: 00:26:03 1:30:44 PM 1:30:53 PM Meeting called to order 1:30:54 PM Roll Called 1:31:10 PM Quorum present 1:31:46 PM Tab 1 Senate Bill 380 1:32:01 PM Senator Mayfield speaks Call for questions on the bill 1:32:29 PM Senator Mayfield explains amendment 1:32:37 PM Senator Montford asks for questions 1:33:03 PM 1:33:22 PM Amendment is accepted Senator Young asks question 1:33:34 PM Senator Mayfield Responds 1:34:01 PM Sen. Montford asks for further questions 1:34:25 PM 1:34:37 PM Senator Montford Calls on Courtney Titus Brooks of Russel Manufacturers Association 1:34:46 PM Courtney Titus Brooks waives in support of bill Sen. Montford calls on Jennifer Wilson of AAA 1:34:51 PM 1:34:58 PM Jennifer Wilson of AAA supports the bill 1:35:14 PM Senator Latvala calls on AAA to explain their support for the bill 1:35:32 PM Speaker for AAA answers Latvalas Question Sen Montford asks for further questions 1:35:44 PM 1:35:55 PM Sen. Montford calls on Richard Gentry of Rubber Manufactrurers Association Richard Gentry waives in support of bill 1:35:56 PM Sen. Montford calls on speaker Trevor Mask 1:36:00 PM Trevor Mark waives in support of bill 1:36:09 PM Sen. Montford asks for further questions 1:36:14 PM 1:36:20 PM Sen. Montford calls roll SB 380 Passes 1:36:34 PM 1:36:42 PM Tab 2 SB 664 1:37:00 PM Sen. Montford calls on Sen. Bean 1:37:05 PM Sen. Bean speaks Sen. Montford asks for questions on the bill 1:37:59 PM 1:38:09 PM Sen. Montford calls on Sen. Bean. Sen. Bean answers 1:38:21 PM Sen. Montford calls for questions on amendment 1:38:26 PM No debate on the amendment 1:38:32 PM 1:38:40 PM Amendment is adopted 1:38:49 PM Sen. Montford Calls on Sen. Gibson 1:39:00 PM Sen. Gibson asks Sen. Bean to explain 7 day provision in bill 1:39:28 PM Sen. Bean answers Montford calls for further questions 1:39:44 PM 1:39:55 PM Montford Calls on French Brown from FL Chamber of Commerce 1:40:00 PM Brown supports bill 1:40:04 PM Sen. Montford calls on Melissa Ramba of Florida Retail Federation 1:40:12 PM Melissa Ramba waives in support 1:40:28 PM Sen. Gibbs called on to debate bill 1:40:37 PM Sen. Gibbs speaks 1:41:23 PM Sen. Bean responds 1:41:46 PM Roll called on bill

1:42:05 PM

1:42:24 PM 1:42:33 PM

1:42:42 PM

Bill SB 664 passes Tab 3 SB 440

Sen. Gibson speaks

Sen. Gibson called on to explain bill

1:42:47 PM	Sen Montford calls for questions
1:42:53 PM	No questions .
1:42:57 PM	Sen Montford calls on Zayne Smith of AARP
1:43:05 PM	Zayne Smith states support for bill
1:43:12 PM	Roll Call SB 440
1:43:28 PM	Bill 440 passes unanimously
1:43:50 PM	SB 498 Tab 4
1:43:56 PM	Senator Young called on to explain
1:44:02 PM	Sen. Young speaks
1:44:04 PM	Sen. Young presents strike-all provision
1:49:33 PM	Sen. Montford calls for questions
1:49:47 PM	Sen Hutson speaks
1:49:55 PM	Sen Young answers
1:49:59 PM	Sen Latvala speaks
1:50:27 PM	Sen Young answers
1:53:25 PM	Sen Latvala speaks
1:53:56 PM	Montford Calls on Grace Lovett of FL Dept. of Agriculture and Consumer Services
1:54:28 PM	Grace Lovett speaks in support of bill
1:55:24 PM	Grace Lovett waives in support of the bill
1:55:31 PM	Sen. Montford calls on David Daniel of Florida Surveying and Mapping Society
1:55:32 PM	David Daniel waives in support of the bill
1:55:35 PM	Montford calls for questions on amendment
1:55:44 PM	Roll call on amendment - passes
1:55:51 PM	Montford calls for debate on bill
1:56:00 PM	Close on bill by Young
1:56:05 PM	Roll call on the bill
1:56:15 PM	Bill SB 498 passes
1:56:30 PM	Meeting adjourned