03/03/2025 - Education Pre-K - 12 (3:30 PM - 5:30 PM) Customized Chamber Bill Number 2025 Regular Session 02/28/2025 3:28 PM

Tab 1	SB 166 by Simon; Administrative Efficiency in Public Schools			
Tab 2	SB 296 by Bradley High School Start Tim		prough, Davis; Identical to H 0034	43 Middle School and
512394	D S	ED, Bradley	Delete everything after	02/28 09:40 AM
Tab 3	SB 356 by Berman Holocaust Remembra	•	s, Polsky, Arrington, Smith; Ider	ntical to H 00251

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

EDUCATION PRE-K - 12 Senator Simon, Chair Senator Calatayud, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 3, 2025

TIME: 3:30—5:30 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

MEMBERS: Senator Simon, Chair; Senator Calatayud, Vice Chair; Senators Berman, Burgess, Collins, Davis,

Gaetz, and Yarborough

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 166 Simon	Administrative Efficiency in Public Schools; Exempting district school boards from requirements for adopting certain rules; deleting a requirement for a district school board to employ an internal auditor in certain circumstances; requiring innovation schools of technology to comply with specified provisions relating to instructional multiyear contracts, in addition to annual contracts, for instructional personnel in addition to annual contracts; revising requirements relating to district school board attendance policies for Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Programs; revising requirements for assessments needed for a student to earn a high school diploma; providing requirements for advanced degrees which may be used to set salary schedules for instructional personnel and school administrators hired after a specified date; revising eligibility requirements for individuals to participate in the Teacher Apprenticeship Program, etc. ED 03/03/2025 AED FP	
2	SB 296 Bradley (Identical H 343, Compare H 261)	Middle School and High School Start Times; Deleting the duty of district school boards to adopt policies for middle school and high school start times; deleting a requirement that instructional days for middle schools and high schools begin no earlier than specified times; deleting a requirement that certain charter schools comply with middle school and high school start times, etc. ED 03/03/2025 AED FP	
3	SB 356 Berman (Identical H 251)	Holocaust Remembrance Day; Requiring the Governor to proclaim a specified day annually as "Holocaust Remembrance Day"; authorizing "Holocaust Remembrance Day" to be observed in this state's public schools and be observed by public exercise as the Governor may designate, etc. ED 03/03/2025 RC	

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Education Pre-K - 12 Monday, March 3, 2025, 3:30—5:30 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
	Other Related Meeting Documents		

By Senator Simon

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to administrative efficiency in public schools; amending s. 120.81, F.S.; exempting district school boards from requirements for adopting certain rules; amending s. 1001.02, F.S.; revising a duty of the State Board of Education to adopt certain rules; amending s. 1001.23, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to annually inform district school superintendents by a specified date that they are authorized to petition to receive a specified declaratory statement; requiring the department to annually maintain and provide school districts with a list of statutory and rule requirements; providing requirements for such list; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; deleting a requirement for a district school board to employ an internal auditor in certain circumstances; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; deleting a requirement that the school financial report be included in the student handbook; requiring the department to produce specified reports relating to school accountability and make such reports available on the department's website; requiring each school district to provide a link to such reports; amending s. 1002.31, F.S.; revising how often a school district or charter school must update its school capacity determination; deleting a requirement relating to school capacity determination by district school boards; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; conforming a provision relating to a 5-year facilities plan;

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 166

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30	amending s. 1002.394, F.S.; revising the timeframe for
31	a school district to develop an IEP and matrix of
32	services after receipt of a parent's request; amending
33	s. 1002.451, F.S.; requiring innovation schools of
34	technology to comply with specified provisions
35	relating to instructional multiyear contracts, in
36	addition to annual contracts, for instructional
37	personnel in addition to annual contracts; amending s.
38	1002.61, F.S.; removing public schools from a
39	requirement for early learning coalitions to verify
40	compliance with law; amending s. 1002.63, F.S.;
41	deleting a requirement for an early learning coalition
42	to verify that certain public schools comply with
43	specified provisions; amending s. 1002.71, F.S.;
44	revising requirements relating to district school
45	board attendance policies for Voluntary
46	Prekindergarten Education Programs; requiring a school
47	district to certify its attendance records for a
48	Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; amending
49	s. 1003.03, F.S.; deleting a requirement for district
50	school boards to provide an accountability plan to the
51	Commissioner of Education under certain conditions;
52	amending s. 1003.26, F.S.; authorizing a district
53	school board to determine a timeframe for purposes of
54	addressing a student's absences; amending s.
55	1003.4282, F.S.; revising requirements for assessments
56	needed for a student to earn a high school diploma;
57	deleting a requirement for a student who transfers
58	into a public high school to take specified

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assessments; revising the courses for which the transferring course final grade must be honored for a transfer student under certain conditions; amending s. 1003.433, F.S.; deleting requirements that must be met by students who transfer to a public school for 11th or 12th grade; amending s. 1006.1494, F.S.; providing that provisions relating to student online personal information protection do not impose requirements for a K-12 school, school district, or school board; amending s. 1006.40, F.S.; revising the timeframe within which certain instructional materials must be purchased; amending s. 1008.212, F.S.; providing that certain assessments are not subject to specified requirements; revising a deadline for IEP teams to submit requests for extraordinary exemptions; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; requiring the Commissioner of Education to notify school districts of the assessment schedule for a specified time interval; deleting requirements relating to a uniform calendar that must be published by the commissioner each year; revising an annual timeframe for each school district to establish schedules for the administration of statewide, standardized assessments; requiring each school district to publish certain information regarding such schedules on its website; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; specifying the score needed on any administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system for a student to be

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 166

3-01169C-25 2025166 88 promoted to grade 4; conforming cross-references; 89 amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; prohibiting a school from 90 being required to use a certain parameter as the sole 91 determining factor to recruit instructional personnel; 92 providing requirements for a rule adopted by the State 93 Board of Education; amending s. 1010.20, F.S.; 94 requiring charter schools to respond to monitoring 95 questions from the department; amending s. 1011.035, 96 F.S.; deleting a requirement that each district school 97 board budget posted on the school board's website 98 include a graphical representation of specified 99 information; revising website requirements; amending s. 1011.14, F.S.; revising the types of facilities for 100 101 which district school boards may incur certain 102 financial obligations; amending s. 1011.60, F.S.; 103 revising circumstances under which the State Board of 104 Education may alter the length of school terms for 105 certain school districts; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; 106 deleting a requirement that certain full-time 107 equivalent bonuses under the Florida Education Finance 108 Program be paid only to teachers who are employed by 109 the district when the bonus is calculated; amending s. 110 1011.6202, F.S.; requiring schools participating in 111 the Principal Autonomy Program Initiative to comply 112 with specified provisions relating to instructional 113 multiyear contracts, in addition to annual contracts, 114 for instructional personnel; amending s. 1011.69, 115 F.S.; deleting a requirement relating to Title I fund 116 allocations to schools; providing a new category of

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funding school districts are authorized to withhold; revising a category of funding a school district is authorized to withhold; requiring the department to make certain funds available to local education agencies; amending s. 1011.71, F.S.; revising specified vehicles that may be purchased or leased using specified revenue; revising the types of facilities payments that may be made from such revenue; amending s. 1012.22, F.S.; providing requirements for advanced degrees which may be used to set salary schedules for instructional personnel and school administrators hired after a specified date; specifying district school board activities that may not be precluded by collective bargaining; amending s. 1012.335, F.S.; defining the term "instructional multiyear contract"; providing requirements for the award of an instructional multiyear contract; requiring that an employee awarded an instructional multiyear contract be returned to an annual contract under certain conditions; making conforming and technical changes; amending s. 1012.34, F.S.; requiring that procedures and requirements established by the district school superintendent for performance evaluations be approved by the district school board; requiring the district school superintendent to submit evaluation systems to the department under certain circumstances; deleting a requirement for the department to approve and monitor each school district's evaluation systems; revising the portion of

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 166

3-01169C-25 2025166 146 a performance evaluation that is based on student 147 performance; deleting certain performance evaluation 148 requirements; providing that student performance may 149 not be the sole determinant for incentive pay for 150 instructional personnel or school administrators; 151 amending s. 1012.39, F.S.; revising an occupational 152 experience qualification requirement for nondegreed 153 teachers of career programs; deleting a training 154 requirement for full-time nondegreed teachers of 155 career programs; amending s. 1012.555, F.S.; revising 156 eligibility requirements for individuals to 157 participate in the Teacher Apprenticeship Program; amending employment requirements for paraprofessionals 158 159 to serve as an apprentice teacher; amending s. 160 1012.56, F.S.; specifying individuals who must 161 demonstrate mastery of general knowledge for educator 162 certification; authorizing school districts and 163 consortia of school districts to issue temporary 164 certificates under certain conditions; conforming a 165 cross-reference; amending s. 1012.585, F.S.; revising 166 the validity period for professional certificates; 167 providing eligibility requirements for 5-year and 10-168 year professional certificates; revising requirements 169 for the renewal of professional certificates; amending 170 s. 1013.19, F.S.; requiring that proceeds from certain 171 sales or leases of property be used for specified 172 purposes by boards of trustees for Florida College 173 System institutions or state universities; amending s. 174 1013.35, F.S.; deleting definitions; revising

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requirements for the contents of a district school board's tentative district educational facilities plan; deleting provisions relating to district school boards coordinating with local governments to ensure consistency between school district and local government plans; authorizing, rather than requiring, local governments to review tentative district educational facilities plans; making conforming changes; amending s. 1013.41, F.S.; revising requirements for an educational facilities plan; revising the duties of the Office of Educational Facilities; amending s. 1013.45, F.S.; specifying that Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees are required to use an architect for the development of certain plans; deleting district school board requirements for certain construction plans; repealing s. 1013.451, F.S., relating to life-cycle costs comparisons; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 1013.64, F.S.; revising determinations of allocations from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund; revising criteria for construction project funding from a specified account; revising district school board requirements relating to educational plant construction; amending ss. 163.3180, 1002.68, 1003.631, 1004.04, 1004.85, 1012.586, and 1012.98, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing effective dates.

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 166

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205	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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207	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
208	120.81, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
209	120.81 Exceptions and special requirements; general areas.—
210	(1) EDUCATIONAL UNITS
211	(a) District school boards are not subject to the
212	requirements for rules in this chapter when making and adopting
213	rules with public input at a public meeting. Notwithstanding s.
214	120.536(1) and the flush left provisions of s. $120.52(8)$,
215	district school boards may adopt rules to implement their
216	general powers under s. 1001.41.
217	Section 2. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section
218	1001.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
219	1001.02 General powers of State Board of Education
220	(2) The State Board of Education has the following duties:
221	(n) To adopt cohesive rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and
222	120.54, within statutory authority <u>as specifically provided by</u>
223	<u>law</u> .
224	Section 3. Subsections (5) and (6) are added to section
225	1001.23, Florida Statutes, to read:
226	1001.23 Specific powers and duties of the Department of
227	Education.—In addition to all other duties assigned to it by law
228	or by rule of the State Board of Education, the department
229	shall:
230	(5) Annually by August 1, inform district school
231	superintendents that pursuant to s. 120.565, the superintendents
232	may receive a declaratory statement, within 90 days after

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submitting a petition to receive such statement, regarding the department's opinion as to the applicability of a statutory or rule provision to a school district as it applies to the district's particular set of circumstances.

(6) Annually maintain and make available to school districts a list of all requirements in statute and rule

relating to required actions by district school boards or superintendents. The list must include, but is not limited to, required parent notifications; information that must be posted to the district website; and reporting, filing, and certification requirements.

Section 4. Paragraph (1) of subsection (12) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(12) FINANCE.—Take steps to assure students adequate educational facilities through the financial procedure authorized in chapters 1010 and 1011 and as prescribed below:

(1)—Internal auditor.—May or, in the case of a school district receiving annual federal, state, and local funds in excess of \$500 million, shall employ an internal auditor. The scope of the internal auditor shall not be restricted and shall include every functional and program area of the school system.

1. The internal auditor shall perform ongoing financial verification of the financial records of the school district, a comprehensive risk assessment of all areas of the school system every 5 years, and other audits and reviews as the district school board directs for determining:

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262	a. The adequacy of internal controls designed to prevent
263	and detect fraud, waste, and abuse as defined in s. 11.45(1).
264	b. Compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant
265	agreements, district school board-approved policies, and best
266	practices.
267	c. The efficiency of operations.
268	d. The reliability of financial records and reports.
269	e. The safeguarding of assets.
270	f. Financial solvency.
271	g. Projected revenues and expenditures.
272	h. The rate of change in the general fund balance.
273	2.—The internal auditor shall prepare audit reports of his
274	or her findings and report directly to the district school board
275	or its designee.
276	3. Any person responsible for furnishing or producing any
277	book, record, paper, document, data, or sufficient information
278	necessary to conduct a proper audit or examination which the
279	internal auditor is by law authorized to perform is subject to
280	the provisions of s. $11.47(3)$ and (4) .
281	Section 5. Subsection (16) of section 1002.20, Florida
282	Statutes, is amended to read:
283	1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public
284	school students must receive accurate and timely information
285	regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed
286	of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12
287	students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory
288	rights including, but not limited to, the following:
289	(16) SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY AND SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING
290	REPORTS: FISCAL TRANSPARENCYParents of public school students

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3-01169C-25 2025166 291 have the right to an easy-to-read report card about the school's 292 grade designation or, if applicable under s. 1008.341, the 293 school's improvement rating, and the school's accountability report, including the school financial report as required under s. 1010.215. The school financial report must be provided to the 296 parents and indicate the average amount of money expended per student in the school, which must also be included in the 298 student handbook or a similar publication. The department shall 299 produce the reports required under this subsection and make the 300 reports for each school available on the department's website in a prominent location. Each public school district must provide a

Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 1002.31, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1002.31 Controlled open enrollment; public school parental choice.-

link on its website to such reports for parent access.

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(b) Each school district and charter school capacity determinations for its schools, by grade level, must be updated at least twice annually every 12 weeks and be identified on the school district and charter school's websites. In determining the capacity of each district school, the district school board shall incorporate the specifications, plans, elements, and commitments contained in the school district educational facilities plan and the long-term work programs required under s. 1013.35. Each charter school governing board shall determine capacity based upon its charter school contract. Each virtual charter school and each school district with a contract with an approved virtual instruction program provider shall determine

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320	capacity based upon the enrollment requirements established
321	under s. 1002.45(1)(d)4.
322	(5) For a school or program that is a public school of
323	choice under this section, the calculation for compliance with
324	maximum class size $\frac{\text{pursuant to s. }1003.03(4)}{\text{ is the average}}$
325	number of students at the school level.
326	Section 7. Paragraph (g) of subsection (18) of section
327	1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
328	1002.33 Charter schools
329	(18) FACILITIES
330	(g) Each school district shall annually provide to the
331	Department of Education as part of its 5 year work plan the
332	number of existing vacant classrooms in each school that the
333	district does not intend to use or does not project will be
334	needed for educational purposes for the following school year.
335	The department may recommend that a district make such space
336	available to an appropriate charter school.
337	Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section
338	1002.394, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
339	1002.394 The Family Empowerment Scholarship Program.—
340	(7) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS
341	(b)1. The parent of a student with a disability who does
342	not have an IEP in accordance with subparagraph (3)(b)4. or who
343	seeks a reevaluation of an existing IEP may request an IEP
344	meeting and evaluation from the school district in order to
345	obtain or revise a matrix of services. The school district shall
346	notify a parent who has made a request for an IEP that the
347	district is required to complete the IEP and matrix of services
348	within 60 30 days after receiving notice of the parent's

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request. The school district shall conduct a meeting and develop an IEP and a matrix of services within $\underline{60}$ 30 days after receipt of the parent's request in accordance with State Board of Education rules. The district must accept the diagnosis and consider the service plan of the licensed professional providing the diagnosis pursuant to subparagraph (3) (b) 4. The school district must complete a matrix that assigns the student to one of the levels of service as they existed before the 2000-2001 school year. For a nonpublic school student without an IEP, the school district is authorized to use evaluation reports and plans of care developed by the licensed professionals under subparagraph (4) (b) 3. to complete the matrix of services.

- 2.a. The school district must provide the student's parent and the department with the student's matrix level within 10 calendar days after its completion.
- b. The department shall notify the parent and the organization of the amount of the funds awarded within 10 days after receiving the school district's notification of the student's matrix level.
- c. A school district may change a matrix of services only if the change is a result of an IEP reevaluation or to correct a technical, typographical, or calculation error.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 1002.451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.451 District innovation school of technology program.-

- (5) EXEMPTION FROM STATUTES.-
- (a) An innovation school of technology is exempt from chapters 1000-1013. However, an innovation school of technology shall comply with the following provisions of those chapters:

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3/8	1. Laws pertaining to the following:
379	a. Schools of technology, including this section.
380	b. Student assessment program and school grading system.
381	c. Services to students who have disabilities.
382	d. Civil rights, including s. 1000.05, relating to
383	discrimination.
384	e. Student health, safety, and welfare.
385	2. Laws governing the election and compensation of district
386	school board members and election or appointment and
387	compensation of district school superintendents.
388	3. Section 1003.03, governing maximum class size, except
389	that the calculation for compliance pursuant to s. 1003.03 is
390	the average at the school level.
391	4. Sections 1012.22(1)(c) and 1012.27(2), relating to
392	compensation and salary schedules.
393	5. Section 1012.33(5), relating to workforce reductions,
394	for annual contracts for instructional personnel. This
395	subparagraph does not apply to at-will employees.
396	6. Section 1012.335, relating to contracts with
397	instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011, for
398	annual or instructional multiyear contracts for instructional
399	personnel. This subparagraph does not apply to at-will
400	employees.
401	7. Section 1012.34, relating to requirements for
402	performance evaluations of instructional personnel and school
403	administrators.
404	Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section
405	1002.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
406	1002 61 Summer prekindergarten program delivered by public

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schools and private prekindergarten providers .-

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(10)(a) Each early learning coalition shall verify that each private prekindergarten provider and public school delivering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program within the coalition's county or multicounty region complies with this part.

Section 11. Subsection (9) of section 1002.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.63 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by public schools.—

(9) (a) Each early learning coalition shall verify that each public school delivering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program within the coalition's service area complies with this part.

(b) If a public school fails or refuses to comply with this part or engages in misconduct, the department <u>must shall</u> require that the school district to remove the school from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds under this part for a period of at least 2 years but no more than 5 years.

Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) and subsection (7) of section 1002.71, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.71 Funding; financial and attendance reporting.—

(6)

(b)1. Each private prekindergarten provider's and district school board's attendance policy must require the parent of each student in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program to verify, each month, the student's attendance on the prior month's certified student attendance.

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3-01169C-25 2025166 2. The parent must submit the verification of the student's attendance to the private prekindergarten provider or public school on forms prescribed by the department. The forms must include, in addition to the verification of the student's attendance, a certification, in substantially the following form, that the parent continues to choose the private prekindergarten provider or public school in accordance with s. 1002.53 and directs that payments for the program be made to the provider or school: VERIFICATION OF STUDENT'S ATTENDANCE AND CERTIFICATION OF PARENTAL CHOICE I, ... (Name of Parent)..., swear (or affirm) that my child, ... (Name of Student)..., attended the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program on the days listed above and certify that I continue to choose ... (Name of Provider or School) ... to deliver the program for my child and direct that program funds be paid to the provider or school for my child. ... (Signature of Parent) (Date) ... 3. The private prekindergarten provider or public school must keep each original signed form for at least 2 years. Each private prekindergarten provider must permit the early learning coalition, and each public school must permit the school district, to inspect the original signed forms during normal business hours. The department shall adopt procedures for early

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learning coalitions and school districts to review the original

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signed forms against the certified student attendance. The review procedures must shall provide for the use of selective inspection techniques, including, but not limited to, random sampling. Each early learning coalition and the school districts must comply with the review procedures.

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(7) The department shall require that administrative expenditures be kept to the minimum necessary for efficient and effective administration of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. Administrative policies and procedures must shall be revised, to the maximum extent practicable, be revised to incorporate the use of automation and electronic submission of forms, including those required for child eligibility and enrollment, provider and class registration, and monthly certification of attendance for payment. A school district may use its automated daily attendance reporting system for the purpose of maintaining and transmitting attendance records to the early learning coalition in a mutually agreed-upon format. Each school district shall certify the correctness of attendance data submitted to the single point of entry system described in paragraph (5)(a) as required by the department. In addition, actions must shall be taken to reduce paperwork, eliminate the duplication of reports, and eliminate other duplicative activities. Each early learning coalition may retain and expend no more than 5.0 percent of the funds paid by the coalition to private prekindergarten providers and public schools under paragraph (5) (b). Funds retained by an early learning coalition under this subsection may be used only for administering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and may not be used for the school readiness program or other programs.

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 166

494	Section	13.	Subsection	(4) 01	section	1003.03,	Florida	
495	Statutes, is	ame	nded to read	:				
496	1003.03	В Мах	imum class s	size				

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(A) ACCOUNTABLLITY -Fach district that has with the requirements in subsection (1), based on the October student membership survey, shall submit to the commissioner by February 1 a plan certified by the district school board that describes the specific actions the district will take in order to fully comply with the requirements in subsection (1) by October of the following school year.

Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1003.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.26 Enforcement of school attendance.—The Legislature finds that poor academic performance is associated with nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving student performance. It is the policy of the state that each district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to the district school board that require public schools to respond in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the schools. District school board policies shall require the parent of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The

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policies must provide that public schools track excused and unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved student learning and achievement. Each public school shall implement the following steps to promote and enforce regular school attendance:

(1) CONTACT, REFER, AND ENFORCE.-

(b) If a student has had at least five unexcused absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period, or a period of time less than 90 days as determined by the district school board, the student's primary teacher must shall report to the school principal or his or her designee that the student may be exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance. The principal shall, unless there is clear evidence that the absences are not a pattern of nonattendance, refer the case to the school's child study team to determine if early patterns of truancy are developing. If the child study team finds that a pattern of nonattendance is developing, whether the absences are excused or not, a meeting with the parent must be scheduled to identify potential remedies, and the principal must shall notify the district school superintendent and the school district contact for home education programs that the referred student is exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance.

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Section 15. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3), paragraph (c) of subsection (5), and subsection (6) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.-

- (3) STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA; COURSE AND ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS.—
- (a) Four credits in English Language Arts (ELA).—The four credits must be in ELA I, II, III, and IV. A student's performance on the statewide, standardized grade 10 ELA assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade A student must pass the statewide, standardized grade 10 ELA assessment, or earn a concordant score, in order to earn a standard high school diploma.
 - (b) Four credits in mathematics .-

- 1. A student must earn one credit in Algebra I and one credit in Geometry. A student's performance on the statewide, standardized Algebra I end-of-course (EOC) assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade. A student must pass the statewide, standardized Algebra I EOC assessment, or earn a comparative score, in order to earn a standard high school diploma. A student's performance on the statewide, standardized Geometry EOC assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade.
- 2. A student who earns an industry certification for which there is a statewide college credit articulation agreement approved by the State Board of Education may substitute the certification for one mathematics credit. Substitution may occur for up to two mathematics credits, except for Algebra I and

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Geometry. A student may earn two mathematics credits by successfully completing Algebra I through two full-year courses. A certified school counselor or the principal's designee shall must advise the student that admission to a state university may require the student to earn 3 additional mathematics credits that are at least as rigorous as Algebra I.

- 3. A student who earns a computer science credit may substitute the credit for up to one credit of the mathematics requirement, with the exception of Algebra I and Geometry, if the commissioner identifies the computer science credit as being equivalent in rigor to the mathematics credit. An identified computer science credit may not be used to substitute for both a mathematics and a science credit. A student who earns an industry certification in 3D rapid prototype printing may satisfy up to two credits of the mathematics requirement, with the exception of Algebra I, if the commissioner identifies the certification as being equivalent in rigor to the mathematics credit or credits.
 - (5) AWARD OF A STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA.-
- (c) A student who earns the required 24 credits, or the required 18 credits under s. 1002.3105(5), but fails to pass the assessments required under s. 1008.22(3) or achieve a 2.0 GPA shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, a student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in high school either as a full-time student or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.

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3-01169C-25 2025166 610 (6) UNIFORM TRANSFER OF HIGH SCHOOL CREDITS. - Beginning with 611 the 2012-2013 school year, if a student transfers to a Florida 612 public high school from out of country, out of state, a private school, a personalized education program, or a home education 613 614 program and the student's transcript shows a credit in Algebra I, the student must pass the statewide, standardized Algebra I 615 616 EOC assessment in order to earn a standard high school diploma 617 unless the student earned a comparative score, passed a statewide assessment in Algebra I administered by the 618 619 transferring entity, or passed the statewide mathematics 620 assessment the transferring entity uses to satisfy the 621 requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), 20 U.S.C. ss. 622 623 6301 et seg. If a student's transcript shows a credit in high 624 school reading or English Language Arts II or III, in order to 625 earn a standard high school diploma, the student must take and 626 pass the statewide, standardized grade 10 ELA assessment, or 627 earn a concordant score. If a transfer student's transcript 628 shows a final course grade and course credit in Algebra I, 629 Geometry, Biology I, or United States History, or the equivalent 630 of a grade 10 ELA course, the transferring course final grade and credit must shall be honored without the student taking the 631 requisite statewide, standardized EOC assessment and without the 633 assessment results constituting 30 percent of the student's 634 final course grade. 635 Section 16. Effective upon becoming a law, section 636 1003.433, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 637 1003.433 Learning opportunities for out-of-state and out-638 of-country transfer students and students needing additional

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instruction to meet high school graduation requirements.-

(1) Students who enter a Florida public school at the 11th or 12th grade from out of state or out of country may shall not be required to spend additional time in a Florida public school in order to meet the high school course requirements if the student has met all requirements of the school district, state, or country from which he or she is transferring. Such students who are not proficient in English should receive immediate and intensive instruction in English language acquisition. However, to receive a standard high school diploma, a transfer student must earn a 2.0 grade point average and meet the requirements under s. 1008.22.

(2) Students who earn the required 24 credits for the standard high school diploma except for passage of any must-pass assessment under s. 1003.4282 or s. 1008.22 or an alternate assessment by the end of grade 12 must be provided the following learning opportunities:

(a) Participation in an accelerated high school equivalency diploma preparation program during the summer.

(b)—Upon receipt of a certificate of completion, be allowed to take the College Placement Test and be admitted to developmental education or credit courses at a Florida College System institution, as appropriate.

(c) Participation in an adult general education program as provided in s. 1004.93 for such time as the student requires to master English, reading, mathematics, or any other subject required for high school graduation. A student attending an adult general education program shall have the opportunity to take any must-pass assessment under s. 1003.4282 or s. 1008.22

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668	an unlimited number of times in order to receive a standard high
669	school diploma.
670	(3) Students who have been enrolled in an ESOL program for
671	less than 2 school years and have met all requirements for the
672	standard high school diploma except for passage of any must pass
673	assessment under s. 1003.4282 or s. 1008.22 or alternate
674	assessment may:
675	(a) Receive immersion English language instruction during
676	the summer following their senior year. Students receiving such
677	instruction are eligible to take the required assessment or
678	alternate assessment and receive a standard high school diploma
679	upon passage of the required assessment or alternate assessment.
680	This paragraph shall be implemented to the extent funding is
681	provided in the General Appropriations Act.
682	(b) Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, meet the
683	requirement to pass the statewide, standardized grade 10 English
684	Language Arts assessment by satisfactorily demonstrating grade-
685	level expectations on formative assessments, in accordance with
686	state board rule.
687	Section 17. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (6) of
688	section 1006.1494, Florida Statutes, to read:
689	1006.1494 Student online personal information protection.—
690	(6) This section does not do any of the following:
691	(j) Impose requirements for a K-12 school, school district,
692	or district school board.
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694	The State Board of Education may adopt rules to implement this
695	section.
696	Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 1006.40, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.40 Purchase of instructional materials.-

(2) Each district school board must purchase current instructional materials to provide each student in kindergarten through grade 12 with a major tool of instruction in core courses of the subject areas of mathematics, language arts, science, social studies, reading, and literature. Such purchase must be made within the first $\underline{5}$ 3 years after the effective date of the adoption cycle unless a district school board or a consortium of school districts has implemented an instructional materials program pursuant to s. 1006.283.

Section 19. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 1008.212, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.212 Students with disabilities; extraordinary exemption.—

(2) A student with a disability for whom the individual education plan (IEP) team determines is prevented by a circumstance or condition from physically demonstrating the mastery of skills that have been acquired and are measured by the statewide standardized assessment, a statewide standardized end-of-course assessment, or an alternate assessment pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(d) shall be granted an extraordinary exemption from the administration of the assessment. A learning, emotional, behavioral, or significant cognitive disability, or the receipt of services through the homebound or hospitalized program in accordance with rule 6A-6.03020, Florida Administrative Code, is not, in and of itself, an adequate criterion for the granting of an extraordinary exemption. The first two administrations of the coordinated screening and

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726	progress monitoring system under s. 1008.25(9) or any alternate
727	assessments used in lieu of such administrations are not subject
728	to the requirements of this section.
729	(3) The IEP team, which must include the parent, may submit
730	to the district school superintendent a written request for an
731	extraordinary exemption at any time during the school year,
732	subject to deadlines established by the district school
733	<pre>superintendent but not later than 60 days before the current</pre>
734	year's assessment administration for which the request is made.
735	A request must include all of the following:
736	(a) A written description of the student's disabilities,
737	including a specific description of the student's impaired
738	sensory, manual, or speaking skills.
739	(b) Written documentation of the most recent evaluation
740	data.
741	(c) Written documentation, if available, of the most recent
742	administration of the statewide standardized assessment, an end-
743	of-course assessment, or an alternate assessment.
744	(d) A written description of the condition's effect on the
745	student's participation in the statewide standardized
746	assessment, an end-of-course assessment, or an alternate
747	assessment.
748	(e) Written evidence that the student has had the
749	opportunity to learn the skills being tested.
750	(f) Written evidence that the student has been provided
751	appropriate instructional accommodations.
752	(g) Written evidence as to whether the student has had the
753	opportunity to be assessed using the instructional

accommodations on the student's IEP which are allowable in the $$\operatorname{\textsc{Page}}$\ 26$ of 107$

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administration of the statewide standardized assessment, an endof-course assessment, or an alternate assessment in prior assessments.

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(h) Written evidence of the circumstance or condition as defined in subsection (1).

Section 20. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of subsection (7) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-

- (7) ASSESSMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTING OF RESULTS.-
- (a) The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the administration of statewide, standardized assessments and the reporting of student assessment results. The commissioner shall consider the observance of religious and school holidays when developing the schedules. By January 1 of each year, the commissioner shall notify each school district in writing and publish on the department's website the assessment schedule for, at a minimum, the next 2 school years. The assessment and reporting schedules must provide the earliest possible reporting of student assessment results to the school districts. Assessment results for the statewide, standardized ELA and Mathematics assessments and all statewide, standardized EOC assessments must be made available no later than June 30, except for results for the grade 3 statewide, standardized ELA assessment, which must be made available no later than May 31. Beginning with the 2023-2024 school year, assessment results for the statewide, standardized ELA and Mathematics assessments must be available no later than May 31. School districts shall administer statewide, standardized assessments in accordance with the schedule established by the commissioner.

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84	(b) By January of each year, the commissioner shall publish
85	on the department's website a uniform calendar that includes the
86	assessment and reporting schedules for, at a minimum, the next 2
87	school years. The uniform calendar must be provided to school
88	districts in an electronic format that allows each school
89	district and public school to populate the calendar with, at
90	minimum, the following information for reporting the district
91	assessment schedules under paragraph (d):
92	1. Whether the assessment is a district-required assessment
93	or a state-required assessment.
94	2. The specific date or dates that each assessment will be
95	administered, including administrations of the coordinated
96	screening and progress monitoring system under s. 1008.25(9)(b).
97	3. The time allotted to administer each assessment.
98	4. Whether the assessment is a computer-based assessment or
99	a paper-based assessment.
00	5. The grade level or subject area associated with the
01	assessment.
02	6. The date that the assessment results are expected to be
03	available to teachers and parents.
04	7. The type of assessment, the purpose of the assessment,
05	and the use of the assessment results.
06	8. A glossary of assessment terminology.
07	9. Estimates of average time for administering state-
8 0	required and district-required assessments, by grade level.
09	(c) (d) Each school district shall, by November 1 of each
10	year, establish schedules for the administration of any
11	statewide, standardized assessments and district-required
12	assessments and approve the schedules as an agenda item at a

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district school board meeting. Each school district shall publish $\frac{1}{2}$ testing schedules on its website $\frac{1}{2}$ which specify

815 whether an assessment is a state-required or district-required
816 assessment and the grade bands or subject areas associated with

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the assessments using the uniform calendar, including all information required under paragraph (b), and submit the

schedules to the Department of Education by October 1 of each

year. Each public school shall publish schedules for statewide, standardized assessments and district-required assessments on

standardized assessments and district-required assessments on its website using the uniform calendar, including all

information required under paragraph (b). The school board-

approved assessment uniform calendar must be included in the parent quide required by s. 1002.23(5).

Section 21. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) and paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (9) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; student support; coordinated screening and progress monitoring; reporting requirements.—

- (5) READING DEFICIENCY AND PARENTAL NOTIFICATION.-
- (c) To be promoted to grade 4, a student must score a Level 2 or higher in English Language Arts for grade 3 on any administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system, which includes on the statewide, standardized English Language Arts assessment required under s. 1008.22 for grade 3. If a student's reading deficiency is not remedied by the end of grade 3, as demonstrated by scoring Level 2 or higher on the mid-year or final administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system, which includes the

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statewide, standardized assessment required under s. 1008.22 for grade 3, the student must be retained.

- (9) COORDINATED SCREENING AND PROGRESS MONITORING SYSTEM.-
- (b) Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, private Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers and public schools must participate in the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to this paragraph.
- 1. For students in the school-year Voluntary
 Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 2, the
 coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be
 administered at least three times within a school year, with the
 first administration occurring no later than the first 30
 instructional days after a student's enrollment or the start of
 the school year, the second administration occurring midyear,
 and the third administration occurring within the last 30 days
 of the school year pursuant to state board rule. The state board
 may adopt alternate timeframes to address nontraditional school
 year calendars to ensure the coordinated screening and progress
 monitoring program is administered a minimum of three times
 within a year.
- 2. For students in the summer prekindergarten program, the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be administered two times, with the first administration occurring no later than the first 10 instructional days after a student's enrollment or the start of the summer prekindergarten program, and the final administration occurring within the last 10 days of the summer prekindergarten program pursuant to state board rule.
 - 3. For grades 3 through 10 English Language Arts and grades

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3 through 8 Mathematics, the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be administered at the beginning, middle, and end of the school year pursuant to state board rule. The end-of-year administration of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be a comprehensive progress monitoring assessment administered in accordance with the scheduling requirements under s. 1008.22(7)(b) s. 1008.22(7)(c).

- (c) To facilitate timely interventions and supports pursuant to subsection (4), the system must provide results from the first two administrations of the progress monitoring to a student's teacher or prekindergarten instructor within 1 week and to the student's parent within 2 weeks after the administration of the progress monitoring. Delivery of results from the comprehensive, end-of-year progress monitoring ELA assessment for grades 3 through 8 must be in accordance with \underline{s} . 1008.22(7)(g) \underline{s} . 1008.22(7)(h).
- 1. A student's results from the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system must be recorded in a written, easy-to-comprehend individual student report. Each school district shall provide a parent secure access to his or her child's individual student reports through a web-based portal as part of its student information system. Each early learning coalition shall provide parents the individual student report in a format determined by state board rule.
- 2. In addition to the information under subparagraph (a)5., the report must also include parent resources that explain the purpose of progress monitoring, assist the parent in interpreting progress monitoring results, and support informed

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parent involvement. Parent resources may include personalized video formats.

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- 3. The department shall annually update school districts and early learning coalitions on new system features and functionality and collaboratively identify with school districts and early learning coalitions strategies for meaningfully reporting to parents results from the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system. The department shall develop ways to increase the utilization, by instructional staff and parents, of student assessment data and resources.
- 4. An individual student report must be provided in a printed format upon a parent's request.
- (d) Screening and progress monitoring system results, including the number of students who demonstrate characteristics of dyslexia and dyscalculia, shall be reported to the department pursuant to state board rule and maintained in the department's Education Data Warehouse. Results must be provided to a student's teacher and parent in a timely manner as required in s. 1008.22(7)(f) = 1008.22(7)(g).
- Section 22. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and subsection (5) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.—
- (c) The state board shall adopt by rule a differentiated matrix of intervention and support strategies for assisting traditional public schools identified under this section and rules for implementing s. 1002.33(9)(n), relating to charter schools. The intervention and support strategies must address student performance and may include improvement planning;

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2025166 leadership quality improvement; educator quality improvement;

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professional learning; curriculum review, pacing, and alignment across grade levels to improve background knowledge in social studies, science, and the arts; and the use of continuous improvement and monitoring plans and processes. In addition, the state board may prescribe reporting requirements to review and monitor the progress of the schools. The rule must define the intervention and support strategies for school improvement for schools earning a grade of "D" or "F" and the roles for the district and department. A school may not be required to use the measure of student learning growth in s. 1012.34(7) as the sole determinant to recruit instructional personnel. The rule must create a timeline for a school district's school improvement plan or district-managed turnaround plan to be approved and for the school improvement funds under Title I to be released to the school district. The timeline established in rule for the release of school improvement funding under Title I may not exceed 20 calendar days after the approval of the school improvement plan or district-managed turnaround plan.

(5) The state board shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section. The rules shall include timelines for submission of implementation plans, approval criteria for implementation plans, timelines for releasing Title I funding, implementing intervention and support strategies, a standard charter school turnaround contract, a standard facility lease, and a mutual management agreement. The state board shall consult with education stakeholders in developing the rules.

Section 23. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of

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958	section 1010.20, Florida Statutes, to read:
959	1010.20 Cost accounting and reporting for school
960	districts
961	(2) COST REPORTING
962	(e) Each charter school shall receive and respond to
963	monitoring questions from the department.
964	Section 24. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 1011.035,
965	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
966	1011.035 School district fiscal transparency
967	(2) Each district school board shall post on its website:
968	(a) A plain language version of each proposed, tentative,
969	and official budget which describes each budget item in terms
970	that are easily understandable to the public and includes:
971	(a) Graphical representations, for each public school
972	within the district and for the school district, of the
973	following:
974	1. Summary financial efficiency data.
975	2. Fiscal trend information for the previous 3 years on:
976	a. The ratio of full-time equivalent students to full-time
977	equivalent instructional personnel.
978	b. The ratio of full-time equivalent students to full-time
979	equivalent administrative personnel.
980	e. The total operating expenditures per full-time
981	equivalent student.
982	d. The total instructional expenditures per full-time
983	equivalent student.
984	e.—The general administrative expenditures as a percentage
985	of total budget.
986	f. The rate of change in the general fund's ending fund

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balance not classified as restricted.

(b) A link to the web-based fiscal transparency tool developed by the department pursuant to s. 1010.20 to enable taxpayers to evaluate the financial efficiency of the school district and compare the financial efficiency of the school district with other similarly situated school districts.

This information must be prominently posted on the school district's website in a manner that is readily accessible to the public.

- (4) The website should contain links to:
- (a)—Help explain or provide background information on various budget items that are required by state or federal law.
- (b) Allow users to navigate to related sites to view supporting details.

(e) enable taxpayers, parents, and education advocates to send e-mails asking questions about the budget and enable others to view the questions and responses.

Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 1011.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.14 Obligations for a period of 1 year.—District school boards are authorized only under the following conditions to create obligations by way of anticipation of budgeted revenues accruing on a current basis without pledging the credit of the district or requiring future levy of taxes for certain purposes for a period of 1 year; however, such obligations may be extended from year to year with the consent of the lender for a period not to exceed 4 years, or for a total of 5 years including the initial year of the loan:

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(1) PURPOSES.—The purposes for which such obligations may be incurred within the intent of this section shall include only the purchase of school buses, land, and equipment for educational purposes; the erection of, alteration to, or addition to educational plants, ancillary plants, and auxiliary facilities; and the adjustment of insurance on educational property on a 5-year plan, as provided by rules of the State Board of Education.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 1011.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.60 Minimum requirements of the Florida Education Finance Program.—Each district which participates in the state appropriations for the Florida Education Finance Program shall provide evidence of its effort to maintain an adequate school program throughout the district and shall meet at least the following requirements:

actual teaching days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education each school year. The State Board of Education may prescribe procedures for altering, and, upon written application, may alter, this requirement during a national, state, or local emergency as it may apply to an individual school or schools in any district or districts if the district school board certifies to the Commissioner of Education that if, in the opinion of the board, it is not necessary feasible to make up lost days or hours, and the apportionment may, at the discretion of the Commissioner of Education and if the board determines that the reduction of school days or hours is caused by the existence of a bona fide

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emergency, be reduced for such district or districts in proportion to the decrease in the length of term in any such school or schools. A strike, as defined in s. 447.203(6), by employees of the school district may not be considered an emergency.

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Section 27. Paragraph (o) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- (o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.491-1003.493, or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s. 1003.4203.—
- 1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school grades.

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1074 b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student 1075 membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a 1076 course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded 1077 CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry 1078 certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry 1079 Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the 1080 State Board of Education. A value of 0.2 full-time equivalent 1081 membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a 1082 CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation 1083 agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of 1084 Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not 1085 articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall 1086 assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each 1087 certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE 1088 membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to sub-1089 subparagraph a. may not rely solely on the previously funded 1090 examination to satisfy the requirements for earning an industry 1091 certification under this sub-subparagraph. The State Board of 1092 Education shall include the assigned values on the CAPE Industry 1093 Certification Funding List under rules adopted by the state 1094 board. Such value shall be added to the total full-time 1095 equivalent student membership for grades 6 through 12 in the 1096 subsequent year. CAPE industry certifications earned through 1097 dual enrollment must be reported and funded pursuant to s. 1098 1011.80. However, if a student earns a certification through a 1099 dual enrollment course and the certification is not a fundable 1100 certification on the postsecondary certification funding list, 1101 or the dual enrollment certification is earned as a result of an 1102 agreement between a school district and a nonpublic

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postsecondary institution, the bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as other nondual enrollment course industry certifications. In such cases, the school district may provide for an agreement between the high school and the technical center, or the school district and the postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement for equitable distribution of the bonus funds.

- c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for student completion of at least three courses and an industry certification in a single career and technical education program or program of study.
- d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(4) and 1008.44.
- 2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds, and any remaining funds provided for CAPE industry certification for school district career and technical education programs. This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program.
- 3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct

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1132	instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry
1133	certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent
1134	membership under subparagraph 1.:
1135	a. A bonus of $\$25$ for each student taught by a teacher who
1136	provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
1137	CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
1138	Funding List with a weight of 0.1.
1139	b. A bonus of $$50$ for each student taught by a teacher who
1140	provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
1141	CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
1142	Funding List with a weight of 0.2.
1143	c. A bonus of $\$75$ for each student taught by a teacher who
1144	provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
1145	CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
1146	Funding List with a weight of 0.3.
1147	d. A bonus of \$100 for each student taught by a teacher who
1148	provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of \boldsymbol{a}
1149	CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
1150	Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0.
1151	
1152	Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to
1153	teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which
1154	the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the
1155	calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the
1156	associated weight of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE
1157	Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the
1158	certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a
1159	teacher pursuant to this paragraph is in addition to any regular

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wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to

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receive. A bonus may not be awarded to a teacher who fails to maintain the security of any CAPE industry certification examination or who otherwise violates the security or administration protocol of any assessment instrument that may result in a bonus being awarded to the teacher under this paragraph.

Section 28. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1011.6202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.6202 Principal Autonomy Program Initiative.—The Principal Autonomy Program Initiative is created within the Department of Education. The purpose of the program is to provide a highly effective principal of a participating school with increased autonomy and authority to operate his or her school, as well as other schools, in a way that produces significant improvements in student achievement and school management while complying with constitutional requirements. The State Board of Education may, upon approval of a principal autonomy proposal, enter into a performance contract with the district school board for participation in the program.

(3) EXEMPTION FROM LAWS.-

- (b) A participating school or a school operated by a principal pursuant to subsection (5) shall comply with the provisions of chapters 1000-1013, and rules of the state board that implement those provisions, pertaining to the following:
- 1. Those laws relating to the election and compensation of district school board members, the election or appointment and compensation of district school superintendents, public meetings and public records requirements, financial disclosure, and conflicts of interest.

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1190	2. Those laws relating to the student assessment program
1191	and school grading system, including chapter 1008.
1192	3. Those laws relating to the provision of services to
1193	students with disabilities.
1194	4. Those laws relating to civil rights, including s.
1195	1000.05, relating to discrimination.
1196	5. Those laws relating to student health, safety, and
1197	welfare.
1198	6. Section 1001.42(4)(f), relating to the uniform opening
1199	date for public schools.
1200	7. Section 1003.03, governing maximum class size, except
1201	that the calculation for compliance pursuant to s. 1003.03 is
1202	the average at the school level for a participating school.
1203	8. Sections 1012.22(1)(c) and 1012.27(2), relating to
1204	compensation and salary schedules.
1205	9. Section 1012.33(5), relating to workforce reductions for
1206	annual contracts for instructional personnel. This subparagraph
1207	does not apply to at-will employees.
1208	10. Section 1012.335, relating to annual or instructional
1209	<u>multiyear</u> contracts for instructional personnel hired on or
1210	after July 1, 2011. This subparagraph does not apply to at-will
1211	employees.
1212	11. Section 1012.34, relating to personnel evaluation
1213	procedures and criteria.
1214	12. Those laws pertaining to educational facilities,
1215	including chapter 1013, except that s. 1013.20, relating to
1216	covered walkways for relocatables, is eligible for exemption.
1217	13. Those laws pertaining to participating school
1218	districts, including this section and ss. 1011.69(2) and

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1012.28(8).

Section 29. Subsection (4) of section 1011.69, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

1011.69 Equity in School-Level Funding Act.-

- (4) After providing Title I, Part A, Basic funds to schools above the 75 percent poverty threshold, which may include high schools above the 50 percent threshold as permitted by federal law, school districts shall provide any remaining Title I, Part A, Basic funds directly to all eligible schools as provided in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, an eligible school is a school that is eligible to receive Title I funds, including a charter school. The threshold for identifying eligible schools may not exceed the threshold established by a school district for the 2016-2017 school year or the statewide percentage of economically disadvantaged students, as determined annually.
- (a) Prior to the allocation of Title I funds to eligible schools, a school district may withhold funds only as follows:
- One percent for parent involvement, in addition to the one percent the district must reserve under federal law for allocations to eligible schools for parent involvement;
- 2. A necessary and reasonable amount for administration which includes the district's indirect cost rate, not to exceed a total of 10 percent;
 - 3. A reasonable and necessary amount to provide:
 - a. Homeless programs;
 - b. Delinquent and neglected programs;
 - c. Prekindergarten programs and activities;

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d. Private school equitable services; and

- 1249 e. Transportation for foster care children to their school 1250 of origin or choice programs;
 - 4. Up to 5 percent to provide financial incentives and rewards to teachers who serve students in eligible schools, including charter schools, identified for comprehensive support and improvement activities or targeted support and improvement activities, for the purpose of attracting and retaining qualified and effective teachers, including teachers of any subject or grade level for whom a measurement under s.

 1012.34(7) or a state-approved Alternative Student Growth Model is unavailable; and
 - $\underline{5.4.}$ A necessary and reasonable amount, not to exceed 1 percent, for eligible schools, including charter schools, to provide educational services in accordance with the approved Title I plan.
 - (b) All remaining Title I funds shall be distributed to all eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation. An eligible school may use funds under this subsection to participate in discretionary educational services provided by the school district. Any funds provided by an eligible school to participate in discretionary educational services provided by the school district are not subject to the requirements of this subsection.
 - (c) Any funds carried forward by the school district are not subject to the requirements of this subsection.
- 1274 (5) The Department of Education shall make funds from Title
 1275 I, Title II, and Title III programs available to local education
 1276 agencies for the full period of availability provided in federal

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law.

Section 30. Paragraphs (c), (e), and (h) of subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1011.71 District school tax.—

- (2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided in subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for charter schools pursuant to s. 1013.62(1) and (3) and for district schools to fund:
- (c) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of school buses or other motor vehicles regularly used for the transportation of prekindergarten disability program and K-12 public school students to and from school or to and from school activities, and owned, operated, rented, contracted, or leased by any district school board.
- (e) Payments for educational plants, ancillary plants, and auxiliary facilities and sites due under a lease-purchase agreement entered into by a district school board pursuant to s. 1003.02(1)(f) or s. 1013.15(2), not exceeding, in the aggregate, an amount equal to three-fourths of the proceeds from the millage levied by a district school board pursuant to this subsection. The three-fourths limit is waived for lease-purchase agreements entered into before June 30, 2009, by a district school board pursuant to this paragraph. If payments under lease-purchase agreements in the aggregate, including lease-purchase agreements entered into before June 30, 2009, exceed three-fourths of the proceeds from the millage levied pursuant to this subsection, the district school board may not withhold the administrative fees authorized by s. 1002.33(20) from any

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charter school operating in the school district.

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(h) Payment of costs of leasing relocatable educational plants, ancillary plants, and auxiliary facilities, of renting or leasing educational plants, ancillary plants, and auxiliary facilities and sites pursuant to s. 1013.15(2), or of renting or leasing buildings or space within existing buildings pursuant to s. 1013.15(4).

Section 31. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1012.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.22 Public school personnel; powers and duties of the district school board.—The district school board shall:

- (1) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of this chapter:
 - (c) Compensation and salary schedules .-
 - 1. Definitions.—As used in this paragraph:
- a. "Adjustment" means an addition to the base salary schedule that is not a bonus and becomes part of the employee's permanent base salary and shall be considered compensation under s. 121.021(22).
- b. "Grandfathered salary schedule" means the salary schedule or schedules adopted by a district school board before July 1, 2014, pursuant to subparagraph 4.
- 1332 c. "Instructional personnel" means instructional personnel
 1333 as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a)-(d), excluding substitute
 1334 teachers.

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d. "Performance salary schedule" means the salary schedule or schedules adopted by a district school board pursuant to subparagraph 5.

- e. "Salary schedule" means the schedule or schedules used to provide the base salary for district school board personnel.
- f. "School administrator" means a school administrator as defined in s. 1012.01(3)(c).
- g. "Supplement" means an annual addition to the base salary for the term of the negotiated supplement as long as the employee continues his or her employment for the purpose of the supplement. A supplement does not become part of the employee's continuing base salary but shall be considered compensation under s. 121.021(22).
- 2. Cost-of-living adjustment.—A district school board may provide a cost-of-living salary adjustment if the adjustment:
- a. Does not discriminate among comparable classes of employees based upon the salary schedule under which they are compensated.
- b. Does not exceed 50 percent of the annual adjustment provided to instructional personnel rated as effective.
- 3. Advanced degrees.—A district school board may use advanced degrees in setting a salary schedule for instructional personnel or school administrators if the advanced degree is held in the individual's area of certification. For purposes of the salary schedule, an advanced degree may include a doctorate or master's degree in the area of certification, or a doctorate or master's degree with a minimum of 18 graduate semester hours in the area of certification.
 - 4. Grandfathered salary schedule.-

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a. The district school board shall adopt a salary schedule or salary schedules to be used as the basis for paying all school employees hired before July 1, 2014. Instructional personnel on annual contract as of July 1, 2014, shall be placed on the performance salary schedule adopted under subparagraph 4. 5. Instructional personnel on continuing contract or professional service contract may opt into the performance salary schedule if the employee relinquishes such contract and agrees to be employed on an annual contract under s. 1012.335. Such an employee shall be placed on the performance salary schedule and may not return to continuing contract or professional service contract status. Any employee who opts into the performance salary schedule may not return to the grandfathered salary schedule.

b. In determining the grandfathered salary schedule for instructional personnel, a district school board must base a portion of each employee's compensation upon performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34 and shall provide differentiated pay for both instructional personnel and school administrators based upon district-determined factors, including, but not limited to, additional responsibilities, school demographics, critical shortage areas, and level of job performance difficulties.

5. Performance salary schedule.—By July 1, 2014, the district school board shall adopt a performance salary schedule that provides annual salary adjustments for instructional personnel and school administrators based upon performance determined under s. 1012.34. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2014, or employees who choose to move from the grandfathered

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salary schedule to the performance salary schedule shall be compensated pursuant to the performance salary schedule once they have received the appropriate performance evaluation for this purpose.

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- a. Base salary.—The base salary shall be established as follows:
- (I) The base salary for instructional personnel or school administrators who opt into the performance salary schedule shall be the salary paid in the prior year, including adjustments only.
- (II) Instructional personnel or school administrators new to the district, returning to the district after a break in service without an authorized leave of absence, or appointed for the first time to a position in the district in the capacity of instructional personnel or school administrator shall be placed on the performance salary schedule.
- b. Salary adjustments. Salary adjustments for highly effective or effective performance shall be established as follows:
- (I) The annual salary adjustment under the performance salary schedule for an employee rated as highly effective must be at least 25 percent greater than the highest annual salary adjustment available to an employee of the same classification through any other salary schedule adopted by the district.
- (II) The annual salary adjustment under the performance salary schedule for an employee rated as effective must be equal to at least 50 percent and no more than 75 percent of the annual adjustment provided for a highly effective employee of the same classification.

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1422 (III) A salary schedule may shall not provide an annual 1423 salary adjustment for an employee who receives a rating other 1424 than highly effective or effective for the year.

- c. Salary supplements. In addition to the salary adjustments, each district school board shall provide for salary supplements for activities that must include, but are not limited to:
 - (I) Assignment to a Title I eligible school.

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- (II) Assignment to a school that earned a grade of "F" or three consecutive grades of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34 such that the supplement remains in force for at least 1 year following improved performance in that school.
- (III) Certification and teaching in critical teacher shortage areas. Statewide critical teacher shortage areas shall be identified by the State Board of Education under s. 1012.07. However, the district school board may identify other areas of critical shortage within the school district for purposes of this sub-sub-subparagraph and may remove areas identified by the state board which do not apply within the school district.
 - (IV) Assignment of additional academic responsibilities.

If budget constraints in any given year limit a district school board's ability to fully fund all adopted salary schedules, the performance salary schedule may shall not be reduced on the basis of total cost or the value of individual awards in a manner that is proportionally greater than reductions to any other salary schedules adopted by the district. Any compensation 1449 for longevity of service awarded to instructional personnel who are on any other salary schedule must be included in calculating

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the salary adjustments required by sub-subparagraph b.

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- (3) (a) Collective bargaining.—Notwithstanding provisions of chapter 447 related to district school board collective bargaining, collective bargaining may not preclude a district school board from carrying out its constitutional and statutory duties related to the following:
- 1. Providing incentives to effective and highly effective teachers.
- 2. Implementing intervention and support strategies under $s.\ 1008.33$ to address the causes of low student performance and improve student academic performance and attendance.
- Implementing student discipline provisions required by law, including a review of a student's abilities, past performance, behavior, and needs.
 - 4. Implementing school safety plans and requirements.
 - 5. Implementing staff and student recognition programs.
- 6. Distributing correspondence to parents, teachers, and community members related to the daily operation of schools and the district.
- 7. Providing any required notice or copies of information related to the district school board or district operations which is readily available on the school district's website.
 - 8. The school district's calendar.
- Providing salary supplements pursuant to sub-subsubparagraph (1)(c)5.c.(III).

Section 32. Present paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 1012.335, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) and (d), respectively, a new paragraph (b) is added to that subsection, paragraphs (d) and (e) are added to

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1480	subsection (2) of that section, and subsections (3) and (4) of
1481	that section are amended, to read:
1482	1012.335 Contracts with instructional personnel hired on or
1483	after July 1, 2011
1484	(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
1485	(b) "Instructional multiyear contract," beginning July 1,
1486	2026, means an employment contract for a period not to exceed 3
1487	years which the district school board may choose to award upon
1488	completion of a probationary contract and at least one annual
1489	contract.
1490	(2) EMPLOYMENT
1491	(d) An instructional multiyear contract may be awarded,
1492	beginning July 1, 2026, only if the employee:
1493	1. Holds an active professional certificate or temporary
1494	certificate issued pursuant to s. 1012.56 and rules of the State
1495	Board of Education;
1496	2. Has been recommended by the district school
1497	superintendent for the instructional multiyear contract based
1498	upon the individual's evaluation under s. 1012.34 and approved
1499	by the district school board; and
1500	$\underline{\text{3.}}$ Has not received an annual performance evaluation rating
1501	of unsatisfactory or needs improvement under s. 1012.34.
1502	(e) An employee awarded an instructional multiyear contract
1503	who receives an annual performance evaluation rating of
1504	unsatisfactory or needs improvement under s. 1012.34 must be
1505	returned to an annual contract in the following school year.
1506	Such evaluation rating must be included with the evaluation
1507	ratings under subsequent annual contracts for determinations of
1508	just cause under s. 1012.33.

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(3) VIOLATION OF ANNUAL <u>OR INSTRUCTIONAL MULTIYEAR</u>
CONTRACT.—Instructional personnel who accept a written offer from the district school board and who leave their positions without prior release from the district school board are subject to the jurisdiction of the Education Practices Commission.

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(4) SUSPENSION OR DISMISSAL OF INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL ON ANNUAL OR INSTRUCTIONAL MULTIYEAR CONTRACT. - Any instructional personnel with an annual or instructional multiyear contract may be suspended or dismissed at any time during the term of the contract for just cause as provided in subsection (5). The district school board shall notify the employee in writing whenever charges are made and may suspend such person without pay. However, if the charges are not sustained, the employee must shall be immediately reinstated and his or her back pay must shall be paid. If the employee wishes to contest the charges, he or she must, within 15 days after receipt of the written notice, submit a written request for a hearing to the district school board. A direct hearing must shall be conducted by the district school board or a subcommittee thereof within 60 days after receipt of the written appeal. The hearing must shall be conducted in accordance with ss. 120.569 and 120.57. A majority vote of the membership of the district school board shall be required to sustain the district school superintendent's recommendation. The district school board's determination is final as to the sufficiency or insufficiency of the grounds for suspension without pay or dismissal. Any such decision adverse to the employee may be appealed by the employee pursuant to s. 120.68.

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Section 33. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and

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1538	paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1012.34, Florida
1539	Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (c) is added to subsection
1540	(7) of that section, to read:
1541	1012.34 Personnel evaluation procedures and criteria
1542	(1) EVALUATION SYSTEM APPROVAL AND REPORTING
1543	(a) For the purpose of increasing student academic
1544	performance by improving the quality of instructional,
1545	administrative, and supervisory services in the public schools

administrative, and supervisory services in the public schools 1546 of this the state, the district school superintendent shall 1547 establish procedures for evaluating the performance of duties 1548 and responsibilities of all instructional, administrative, and 1549 supervisory personnel employed by the school district. The 1550 procedures and requirements in subsection (3) must be 1551 established by the district school superintendent and approved 1552 by the district school board, must set the standards of service 1553 to be offered to the public within the meaning of s. 447.209, and are not subject to collective bargaining. The district 1554 1555 school superintendent shall provide instructional personnel the 1556 opportunity to review their class rosters for accuracy and to 1557 correct any mistakes. The district school superintendent shall 1558 report accurate class rosters for the purpose of calculating 1559 district and statewide student performance and annually report 1560 the evaluation results of instructional personnel and school 1561 administrators to the Department of Education in addition to the 1562 information required under subsection (5).

(b) The district school superintendent shall submit the district instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems to the department whenever the evaluation systems in subsection (2) are amended department must approve

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each school district's instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems. The department shall monitor each district's implementation of its instructional personnel and school administrator evaluation systems for compliance with the requirements of this section.

- personnel and school administrator performance evaluations must be based upon the performance of students assigned to their classrooms or schools, as provided in this section. Pursuant to this section, a school district's performance evaluation system is not limited to basing unsatisfactory performance of instructional personnel and school administrators solely upon student performance, but may include other criteria to evaluate instructional personnel and school administrators' performance, or any combination of student performance and other criteria. Evaluation procedures and criteria must comply with, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) A performance evaluation must be conducted for each employee at least once a year, except that a classroom teacher, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a), excluding substitute teachers, who is newly hired by the district school board must be observed and evaluated at least twice in the first year of teaching in the school district. The performance evaluation must be based upon sound educational principles and contemporary research in effective educational practices. The evaluation criteria must include:
- 1. Performance of students.—At least <u>one-half</u> one third of a performance evaluation must be based upon data and indicators of student performance, as determined by each school district.

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This portion of the evaluation must include growth or
achievement data of the teacher's students or, for a school
administrator, the students attending the school over the course
of at least 3 years. If less than 3 years of data are available,
the years for which data are available must be used. The
proportion of growth or achievement data may be determined by
instructional assignment.

2. Instructional practice. For instructional personnel, at

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- 2. Instructional practice.—For instructional personnel, at least one—third of the performance evaluation must be based upon instructional practice. Evaluation criteria used when annually observing classroom teachers, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a), excluding substitute teachers, must include indicators based upon each of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices adopted by the State Board of Education. For instructional personnel who are not classroom teachers, evaluation criteria must be based upon indicators of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices and may include specific job expectations related to student support. This section does not preclude a school administrator from visiting and observing classroom teachers throughout the school year for purposes of providing mentorship, training, instructional feedback, or prefessional learning.
- 3. Instructional leadership.—For school administrators, at least one—third of the performance evaluation must be based on instructional leadership. Evaluation criteria for instructional leadership must include indicators based upon each of the leadership standards adopted by the State Board of Education under s. 1012.986, including performance measures related to the effectiveness of classroom teachers in the school, the administrator's appropriate use of evaluation criteria and

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procedures, recruitment and retention of effective and highly effective classroom teachers, improvement in the percentage of instructional personnel evaluated at the highly effective or effective level, and other leadership practices that result in student learning growth. The system may include a means to give parents and instructional personnel an opportunity to provide

input into the administrator's performance evaluation.

- 4. Other indicators of performance.—For instructional personnel and school administrators, the remainder of a performance evaluation may include, but is not limited to, professional and job responsibilities as recommended by the State Board of Education or identified by the district school board and, for instructional personnel, peer reviews, objectively reliable survey information from students and parents based on teaching practices that are consistently associated with higher student achievement, and other valid and reliable measures of instructional practice.
 - (7) MEASUREMENT OF STUDENT PERFORMANCE.-
- (c) The measurement of student learning growth under paragraph (a) may not be the sole determinant for any incentive pay for instructional personnel or school administrators.

Section 34. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1012.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1012.39 Employment of substitute teachers, teachers of adult education, nondegreed teachers of career education, and career specialists; students performing clinical field experience.—
- (1) Notwithstanding ss. 1012.32, 1012.55, 1012.56, and 1012.57, or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary,

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1654	each district school board shall establish the minimal
1655	qualifications for:
1656	(c) Part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career
1657	programs. Qualifications must be established for nondegreed
1658	teachers of career and technical education courses for program
1659	clusters that are recognized in the state and are based
1660	primarily on successful occupational experience rather than
1661	academic training. The qualifications for such teachers must
1662	require:
1663	1. The filing of a complete set of fingerprints in the same
1664	manner as required by s. 1012.32. Faculty employed solely to
1665	conduct postsecondary instruction may be exempted from this
1666	requirement.
1667	2. Documentation of education and successful occupational
1668	$experience_{\underline{\iota}}$ including documentation of:
1669	a. A high school diploma or the equivalent.
1670	b. Completion of \underline{a} minimum level, established by the
1671	district school board, 3 years of full-time successful
1672	occupational experience or the equivalent of part-time
1673	experience in the teaching specialization area. The district
1674	school board may establish alternative qualifications for
1675	teachers with an industry certification in the career area in
1676	which they teach.
1677	c. For full-time teachers, completion of professional

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students. This training may be completed through coursework from

an accredited or approved institution or an approved district

education training in teaching methods, course construction,

lesson planning and evaluation, and teaching special needs

teacher education program, or the local school district

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inservice master plan.

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d. Documentation of industry certification when state or national industry certifications are available and applicable.

Section 35. Paragraphs (a), (b), (d), and (e) of subsection (2) of section 1012.555, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.555 Teacher Apprenticeship Program.—

- (2)(a) An individual must meet the following minimum eligibility requirements to participate in the apprenticeship program:
- 1. Be enrolled in or have completed Have received an associate degree $\underline{program\ at}\ \underline{from}\ an\ accredited\ postsecondary\ institution.$
- 2. Have earned a cumulative grade point average of 2.5 in that degree program.
- Have successfully passed a background screening as provided in s. 1012.32.
- 4. Have received a temporary apprenticeship certificate as provided in s. 1012.56(7) (d).
- (b) As a condition of participating in the program, an apprentice teacher must commit to spending at least the first 2 years in the classroom of a mentor teacher using team teaching strategies identified in $\underline{s.\ 1003.03(4)\ (b)}\ \underline{s.\ 1003.03(5)\ (b)}$ and fulfilling the on-the-job training component of the registered apprenticeship and its associated standards.
- (d) An apprentice teacher must be appointed by the district school board or work in the district as an education paraprofessional and must be paid in accordance with s. 446.032 and rules adopted by the State Board of Education.
 - (e) An apprentice teacher may change schools or districts

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1712	after the first year of his or her apprenticeship if the
1713	receiving hiring school or district has agreed to fund the
1714	remaining year of the apprenticeship.
1715	Section 36. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2), subsections
1716	(3) and (7), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section
1717	1012.56, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1718	1012.56 Educator certification requirements
1719	(2) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—To be eligible to seek
1720	certification, a person must:
1721	(g) Demonstrate mastery of general knowledge pursuant to
1722	subsection (3), if the person serves as a classroom teacher as
1723	<u>defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a)</u> .
1724	(3) MASTERY OF GENERAL KNOWLEDGE.—Acceptable means of
1725	demonstrating mastery of general knowledge are:
1726	(a) Achievement of passing scores on the general knowledge
1727	examination required by state board rule;
1728	(b) Documentation of a valid professional standard teaching
1729	certificate issued by another state;
1730	(c) Documentation of a valid certificate issued by the
1731	National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national
1732	educator credentialing board approved by the State Board of
1733	Education;
1734	(d) Documentation of two semesters of successful, full-time
1735	or part-time teaching in a Florida College System institution,
1736	state university, or private college or university that awards
1737	an associate or higher degree and is an accredited institution
1738	or an institution of higher education identified by the
1739	Department of Education as having a quality program;
1740	(e) Achievement of passing scores, identified in state

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board rule, on national or international examinations that test comparable content and relevant standards in verbal, analytical writing, and quantitative reasoning skills, including, but not limited to, the verbal, analytical writing, and quantitative reasoning portions of the Graduate Record Examination and the SAT, ACT, and Classic Learning Test. Passing scores identified in state board rule must be at approximately the same level of rigor as is required to pass the general knowledge examinations;

(f) Documentation of receipt of a master's or higher degree from an accredited postsecondary educational institution that the Department of Education has identified as having a quality program resulting in a baccalaureate degree or higher.

A school district that employs an individual who does not achieve passing scores on any subtest of the general knowledge examination must provide information regarding the availability of state-level and district-level supports and instruction to assist him or her in achieving a passing score. Such information must include, but need not be limited to, state-level test information guides, school district test preparation resources, and preparation courses offered by state universities and Florida College System institutions. The requirement of mastery of general knowledge shall be waived for an individual who has been provided 3 years of supports and instruction and who has been rated effective or highly effective under s. 1012.34 for each of the last 3 years.

- (7) TYPES AND TERMS OF CERTIFICATION.-
- (a) The Department of Education shall issue a professional

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1770	certificate for a period not to exceed 5 years to any applicant
1771	who fulfills one of the following:
1772	1. Meets all the applicable requirements outlined in
1773	subsection (2).
1774	2. For a professional certificate covering grades 6 through
1775	12:
1776	a. Meets the applicable requirements of paragraphs (2)(a)-
1777	(h).
1778	b. Holds a master's or higher degree in the area of
1779	science, technology, engineering, or mathematics.
1780	c. Teaches a high school course in the subject of the
1781	advanced degree.
1782	d. Is rated highly effective as determined by the teacher's
1783	performance evaluation under s. 1012.34, based in part on
1784	student performance as measured by a statewide, standardized
1785	assessment or an Advanced Placement, Advanced International
1786	Certificate of Education, or International Baccalaureate
1787	examination.
1788	e. Achieves a passing score on the Florida professional
1789	education competency examination required by state board rule.
1790	3. Meets the applicable requirements of paragraphs (2)(a)-
1791	(h) and completes a professional learning certification program
1792	approved by the department pursuant to paragraph (8)(c) or an
1793	educator preparation institute approved by the department
1794	pursuant to s. 1004.85. An applicant who completes one of these
1795	programs and is rated highly effective as determined by his or
1796	her performance evaluation under s. 1012.34 is not required to
1797	take or achieve a passing score on the professional education
1798	competency examination in order to be awarded a professional

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certificate.

- (b) The department shall issue a temporary certificate to any applicant who:
- 1. Completes the requirements outlined in paragraphs (2)(a)-(f) and completes the subject area content requirements specified in state board rule or demonstrates mastery of subject area knowledge pursuant to subsection (5) and holds an accredited degree or a degree approved by the Department of Education at the level required for the subject area specialization in state board rule;
- 2. For a subject area specialization for which the state board otherwise requires a bachelor's degree, documents 48 months of active-duty military service with an honorable discharge or a medical separation; completes the requirements outlined in paragraphs (2)(a), (b), and (d)-(f); completes the subject area content requirements specified in state board rule or demonstrates mastery of subject area knowledge pursuant to subsection (5); and documents completion of 60 college credits with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale, as provided by one or more accredited institutions of higher learning or a nonaccredited institution of higher learning identified by the Department of Education as having a quality program resulting in a bachelor's degree or higher; or
- 3. Is enrolled in a state-approved teacher preparation program under s. 1004.04; is actively completing the required program field experience or internship at a public school; completes the requirements outlined in paragraphs (2)(a), (b), and (d)-(f); completes the subject area content requirements specified in state board rule or demonstrates mastery of subject

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1828	area knowledge pursuant to subsection (5); and documents
1829	completion of 60 college credits with a minimum cumulative grade
1830	point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale, as provided by one or more
1831	accredited institutions of higher learning or a nonaccredited
1832	institution of higher learning identified by the Department of
1833	Education as having a quality program resulting in a bachelor's
1834	degree or higher.
1835	(c) The department shall issue one nonrenewable 2-year
1836	temporary certificate and one nonrenewable 5-year professional
1837	certificate to a qualified applicant who holds a bachelor's
1838	degree in the area of speech-language impairment to allow for
1839	completion of a master's degree program in speech-language
1840	impairment.
1841	(d) The department shall issue a temporary apprenticeship
1842	certificate to any applicant who $\underline{:}$
1843	$\underline{\textbf{1.}}$ Meets the requirements of paragraphs (2)(a), (b), and
1844	(d)-(f).
1845	2. Completes the subject area content requirements
1846	specified in state board rule or demonstrates mastery of subject
1847	area knowledge as provided in subsection (5).
1848	(e) A person who is issued a temporary certificate under
1849	paragraph (b) must be assigned a teacher mentor for a minimum of
1850	2 school years after commencing employment. Each teacher mentor
1851	selected by the school district, charter school, or charter
1852	management organization must:
1853	1. Hold a valid professional certificate issued pursuant to
1854	this section;
1855	2. Have earned at least 3 years of teaching experience in
1856	prekindergarten through grade 12; and

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3. Have earned an effective or highly effective rating on the prior year's performance evaluation under s. 1012.34.

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- (f)1. A temporary certificate is valid for 5 school fiscal years, is limited to a one-time issuance, and is nonrenewable.
- A temporary apprenticeship certificate issued under paragraph (d) is valid for 5 school years, may be issued only once, and is nonrenewable.
- (g) A certificateholder may request that her or his certificate be placed in an inactive status. A certificate that has been inactive may be reactivated upon application to the department. The department shall prescribe, by rule, professional learning requirements as a condition of reactivating a certificate that has been inactive for more than 1 year.
- (h) A school district or a regional education consortium may issue temporary certificates, based on the requirements in paragraph (b). School districts and regional education consortiamust report the number of such certificates issued, and any additional information to the department, based on reporting requirements adopted by the State Board of Education.

At least 1 year before an individual's <u>department-issued</u> temporary certificate is set to expire, the department shall electronically notify the individual of the date on which his or her certificate will expire and provide a list of each method by which the qualifications for a professional certificate can be completed.

- (8) PROFESSIONAL LEARNING CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.-
- (a) The Department of Education shall develop and each

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1886	school district, charter school, and charter management
1887	organization may provide a cohesive competency-based
1888	professional learning certification program by which
1889	instructional staff may satisfy the mastery of professional
1890	preparation and education competence requirements specified in
1891	subsection (6) and rules of the State Board of Education.
1892	Participants must hold a state-issued temporary certificate. A
1893	school district, charter school, or charter management
1894	organization that implements the program shall provide a
1895	competency-based certification program developed by the
1896	Department of Education or developed by the district, charter
1897	school, or charter management organization and approved by the
1898	Department of Education. These entities may collaborate with
1899	other supporting agencies or educational entities for
1900	implementation. The program shall include the following:
1901	1. A teacher mentorship and induction component.
1902	a. Each individual selected by the district, charter
1903	school, or charter management organization as a mentor:
1904	(I) Must hold a valid professional certificate issued
1905	pursuant to this section;
1906	(II) Must have earned at least 3 years of teaching
1907	experience in prekindergarten through grade 12;
1908	(III) Must have completed training in clinical supervision
1909	and participate in ongoing mentor training provided through the
1910	coordinated system of professional learning under s. 1012.98(4);

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(IV) Must have earned an effective or highly effective

(V) May be a peer evaluator under the district's evaluation

rating on the prior year's performance evaluation; and

system approved under s. 1012.34.

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- b. The teacher mentorship and induction component must, at a minimum, provide routine opportunities for mentoring and induction activities, including ongoing professional learning as described in s. 1012.98 targeted to a teacher's needs, opportunities for a teacher to observe other teachers, coteaching experiences, and reflection and <a href="follow-up follow-up f
- 2. An assessment of teaching performance aligned to the district's, charter school's, or charter management organization's system for personnel evaluation under s. 1012.34 which provides for:
- a. An initial evaluation of each educator's competencies to determine an appropriate individualized professional learning plan.
- b. A summative evaluation to assure successful completion of the program.
- 3. Professional education preparation content knowledge, which must be included in the mentoring and induction activities under subparagraph 1., that includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- a. The state academic standards provided under s. 1003.41, including scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instructional strategies grounded in the science of reading, content literacy, and mathematical practices, for each subject identified on the temporary certificate. Reading instructional

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1944	strategies for foundational skills shall include phonics		
1945	instruction for decoding and encoding as the primary		
1946	instructional strategy for word reading. Instructional		
1947	strategies may not employ the three-cueing system model of		
1948	reading or visual memory as a basis for teaching word reading.		
1949	Instructional strategies may include visual information and		
1950	strategies which improve background and experiential knowledge,		
1951	add context, and increase oral language and vocabulary to		
1952	support comprehension, but may not be used to teach word		
1953	reading.		
1954	b. The educator-accomplished practices approved by the		
1955	state board.		
1956	4. Required achievement of passing scores on the subject		
1957	area and professional education competency examination required		
1958	by State Board of Education rule. Mastery of general knowledge		
1959	must be demonstrated as described in subsection (3).		
1960	5. Beginning with candidates entering a program in the		
1961	2022-2023 school year, a candidate for certification in a		
1962	coverage area identified pursuant to $\underline{\text{s. 1012.585(3)(g)}}$ $\underline{\text{s.}}$		
1963	$\frac{1012.585(3)(f)}{}$ must successfully complete all competencies for a		
1964	reading endorsement, including completion of the endorsement		
1965	practicum.		
1966	Section 37. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), subsection		
1967	(3), and paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 1012.585,		
1968	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:		
1969	1012.585 Process for renewal of professional certificates.		
1970	(2)(a) All professional certificates, except a nonrenewable		

periods not to exceed $\underline{10}$ 5 years after the date of submission of Page 68 of 107

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professional certificate, are shall be renewable for successive

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documentation of completion of the requirements for renewal provided in subsection (3). Only one renewal may be granted during each 5-year or 10-year validity period of a professional

- 1. An applicant who is rated highly effective, pursuant to s. 1012.34, in the first 4 years of the 5-year validity period of his or her professional certificate is eligible for a professional certificate valid for 10 years. An applicant must be issued at least one 5-year professional certificate to be eligible for a 10-year professional certificate. An applicant who does not meet the requirement of this subparagraph is eligible only to renew his or her 5-year professional certificate.
- 2. An applicant who is rated effective or highly effective, pursuant to s. 1012.34, for the first 9 years of the 10-year validity period of his or her professional certificate is eligible to renew a professional certificate valid for 10 years. An applicant issued a 10-year professional certificate who does not meet the requirement of this subparagraph is eligible only for renewal of a professional certificate valid for 5 years.
- (3) For the renewal of a professional certificate, the following requirements must be met:
 - (a) The applicant must:

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1. Earn a minimum of 6 college credits or 120 inservice points or a combination thereof for a certificate valid for 5 years. The district school board may reduce the requirements by 1 college credit or 20 inservice points for an applicant rated highly effective, pursuant to s. 1012.34, in at least 3 of the 5 years of the 5-year validity period of his or her initial

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professional certificate.

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2. Earn a minimum of 9 college credits or 180 inservice points or a combination thereof for a professional certificate valid for 10 years. A minimum of 5 college credits or 100 inservice points or a combination thereof must be earned within the first 5 years of a professional certificate valid for 10 years.

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2009 (b) For each area of specialization to be retained on a 2010 certificate, the applicant must earn at least 3 of the required 2011 credit hours or equivalent inservice points in the 2012 specialization area. Education in "clinical educator" training pursuant to s. 1004.04(5)(b); participation in mentorship and 2013 2014 induction activities, including as a mentor, pursuant to s. 2015 1012.56(8)(a); and credits or points that provide training in 2016 the area of scientifically researched, knowledge-based reading 2017 literacy grounded in the science of reading, including explicit, 2018 systematic, and sequential approaches to reading instruction, 2019 developing phonemic awareness, and implementing multisensory 2020 intervention strategies, and computational skills acquisition, 2021 exceptional student education, normal child development, and the 2022 disorders of development may be applied toward any 2023 specialization area. Credits or points that provide training in 2024 the areas of drug abuse, child abuse and neglect, strategies in 2025 teaching students having limited proficiency in English, or 2026 dropout prevention, or training in areas identified in the 2027 educational goals and performance standards adopted pursuant to 2028 ss. 1000.03(5) and 1008.345 may be applied toward any 2029 specialization area, except specialization areas identified by 2030 State Board of Education rule that include reading instruction

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or intervention for any students in kindergarten through grade 6. Each district school board shall include in its inservice master plan the ability for teachers to receive inservice points for supporting students in extracurricular career and technical education activities, such as career and technical student organization activities outside of regular school hours and training related to supervising students participating in a career and technical student organization. Credits or points earned through approved summer institutes may be applied toward the fulfillment of these requirements. Inservice points may also be earned by participation in professional growth components approved by the State Board of Education and specified pursuant to s. 1012.98 in the district's approved master plan for inservice educational training; however, such points may not be used to satisfy the specialization requirements of this paragraph.

(c)(b) In lieu of college course credit or inservice points, the applicant may renew a subject area specialization by passage of a state board approved Florida-developed subject area examination or, if a Florida subject area examination has not been developed, a standardized examination specified in state board rule

 $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (c) If an applicant wishes to retain more than two specialization areas on the certificate, the applicant $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be permitted two successive validity periods for renewal of all specialization areas, but must earn no fewer than 6 college course credit hours or the equivalent $\underline{\text{inservice points}}$ in any one validity period.

(e) (d) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for

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the expanded use of training for renewal of the professional certificate for educators who are required to complete training in teaching students of limited English proficiency or students with disabilities and training in the teaching of reading as follows:

- 1. A teacher who holds a professional certificate may use college credits or inservice points earned through training in teaching students of limited English proficiency or students with disabilities and training in the teaching of reading in excess of 6 semester hours during one certificate-validity period toward renewal of the professional certificate during the subsequent validity periods.
- 2. A teacher who holds a temporary certificate may use college credits or inservice points earned through training in teaching students of limited English proficiency or students with disabilities and training in the teaching of reading toward renewal of the teacher's first professional certificate. Such training must not have been included within the degree program, and the teacher's temporary and professional certificates must be issued for consecutive school years.

(f) (e) Beginning July 1, 2014, an applicant for renewal of a professional certificate must earn a minimum of one college credit or the equivalent inservice points in the area of instruction for teaching students with disabilities. The requirement in this paragraph may not add to the total hours required by the department for continuing education or inservice training.

 $\underline{(g)}$ (f) An applicant for renewal of a professional certificate in any area of certification identified by State

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Board of Education rule that includes reading instruction or intervention for any students in kindergarten through grade 6, with a beginning validity date of July 1, 2020, or thereafter, must earn a minimum of 2 college credits or the equivalent inservice points in evidence-based instruction and interventions grounded in the science of reading specifically designed for students with characteristics of dyslexia, including the use of explicit, systematic, and sequential approaches to reading instruction, developing phonological and phonemic awareness, decoding, and implementing multisensory intervention strategies. Such training must be provided by teacher preparation programs under s. 1004.04 or s. 1004.85 or approved school district professional learning systems under s. 1012.98. The requirements in this paragraph may not add to the total hours required by the department for continuing education or inservice training.

- (h)(g) An applicant for renewal of a professional certificate in educational leadership from a Level I program under s. 1012.562(2) or Level II program under s. 1012.562(3), with a beginning validity date of July 1, 2025, or thereafter, must earn a minimum of 1 college credit or 20 inservice points in Florida's educational leadership standards, as established in rule by the State Board of Education. The requirement in this paragraph may not add to the total hours required by the department for continuing education or inservice training.
- (i) (h) A teacher may earn inservice points only once during each 5-year validity period for any mandatory training topic that is not linked to student learning or professional growth.
- (5) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to allow the reinstatement of expired professional certificates. The

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2118	department may reinstate an expired professional certificate if		
2119	the certificateholder:		
2120	(b) Documents completion of 6 college credits during the 5		
2121	years immediately preceding reinstatement of the expired		
2122	certificate, completion of 120 inservice points, or a		
2123	combination thereof, in an area specified in paragraph $\underline{\text{(3)(b)}}$		
2124	$\frac{(3)(a)}{(a)}$ to include the credit required under paragraph $\underline{(3)(f)}$		
2125	(3)(c) .		
2126			
2127	The requirements of this subsection may not be satisfied by		
2128	subject area examinations or college credits completed for		
2129	issuance of the certificate that has expired.		
2130	Section 38. Section 1013.19, Florida Statutes, is amended		
2131	to read:		
2132	1013.19 Purchase, conveyance, or encumbrance of property		
2133	interests above surface of land; joint-occupancy structures.—For		
2134	the purpose of implementing jointly financed construction		
2135	project agreements, or for the construction of combined		
2136	occupancy structures, any board may purchase, own, convey, sell,		
2137	lease, or encumber airspace or any other interests in property		
2138	above the surface of the land, provided the lease of airspace		
2139	for nonpublic use is for such reasonable rent, length of term,		
2140	and conditions as the board in its discretion may determine. All		
2141	proceeds from such sale or lease shall be used by \underline{a} the board \underline{of}		
2142	trustees for a Florida College System institution or state		
2143	$\underline{\text{university}} \ \underline{\text{or boards}} \ \text{receiving the proceeds solely for fixed}$		
2144	capital outlay purposes. These purposes may include the		

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renovation or remodeling of existing facilities owned by the board or the construction of new facilities; however, for a

3-01169C-25 2025166 2147 Florida College System institution board or university board, 2148 such new facility must be authorized by the Legislature. It is 2149 declared that the use of such rental by the board for public 2150 purposes in accordance with its statutory authority is a public use. Airspace or any other interest in property held by the 2151 2152 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or the 2153 State Board of Education may not be divested or conveyed without 2154 approval of the respective board. Any building, including any 2155 building or facility component that is common to both nonpublic 2156 and educational portions thereof, constructed in airspace that 2157 is sold or leased for nonpublic use pursuant to this section is 2158 subject to all applicable state, county, and municipal 2159 regulations pertaining to land use, zoning, construction of 2160 buildings, fire protection, health, and safety to the same 2161 extent and in the same manner as such regulations would be 2162 applicable to the construction of a building for nonpublic use 2163 on the appurtenant land beneath the subject airspace. Any 2164 educational facility constructed or leased as a part of a joint-2165 occupancy facility is subject to all rules and requirements of 2166 the respective boards or departments having jurisdiction over 2167 educational facilities. Any contract executed by a university

Section 39. Section 1013.35, Florida Statutes, is amended

1013.35 School district educational facilities plan; definitions; preparation, adoption, and amendment; long-term work programs.—

board of trustees pursuant to this section is subject to the

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provisions of s. 1010.62.

(1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

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2176	(a) "Adopted educational facilities plan" means the
2177	comprehensive planning document that is adopted annually by the
2178	district school board as provided in subsection (2) and that
2179	contains the educational plant survey.
2180	(b)—"District facilities work program" means the 5 year
2181	listing of capital outlay projects adopted by the district
2182	school board as provided in subparagraph (2)(a)2. and paragraph
2183	(2) (b) as part of the district educational facilities plan,
2184	which is required in order to:
2185	1. Properly maintain the educational plant and ancillary
2186	facilities of the district.
2187	2.—Provide an adequate number of satisfactory student
2188	stations for the projected student enrollment of the district in
2189	K-12 programs.
2190	(c) "Tentative educational facilities plan" means the
2191	comprehensive planning document prepared annually by the
2192	district school board and submitted to the Office of Educational
2193	Facilities and the affected general-purpose local governments.
2194	(2) PREPARATION OF TENTATIVE DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL
2195	FACILITIES PLAN
2196	(a) Annually, before prior to the adoption of the district
2197	school budget, each district school board shall prepare a
2198	tentative district educational facilities plan that includes
2199	long-range planning for facilities needs over 5-year, 10-year,
2200	and 20-year periods. The plan must be developed in coordination
2201	with the general-purpose local governments and be consistent
2202	with the local government comprehensive plans. The school
2203	board's plan for provision of new schools must meet the needs of
2204	all growing communities in the district, ranging from small

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3-01169C-25 2025166__ rural communities to large urban cities. The plan must include:

1. Projected student populations apportioned geographically at the local level. The projections must be based on information produced by the demographic, revenue, and education estimating conferences pursuant to s. 216.136, where available, as modified by the district based on development data and agreement with the local governments and the Office of Educational Facilities. The projections must be apportioned geographically with assistance from the local governments using local development trend data and the school district student enrollment data.

2. An inventory of existing school facilities. Any anticipated expansions or closures of existing school sites over the 5-year, 10-year, and 20-year periods must be identified. The inventory must include an assessment of areas proximate to existing schools and identification of the need for improvements to infrastructure, safety, including safe access routes, and conditions in the community. The plan must also provide a listing of major repairs and renovation projects anticipated over the period of the plan.

3.—Projections of facilities space needs, which may not exceed the norm space and occupant design criteria established in the State Requirements for Educational Facilities.

4. Information on leased, loaned, and donated space and relocatables used for conducting the district's instructional programs.

5. The general location of public schools proposed to be constructed over the 5 year, 10 year, and 20 year time periods, including a listing of the proposed schools' site acreage needs and anticipated capacity and maps showing the general locations.

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2234	The school board's identification of general locations of future
2235	school sites must be based on the school siting requirements of
2236	s. 163.3177(6)(a) and policies in the comprehensive plan which
2237	provide guidance for appropriate locations for school sites.
2238	6. The identification of options deemed reasonable and
2239	approved by the school board which reduce the need for
2240	additional permanent student stations. Such options may include,
2241	but need not be limited to:
2242	a. Acceptable capacity;
2243	b. Redistricting;
2244	c. Busing;
2245	d.—Year round schools;
2246	e. Charter schools;
2247	f. Magnet schools; and
2248	g. Public-private partnerships.
2249	7. The criteria and method, jointly determined by the local
2250	government and the school board, for determining the impact of
2251	proposed development to public school capacity.
2252	(b) The plan must also include a financially feasible
2253	district facilities work program for a 5-year period. The work
2254	<pre>program must include:</pre>
2255	1. A schedule of major repair and renovation projects
2256	necessary to maintain the educational facilities and ancillary
2257	facilities of the district.
2258	2. A schedule of capital outlay projects necessary to
2259	ensure the availability of satisfactory student stations for the
2260	projected student enrollment in K-12 programs. This schedule
2261	shall consider:
2262	a. The locations, capacities, and planned utilization rates

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of current educational facilities of the district. The capacity of existing satisfactory facilities, as reported in the Florida Inventory of School Houses must be compared to the capital outlay full-time-equivalent student enrollment as determined by the department, including all enrollment used in the calculation of the distribution formula in s. 1013.64.

b. The proposed locations of planned facilities, whether those locations are consistent with the comprehensive plans of all affected local governments, and recommendations for infrastructure and other improvements to land adjacent to existing facilities. The provisions of ss. 1013.33(6), (7), and (8) and 1013.36 must be addressed for new facilities planned within the first 3 years of the work plan, as appropriate.

c. Plans for the use and location of relocatable facilities, leased facilities, and charter school facilities.

d. Plans for multitrack scheduling, grade level organization, block scheduling, or other alternatives that reduce the need for additional permanent student stations.

e. Information concerning average class size and utilization rate by grade level within the district which will result if the tentative district facilities work program is fully implemented.

f. The number and percentage of district students planned to be educated in relocatable facilities during each year of the tentative district facilities work program. For determining future needs, student capacity may not be assigned to any relocatable classroom that is scheduled for elimination or replacement with a permanent educational facility in the current year of the adopted district educational facilities plan and in

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2292	the district facilities work program adopted under this section.			
2293	Those relocatable classrooms clearly identified and scheduled			
2294	for replacement in a school-board-adopted, financially feasible,			
2295	5-year district facilities work program shall be counted at zero			
2296	capacity at the time the work program is adopted and approved by			
2297	the school board. However, if the district facilities work			
2298	program is changed and the relocatable classrooms are not			
2299	replaced as scheduled in the work program, the classrooms must			
2300	be reentered into the system and be counted at actual capacity.			
2301	Relocatable classrooms may not be perpetually added to the work			
2302	program or continually extended for purposes of circumventing			
2303	this section. All relocatable classrooms not identified and			
2304	scheduled for replacement, including those owned, lease-			
2305	purchased, or leased by the school district, must be counted at			
2306	actual student capacity. The district educational facilities			
2307	plan must identify the number of relocatable student stations			
2308	scheduled for replacement during the 5-year survey period and			
2309	the total dollar amount needed for that replacement.			
2310	g. Plans for the closure of any school, including plans for			
2311	disposition of the facility or usage of facility space, and			
2312	anticipated revenues.			
2313	h. Projects for which capital outlay and debt service funds			
2314	accruing under s. 9(d), Art. XII of the State Constitution are			
2315	to be used shall be identified separately in priority order on a			
2316	project priority list within the district facilities work			
2317	program.			
2318	3.—The projected cost for each project identified in the			
2319	district facilities work program. For proposed projects for new			
2320	student stations, a schedule shall be prepared comparing the			

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3-01169C-25 2025166 2321 planned cost and square footage for each new student station, by 2322 elementary, middle, and high school levels, to the low, average, 2323 and high cost of facilities constructed throughout the state during the most recent fiscal year for which data is available 2324 2325 from the Department of Education. 2326 4. A schedule of estimated capital outlay revenues from each currently approved source which is estimated to be 2327 2328 available for expenditure on the projects included in the 2329 district facilities work program. 2330 5. A schedule indicating which projects included in the 2331 district facilities work program will be funded from current 2332 revenues projected in subparagraph 4. 2333 6. A schedule of options for the generation of additional 2334 revenues by the district for expenditure on projects identified 2335 in the district facilities work program which are not funded 2336 under subparagraph 5. Additional anticipated revenues may 2337 include Classrooms First funds. 2338 (c) To the extent available, the tentative district 2339 educational facilities plan shall be based on information 2340 produced by the demographic, revenue, and education estimating 2341 conferences pursuant to s. 216.136. 2342 (2) (d) Provision must shall be made for public comment 2343 concerning the tentative district educational facilities plan.

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government comprehensive plans of the affected local governments

(e) The district school board shall coordinate with each

affected local government to ensure consistency between the

tentative district educational facilities plan and the local

during the development of the tentative district educational

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facilities plan.

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3-01169C-25 2025166 2350 (3) (f) Not less than once every 5 years, the district 2351 school board shall have an audit conducted of the district's 2352 educational planning and construction activities. An operational 2353 audit conducted by the Auditor General pursuant to s. 11.45 2354 satisfies this requirement. (4) (3) SUBMITTAL OF TENTATIVE DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL 2355 FACILITIES PLAN TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT. The district school board 2356 2357 shall submit a copy of its tentative district educational 2358 facilities plan to all affected local governments before prior 2359 to adoption by the board. The affected local governments may 2360 shall review the tentative district educational facilities plan 2361 and comment to the district school board on the consistency of the plan with the local comprehensive plan, whether a 2362 2363 comprehensive plan amendment will be necessary for any proposed educational facility, and whether the local government supports 2364 2365 a necessary comprehensive plan amendment. If the local 2366 government does not support a comprehensive plan amendment for a 2367 proposed educational facility, the matter must shall be resolved 2368 pursuant to the interlocal agreement when required by ss. 2369 163.3177(6)(h), 163.31777, and 1013.33(2). The process for the submittal and review must shall be detailed in the interlocal 2370 agreement when required pursuant to ss. 163.3177(6)(h), 2371 2372 163.31777, and 1013.33(2). 2373 (5) (4) ADOPTED DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES PLAN. -2374 Annually, the district school board shall consider and adopt the 2375 tentative district educational facilities plan completed 2376 pursuant to subsection (2). Upon giving proper notice to the 2377 public and local governments and opportunity for public comment, the district school board may amend the plan to revise the 2378

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3-01169c-25 2025166_ priority of projects, to add or delete projects, to reflect the impact of change orders, or to reflect the approval of new revenue sources which may become available. The adopted district educational facilities plan must shall:

(a) Be a complete, balanced, and financially feasible capital outlay financial plan for the district.

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- (b) Set forth the proposed commitments and planned expenditures of the district to address the educational facilities needs of its students and to adequately provide for the maintenance of the educational plant and ancillary facilities, including safe access ways from neighborhoods to schools.
- (6) (5) EXECUTION OF ADOPTED DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES PLAN.—The first year of the adopted district educational facilities plan constitutes shall constitute the capital outlay budget required in s. 1013.61. The adopted district educational facilities plan shall include the information required in subparagraphs (2) (b)1., 2., and 3., based upon projects actually funded in the plan.

Section 40. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 1013.41, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 1013.41 SMART schools; Classrooms First; legislative purpose.—
- (3) SCHOOL DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES PLAN.—It is the purpose of the Legislature to create s. 1013.35, requiring each school district annually to adopt an educational facilities plan that provides an integrated long-range facilities plan; including the survey of projected needs and the 5 year work program. The purpose of the educational facilities plan is to

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3-01169C-25 2025166 2408 keep the district school board, local governments, and the 2409 public fully informed as to whether the district is using sound 2410 policies and practices that meet the essential needs of students 2411 and that warrant public confidence in district operations. The 2412 educational facilities plan will be monitored by the Office of 2413 Educational Facilities, which will also apply performance 2414 standards pursuant to s. 1013.04. 2415 (4) OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES.—It is the purpose of 2416 the Legislature to require the Office of Educational Facilities 2417 to assist school districts in building SMART schools utilizing 2418 functional and frugal practices. The Office of Educational Facilities shall must review district facilities work programs 2419 2420 and projects and identify opportunities to maximize design and

Section 41. Subsection (4) of section 1013.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

construction savings; develop school district facilities work

recommendations to the Governor, the Legislature, and the State

program performance standards; and provide for review and

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Board of Education.

1013.45 Educational facilities contracting and construction techniques for school districts and Florida College System institutions.—

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this section and s. 481.229, the services of a registered architect must be used \underline{by} Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees for the development of plans for the erection, enlargement, or alteration of any educational facility. The services of a registered architect are not required for a minor renovation project for which the construction cost is less than

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3-01169C-25 2025166 2437 \$50,000 or for the placement or hookup of relocatable 2438 educational-facilities that conform to standards adopted under 2439 s. 1013.37. However, boards must provide compliance with 2440 building code requirements and ensure that these structures are 2441 adequately anchored for wind resistance as required by law. A 2442 district school board shall reuse existing construction 2443 documents or design criteria packages if such reuse is feasible 2444 and practical. If a school district's 5-year educational 2445 facilities work plan includes the construction of two or more 2446 new schools for students in the same grade group and program, 2447 such as elementary, middle, or high school, the district school 2448 board must require that prototype design and construction be 2449 used for the construction of these schools. Notwithstanding s. 2450 287.055, a board may purchase the architectural services for the 2451 design of educational or ancillary facilities under an existing 2452 contract agreement for professional services held by a district 2453 school board in the State of Florida, provided that the purchase 2454 is to the economic advantage of the purchasing board, the 2455 services conform to the standards prescribed by rules of the 2456 State Board of Education, and such reuse is not without notice 2457 to, and permission from, the architect of record whose plans or 2458 design criteria are being reused. Plans must be reviewed for 2459 compliance with the State Requirements for Educational 2460 Facilities. Rules adopted under this section must establish 2461 uniform prequalification, selection, bidding, and negotiation 2462 procedures applicable to construction management contracts and 2463 the design-build process. This section does not supersede any 2464 small, woman-owned, or minority-owned business enterprise 2465 preference program adopted by a board. Except as otherwise

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2466	provided in this section, the negotiation procedures applicable		
2467	to construction management contracts and the design-build		
2468	process must conform to the requirements of s. 287.055. A board		
2469	may not modify any rules regarding construction management		
2470	contracts or the design-build process.		
2471	Section 42. Section 1013.451, Florida Statutes, is		
2472	repealed.		
2473	Section 43. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section		
2474	1013.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:		
2475	1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding		
2476	(3) If the school board levies the discretionary millage		
2477	authorized in s. $1011.71(2)$, the department shall use the		
2478	following calculation methodology to determine the amount of		
2479	revenue that a school district must distribute to each eligible		
2480	charter school:		
2481	(a) Reduce the total discretionary millage revenue by the		
2482	school district's annual debt service obligation incurred as of		
2483	March 1, 2017, which has not been subsequently retired, and any		
2484	amount of participation requirement pursuant to $\underline{\mathbf{s.}}$		
2485	1013.64(2)(a)7. s. $1013.64(2)(a)8.$ that is being satisfied by		
2486	revenues raised by the discretionary millage.		
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2488	By October 1 of each year, each school district shall certify to		
2489	the department the amount of debt service and participation		
2490	requirement that complies with the requirement of paragraph (a)		
2491	and can be reduced from the total discretionary millage revenue.		
2492	The Auditor General shall verify compliance with the		
2493	requirements of paragraph (a) and s. 1011.71(2)(e) during		
2494	scheduled operational audits of school districts.		

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Section 44. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (d) of subsection (3), paragraph (b) of subsection (5), and paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (6) of section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1013.64 Funds for comprehensive educational plant needs; construction cost maximums for school district capital projects.—Allocations from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to the various boards for capital outlay projects shall be determined as follows:

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- (e) Remodeling projects must shall be based on the recommendations of a survey pursuant to s. 1013.31, or, for district school boards, as indicated by the relative need as determined by the Florida Inventory of School Houses and the capital outlay full-time equivalent enrollment in the district.
- (2) (a) The department shall establish, as a part of the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund, a separate account, in an amount determined by the Legislature, to be known as the "Special Facility Construction Account." The Special Facility Construction Account shall be used to provide necessary construction funds to school districts which have urgent construction needs but which lack sufficient resources at present, and cannot reasonably anticipate sufficient resources within the period of the next 3 years, for these purposes from currently authorized sources of capital outlay revenue. A school district requesting funding from the Special Facility Construction Account shall submit one specific construction project, not to exceed one complete educational plant, to the

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2524 Special Facility Construction Committee. A district may not 2525 receive funding for more than one approved project in any 3-year 2526 period or while any portion of the district's participation 2527 requirement is outstanding. The first year of the 3-year period shall be the first year a district receives an appropriation. 2528 2529 The department shall encourage a construction program that 2530 reduces the average size of schools in the district. The request 2531 must meet the following criteria to be considered by the 2532 committee:

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1. The project must be deemed a critical need and must be recommended for funding by the Special Facility Construction Committee. Before developing construction plans for the proposed facility, the district school board must request a preapplication review by the Special Facility Construction Committee or a project review subcommittee convened by the chair of the committee to include two representatives of the department and two staff members from school districts not eligible to participate in the program. A school district may request a preapplication review at any time; however, if the district school board seeks inclusion in the department's next annual capital outlay legislative budget request, the preapplication review request must be made before February 1. Within 90 days after receiving the preapplication review request, the committee or subcommittee must meet in the school district to review the project proposal and existing facilities. 2549 To determine whether the proposed project is a critical need, the committee or subcommittee shall consider, at a minimum, the capacity of all existing facilities within the district as determined by the Florida Inventory of School Houses; the

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district's pattern of student growth; the district's existing and projected capital outlay full-time equivalent student enrollment as determined by the demographic, revenue, and education estimating conferences established in s. 216.136; the district's existing satisfactory student stations; the use of all existing district property and facilities; grade level configurations; and any other information that may affect the need for the proposed project.

- 2. The construction project must be recommended in the most recent survey or survey amendment cooperatively prepared by the district school board and the department, and approved by the department under the rules of the State Board of Education. If a district school board employs a consultant in the preparation of a survey or survey amendment, the consultant may not be employed by or receive compensation from a third party that designs or constructs a project recommended by the survey.
- The construction project must appear on the district's approved project priority list under the rules of the State Board of Education.
- 4. The district must have selected and had approved a site for the construction project in compliance with s. 1013.36 and the rules of the State Board of Education.
- 5. The district shall have developed a district school board adopted list of facilities that do not exceed the norm for net square feet occupancy requirements under the State Requirements for Educational Facilities, using all possible programmatic combinations for multiple use of space to obtain maximum daily use of all spaces within the facility under consideration.

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6. Upon construction, the total cost per student station, including change orders, must not exceed the cost per student station as provided in subsection (6) unless approved by the Special Facility Construction Committee. At the discretion of the committee, costs that exceed the cost per student station for special facilities may include legal and administrative fees, the cost of site improvements or related offsite improvements, the cost of complying with public shelter and hurricane hardening requirements, cost overruns created by a disaster as defined in s. 252.34(2), costs of security enhancements approved by the school safety specialist, and unforeseeable circumstances beyond the district's control.

 $7 \cdot$ There shall be an agreement signed by the district school board stating that it will advertise for bids within 30 days of receipt of its encumbrance authorization from the department.

7.8. For construction projects for which Special Facilities Construction Account funding is sought before the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the district shall, at the time of the request and for a continuing period necessary to meet the district's participation requirement, levy the maximum millage against its nonexempt assessed property value as allowed in s. 1011.71(2) or shall raise an equivalent amount of revenue from the school capital outlay surtax authorized under s. 212.055(6). Beginning with construction projects for which Special Facilities Construction Account funding is sought in the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the district shall, for a minimum of 3 years before submitting the request and for a continuing period necessary to meet its participation requirement, levy the maximum millage

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against the district's nonexempt assessed property value as authorized under s. 1011.71(2) or shall raise an equivalent amount of revenue from the school capital outlay surtax authorized under s. 212.055(6). Any district with a new or active project, funded under the provisions of this subsection, shall be required to budget no more than the value of 1 mill per year to the project until the district's participation requirement relating to the local discretionary capital improvement millage or the equivalent amount of revenue from the school capital outlay surtax is satisfied.

8.9. If a contract has not been signed 90 days after the advertising of bids, the funding for the specific project shall revert to the Special Facility New Construction Account to be reallocated to other projects on the list. However, an additional 90 days may be granted by the commissioner.

<u>9.10.</u> The department shall certify the inability of the district to fund the survey-recommended project over a continuous 3-year period using projected capital outlay revenue derived from s. 9(d), Art. XII of the State Constitution, as amended, paragraph (3)(a) of this section, and s. 1011.71(2).

10.11. The district shall have on file with the department an adopted resolution acknowledging its commitment to satisfy its participation requirement, which is equivalent to all unencumbered and future revenue acquired from s. 9(d), Art. XII of the State Constitution, as amended, paragraph (3)(a) of this section, and s. 1011.71(2), in the year of the initial appropriation and for the 2 years immediately following the initial appropriation.

11.12. Phase I plans must be approved by the district

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2640	school board as being in compliance with the building and life
2641	safety codes before June 1 of the year the application is made.
2642	(3)
2643	(d) Funds accruing to a district school board from the
2644	provisions of this section shall be expended on needed projects
2645	as shown by survey or surveys under the rules of the State Board
2646	of Education.
2647	(5) District school boards shall identify each fund source
2648	and the use of each proportionate to the project cost, as
2649	identified in the bid document, to assure compliance with this
2650	section. The data shall be submitted to the department, which
2651	shall track this information as submitted by the boards. PECO
2652	funds shall not be expended as indicated in the following:
2653	(b) PECO funds shall not be used for the construction of
2654	football fields, bleachers, site lighting for athletic
2655	facilities, tennis courts, stadiums, racquetball courts, or any
2656	other competition-type facilities not required for physical
2657	education curriculum. Regional or intradistrict football
2658	stadiums may be constructed with these funds provided a minimum
2659	of two high schools and two middle schools are assigned to the
2660	facility and the stadiums are survey recommended. Sophisticated
2661	auditoria shall be limited to magnet performing arts schools,
2662	with all other schools using basic lighting and sound systems as
2663	determined by rule. Local funds shall be used for enhancement of
2664	athletic and performing arts facilities.
2665	(6)
2666	(b) 1. A district school board may not use funds from the
2667	following sources: Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt

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Service Trust Fund; School District and Community College

District Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund; Classrooms
First Program funds provided in s. 1013.68; nonvoted 1.5-mill
levy of ad valorem property taxes provided in s. 1011.71(2);

2.72.2

2671 levy of ad valorem property taxes provided in s. 1011.71(2);
2672 Classrooms for Kids Program funds provided in s. 1013.735;
2673 District Effort Recognition Program funds provided in s.

2674 1013.736; or High Growth District Capital Outlay Assistance
2675 Grant Program funds provided in s. 1013.738 to pay for any
2676 portion of the cost of any new construction of educational plant

2677 space with a total cost per student station, including change orders, which exceeds:

a. \$17,952 for an elementary school;

b. \$19,386 for a middle school; or

c. \$25,181 for a high school,

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(January 2006) as adjusted annually to reflect increases or decreases in the Consumer Price Index. The department, in conjunction with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, shall estimate review and adjust the cost per student station limits to reflect actual construction costs by January 1, 2020, and annually thereafter. The adjusted cost per student station shall be used by the department for computation of the statewide average costs per student station for each instructional level pursuant to paragraph (d). The department may shall also collaborate with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research to select an industry-recognized construction index to reflect annual changes in the cost per student station replace the Consumer Price Index by January 1, 2020, adjusted annually to reflect changes in the construction index.

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2. <u>District school boards</u> School districts shall maintain accurate documentation related to the costs of all new construction of educational plant space reported to the Department of Education pursuant to paragraph (c) (d). The Auditor General shall review the documentation maintained by the school districts and verify compliance with the limits under this paragraph during its scheduled operational audits of the school district.

3. Except for educational facilities and sites subject to a lease-purchase agreement entered pursuant to s. 1011.71(2)(e) or funded solely through local impact fees, in addition to the funding sources listed in subparagraph 1., a district school board may not use funds from any sources for new construction of educational plant space with a total cost per student station, including change orders, which equals more than the current adjusted amounts provided in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-c. However, if a contract has been executed for architectural and design services or for construction management services before July 1, 2017, a district school board may use funds from any source for the new construction of educational plant space and such funds are exempt from the total cost per student station requirements.

4. A district school board must not use funds from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund or the School District and Community College District Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund for any new construction of an ancillary plant that exceeds 70 percent of the average cost per square foot of new construction for all schools.

(c) Except as otherwise provided, new construction for which a contract has been executed for architectural and design

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services or for construction management services by a district school board on or after July 1, 2017, may not exceed the cost per student station as provided in paragraph (b).

(d) The department shall:

- 1. Compute for each calendar year the statewide average construction costs for facilities serving each instructional level, for relocatable educational facilities, for administrative facilities, and for other ancillary and auxiliary facilities. The department shall compute the statewide average costs per student station for each instructional level.
- 2. Annually review the actual completed construction costs of educational facilities in each school district. For any school district in which the total actual cost per student station, including change orders, exceeds the statewide limits established in paragraph (b), the school district shall report to the department the actual cost per student station and the reason for the school district's inability to adhere to the limits established in paragraph (b). The department shall collect all such reports and shall provide these reports to the Auditor General for verification purposes.

Cost per student station includes contract costs, fees of architects and engineers, and the cost of furniture and equipment. Cost per student station does not include the cost of purchasing or leasing the site for the construction, legal and administrative costs, or the cost of related site or offsite improvements. Cost per student station also does not include the cost for securing entries, checkpoint construction, lighting specifically designed for entry point security, security

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2756	cameras, automatic locks and locking devices, electronic
2757	security systems, fencing designed to prevent intruder entry
2758	into a building, bullet-proof glass, or other capital
2759	construction items approved by the school safety specialist to
2760	ensure building security for new educational, auxiliary, or
2761	ancillary facilities.
2762	(e) Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection, an
2763	unfinished construction project for new construction of
2764	educational plant space that was started on or before July 1,
2765	2028, is exempt from the total cost per student station
2766	requirements established in paragraph (b).
2767	Section 45. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section
2768	163.3180, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2769	163.3180 Concurrency
2770	(6)
2771	(e) A school district that includes relocatable facilities
2772	in its inventory of student stations shall include the capacity
2773	of such relocatable facilities as provided in s.
2774	1013.35(2)(b)2.f., provided the relocatable facilities were
2775	purchased after 1998 and the relocatable facilities meet the
2776	standards for long-term use pursuant to s. 1013.20.
2777	Section 46. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
2778	1002.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2779	1002.68 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program
2780	accountability
2781	(5)(a) If a public school's or private prekindergarten
2782	provider's program assessment composite score for its
2783	prekindergarten classrooms fails to meet the minimum program
2784	assessment composite score for contracting adopted in rule by

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the department, the private prekindergarten provider or public school may not participate in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program beginning in the consecutive program year and thereafter until the public school or private prekindergarten provider meets the minimum composite score for contracting. A public school or private prekindergarten provider may request one program assessment per program year in order to requalify for participation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, provided that the public school or private prekindergarten provider is not excluded from participation under ss. 1002.55(6), 1002.61(10)(b), 1002.63(9) 1002.63(9)(b), or paragraph (5)(b) of this section. If a public school or private prekindergarten provider would like an additional program assessment completed within the same program year, the public school or private prekindergarten provider shall be responsible for the cost of the program assessment.

Section 47. Paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (2) of section 1003.631, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.631 Schools of Excellence.—The Schools of Excellence Program is established to provide administrative flexibility to the state's top schools so that the instructional personnel and administrative staff at such schools can continue to serve their communities and increase student learning to the best of their professional ability.

- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE FLEXIBILITIES.—A School of Excellence must be provided the following administrative flexibilities:
- (c) For instructional personnel, the substitution of 1 school year of employment at a School of Excellence for 20 inservice points toward the renewal of a professional

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2814	certificate, up to 60 inservice points in a 5-year cycle-
2815	pursuant to s. 1012.585(3).
2816	(e) Calculation for compliance with maximum class size
2817	pursuant to s. 1003.03(4) based on the average number of
2818	students at the school level.
2819	Section 48. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph
2820	(b) of subsection (5) of section 1004.04, Florida Statutes, are
2821	amended to read:
2822	1004.04 Public accountability and state approval for
2823	teacher preparation programs
2824	(2) UNIFORM CORE CURRICULA AND CANDIDATE ASSESSMENT
2825	(c) Each candidate must receive instruction and be assessed
2826	on the uniform core curricula in the candidate's area or areas
2827	of program concentration during course work and field
2828	experiences. Beginning with candidates entering a teacher
2829	preparation program in the 2022-2023 school year, a candidate
2830	for certification in a coverage area identified pursuant to $\underline{\mathbf{s.}}$
2831	$\underline{1012.585(3)(g)}$ s. $\underline{1012.585(3)(f)}$ must successfully complete all
2832	competencies for a reading endorsement, including completion of
2833	the endorsement practicum through the candidate's field
2834	experience under subsection (5), in order to graduate from the
2835	program.
2836	(5) PRESERVICE FIELD EXPERIENCE.—All postsecondary
2837	instructors, school district personnel and instructional
2838	personnel, and school sites preparing instructional personnel
2839	through preservice field experience courses and internships
2840	shall meet special requirements. District school boards may pay
2841	student teachers during their internships.
2842	(b) 1. All school district personnel and instructional

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personnel who supervise or direct teacher preparation students during field experience courses or internships taking place in this state in which candidates demonstrate an impact on student learning growth must have:

a. Evidence of "clinical educator" training;

- b. A valid professional certificate issued pursuant to s. 1012.56:
- c. At least 3 years of teaching experience in prekindergarten through grade 12;
- d. Earned an effective or highly effective rating on the prior year's performance evaluation under s. 1012.34 or be a peer evaluator under the district's evaluation system approved under s. 1012.34; and
- e. Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, for all such personnel who supervise or direct teacher preparation students during internships in kindergarten through grade 3 or who are enrolled in a teacher preparation program for a certificate area identified pursuant to $\underline{s.~1012.585(3)(g)}$ $\underline{s.~1012.585(3)(f)}$, a certificate or endorsement in reading.

The State Board of Education shall approve the training requirements.

2. All instructional personnel who supervise or direct teacher preparation students during field experience courses or internships in another state, in which a candidate demonstrates his or her impact on student learning growth, through a Florida online or distance program must have received "clinical educator" training or its equivalent in that state, hold a valid professional certificate issued by the state in which the field

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2872 experience takes place, and have at least 3 years of teaching experience in prekindergarten through grade 12.

3. All instructional personnel who supervise or direct teacher preparation students during field experience courses or internships, in which a candidate demonstrates his or her impact on student learning growth, on a United States military base in another country through a Florida online or distance program must have received "clinical educator" training or its equivalent, hold a valid professional certificate issued by the United States Department of Defense or a state or territory of the United States, and have at least 3 years teaching experience in prekindergarten through grade 12.

Section 49. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1004.85, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.85 Postsecondary educator preparation institutes.-

- (3) Educator preparation institutes approved pursuant to this section may offer competency-based certification programs specifically designed for noneducation major baccalaureate degree holders to enable program participants to meet the educator certification requirements of s. 1012.56. An educator preparation institute choosing to offer a competency-based certification program pursuant to the provisions of this section must implement a program developed by the institute and approved by the department for this purpose. Approved programs shall be available for use by other approved educator preparation institutes.
 - (b) Each program participant must:
- 2899 1. Meet certification requirements pursuant to s.
 2900 1012.56(1) by obtaining a statement of status of eligibility in

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the certification subject area of the educational plan and meet the requirements of s. 1012.56(2)(a)-(f) before participating in field experiences.

- 2. Demonstrate competency and participate in field experiences that are appropriate to his or her educational plan prepared under paragraph (a). Beginning with candidates entering an educator preparation institute in the 2022-2023 school year, a candidate for certification in a coverage area identified pursuant to s. 1012.585(3)(g) s. 1012.585(3)(f) must successfully complete all competencies for a reading endorsement, including completion of the endorsement practicum through the candidate's field experience, in order to graduate from the program.
- 3. Before completion of the program, fully demonstrate his or her ability to teach the subject area for which he or she is seeking certification by documenting a positive impact on student learning growth in a prekindergarten through grade 12 setting and, except as provided in s. 1012.56(7)(a)3., achieving a passing score on the professional education competency examination, the basic skills examination, and the subject area examination for the subject area certification which is required by state board rule.

Section 50. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1012.586, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.586 Additions or changes to certificates; duplicate certificates; reading endorsement pathways.—

(2)

 $\hbox{(b)} \ \ \text{As part of adopting a pathway pursuant to paragraph}$ $\hbox{(a), the department shall review the competencies for the}$

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3-01169C-25 reading endorsement and subject area examinations for educator certificates identified pursuant to s. 1012.585(3)(q) s. 1012.585(3)(f) for alignment with evidence-based instructional and intervention strategies rooted in the science of reading and identified pursuant to s. 1001.215(7) and recommend changes to the State Board of Education. Recommended changes must address identification of the characteristics of conditions such as dyslexia, implementation of evidence-based classroom instruction and interventions, including evidence-based reading instruction and interventions specifically for students with characteristics of dyslexia, and effective progress monitoring. By July 1, 2023, each school district reading endorsement add-on program must be resubmitted for approval by the department consistent with this paragraph. Section 51. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1012.98 School Community Professional Learning Act.—
 (5) The Department of Education, school districts, schools,
 Florida College System institutions, and state universities
 share the responsibilities described in this section. These
- Florida College System institutions, and state universities share the responsibilities described in this section. These responsibilities include the following:

- (b) Each school district shall develop a professional learning system as specified in subsection (4). The system shall be developed in consultation with teachers, teacher-educators of Florida College System institutions and state universities, business and community representatives, and local education foundations, consortia, and professional organizations. The professional learning system must:
 - 1. Be reviewed and approved by the department for

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compliance with s. 1003.42(3) and this section. Effective March 1, 2024, the department shall establish a calendar for the review and approval of all professional learning systems. A professional learning system must be reviewed and approved every 5 years. Any substantial revisions to the system must be submitted to the department for review and approval. The department shall establish a format for the review and approval of a professional learning system.

- 2. Be based on analyses of student achievement data and instructional strategies and methods that support rigorous, relevant, and challenging curricula for all students. Schools and districts, in developing and refining the professional learning system, shall also review and monitor school discipline data; school environment surveys; assessments of parental satisfaction; performance appraisal data of teachers, managers, and administrative personnel; and other performance indicators to identify school and student needs that can be met by improved professional performance.
- 3. Provide inservice activities coupled with follow-up followup support appropriate to accomplish district-level and school-level improvement goals and standards. The inservice activities for instructional and school administrative personnel shall focus on analysis of student achievement data; ongoing formal and informal assessments of student achievement; identification and use of enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies that emphasize rigor, relevance, and reading in the content areas; enhancement of subject content expertise; integrated use of classroom technology that enhances teaching and learning; classroom management; parent involvement;

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2988 and school safety.

- 4. Provide inservice activities and support targeted to the individual needs of new teachers participating in the professional learning certification and education competency program under s. 1012.56(8)(a).
- 5. Include a professional learning catalog for inservice activities, pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education, for all district employees from all fund sources. The catalog must be updated annually by September 1, must be based on input from teachers and district and school instructional leaders, and must use the latest available student achievement data and research to enhance rigor and relevance in the classroom. Each district inservice catalog must be aligned to and support the school-based inservice catalog and school improvement plans pursuant to s. 1001.42(18). Each district inservice catalog must provide a description of the training that middle grades instructional personnel and school administrators receive on the district's code of student conduct adopted pursuant to s. 1006.07; integrated digital instruction and competency-based instruction and CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications; classroom management; student behavior and interaction; extended learning opportunities for students; and instructional leadership. District plans must be approved by the district school board annually in order to ensure compliance with subsection (1) and to allow for dissemination of research-based best practices to other districts. District school boards shall submit verification of their approval to the Commissioner of Education no later than October 1, annually. Each school principal may establish and maintain an individual professional

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learning plan for each instructional employee assigned to the school as a seamless component to the school improvement plans developed pursuant to s. 1001.42(18). An individual professional learning plan must be related to specific performance data for the students to whom the teacher is assigned, define the inservice objectives and specific measurable improvements expected in student performance as a result of the inservice activity, and include an evaluation component that determines the effectiveness of the professional learning plan.

- 6. Include inservice activities for school administrative personnel, aligned to the state's educational leadership standards, which address updated skills necessary for instructional leadership and effective school management pursuant to s. 1012.986.
- 7. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and evaluation of local professional learning programs.
- 8. Provide for delivery of professional learning by distance learning and other technology-based delivery systems to reach more educators at lower costs.
- 9. Provide for the continuous evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of professional learning programs in order to eliminate ineffective programs and strategies and to expand effective ones. Evaluations must consider the impact of such activities on the performance of participating educators and their students' achievement and behavior.
 - 10. For all grades, emphasize:
- a. Interdisciplinary planning, collaboration, and instruction.

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b. Alignment of curriculum and instructional materials to the state academic standards adopted pursuant to s. 1003.41.

- c. Use of small learning communities; problem-solving, inquiry-driven research and analytical approaches for students; strategies and tools based on student needs; competency-based instruction; integrated digital instruction; and project-based instruction.
- Each school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall include in its school improvement plan, required under s. 1001.42(18), a description of the specific strategies used by the school to implement each item listed in this subparagraph.
- 11. Provide training to reading coaches, classroom teachers, and school administrators in effective methods of identifying characteristics of conditions such as dyslexia and other causes of diminished phonological processing skills; incorporating instructional techniques into the general education setting which are proven to improve reading performance for all students; and using predictive and other data to make instructional decisions based on individual student needs. The training must help teachers integrate phonemic awareness; phonics, word study, and spelling; reading fluency; vocabulary, including academic vocabulary; and text comprehension strategies into an explicit, systematic, and sequential approach to reading instruction, including multisensory intervention strategies. Such training for teaching foundational skills must be based on the science of reading and include phonics instruction for decoding and encoding as the primary instructional strategy for word reading. Instructional

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strategies included in the training may not employ the three-cueing system model of reading or visual memory as a basis for teaching word reading. Such instructional strategies may include visual information and strategies which improve background and experiential knowledge, add context, and increase oral language and vocabulary to support comprehension, but may not be used to teach word reading. Each district must provide all elementary grades instructional personnel access to training sufficient to meet the requirements of s. 1012.585(3)(g) s. 1012.585(3)(f).

Section 52. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
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The Committee on Education Pre-K - 12 (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

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Section 1. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(4) ESTABLISHMENT, ORGANIZATION, AND OPERATION OF SCHOOLS.-

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Adopt and provide for the execution of plans for the establishment, organization, and operation of the schools of the district, including, but not limited to, the following:

- (f) Opening and closing of schools; fixing uniform date; middle school and high school start times.—Adopt policies for the opening and closing of schools, fix uniform dates, and middle school and high school start times.
- 1. The opening date for schools in the district may not be earlier than August 10 of each year.
- 2. By July 1, 2026, the instructional day for middle schools may not begin earlier than 8 a.m. and the instructional day for high schools may not begin earlier than 8:30 a.m. Each district school board must inform its community, including parents, students, teachers, school administrators, athletic coaches, and other stakeholders, about the health, safety, and academic impacts of sleep deprivation on middle school and high school students and consider the benefits of a later school start time when adopting middle school and high and discuss local strategies to successfully implement the later school start times.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

32 33 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

> A bill to be entitled An act relating to middle school and high school start times; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; deleting a

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requirement that middle schools and high schools start by specified times beginning in a certain year; requiring district school boards to consider certain benefits relating to school start times when adopting middle school and high school start times; providing an effective date.

By Senator Bradley

6-00925-25 2025296

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to middle school and high school start times; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; deleting the duty of district school boards to adopt policies for middle school and high school start times; deleting a requirement that instructional days for middle schools and high schools begin no earlier than specified times; deleting a requirement that district school boards inform the community of specified impacts of sleep deprivation on students and the benefits of later school start times and discuss related strategies; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; deleting a requirement that certain charter schools comply with middle school and high school start times; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

- (4) ESTABLISHMENT, ORGANIZATION, AND OPERATION OF SCHOOLS.—Adopt and provide for the execution of plans for the establishment, organization, and operation of the schools of the district, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (f) Opening and closing of schools; fixing uniform date; middle school and high school start times.—Adopt policies for

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 296

6-00925-25 2025296 the opening and closing of schools and, fix uniform dates, and 31 middle school and high school start times. 32 1. The opening date for schools in the district may not be earlier than August 10 of each year. 33 34 2.—By July 1, 2026, the instructional day for middle schools may not begin earlier than 8 a.m. and the instructional 35 36 day for high schools may not begin earlier than 8:30 a.m. Each district school board must inform its community, including 38 parents, students, teachers, school administrators, athletic 39 coaches, and other stakeholders, about the health, safety, and 40 academic impacts of sleep deprivation on middle school and high school students and the benefits of a later school start time 42 and discuss local strategies to successfully implement the later 4.3 school start times. 44 Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (16) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1002.33 Charter schools.-46 47 (16) EXEMPTION FROM STATUTES.-48 (b) Additionally, a charter school shall be in compliance with the following statutes: 49 1. Section 286.011, relating to public meetings and 50 records, public inspection, and criminal and civil penalties. 51 52 2. Chapter 119, relating to public records. 53 3. Section 1003.03, relating to the maximum class size, 54 except that the calculation for compliance pursuant to s. 1003.03 shall be the average at the school level. 56 4. Section 1012.22(1)(c), relating to compensation and 57 salary schedules. 5. Section 1012.33(5), relating to workforce reductions. 58

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	6-00925-25 2025296
59	6. Section 1012.335, relating to contracts with
60	instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011.
61	7. Section 1012.34, relating to the substantive
62	requirements for performance evaluations for instructional
63	personnel and school administrators.
64	8. Section 1006.12, relating to safe-school officers.
65	9. Section 1006.07(7), relating to threat management teams.
66	10. Section 1006.07(9), relating to School Environmental
67	Safety Incident Reporting.
68	11. Section 1006.07(10), relating to reporting of
69	involuntary examinations.
70	12. Section 1006.1493, relating to the Florida Safe Schools
71	Assessment Tool.
72	13. Section 1006.07(6)(d), relating to adopting an active
73	assailant response plan.
74	14. Section 943.082(4)(b), relating to the mobile
75	suspicious activity reporting tool.
76	15. Section 1012.584, relating to youth mental health
77	awareness and assistance training.
78	16.—Section 1001.42(4)(f)2., relating to middle school and
79	high school start times. A charter school-in-the-workplace is
30	exempt from this requirement.
31	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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By Senator Berman

26-00171B-25 2025356 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to Holocaust Remembrance Day; creating

s. 683.196, F.S.; requiring the Governor to proclaim a

specified day annually as "Holocaust Remembrance Day";

authorizing "Holocaust Remembrance Day" to be observed

WHEREAS, more than 79 years have passed since the Holocaust

ended, yet anti-Semitism and unfounded hatred of Jews continues

WHEREAS, millions of Jews, Soviet civilians, and persons

WHEREAS, on November 1, 2005, the United Nations General

with disabilities were murdered during the Holocaust, as well as

in this state's public schools and be observed by

public exercise as the Governor may designate;

providing construction; authorizing specified

people targeted for their ethnicity, religion, political

Assembly designated January 27, the anniversary of the

liberation of Auschwitz-Birkenau, as International Holocaust

WHEREAS, the tragedy of the Holocaust and the ongoing

effects of anti-Semitism continue to impact Jewish communities

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

instruction; providing an effective date.

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29 read:

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to spread throughout the world, and

beliefs, and sexual orientation, and

Remembrance Day, and

in this state, NOW, THEREFORE,

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 1. Section 683.196, Florida Statutes, is created to

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 356

2025356

26-00171B-25 30 683.196 Holocaust Remembrance Day.-31 (1) In honor of the millions of victims killed in the 32 Holocaust, the Governor shall annually proclaim January 27 to be "Holocaust Remembrance Day," which may be observed in the public 33 34 schools of this state and by public exercise at the State 35 Capitol and elsewhere as the Governor may designate. 36 (2) If January 27 falls on a day that is not a school day, 37 "Holocaust Remembrance Day" may be observed in the public schools on the following school day or as otherwise designated 38 39 by the district school board having jurisdiction. 40 (3) Instruction on the harmful impacts of the Holocaust and anti-Semitism and the positive contributions of the Jewish community to humanity may be provided as part of the public 42 43 school instruction on "Holocaust Remembrance Day." Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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