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#### **The Florida Senate**

**COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA** 

#### EDUCATION Senator Diaz, Chair Senator Montford, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE:	Monday, February 10, 2020
TIME:	1:30—3:30 p.m.
PLACE:	Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

MEMBERS: Senator Diaz, Chair; Senator Montford, Vice Chair; Senators Baxley, Berman, Cruz, Perry, Simmons, and Stargel

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	<b>SB 646</b> Mayfield (Similar H 287, Compare H 251, CS/H 7051, S 582)	Postsecondary Student Athletes; Citing this act as the "Student Athlete Achievement Act"; providing requirements for contracts made by a minor or his or her parent or guardian relating to the licensing of the minor's name, image, or likeness while participating in intercollegiate athletics; prohibiting a postsecondary educational institution from preventing students participating in intercollegiate athletics from earning specified compensation; prohibiting certain organizations from preventing such students from earning specified compensation; prohibiting certain entities from preventing students participating in intercollegiate athletics from obtaining professional representation, etc. ED 02/10/2020 Fav/CS IT RC	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
2	<b>SB 662</b> Wright (Compare CS/H 445)	School Grading System; Revising the calculation of school grades to include certain students who completed a specified number of years of coursework as participants in the United States Armed Forces Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program and earned a specified score on the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery, etc. ED 02/10/2020 Fav/CS MS RC	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
3	<b>SB 1100</b> Rouson (Identical H 1123)	<ul> <li>Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program; Establishing the Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program to recognize high school graduates who have attained a high level of skill in fine arts coursework; providing criteria to earn the Seal of Fine Arts; requiring the Commissioner of Education and school districts to perform specified duties to administer the program; prohibiting a school district or the Department of Education from charging a fee for the seal, etc.</li> <li>ED 02/10/2020 Favorable AED AP</li> </ul>	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0

#### COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

#### Education

Monday, February 10, 2020, 1:30-3:30 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	<b>CS/SJR 1216</b> Ethics and Elections / Gruters (Identical HJR 157, SJR 1480)	Limitation on Terms of Office for Members of a District School Board; Proposing amendments to the State Constitution to limit the terms of office for a member of a district school board, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 5 Nays 3
		EE         01/27/2020 Temporarily Postponed           EE         02/03/2020 Fav/CS           ED         02/10/2020 Fav/CS           RC	
5	<b>SB 1550</b> Cruz (Identical H 993)	High School Graduation Requirements; Requiring students to submit a Free Application for Federal Student Aid in order to be awarded a standard high school diploma; providing an exception, etc. ED 02/10/2020 Favorable AED AP	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0
6	SB 1628 Book (Similar CS/H 1213)	Holocaust Education; Authorizing the Department of Education to contract with the Florida Holocaust Museum for specified purposes relating to required instruction, etc. ED 02/10/2020 Fav/CS AED	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
7	SB 1644 Book (Identical H 1231)	AP Students With Disabilities in Public Schools; Requiring school districts to prohibit the use of seclusion on students with disabilities in public schools; prohibiting specified restraint techniques; requiring a video camera to be placed in specified classrooms upon the request of a parent; requiring schools to provide written notice to certain individuals of the placement of a video camera; requiring continuing education and inservice training for instructional personnel teaching students with emotional or behavioral disabilities, etc. ED 02/10/2020 Favorable AED AP	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0
8	<b>SB 1750</b> Montford (Identical H 403)	High School Graduation Requirements; Revising the credit requirements to earn a standard high school diploma to include career and technical education rather than practical arts, etc. ED 02/10/2020 Fav/CS AED	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0

#### COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

#### Education

Monday, February 10, 2020, 1:30-3:30 p.m.

<ul> <li>SB 7042 Governmental Oversight and Accountability</li> <li>State University Facility Designations; Requiring the Board of Governors to adopt regulations regarding the naming or renaming of state university facilities; specifying elements that must be addressed in the naming or renaming process; providing applicability; deleting a prohibition against the naming of facilities in a certain manner, etc.</li> <li>ED 02/10/2020 Favorable RC</li> </ul>	ТАВ	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
	9	Governmental Oversight and	<ul> <li>Board of Governors to adopt regulations regarding the naming or renaming of state university facilities; specifying elements that must be addressed in the naming or renaming process; providing applicability; deleting a prohibition against the naming of facilities in a certain manner, etc.</li> <li>ED 02/10/2020 Favorable</li> </ul>	

Other Related Meeting Documents

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

	Prep	oared By: T	he Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Education	on
BILL:	CS/SB 646	CS/SB 646				
INTRODUCER:	Senator Ma	ayfield				
SUBJECT:	Postsecond	lary Stude	nt Athletes			
DATE:	February 1	0, 2020	REVISED:		<u> </u>	
ANAL	YST	STAF	- DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
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2.				IT		
3.				RC		

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

#### I. Summary:

CS/SB 646 establishes compensation and rights for intercollegiate athletes and responsibilities for postsecondary educational institutions concerning these rights. Specifically, the bill:

- Authorizes an intercollegiate athlete to earn compensation for the use of such athlete's name, image, or likeness (NIL).
- Prohibits a postsecondary educational institution from adopting or maintaining a requirement that unduly restricts an intercollegiate athlete from earning compensation for the use of her or his NIL,
- Prohibits a postsecondary educational institution from compensating a current or prospective intercollegiate athlete for the use of her or his NIL.
- Prohibits a postsecondary educational institution from unduly restricting an intercollegiate athlete from obtaining professional representation by a licensed athlete agent or an attorney in good standing for the purpose of securing compensation for the use of such athlete's NIL.
- Specifies that an intercollegiate athlete may not enter into a contract for compensation for the use of NIL if a term of such contract conflicts with a term of such athlete's team contract.
- Requires an intercollegiate athlete who enters into a contract for compensation for the use of her or his NIL to disclose the contract to the postsecondary educational institution at which she or he is enrolled, in a manner designated by the institution.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures. The bill may have a negative, indeterminate fiscal impact on postsecondary educational institutions.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

## II. Present Situation:

#### National Collegiate Athletic Association

The National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) is a nonprofit organization comprised of voluntary members, including colleges and universities, athletic conferences, and affiliated organizations. As the governing and regulatory body for the majority of intercollegiate athletic programs for Division I, Division II, and Division III sports, the NCAA describes its basic purpose as maintaining and retaining:<sup>1</sup>

- Intercollegiate athletics as integral to educational programs;
- Athletes as integral to student bodies; and
- A clear line of demarcation between intercollegiate athletics and professional sports.

The NCAA issues and enforces rules governing athletic competitions for member schools. The rules are developed by a governance system in which members introduce and vote on proposed rules, which vary for student athletes by division.

#### Amateurism and Eligibility

Student athletes must receive amateurism certification before they are deemed eligible to compete in intercollegiate athletics. The NCAA defines the principle of amateurism such that student athletes must be amateurs who should be:<sup>2</sup>

- Motivated primarily by education and the derived physical, mental, and social benefits of intercollegiate athletic participation; and
- Protected from exploitation by professional and commercial enterprises.

A student athlete can lose amateur status as determined by the NCAA through, among other activities:<sup>3</sup>

- Receiving payments from a sports team to participate;
- Using a recruiting agency, agent, or scouting service;
- Accepting prize money based on performance;
- Being represented or marketed by a professional sports agent; or
- Promoting or endorsing a commercial product or service.

#### **Compensation for Student Athletes**

The NCAA, along with member colleges and universities, awards nearly \$3.5 billion in athletic scholarships every year to more than 180,000 student athletes.<sup>4</sup> The NCAA also provides almost

<sup>4</sup> NCAA, Big East Conference Commissioner Val Ackerman and Ohio State Athletic Director Gene Smith, *Statement from Federal and State Legislation Working Group co-chairs on name, image and likeness efforts* (Jan. 23, 2020), *available at* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NCAA Bylaw 1.3.1, *Division I Manual 2019-20 NCAA* (Jan. 28, 2020), *available at* <u>https://web3.ncaa.org/lsdbi/reports/getReport/90008</u>, at 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NCAA Bylaw 2.9, *Division I Manual*, *supra* note 1, at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> NCAA, *Amateurism*, <u>http://www.ncaa.org/student-athletes/future/amateurism</u> (last visited Jan. 27, 2020); NCAA Bylaw 12.1.2, *Division I Manual, supra* note 1, at 63-68.

\$100 million each year to support student athletes' academic pursuits and assist with basic needs of college life, such as computers, clothing, or emergency travel expenses.<sup>5</sup>

Student athletes are permitted to receive scholarships or grants-in-aid from individual postsecondary educational institutions,<sup>6</sup> which may cover the cost of tuition and fees, books and supplies, room and board, transportation, and personal expenses.<sup>7</sup> However, a student athlete's grant-in-aid must not exceed the cost of attendance at the student athlete's institution.<sup>8</sup>

Penalties for violation of NCAA bylaws may include financial sanctions, repayment of moneys received from competition, forfeiture of contents, and expulsion from the association.<sup>9</sup>

#### Name, Image, and Likeness (NIL)

NCAA rules prohibit student athletes from receiving compensation for the use of the student athlete's name, image, or likeness (NIL) to advertise or promote the sale or use of any kind of commercial product of service.<sup>10</sup> Student athletes who use their NIL to promote sale or use of a commercial product or service are held ineligible to participate in intercollegiate athletics.<sup>11</sup> The NCAA has cited concerns about the potentially harmful consequences of increased access to compensation or other features related to NIL for potential student athletes in the recruiting process.<sup>12</sup>

On October 28, 2019, the NCAA Board of Governors voted to permit students participating in intercollegiate athletics to benefit from the use of their NIL in a manner consistent with the collegiate model.<sup>13</sup> The Board of Governors directed each of the NCAA's three divisions to consider updates to relevant bylaws and policies, with the addition of new rules no later than January 2021.<sup>14</sup> On January 23, 2020, representatives of the NCAA voiced concerns about harmful influences and effects relating to use of NIL, particularly regarding recruitment and national parity in intercollegiate athletics.<sup>15</sup> The Federal and State Legislation Working Group will provide ongoing guidance to members of the NCAA on modifications to permitted uses of a student athlete's NIL.<sup>16</sup>

http://www.ncaa.org/about/resources/media-center/news/statement-federal-and-state-legislation-working-group-co-chairs-name-image-and-likeness-efforts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> NCAA, *Finances*, <u>https://www.ncaa.org/about/resources/finances</u> (last visited Jan. 28, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> NCAA, *NCAA Recruiting Facts*, <u>http://www.ncaa.org/sites/default/files/Recruiting%20Fact%20Sheet%20WEB.pdf</u>, (last visited Jan. 28, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Office of Student Financial Assistance, *Financial Aid Terms and Definitions*,

https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/pdf/TermsAndDefinitions.pdf (last visited Jan. 28, 2020), at 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> NCAA Bylaw 2.13, *Division I Manual*, *supra* note 1, at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Division I Manual, supra note 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> NCAA Bylaws 12.4.2.3, 12.5.1.3, and 12.5.2.1, *Division I Manual, supra* note 1, at 74, 75, and 77.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> NCAA Bylaw 12.5.2.1, Division I Manual, supra note 1, at 77.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> NCAA, Statement from Federal and State Legislation Working Group co-chairs on name, image and likeness efforts, supra note 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> NCAA, *Board of Governors starts process to enhance name, image and likeness opportunities* (October 29, 2019), *available at* <u>http://www.ncaa.org/about/resources/media-center/news/board-governors-starts-process-enhance-name-image-and-likeness-opportunities</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> State University System of Florida, Agency Bill Analysis for SB 646 (2020), at 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Statement from Federal and State Legislation Working Group co-chairs on name, image and likeness efforts, supra note 4. <sup>16</sup> Id.

#### **Representation of Student Athletes**

A student athlete is defined as a student whose enrollment was solicited by a member of the athletics staff or other representative of athletics interests with a view toward the student's ultimate participation in the intercollegiate athletics program.<sup>17</sup> Under NCAA rules student athletes are not permitted to agree to be represented by an agent or organization to market the student athlete's ability or reputation until the completion of the student athlete's last intercollegiate contest. NCAA rules also forbid a student athlete or his or her representative from negotiating or signing a playing contract in any sport in which the student athlete intends to compete, or marketing the student athlete's name or image.

#### Contracts for Minors

A contract made or proposed to be made by a minor, or a minor's parent or guardian, under which the minor is to perform or render artistic or creative services, may be approved by the probate division of the circuit court, or any other division of the circuit court that has guardianship jurisdiction, where the minor is a resident of this state or the services of the minor are to be performed or rendered in this state.<sup>18</sup>

#### Licensing of Athlete Agents

The licensing and regulation of athlete agents in Florida is a state government function administered by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation (DBPR), which processes licenses and responds to consumer complaints and inquiries in addition to monitoring activities and compliance within the athlete agent industry. An athlete agent is a person who:<sup>19</sup>

- Recruits or solicits a student athlete to enter into an agent contract, directly or indirectly;
- Procures, offers, promises, or attempts to obtain employment or promotional fees or benefits for a student athlete with a professional sports team or as a professional athlete, for any type of financial gain; or
- Markets or attempts to market the student athlete's athletic ability or athletic reputation with any promoter.

An agent contract is the contract or agreement in which a student athlete authorizes an athlete agent to represent the student in the marketing of the student's athletic ability or athletic reputation.<sup>20</sup> In order to be valid, such contract is specifically required to include any fees paid to the agent and indicate how such fees are calculated. The athlete agent is also required to follow certain procedures during the contracting process, such as alerting the athletic director of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> NCAA Bylaw 12.02.14, *Division I Manual, supra* note 1, at 62. Any other student becomes a student athlete only when the student reports for an intercollegiate squad that is under the jurisdiction of the athletics department. *Id.* Florida law defines student athlete as any student who participates or formally intends to participate in intercollegiate athletics. Section 468.452(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 743.08, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 468.452(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 468.452(1), F.S.

educational institution of the existence of the agent contract. The contracts are generally voidable by the student athlete within 14 days of execution.<sup>21</sup>

In order to be licensed as an athlete agent, an applicant must be at least 18 years of age, of good moral character, and have completed the application form with fingerprints for a background check. Applicants must remit to DBPR an initial application fee of \$250, an initial licensure fee of \$375, an unlicensed activity fee of \$5, and a biennial renewal fee of \$220.<sup>22</sup>

Athlete agents must establish and maintain complete business and financial records,<sup>23</sup> and athlete agents are subject to disciplinary action for violating practice requirements, including:

- Commingling money or property of another person with the athlete agent's money or property.<sup>24</sup>
- Committing mismanagement or misconduct which causes financial harm to a student athlete or college or university.<sup>25</sup>
- Violating or aiding and abetting another person to violate the rules of the athletic conference or collegiate athletic association governing a student athlete or student athlete's college or university.<sup>26</sup>

An unlicensed person is generally prohibited from acting as an athlete agent.<sup>27</sup> However, an unlicensed individual may act as an athlete agent if:<sup>28</sup>

- A student athlete or person acting on the student athlete's behalf initiates communication with the individual; and
- The individual submits an application for licensure within seven days after an initial act as an athlete agent.

In the 2018-2019 fiscal year, there were 321 licensed athlete agents in Florida.

#### **Intercollegiate Athletic Programs in Florida**

Athletic programs in Florida include NCAA Divisions I and II, the National Junior College Athletic Association (NJCAA), the National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics (NAIA), and the National Christian College Athletic Association (NCCAA).<sup>29</sup> The number of schools in each program includes:

- 13 schools in NCAA Division I.
- 13 schools in NCAA Division II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Section 468.454, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Rule 61-24.004, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> See s. 468.4565, F.S. DBPR has the right to full inspection of such records and may exercise its subpoena powers to obtain the financial and business records of an athlete agent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Section 468.456(1)(d), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Section 468.456(1)(h), F.S.

 $<sup>^{26}</sup>$  Section 468.456(1)(k), F.S. In addition, s. 468.4562, F.S., establishes civil actions for institutions damaged by a national association, athletic conference, or relevant entity on account of actions by an agent or student athlete.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Section 468.4561, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Section 468.453(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> There are no NCAA Division III athletic programs in Florida.

- 25 institutions in the NJCAA.
- 10 institutions in the NAIA.
- 3 institutions in the NCCAA.

The NCAA has levied 30 penalties against Division I universities in Florida since 1955. Recent sanctions include recruitment violations at the University of Central Florida in 2010, 2012, and 2019, and improper designations of student eligibility at Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University in 2019.

		8	8	
Institution Name	Classification	Total Undergraduates	Total Expenses	Total Revenue
Florida State University	FBS	29,187	\$ 167,054,375.00	\$ 177,512,950.00
University of Florida	FBS	30,887	\$ 157,240,476.00	\$ 157,240,476.00
University of Miami	FBS	10,134	\$ 94,723,980.00	\$ 94,723,980.00
University of Central Florida	FBS	39,685	\$ 60,069,492.00	\$ 60,069,492.00
University of South Florida	FBS	24,342	\$ 51,710,233.00	\$ 51,710,233.00
Florida International University	FBS	26,210	\$ 31,172,655.00	\$ 38,240,735.00
Florida Atlantic University	FBS	15,907	\$ 27,662,831.00	\$ 27,662,831.00
Stetson University	FCS	2,998	\$ 19,391,731.00	\$ 19,391,731.00
Jacksonville University	FCS	2,174	\$ 17,180,946.00	\$ 17,180,946.00
Florida Gulf Coast University	(no football)	10,821	\$ 15,037,882.00	\$ 15,037,882.00
Bethune-Cookman University	FCS	3,751	\$ 14,397,984.00	\$ 14,397,984.00
University of North Florida	(no football)	10,147	\$ 11,835,623.00	\$ 12,546,853.00
Florida A&M University	FCS	6,852	\$ 9,922,955.00	\$ 9,922,955.00

NCAA Division I Intercollegiate Athletic Programs<sup>30</sup>

## Annual Submission of Disclosures

Each institution of higher education which receives federal funding and is attended by students receiving athletically related student aid must annually submit detailed disclosures with respect to athletically related student aid to the Secretary.<sup>31</sup> The law allows a similar report required by the NCAA to substitute for the requirements of the federal report.

## **Recent Developments**

## NCAA Working Group

In 2019, the NCAA president and Board of Governors appointed a federal and state legislation working group to examine issues related to student athlete NIL and make recommendations to maintain the demarcation between professional and college sports.<sup>32</sup> The Board of Governors

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> See generally, U.S. Department of Education, *Equity in Athletics Data Analysis*, https://ope.ed.gov/athletics/#/customdata/search (last visited Jan. 23, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> 20 U.S.C. s. 1092.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Michelle Brutlag Hosick, NCAA, *NCAA working group to examine name, image and likeness* (May 14, 2019), *available at* <u>http://www.ncaa.org/about/resources/media-center/news/ncaa-working-group-examine-name-image-and-likeness</u>.

charged the working group with writing a set of overarching principles to guide each division as it devises consistent legislation regarding NIL payments.<sup>33</sup>

## Legislation in Other States

California recently passed the first law of its kind allowing college athletes in that state to hire agents and earn compensation for the use of NIL, which will go into effect January 2023.<sup>34</sup> Other states including Illinois, New York, North Carolina, and Washington have proposed legislation relating to compensation for use of a student athlete's NIL,<sup>35</sup> and a federal bill is proposing to rescind tax-exempt status from any organization that denies an athlete compensation for use of NIL.<sup>36</sup>

## **Relevant Litigation**

Since 2009, numerous former college athletes have sued the NCAA for violating antitrust law by limiting the amount of compensation a college athlete may receive for performance. Courts have ruled that:

- The NCAA must allow an institution to provide an athlete with financial aid at least equal to the cost of attendance.<sup>37</sup>
- The NCAA may prohibit a college athlete from contracting to profit from his or her NIL without violating antitrust law.<sup>38</sup>
- A student athlete is not an employee and is not entitled to protection under the Fair Labor Standards Act.<sup>39</sup>

## III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill establishes compensation and rights for intercollegiate athletes and responsibilities for postsecondary educational institutions concerning these rights. The bill also authorizes an athlete agent to represent an intercollegiate athlete, notwithstanding athletic conference or collegiate athletic association rules, bylaws, regulations, and policies to the contrary.

The bill creates s. 1006.74, F.S., to establish compensation and rights for intercollegiate athletes. An intercollegiate athlete may earn compensation for the use of such athlete's name, image or likeness (NIL). Such compensation must be commensurate with the market value of the authorized use of the athlete's NIL, may not be provided in exchange for athletic performance or attendance at a particular institution, and may only be provided by a third party unaffiliated with such athlete's postsecondary educational institution.

<sup>38</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> NCAA, NCAA Board of Governors Federal and State Legislation Working Group (2019), available at <a href="https://ncaaorg.s3.amazonaws.com/committees/ncaa/exec\_boardgov/BOG\_FederalStateLegWGFINAL.pdf">https://ncaaorg.s3.amazonaws.com/committees/ncaa/exec\_boardgov/BOG\_FederalStateLegWGFINAL.pdf</a>, at 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Cal. Educ. Code § 67456 (West). Legislation undertaken in the state of California does not go into effect until 2023, allowing time for consideration and alignment of NCAA bylaws and legislation in other states.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> H.B. 3904, 2019 Leg. (Ill. 2019); S.B. 6722A, 2019 Leg. (N.Y. 2019); S.B. 335, 2019 Leg. (N.C. 2019); H.B. 1084, 2019 Leg. (Wash. 2019). *See also* National Conference of State Legislatures, *Pay for Play for College Athletes*? (Sept. 30, 2019), *available at* <u>https://www.ncsl.org/blog/2019/09/30/pay-for-play-for-college-athletes.aspx</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> H.R. 1804, 116th Cong. (2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> O'Bannon v. Nat'l Collegiate Athletic Ass'n, 802 F.3d 1049 (9th Cir. 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Berger v. Nat'l Collegiate Athletic Ass'n, 843 F.3d 285, 293 (7th Cir. 2016).

An intercollegiate athlete who enters into a contract for compensation for the use of her or his NIL must disclose the contract to the postsecondary educational institution at which she or he is enrolled, in a manner designated by the institution. An intercollegiate athlete may not enter into a contract for compensation for the use of her or his NIL if a term of the contract conflicts with a term of the intercollegiate athlete's team contract. A postsecondary educational institution asserting such conflict must disclose each relevant contract term in conflict to the intercollegiate athlete athlete.

The bill requires an athlete agent representing an intercollegiate athlete for the purposes of securing compensation for the use of NIL to be licensed under Florida law. Similarly, the bill requires an attorney representing an intercollegiate athlete for such purposes to be a member in good standing of The Florida Bar. The duration of a contract for representation of an intercollegiate athlete or compensation for the use of such athlete's NIL may not extend beyond such athlete's participation in an athletic program at a postsecondary educational institution. An intercollegiate athlete under 18 years of age must have any contract for compensation for the use of her or his NIL approved as provided under Florida law.<sup>40</sup>

The bill additionally requires that a person must hold a valid license as an athlete agent to act as an athlete agent representing an intercollegiate athlete for purposes of contracts related to compensation for the student athlete's NIL. An athlete agent may represent an intercollegiate athlete in securing compensation for the use of such athlete's NIL, notwithstanding athletic conference or collegiate athletic association rules, bylaws, regulations, and policies to the contrary.

The bill establishes responsibilities for postsecondary educational institutions. A postsecondary educational institution may not:

- Adopt or maintain a contract, rule, regulation, standard, or other requirements that prevents or unduly restricts an intercollegiate athlete from earning compensation for the use of her or his NIL. Earning such compensation may not affect the intercollegiate athlete's grant-in-aid or athletic eligibility.
- Compensate a current or prospective intercollegiate athlete for the use of her or his NIL.
- Prevent or unduly restrict an intercollegiate athlete from obtaining professional representation by an athlete agent or attorney engaged for the purpose of securing compensation for the use of her or his NIL.

According to the bill, grant-in-aid awarded to an intercollegiate athlete by a postsecondary educational institution is not compensation as it relates to the student athlete's NIL and may not be revoked or reduced as a result of an intercollegiate athlete earning compensation or obtaining relevant professional representation.

The bill defines:

- "Athletic program" to mean an intercollegiate athletic program at a postsecondary educational institution.
- "Intercollegiate athlete" to mean a student who participates in an athletic program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> See ss. 743.08 and 743.09, F.S.

• "Postsecondary educational institution" to mean a state university, Florida College System institution, or private college or university receiving state financial aid or tuition assistance.

The bill requires the Board of Governors of the State University System and the State Board of Education to adopt relevant regulations and rules.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

#### Commerce Clause

The bill includes regulations governing participation in intercollegiate athletics at postsecondary educational institutions. These requirements may affect interstate commerce. The U.S. Constitution confers authority upon the federal government to regulate commerce among the states.<sup>41</sup> Nondiscriminatory state laws affecting interstate commerce are valid unless the burdens imposed on interstate commerce clearly outweigh the local benefits.<sup>42</sup>

#### Contract Clause

The Florida Constitution includes a prohibition against laws impairing the obligation of contracts.<sup>43</sup> The U.S. Constitution includes a similar provision against the substantial impairment of contracts.<sup>44</sup> The bill may affect the obligations of postsecondary educational institutions to uphold existing contracts prohibiting students participating in intercollegiate athletics from earning compensation through the use of name, image, or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> U.S. Const., Art. 1, s. 8, cl. 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Dep't of Revenue of Ky. v. Davis, 553 U.S. 328, 338–39 (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Art. 1, s. 10, Fla. Const.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> U.S. Const., Art. 1, s. 10.

likeness. Substantial impairments to existing contracts may be acceptable if the degree of the impairment is both "reasonable and necessary to achieve a valid state interest."<sup>45</sup>

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Violations of National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) bylaws may impact the eligibility of student athletes in the state to participate in intercollegiate athletics, and different laws in effect in different states may make it difficult to adopt a uniform approach to supporting student athletes.<sup>46</sup> The pending ruling of the NCAA in January 2021 may place additional pressures on student athletes to attend only institutions in compliance with NCAA rules and bylaws in order to participate in intercollegiate athletics for the 2020-2021 academic year.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill may have a negative, indeterminate fiscal impact on postsecondary educational institutions. The bill may require university boards of trustees and related staff to amend university policies and regulations and draft related documents.<sup>47</sup> Additional athletics staff to provide oversight on student athlete compensation at each institution may also need to be hired.<sup>48</sup>

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 468.453 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill creates section 1006.74 of the Florida Statutes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Nat'l Collegiate Athletic Ass'n v. Roberts, TCA 94-40413-WS, 1994 WL 750585 (N.D. Fla. Nov. 8, 1994) (citing Nat'l Collegiate Athletic Ass'n v. Miller, 795 F. Supp. 1476, 1486 (D. Nev. 1992).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> State University System of Florida, *Agency Bill Analysis for SB 646* (2020), at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> *Id.*, at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Id.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

#### CS by Education on February 10, 2020:

The committee substitute removes sections addressing contracts made by minors to license name, image, and likeness (NIL) while participating in intercollege athletics and compensation for postsecondary student athletes; amends a section to require an athlete agent to hold a valid license and authorize an athlete agent to represent an intercollegiate athlete in securing compensation for use of NIL; and creates a new section to provide intercollegiate athletes equal opportunity to control and profit from the commercial use of NIL, protected from unauthorized appropriation and commercial exploitation of publicity rights, including NIL. Specifically, the amendment:

- Defines the following terms:
  - "Athletic program" to mean an intercollegiate athletic program at a postsecondary educational institution.
  - o "Intercollegiate athlete" to mean a student who participates in an athletic program.
  - "Postsecondary educational institution" to mean a state university, Florida College System institution, or private college or university receiving aid under chapter 1009.
- Establishes compensation and rights for intercollegiate athletes and responsibilities for postsecondary educational institutions as follows:
  - An intercollegiate athlete may earn compensation for the use of such athlete's NIL. Such compensation must be commensurate with the market value of the authorized use of the athlete's NIL, may not be provided in exchange for athletic performance or attendance at a particular institution, and may only be provided by a third party unaffiliated with such athlete's postsecondary educational institution.
  - A postsecondary educational institution may not adopt or maintain a contract, rule, regulation, standard, or other requirements that prevents or unduly restricts an intercollegiate athlete from earning compensation for the use of her or his NIL. Earning such compensation may not affect the intercollegiate athlete's grant-inaid or athletic eligibility.
  - A postsecondary educational institution may not compensate a current or prospective intercollegiate athlete for the use of her or his NIL.
  - A postsecondary educational institution may not prevent or unduly restrict an intercollegiate athlete from obtaining professional representation by an athlete agent or attorney engaged for the purpose of securing compensation for the use of her or his NIL.
  - An athlete agent representing an intercollegiate athlete for the purposes of securing compensation for the use of NIL must be licensed under part IX of chapter 468, and an attorney representing an intercollegiate athlete for such purposes must be a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.
  - Grant-in-aid, including cost of attendance, awarded to an intercollegiate athlete by a postsecondary educational institution is not compensation for such purposes and may not be revoked or reduced as a result of an intercollegiate athlete earning compensation or obtaining relevant professional representation.

- An intercollegiate athlete under 18 years of age must have any contract for compensation for the use of her or his NIL approved under statute.
- An intercollegiate athlete's contract for compensation for the use of NIL may not violate these rights and responsibilities.
- An intercollegiate athlete may not enter into a contract for compensation for the use of NIL if a term of the contract conflicts with a term of the intercollegiate athlete's team contract. A postsecondary educational institution asserting such conflict must disclose each relevant contract term in conflict to the intercollegiate athlete or her or his representative.
- An intercollegiate athlete who enters into a contract for compensation for the use of her or his NIL must disclose the contract to the postsecondary educational institution at which she or he is enrolled, in a manner designated by the institution.
- The duration of a contract for representation of an intercollegiate athlete or compensation for the use of such athlete's NIL may not extend beyond such athlete's participation in an athletic program at a postsecondary educational institution.
- Requires the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education to adopt relevant regulations and rules.
- Specifies that a person must hold a valid license as an athlete agent to act as an athlete agent representing an intercollegiate athlete for purposes of contracts authorized under statute.
- Authorizes an athlete agent to represent an intercollegiate athlete in securing compensation for the use of such athlete's NIL under statute, notwithstanding athletic conference or collegiate athletic association rules, bylaws, regulations, and policies to the contrary.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/10/2020 House

The Committee on Education (Mayfield) recommended the following: Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Section 1006.74 Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>1006.74 Intercollegiate athlete compensation and rights.-</u> <u>The Legislature finds that intercollegiate athletics provide</u> <u>intercollegiate athletes with significant educational</u> opportunities. However, participation in intercollegiate

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12	athletics should not infringe upon an intercollegiate athlete's
13	ability to earn compensation for her or his name, image, or
14	likeness. An intercollegiate athlete must have an equal
15	opportunity to control and profit from the commercial use of her
16	or his name, image, or likeness, and be protected from
17	unauthorized appropriation and commercial exploitation of her or
18	his right to publicity, including her or his name, image, or
19	likeness.
20	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
21	(a) "Athletic program" means an intercollegiate athletic
22	program at a postsecondary educational institution.
23	(b) "Intercollegiate athlete" means a student who
24	participates in an athletic program.
25	(c) "Postsecondary educational institution" means a state
26	university, a Florida College System institution, or a private
27	college or university receiving aid under chapter 1009.
28	(2) INTERCOLLEGIATE ATHLETES' COMPENSATION AND RIGHTS AND
29	POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS RESPONSIBILITIES
30	(a) An intercollegiate athlete at a postsecondary
31	educational institution may earn compensation for the use of her
32	or his name, image, or likeness. Such compensation must be
33	commensurate with the market value the market value of the
34	authorized use of the athlete's name, image, or likeness. To
35	preserve the integrity, quality, character, and amateur nature
36	of intercollegiate athletics and to maintain a clear separation
37	between amateur intercollegiate athletics and professional
38	sports, such compensation may not be provided in exchange for
39	athletic performance or attendance at a particular institution
40	and may only be provided by a third party unaffiliated with the

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41	intercollegiate athlete's postsecondary educational institution.
42	(b) A postsecondary educational institution may not adopt
43	or maintain a contract, rule, regulation, standard, or other
44	requirement that prevents or unduly restricts an intercollegiate
45	athlete from earning compensation for the use of her or his
46	name, image, or likeness. Earning such compensation may not
47	affect the intercollegiate athlete's grant-in-aid or athletic
48	eligibility.
49	(c) A postsecondary educational institution may not
50	compensate a current or prospective intercollegiate athlete for
51	the use of her or his name, image, or likeness.
52	(d) A postsecondary educational institution may not prevent
53	or unduly restrict an intercollegiate athlete from obtaining
54	professional representation by an athlete agent or attorney
55	engaged for the purpose of securing compensation for the use of
56	her or his name, image, or likeness. Pursuant to s. 468.453(8),
57	an athlete agent representing an intercollegiate athlete for
58	purposes of securing compensation for the use of her or his
59	name, image, or likeness, must be licensed under part IX of
60	chapter 468. An attorney representing an intercollegiate athlete
61	for purposes of securing compensation for the use of her or his
62	name, image, or likeness must be a member in good standing of
63	The Florida Bar.
64	(e) A grant-in-aid, including cost of attendance, awarded
65	to an intercollegiate athlete by a postsecondary educational
66	institution is not compensation for the purposes of this
67	subsection, and may not be revoked or reduced as a result of an
68	intercollegiate athlete earning compensation or obtaining
69	professional representation under this subsection.

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70 (f) An intercollegiate athlete under 18 years of age must 71 have any contract for compensation for the use of her or his 72 name, image, or likeness approved under ss. 743.08 and 743.09. 73 (q) An intercollegiate athlete's contract for compensation 74 for the use of her or his name, image, or likeness may not 75 violate this subsection. 76 (h) An intercollegiate athlete may not enter into a 77 contract for compensation for the use of her or his name, image, 78 or likeness if a term of the contract conflicts with a term of 79 the intercollegiate athlete's team contract. A postsecondary 80 educational institution asserting a conflict under this 81 paragraph must disclose each relevant contract term that 82 conflicts with the team contract to the intercollegiate athlete 83 or her or his representative. 84 (i) An intercollegiate athlete who enters into a contract 85 for compensation for the use of her or his name, image, or 86 likeness shall disclose the contract to the postsecondary 87 educational institution at which she or he is enrolled, in a 88 manner designated by the institution. 89 (j) The duration of a contract for representation of an 90 intercollegiate athlete or compensation for the use of an intercollegiate athlete's name, image, or likeness may not 91 92 extend beyond her or his participation in an athletic program at 93 a postsecondary educational institution. 94 (3) REGULATIONS AND RULES. - The Board of Governors and the 95 State Board of Education shall adopt regulations and rules, 96 respectively, to implement this section. 97 Section 2. Subsections (8) and (9) are added to section 468.453, Florida Statutes, to read: 98

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99	468.453 Licensure required; qualifications; license
100	nontransferable; service of process; temporary license; license
101	or application from another state
102	(8) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a person must hold a
103	valid license as an athlete agent to act as an athlete agent
104	representing an intercollegiate athlete for purposes of
105	contracts authorized under s. 1006.74.
106	(9) Notwithstanding athletic conference or collegiate
107	athletic association rules, bylaws, regulations, and policies to
108	the contrary, an athlete agent may represent an intercollegiate
109	athlete in securing compensation for the use of her or his name,
110	image, or likeness under s. 1006.74.
111	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
112	
113	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
114	And the title is amended as follows:
115	Delete everything before the enacting clause
116	and insert:
117	A bill to be entitled
118	An act relating to intercollegiate athlete
119	compensation and rights; creating s. 1006.74, F.S.;
120	providing legislative findings; defining terms;
121	authorizing certain intercollegiate athletes to earn
122	compensation for the use of their names, images, or
123	likenesses; providing requirements for such
124	compensation; prohibiting postsecondary educational
125	institutions from adopting or maintaining contracts,
126	rules, regulations, standards, or other requirements
127	that prevent or unduly restrict intercollegiate



128 athletes from earning specified compensation; 129 providing that certain compensation does not affect certain intercollegiate athlete eligibilities; 130 131 prohibiting a postsecondary educational institution 132 from compensating intercollegiate athletes or 133 prospective intercollegiate athletes for the use of 134 their names, images, or likenesses; prohibiting a 135 postsecondary educational institution from preventing 136 or unduly restricting intercollegiate athletes from 137 obtaining specified representation; requiring athlete 138 agents and attorneys to meet specified requirements; 139 providing that specified aid for intercollegiate 140 athletes is not compensation; prohibiting the 141 revocation or reduction of certain aid as a result of 142 intercollegiate athletes earning certain compensation or obtaining specified representation; providing 143 144 approval requirements for certain contracts for 145 compensation for intercollegiate athletes who are 146 minors; providing contract requirements; prohibiting 147 intercollegiate athletes from entering into contracts 148 for specified compensation that conflict with terms of her or his team contract; providing intercollegiate 149 150 athlete contract disclosure requirements; prohibiting 151 an intercollegiate athlete contract from extending 152 beyond a specified timeframe; requiring the Board of 153 Governors and the State Board of Education to adopt 154 regulations and rules, respectively; amending s. 155 468.453, F.S.; providing requirements for certain 156 athlete agents; providing an effective date.

SB 646

By Senator Mayfield

17-00954-20 2020646 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to postsecondary student athletes; providing a short title; amending s. 743.08, F.S.; 3 providing requirements for contracts made by a minor or his or her parent or guardian relating to the licensing of the minor's name, image, or likeness while participating in intercollegiate athletics; creating s. 1004.098, F.S.; prohibiting a 8 ç postsecondary educational institution from preventing 10 students participating in intercollegiate athletics 11 from earning specified compensation; prohibiting 12 certain organizations from preventing such students 13 from earning specified compensation; prohibiting 14 certain organizations from preventing postsecondary 15 educational institutions from participating in 16 intercollegiate athletics under certain circumstances; 17 prohibiting certain entities from providing 18 compensation to prospective students under certain 19 conditions; prohibiting certain entities from 20 preventing students participating in intercollegiate 21 athletics from obtaining professional representation; 22 providing requirements for such representation; 23 providing that specified scholarships are not 24 considered compensation; prohibiting the revocation of 25 scholarships for specified reasons; prohibiting 26 students participating in intercollegiate athletics 27 from entering into contracts that meet certain 28 criteria; providing student disclosure requirements 29 for certain contracts; providing requirements for such Page 1 of 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

17-00954-20 2020646 30 disclosure; providing postsecondary education 31 institution requirements for conflicts with specified 32 contracts; providing requirements for specified 33 contracts; providing for retroactive application; defining terms; requiring the Board of Governors and 34 35 the State Board of Education to adopt regulations and 36 rules, respectively; providing an effective date. 37 38 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 39 40 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Student Athlete Achievement Act." 41 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 42 43 743.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 44 743.08 Removal of disabilities of minors; artistic or 45 creative services; professional sports contracts; judicial approval.-46 47 (1) A contract made by a minor or made by a parent or 48 quardian of a minor, or a contract proposed to be so made, may 49 be approved by the probate division of the circuit court or any 50 other division of the circuit court that has guardianship jurisdiction, where the minor is a resident of this state or the 51 52 services of the minor are to be performed or rendered in this 53 state, where the contract sought to be approved is one under 54 which: 55 (a) The minor is to perform or render artistic or creative 56 services or license his or her name, image, or likeness while 57 participating in intercollegiate athletics as a student athlete 58 pursuant to s. 1004.098, including, but not limited to, services Page 2 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 646

	17-00954-20 2020646
9	as an actor, actress, dancer, musician, vocalist, model, stunt
0	person, conductor, or other performing artist.
1	Section 3. Section 1004.098, Florida Statutes, is created
2	to read:
3	1004.098 Compensation for postsecondary student athletes
1	(1) (a) A postsecondary educational institution may not
5	uphold any rule, requirement, standard, or other limitation that
6	prevents a student of that institution from participating in
7	intercollegiate athletics from earning compensation as a result
В	of the use of the student's name, image, or likeness. Earning
Э	compensation from the use of a student's name, image, or
0	likeness may not affect the student's scholarship eligibility.
1	(b) An athletic association, conference, or other group or
2	organization with authority over intercollegiate athletics,
3	including, but not limited to, the National Collegiate Athletic
ł	Association (NCAA), may not prevent a student athlete from
5	earning compensation as a result of the use of the student's
5	name, image, or likeness.
7	(c) An athletic association, conference, or other group or
3	organization with authority over intercollegiate athletics,
Э	including, but not limited to, the NCAA, may not prevent a
С	postsecondary educational institution from participating in
L	intercollegiate athletics as a result of the compensation of a
2	student athlete for the use of the student's name, image, or
3	likeness.
	(2) A postsecondary educational institution, athletic
5	association, conference, or other group or organization with
5	authority over intercollegiate athletics may not provide or
7	offer to provide a prospective student who may participate in

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	17-00954-20 2020646
88	intercollegiate athletics with compensation in relation to the
89	student's name, image, or likeness.
90	(3)(a) A postsecondary educational institution, athletic
91	association, conference, or other group or organization with
92	authority over intercollegiate athletics may not prevent a
93	student athlete in this state from obtaining professional
94	representation in relation to contracts or legal matters,
95	including, but not limited to, representation provided by an
96	athlete agent or legal representation provided by an attorney.
97	(b) Professional representation obtained by a student
98	athlete must be from persons licensed by the state.
99	Notwithstanding s. 468.453(3), an athlete agent representing a
100	student athlete for purposes of earning compensation as a result
101	of a third party's use of the student's name, image, or likeness
102	must be licensed under part IX of chapter 468. An attorney
103	representing a student athlete for purposes of earning
104	compensation as a result of a third party's use of the student's
105	name, image, or likeness must be licensed to practice in the
106	state and a member in good standing with The Florida Bar.
107	(c) An athlete agent representing a student athlete shall
108	comply with the federal Sports Agent Responsibility and Trust
109	Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 7801-7807 in his or her relationship with the
110	student.
111	(4) A scholarship from the postsecondary educational
112	institution in which a student is enrolled that meets the cost
113	of attendance is not compensation for purposes of this section,
114	and a scholarship may not be revoked as a result of the student
115	earning compensation or obtaining professional or legal
116	representation under this section.
1	

#### Page 4 of 6

 $\textbf{CODING: Words } \underline{stricken} \text{ are deletions; words } \underline{underlined} \text{ are additions.}$ 

SB 646

	17-00954-20 2020646		17-00954-20 2020646
117	(5) (a)1. A student athlete may not enter into a contract	146	intercollegiate athletics.
118	providing compensation to the student for use of the student's	147	(9) The Board of Governors and the State Board of Education
119	name, image, or likeness if a provision of such contract is in	148	shall adopt regulations and rules, respectively, to administer
120	conflict with a provision of the student's team contract.	149	this section.
121	2. A postsecondary educational institution asserting a	150	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
122	conflict under subparagraph 1. must disclose the relevant		
123	contractual provisions that are in conflict with a provision of		
124	the student's team contract to the student athlete or his or her		
125	representation.		
126	(b) A student athlete who enters into a contract providing		
127	compensation to the student for use of the student's name,		
128	image, or likeness shall disclose the contract to an official of		
129	the postsecondary educational institution in which he or she is		
130	enrolled, to be designated by the institution.		
131	(6) If a student athlete is under the age of 18 years, any		
132	contract he or she enters into under this section must be		
133	approved pursuant to ss. 743.08 and 743.09.		
134	(7) A team contract of a postsecondary educational		
135	institution's athletic program may not prevent a student athlete		
136	from using the student's name, image, or likeness for a		
137	commercial purpose when the student is not engaged in official		
138	team activities. This subsection applies only to contracts		
139	entered into, modified, or renewed on or after January 1, 2020.		
140	(8) For purposes of this section:		
141	(a) The term "postsecondary educational institution" means		
142	a state university, a Florida College System institution, or a		
143	private college or university.		
144	(b) The term "student athlete" means a student enrolled in		
145	a postsecondary educational institution who participates in		
	Page 5 of 6		Page 6 of 6
(	CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.		CODING: Words strickon are deletions; words underlined are additions

	ANCE RECORD
$\frac{210/2020}{\text{Meeting Date}}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Sen	hator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) <u>SB646</u> Bill Number (if applicable)
TOPIC POSTSECON DORY STUDENT	ATHLETICS Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name AMBER HEDQUIST	
Job Title FSU STUDENT	
Address <u>446 Conradi</u> Street	Phone 301 - 968 - 5672
Tallahassee Fl City State	Zip Email ann 18c Cmy. Fru
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing N/R	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🔨 No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature:Yes Ve

THE ELORIDA SENATE

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

AV.

THE FLORIDA SENATE			
APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)			
Meeting Date     Bill Number (if applicable)       Topic     Post Scondary Shout A Mark     Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name Mick Mythews			
Job Title Lubry St			
Address 1 D. Bruck Bluck- Phone 83-7657656			
<u>FFT, Lulule FC</u> <u>33301</u> Email			
Speaking:       Image: Control of the second o			
Representing National College Players Association			
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No			

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

## The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.) Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Education CS/CS/SJR 1216 BILL: Ethics and Elections Committee and Senator Gruters INTRODUCER: Limitation on Terms of Office for Members of a District School Board SUBJECT: February 11, 2020 DATE: **REVISED**: ANALYST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE ACTION 1. Fox EE Fav/CS Roberts 2. Sagues Sikes ED Fav/CS/CS 3. RC

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

#### I. Summary:

CS/CS/SJR 1216 proposes that district school board members be subject to an 8-year consecutive service term limitation. The language mirrors the current "eight is enough" term limit that applies to Cabinet members and legislators. The provision would operate prospectively beginning with the 2020 general election. The likely earliest date that any currently serving school board member could be "termed-out" would be in November 2028.

The joint resolution, if passed by a 3/5ths vote of each House of the Legislature, will be voted on at the general election in November 2020, unless the legislature authorizes an earlier special election for that specific purpose.

#### II. Present Situation:

#### **Term Limits**

The Florida Constitution provides that a person holding any of the following offices may not have his or her name on the ballot for reelection if the person has served, or but for resignation would have served, in an office for eight consecutive years:

- State Senator;
- State Representative;
- Lieutenant Governor;
- Florida Cabinet member;

- U.S. Representative from Florida; or
- U.S. Senator from Florida.<sup>1</sup>

The U.S. Supreme Court has held that state-imposed limits on the terms of *federal* office holders violate the U.S. Constitution, effectively rendering unenforceable Florida's term limits on its congressional members.<sup>2</sup>

The term limits provision was proposed by citizen initiative and passed at the 1992 general election by a greater than 3-to-1 margin (approved by over 76 percent of electors voting on the measure).<sup>3</sup> The amendment applied *prospectively*; service prior to the 1992 election did not count toward the eight-year restriction. Thus, the term limits amendment did not begin to have a direct impact until the 2000 election cycle.

## Florida School Boards

There are currently 358 school board members across the 67 districts in Florida, serving upwards of 2.83 million public school students.<sup>4</sup> There is no provision in the Florida Constitution or Florida Statutes that limits the term of school board members.

Section 4(a) of Article IX of the Florida Constitution provides that:

Each county shall constitute a school district ... In each school district there shall be a school board composed of five or more members chosen by vote of the electors in a nonpartisan election for appropriately staggered terms of four years, as provided by law.

The responsibility of each school district includes operating, controlling, and supervising all free public schools within the school district and determining the rate of school district taxes within the limits of the school district.<sup>5</sup>

## III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The joint resolution provides that a person may not appear on the ballot for reelection to the office of school board member if by the end of his or her current term he or she served, or but for resignation will have served, in that office for 8 consecutive years. The language mirrors the current constitutional limits that apply to Cabinet members and state legislators. The proposed amendment would operate prospectively beginning with the 2020 general election, unless the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Art. VI, s. 4(b), FLA. CONST.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See, U.S. Term Limits, Inc. v. Thornton, 115 S. Ct. 1842 (1995).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Florida Division of Elections website at <u>http://dos.elections.myflorida.com/initiatives/</u> (Year= "1992"; Status = "Passed/Defeated"; Ballot Proposal #9) (last visited Jan. 13, 2020). For more information on the 1992 term-limit constitutional amendment, see <u>http://dos.elections.myflorida.com/initiatives/initdetail.asp?account=1066&seqnum=1</u> (last visited Jan. 13, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Florida School Boards Association, *State of the Association, Vol. 4* at p.1 (2018-19 Annual Report), available at: <u>http://fsba.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/2018-2019-Annual-Report-FINAL.pdf</u> (last visited Jan. 13, 2020). For a list of all Florida school boards and a link to the corresponding school boards website see: <u>http://fsba.org/membership/school-boards/</u> (last visited Jan. 13, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Fla. Const. Art. IX s. 4(b).

Legislature authorizes it to be voted at an earlier special election. Thus, barring a special election on the amendment, the earliest any currently serving school board member could be "termed-out" would be at the 2028 general election.

The joint resolution, if passed by a 3/5ths vote of each House of the Legislature, will be voted on at the general election in November 2020, unless the legislature authorizes an earlier special election for that purpose. The joint resolution would apply upon approval of the voters — at least 60 percent of those voting on the measure.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

## V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Division of Elections is required to advertise the full text of proposed constitutional amendments in English and Spanish twice in a newspaper of general circulation in each county before the election in which the amendment shall be submitted to the electors. The Division is also required to provide each Supervisor of Elections with either booklets or posters displaying the full text of proposed amendments.

The Division has not completed an agency bill analysis for this bill or for the identical House Bill. Using the Division's 2018 general election estimate of \$120.31 per word, this 318-word amendment should cost just over \$38,250.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This joint resolution substantially amends Articles IX and XII of the Florida Constitution.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Education on February 10, 2020: The committee substitute makes a technical correction.

#### CS by Ethics and Elections on February 3, 2020:

The CS reduces the term-limit provisions for school board members from 12 to 8 consecutive years.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House

Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. CS for SJR 1216

116

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 02/10/2020 . .

Senate Amendment Delete lines 31 - 35 and insert: <u>(c) A person may not appear on the ballot for reelection to</u> <u>the office of school board member if, by the end of his or her</u> current term of office, the person will have served, or but for

The Committee on Education (Gruters) recommended the following:

resignation would have served, in that office for eight

9 <u>consecutive years.</u>

10

1 2 3

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7

8

CS for SJR 1216

CS for SJR 1216

By the Committee on Ethics and Elections; and Senator Gruters

	582-03038-20 20201216c1		
1	Senate Joint Resolution		
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 4		
3	of Article IX and the creation of a new section in		
4	Article XII of the State Constitution to limit the		
5	terms of office for a member of a district school		
6	board.		
7			
8	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:		
9			
10	That the following amendment to Section 4 of Article IX and		
11	the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State		
12	Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the		
13	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next		
14	general election or at an earlier special election specifically		
15	authorized by law for that purpose:		
16	ARTICLE IX		
17	EDUCATION		
18	SECTION 4. School districts; school boards		
19	(a) Each county shall constitute a school district;		
20	provided, two or more contiguous counties, upon vote of the		
21	electors of each county pursuant to law, may be combined into		
22	one school district. In each school district there shall be a		
23	school board composed of five or more members chosen by vote of		
24	the electors in a nonpartisan election for appropriately		
25	staggered terms of four years, as provided by law.		
26	(b) The school board shall operate, control and supervise		
27	all free public schools within the school district and determine		
28	the rate of school district taxes within the limits prescribed		
29	herein. Two or more school districts may operate and finance		
Page 1 of 2			
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	582-03038-20 20201216c1
30	joint educational programs.
31	(c) A person may not appear on the ballot for reelection to the
32	office of school board member if, by the end of his or her
33	current term of office, the person will have served, or but for
4	resignation would have served, in that office for eight
5	consecutive years.
6	ARTICLE XII
7	SCHEDULE
88	Limitation on terms of office for members of a district
39	school boardThis section and the amendment to Section 4 of
10	Article IX imposing limits on the terms of office for members of
1	a district school board shall take effect on the date they are
2	approved by the electorate, but no service in a term of office
3	that commenced before November 3, 2020, will be counted toward
4	the limitation imposed by this amendment.
15	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
6	placed on the ballot:
17	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
8	ARTICLE IX, SECTION 4
9	ARTICLE XII
0	LIMITATION ON TERMS OF OFFICE FOR MEMBERS OF A DISTRICT
1	SCHOOL BOARDProposing an amendment to the State Constitution
2	to limit terms for school board members by prohibiting incumbent
3	members who have held the office for the preceding eight years
4	from appearing on a ballot for reelection to that office and to
5	specify that the amendment applies only to terms of office
6	beginning on or after November 3, 2020.
7	
	Page 2 of 2

Page 2 of 2 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE					
APPEARANCE RECORD					
2 - 10 - 20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or	Senate Professional Staf	f conducting the meeting)			
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)			
Topic _ School Board Termy I	inte	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name Barbara Devare					
Job Title <u>MS</u>					
Address 625 E. Brend St		Phone 251-4280			
Tallahance PC		Email barbunderare 10			
City State	Zip	Yahn			
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Spe (The Chair	eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)			
Representing					
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist register	ed with Legislature: Ves No			
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time i meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks					

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	



While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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THE FLORIDA SENATE				
APPEARANCE RECORD				
$\frac{2 - 1 \circ 2 \circ}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting) $\frac{CS/S5R}{Bill Number (if applicable)}$		
Topic Term Limits on School Board M.	lem (er.)	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Dr Danny Glover				
Job Title <u>Superintendent</u>				
Address <u>318</u> N Clark St		Phone 850 838 2500		
Perry Fl City State	32347 Zip	Email Janny, glovers toylor, 412. fl.		
Speaking: For Against Information		eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)		
Representing Taylor County	School			
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes Yo		

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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S-001 (10/14/14)
THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECORD	
$\frac{2}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the n	neeting) <i>I2l6</i> Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Term Limits on School Board Members -	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name_Jodi Tillman	
Job Title CTE Director	
	0-838-2545
Street Jan 32348 Email 100	tillman etaylor.
City State Zip K	12.91.05
	In Support Against information into the record.)
Representing Taylor County School District	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Le	gislature: 🔄 Yes 📝 No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECORD	
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the measure $02 - 10 - 2620$ Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Limitation on Terms of Office for School Ar Board	mendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name HMY Datz Member	6
Job Title Environmental Activist 85	0
Address Phone Phone	, 9
Street <u>Tallahassee</u> FC <u>City</u> <u>State</u> Zip <u>City</u> <u>State</u> Zip	e date @ a C. com
Speaking:      For      Against      Information      Waive Speaking:      Information        (The Chair will read this integration      (The Chair will read this integration)	formation into the record.)
Representing Environmental Cancus of Florid	9
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legi	

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECORD	
$\frac{FW}{10420}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date $\frac{SB}{Bill Number}$ (if application)	
	DICJ
Topic <u>School Board lerm Limits</u> Amendment Barcode (if applice	able)
Name Roxanne Stasuik	
Job Title	
Address 33 Allison Ave. Phone 407-715-1859	
Davenport I. <u>33897</u> Email	<u></u>
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against ( <i>The Chair will read this information into the record.</i> )	
Representing Self	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Vi	No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at th meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.	nis
This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/1	4/14)

The Florida Senate	
APPEARANCE RECO	RD
2 - 10 - 20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St	aff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic School Board Term Limits	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Omar Karim	
Job Title La Res	
Address 3037 Barry More Ct	Phone
Orlando Fl 32835	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking:	peaking: In Support X Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Myseif	
	ered with Legislature: Yes XNo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)
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THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECO	RD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S Meeting Date	$\frac{SB 1216}{Bill Number (if applicable)}$
Topic School Board Term limets	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name KEith Markey	
Job Title	
Address 285 Weathervane Way	Phone
Street FL. 34761	Email
	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>My Self</u>	
	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)
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THE FLORIDA S	SENATE
APPEARANCE	RECORD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sena	SB 1216
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>School Board Term Limits</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Theo F PARSONS	
Job Title	
Address 221 Maplecrest Cir	Phone <u>56/-346-524/</u>
	3458 Email Ted @ cybercoast. com
City State Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing $Self$	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🛛 No Lob	byist registered with Legislature: Yes 🏹 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so	not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)
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The Florida Senate	
Contract Con	
Topic <u>School Board Term Limits</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name KAVIN DALY	
Job Title <u>Teacher</u>	
Address 13422 Heald Cn #9	Phone 239 822 3362
FINT MYON FC 33907 City State Zip	Phone 239 822 3362 Email Kltdaly @ g Mail.com
Speaking For Against Information Waive S	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Myself	
	ered with Legislature: Yes KNo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate	
APPEARANCE RECOR	RD
0.110.20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting) SB1216
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic SCHOOL BOARTERMLIMITE	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Lanette Edwards	
Job Title	
Address <u>362 Piccolo Way</u>	Phone 407-929-6603
Daughport FL 33896 City State Zip	Email
Speaking:      For      Against      Information      Waive Sp (The Chair	eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>SELF</u>	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all preeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many p	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

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THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE REC	ORD ,
2/10/20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession	al Staff conducting the meeting) $1216$
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic School Board Term Simil	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ida V. ESKamani	
Job Title Public Policy	A
Address 126 N Mills Ave	Phone
$\frac{O}{City} \qquad \qquad$	Email Ida- eskaman i Rymul
Speaking: For Against Information Waive	Speaking: In Support Against hair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Organize Florida	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist reg	istered with Legislature: Yes 🗌 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as ma	

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

2		THE FLOR	RIDA SENATE			
	AP	PEARAN	CE RECO	RD		
Z ( ( Č Z O Z C Meeting Date	(Deliver BOTH copies of this	form to the Senator	or Senate Professional St	aff conducting the m	_	SB12(6 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u><i>Term</i></u>	Limits			<i>F</i>	Amendm	ent Barcode (if applicable)
Name	sh Neely					
Job Title	sultant.					
Address <u>206</u> Street	24 Shang	vilal	ane	Phone	50	322 3317
1 G	<u>114</u> 4		32303	Email		
<i>City</i> Speaking: For <i>"</i>	Against 🗌 Info	<i>State</i> rmation	Zip Waive Sp (The Chai		In Supp nformati	oort Against
Representing	League	ofU	1 monde	loter	S	
Appearing at reques	st of Chair: 🔄 Yes [	No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Leg	gislatur	e: Yes X No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE
APPEARANCE RECORD
2 - 10 - 20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) $12/6$
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic School Board Term Livert3 Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Chris Doolin
Job Title Consultant
Address 1118-B ThomasVILLE Rd. Phone 850-508-5492
Street Tallahasse Fla 32303 Email a Goolin @nettally.
City State Zip
Speaking:      For      Against      Information      Waive Speaking:      In Support      Against        (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing SMALL SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNCIL CONSOLTING
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLO	RIDA SENATE		
$\frac{2 \int \mathcal{O} \int \mathcal{O}}{\mathcal{M}eeting \ Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator			e meeting) <u></u> ろ」んし Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Term Limits Name Dr. Rich Templih		_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <i>Dr. Rich Rich</i> Job Title		_	
Address 135 S. Monroe Street		Phone	850-224-6526
Tallahassee PL City State	3230£ Zip	_ Email	
Speaking: For X Against Information		· · ·	In Support Against Against is information into the record.)
Representing <u>Florida AFL-CIO</u>			
Appearing at request of Chair: 🔄 Yes 🔀 No	Lobbyist regis	stered with L	.egislature: 🔀 Yes 🗌 No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

## The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepa	ared By: Th	e Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Educat	tion	
BILL:	CS/SB 1628	3					
INTRODUCER:	Senators Book, Hooper, and Rader						
SUBJECT:	Holocaust Education						
DATE:	February 11	, 2020	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Dew		Sikes		ED	Fav/CS		
2				AED			
3.				AP			
5				AP			

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

#### I. Summary:

CS/SB 1628 expands the required instruction associated with the history of the Holocaust and authorizes the Department of Education (DOE) to work with the Florida Holocaust Museum and other Holocaust educational organizations to develop relevant curricula, training, and resources. Specifically, the bill:

- Adds the policy against anti-Semitism to the required instruction on the history of the Holocaust.
- Requires each school district and charter school to annually certify and provide evidence to the DOE that instructional requirements on the history of the Holocaust are met.
- Requires the DOE to prepare and offer curriculum standards for instruction on the history of the Holocaust.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

#### II. Present Situation:

#### **Required Instruction in Florida**

Florida law specifies required standards and instruction for public school students. Instructional staff of public schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school

board, are required by law to teach prescribed courses of study, including the following historical subject matter:<sup>1</sup>

- The history and content of the Declaration of Independence, including national sovereignty, natural law, self-evident truth, equality of all persons, limited government, popular sovereignty, and inalienable rights of life, liberty, and property, and how they form the philosophical foundation of our government.
- The history of the United States, including the period of discovery, early colonies, the War for Independence, the Civil War, the expansion of the United States to its present boundaries, the world wars, and the civil rights movement to the present.
- The history of the Holocaust (1933-1945), the systematic, planned annihilation of European Jews and other groups by Nazi Germany, a watershed event in the history of humanity, to be taught in a manner that leads to an investigation of human behavior, an understanding of the ramifications of prejudice, racism, and stereotyping, and an examination of what it means to be a responsible and respectful person, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance of diversity in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting democratic values and institutions.
- The history of African Americans, including the history of African peoples before the political conflicts that led to the development of slavery, the passage to America, the enslavement experience, abolition, and the contributions of African Americans to society.

# The History of the Holocaust

The history of the Holocaust was amended to Florida law as required instruction in 1994.<sup>2</sup> Florida school districts must report to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner), annually by July 1, details on the specific courses delivered for each grade level, as well as the materials and resources used to deliver instruction for all required instruction, including the history of the Holocaust.<sup>3</sup>

The social studies standards for grades 9-12 World History<sup>4</sup> and American History<sup>5</sup> include standards on teaching the Holocaust. These standards require students to be able to:

- Explain the causes, events, and effects of the Holocaust (1933-1945) including its roots in the long tradition of anti-Semitism, nineteenth century ideas about race and nation, and Nazi dehumanization of the Jews and other victims.<sup>6</sup>
- Analyze the impact of the Holocaust during World War II on Jews as well as other groups.<sup>7</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 1003.42(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Commission of Education's Task Force on Holocaust Education*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/holocausteducation</u> (last visited Jan. 29, 2020). *See* s. 1003.42(2)(g), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> CPALMS, Standards, Social Studies, World History, *SS.912.W.7.8, available at* https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3497 (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> CPALMS, Standards, Social Studies, American History, SS.912.A.6.7, available at

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3371</u> (last visited Jan. 30, 2020); CPALMS, Standards, Social Studies, American History, *SS.912.A.6.3, available at* <u>https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3367</u> (last visited Jan. 30, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> CPALMS, *supra* note 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Another related standard requires students to be able to describe the attempts to promote international justice through the Nuremberg Trials. CPALMS, *supra* note 5.

#### Commissioner's Task Force on Holocaust Education

The commissioner created the Commissioner's Task Force on Holocaust Education (task force) in 1994 with the core mission of promoting Holocaust education in Florida. The task force serves as an advisory group to the commissioner and coordinates Holocaust education activities in Florida school districts throughout the state on the commissioner's behalf.<sup>8</sup>

The task force continues to pursue efforts to help teachers, school administrators, and other educators identify effective instructional strategies and materials for integrating Holocaust education in classrooms kindergarten through grade 12.<sup>9</sup>

#### **Discrimination Policy**

The Florida Educational Equity Act prohibits discrimination against students and employees in the Florida K-20 public education system on the basis of criteria including race, ethnicity, national origin, and religion.<sup>10</sup> Public K-20 educational institutions in Florida are required by law to treat discrimination by students or employees or resulting from institutional policies motivated by anti-Semitic<sup>11</sup> intent in an identical manner to discrimination motivated by race.<sup>12</sup>

Examples of anti-Semitism include:<sup>13</sup>

- Calling for, aiding, or justifying the killing or harming of Jews, often in the name of a radical ideology or an extremist view of religion.
- Making mendacious, dehumanizing, demonizing, or stereotypical allegations about Jews as such or the power of Jews as a collective, especially, but not exclusively, the myth about a world Jewish conspiracy or of Jews controlling the media, economy, government or other societal institutions.
- Accusing Jews as a people of being responsible for real or imagined wrongdoing committed by a single Jewish person or group, the State of Israel, or even for acts committed by non-Jews.
- Accusing Jews as a people or the State of Israel of inventing or exaggerating the Holocaust.
- Accusing Jewish citizens of being more loyal to Israel, or the alleged priorities of Jews worldwide, than to the interest of their own nations.

Examples of anti-Semitism related to Israel include:<sup>14</sup>

• Demonizing Israel by using the symbols and images associated with classic anti-Semitism to characterize Israel or Israelis, drawing comparisons of contemporary Israeli policy to that of the Nazis, or blaming Israel for all inter-religious or political tensions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Florida Department of Education, *supra* note 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 1000.05(1)-(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> "Anti-Semitism" is defined as including a certain perception of the Jewish people, which may be expressed as hatred toward Jewish people, rhetorical and physical manifestation of anti-Semitism directed toward a person, his or her property, or toward Jewish community institutions or religious facilities. Section 1000.05(7), F.S. <sup>12</sup> *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Section 1000.05(7)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 1000.05(7)(b), F.S.

- Applying a double standard to Israel by requiring behavior of Israel that is not expected or demanded of any other democratic nation or focusing peace or human rights investigations only on Israel.
- Delegitimizing Israel by denying the Jewish people their right to self-determination and denying Israel the right to exist.

### Florida Holocaust Museum

The Florida Holocaust Museum (FHM) is dedicated to honoring the memory of millions who suffered or died in the Holocaust and teaching members of all races and cultures to recognize the inherent worth and dignity of human life in order to prevent future genocides.<sup>15</sup> Funding for the FHM is derived from state grants and private donors. The FHM displays permanent and temporary exhibitions depicting events in the lives of Jews in Nazi-occupied Europe,<sup>16</sup> along with exhibits highlighting other persecuted groups. In 2018, the FHM brought in \$3.54 million in revenue, including approximately \$1 million from contributions and special events.<sup>17</sup>

During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, FHM's programs and exhibitions impacted approximately 218,000 people,<sup>18</sup> including:<sup>19</sup>

- Over 122,301 people through off-site observation of FHM exhibitions;
- 3,596 visitors to FHM's permanent and temporary exhibitions;
- 75,334 students participating in FHM programs; and
- 1,460 teachers.

The FHM also provides free curriculum for public, private, and parochial schools, and programs for educators, including Teaching Trunks<sup>20</sup> and a Summer Institute.<sup>21</sup>

FHM educational programs served 637 schools in 36 counties in Florida during the 2018-2019 school year.<sup>22</sup>

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill expands the required instruction associated with the history of the Holocaust and authorizes the Department of Education (DOE) to work with the Florida Holocaust Museum and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See also The Florida Holocaust Museum, *Mission*, <u>https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/mission/</u> (last visited Jan. 23, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *The Florida Holocaust Museum History*, <u>https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/about/fhm-history/</u> (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *Legacy Newsletter & Annual Report* (Spring 2019), *available at* <u>https://issuu.com/pratthefhm/docs/spring\_2019\_newsletter\_template\_alt</u>, at 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, About The Florida Holocaust Museum (2019), Handout, at 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, The Florida Holocaust Museum Return on Investment Final Report (2019), at 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Teaching Trunks, available free of charge and selected to be appropriate for students at each grade level, are designed to accommodate the needs of one class or a team of teachers. Materials include videos, read-aloud selections, CD-Roms, picture books, student and teacher reference and resource materials, and poster sets. *See* The Florida Holocaust Museum, *Teaching Trunks*, <u>https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/learn/teaching-trunks/</u> (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *Teacher Training*, <u>https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/learn/teacher-training/</u> (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *supra* note 19, at 1.

other Holocaust educational organizations to develop relevant curricula, training, and resources. Specifically, the bill:

- Adds the policy against anti-Semitism to the required instruction on the history of the Holocaust.
- Requires each school district and charter school to annually certify and provide evidence to the DOE that instructional requirements on the history of the Holocaust are met.
- Requires the DOE to prepare and offer curriculum standards for instruction on the history of the Holocaust.

The requirements of the bill may assist school districts in providing required instruction on the history of the Holocaust and improve the quality of such instruction statewide.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

## V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1003.42 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

#### CS by Education on February 10, 2020:

The committee substitute amends the required instruction associated with the history of the Holocaust to:

- Include the policy against anti-Semitism described in s. 1000.05(7).
- Require each school district and charter school to annually certify and provide evidence to the Department of Education (DOE), in a manner prescribed by the DOE, that the requirements of instruction on the history of the Holocaust are met.
- Require the DOE to prepare and offer curriculum standards for instruction on the history of the Holocaust.
- Authorize the DOE to work with state or nationally recognized Holocaust educational organizations in addition to the Florida Holocaust Museum to develop:
  - Grade-appropriate curricula;
  - Training for instructional personnel; and
  - Classroom resources for required instruction on the history of the Holocaust.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/10/2020 House

- •
- •

The Committee on Education (Book) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.42 Required instruction.-

(2) Members of the instructional staff of the public schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school board, shall teach efficiently and faithfully, using the books and materials required that meet the

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Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. SB 1628



12 highest standards for professionalism and historical accuracy, 13 following the prescribed courses of study, and employing 14 approved methods of instruction, the following:

15 (g) The history of the Holocaust (1933-1945), the systematic, planned annihilation of European Jews and other 16 17 groups by Nazi Germany, a watershed event in the history of humanity, to be taught in a manner that leads to an 18 investigation of human behavior, an understanding of the 19 ramifications of prejudice, racism, and stereotyping, and an 20 21 examination of what it means to be a responsible and respectful 22 person, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance of diversity 23 in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting 24 democratic values and institutions, including the policy against 25 anti-Semitism, as described in s. 1000.05(7). Each school 26 district and charter school must annually certify and provide 27 evidence to the department, in a manner prescribed by the 28 department, that the requirements of this paragraph are met. The 29 department shall prepare and offer curriculum standards for the 30 instruction required by this paragraph and may work with the Florida Holocaust Museum and other state or nationally 31 32 recognized Holocaust educational organizations to develop gradeappropriate curricula, training for instructional personnel, and 33 34 classroom resources for the instruction required by this 35 paragraph.

36

37 The State Board of Education is encouraged to adopt standards 38 and pursue assessment of the requirements of this subsection. A 39 character development program that incorporates the values of 40 the recipients of the Congressional Medal of Honor and that is

581-02996-20

Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. SB 1628

722274

41	offered as part of a social studies, English Language Arts, or
42	other schoolwide character building and veteran awareness
43	initiative meets the requirements of paragraphs (s) and (t).
44	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
45	
46	======================================
47	And the title is amended as follows:
48	Delete everything before the enacting clause
49	and insert:
50	A bill to be entitled
51	An act relating to Holocaust education; amending s.
52	1003.42, F.S.; including the study of a specified
53	policy against anti-Semitism in specified instruction;
54	providing school district, charter school, and
55	Department of Education requirements relating to such
56	instruction; authorizing the department to work with
57	certain Holocaust educational organizations for
58	specified purposes relating to the required
59	instruction; providing an effective date.

Page 3 of 3

SB 1628

By Senator Book

32-01274-20 20201628 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to Holocaust education; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Education 3 to contract with the Florida Holocaust Museum for specified purposes relating to required instruction; providing an effective date. 8 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: ç 10 Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 11 1003.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 1003.42 Required instruction.-(2) Members of the instructional staff of the public 13 14 schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education 15 and the district school board, shall teach efficiently and 16 faithfully, using the books and materials required that meet the highest standards for professionalism and historical accuracy, 17 18 following the prescribed courses of study, and employing 19 approved methods of instruction, the following: 20 (g) The history of the Holocaust (1933-1945), the 21 systematic, planned annihilation of European Jews and other 22 groups by Nazi Germany, a watershed event in the history of 23 humanity, to be taught in a manner that leads to an 24 investigation of human behavior, an understanding of the 25 ramifications of prejudice, racism, and stereotyping, and an 26 examination of what it means to be a responsible and respectful 27 person, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance of diversity 28 in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting democratic values and institutions. The department may contract 29 Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	32-01274-20 20201628
30	with the Florida Holocaust Museum to develop instructional
31	materials for the instruction required by this paragraph.
32	
33	The State Board of Education is encouraged to adopt standards
34	and pursue assessment of the requirements of this subsection. A
35	character development program that incorporates the values of
36	the recipients of the Congressional Medal of Honor and that is
37	offered as part of a social studies, English Language Arts, or
38	other schoolwide character building and veteran awareness
39	initiative meets the requirements of paragraphs (s) and (t).
40	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.

Page 2 of 2 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

# THE RIDA FLORIDA HOLOCAUST MUSEUM

During 2018-19:



# The Florida Holocaust Museum Return on Investment Final Report

**Exhibitions & Programs:** 

**43,596** people visited the Museum to see its permanent exhibition about the Holocaust as well as the temporary exhibitions "Operation Finale: The Capture and Trial of Adolf Eichmann," "Bill Graham and the Rock & Roll Revolution," "The Last Goodbye" virtual reality experience, "Letters to Sala: A Young Woman's Life in Nazi Labor Camps," "Stories of Survival: The FHM Remembers," "The Sam & Inge Lewkowitz Collection," and "Works by Samuel Bak."

Student tours: 253

More than **122,301 people** saw exhibitions from The Florida Holocaust Museum outside the Museum, **116,154 in Florida institutions**. The Museum's traveling exhibition Beaches, Benches and Boycotts: The Civil Rights Movement in Tampa Bay continues to be on loan to Pinellas County Schools and is being showing in multiple high schools. Over 1900 students and 200 teachers had seen the exhibition by April. On April 16, the exhibit moved to Tropicana Field to commemorate Jackie Robinson Day. 108,854 visitors saw the exhibit and Tampa Bay Rays management held a Lunch n Learn for their staff to delve more deeply into the exhibit. The Museum's traveling exhibitions, *Jehovah's Witnesses: Faith Under Fire* and *Rwanda: Personal Images, Drawings by Vivian Bower* were exhibited at the Holocaust Memorial Center in Farmington Hills, Michigan, reaching 6147 visitors. The Museum's traveling exhibition "Janus Korczak: Illustrations by Bill Farnsworth" was exhibited at the Holocaust Memorial Resource and Education Center of Florida in Maitland, reaching 5200 visitors and The Museum's traveling exhibition "*Resistance and Rescue*" was on view at the Hearst Center for the Arts in Cedar Falls, Iowa (attendance not reported)

Total People Served: 218,373

Students participating in all programs: 75,334

Teachers in all programs: 1460



Public programs highlights include:

• On August 9, The Florida Holocaust Museum hosted free advance screenings for "Operation Finale" at Hillsborough and Pinellas theatres. Executive Director Elizabeth Gelman spoke at the Tampa site. Urszula Szczepinska prepared an educational handout with information about Adolf Eichmann that was used in theatres throughout the United States.



# Museum function Holocaust The Museum

One of the largest Holocaust museums in the country, The Florida Holocaust Museum (The FHM) is the result of 5t. Petersburg businessman and philanthropist Walter P. Loebenberg's remarkable journey and vision. Loebenberg escaped Nazi Germany in 1939 and served in the United States Army during World War II. Together with a group of local businesspeople, community leaders, and internationally renowned Holocaust scholars such as Thomas Keneally, author of Schindler's List, and Elie Wiesel who served as Holocaust scholars such as Thomas Keneally, author of Schindler's List, and Elie Wiesel who served as Honorary Chair, the concept of a living memorial to those who suffered and perished was conceived to ensure that such atrocities could never again happen to any group of people.

In 1992, The FHM opened its doors in a small space which it soon outgrew, moving into its current home in the heart downtown 5t Petersburg in 1998. The FHM continues to grow, in its impact and its objects. During 2018-19, over 218,000 people were impacted through The FHM's programs and exhibitions. Our collections now include over 18,000 original objects, artifacts and objects and more than 300 testimonies from Holocaust Survivors and Liberators. The FHM has recently purchased an additional building in northern Pinellas County to care for these important artifacts, with the goal of opening its new Collections, the next 5 years.

## 2018-19 Numbers of People Impacted through the educational programs of The FHM Students Served: **75,334 in 36 Florida counties** Teachers Served 1460



THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECO	ORD
Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professiona Meeting Date	I Staff conducting the meeting) <i>I G Z S</i> <i>Bill Number (if applicable)</i>
Topic Holocaust firstructin/SB	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Elizabeth Gelmon	
Job Title Eyec. Director	
Address <u>55554454.5</u>	Phone 757 820-0180
Street 54. Petersburg FL 337 City State Zip	Email
	Speaking: In Support Against
Representing FL Holocaust Muse	ap
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida	Senate		
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sen			1628
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>513</u> 1628		Amen	dment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Mark Anderson			
Job Title Lobby: 5t			
Address 110 5 Monree St	Ph	one <u>813</u> -	705-0658
Tallahassee Pi	32301 Em	nail Maked	consiltanderson, com
City State	Zip	<b></b>	[]
Speaking: Against Information	Waive Speak (The Chair will		upport Against
Representing The Florida Holocaust Museu	jm		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lot	obyist registered	with Legislat	ure: XYes No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE	
<b>APPEARANCE RECO</b> O2-10-202 O2-10-202	taff conducting the meeting) <u>SB1628</u>
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Holocaust Education	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Amy Datz	
Job Title Environmental Scientist	(850)
Address	Phone 322-759
Street Tallahassee	Email Mac. com
City State Zip	
Speaking: For Against Information Waive S	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Environmental Caucus of	Florida.
	ered with Legislature: Yes No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

	Pre	pared By: Tl	ne Professional	Staff of the Commit	ttee on Education	วท
BILL:	CS/SB 17:	50				
INTRODUCER:	Education	Committe	e and Senator	Montford		
SUBJECT:	High School Graduation Requirements					
DATE:	February 1	1, 2020	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Bouck		Sikes		ED	Fav/CS	
2.				AED		
3.				AP		

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

#### I. Summary:

CS/SB 1750 modifies the requirement that a student complete one credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or an identified practical arts course as a part of the 24 credits required to earn a standard high school diploma. The bill replaces the option to complete one credit in practical arts with the option to complete one credit in career and technical education identified in the Course Code Directory.

The bill has no impact on state revenue or expenditures.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

#### II. Present Situation:

#### High School Graduation Requirements

Florida students entering grade nine may choose from one of five options to earn a standard diploma. They are the:

- Twenty-four credit program.<sup>1</sup>
- Eighteen credit, Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning (ACCEL) option.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 1003.4282(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 1002.3105, F.S.

- Career and Technical Education (CTE) Pathway.<sup>3</sup>
- International Baccalaureate (IB) curriculum.<sup>4</sup>
- Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) curriculum.<sup>5</sup>

Students who earn a standard high school diploma under the 24-credit and ACCEL options must earn one credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts. There are currently 343 secondary and postsecondary career and technical education courses that have been approved to meet the practical arts high school graduation requirement for the 2019-2020 school year.<sup>6</sup>

## 24-Credit Requirement to Earn a Standard High School Diploma

To graduate from high school with a standard high school diploma under the 24-credit option, a student must complete:<sup>7</sup>

- Four credits in English Language Arts (ELA) I, II, III, and IV.
- Four credits in mathematics, including one each in Algebra I and Geometry. Industry certifications earned by students may substitute for up to two mathematics credits, except for Algebra I and Geometry.
- Three credits in science, including one credit in Biology I and two credits in equally rigorous courses.<sup>8</sup> Industry certifications earned by students may substitute for one science credit, except for Biology I.
- Three credits in social studies, including one credit in United States History, one credit in World History, one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in United States Government.
- One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts. The practical arts course must incorporate artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses are identified in the Course Code Directory (CCD).<sup>9</sup>
- One credit in physical education, which must include the integration of health.
- Eight credits in electives.

<sup>5</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 1003.4282(11), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 1003.4282(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Career and Technical Education (CTE) Courses that Meet the Practical Arts High School Graduation Requirement*, 2019-2020, available at <a href="http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7746/urlt/1920PACourses.pdf">http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7746/urlt/1920PACourses.pdf</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 1003.4282(3), F.S. In addition, a student who earns credit upon completion of an apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program registered with the Department of Education may use such credit to satisfy the practical arts high school graduation credit requirement. The SBE must approve and identify in the Course Code Directory the apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that may be used. Section 1003.4282(8)(a)3., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Two of the three required science credits must have a laboratory component. Section 1003.4282(3)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 1003.4282(3)(e), F.S. The Course Code Directory (CCD) lists all public preK-12 and postsecondary career and technical education courses available for use by school districts. Programs and courses funded through the Florida Education Finance Program and courses or programs for which students may earn credit toward high school graduation must be listed in the CCD. The CCD maintains course listings for administration and service assignments, K-12 education, exceptional student education, career and technical education, and adult education. Rule 6A-1.09441, F.A.C.

# 18-Credit Requirement to Earn a Standard High School Diploma

Students may also earn a standard high school diploma after completing a specified 18 credits under the ACCEL option, which provides an academically challenging curriculum or accelerated instruction to eligible public school students in kindergarten through grade 12.<sup>10</sup>

Under the ACCEL option, students must meet most of the credit requirements under the 24credit option, but are required to complete fewer elective credits (i.e., 3 credits in electives instead of the required 8 credits under the 24-credit standard high school diploma pathway) and are not required to earn one credit in physical education.<sup>11</sup>

## **Career and Technical Education**

Career and technical education means organized educational activities that:<sup>12</sup>

- Offer a sequence of courses that provide:
  - Individuals with rigorous academic content and relevant technical knowledge and skills needed to prepare for further education and careers in current or emerging professions; and at the secondary level are aligned with state academic standards.
  - Technical skill proficiency or a recognized postsecondary credential, which may include an industry-recognized credential, a certificate, or an associate degree.
- Include competency-based, work-based, or other applied learning that supports the development of academic knowledge, higher-order reasoning and problem-solving skills, work attitudes, employability skills, technical skills, and occupation-specific skills, and knowledge of all aspects of an industry, including entrepreneurship.
- To the extent practicable, coordinates between secondary and postsecondary education programs through programs of study, articulation agreements, early college high school programs, or dual or concurrent enrollment program opportunities.
- May include career exploration at the high school level or as early as the middle grades.

The CTE section of the CCD lists secondary and postsecondary courses in the 17 career clusters<sup>13</sup> as well as courses that provide internship, on-the-job training, employability skills, and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 1002.3105(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 1002.3105(5), F.S. An adult student in an adult general education program specified in s. 1004.93, F.S., must be awarded a standard high school diploma if the student meets the specified requirements for the 24-credit pathway or the ACCEL option, except that: (1) one elective credit may be substituted for the one credit requirement in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts; (2) the requirement that two of the science credits include a laboratory component may be waived by the district school board; and (3) the one credit in physical education may be substituted with an elective credit. Section 1003.4282(6)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> 20 U.S.C. 2302(3), Public Law 115-224, *Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act*, as amended through Public Law 116–6 (Feb. 15, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> CTE programs are aligned to a career cluster and detailed in curriculum frameworks. The 17 career clusters are: Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources; Architecture & Construction; Arts, A/V Technology & Communication; Business, Management & Administration; Education & Training; Energy; Engineering & Technology Education; Finance; Government & Public Administration; Health Science; Hospitality & Tourism; Human Services; Information Technology; Law, Public Safety & Security; Manufacturing; Marketing, Sales & Service; and Transportation, Distribution & Logistics. Florida Department of Education, 2019-20 CTE Curriculum Frameworks, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/careertech-edu/curriculum-frameworks/2019-20-frameworks</u> (last visited Jan. 4, 2020).

preapprenticeship opportunities.<sup>14</sup> Participation in career education courses engages students in their high school education, increases academic achievement, enhances employability, and increases postsecondary success.<sup>15</sup>

Florida law<sup>16</sup> requires the Department of Education to develop, for approval by the State Board of Education (SBE), career education courses or a series of courses that satisfy general high school credit requirements. Students taking these courses can earn credit in both the career education course and the course required for a standard high school diploma.<sup>17</sup> The SBE has approved career education courses that satisfy credit requirements for practical arts, economics, and science.<sup>18</sup>

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill modifies s. 1003.4282, F.S., which currently requires that a student complete one credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or an identified practical arts course as a part of the 24 credits required to earn a standard high school diploma. The bill replaces the option to complete one credit in practical arts with the option to complete one credit in career and technical education (CTE). The bill specifies that eligible CTE courses are identified in the Course Code Directory (CCD). This modification will also apply to students who earn a standard high school diploma under the Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning (ACCEL) option.

The bill may remove the requirement that the Department of Education identify practical arts courses that meet specified requirements. In addition, because there are currently more than 2,600 secondary and postsecondary CTE courses in the CCD,<sup>19</sup> students may have additional CTE opportunities to complete the specified high school graduation requirement.

The bill modifies high school graduation requirements under the 24-credit and ACCEL options that will apply to all students; not limited to students entering high school in grade 9 in the 2020-2021 school year. However, all currently-identified practical arts courses are also listed in the CCD as CTE courses, so students who have completed a practical arts course should have also completed the new CTE option.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Florida Department of Education, 2019-2020 Course Code Directory – Section 5: Career and Technical Education (CTE) (SBE approved Mar. 19, 2019), available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7746/urlt/1920-CCD-CTE.pdf</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Section 1003.4282(8)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Section 1003.4282(8), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 1003.4282(8)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Florida Department of Education, *CTE Courses that Fulfill the Graduation Designation for Economics, Equally Rigorous Science and Practical Arts 2019-20, available at* <u>http://fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5652/urlt/1920coursesPAEQEC.xlsx</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Senate Staff Analysis of Florida Department of Education, 2019-2020 Course Directory, Section 5 - Career and Technical Education Programs and Courses, available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/policy/articulation/ccd/2019-2020-course-directory.stml</u>.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

# VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Section 1003.4282(6)(b), F.S., authorizes specified exceptions to the 24-credit standard high school diploma requirements for an adult student in an adult general education program. Such exceptions include the option for one elective credit to be substituted for the one-credit requirement in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts. This requirement should be modified to conform the language to the requirement in the bill.

### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1003.4282 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

#### CS by Education on February 10, 2020:

The committee substitute corrects a formatting error, and indicates that career and technical education (CTE) courses eligible to satisfy the specified one-credit graduation requirement are identified in the Course Code Directory.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. SB 1750

463228

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/10/2020 House

Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete lines 16 - 21 and insert: (e) One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and

The Committee on Education (Montford) recommended the following:

debate, or <u>career and technical education (CTE)</u> practical arts.-The practical arts course must incorporate artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible CTE practical arts courses are identified in the Course

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Page 1 of 2

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. SB 1750

	463228
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11	Code Directory.
12	
13	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
14	And the title is amended as follows:
15	Delete line 6
16	and insert:
17	rather than practical arts; specifying that eligible
18	courses are identified in the Course Code Directory;
19	providing an effective

By Senator Montford

	3-01083-20 20201750				
1	A bill to be entitled				
2	An act relating to high school graduation				
3	requirements; amending s. 1003.4282, F.S.; revising				
4	the credit requirements to earn a standard high school				
5	diploma to include career and technical education				
6	rather than practical arts; providing an effective				
7	date.				
8					
9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:				
10					
11	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section				
12	1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:				
13	1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma				
14	(3) STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA; COURSE AND ASSESSMENT				
15	REQUIREMENTS				
16	(e) One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and				
17	debate, or career and technical education (CTE). practical				
18	artsThe practical arts course must incorporate artistic				
19	content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and				
20	imagination. Eligible practical arts courses are identified in				
21	the Course Code Directory.				
22	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.				
	Page 1 of 1				
	CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.				
· · · ·	THE FLORIDA	Senate			
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	<b>PPEARANCI</b> this form to the Senator or Se			neeting)	750
Meeting Date				Bill Num	per (if applicable)
Topic Graduation R	equivements		·	Amendment Barc	ode (if applicable)
Name Dr Danny G	lover				
Job Title Superintendent	-				
Address <u>318 N Clar N</u> Street	st		Phone 85	50-838-	2500
City	F   State	32347 Zip	Email_) <u>"n</u>	y glaser B	haylor, 112.11. 1
Speaking: For Against I	nformation		eaking: 📝 r will read this i	In Support	Against
Representing Taylor (	County So	chools			
Appearing at request of Chair: Ye	s 🛃 No 🔹 Lo	bbyist registe	ered with Leg	gislature:	Yes 🗌 No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORI	DA SENATE
APPEARANO	CE RECORD 1750
$\mathcal{A}/\mathcal{A}/\mathcal{A}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or	Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Graduation requirem	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jodi Tillman	
Job Title CTE Director	
Address 32-33 S. Byron Butler Pa	WKWay Phone 850-838-2545
Street FL	32.348 Email sdi tilman Bitaylor, KID,
City O State	Zip I.Us
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Tayby County Schoo	District
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	_obbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🚺 No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Тн	e Florida Senate
APPEAF	RANCE RECORD
	Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic High School Graduatio	MREGUMENTS Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name De Danielle Thoma	SU
Job Title Legislation Chair	
Address 1747 Chando Cent	Hal PKWX Phone 407 855 7604
Street Flando Fl	32809 Email/egislation@floridapt
City State	Zip dra
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida PTA	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes KNo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimon	y, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)
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THE FLORIDA SENATE	
<b>APPEARANCE RECO</b>	RD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	1750
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic High School Graduation Requireme	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Chris Doolin	
Job Title SMALL SCHOOL DISTRICT CON	WCIL - Consultant
Address 1118-B Thomasville Rd	Phone 850-508-5492
Street Jallahassee, Fla. 32303	Email
City State Zip	
(The Cha	peaking: In Support Against in will read this information into the record.)
Representing Small Scitcol District (	Jouncie
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislature: Yes 🗌 No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECORD	

2.10.20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession	1075/750
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Marsan Carr	
Job Title Executive Director	
Address 9210 SW 68th Dr.	Phone
Street Lake Butler FI 32054	Email
	e Speaking:   In Support  Against Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Association for Career and Technical Ed	lucation
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist reg	gistered with Legislature: 🔽 Yes 🗌 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as ma	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)



This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic CTE grad	Cea.		An	nendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Stefanie	Steele			
Job Title Director of	Governme	ent Relat	ions	
Address 1674 Stefe	in Cole Lr	Ì	Phone <u>38</u>	6.334.8138
Street Apopha City	F-L State	32703 Zip	Email SST	eleaptwood
Speaking: For Against		Waive S		Support Against
Representing Project	Lead The	Way		
Appearing at request of Chair: $\begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix}$	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	tered with Legis	slature: Yes No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

## The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prep	ared By: T	he Professional	Staff of the Commit	ttee on Educati	on	
BILL:	CS/SB 662						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Wright						
SUBJECT:	School Gra	ding Syst	em				
DATE:	February 11	1,2020	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFI	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Sagues		Sikes		ED	Fav/CS		
2.				MS			
3.				RC			

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

#### I. Summary:

CS/SB 662 modifies the school grading model for high schools beginning with the 2021-2022 school year by adding the percentage of students who earn a Category II Armed Forces Qualification Test score or higher on the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery as a school grade college and career acceleration component.

The fiscal impact of the bill is indeterminate. See Section V.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

## II. Present Situation:

## Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corp

The U.S. Army Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (JROTC) is one of the largest youth character development and citizenship programs in the world. The National Defense Act of 1916 established organized JROTC programs at public and private educational institutions. In 1964, Congress expanded the program to require that each military service have a JROTC program to "instill in students in U.S. secondary educational institutions the values of citizenship, service to the U.S., and personal responsibility and a sense of accomplishment."<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Army JROTC, *Army Junior ROTC Program Overview*, <u>http://www.usarmyjrotc.com/general/program\_overview.php</u> (last visited January 29, 2020), *See* 10 U.S.C. § 2031.

The U.S. Army's JROTC program currently operates in more than 1,700 public and private high schools, military institutions, and correctional centers throughout the U.S. and overseas.<sup>2</sup> JROTC faculty is led by nearly 4,000 instructors who are retired from active duty, reserve duty, or National Guard Army service. Instructors are trained and qualified in accordance with the National Defense Authorization Act of 2007 to teach and mentor approximately 314,000 JROTC students (cadets) annually.<sup>3</sup>

The U.S. Army Cadet Command (USACC) is limited to the current number of 1,709 JROTC programs based on congressionally mandated funding.<sup>4</sup> The USACC cannot have more than the current number of programs, and can only open a new JROTC program when an existing one closes. Congress and the U.S. Department of Defense must allocate more funding in order to open and sustain more JROTC programs in addition to the current 1,709 JROTC programs.<sup>5</sup>

#### **Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery**

The Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery (ASVAB) is a multiple choice test, administered by the United States Military Entrance Processing Command, used to determine qualification for enlistment in the United States' Armed Forces.<sup>6</sup>

The ASVAB is a timed multi-aptitude test, which is given at over 14,000 schools and Military Entrance Processing Stations nationwide and is developed and maintained by the Department of Defense.<sup>7</sup> It measures a young adult's strengths and potential for success in military training.

The ASVAB consists of 10 subtests, and the scores on those subtests are used to determine the best jobs for those entering a branch of the military. Scores from four of the math and verbal domain subtests, are used to determine an Armed Forces Qualification Test (AFQT) score, which determines eligibility for enlistment.<sup>8</sup>

Each branch of the military has different standards. The minimum scores each branch of the military requires depends on whether a potential recruit has a high school diploma or a high school equivalency diploma (GED). Those students with a GED need a higher AFQT score than students with a high school diploma. An AFQT score of 60 indicates that the examinee scored as well as or better than 60 percent of the nationally representative sample. For high school graduates earning a diploma, the requirements by military branch are as follows:<sup>9</sup>

- Air-Force recruits are required to have a minimum AFQT score of 36.
- Army recruits are required to have a minimum AFQT score of 31.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. Army JROTC, *Army Junior ROTC Program Overview*, <u>http://www.usarmyjrotc.com/general/program\_overview.php</u> (last visited January 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Id. The USACC is the receiving party for applications to establish new JROTC programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Official ASVAB, ASVAB Fact Sheet (2018), available at <u>http://www.officialasvab.com/docs/asvab\_fact\_sheet.pdf.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Military.com, *The ASVAB Test*, <u>https://www.military.com/join-armed-forces/asvab</u> (last visited Feb. 5, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> US Military Careers, How the ASVAB Score is Computed <u>https://www.thebalancecareers.com/how-the-asvab-afqt-score-is-computed-3354094</u> (last visited Feb. 5 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Id.

- Coast-Guard recruits are required to have a minimum AFQT score of 40.
- Marine recruits are required to have a minimum AFQT score of 32.
- National-Guard recruits are required to have a minimum AFQT score of 31.
- Navy recruits are required to have a minimum AFQT score of 35.

AFQT scores are divided into five categories:<sup>10</sup>

- Category I 93-99.
- Category II 65-92.
- Category IIIa 50-64.
- Category IIIb 31-49.
- Category IVa 21-30.
- Category IVb 16-20.
- Category IVc 10-15.
- Category V 0-9.

# Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corp in Florida

Under Florida law, a school district may not ban any branch of the United States Armed Forces or the United States Department of Homeland Security from establishing, maintaining, or operating a unit of the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps at a public high school, and:<sup>11</sup>

- A school district must allow a student attending a public high school in the district to enroll in the JROTC at another public school under certain conditions.
- A school district must grant military recruiters of the United States Armed Forces and United States Department of Homeland Security the same access to secondary school students, and to school facilities and grounds, which the district grants to postsecondary educational institutions or prospective employers of students.

## **Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)**

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), which reauthorized the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), was signed into federal law on December 10, 2015. ESSA includes provisions to:<sup>12</sup>

- Help ensure success for students and schools through advancing equity by upholding protections for disadvantaged and high-need students.
- Require that all students be taught to high academic standards that will prepare them to succeed in college and careers.
- Ensure that vital information is provided to educators, families, students, and communities through annual statewide assessments that measure students' progress.
- Support and grow local innovations.
- Increase access to high-quality preschool.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Military aptitude Tests, *Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery: Introduction,* <u>http://www.militaryaptitudetests.com/asvab</u> (last visited Feb. 10, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 1003.451(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> U.S. Department of Education, *Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)*, <u>https://www.ed.gov/essa?src=rn</u> (last visited Feb. 5, 2020).

• Maintain an expectation that there will be accountability and action to effect positive change in the lowest-performing schools.

Florida's ESSA plan received approval from the United States Department of Education on September 26, 2018. The Florida ESSA plan includes the college and career acceleration component of the school grading formula that awards points for students who earn accelerated credit during their high school career.<sup>13</sup>

## School Grading System

School grades provide an easily understandable way to measure the performance of a school. Parents and the general public can use the school grade and its components to understand how well each school is serving its students.<sup>14</sup> School grades are used in the state system of school improvement and accountability to determine the need for school intervention and support,<sup>15</sup> or to determine whether a school is eligible for school recognition funds.<sup>16</sup>

Schools are graded using one of the following grades:<sup>17</sup>

- "A," schools making excellent progress (62 percent or higher of total applicable points).
- "B," schools making above average progress (54 to 61 percent of total applicable points).
- "C," schools making satisfactory progress (41 to 53 percent of total applicable points).
- "D," schools making less than satisfactory progress (32 to 40 percent of total applicable points).
- "F," schools failing to make adequate progress (31 percent or less of total applicable points).

Elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools each share a basic model for determining school grades, based on the percentage of total points earned by a school for each component in the model. All schools are graded on the percentage of eligible students who pass assessments in ELA, mathematics, science, and social studies; student learning gains in ELA and mathematics; and students in the lowest 25 percent of ELA and mathematics performers who make learning gains.<sup>18</sup> Middle and high school models include additional components beyond the basic model.<sup>19</sup>

For a high school comprised of grades 9 through 12 or grades 10 through 12, the school's grade is also based on following components:<sup>20</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) State Plan* (2018), *available at* <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/14196/urlt/FL-ESSA-StatePlan.pdf</u> at 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Florida Department of Education, 2019 School Grades Overview (2019), available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/18534/urlt/SchoolGradesOverview19.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See s. 1008.33(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See s. 1008.36, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 1008.34(2), F.S. and Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(d), F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 1008.34(3)(b), F.S. If a school does not have at least 10 students with complete data for one or more of the components, those components may not be used in calculating the school's grade. Section 1008.34(3)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> See s. 1008.34(3)(b), F.S. and Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(a)-(c), F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 1008.34(3)(b)2., F.S., and Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(c)2. and 3., F.A.C.

- The 4-year high school graduation rate of the school as defined by State Board of Education (SBE) rule.<sup>21</sup>
- The percentage of students who were eligible to earn college and career credit through College Board Advanced Placement (AP) examinations, International Baccalaureate (IB) examinations, dual enrollment courses, or Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) examinations; or who, at any time during high school, earned national industry certifications identified in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the SBE.

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends s. 1008.34, F.S, to modify the school grading model for high schools beginning with the 2021-2022 school year.

Specifically, the bill modifies the school grading model by adding the percentage of students who earn a Category II Armed Forces Qualification Test score or higher on the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery as a school grade college and career acceleration component.

The bill may require the Florida Department of Education (DOE) to amend the state Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) plan to reflect the change in how the college and career acceleration component is calculated and obtain approval of the amended plan by the United States Department of Education.<sup>22</sup>

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The four-year high school graduation rate of the school as measured according to 34 CFR §200.19, Other Academic Indicators, effective November 28, 2008. Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(c)1., F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Florida Department of Education, 2020 Agency Analysis of SB 662 (Oct. 29, 2019) at 3.

#### E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The fiscal impact of the bill is indeterminate. The Department of Education may incur additional costs to collect and process the data to be calculated into the school grades acceleration component.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1008.34 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

#### CS by Education on February 10, 2020:

The committee substitute removes the requirement for students who completed two years of coursework as a participant in the United States Armed Forces Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program and earned a score of 31 or higher on the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery as a school grade college and career acceleration component and replaces it with students who earn a Category II Armed Forces Qualification Test score or higher.

The committee substitute also moves the date of implementation from the 2020-2021 school year to the 2021-2022 school year to allow time for the Department of Education to collect the scores prior to modifying the school grade calculation.

# B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House • Comm: WD . 02/10/2020 • . The Committee on Education (Wright) recommended the following: Senate Amendment Delete line 18 and insert: (b)1. Beginning with the 2021-2022 2014-2015 school year, a

Page 1 of 1

1 2 3

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House

484754

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RS 02/10/2020

Page 1 of 2

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12	_		lir	nes 4 - 7	7				
13	and	insert:							
14		grades	to	include	certain	studen	ts who	earned	a
	l								
					Page	e 2 of 2	2		



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/10/2020 House

The Committee on Education (Wright) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (484754) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 18 - 77

and insert:

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(b)1. Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, a school's grade shall be based on the following components, each worth 100 points:

9 a. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide,
10 standardized assessments in English Language Arts under s.
11 1008.22(3).

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769286

b. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, standardized assessments in mathematics under s. 1008.22(3).

c. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, standardized assessments in science under s. 1008.22(3).

d. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, standardized assessments in social studies under s. 1008.22(3).

e. The percentage of eligible students who make Learning Gains in English Language Arts as measured by statewide, standardized assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).

f. The percentage of eligible students who make Learning Gains in mathematics as measured by statewide, standardized assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).

g. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25 percent in English Language Arts, as identified by prior year performance on statewide, standardized assessments, who make Learning Gains as measured by statewide, standardized English Language Arts assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).

h. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25 percent in mathematics, as identified by prior year performance on statewide, standardized assessments, who make Learning Gains as measured by statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).

i. For schools comprised of middle grades 6 through 8 or
grades 7 and 8, the percentage of eligible students passing high
school level statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments
or attaining national industry certifications identified in the
CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules
adopted by the State Board of Education.

769286

41 In calculating Learning Gains for the components listed in sub-42 subparagraphs e.-h., the State Board of Education shall require that learning growth toward achievement levels 3, 4, and 5 is 43 44 demonstrated by students who scored below each of those levels 45 in the prior year. In calculating the components in sub-46 subparagraphs a.-d., the state board shall include the 47 performance of English language learners only if they have been enrolled in a school in the United States for more than 2 years. 48 49 2. For a school comprised of grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or 50 grades 10, 11, and 12, the school's grade shall also be based on 51 the following components, each worth 100 points: 52 a. The 4-year high school graduation rate of the school as 53 defined by state board rule. 54 b. The percentage of students who were eligible to earn 55 college and career credit through College Board Advanced 56 Placement examinations, International Baccalaureate 57 examinations, dual enrollment courses, or Advanced International 58 Certificate of Education examinations; or who, at any time 59 during high school, earned national industry certification 60 identified in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List, 61 pursuant to rules adopted by the state board; or who, beginning with the 2021-2022 school year, earned a Category II Armed 62 63 Forces Qualification Test score or higher on the Armed Services 64 Vocational Battery. 65 66 67 And the title is amended as follows: 68 Delete lines 4 - 7 69 and insert:

ED.ED.03281



70 grades by a specified date to include students who71 earned a

2/7/2020 4:27:50 PM

ED.ED.03281

SB 662

By Senator Wright 14-00799A-20 2020662 14-00799A-20 2020662 1 A bill to be entitled 30 e. The percentage of eligible students who make Learning 2 An act relating to the school grading system; amending 31 Gains in English Language Arts as measured by statewide, s. 1008.34, F.S.; revising the calculation of school 32 standardized assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3). grades to include certain students who completed a 33 f. The percentage of eligible students who make Learning specified number of years of coursework as Gains in mathematics as measured by statewide, standardized 34 assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3). participants in the United States Armed Forces Junior 35 Reserve Officers' Training Corps program and earned a 36 g. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25 specified score on the Armed Services Vocational 37 percent in English Language Arts, as identified by prior year Aptitude Battery; providing an effective date. performance on statewide, standardized assessments, who make ç 38 10 39 Learning Gains as measured by statewide, standardized English 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 40 Language Arts assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3). 12 41 h. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25 13 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section percent in mathematics, as identified by prior year performance 42 14 1008.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 43 on statewide, standardized assessments, who make Learning Gains 15 1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; 44 as measured by statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments 16 district grade.-45 administered under s. 1008.22(3). 17 (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES.i. For schools comprised of middle grades 6 through 8 or 46 18 (b)1. Beginning with the 2020-2021 2014-2015 school year, a grades 7 and 8, the percentage of eligible students passing high 47 19 school's grade shall be based on the following components, each 48 school level statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments 20 worth 100 points: 49 or attaining national industry certifications identified in the 21 a. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules 50 22 standardized assessments in English Language Arts under s. adopted by the State Board of Education. 51 23 1008.22(3). 52 24 b. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, 53 In calculating Learning Gains for the components listed in sub-25 standardized assessments in mathematics under s. 1008.22(3). 54 subparagraphs e.-h., the State Board of Education shall require 26 c. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, 55 that learning growth toward achievement levels 3, 4, and 5 is 27 standardized assessments in science under s. 1008.22(3). 56 demonstrated by students who scored below each of those levels 2.8 d. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, 57 in the prior year. In calculating the components in sub-29 standardized assessments in social studies under s. 1008.22(3). 58 subparagraphs a.-d., the state board shall include the Page 1 of 3 Page 2 of 3 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	14-00799A-20 2020662
59	performance of English language learners only if they have been
60	enrolled in a school in the United States for more than 2 years.
61	2. For a school comprised of grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or
62	grades 10, 11, and 12, the school's grade shall also be based on
63	the following components, each worth 100 points:
64	a. The 4-year high school graduation rate of the school as
65	defined by state board rule.
66	b. The percentage of students who were eligible to earn
67	college and career credit through College Board Advanced
68	Placement examinations, International Baccalaureate
69	examinations, dual enrollment courses, or Advanced International
70	Certificate of Education examinations; who completed 2 years of
71	coursework as a participant in the United States Armed Forces
72	Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program and earned a
73	score of 31 or higher on the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude
74	Battery; or who, at any time during high school, earned national
75	industry certification identified in the CAPE Industry
76	Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the
77	state board.
78	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
	Page 3 of 3
(	CODING: Words stricken are deletions: words underlined are additions.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

	Prep	oared By: Tl	ne Professional S	Staff of the Commit	tee on Education	1
BILL:	SB 1100					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Rouson					
SUBJECT:	Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program					
DATE:	February 1	0, 2020	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Sagues		Sikes		ED	Favorable	
2.				AED		
3.				AP		

# I. Summary:

SB 1100 establishes the Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program to recognize high school graduates who have attained a high level of skill in fine arts coursework. The bill specifies that beginning in the 2020-21 school year, the Florida Seal of Fine Arts is awarded to a high school graduate who:

- Completes three year-long courses or earns three course credits in dance, music, theater, or the visual arts with a grade of "B" or higher in each course;
- Completes an additional year-long course or earns an additional course credit in a qualified art course with a grade of "B" or higher;
- Completes two fine arts-related extracurricular activities; and
- Shares his or her talent and industry knowledge by providing at least 20 hours of art-related community service and presents a comprehensive presentation on his or her experience.

The fiscal impact of the bill is indeterminate. See Section V.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

## II. Present Situation:

Art education refers to learning, instruction and programming based upon the visual and tangible arts. Art education includes performing arts like dance, music, theater, and visual arts like drawing, painting, sculpture, and design works. Design works include design in jewelry, pottery, weaving and fabrics. Art education can also include commercial graphics, photography, video, film, and design. Art education instruction is provided through a standards-based, sequential approach by a qualified instructor as part of the core curriculum.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> US Legal, Art Education Law and Legal Definition, <u>https://definitions.uslegal.com/a/art-education/</u> (last visited Feb. 3, 2020).

## The Arts Industry

Nationally, the nonprofit arts industry generated \$166.3 billion of economic activity during fiscal year 2015:<sup>2</sup>

- \$63.8 billion by the nation's nonprofit arts and culture organizations; and
- \$102.5 billion in event-related expenditures by their audiences.

This economic activity supported 4.6 million full-time jobs and generated \$49.4 billion in resident household income. The arts and culture industry also generated \$27.5 billion in revenue to local, state, and federal governments.<sup>3</sup>

Florida's arts and cultural industry generated \$4.68 billion total economic activity during fiscal year 2015. This includes \$2.29 billion by nonprofit arts and culture organizations and an additional \$2.39 billion in event-related spending by their audiences.<sup>4</sup> This economic activity supports 132,366 full-time jobs, generates \$3.35 billion in household income to local residents, and delivers \$492.3 million in local and state government revenue.<sup>5</sup>

## The Arts and Florida Students

Florida brings the arts to students in a variety of ways; from promoting nationally recognized Arts Education Month<sup>6</sup> to enacting arts-related legislation such as:

- Requiring each school board to provide courses and instruction in the arts for all students,<sup>7</sup> and requiring students to take one credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts to meet graduation requirements.<sup>8</sup>
- Establishing the annual art in the capitol competition as a statewide visual arts competition for all public, private, and home education students in grades six through eight.<sup>9</sup>
- Requiring the Commissioner of Education to annually prepare and post a fine arts report that includes:<sup>10</sup>
  - Students access to and participation in fine arts courses, including visual arts, music, dance, and theatre courses;
  - The number and certification status of educators providing instruction in fine art courses;
  - Educational facilities designed and classroom space equipped for fine arts instruction; and
  - The manner in which schools are providing the core curricular content for fine arts established in the Sunshine State Standards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Florida Department of State, Arts and Economic Prosperity 5 (2017), available at

https://ia800603.us.archive.org/13/items/ArtsEconomicProsperityFL/ArtsEconomicProsperityFL.pdf.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Memorandum, Arts Education Month* (2019), *available at* <u>https://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-8491/dps-2019-29.pdf.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 1003.42(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 1003.4282(3)(e), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 1003.49965(1) and (2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 1003.4995, F.S.

During the 2017-2018 school year, as included in the fine arts report,<sup>11</sup> all school districts offered courses in the arts and 57.1 percent of students enrolled in arts courses, with:<sup>12</sup>

- Music comprising 45.1 percent of overall arts enrollment;
- Visual arts comprising 43.1 percent of overall arts enrollment;
- Theatre comprising 3.8 percent of overall arts enrollment; and
- Dance comprising 1.9 percent of overall arts enrollment.

#### **Diploma Designations and Seals**

Students meeting specific requirements for graduation and demonstrating exemplary performance may be awarded recognition upon graduation. One way this is accomplished is through special diploma designations and seal programs established at the state or local level. For example, Arizona<sup>13</sup> offers diploma seals in the areas of biliteracy, civic literacy, personal finance, and arts proficiency.<sup>14</sup> Ohio<sup>15</sup> and Georgia<sup>16</sup> also offer diploma seal recognitions for students excelling in the arts. These states require students to earn a minimum grade point average (GPA), take a series of fine arts courses, and complete community service and a final project.

Florida currently offers three diploma recognitions- the Scholar Diploma Designation,<sup>17</sup> the Merit Diploma Designation,<sup>18</sup> and the Seal of Biliteracy.<sup>19</sup>

# Florida Scholar Diploma Designation

In addition to meeting the 24-credit standard high school diploma requirements, a student must meet all of the following requirements to earn the Scholar Diploma Designation:<sup>20</sup>

- Earn one credit in Algebra 2 or an equally rigorous course.
- Pass the Geometry End of Course Exam (EOC).
- Earn one credit in Statistics or an equally rigorous mathematics course.
- Pass the Biology 1 EOC.
- Earn one credit in Chemistry or Physics.
- Earn one credit in a course equally rigorous to Chemistry or Physics.
- Pass the U.S. History EOC.
- Earn two credits in the same foreign language.

<sup>20</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Standard Diploma Requirements* (2019), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7764/urlt/StandardDiplomaRequirements.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Florida Fine Arts Education* (2018), *available at* <u>http://fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5393/urlt/FineArtsInfographics.pdf.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Arizona Department of Education, *Diploma Seals*, <u>https://www.azed.gov/diplomaseals/ (last visited Jan. 29, 2020)</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Arizona Department of Education, *Arizona State Seal of Arts Proficiency* <u>https://www.azed.gov/artseducation/arizona-state-seal-of-arts-proficiency/</u> (last visited Jan. 30, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Ohio Department of Education, *Arts Honors Diploma* <u>http://education.ohio.gov/Topics/Ohio-s-Graduation-Requirements/Honors-Diplomas/Arts-Honors-Diploma</u> (last visited Jan. 30, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Georgia Department of Education, *Fine Arts* <u>https://www.gadoe.org/Curriculum-Instruction-and-Assessment/Curriculum-and-Instruction/Pages/Fine-Arts.aspx</u> (last visited Jan. 30, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 1003.4285(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 1003.4285(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 1003.432, F.S. Currently, 38 states and Washington D.C. have approved a biliteracy program. Seal of Biliteracy, *Frequently Asked Questions*, <u>https://sealofbiliteracy.org/faq/</u> (last visited Jan. 29. 2020).

• Earn at least one credit in an Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, or a dual enrollment course.

## Florida Merit Diploma Designation

In addition to meeting the 24-credit standard high school diploma requirements, a student must attain one or more qualified industry certifications to earn the Merit Diploma Designation.<sup>21</sup>

During the 2018-2019 school year 12,898 students earned the Scholar Diploma Designation, 21,402 earned the Merit Diploma Designation and 8,856 earned both the Scholar and Merit Diploma Designation.<sup>22</sup>

# Florida Seal of Biliteracy Program

The Florida Legislature authorized the Florida Seal of Biliteracy Program (biliteracy program) in 2016. The biliteracy program recognizes high school graduates who attain a high level of competency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in one or more foreign languages in addition to English, and offers two seals; gold and silver.<sup>23</sup>

To earn the gold or silver seal of biliteracy, a Florida high school student who has earned a standard high school diploma must:<sup>24</sup>

- Earn four foreign language course credits in the same foreign language with a cumulative 3.0 GPA or higher;
- Achieve qualifying scores on the 10<sup>th</sup> grade English language arts assessment and a foreign language assessment with the gold seal requiring higher qualifying scores;<sup>25</sup> or
- Satisfy alternative requirements as determined by the State Board of Education.<sup>26</sup>

During the 2018-2019 school year 7,353 students earned the Gold Seal of Biliteracy, 1,339 students earned the Silver Seal of Biliteracy, and 2,878 students earned both the Gold Seal and Silver Seal of Biliteracy.

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill establishes the Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program (Seal of Fine Arts) to recognize high school graduates who have attained a high level of skill in fine arts coursework. The purpose of the Seal of Fine Arts is to encourage students to develop expertise in the performing or visual arts.

Beginning in the 2020-21 school year, the Seal of Fine Arts must be awarded to a high school graduate who:

 $<sup>^{21}</sup>$  *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Email, Florida Department of Education (Feb. 3, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Florida Department of Education, *World Language (Foreign Languages)* <u>http://www.fldoe.org/academics/eng-language-learners/world-languages-foreign-languages.stml (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Section 1003.432(4), F.S. <sup>25</sup> Rule 6A-1.09951, F.A.C.

 $<sup>^{26}</sup>$  Id.

- Completes three year-long courses or earns three sequential course credits in dance, music, theater, or the visual arts with a grade of "B" or higher in each course;
- Completes an additional year-long course or earns an additional course credit in a qualified art course with a grade of "B" or higher;
- Completes two fine arts-related extracurricular activities; and
- Shares his or her talent and industry knowledge by providing at least 20 hours of art-related community service and presents a comprehensive presentation on his or her experience.

The bill authorizes the State Board of Education to establish additional criteria for the award of the Seal of Fine Arts.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Education to create the Seal of Fine Arts and provide information necessary for school districts to implement the program appropriately.

The establishment of the Seal of Fine Arts may encourage more high school students to build expertise in the arts, earn recognition, and follow art-related career paths.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

#### B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

#### C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department of Education may incur costs associated with creating the seal for the Seal of Fine Arts Program.

# VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 1003.4321 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

SB 1100

SB 1100

By Senator Rouson

19-01491-20 20201100 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program; creating s. 1003.4321, F.S.; establishing the 3 Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program to recognize high school graduates who have attained a high level of skill in fine arts coursework; providing the purpose of the program; providing criteria to earn the Seal of Fine Arts; authorizing the State Board of Education to 8 ç adopt additional criteria for the award of the seal; 10 requiring the Commissioner of Education and school 11 districts to perform specified duties to administer 12 the program; prohibiting a school district or the 13 Department of Education from charging a fee for the 14 seal; requiring the state board to adopt rules; 15 providing an effective date. 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Section 1003.4321, Florida Statutes, is created 20 to read: 21 1003.4321 Florida Seal of Fine Arts for high school 22 graduates.-23 (1) The Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program is established to 24 recognize a high school graduate who has attained a high level 25 of skill in fine arts coursework. 26 (2) The purpose of the Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program is 27 to encourage students to develop a high level of skill in the 28 performing or visual arts. 29 (3) Beginning with the 2020-2021 school year, the Seal of Page 1 of 3

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19-01491-20 20201100_
Fine Arts must be awarded to a high school student who has
earned a standard high school diploma and who:
(a) Has completed three year-long courses in dance, music,
theater, or the visual arts with a grade of $\B''$ or higher in
each course or earned three sequential course credits in such
courses with a grade of "B" or higher in each course.
(b) Has completed an additional year-long course or earned
an additional course credit in an art course listed in paragraph
(a) with a grade of "B" or higher.
(c) Has completed two fine arts-related extracurricular
activities.
(d) Has shared his or her talent and industry knowledge by
providing at least 20 hours of art-related community service in
his or her community and presented a comprehensive presentation
on his or her experiences.
The State Board of Education may establish additional criteria
for the award of the Seal of Fine Arts.
(4) The Commissioner of Education shall:
(a) Prepare and provide to each school district an
appropriate insignia to be affixed to a student's diploma
indicating that the student has been awarded the Seal of Fine
Arts.
(b) Provide information necessary for a school district to
successfully implement the program.
(5) Each school district shall:
(a) Maintain appropriate records to identify a student who
has met the requirements to receive the Seal of Fine Arts.
(b) Provide the Commissioner of Education with the number

Page 2 of 3

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	tudente ute here met the neminemente to need the the Good of
	students who have met the requirements to receive the Seal of
Fine	e Arts.
,	(c) Affix the appropriate insignia to the student's diploma
	indicate on the student's transcript that the student has
earr	hed the Seal of Fine Arts.
	(6) A school district or the Department of Education may
not	charge a fee for the Seal of Fine Arts.
	(7) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to
impl	ement this section, including, but not limited to:
	(a) A process to confirm a student's successful completion
of t	the requirements in subsection (3).
	(b) Any additional requirements a student must meet to be
awaı	ded the Seal of Fine Arts.
	Page 3 of 3

THE FLORIDA SENATE	
$\frac{2/10/2 o}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession	
Topic Fine Arts	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Corinne Mixon	
Job Title Loobyist	
Address 195. Marvae St.	Phone766 \$795
$\frac{76111}{City} F = 323t}{State}$	Email Conpremity age marily
Speaking: For Against Information Waive (The C	e Speaking: In Support Against
RepresentingFlorida Association of	- School Administraturs
Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 📝 No 🛛 Lobbyist reg	gistered with Legislature: 🔀 Yes 🗌 No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECO	RD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St Meeting Date	taff conducting the meeting) <u>SBN00</u> Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic FLORIDA Seal of Five Arts	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name JEANNE Reynolds	
Job Title Prek-12 Performing Auts Specialist.	Pinelles Co. Schools
Address 2164 Hartford Way	Phone (227) 744-7252
<u>Clearwater</u> <u>PL 33763</u> City State Zip	Email Jeannewsey @gma.l. Lon
	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Center For Fine Ants Education	( Pipellas County Schools)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: 🔄 Yes 🗹 No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate	
APPEARANCE RECO Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date	
Topic <u>Greats</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Janielle Momas	
Job Title Legislation Chair	
Address 1747ChandoCentral Har	Phone $4078557604$
Street Jando FC 37809	_ Email egizlation@ Floridaply
City State Zip	
	Speaking: In Support Against
Representing <u>Plonida</u> PTA	eair will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes 🖄 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as man	all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this year of the persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

#### The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Pre	pared By: T	he Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Education	1
BILL:	SB 1550					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Ci	uz				
SUBJECT:	High School Graduation Requirements					
DATE:	February 1	0, 2020	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFI	- DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Bouck		Sikes		ED	Favorable	
2.				AED		
3.				AP		

## I. Summary:

SB 1550 requires that, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2021-2022 school year, a student must submit the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) in order to be awarded a standard high school diploma. The bill authorizes a waiver of the requirement if the student or parent declines, in writing, to submit the FAFSA.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

## II. Present Situation:

## **Standard High School Diploma Requirements**

Florida students entering grade 9 in 2019-2020 and thereafter may choose from one of five options to earn a standard diploma.<sup>1</sup> They are:

- The 24-credit program.<sup>2</sup>
- The 18-credit, Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning (ACCEL) option.<sup>3</sup>
- The Career and Technical Education (CTE) Pathway option.<sup>4</sup>
- An International Baccalaureate (IB) curriculum.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In addition to the five options available for students to earn a standard diploma listed above, Rule 6A-1.09963, F.A.C., outlines two additional options for students with disabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 1003.4282(1)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 1002.3105, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 1003.4282(11), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 1003.4282(1)(a), F.S.

• An Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) curriculum.<sup>6</sup>

# Twenty-four Credit Program

A student must successfully complete 24 credits, with a cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale,<sup>7</sup> in the following subject areas:<sup>8</sup>

- Four credits in English Language Arts (ELA) I, II, III, and IV, which includes passing the statewide, standardized grade 10 ELA assessment, or earn a concordant score.
- Four credits in mathematics, including one each in Algebra I and Geometry, which includes passing the statewide, standardized Algebra I EOC assessment, or earn a comparative score.
- Three credits in science, including one credit in Biology I and two credits in equally rigorous courses.<sup>9</sup>
- Three credits in social studies, including one credit in United States (U.S.) History; one credit in World History; one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in U.S. Government.
- One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination.
- One credit in physical education that must include the integration of health.
- Eight credits in electives.

# Eighteen Credit Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning Option

Under the ACCEL option, students must complete 15 credits in ELA; mathematics; science; social studies; and fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts that are also required of students who earn a standard diploma under the 24-credit program. However, students are required to earn only 3 credits in electives, and are not required to earn one credit in physical education.<sup>10</sup> Additionally, similar to the 24-credit option, under the ACCEL option students must earn a cumulative 2.0 GPA.<sup>11</sup>

# 18 Credit Career and Technical Education Pathway

To earn a standard high school diploma under the CTE pathway option, a student must earn a cumulative GPA of at least 2.0 and:

- Meet the credit requirements in ELA, mathematics, science, and social studies established in the 24-credit diploma option.
- Complete two credits in CTE, which must result in a program completion and an industry certification.
- Complete two credits in work-based learning programs, with flexibility authorized for elective credit and credit in financial literacy.

<sup>9</sup> Two of the three required science credits must have a laboratory component. Section 1003.4282(3)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 1003.4282(1)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 1003.4282(6)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 1003.4282(3), F.S. One of the 24 credits must be completed through online learning. Section 1003.4282(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 1002.3105(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Sections 1002.3105(5) and 1003.4282(6)(a), F.S.
# Advanced International Certificate of Education Curriculum

The AICE curriculum requires a student to achieve a minimum of seven credits in the Cambridge International AS Level Global Perspectives & Research and in the following subject groups:<sup>12</sup>

- Group 1: Mathematics and Sciences.
- Group 2: Languages.
- Group 3: Arts and Humanities.
- Group 4: Interdisciplinary subjects (optional).

# International Baccalaureate Curriculum

The IB Diploma Programme (DP) is a two-year program made up of the DP core, which includes a Theory of Knowledge course, an extended essay, and a service project, and six courses from the following subject groups:<sup>13</sup>

- Studies in Language and Literature.
- Language Acquisition.
- Individuals and Societies.
- Sciences.
- Mathematics.
- The Arts.

# Free Application for Federal Student Aid

To apply for federal student aid, such as federal grants, work-study, and loans, students must complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA). In addition, many states and colleges use FAFSA information to determine eligibility for state and school aid, and some private financial aid providers may use FAFSA information to determine eligibility for aid.<sup>14</sup>

According to the National College Access Network, completion of the FAFSA is one of the best predictors of whether a high school senior will go on to college, as seniors who complete the FAFSA are 84 percent more likely to immediately enroll in postsecondary education. For students in the lowest socioeconomic quintile, FAFSA completion is associated with a 127 percent increase in immediate college enrollment.<sup>15</sup>

But while the FAFSA is required to determine eligibility for federal student aid, including Pell Grants, low-cost student loans and federal work-study programs, in 2018 only 60.9 percent of high school graduates completed the FAFSA.<sup>16</sup>

<sup>15</sup> National College Access Network, *National FAFSA Completion Rates for High School Seniors and Graduates*, <u>https://collegeaccess.org/page/NationalFAFSACompletionRatesforHighSchoolSeniorsandGraduates</u> (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Cambridge Assessment International Education, *Cambridge AICE Diploma Curriculum*, <u>https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-qualifications/cambridge-advanced/cambridge-aice-diploma/curriculum/</u> (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> International Baccalaureate, *Curriculum*, <u>https://www.ibo.org/programmes/diploma-programme/curriculum/</u> (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> United States Department of Education—Federal Student Aid, *What is the FAFSA?*, <u>https://studentaid.gov/help/fafsa</u> (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> National Conference of State Legislatures, *States Looking at Ways to Promote FASFA Completion*, <u>https://www.ncsl.org/blog/2019/12/10/states-looking-at-ways-to-promote-fafsa-completion.aspx</u> (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

A national study indicates a variety of reasons why students do not fill out the FAFSA, which include the perception that they may not qualify for or need financial aid, the perception that the forms and application process are too burdensome, and concerns about debt.<sup>17</sup> Low FAFSA completion rates have a serious financial impact on students. Research suggests that millions of students who may otherwise qualify for federal financial aid do not complete the FAFSA, and forgo billions in potential financial aid.<sup>18</sup>

Recognizing that completion of the FAFSA is an important step to postsecondary attainment, the 2019 Legislature established the SAIL to 60 Initiative,<sup>19</sup> a component of which seeks to increase the number of high school seniors who submit a completed FAFSA to receive financial aid to help pay for their postsecondary education expenses.

Three states have enacted laws that require FAFSA completion for high school graduation. The Illinois law goes into effect during the 2020-21 academic year, Louisiana's law has been in effect since 2017-2018, and Texas's law is effective for the 2021-2022 academic year. All such policies authorize students to receive waivers for the graduation requirement, including documentation that the student chooses not to participate, or by completion of a state financial aid form.<sup>20</sup>

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill modifies the high school graduation requirements in s. 1003.4282, F.S., to require that, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2021-2022 school year, a student must submit a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) in order to be awarded a standard high school diploma. The bill specifies, however, that a student meets the requirement to submit the FAFSA

For the class of 2018, 60.9 percent of graduates completed the FAFSA by June 29; among 2017 graduates, 60.6 percent had completed the form by June 30 of that year. The Hechinger Report, *Are too few college students asking for federal aid*? (July 20, 2018), <u>https://hechingerreport.org/are-too-few-college-students-asking-for-federal-aid</u>/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

<sup>18</sup> United States Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, *Trends in Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) Submissions* (Aug. 2018), *available at* <u>https://nces.ed.gov/pubs2018/2018418.pdf</u>, at 1. Kantrowitz, Mark, *Analysis of Why Some Students Do Not Apply for Financial Aid* (Apr. 27, 2009), *available at* 

https://www.finaid.org/educators/20090427CharacteristicsOfNonApplicants.pdf, at 1. National College Access Network, Why Invest in Increasing FAFSA Completion?, https://collegeaccess.org/page/WhyInvestFAFSA (last visited Feb. 5, 2020). Kofoed, Michael, To Apply or Not to Apply: FAFSA Completion and Financial Aid Gaps (Feb. 12, 2014), available at https://ssrn.com/abstract=2353846. The Brookings Institution, FAFSA completion rates matter: But mind the data (July 5, 2018), https://www.brookings.edu/research/fafsa-completion-rates-matter-but-mind-the-data/ (last visited Feb. 5, 2020). Judith Scott-Clayton, The Role of Financial Aid in Promoting College Access and Success: Research Evidence and Proposals for Reform, Journal of Student Financial Aid: Vol. 45: Iss. 3, Article 3, available at https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/f173/40d5bccc6531bad35794b85469180347278f.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> United States Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, *Why Didn't Students Complete a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)? A Detailed Look* (Dec. 2018), *available at* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>https://nces.ed.gov/pubs2018/2018061.pdf</u>. Many respondents who did not apply also reported a lack of knowledge about federal financial aid eligibility criteria, erroneously believing they were ineligible because of low test scores, low credit scores, or that they would attend school part time. *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 17, ch. 2019-119, L.O.F., *codified as* s. 1004.013, F.S. The Strengthening Alignment between Industry and Learning (SAIL) to 60 Initiative was created to increase to 60 percent the percentage of working-age adults in this state with a high-value postsecondary certificate, degree, or training experience by 2030.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> National College Access Network, *Illinois Becomes Third State to Require FAFSA Completion for High School Graduation* (Aug. 12, 2019), <u>https://collegeaccess.org/news/465183/Illinois-Becomes-Third-State-to-Require-FAFSA-Completion-for-High-School-Graduation.htm</u> (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

if the student's parent<sup>21</sup> or the student, if such student is 18 years of age or older, submits a letter to the school district declining to submit the FAFSA.

The bill also modifies s. 1002.3105, F.S., regarding the ACCEL diploma option, and s. 1003.5716, F.S., regarding high school diploma expectations for a student with a disability, to conform cross references to the changes made in s. 1003.4282, F.S.

Requiring students to complete the FAFSA may increase the need for financial aid resources and supports in each school district. Each school district and school may need to establish additional monitoring processes to track student completion of the FAFSA.<sup>22</sup> In addition, students and families who wish to participate may require assistance to fill out the FAFSA.

The requirement for students to complete the FAFSA prior to the award of a high school diploma may increase the number of students who are eligible for federal financial aid and for Florida or other state's need-based grants, depending on the chosen postsecondary institution.<sup>23</sup> The requirement may also encourage more students to pursue postsecondary education if they believe that they will have adequate financial resources. However, the effect will not be realized for several years, as the requirement applies only to students entering grade 9 in the 2021-2022 school year.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

# IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> "Parent" is either or both parents of a student, any guardian of a student, any person in a parental relationship to a student, or any person exercising supervisory authority over a student in place of the parent. Section 1000.21(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> The *FAFSA Completion Tool* provides high schools with current data about their FAFSA submissions and completions, but lists only numbers of submitted and completed FAFSA forms; no personally identifiable information for any FAFSA filer is shared through the tool. United States Department of Education, Federal Student Aid, *Questions and Answers About FAFSA Completion Data*, <u>https://studentaid.gov/data-center/student/application-volume/faq#years-data-available</u> (last visited Feb. 6, 2020). In order to access student-level data, each school district may be required to establish an agreement with the Florida Department of Education, which is responsible for receiving such data, and will have to have the technical infrastructure in place to receive student-level data. United States Department of Education, Federal Student Aid, *Find FAFSA completion data about your high school*, <u>https://financialaidtoolkit.ed.gov/tk/learn/fafsa/completion.jsp</u> (last visited Feb. 6, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Florida need-based grant programs that require an applicant to, among other requirements, submit the FAFSA are the Road-to-Independence Program under s. 409.1451, F.S.; the First Generation Matching Grant Program under s. 1009.701, F.S.; and the Florida Work Experience Program under s. 1009.77, F.S.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Students who complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid may qualify for and receive federal financial aid and state need-based grants, which may make a postsecondary education more affordable for these students.

C. Government Sector Impact:

More student may qualify for need-based programs that require submission of the FAFSA, which may require additional funds to provide aid under such programs.

## VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The requirement in the bill for students to complete the FAFSA in order to earn a standard high school diploma may not apply to students who earn a high school diploma through the Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning (ACCEL) option.

Section 1003.4282(6), F.S., specifies that a student who meets the required grade point average (GPA) and meets the requirements specified in that section must be awarded a standard high school diploma. The bill adds the FAFSA requirement to s. 1003.4282, F.S., which would include in the requirement those options established in that section—the 24 credit option, International Baccalaureate or Advanced International Certificate of Education curricula, and the Career and Technical Education Pathway.

Under the ACCEL option established in s. 1002.3105, F.S., a student with a GPA of at least 2.0 who meets the academic requirements of the 24-credit option (except for physical education), and completes three elective credits must be awarded a standard high school diploma. The bill does not include in s. 1002.3105, F.S., a requirement to complete the FAFSA. The requirement to complete the FAFSA should be added to the ACCEL requirements in s. 1002.3105(5), F.S.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII.

# Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 1003.4282, 1002.3105, and 1003.5716.

# IX. Additional Information:

#### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

SB 1550

By Senator Cruz

18-01418-20 20201550 18-01418-20 20201550 1 A bill to be entitled 30 Learning (ACCEL) options .-2 An act relating to high school graduation 31 (5) AWARD OF A STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA.-A student who requirements; amending s. 1003.4282, F.S.; requiring meets the applicable grade 9 cohort graduation requirements of 32 students to submit a Free Application for Federal s. 1003.4282(3)(a)-(e) or s. 1003.4282(10)(a)1.-5. s. 33 Student Aid in order to be awarded a standard high 34 1003.4282(9)(a)1.-5., (b)1.-5., (c)1.-5., or (d)1.-5., earns school diploma; providing an exception; amending ss. three credits in electives, and earns a cumulative grade point 35 1002.3105 and 1003.5716, F.S.; conforming cross-36 average (GPA) of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale shall be awarded a standard references to changes made by the act; providing an 37 high school diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of С effective date. 38 Education. 10 39 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 40 1003.5716, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 41 1003.5716 Transition to postsecondary education and career Section 1. Present subsections (5) through (12) of section opportunities.-All students with disabilities who are 3 years of 13 42 14 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) 43 age to 21 years of age have the right to a free, appropriate 15 through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to 44 public education. As used in this section, the term "IEP" means that section, to read: 16 individual education plan. 45 17 1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.-46 (2) Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect 18 (5) FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID REQUIREMENT.-47 when the student attains the age of 16, or younger if determined 19 Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2021-2022 school 48 appropriate by the parent and the IEP team, the IEP must include 20 year, a student must submit a Free Application for Federal 49 the following statements that must be updated annually: 21 Student Aid in order to be awarded a standard high school (b) A statement of intent to receive a standard high school 50 22 diploma. However, a student meets the requirements of this diploma before the student attains the age of 22 and a 51 23 subsection if the student's parent or the student, if such 52 description of how the student will fully meet the requirements 24 student is 18 years of age or older, submits a letter to the 53 in s. 1003.4282, including, but not limited to, a portfolio 25 school district declining to submit the Free Application for 54 pursuant to s. 1003.4282(11)(b) s. 1003.4282(10)(b) which meets 26 Federal Student Aid. 55 the criteria specified in State Board of Education rule. The IEP 27 Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 1002.3105, Florida 56 must also specify the outcomes and additional benefits expected 2.8 Statutes, is amended to read: 57 by the parent and the IEP team at the time of the student's 29 1002.3105 Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance 58 graduation. Page 1 of 3 Page 2 of 3 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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18-01418-20 Section 4. This act shall take effect	20201550
Page 3 of 3	
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The Florida Senate	
APPEARANCE RECO	RD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting) 1550
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic High School Graduation	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <u>Ry Daniello Thomas</u>	-
Job Title Legislation Chaer	
Address 1747 Crando Contral Pluy	Phone 407 855 7604
Street Cando PL 32809	Email legislation@Aonidapta.
City State Zip	to a dry
Speaking:   For   Against   Information   Waive S	
Representing <u>FlondaPTA</u>	ir will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🕅 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	

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# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

	Pre	pared By: Th	e Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Education	
BILL:	SB 1644					
INTRODUCER:	Senators Book and Flores					
SUBJECT:	BJECT: Students With Disabilities in Public Schools					
DATE:	February	10, 2020	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
l. Brick		Sikes		ED	Favorable	
2.				AED		
3.				AP		

# I. Summary:

SB 1644 revises the circumstances and procedures required for restraining students with a disability in public schools and prohibits the use of seclusion. The bill also provides enhanced mechanisms for monitoring specified classrooms. Specifically, the bill requires:

- School districts to:
  - Adopt positive behavior interventions and supports for students with a disability and identify all school personnel authorized to use the interventions and supports.
  - Provide training to all school personnel authorized to use positive behavior interventions and supports.
  - Publish the procedures for training in positive behavior interventions and supports in the district's special policies and procedures manual.
- The development of a crisis intervention plan for a student who has been restrained twice during a semester.
- Schools to install a video camera, upon the request of a parent, in self-contained classrooms where students with a disability are enrolled and specifies the circumstances under which the video recording may be viewed.
- The Department of Education (DOE) to collect information relating to the installation and maintenance of video cameras in self-contained classrooms.
- Data maintained by the DOE on the use of restraint to be updated monthly and made available to the public through the DOE's website by October 1, 2020.
- The Commissioner of Education to develop recommendations that incorporate instruction regarding emotional or behavioral disabilities into continuing education or inservice training requirements for instructional personnel.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

# II. Present Situation:

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) was enacted to ensure that all children with a disability have available to them a free appropriate public education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for further education, employment, and independent living; and ensuring that the rights of children with disabilities and parents of such children are protected.<sup>1</sup> Accordingly, Florida law specifies conditions regarding the use of restraint and seclusion on students with a disability.<sup>2</sup>

# The Use of Restraint and Seclusion

The Florida Department of Education (DOE) requires that all documenting, reporting, and monitoring requirements related to the use of restraint in schools are based on the definitions issued by the Office for Civil Rights (OCR) within the United States Department of Education.<sup>3</sup>

# Restraint

According to the DOE:4

- Physical restraint immobilizes or reduces the ability of a student to move his or her torso, arms, legs, or head freely.
- Mechanical restraint is the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's freedom of movement. The term does not include devices implemented by trained school personnel or devices used by a student that have been prescribed by an appropriate medical or related service professional and are used for specific and approved purposes for which such devices were designed.

School personnel are prohibited from using a mechanical restraint or a physical or manual restraint that restricts a student's breathing.<sup>5</sup>

### Seclusion

The OCR defines seclusion as the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area from which the student is physically prevented from leaving.<sup>6</sup> Seclusion does not include a time out, which is a behavior management technique that is part of an approved program, involves the monitored separation of the student in a non-locked setting, and is implemented for the purpose

<sup>5</sup> Section 1003.573(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Department of Education, *IDEA Purpose*, <u>https://sites.ed.gov/idea/about-idea</u> (last visited Feb. 4, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 1003.573, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Florida Department of Education, Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services, *Guidelines for the Use, Documentation, Reporting, and Monitoring of Restraint and Seclusion with Students with Disabilities*, Technical Assistance Paper FY 2011-165 (Oct. 14, 2011), *available at* <u>https://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-6212/dps-2011-165.pdf</u>, at 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> U.S. Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights, *Dear Colleague Letter: Restraint and Seclusion of Students with Disabilities* (Dec. 28, 2016), *available at* <u>https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201612-504-restraint-seclusion-ps.pdf</u>, at 7.

of calming.<sup>7</sup> School personnel may not close, lock, or physically block a student in a room that is unlit and does not meet the rules of the State Fire Marshall for seclusion time-out rooms.<sup>8</sup>

### **School District Responsibilities**

Each school district must develop policies and procedures regarding the use of restraint and seclusion of students with a disability.<sup>9</sup> School district policies and procedures must address:<sup>10</sup>

- Incident-reporting procedures.
- Data collection and monitoring, including when, where, and why students are restrained or secluded.
- Training programs relating to manual or physical restraint and seclusion.
- The district's plan for reducing the use of restraint and seclusion, particularly in settings in which it occurs frequently or with students who are restrained repeatedly,<sup>11</sup> and for reducing the use of prone restraint and mechanical restraint.

# **Confidentiality of Student Records**

With limited exceptions, school districts may not disclose personally identifiable information contained within student records to a third party without parental consent.<sup>12</sup> School districts may disclose personally identifiable information from an education record regarding threats of violence and other issues regarding a student's well-being without parental consent in connection with an emergency if knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.<sup>13</sup>

School districts may also share student information with juvenile justice and criminal justice agencies if the disclosure concerns the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to effectively serve, prior to adjudication, the student whose records are released.<sup>14</sup> If the juvenile justice system seeks the disclosure of information on a student in order to identify and intervene with a juvenile at risk of delinquency, rather than to obtain information solely related to supervision of an adjudicated delinquent, the juvenile could be classified as a preadjudicated delinquent, and the records may be shared.<sup>15</sup>

https://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-6212/dps-2011-165.pdf, at 15.

 $<sup>^{7}</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 1003.573(5); Rule 69A-58.0084, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 1003.573(3)(a), F.S.

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The recurrent use of seclusion or restraint for an individual student indicates the need for a functional behavioral assessment (FBA) and should trigger a review and possible revision of that student's IEP and Behavioral Intervention Plan (BIP). For example, students with limited communication skills may exhibit aggressive behaviors in an effort to communicate. The FBA should be used to identify such situations and a BIP should be developed to address the need(s) through appropriate instructional techniques. Florida Department of Education, Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services, *Guidelines for the Use, Documentation, Reporting, and Monitoring of Restraint and Seclusion with Students with Disabilities*, Technical Assistance Paper FY 2011-165 (Oct. 14, 2011), *available at* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 1002.22, F.S.; 20 U.S.C. s. 1232(g).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 34 C.F.R. s. 99.36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 34 C.F.R. s. 99.38.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See U.S. Dep't. of Justice and U.S. Dep't of Ed., Sharing Information: A Guide to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act and Participation in Juvenile Justice Programs (June 1997), available at <a href="https://www.ncjrs.gov/pdffiles/163705.pdf">https://www.ncjrs.gov/pdffiles/163705.pdf</a> at 9.

#### **School Responsibilities**

Florida law requires a school to prepare an incident report within 24 hours after a student is released from restraint or seclusion.<sup>16</sup> The incident report must contain:<sup>17</sup>

- The name, age, grade, ethnicity, and disability of the student restrained or secluded.
- The date and time of the event and the duration of the restraint or seclusion.
- A description of the type of restraint.
- A description of the incident.

Before the end of the school day, a school must provide written notification to the parent or guardian of a student each time restraint or seclusion is used on the student.<sup>18</sup> Reasonable efforts must also be taken to notify the parent or guardian by telephone or e-mail, or both, and these efforts must be documented.<sup>19</sup> The school must obtain and keep in its records the parent's or guardian's signed acknowledgement that he or she was notified of his or her child's restraint or seclusion.<sup>20</sup> A school must also provide the parent or guardian with the completed incident report in writing by mail within three school days after a student was manually or physically restrained or secluded.<sup>21</sup>

Monitoring of the use of restraint and seclusion on students is required at the classroom, building, district, and state levels.<sup>22</sup> The incident report and the notification to the parent or guardian must be provided to the school principal, the school district director of Exceptional Student Education, and the bureau chief of the Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services within the DOE electronically each month that school is in session.<sup>23</sup>

In the 2017-2018 fiscal year, school districts reported 8,367 incidents of restraint and 834 incidents of seclusion.<sup>24</sup>

### Florida Department of Education Responsibilities

The DOE is required to maintain aggregate data of incidents of manual or physical restraint and seclusion by county, school, student exceptionality, and other variables, including the type and method of restraint or seclusion used.<sup>25</sup> This information must be updated monthly.<sup>26</sup> The DOE is also required to establish standards for documenting, reporting, and monitoring the use of manual or physical restraint or mechanical restraint, and occurrences of seclusion.<sup>27</sup>

 $^{22}$  *Id.* at (2)(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Section 1003.573(1), F.S. If the student's release occurs on a day before the school closes for the weekend, a holiday or another reason, the incident report must be completed by the end of the school day on the day the school reopens. *Id.* <sup>17</sup> *Id.* 

 $<sup>^{17}</sup>$  Id.  $^{18}$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> *Id.*  $^{19}$  *Id.* 

 $<sup>^{20}</sup>$  Id.

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$  Ia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Section 1003.573(1)(d), F.S.

 $<sup>^{23}</sup>$  *Id.* at (b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Senate Bill 62 Analysis* (2019), at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Section 1003.573(2)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Id. at (d).

# **Commissioner of Education Responsibilities**

The Commissioner of Education is required to develop recommendations to incorporate instruction regarding autism spectrum disorder, Down syndrome, and other developmental disabilities into continuing education or in-service training requirements for personnel.<sup>28</sup> These recommendations must address:<sup>29</sup>

- Early identification and intervention methods.
- Curriculum planning and curricular and instructional modifications, adaptations, and specialized strategies and techniques.
- The use of available state and local resources.
- The use of positive behavioral supports to deescalate problem behaviors.
- Appropriate use of manual physical restraint and seclusion techniques.

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill revises the circumstances and procedures required for restraining students with a disability in public schools and prohibits the use of seclusion. The bill also provides enhanced mechanisms for monitoring specified classrooms. Specifically, the bill requires:

- School districts to:
  - Adopt positive behavior interventions and supports for students with a disability and identify all school personnel authorized to use the interventions and supports.
  - Provide training to all school personnel authorized to use positive behavior interventions and supports.
  - Publish the procedures for training in positive behavior interventions and supports in the district's special policies and procedures manual.
- The development of a crisis intervention plan for a student who has been restrained twice during a semester.
- Schools to install a video camera, upon the request of a parent, in self-contained classrooms where students with a disability are enrolled and specifies the circumstances under which the video recording may be viewed.
- The Department of Education (DOE) to collect information relating to the installation and maintenance of video cameras in self-contained classrooms.
- Data maintained by the DOE on the use of restraint to be updated monthly and made available to the public through the DOE's website by October 1, 2020.
- The Commissioner of Education to develop recommendations that incorporate instruction regarding emotional or behavioral disabilities into continuing education or inservice training requirements for instructional personnel.

# The Use of Restraint and Seclusion

# Restraint

The bill modifies s. 1003.573, F.S., to define terms related to restraint and ensure restraint is only used as a last resort to avoid imminent harm. Specifically, the bill defines:

<sup>29</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Section 1012.582(1), F.S.

- Restraint to mean the use of a mechanical or physical restraint.
- Mechanical restraint to mean the use of a device that restricts a student's freedom of movement. The term does not include the use devices prescribed or recommended by physical or behavioral health professionals when used for indicated purposes.
- Physical restraint to mean the use of manual restraint techniques that involve significant physical force applied by a teacher or other staff member to restrict the movement of all or part of a student's body but does not include briefly holding a student in order to calm or comfort the student or physically escorting a student to a safe location.
- Student, as the term relates to the restraint of students with a disability, to mean a child with an individual education plan<sup>30</sup> enrolled in grades kindergarten through 12. The term does not include students in prekindergarten, students who reside in residential care facilities, or students participating in a Department of Juvenile Justice education program.

The bill specifies that restraint may only be used to protect the safety of students, school personnel, or others, and only after all behavioral interventions to prevent the dangerous behavior posing a risk of serious physical harm to the student or others have been exhausted, and the threat of injury posed by the dangerous behavior remains. When restraining a student, a person may only apply the degree of force necessary to protect the student or others from imminent risk of serious injury. Restraint may not:

- Be used to induce compliance, for student discipline, or to correct student noncompliance.
- Involve the use of straightjackets, zip ties, handcuffs, or tie-downs to obstruct or restrict breathing or blood flow.

#### Seclusion

The bill prohibits the use of seclusion of students by school personnel. Seclusion is defined as the involuntary confinement of a student in a room or area alone. The term does not include time-out used as a behavior management technique to calm a student.

This prohibition may encourage school personnel to consider effective and appropriate intervention strategies to address student behavior in the school setting.

### **School District Responsibilities**

The bill requires school districts to adopt positive behavior interventions and supports for students with a disability and identify all school personnel authorized to use the interventions and supports. District policies and procedures on positive behavior interventions and supports must be publicly posted at the beginning of each school year, and any revisions must be filed with the bureau chief of the Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services within the DOE within 90 days after the revision.

Existing requirements governing policies and procedures for the seclusion and restraint of students with a disability are updated to align with the new definitions relating to restraint and the prohibition of the use of seclusion. The bill authorizes school districts to include in their

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> The individualized education plan is the primary vehicle for communicating the school district's commitment to addressing the unique educational needs of a student with a disability. Florida Department of Education, *Developing Quality Individual Education Plans* (2015), *available at* <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7690/urlt/0070122-qualityieps.pdf</u>, at 9.

required plans for achieving goals to reduce the use of restraint an analysis of data to determine trends related to the use of restraint.

# Training

The bill requires school districts to provide training to all school personnel authorized to use positive behavior interventions and supports and publish the procedures for the training in the district's special policies and procedures manual. The bill adds the date an individual was last trained in the use of positive behavior interventions and supports to the required components of the incident report that is prepared within 24 hours after a student is released from restraint. Training must be provided annually and include:

- The use of positive behavior interventions and supports.
- Risk assessment procedures to identify when restraint may be used.
- Examples of when positive behavior interventions and support techniques have failed to reduce the imminent risk of serious injury.
- Examples of safe and appropriate restraint techniques and how to use these techniques with multiple staff members working as a team.
- Instruction in the district's documentation and reporting requirements.
- Procedures to identify and deal with possible medical emergencies arising during the use of restraint.
- Cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

The establishment of school district training protocol on the use of positive behavior interventions and supports may provide school personnel with additional resources and knowledge related to the techniques to deescalate disruptive student behavior.

# Crisis Intervention Plan

The bill requires a team comprised of school personnel, applicable physical and behavioral health professionals, and a student's parent to develop a crisis intervention plan after the second time the student is restrained during a semester. A crisis intervention plan is an individualized action plan for school personnel to implement when a student exhibits dangerous behavior that may lead to imminent risk of serious injury. The bill adds the date the crisis intervention plan was last reviewed, and whether changes were recommended, to the required components to be included in an incident report prepared within 24 hours after a student is released from restraint. The crisis intervention plan must be provided to the student's parent and include:

- Specific positive behavior interventions and supports to use in response to dangerous behaviors that create a threat of imminent risk of serious injury.
- Known physical and behavioral health concerns that will limit the use of restraint for the student.
- A timetable for the review and, if necessary, revision of the crisis intervention plan.

# Video Cameras in Self-Contained Classrooms

# **Operation of Video Cameras**

The bill creates s. 1003.574, F.S., which requires a school district to provide a video camera to any school with a self-contained classroom upon the written request of a parent of a student in

the classroom. A self-contained classroom is a classroom at a public school in which a majority of the students in regular attendance are provided special education services and are assigned to one or more such classrooms for at least 50 percent of the instructional day. Before the video camera is placed in any classroom, schools must provide written notification of the placement of the video camera to the parents of each student assigned to the self-contained classroom, the school district, and each employee assigned to work with any of the students in the self-contained classroom. The video camera must be operational in each classroom in which the student is in attendance within 30 days after receipt of the parent's written request. The bill does not apply to self-contained classrooms in which the only students receiving special education services are those who have been deemed gifted.

The video camera must be capable of recording, through both video and audio, all areas of the self-contained classroom and any room attached to that classroom but is not required to record when no students are present. Schools are prohibited from:

- Recording a restroom or any area where a student changes his or her clothes.
- Using videos for teacher evaluations or any purpose other than for ensuring the health, safety, and well-being of students receiving special education services in a self-contained classroom.
- Allowing regular or continuous monitoring of the video recording.

Any interruption in the operation of the video camera must be explained in writing to the school principal and the district school board. The explanation must include the duration of the interruption, and the district school board office is required to maintain the written explanation for at least one year.

If the parent withdraws the request or the student no longer attends the classroom, the school must notify the parents of the other students in the classroom at least five school days prior to ceasing operation of the video camera. The school must notify the parents that operation of the video camera will cease unless the continued use of the camera is requested by a parent. The school must also send the notification at least ten school days prior to the end of each school year.

### Maintenance and Disclosure of Video Camera Recordings

The bill provides measures related to the maintenance and disclosure of recordings generated by video cameras in self-contained classrooms. The school principal is the custodian of video cameras, video recordings, and access to video recordings and must protect the confidentiality of all student records contained in video camera recordings in accordance with Florida laws governing the disclosure of student records. When making video recordings available for viewing, the school principal must conceal the identity of any student who appears in a video camera recording but is not involved in the incident which formed the basis of the request for disclosure.

The school must make a recording available for viewing within seven days after receiving a request from:

• A school or school district employee who is involved in an alleged incident that is documented by the video recording as part of the investigative process.

- A parent of a student who is involved in an alleged incident that is documented by the video recording and has been reported to the school or school district.
- A school or school district employee as part of an investigation into an alleged incident that is documented by the video recording and has been reported to the school or school district.
- A law enforcement officer as part of an investigation into an alleged incident that is documented by the video recording and has been reported to the law enforcement agency.
- The Department of Children and Families (DCF) as part of a child abuse or neglect investigation.

An incident is defined as an event, circumstance, act, or omission that results in the abuse or neglect of a student by an employee of a public school, school district or another student. The person who requested to view the recording must view the recording within 30 days of receiving notice that his or her request for viewing has been granted and report any suspected child abuse to the DCF. The bill specifies that an incidental viewing by a school employee or contractor involved in the installation, operation, or maintenance of video equipment, or the retention of video recordings does not violate limitations on the disclosure of video recordings.

Schools must retain video footage for at least three months after the date the video was recorded or until the conclusion of any investigation or legal proceedings that result from the recording, including the exhaustion of all appeals.

# State Board of Education Appeals

An individual may appeal to the State Board of Education (SBE) an action by a school or school district which the individual alleges violates requirements related to video cameras in self-contained classrooms, and the SBE must grant a hearing within 45 days of receiving the request for appeal. The bill specifies that statutory requirements related to video cameras in self-contained classrooms do not:

- Limit the access of the parent of a student, under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)<sup>31</sup> or any other law, to a video recording regarding his or her student.
- Waive any immunity from liability of a school district or an employee of a school district.
- Create any liability for a cause of action against a school or school district or an employee of a school or school district carrying out the duties and responsibilities related to video cameras in self-contained classrooms.

The bill provides rulemaking authority to the SBE to implement requirements related to video cameras in classrooms.

# Florida Department of Education Responsibilities

The bill requires the DOE to collect information related to the installation and maintenance of video cameras. The aggregate-level data on incidents of restraint by county, school, student exceptionality, and other variables must be made available to the public through the DOE's website by October 1, 2020. This may provide the public with access to policies, procedures, and data related to the use of restraint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.

The bill replaces the requirement for the DOE to establish standards for documenting, reporting, and monitoring the use of restraint with the requirement to establish standards for documenting, reporting, and monitoring the incident reports related to the use of restraint. This may assist school districts in documenting and reporting incidents related to the use of restraint.

# **Commissioner of Education Responsibilities**

The bill requires the commissioner to develop recommendations that incorporate instruction regarding emotional or behavioral disabilities into continuing education or inservice training requirements for instructional personnel. The bill also modifies the information required to be addressed in such recommendations by requiring the recommendations to address the use of positive behavior interventions and support, and effective classroom behavior management strategies.

Accordingly, the bill may help instructional personnel to be better informed and trained in strategies to teach students with emotional or behavioral disabilities.

# IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

## C. Government Sector Impact:

School districts may incur costs associated with installing and maintaining video cameras and retaining recordings. The fiscal impact is indeterminate.

# VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends sections 1003.573, 1003.574, and 1012.582 of the Florida Statutes.

# IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Book

32-00047E-20 20201644 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to students with disabilities in public schools; amending s. 1003.573, F.S.; defining 3 terms; requiring school districts to prohibit the use of seclusion on students with disabilities in public schools; providing requirements for the use of restraint; prohibiting specified restraint techniques; revising school district policies and procedures 8 ç relating to restraint; requiring school districts to 10 adopt positive behavior interventions and supports and 11 certain policies and procedures; requiring each school 12 district to publicly post specified policies and 13 procedures; requiring school districts to provide 14 training on certain interventions and supports to 15 specified personnel; providing requirements for such 16 training; requiring each school district to publish 17 training procedures in its special policies and 18 procedures manual; requiring schools to develop a 19 crisis intervention plan for certain students; 20 providing requirements for such plans; revising the 21 requirements for documenting, reporting, and 22 monitoring the use of restraint; requiring the 23 department to make certain information available to 24 the public by a specified date; conforming provisions 25 to changes made by the act; creating s. 1003.574, 26 F.S.; defining terms; requiring a video camera to be 27 placed in specified classrooms upon the request of a 28 parent; requiring video cameras to be operational 29 within a specified time period; providing requirements Page 1 of 17

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30	for the discontinuation of such video cameras;
31	providing requirements for such video cameras;
32	providing an exception; requiring a written
33	explanation if the operation of such cameras is
34	interrupted; requiring district school boards to
35	maintain such explanation for a specified time;
36	requiring schools to provide written notice to certain
37	individuals of the placement of a video camera;
38	providing requirements for retaining and deleting
39	video recordings; providing prohibitions for the use
40	of such video cameras and recordings; providing that
41	school principals are the custodians of such video
42	cameras and recordings; providing requirements for
43	school principals and video recordings; providing
44	requirements relating to student privacy; providing
45	requirements for the viewing of such video recordings;
46	providing for an appeal process for actions of a
47	school or school district; providing that incidental
48	viewings of video recordings by specified individuals
49	are not a violation of certain provisions; providing
50	construction; requiring the Department of Education to
51	collect specified information; authorizing the State
52	Board of Education to adopt rules; amending s.
53	1012.582, F.S.; requiring continuing education and
54	inservice training for instructional personnel
55	teaching students with emotional or behavioral
56	disabilities; conforming provisions to changes made by
57	the act; providing an effective date.
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59	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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61	Section 1. Section 1003.573, Florida Statutes, is amended
62	to read:
63	1003.573 <u>Seclusion and</u> <del>Use of</del> restraint <u>of</u> <del>and seclusion on</del>
64	students with disabilities in public schools
65	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
66	(a) "Crisis intervention plan" means an individualized
67	action plan for school personnel to implement when a student
68	exhibits dangerous behavior that may lead to imminent risk of
69	serious injury.
70	(b) "Imminent risk of serious injury" means the threat
71	posed by dangerous behavior that may cause serious physical harm
72	to self or others.
73	(c) "Restraint" means the use of a mechanical or physical
74	restraint.
75	1. "Mechanical restraint" means the use of a device that
76	restricts a student's freedom of movement. The term does not
77	include the use of devices prescribed or recommended by physical
78	or behavioral health professionals when used for indicated
79	purposes.
80	2. "Physical restraint" means the use of manual restraint
81	techniques that involve significant physical force applied by a
82	teacher or other staff member to restrict the movement of all or
83	part of a student's body. The term does not include briefly
84	holding a student in order to calm or comfort the student or
85	physically escorting a student to a safe location.
86	(d) "Positive behavior interventions and supports" means
87	the use of behavioral interventions to prevent dangerous
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88	behaviors that may cause serious physical harm to the student or
89	others.
90	(e) "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of a
91	student in a room or area alone and preventing the student from
92	leaving the room or area. The term does not include time-out
93	used as a behavior management technique intended to calm a
94	student.
95	(f) "Student" means a child with an individual education
96	plan enrolled in grades kindergarten through 12 in a school, as
97	defined in s. 1003.01(2), or the Florida School for the Deaf and
98	Blind. The term does not include students in prekindergarten,
99	students who reside in residential care facilities under s.
100	1003.58, or students participating in a Department of Juvenile
101	Justice education program under s. 1003.53.
102	(2) SECLUSIONEach school district shall prohibit school
103	personnel from using seclusion.
104	(3) RESTRAINT
105	(a) Authorized school personnel may use restraint only when
106	all positive behavior interventions and supports have been
107	exhausted. Restraint may be used only when there is an imminent
108	risk of serious injury and shall be discontinued as soon as the
109	threat posed by the dangerous behavior has dissipated.
110	Straightjackets, zip ties, handcuffs, or tie-downs may not be
111	used to obstruct or restrict breathing or blood flow. Restraint
112	techniques may not be used to inflict pain to induce compliance.
113	(b) Notwithstanding the authority provided in s. 1003.32,
114	restraint shall be used only to protect the safety of students,
115	school personnel, or others and may not be used for student
116	discipline or to correct student noncompliance.
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117	(c) The degree of force applied during physical restraint
118	must be only that degree of force necessary to protect the
119	student or others from imminent risk of serious injury.
120	(4) (3) SCHOOL DISTRICT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
120	(a) Each school district shall adopt positive behavior
121	interventions and supports and identify all school personnel
123	authorized to use the interventions and supports. Each school
124	district shall develop policies and procedures that are
125	consistent with this section and that govern the following:
126	1. Incident-reporting procedures.
127	2. Data collection and monitoring, including when, where,
128	and why students are restrained <u>and</u> or secluded; the frequency
129	of occurrences of such restraint or seclusion; and the prone or
130	mechanical restraint that is most used.
131	3. Monitoring and reporting of data collected.
132	4. Training programs <u>and procedures</u> relating to <del>manual or</del>
133	physical restraint as described in subsection (3) and seclusion.
134	5. The district's plan for selecting personnel to be
135	trained <u>pursuant to this subsection</u> .
136	6. The district's plan for reducing the use of restraint <u>,</u>
137	and seclusion particularly in settings in which it occurs
138	frequently or with students who are restrained repeatedly, and
139	for reducing the use of prone restraint and mechanical
140	restraint. The plan must include a goal for reducing the use of
141	restraint and seclusion and must include activities, skills, and
142	resources needed to achieve that goal. Activities may include,
143	but are not limited to:
144	a. Additional training in positive behavior interventions
145	and supports. behavioral support and crisis management;
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146	b. Parental involvement_+
147	c. Data review <u>.</u> ;
148	d. Updates of students' functional behavioral analysis and
149	positive behavior intervention plans <u>.</u> +
150	e. Additional student evaluations_+
151	f. Debriefing with staff.+
152	g. Use of schoolwide positive behavior support_; and
153	h. Changes to the school environment.
154	i. Analysis of data to determine trends.
155	j. Ongoing reduction of the use of restraint.
156	(b) Any revisions <u>a school district makes to its</u> <del>to the</del>
157	$rac{ ext{district's}}{ ext{policies}}$ policies and procedures $rac{ ext{pursuant to this section}_{ au}}{ ext{r}}$
158	which must be prepared as part of its special policies and
159	$\underline{procedures_{r}}$ must be filed with the bureau chief of the Bureau of
160	Exceptional Education and Student Services within 90 days after
161	the revision no later than January 31, 2012.
162	(c) At the beginning of each school year, each school
163	district shall publicly post its policies and procedures on
164	positive behavior interventions and supports as adopted by the
165	school district.
166	(5) TRAININGEach school district shall provide training
167	to all school personnel authorized to use positive behavior
168	interventions and supports pursuant to school district policy.
169	Training shall be provided annually and must include:
170	(a) The use of positive behavior interventions and
171	supports.
172	(b) Risk assessment procedures to identify when restraint
173	may be used.
174	(c) Examples of when positive behavior interventions and
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support techniques have failed to reduce the imminent risk of	204	intervention plan to the student's parent.
serious injury.	205	(7) (1) DOCUMENTATION AND REPORTING
(d) Examples of safe and appropriate restraint techniques	206	(a) A school shall prepare an incident report within 24
and how to use these techniques with multiple staff members	207	hours after a student is released from restraint or seclusion.
working as a team.	208	If the student's release occurs on a day before the school
(e) Instruction in the district's documentation and	209	closes for the weekend, a holiday, or another reason, the
reporting requirements.	210	incident report must be completed by the end of the school day
(f) Procedures to identify and deal with possible medical	211	on the day the school reopens.
emergencies arising during the use of restraint.	212	(b) The following must be included in the incident report:
(g) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation.	213	1. The name of the student restrained or secluded.
	214	2. The age, grade, ethnicity, and disability of the student
Each school district shall publish the procedures for the	215	restrained <del>or secluded</del> .
training required under this subsection in the district's	216	3. The date and time of the event and the duration of the
special policies and procedures manual.	217	restraint <del>or seclusion</del> .
(6) CRISIS INTERVENTION PLAN	218	4. The location at which the restraint or seclusion
(a) Upon the second time a student is restrained during a	219	occurred.
semester, the school shall develop a crisis intervention plan	220	5. A description of the type of restraint used in terms
for the student. The crisis intervention plan shall be developed	221	established by the department <del>of Education</del> .
by a team comprised of the student's parent, school personnel,	222	6. The name of the person using or assisting in the
and applicable physical and behavioral health professionals.	223	restraint <del>or seclusion</del> of the student <u>and the date the person</u>
(b) The crisis intervention plan must include:	224	was last trained in the use of positive behavior interventions
1. Specific positive behavior interventions and supports to	225	and supports.
use in response to dangerous behaviors that create a threat of	226	7. The name of any nonstudent who was present to witness
imminent risk of serious injury.	227	the restraint <del>or seclusion</del> .
2. Known physical and behavioral health concerns that will	228	8. A description of the incident, including <u>all of the</u>
limit the use of restraint for the student.	229	following:
3. A timetable for the review and, if necessary, revision	230	a. The context in which the restraint <del>or seclusion</del>
of the crisis intervention plan.	231	occurred.
(c) The school must provide a copy of the crisis	232	b. The student's behavior leading up to and precipitating
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.		CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions
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233	the decision to use <del>manual or physical</del> restraint or seclusion,
234	including an indication as to why there was an imminent risk of
235	serious injury <del>or death</del> to the student or others.
236	c. The specific positive behavior interventions and
237	supports behavioral strategies used to prevent and deescalate
238	the behavior.
239	d. What occurred with the student immediately after the
240	termination of the restraint or seclusion.
241	e. Any injuries, visible marks, or possible medical
242	emergencies that may have occurred during the restraint $\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}$
243	seclusion, documented according to district policies.
244	f. Evidence of steps taken to notify the student's parent
245	or guardian.
246	g. The date the crisis intervention plan was last reviewed
247	and whether changes were recommended.
248	(c) A school shall notify the parent or guardian of a
249	student each time manual or physical restraint or seclusion is
250	used. Such notification must be in writing and provided before
251	the end of the school day on which the restraint $\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}$ seclusion
252	occurs. Reasonable efforts must also be taken to notify the
253	parent or guardian by telephone or computer e-mail, or both, and
254	these efforts must be documented. The school shall obtain, and
255	keep in its records, the parent's or guardian's signed
256	acknowledgment that he or she was notified of his or her child's
257	restraint <del>or seclusion</del> .
258	(d) A school shall also provide the parent or guardian with
259	the completed incident report in writing by mail within 3 school
260	days after a student was <del>manually or physically</del> restrained <del>or</del>
261	$\frac{1}{2}$ secluded. The school shall obtain, and keep in its records, the
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	32-00047E-20 20201644
2.62	32-00047E-20 20201644_ parent's or quardian's signed acknowledgment that he or she
263	received a copy of the incident report.
263	(8) <del>(2)</del> MONITORING
265	
265	(a) Monitoring of The use of manual or physical restraint
	or seclusion on students shall be monitored occur at the
267	classroom, building, district, and state levels.
268	(b) <u>Any</u> documentation prepared <u>by a school pursuant to as</u>
269	required in subsection $(7)$ (1) shall be provided to the school
270	principal, the district director of Exceptional Student
271	Education, and the bureau chief of the Bureau of Exceptional
272	Education and Student Services electronically each month that
273	the school is in session.
274	(c) The department shall maintain aggregate data of
275	incidents of manual or physical restraint and seclusion and
276	disaggregate the data for analysis by county, school, student
277	exceptionality, and other variables, including the type and
278	method of restraint or seclusion used. This information shall be
279	updated monthly, de-identified, and made available to the public
280	through the department's website no later than October 1, 2020.
281	(d) The department shall establish standards for
282	documenting, reporting, and monitoring the incident reports
283	related to the use of manual or physical restraint or mechanical
284	restraint, and occurrences of seclusion. These standards shall
285	be provided to school districts by October 1, 2011.
286	(4) PROHIBITED RESTRAINTSchool personnel may not use a
287	mechanical restraint or a manual or physical restraint that
288	restricts a student's breathing.
289	(5) SECLUSION. School personnel may not close, lock, or
290	physically block a student in a room that is unlit and does not
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291	meet the rules of the State Fire Marshal for seclusion time-out
.92	rooms.
293	Section 2. Section 1003.574, Florida Statutes, is created
94	to read:
95	1003.574 Video cameras in public school classrooms
96	(1) As used in this section, the term:
97	(a) "Incident" means an event, circumstance, act, or
98	omission that results in the abuse or neglect of a student by:
99	1. An employee of a public school or school district; or
300	2. Another student.
301	(b) "Self-contained classroom" means a classroom at a
302	public school in which a majority of the students in regular
303	attendance are provided special education services and are
304	assigned to one or more such classrooms for at least 50 percent
305	of the instructional day.
806	(2) (a) A school district shall provide a video camera to
307	any school with a self-contained classroom upon the written
808	request of a parent of a student in the classroom.
809	(b) Within 30 days after receipt of the request from a
10	parent, a video camera shall be operational in each self-
11	contained classroom in which the parent's student is in regular
12	attendance for the remainder of the school year, unless the
13	parent withdraws his or her request in writing.
14	(3) If the student who is the subject of the initial
15	request is no longer in attendance in the classroom and a school
16	discontinues operation of a video camera during a school year,
17	no later than the fifth school day before the date the operation
18	of the video camera is discontinued, the school must notify the
19	parents of each student in regular attendance in the classroom
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32-00047E-2020201644_320that operation of the video camera will cease unless the321continued use of the camera is requested by a parent. No later322than the 10th school day before the end of each school year, the323school must notify the parents of each student in regular324attendance in the classroom that operation of the video camera325will not continue during the following school year unless a326written request is submitted by a parent for the next school327year.328(4) (a) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom329must be capable of all of the following:3301. Monitoring all areas of the self-contained classroom,331including, without limitation, any room attached to the self-3322. Recording audio from all areas of the self-contained333classroom, including, without limitation, any room attached to334the self-contained classroom which is used for other purposes.335(b) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom may336not monitor a restrom or any other area in the self-contained337not monitor a restrom or any other area in the self-contained338classroom where a student changes his or her clothes, except for339the entryway, exitway, or hallway outside a restroom or other339area where a student changes his or her clothes because of the339layout of the self-contained classroom.331(c) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom is333 <th></th> <th></th>		
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349	The written explanation must be maintained at the district				
350	school board office for at least 1 year.				
351	(5) Before a school initially places a video camera in a				
352	self-contained classroom pursuant to this section, the school				
353	shall provide written notice of the placement of such video				
354	camera to all of the following:				
355	(a) The parent of each student who is assigned to the self-				
356	contained classroom.				
357	(b) Each student who is assigned to the self-contained				
358	classroom.				
359	(c) The school district.				
360	(d) Each school employee who is assigned to work with one				
361	or more students in the self-contained classroom.				
362	(6) A school shall:				
363	(a) Retain video recorded from a video camera placed				
364	pursuant to this section for at least 3 months after the date				
365	the video was recorded, after which the recording shall be				
366	deleted or otherwise made unretrievable; or				
367	(b) Retain the recording until the conclusion of any				
368	investigation or any administrative or legal proceedings that				
369	result from the recording have been completed, including,				
370	without limitation, the exhaustion of all appeals.				
371	(7) A school or school district may not:				
372	(a) Allow regular, continuous, or continual monitoring of				
373	videos recorded under this section; or				
374	(b) Use videos recorded under this section for teacher				
375	evaluations or any purpose other than for ensuring the health,				
376	safety, and well-being of students receiving special education				
377	services in a self-contained classroom.				
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378	(8) The principal of the school is the custodian of a video			
379	camera operated pursuant to this section, all recordings			
380	generated by that video camera, and access to such recordings.			
381	(a) The release or viewing of any video recording under			
382	this section must comply with s. 1002.22.			
383	(b) A school or school district shall:			
384	1. Conceal the identity of any student who appears in a			
385	video recording, but is not involved in the alleged incident			
386	documented by the video recording, which the school allows to be			
387	viewed under subsection (9), including, without limitation,			
388	blurring the face of the uninvolved student.			
389	2. Protect the confidentiality of all student records			
390	contained in a video recording in accordance with s. 1002.22.			
391	(9)(a) Within 7 days after receiving a request to view a			
392	video recording, a school or school district shall allow the			
393	following individuals to view a video recording made under this			
394	section:			
395	1. A school or school district employee who is involved in			
396	an alleged incident that is documented by the video recording as			
397	part of the investigative process;			
398	2. A parent of a student who is involved in an alleged			
399	incident that is documented by the video recording and has been			
400	reported to the school or school district;			
401	3. A school or school district employee as part of an			
402	investigation into an alleged incident that is documented by the			
403	video recording and has been reported to the school or school			
404	district;			
405	4. A law enforcement officer as part of an investigation			
406	into an alleged incident that is documented by the video			
	Page 14 of 17			
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i	32-00047E-20 20201644
407	recording and has been reported to the law enforcement agency;
408	or
409	5. The Department of Children and Families as part of a
410	child abuse or neglect investigation.
411	(b) A person who requests to view a recording shall make
412	himself or herself available for viewing the recording within 30
413	days after being notified by the school or school district that
414	the person's request has been granted.
415	(c) A person who views the recording and suspects that
416	child abuse has occurred must report the suspected child abuse
417	to the Department of Children and Families.
418	(10) (a) Any individual may appeal to the State Board of
419	Education regarding an action by a school or school district
420	which the individual alleges to be in violation of this section.
421	(b) The state board shall grant a hearing on an appeal
422	under this subsection within 45 days after receiving the appeal.
423	(11) A school or school district does not violate
424	subsection (8) if a contractor or other employee of the school
425	or school district incidentally views a video recording made
426	under this section in connection with the performance of his or
427	her duties related to either of the following:
428	(a) The installation, operation, or maintenance of video
429	equipment; or
430	(b) The retention of video recordings.
431	(12) This section does not:
432	(a) Limit the access of the parent of a student, under the
433	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. s.
434	1232g, or any other law, to a video recording regarding his or
435	her student.
1	

#### Page 15 of 17

	32-00047E-20 20201644
436	(b) Waive any immunity from liability of a school district
437	or an employee of a school district.
438	(c) Create any liability for a cause of action against a
439	school or school district or an employee of a school or school
440	district carrying out the duties and responsibilities required
441	by this section.
442	(d) Apply to self-contained classrooms in which the only
443	students receiving special education services are those who have
444	been deemed gifted.
445	(13) The department shall collect information relating to
446	the installation and maintenance of video cameras under this
447	section.
448	(14) The State Board of Education may adopt rules to
449	implement this section.
450	Section 3. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1012.582,
451	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
452	1012.582 Continuing education and inservice training for
453	teaching students with developmental $\underline{and emotional or behavioral}$
454	disabilities
455	(1) The Commissioner of Education shall develop
456	recommendations to incorporate instruction regarding autism
457	spectrum disorder, Down syndrome, and other developmental
458	disabilities, and emotional or behavioral disabilities into
459	continuing education or inservice training requirements for
460	instructional personnel. These recommendations shall address:
461	(a) Early identification of, and intervention for, students
462	who have autism spectrum disorder, Down syndrome, <del>or</del> other
463	developmental disabilities, or emotional or behavioral
464	disabilities.
	Page 16 of 17
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	32-00047E-20 20201644
465	(b) Curriculum planning and curricular and instructional
466	modifications, adaptations, and specialized strategies and
467	techniques.
468	(c) The use of available state and local resources.
469	(d) The use of positive behavior interventions and
470	bchavioral supports to deescalate problem behaviors.
471	(e) The Appropriate use of manual physical restraint and
472	seclusion techniques, positive behavior interventions and
473	supports, and effective classroom behavior management
474	strategies.
475	(2) In developing the recommendations, the commissioner
476	shall consult with the State Surgeon General, the Director of
477	the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, representatives from
478	the education community in the state, and representatives from
479	entities that promote awareness about autism spectrum disorder,
480	Down syndrome, and other developmental disabilities, and
481	emotional or behavioral disabilities and provide programs and
482	services to persons with developmental disabilities, including,
483	but not limited to, regional autism centers pursuant to s.
484	1004.55.
485	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
	Page 17 of 17
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	and and the activity, words <u>anderined</u> are address.

THE FLORIDA SENATE
APPEARANCE RECORD
$\frac{2 - 10 - 20}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) <i>Bill Number (if applicable)</i>
Topic Sechusion + Restraint in Schools Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Dr. STEVE COLEMAN
Job Title Public Policy Director
Address 3116 Capital Circle N.E. Phone 904-635-7155
TALIAHASSEE FL 32308 Email SCO/EMAN & BACSOUTHEAST City State Zip Email SCO/EMAN & BACSOUTHEAST
Speaking:       ✓ For       Against       Information       Waive Speaking:       In Support       Against         (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Association for BShavior ANALysis
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes VNo Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes VNo

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# THE FLORIDA SENATE APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Bill Number (if applicable

Topic Students With Dissabilities	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Mary-Lynn Cullen	_
Job Title Legislative Liaison	-
Address 1674 Universify PKwy.	Phone <u>941 - 928 - 0278</u>
Sarasofa Fl. 34243	Email <u>a (children@aol.co</u> w
	Speaking: In Support Against Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Advocacy Institute For</u>	Children
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislature: 🛛 Yes 🗌 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATI	E
APPEARANCE RE	CORD
$\frac{2102020}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profes	ssional Staff conducting the meeting) <u>I (4</u> 4 <i>Bill Number (if applicable)</i>
Торіс	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Lauren Segelbaum	
Job Title Assistant Principal	
Address 4104 N. 50th Ane	Phone <u>954-290-6743</u>
Street HULLbood FI 330	22 Email Segelbaum @
	aive Speaking: I In Support Against ne Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes VNo Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE	
APPEARANCE RECO	RD
$\frac{2 \left  10 \right  20}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Structure Deliver BOTH copies of the Senator Deliver BOTH copies of the	$\frac{SB}{B}$
Topic Students with Disabilities	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Linda Howard -	
Job Title <u>Refired</u>	
Address 1931 Mallory Sq	Phone 850-216-2108
Tallahass FL 3268	Email
City State Zip	
	beaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing League of Women Voters	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🔀 No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🔀 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	THE FL	ORIDA SENATE		
2110/20 (Delive	<b>APPEARA</b> er BOTH copies of this form to the Sena	NCE RECOR		1444
Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic			Amenda	ment Barcode (if applicable)
NameStack	HOASJund			
Job Title Presid M	- Antion SUCT	ity of filli	24	
Address <u>Street</u>			Phone	
	· .		Email	
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: For Aga	ainst Information	•	aking: In Sup	oport Against ation into the record.)
RepresentingA	utism Sirci ety	0-7 6)01121		
Appearing at request of Ch	air: Yes No	Lobbyist register	red with Legislatu	ıre: 🔄 Yes 🔄 No
While it is a Senate tradition to e meeting. Those who do speak n	••••	• • •		

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	APPEARA	NCE RECO	RD	
02/10/2020	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senato	or or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting)	1644
Meeting Date	-		-	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Classroom Seclusio	on and Retraints on persons with develop	omental disabilities	Amend	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Dixie Sansom				
Job Title Lobbyist	<u></u>			
Address PO Box 98			Phone <u>321-777-</u>	8130
Street Cocoa	FL	32923	Email dixiesansc	m@aol.com
<i>City</i> Speaking:	State		peaking: In Su	•••••••••••••
Representing The	e Arc of Florida	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Appearing at request	of Chair: Yes 🗹 No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislatu	ire: 🖌 Yes 🗌 No
	on to encourage public testimony, tim beak may be asked to limit their rema	<b>.</b> .		

THE FLORIDA SENATE

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)
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THE FLORIDA SENATE						
APPEARANCE RECORD						
A D 2024 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)						
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)						
Topic Students w Disabilities Amendment Barcode (if applicable)						
Name Dr. Danielle Thomas						
Job Title Legislation Chair						
Address 1747 CHando Central Play Phone 4078557604						
Street Chando PL 32809 Email legislation@ Alonidapte						
City State Zip						
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against						
(The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing						
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No						
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.						

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

**THE FLORIDA SENATE** 

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	<u>SB 1644</u> Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>SB</u> 1644	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jasen Sugalburg	
Job Title Youth Worker	* 
Address <u>4104 N. SO Ave</u> Street	_ Phone <u>3.05-772-0482</u>
	_ Email <u>scalbaunigenessera</u>
	Speaking: In Support Against Against Speaking: Against
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🔀 No Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🔀 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.
THE FLORIDA	SENATE
APPEARANC	E RECORD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Se 02 - 10 - 2020 Meeting Date	nate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) <u>SBIGYY</u> Bill Number (if applicable)
	in Rublic Schools Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Amy Datz	
Job Title Parent of a disab	led Child. 850
Address	Phone 322-7599
Tallahassee FL.	Email amalie datz Mac.
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Self</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lo	bbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Vo

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

#### The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prej	pared By: T	he Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Education
BILL:	SB 7042				
INTRODUCER:	Governme	ntal Overs	ight and Acco	untability Comm	nittee
SUBJECT:	State Univ	ersity Faci	ility Designati	ons	
DATE:	February 1	0, 2020	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAF	- DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
McVaney		McVa	ney	GO	GO Submitted as Committee Bill
1. Brick		Sikes		ED	Favorable
2.				RC	

# I. Summary:

SB 7042 establishes a process for naming and renaming state university facilities. Specifically, the bill:

- Requires the Board of Governors (BOG) to adopt regulations to specify authority, procedures, and elements related to the naming or renaming of any state university facilities.
- Requires the BOG regulations to specify the respective responsibilities of the BOG and state university boards of trustees and presidents, and procedural requirements regarding transparency, public engagement, nongift-related and gift-related considerations, approval, and other transparency and accountability requirements deemed appropriate by the BOG.
- Repeals Florida law that designated the building housing the FSU College of Law as the B.K. Roberts Hall.
- Provides legislative intent regarding the naming of the FSU College of Law facility.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect upon becoming a law, except that the statutory changes take effect July 1, 2020.

## II. Present Situation:

## State Constitution relating to State University System

The State Constitution establishes the system of governance of the state university system of Florida with the board of governors governing the overall system and a board of trustees administering each state university.<sup>1</sup> The State Constitution grants the BOG the authority to operate, regulate, control, and be fully responsible for the management of the whole university

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> FLA. CONST. art. IX, s. 7(b).

system.<sup>2</sup> The BOG's management is "subject to the powers of the legislature to appropriate for the expenditure of funds."<sup>3</sup> The BOG is empowered to establish the powers and duties of the boards of trustees.<sup>4</sup>

## Select Statutory Provisions relating to the State University System

In implementing the State Constitution regarding the state university system, the Legislature enacted Part IV of chapter 1001, F.S., to delineate responsibilities between the BOG and the Legislature. Pertinent to this legislation, the responsibilities of the legislature include:

"(a) Making provision by law for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of institutions of higher learning and other public education programs that the needs of the people may require;

(e) Establishing policies relating to expenditure of, accountability for, and management of funds appropriated by the Legislature or revenues authorized by the Legislature. ... This includes, but is not limited to, policies relating to: ... maintenance and construction of facilities; property; ...."

Title to all real property acquired prior to January 7, 2003, and to all real property acquired with funds appropriated by the Legislature (after that date) was vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.<sup>5</sup>

Section 1001.706(7)(b), F.S., directs the BOG to develop guidelines for university boards of trustees relating to the use, maintenance, protection, and control of <u>university-owned</u> and <u>university-controlled</u> buildings and groups, property and equipment, name, trademarks and other proprietary marks, and the financial and other resources of the university.

The BOG has adopted Regulation 9.005 (Naming of Buildings and Facilities) to delegate and specify the authority, procedures, and elements related to the naming of any building, road, bridge, park, recreational complex, other similar facility or educational site <u>of a state university</u> for individuals or groups who have made significant contributions to the university or the state.<sup>6</sup> As a part of this regulation, the BOG assert, based on its constitutional authority, that the naming of university facilities "is the prerogative and privilege of the State University System of Florida and is vested in the Board of Governors."<sup>7</sup>

#### Naming of state buildings and other facilities

As a general rule, a state building, road, bridge, park, recreational complex, or other similar facility may not be named for a living person unless the legislature specifically names it in law.<sup>8</sup> An exception to this general rule is authorized if the board of trustees of a state university names

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FLA. CONST. art. IX, s. 7(d).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> FLA. CONST. art. IX, s. 7(c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 1001.706(7)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The BOG regulation definition does not include statues or monuments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> BOG Regulation 9.005 "Naming of Buildings and Facilities."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 267.062(1), F.S.

a facility of a state university in accordance with the regulations adopted by the BOG of the State University System.<sup>9</sup>

Section 1013.79, F.S., establishes the University Facility Enhancement Challenge Grant Program. This program is intended to assist universities in funding the costs of new facilities. A facility constructed through this program may be named in honor of a donor at the option of the university and the BOG. However, no facility may be named after a living person without prior approval by the legislature.<sup>10</sup>

# B.K. Roberts Hall and actions by the Florida State University

In 1973, the Legislature enacted ch. 73-370, Laws of Florida, to name the building "housing the Florida State University College of Law" as "Roberts Hall."

In 2017-2018, Florida State University President John Thrasher followed state law and BOG regulation in exploring potential actions and recommendations<sup>11</sup> related to Francis Eppes Hall, Francis Eppes Statue, and the B.K. Roberts College of Law. As a result, President Thrasher created the "President's Advisory Panel on University Namings and Recognitions" to examine and make recommendations on university policies concerning campus names and markers, including statues and other recognitions. In addition, the panel:

- Researched issues, met and engaged with university constituencies, and determined criteria for appropriate naming policies.
- Made recommendations related to Francis Eppes Hall and Francis Eppes Statue which were implementable at the institutional level by the university president and the university board of trustees.

In conjunction, the panel recommended a name change to the B.K. Roberts College of Law. However, because the facility was named by legislation<sup>12</sup> in 1973 the panel was limited in its ability to implement recommendations beyond seeking legislative action.

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** amends s. 1001.706, F.S., to direct the BOG of the State University System to adopt regulations governing the naming and renaming of facilities used by a university or situated on property owned by the State of Florida or purchased by funds appropriated by the legislature. These regulations must apply to the initial naming of such facility or the renaming of, or removal of a name from, a facility previously designated by the legislature. These regulations must also set forth the responsibilities of the BOG, the university boards of trustees, and the university presidents. This section takes effect July 1, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 267.062(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 1013.79(11), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Florida State University, *President Advisory Panel on University Naming and Recognitions* (2018) available at <u>https://president.fsu.edu/wp-content/uploads/2018/07/Panel-Report-July-2018.pdf</u> (last visited on January 31, 2020). <sup>12</sup> Ch. 73-370, L.O.F.

**Section 2** amends s. 1013.79, F.S., to delete the prohibition that a facility constructed pursuant to the University Facilities Enhancement Challenge Grant Program cannot be named for a living person except by an act of the legislature. This section takes effect July 1, 2020.

**Section 3** repeals chapter 73-370, Laws of Florida, which named the building housing the FSU College of Law as B.K. Roberts Hall.

**Section 4** provides legislative intent regarding the ultimate disposition of the original naming designation of the building housing the FSU College of Law.

**Section 5** amends s. 267.062, F.S., to conform to the authority granted to the Board of Governors in section 1 of this bill to establish regulations governing the naming of university facilities.

Section 6 provides that, except as otherwise provided, this bill takes effect upon becoming a law.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The mandate restrictions do not apply because the bill does not require counties and municipalities to spend funds, reduce counties' or municipalities' ability to raise revenue, or reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties and municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

# C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

## VII. Related Issues:

None.

## VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends sections 267.062, 1001.706, 1013.79 of the Florida Statutes.

# IX. Additional Information:

#### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

SB 7042

By the Committee on Governmental Oversight and Accountability

585-02434-20 20207042 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to state university facility designations; amending s. 1001.706, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors to adopt regulations regarding the naming or renaming of state university facilities; specifying elements that must be addressed in the naming or renaming process; providing applicability; defining the term "facility"; amending s. 1013.79, ç F.S.; deleting a prohibition against the naming of 10 facilities in a certain manner; repealing chapter 73-11 370, Laws of Florida, relating to the designation of a 12 Florida State University facility; providing 13 legislative intent; amending s. 267.062, F.S.; 14 conforming a cross-reference; providing effective 15 dates. 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Effective July 1, 2020, paragraph (i) is added 20 to subsection (7) of section 1001.706, Florida Statutes, to 21 read. 22 1001.706 Powers and duties of the Board of Governors .-23 (7) POWERS AND DUTIES RELATING TO PROPERTY .-24 (i)1. The Board of Governors shall adopt regulations 25 governing the naming or renaming of any facility. Such 26 regulations must specify the procedural requirements regarding 27 transparency, public engagement, gift-related considerations, 2.8 approval, and other transparency and accountability requirements 29 deemed appropriate by the Board of Governors, and the respective Page 1 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

585-02434-20 20207042 30 responsibilities of the Board of Governors, state university 31 boards of trustees, and university presidents. 32 2. The regulations adopted pursuant to this paragraph apply 33 when the Board of Governors or a state university seeks to 34 initially name a facility or seeks to rename or remove the name 35 of a facility previously designated in a law that was 36 subsequently repealed by the Legislature. 37 3. If a state university seeks to rename or remove the name of a facility previously designated in a law, the state 38 39 university must comply fully with the regulations adopted 40 pursuant to this paragraph before seeking legislative action to 41 repeal the law that designated the name of the facility. Actions by the state university to rename or remove the name of a 42 43 facility in these instances must be contingent upon such 44 legislative action. 45 4. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "facility" means a building, road, bridge, park, recreational complex, or 46 47 another similar resource used by a state university and situated 48 on real property the title of which is vested in the Board of 49 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or for which funds were appropriated by the Legislature to acquire or to make 50 51 improvements thereon. 52 Section 2. Effective July 1, 2020, subsection (11) of section 1013.79, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 53 54 1013.79 University Facility Enhancement Challenge Grant 55 Program.-56 (11) The surveys, architectural plans, facility, and 57 equipment shall be the property of the State of Florida. A 58 facility constructed pursuant to this section may be named in Page 2 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

585-02434-20 20207042 59 honor of a donor at the option of the university and the Board 60 of Governors. No facility shall be named after a living person 61 without prior approval by the Legislature. 62 Section 3. Chapter 73-370, Laws of Florida, is repealed. 63 Section 4. The Legislature intends that the repeal of chapter 73-370, Laws of Florida, by this act does not constitute 64 65 a legislative position regarding the ultimate disposition of the 66 original designation of the facility. Rather, the Legislature 67 recognizes the Florida State University's transparent, 68 collaborative, and thorough review process, which resulted in 69 the recommendation by the President's Advisory Panel on 70 University Namings and Recognitions which precipitated this 71 repeal, and further intends that the Florida State University is 72 solely responsible for faithful implementation of the panel's 73 recommendations regarding this issue. 74 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2020, subsection (3) of 75 section 267.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 76 267.062 Naming of state buildings and other facilities .-77 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) or s. 78 1013.79(11), any state building, road, bridge, park, 79 recreational complex, or other similar facility of a state 80 university may be named for a living person by the university 81 board of trustees in accordance with regulations adopted by the 82 Board of Governors of the State University System. 83 Section 6. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 84 act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 3 of 3 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

THE FLOI	RIDA SENATE
	NCE RECORD r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) SB 7042
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Renaming BK Roberts	Hall     Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Tom Kelly	
Job Title Substitute teacher	
Address 3108 Moss Drive	Phone 321-507-4254
Street COCOQ, FL	32922 Email + Kelly @962e,
City State	Zip / gmail-Con
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>My Self</u>	
Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 🕅 No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 📉 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECO (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St Meeting Date	
Topic Name_DANN(VOGT	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Address PO BOX (130/	Phone
Street <u>TLH</u> <u>FL</u> <u>32302</u> State Zip	Email
(The Chai	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Rename BK Roberts Hall</u>	Now! . Org
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No Lobbyist registed	ered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🏹 No

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S-001 (10/14/14)

# **CourtSmart Tag Report**

Started:2/10/2020 1:31:25 PM Ends:Length: 01:42:401:31:24 PMMeeting has been called to order1:31:32 PMA quorum is present1:31:33 PMA quorum is present1:31:34 PMTake up tab 4- CS/SJR by EE, Gruters1:33:34 PMTake up amendment 1821161:33:35 PMSenator Montford recognized for questions on bill as amended1:34:45 PMSenator Montford recognized for question1:37:45 PMSenator Baxley replies1:34:45 PMSenator Cruz recognized for response1:37:35 PMSenator Montford follow up question1:37:45 PMSenator Montford recognized for response1:39:23 PMDr. Rich Templin speaking in opposition1:47:37 PMSenator Montford recognized in debate1:49:36 PMSenator Gruz recognized in debate1:49:36 PMSenator Gruz recognized in debate1:53:40 PMSenator Stargel takes over as chair1:54:45 PMCS/CS/SJR 12161:53:45 PMCS/CS/SJR 12161:53:45 PMCS/CS/SJR 12161:53:45 PMSenator Stargel takes over as chair1:54:45 PMSenator Montford to explain bill1:55:11 PMAmendment 463228 taken up1:55:12 PMAmendment 463228 taken up1:55:39 PMSenator Montford to CS/S B 17501:56:33 PMCS/SI 750 reported favorably1:56:44 PMTake up tab 2-SB 662 by Senator Wright1:57:51 PMSenator Wright explains bill1:57:39 PMAmendment 484754 taken up v1:57:51 PMSenator Wright responds<	Room: KN 412 Caption: Sena	2 Case No.: te Education Committee Judge:
<ul> <li>131:29 PM Angela calls roll</li> <li>131:33 PM A quorum is present</li> <li>131:36 PM Take up tab 4- CS/SJR by EE, Gruters</li> <li>133:304 PM Take up tab 4- CS/SJR by EE, Gruters</li> <li>133:39 PM Back on bill as amended</li> <li>133:39 PM Back on bill as amended</li> <li>133:39 PM Back on bill as amended</li> <li>133:345 PM Senator Montford recognized for questions on bill as amended</li> <li>134:45 PM Senator Montford follow up question</li> <li>136:42 PM Senator Curz recognized for question</li> <li>137:05 PM Senator Baxley recognized for response</li> <li>137:05 PM Senator Curz recognized for response</li> <li>137:05 PM Chris Dolan speaking in opposition</li> <li>1:45:48 PM Trish Neely speaking in opposition</li> <li>1:45:48 PM Trish Neely speaking in opposition</li> <li>1:47:07 PM Senator Curz recognized in debate</li> <li>1:50:30 PM Senator Montford recognized in debate</li> <li>1:50:30 PM Senator Baxley recognized in debate</li> <li>1:53:40 PM Angela calls roll on CS/CS/SJR 1216</li> <li>1:53:40 PM Angela calls roll on CS/CS/SJR 1216</li> <li>1:53:54 PM CS/CS/SJR 1216 reported favorably</li> <li>1:54:06 PM Take up tab 8- SB 1750 by Montford</li> <li>1:54:35 PM Senator Montford to explain bill</li> <li>1:55:11 PM Amendment 463228 taken up</li> <li>1:55:30 PM Back on bill as amended</li> <li>1:56:33 PM CS/SB 1750 reported favorably</li> <li>1:56:33 PM CS/SB 1750 reported favorably</li> <li>1:56:44 PM Take up tab 2- SB 662 by Senator Wright</li> <li>1:57:39 PM Amendment 484754 taken up v</li> <li>1:57:39 PM Senator Manent explains bill</li> <li>1:57:39 PM Amendment 484754 taken up v</li> <li>1:57:39 PM Senator Musper recognized for questions</li> <li>1:59:39 PM Senator Musper recognized for questions</li> <li>1:59:39 PM Senator Musper recognized for questions</li> <li>1:59:39 PM Senator Wright responds</li> <li>1:59:39 PM Senator Wright responds</li> <li>1:59:39 PM Senator Musper recognized for questions</li> <li>1:59:39 PM Senator Rouson recognized for close on SB 1100</li> <li>2:01:35 PM Angela</li></ul>		
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	2:12:44 PM	Senator Book recognized to close on SB 1628

Type:

Angela calls roll on SB 1628 2:13:44 PM 2:13:52 PM SB 1628 reported favorably 2:14:00 PM Chair turned over to Senator Diaz 2:14:10 PM Take up tab 1- SB 646 by Senator Mayfield Senator Mayfield explains bill 2:14:39 PM Amendment 395416 by Senator Mayfield introduced 2:15:28 PM 2:16:34 PM Senator Mayfield waives close 2:17:02 PM Amendment is adopted Back on bill as amended 2:17:05 PM 2:17:09 PM Senator Perry recognized for questions 2:17:44 PM Senator Mayfield responds 2:17:50 PM Senator Perry follow up question 2:18:27 PM Senator Mayfield responds 2:18:32 PM Senator Perry follow up 2:18:37 PM Senator Mayfield responds Senator Cruz recognized for questions 2:19:23 PM 2:21:50 PM Senator Diaz recognized for questions Nick Matthews, National College Players Association speaking in support 2:22:52 PM Senator Simmons recognized in debate 2:24:13 PM 2:30:20 PM Senator Perry recognized in debate Senator Stargel recognized in debate 2:31:41 PM Senator Baxley recognized in debate 2:32:46 PM Senator Diaz recognized in debate 2:33:37 PM 2:33:46 PM Senator Mayfield to close on CS/SB 646 2:35:06 PM Angela calls roll on CS/SB 646 CS/SB 646 reported favorably 2:36:08 PM 2:36:26 PM Take up tab 7- SB 1644 by Senator Book 2:36:40 PM Senator Book recognized to explain bill 2:40:35 PM Jason Soyolbam, Youth Worker speaking in support Stacy Hoagland, Autism Society of Florida speaking in support 2:47:12 PM Senator Baxley recognized in debate 2:51:53 PM Senator Montford recognized in debate 2:54:11 PM Senator Cruz recognized in debate 2:55:15 PM Senator Book to close on SB 1644 2:56:44 PM Angela calls roll on SB 1644 2:57:10 PM 2:57:52 PM SB 1644 reported favorably 2:58:05 PM Take up tab 5- SB 1550 by Senator Cruz 2:58:19 PM Senator Cruz to explain the bill Senator Stargel recognized for questions 2:58:51 PM Senator Cruz recognized for response 2:59:21 PM 3:00:59 PM Senator Diaz recognized for guestions 3:01:06 PM Senator Cruz responds Senator Stargel recognized in debate 3:02:18 PM 3:03:20 PM Senator Cruz recognized to close on SB 1550 Angela calls roll on SB 1550 3:03:35 PM 3:04:32 PM SB 1550 reported favorably Take up tab 9- SB 7042 by GO; Presented by Senator Hooper 3:04:47 PM 3:05:08 PM Senator Hooper to explain the bill Tom Kelly, Substitute teacher speaking against the bill 3:05:20 PM Senator Baxley recognized in debate 3:10:16 PM 3:11:41 PM Senator Hooper recognized to close on SB 7042 Angela calls roll on SB 7042 3:11:58 PM SB 7042 is reported favorably 3:12:09 PM Senator Montford yes vote on SB 662, 1100, 1628, and 646 3:12:20 PM 3:12:48 PM Senator Baxley yes vote on SB 1750 3:13:14 PM Senator Diaz yes vote on 1750, 662, 1100 3:13:44 PM Senator Stargel moves we adjourn 3:13:53 PM meeting has adjourned