Selection From: 11/19/2015 - Fiscal Policy (9:00 AM - 11:00 AM)

Customized Agenda Order

Tab 1	CS/CS/SB 130 by CA, CJ, Richter; (Similar to CS/CS/H 0041) Discharging a Firearm									
Tab 2	SB 194 b	y Huk	ill ; (Identical to	H 0	565) Redevel	opment Trus	t Fund			
Tab 3	CS/SB 22	28 by (CJ, Bean, Brad	lley;	(Identical to	CS/H 0135)	Mandator	y Minimum Se	entence	S
Tab 4	SB 288 b	y Smi t	th ; (Identical to	H 0	497) State De	esignations				
Tab 5	SB 376 b	y Huk	ill; (Compare to	CS/	H 7003) Indi	iduals with I	Disabilities	S		
170500	PCS	S	RCS	FP,	AGG					11/19 11:50 AM
Tab 6	SB 388 b	y Det e	ert; (Compare t	o CS	/H 7003) Ind	ividuals with	Disabilitie	es		
	•									
Tab 7	CS/SB 416 by CA, Flores; (Identical to H 0461) Location of Utilities									
Tab 8	SB 7010	by GO	; (Compare to	CS/H	7003) Individ	duals with Di	sabilities			
186950	PCS	S	RCS	FP,	AGG					11/19 11:51 AM
382240	PCS:D	S	RCS	FΡ,	Hukill		Delete	everything	after	11/19 11:51 AM

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

FISCAL POLICY Senator Flores, Chair Senator Bradley, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Thursday, November 19, 2015

TIME: 9:00—11:00 a.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

MEMBERS: Senator Flores, Chair; Senator Bradley, Vice Chair; Senators Abruzzo, Bean, Clemens, Hays, Hukill,

Legg, Margolis, Sachs, and Stargel

	Legg, Margons, Cachs, and Clarger					
TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION			
1	CS/CS/SB 130 Community Affairs / Criminal Justice / Richter (Similar CS/H 41)	Discharging a Firearm; Prohibiting the recreational discharge of a firearm in certain residential areas; providing criminal penalties; providing exceptions, etc. CJ 09/16/2015 Fav/CS CA 10/06/2015 Fav/CS	Favorable Yeas 9 Nays 0			
		FP 11/19/2015 Favorable				
2	SB 194 Hukill (Identical H 565)	Redevelopment Trust Fund; Adding certain hospital districts to the list of public bodies or taxing authorities that are exempt from appropriating certain revenues to the redevelopment trust fund, etc.	Favorable Yeas 9 Nays 0			
		CA 10/06/2015 Favorable FT 11/02/2015 Favorable FP 11/19/2015 Favorable				
3	CS/SB 228 Criminal Justice / Bean (Identical CS/H 135)	Mandatory Minimum Sentences; Deleting aggravated assault from the list of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense the convicted person possessed a firearm or destructive device; deleting aggravated assault from the list of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense the convicted person possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun, etc. CJ 10/05/2015 Fav/CS ACJ 11/03/2015 Favorable FP 11/19/2015 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 9 Nays 0			
	With subcommittee recommendation	on - Criminal and Civil Justice				
4	SB 288 Smith (Identical H 497)	State Designations; Providing an honorary designation of a certain state park in a specified county; directing the Department of Environmental Protection to erect suitable markers, etc. EP 10/07/2015 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 9 Nays 0			
		EP 10/07/2015 Favorable FP 11/19/2015 Favorable				

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Fiscal Policy

Thursday, November 19, 2015, 9:00—11:00 a.m.

TAB BILL NO. and INTRODUCER SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS

COMMITTEE ACTION

A proposed committee substitute for the following bill (SB 376) is available:

5 **SB 376**

Hukill

(Compare CS/H 7003)

Individuals with Disabilities; Establishing the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Financial Services; providing for the participation of banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks; requiring a qualified public depository to

participate in the program, etc.

BI AGG

FΡ

10/20/2015 Favorable 11/03/2015 Fav/CS 11/19/2015 Fav/CS

With subcommittee recommendation - General Government

6 **SB 388**

Detert

(Compare CS/H 7003)

Individuals with Disabilities; Requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity, in consultation with other entities, to create the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program; defining terms; authorizing a business entity to apply to the department for designation; authorizing the department to allow a designated business entity

to display a logo, etc.

CM 10/20/2015 Favorable ATD 11/03/2015 Favorable FP 11/19/2015 Favorable

With subcommittee recommendation - Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development

7 CS/SB 416

Community Affairs / Flores (Identical H 461)

Location of Utilities; Revising the circumstances under which a board of county commissioners is authorized to grant to a person or private corporation a license for specified projects related to lines for the transmission of certain public utilities and communication services; authorizing the Department of Transportation and certain local governmental entities to prescribe and enforce rules or regulations regarding the placement and maintenance of specified structures and lines within the right-of-way limits of roads or publicly owned rail corridors under their respective jurisdictions, etc.

CA 10/20/2015 Fav/CS TR 11/04/2015 Favorable FP 11/19/2015 Favorable Fav/CS

Favorable

Yeas 9 Nays 0

Yeas 9 Nays 0

Favorable

Yeas 9 Nays 0

A proposed committee substitute for the following bill (SB 7010) is available:

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Fiscal Policy

Thursday, November 19, 2015, 9:00—11:00 a.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION				
8	SB 7010 Governmental Oversight and Accountability (Compare CS/H 7003)	Individuals with Disabilities; Revising the state's equal employment opportunity policy to include individuals who have a disability; requiring the Department of Management Services to develop and implement certain programs geared toward individuals who have a disability; requiring the department to compile and post data regarding the hiring practices of executive agencies regarding the employment of individuals who have a disability; creating the "Employment First Act", etc. AGG 11/03/2015 Fav/CS	Fav/CS Yeas 9 Nays 0				
	Other Related Meeting Documents						
	An electronic copy of the Appearance Request form is available to download from any Senate Committee page on the Senate's website, www.flsenate.gov.						

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepa	ared By: The	Professional S	Staff of the Committe	ee on Fiscal Policy		
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 130						
INTRODUCER:	Community Affairs Committee; Criminal Justice Committee; and Senator Richter						
SUBJECT:	Discharging a Firearm						
DATE:	November	18, 2015	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACT	ION	
. Cellon		Cannor	1	CJ	Fav/CS		
2. Stearns		Yeatma	ın	CA	Fav/CS		
3. Jones		Hrdlick	a	FP	Favorable		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 130 prohibits the recreational discharge of a firearm in areas that are primarily residential. Violation of this prohibition is a first degree misdemeanor punishable by up to a year in jail and a \$1,000 fine.

The bill provides exemptions for the lawful defense of life or property, the accidental discharge of a firearm, or the performance of official duties that require the discharge of a firearm. Additionally, the penalties do not apply if, under the circumstances, the discharge does not pose a reasonably foreseeable risk to life, safety, or property.

II. Present Situation:

Legislative Preemption of the Field of Firearm and Ammunition Regulation

In 1987 the Florida Legislature created s. 790.33, F.S., which provides:

It is the intent of this section to provide uniform firearms laws in the state; to declare all ordinances and regulations null and void which have been enacted by any jurisdictions other than state and federal, which regulate firearms, ammunition, or components thereof; to prohibit the enactment of any future ordinances or regulations relating to firearms, ammunition, or components thereof

unless specifically authorized by this section or general law; and to require local jurisdictions to enforce state firearms laws.¹

Section 790.33, F.S. accomplished its stated purpose by "occupying the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition," with the following provision:

PREEMPTION.—Except as expressly provided by the State Constitution or general law, the Legislature hereby declares that it is occupying the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition, including the purchase, sale, transfer, taxation, manufacture, ownership, possession, storage, and transportation thereof, to the exclusion of all existing and future county, city, town, or municipal ordinances or any administrative regulations or rules adopted by local or state government relating thereto. Any such existing ordinances, rules or regulations are hereby declared null and void.²

Despite s. 790.33, F.S., and a Florida appellate court opinion upholding the statute,³ local governments enacted, considered enacting, or attempted to enforce existing ordinances that required trigger locks, prohibited concealed carry permit holders from lawfully carrying their firearms on municipal or county property, and banned recreational shooting.⁴

Recent Legislative Change

The Legislature amended s. 790.33, F.S., in 2011 to create a civil fine of up to \$5,000 for a knowing and willful violation of the preemption law by any elected or appointed local government official or agency head. The amendment also created injunctive relief against the enforcement of any ordinance, regulation, or rule by local governmental entities that violated s. 790.33, F.S.⁵

Subsequent to the 2011 amendment to s. 790.33, F.S., local governments began to examine, reevaluate, and repeal local ordinances related to firearms or ammunition.⁶

¹ Section 790.33(2)(a), F.S.

² Section 790.33(1), F.S.

³ National Rifle Association of America, Inc., v. City of South Miami, 812 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 3d DCA 2002).

⁴ See FL AGO 2000-42 ("May a municipality enact an ordinance requiring the use of locking devices on firearms stored within the city?"); FL AGO 2005-40 ("May a county pass an ordinance prohibiting the discharge of a firearm in proximity to persons or property when such discharge endangers the health, welfare, and safety of the citizens of such county?"). Similarly, note that s. 790.333, F.S., provides preemption of "the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition use at sport shooting and training ranges, including the environmental effects of projectile deposition at sport shooting and training ranges." In FL AGO 2008-34, the question "May a county enforce its land development code to prohibit a shooting range in a residential land use district in light of section 790.333(8), Florida Statutes?" was addressed. The Attorney General opined: "To read the preemption provision in section 790.333, Florida Statutes, as a total ban on the application of any zoning or land use regulation upon an existing or proposed sports shooting range would render section 823.16(7), Florida Statutes…of no use or consequence. …it is my opinion that a county clearly may impose existing zoning and land use regulations may be enforced against existing ranges."

⁵ Chapter 2011-109, L.O.F.

⁶ FL AGO 2011-17 ("May [a] county regulate the recreational discharge of firearms in residentially zoned areas in light of section 790.33, Florida Statutes?").

Discharging a Firearm

Prior to 2012, s. 790.15(1), F.S., did not address discharging a firearm on private property except that it was a first degree misdemeanor to knowingly discharge a firearm over any occupied premises.⁷

In 2012, the Legislature amended s. 790.15(1), F.S., to prohibit "recklessly or negligently discharging a firearm" outdoors on any property used primarily as the site of a dwelling as defined in s. 776.013, F.S., or zoned exclusively for residential use.⁸

Backyard Gun Ranges

Recently, there have been reports of persons constructing "gun ranges" in their backyards. Many of the persons using backyard gun ranges live in residential neighborhoods, which cause their neighbors to be concerned for their own safety. In December 2013, a man in Volusia County was struck and killed by a stray bullet fired from a neighbor's yard. According to the news reports, some local law enforcement and their legal counsel found the language "recklessly or negligently discharges a firearm," in s. 790.15(1), F.S., to be subjective and vague. This interpretation of the language seems to have inhibited law enforcement from taking a proactive approach in the reported circumstances.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 790.15, F.S., to prohibit the recreational discharge of a firearm outdoors, including for target shooting or celebratory shooting, in an area that the person knows or reasonably should know is primarily residential in nature and that has a residential density of one or more dwelling units per acre. A violation of this law is a first degree misdemeanor punishable by up to a year in jail and a \$1,000 fine.

The bill provides exemptions for the lawful defense of life or property, the accidental discharge of a firearm, or the performance of official duties that require the discharge of a firearm. Additionally, the penalties do not apply if, under the circumstances, the discharge does not pose a reasonably foreseeable risk to life, safety, or property.

⁷ Section 790.15(1), F.S., also provides that it is a first degree misdemeanor to knowingly discharge of a firearm in any public place or on the right-of-way of any paved public road, highway, or street or over the right-of-way of any paved public road, highway, or street.

⁸ Chapter 2012-108, L.O.F. The term "dwelling" is defined in s. 776.013, F.S., as a building or conveyance of any kind, including any attached porch, whether the building or conveyance is temporary or permanent, mobile or immobile, which has a roof over it, including a tent, and is designed to be occupied by people lodging therein at night.

⁹ See, e.g., Charles Billi, *Backyard gun range concerns St. Pete neighbors*, WTSP 10 News Tampa Bay Sarasota, (February 3, 2015), available at http://www.wtsp.com/story/news/local/2015/02/02/man-builds-gun-range-in-his-yard-neighbors-concerned/22777421 (last visited November 16, 2015); Cammy Clark, *Fla. law allows backyard shooting ranges*, Miami Herald, Herald-Tribune, (February 1, 2014), available at http://www.heraldtribune.com/article/20140201/WIRE/140209997 (last visited November 16, 2015).

¹⁰ Cammy Clark, *Fla. law allows backyard shooting ranges*, Miami Herald, Herald-Tribune, (February 1, 2014), available at http://www.heraldtribune.com/article/20140201/WIRE/140209997 (last visited November 16, 2015).

¹¹ *Id*.

¹² *Id*.

Section 2 provides that the bill takes effect upon becoming a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 790.15 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Community Affairs on October 6, 2015:

Provided an exemption for the accidental discharge of a firearm.

CS by Criminal Justice on September 16, 2015:

Changed the effective date of the bill from "July 1, 2016" to "upon becoming a law."

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

CS for CS for SB 130

By the Committees on Community Affairs; and Criminal Justice; and Senator Richter

578-00732-16 2016130c2 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to discharging a firearm; amending s. 790.15, F.S.; prohibiting the recreational discharge of a firearm in certain residential areas; providing criminal penalties; providing exceptions; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (4) is added to section 790.15, Florida Statutes, to read:

790.15 Discharging firearm in public or on residential property.—

(4) Any person who recreationally discharges a firearm outdoors, including for target shooting or celebratory shooting, in an area that the person knows or reasonably should know is primarily residential in nature and that has a residential density of one or more dwelling units per acre, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. This subsection does not apply:

(a) To a person lawfully defending life or property or performing official duties requiring the discharge of a firearm;

(b) If, under the circumstances, the discharge does not pose a reasonably foreseeable risk to life, safety, or property; or

(c) To a person who accidentally discharges a firearm.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 1 of 1



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:	Senator Anitere Flores, Chair Committee on Fiscal Policy
Subject	: Committee Agenda Request
Date:	October 7, 2015
I respec	tfully request that Senate Bill #130, relating to Discharging a Firearm, be placed on the:
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
	next committee agenda.

Senator Garrett Richter Florida Senate, District 23



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Ethics and Elections, Chair Banking and Insurance, Vice Chair Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Commerce and Tourism Regulated Industries

SENATOR GARRETT RICHTER

President Pro Tempore 23rd District

November 18, 2015

The Honorable Anitere Flores, Chair Committee on Fiscal Policy 225 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Chair Flores:

Senate bill 130 relating to discharging a firearm is scheduled to be heard in the Fiscal Policy committee this upcoming Thursday, November 19th. Due to conflicts in my committee schedule, I will be sending my Legislative Assistant, Michael Nachef, as a representative to present the bill for your committee's consideration.

Sincerely,

Garrett Richter

cc: Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director

☐ 3299 E. Tamiami Trail, Suite 203, Naples, Florida 34112-4961 (239) 417-6205

☐ 404 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5023 ☐ 25 Homestead Road North, Suite 42 B, Lehigh Acres, Florida 33936 (239) 338-2777

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) BACKYARD GUN RANGE Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Speaking: Waive Speaking: X In Support For Against Information (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	SB 130 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Discharge of tirearms	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Sally Everett	TOUT A
Job Title Dir. Gout Affairs	
Address C(14 Hall	Phone
St. Peters burg	Email
Speaking: Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing City of St. Peters bu	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes You L	obbyist registered with Legislature: Ves No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks	nay not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

11-19-2015	130
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Brian Pitts	
Job Title Trustee	
Address 1119 Newton Ave S	Phone 727/897-9291
St Petersburg FL City State	<i>33705</i> Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	:
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Vo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, to meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their ren	ne may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this arks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

November 19, 30 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	130
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Discharging a Firearn Name Frank Fabrizio Amend	lment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title CMef,	
Address 4301 S. Peninsula Phone 386-	236-2160
Ponce Inlet FL 37127 Email Ffabre	izio @ponce-inlet.
f	org
Speaking:	
Representing The Florida Police Chief Association	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislat	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to s meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible	peak to be heard at this can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepa	red By: The	Professional S	taff of the Committe	ee on Fiscal Polic	у	
BILL:	SB 194						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Hukill						
SUBJECT:	Redevelop	ment Trust	Fund				
DATE: Novembe		18, 2015	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
1. Present		Yeatma	ın	CA	Favorable		
2. Babin		Diez-A	rguelles	FT	Favorable		
3. Hrdlicka		Hrdlick	a	FP	Favorable		

I. Summary:

SB 194 exempts hospital districts from making annual appropriations to the redevelopment trust fund of a community redevelopment agency created on or after July 1, 2016.

This bill has no fiscal impact to state funds.

II. Present Situation:

Community Redevelopment Act

The Community Redevelopment Act¹ authorizes a county or municipality to create community redevelopment agencies (CRAs) as a means of redeveloping slums and blighted areas. In accordance with a community redevelopment plan,² CRAs can:

- Enter into contracts;
- Disseminate information;
- Acquire property within a slum or blighted area by voluntary methods;
- Demolish and remove buildings and improvements;
- Construct improvements; and
- Dispose of property at fair value.³

Counties and municipalities are prohibited from exercising the authority provided by the Community Redevelopment Act until they adopt an ordinance that declares an area to be a slum or a blighted area.⁴

¹ Chapter 163, part III, F.S.

² Section 163.360, F.S.

³ Section 163.370, F.S.

⁴ Sections 163.355 and 163.360(1), F.S.

BILL: SB 194 Page 2

A "blighted area" generally includes an area in which there are a substantial number of deteriorated, or deteriorating structures; in which conditions, as indicated by government-maintained statistics or other studies, endanger life or property or are leading to economic distress; and in which other statutorily-defined criteria exist.⁵

The TIF Mechanism for Funding CRAs

CRAs are not permitted to levy or collect taxes; however, the local governing body is permitted to establish a community redevelopment trust fund that is funded through tax increment financing (TIF). The TIF mechanism requires taxing authorities within the CRA to annually appropriate an incremental amount of revenue to the redevelopment trust fund by January 1. This revenue is used to finance redevelopment projects in accordance with a redevelopment plan, which may include bonding. The incremental revenue amount is calculated annually as 95 percent of the difference between:

- The amount of ad valorem taxes levied by each taxing authority on taxable real property within the CRA; and
- The amount of ad valorem taxes that would have been produced on the assessed value of the real property within the CRA in the year prior to the creation of the CRA.¹⁰

Thus, as the CRA's property values increase, the tax increment revenue increases and is available to pay for public infrastructure and redevelopment costs of the CRA.

TIF Limitations and Exemptions

For CRAs created before July 1, 2002, taxing districts typically contribute to the redevelopment trust fund for a period equal to the length of any indebtedness pledging the incremental revenues, but not exceeding 30 years, unless the community redevelopment plan is amended. For CRAs created after July 1, 2002, taxing authorities make the annual appropriation for a period not to exceed 40 years after the fiscal year in which the community redevelopment plan is approved or adopted. The following taxing authorities are exempt from contributing to the CRA:

- A special district that levies ad valorem taxes on taxable real property in more than one county.
- A special district for which the sole available source of revenue the district has the authority to levy is ad valorem taxes at the time the ordinance is adopted.
- A library district, except a library district in a jurisdiction where the community redevelopment agency had validated bonds as of April 30, 1984.
- A neighborhood improvement district created under the Safe Neighborhoods Act.
- A metropolitan transportation authority.

⁵ See s. 163.340(8), F.S.

⁶ Through tax increment financing, a baseline tax amount is chosen, and then in future years, any taxes generated above that baseline amount are transferred into the redevelopment trust fund. Section 163.387, F.S.

⁷ Section 163.387(2)(a), F.S.

⁸ Section 163.387(1)(a), F.S.

⁹ Sections 163.370(2)(f) and 163.385, F.S.

¹⁰ Section 163.387(1)(a), F.S.

¹¹ Section 163.387(2)(a), F.S.

¹² Section 163.387(2)(c), F.S.

BILL: SB 194 Page 3

- A water management district created under s. 373.069, F.S.
- A special district specifically exempted by the local governing body that created the CRA, if the exemption is made in accordance with the requirements of s. 163.387(2)(d), F.S., which include a public hearing, public notice, and an interlocal agreement.

Hospital Districts

First created in the 1920s to provide indigent care for county residents, hospital districts now differ greatly in roles, powers, and governance.¹³ There are currently six hospital districts created as dependent districts, and 22 created as independent special districts.¹⁴ Independent districts are generally created by special acts of the Legislature, whereas dependent districts are created by local governments with their governing bodies under the control of a county or municipal board. The North Sumter County Hospital District, created in 2004 by special act of the Legislature, is the most recently created hospital district.¹⁵

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 163.387, F.S., to add hospital districts to the list of taxing authorities exempt from contributing to the redevelopment trust fund, but only for CRAs created after July 1, 2016. Hospital districts in CRAs created before July 1, 2016, will continue to contribute to the redevelopment trust fund.

Section 2 reenacts s. 259.042, F.S., to incorporate provisions related to tax increment financing for conservation lands to the changes made by Section 1 of the bill.

Section 3 provides an effective date of July 1, 2016.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The mandate restrictions do not apply because the bill does not require counties and municipalities to spend funds, reduce their ability to raise revenue, or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties and municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

¹⁵ Chapter 2004-451, L.O.F.

¹³ Florida TaxWatch, *Florida's Fragmented Hospital Taxing District System in Need of Reexamination*, Briefings (Feb. 2009), *available at* http://www.floridataxwatch.org/resources/pdf/02242009HospitalDistricts.pdf (last visited Nov. 13, 2015).

¹⁴ Department of Economic Opportunity, Official List of Special Districts Online, *available at* https://dca.deo.myflorida.com/fhcd/sdip/OfficialListdeo/selectfunctions.cfm (last visited Nov. 13, 2015).

BILL: SB 194 Page 4

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department of Revenue and the Department of Economic Opportunity determined that the bill had no impact on their operations.¹⁶

Community redevelopment areas created after July 1, 2016, will not be able to rely on hospital districts for appropriations to the redevelopment trust fund.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 163.387 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill reenacts section 259.042 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

¹⁶ Department of Revenue, *Senate Bill 194 Analysis* (Sept. 18, 2015) (on file with the Senate Fiscal Policy Committee); Department of Economic Opportunity, *Senate Bill 194 Analysis* (Oct. 15, 2015) (on file with the Senate Fiscal Policy Committee).

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 194

By Senator Hukill

8-00123B-16 2016194

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to the redevelopment trust fund;
amending s. 163.387, F.S.; adding certain hospital
districts to the list of public bodies or taxing
authorities that are exempt from appropriating certain
revenues to the redevelopment trust fund; reenacting
s. 259.042(9), F.S., relating to tax increment
financing for conservation lands, to incorporate the
amendment made by this act to s. 163.387, F.S.;
providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 163.387, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.387 Redevelopment trust fund.-

(2)

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- 1. A special district that levies ad valorem taxes on taxable real property in more than one county.
- 2. A special district for which the sole available source of revenue the district has the authority to levy is ad valorem taxes at the time an ordinance is adopted under this section. However, revenues or aid that may be dispensed or appropriated to a district as defined in s. 388.011 at the discretion of an entity other than such district shall not be deemed available.
- 3. A library district, except a library district in a jurisdiction where the community redevelopment agency had

Page 1 of 2

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 194

2016194

8-00123B-16

30	validated bonds as of April 30, 1984.
31	4. A neighborhood improvement district created under the
32	Safe Neighborhoods Act.
33	5. A metropolitan transportation authority.
34	6. A water management district created under s. 373.069.
35	7. For a community redevelopment agency created on or after
36	July 1, 2016, a hospital district that is a special district as
37	<u>defined in s. 189.012.</u>
38	Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
39	made by this act to section 163.387, Florida Statutes, in a
40	reference thereto, subsection (9) of section 259.042, Florida
41	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
42	259.042 Tax increment financing for conservation lands
43	(9) The public bodies and taxing authorities listed in s.
44	163.387(2)(c), school districts, and special districts that levy
45	ad valorem taxes within a tax increment area are exempt from
46	this section.
47	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

Page 2 of 2



SENATOR DOROTHY L. HUKILL 8th District

November 2, 2015

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Finance and Tax, Chair Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities, Vice Chair Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development Banking and Insurance Fiscal Policy

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

The Honorable Anitere Flores 225 Knott Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Re: Senate Bill 194 - Redevelopment Trust Fund

Dear Chairwoman Flores:

Senate Bill 194, relating to Redevelopment Trust Fund has been referred to the Fiscal Policy Committee. I am requesting your consideration on placing SB 194 on your next agenda, Should you need any additional information please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Dorothy L. Hukill, District 8

Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director of the Fiscal Policy Committee cc: Tamra Lyon, Administrative Assistant of the Fiscal Policy Committee

☐ 209 Dunlawton Avenue, Unit 17, Port Orange, Florida 32127 (386) 304-7630 FAX: (888) 263-3818 ☐ Ocala City Hall, 110 SE Watula Avenue, 3rd Floor, Ocala, Florida 34471 (352) 694-0160

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

ANDY GARDINER President of the Senate

GARRETT RICHTER President Pro Tempore

I TE FLUKIVA JENA I E

APPEARANCE RECORD

November 19, 2015 (Deliver BOTH copies	staff conducting the meeting)	194		
Meeting Date			_	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Relating to Redevelopment	Trust Fund		Amendn	nent Barcode (if applicable)
Name Darrick D. McGhee	_			
Job Title VP of Government Relation	ns - Johnson & Bl	anton, LLC	_	
Address 537 East Park Avenue			Phone (850) 321	-6489
Street Tallahassee	Florida	32301	Email_darrick@te	amjb.com
<i>City</i> Speaking: ✓ For Against	State Information		Speaking: In Sup ir will read this informa	pport Against
Representing Halifax Health				
Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be asked	oublic testimony, time	may not permit al	•	eak to be heard at this
This form is part of the public record for	this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14)
the state of the s			$(x_1, \dots, x_n) = (x_1, \dots, x_n) + (x_1, \dots, x_n) + \dots + (x_n)$	(x,y,y,z) = (x,y,z) + (y,z)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

11-19-2015	194
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name BriAN Pitts	
Job Title <u>Trustee</u>	
Address 1119 Newton Ave S. Street	Phone 727/897-929/
St Petersburg FL City State	33705 Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Line	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Vo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Fiscal Policy									
BILL:	CS/SB 228								
INTRODUCER:	Criminal Justice Committee and Senator Bean								
SUBJECT:	Mandatory Minimum Sentences								
DATE:	November 18, 2015 REVISED:								
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR		REFERENCE	ACTION				
. Cellon		Cannon		CJ	Fav/CS				
2. Harkness		Sadberry		ACJ	Recommend: Favorable				
3. Jones		Hrdlicka		FP	Favorable				

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 228 eliminates the minimum mandatory sentences for aggravated assault in the 10-20-Life statute by deleting aggravated assault from the list of crimes to which the law applies.¹

Under 10-20-Life, a person convicted of one of the specified crimes or the attempt to commit the crime must be sentenced to the following mandatory prison terms:

- Possession of a firearm 10 years.
- Possession of a semi-automatic/machine gun 15 years.
- Discharge of a firearm (any type) 20 years.
- Discharge with great bodily injury or death 25 years to life.

Under the bill, persons who are convicted of only an aggravated assault offense will no longer qualify for the 10-20-Life mandatory minimum sentences.

The bill also repeals subsection (6) from s. 775.087, F.S. This provision was added to the 10-20-Life statute in 2014, allowing the sentencing court to deviate from the minimum mandatory sentences for the offense of aggravated assault. Under the bill, a person convicted of only aggravated assault will no longer qualify for 10-20-Life sentencing, therefore the repealed language would be moot.

¹ Sections 775.087(2)(a)1., and 775.087(3)(a)1., F.S.

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference met on October 28, 2015, and determined the bill has a positive, indeterminate fiscal impact.

The bill is effective July 1, 2016.

II. Present Situation:

The 10-20-Life Law

The 10-20-Life law, s. 775.087, F.S., was among ten sentencing laws enacted by the 1999 Legislature in response to Florida's rising violent crime rate in the 1990s.² Scholars noted that the new laws took sentencing discretion away from judges and, at the same time, discouraged elected state attorneys from plea-bargaining these cases to lesser sentences.³

10-20-Life requires a judge to sentence a person convicted of specified offenses to a minimum term of imprisonment if, while committing the offense, the person possesses or discharges a firearm or destructive device or if the discharge of the firearm results in death or great bodily harm.⁴

Mandatory Minimum Sentencing Under 10-20-Life

Under 10-20-Life, a person convicted of one of the specified crimes or the attempt to commit the crime must be sentenced to the following mandatory prison terms:

- Possession of a firearm 10 years.
- Possession of a semi-automatic/machine gun 15 years.
- Discharge of a firearm (any type) 20 years.
- Discharge with great bodily injury or death 25 years to life.

However, s. 775.087(2)(a)(1), provides a minimum mandatory sentence of three years, instead of the 10 years, for the possession of firearm while committing the offenses of aggravated assault, procession of a firearm by a felon, or burglary of a conveyance.

The specified crimes are:⁵

- a. Murder;
- b. Sexual battery;
- c. Robbery;
- d. Burglary;
- e. Arson;
- f. Aggravated assault;
- g. Aggravated battery;

² Chapter 99-12, L.O.F., "Whereas" clauses.

³ Fingerhut, Scola, *Tough Times in the Sunshine State*, The Florida Bar Journal, November, 1999 Volume LXXIII, No. 10, p. 28, available at https://www.floridabar.org/divcom/jn/jnjournal01.nsf/Author/56453A7242AA141485256ADB005D629E (last visited Nov. 17, 2015). Until 2011, when s. 27.366, F.S., was amended, 10-20-Life required state attorneys to report every potential 10-20-Life defendant to the presiding officers of the Legislature and the Governor. Current law only requires that the deviation memo be retained in the case file.

⁴ The terms "firearm" and "destructive device" are defined in s. 790.001, F.S.

⁵ Section 775.087(2)(a)1., F.S.

- h. Kidnapping;
- i. Escape;
- j. Aircraft piracy;
- k. Aggravated child abuse;
- l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;
- m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb;
- Carjacking;
- o. Home-invasion robbery;
- p. Aggravated stalking;
- q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of drug trafficking provisions of s. 893.135(1); or
- r. Possession of a firearm by a felon.⁶

Since the creation of the 10-20-Life minimum mandatory sentencing, over 15,000 inmates have been admitted to prison for offenses under this law. On June 30, 2014, there were approximately 9,957 inmates in the prison population who were sentenced under 10-20-Life.

Amendment to 10-20-Life

Section 775.087, F.S., was amended in 2014 to create an exception for sentencing in aggravated assault cases. The exception provides that the court shall not impose the minimum mandatory sentence if the court makes written findings that:

- a) The defendant had a good faith belief that the aggravated assault was justifiable pursuant to ch. 776, F.S.;
- b) The aggravated assault was not committed in the course of committing another criminal offense;
- c) The defendant does not pose a threat to public safety; and
- d) The totality of the circumstances involved in the offense do not justify the imposition of such sentence.⁹

The Use of 10-20-Life in Cases Involving Self-Defense

In recent years some high-profile cases and controversy has emerged concerning the use of the 10-20-Life statute when sentencing a defendant who either displays or fires a gun in self-defense. Many of these cases constituted aggravated assault. Defendants who believe they acted in self-defense often times agree to a plea deal, admitting to crimes they do not feel they committed, in

⁶ The offense of possession of a firearm by a convicted felon does not appear in the crimes specified in s. 775.087(3)(a)1., F.S., however, sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance is specified therein. Section 775.087(3)(a)1.j., F.S.

⁷ Criminal Justice Estimating Conference, *Criminal Justice Trends*, p. 53, July 28, 2015, available at http://edr.state.fl.us/content/conferences/criminaljustice/trends.pdf (last visited Nov. 17, 2015).

⁸ *Id.*

⁹ Chapter 2014-195, L.O.F.; s. 775.087(6), F.S.

order to avoid the risk of a trial and a possible minimum mandatory 10 or 20-year prison sentence. 10

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill eliminates the minimum mandatory sentences for aggravated assault in the 10-20-Life statute by deleting aggravated assault from the list of crimes to which 10-20-Life applies. As a result, persons who are convicted of only an aggravated assault offense will no longer qualify for the 10-20-Life penalties.

The bill repeals the exception for sentencing in aggravated assault cases enacted in 2014. As discussed in the present situation, this exception allows the sentencing court to deviate from the minimum mandatory sentences for crimes of aggravated assault if the court makes certain statutory findings based upon mitigating evidence presented at sentencing. Under the bill, because a person convicted of only aggravated assault will no longer qualify for 10-20-Life sentencing, the repealed language would have no further application in cases of aggravated assault committed after the effective date of the bill.

The 10-20-Life statute is referenced in ss. 27.366, 921.0022(2), 921.0024(1)(b), 947.146(3)(b), and 985.557(2)(d), F.S., therefore those sections are amended or reenacted to incorporate or conform the amendments made to s. 775.087, F.S., by the bill.

The bill is effective July 1, 2016.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

¹⁰ Arguably it was the Marissa Alexander and Ronald Thompson 10-20-Life cases in Florida's Fourth Judicial Circuit and the George Zimmerman "Stand Your Ground"/justifiable use of force case in Sanford that began to highlight for the public the disparate application of these two legal concepts. See Heller, Use a Gun and You're Done: How 10-20-Life and "Stand Your Ground" Together Have a Disparate Impact on Florida Citizens, Vol. 43, 2014, Southwestern L.R., available at http://www.swlaw.edu/pdfs/lr/43_3levitt (last visited Nov. 17, 2015). See also Menzel, "Worst...case...ever" draws 20-year sentence, outrage, The St. Augustine Record, June 22, 2012.

¹¹ Sections 775.087(2)(a)1., and 775.087(3)(a)1., F.S.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

According to the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, there were 235 inmates sentenced under the 10-20-Life on June 30, 2015, with a primary offense of aggravated assault. This represents roughly 2.3 percent of the 10-20-Life population. Below is a more detailed breakdown of that population.¹²

10-20-Life June 30, 2015, Population with Primary Offense of Aggravated Assault									
0.00	Sentence								
Offense	3 YR-10 YR	10 YR-20 YR	20 YR-25 YR	25 YR-Life	Total				
Aggravated assault with weapon - no intent to kill	12	19	168	10	209				
Aggravated assault – intent to commit felony	0	1	2	0	3				
Aggravated assault on law enforcement officer, firefighter, emergency management services	3	6	14	0	23				
Total	15	26	184	10	235				

Consequently, the bill will result in a reduction in the number of offenders sentenced to prison under 10-20-Life. The Criminal Justice Impact Conference met on October 28,2015, and determined the bill has a positive, indeterminate fiscal impact due to the reduction in the need for state prison beds.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends sections 775.087 and 985.557 of the Florida Statutes.

The bill reenacts the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 27.366, 921.0022, 921.0024, and 947.146.

¹² Office of Economic and Demographic Research, email to the Senate Criminal Justice Committee, (Oct. 6, 2015) (on file with the Senate Fiscal Policy Committee).

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Criminal Justice on October 5, 2015:

- Aggravated assault is removed from the list of crimes to which the 10-20-Life law applies. This means that a person who commits aggravated assault with a firearm is no longer subject to the minimum mandatory sentence.
- Subsection (6) of s. 775.087, F.S., is repealed. This eliminates language added to the statute in order to give persons convicted of aggravated assault an opportunity to present mitigating evidence at sentencing and to allow the court to deviate from the 10-20-Life minimum mandatory sentence. The language is no longer necessary due to the deletion of aggravated assault from the list of 10-20-Life crimes.
- Section 985.557, F.S., the juvenile direct file statute, is amended to conform a cross-reference to the list of 10-20-Life crimes.
- Sections 27.366, 921.0022(2), 921.0024(1)(b), and 947.146(3)(b), F.S., are reenacted to incorporate the amendments made by the bill to s. 775.087, F.S.
- The reference to the bill as the "Self-Defense Protection Act" is deleted.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Bean

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the mandatory minimum sentences; amending s. 775.087, F.S.; deleting aggravated assault from the list of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense the convicted person possessed a firearm or destructive device; deleting aggravated assault from a list of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense the convicted person possessed a firearm or destructive device; deleting aggravated assault from the list of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense the convicted person possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun; deleting a provision prohibiting a court from imposing the mandatory minimum sentence for a conviction for aggravated assault if the court makes specified written findings; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 985.557, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; reenacting ss. 27.366, 921.0022(2), 921.0024(1)(b), and 947.146(3)(b), F.S., relating to legislative intent and policy in cases meeting the criteria of s. 775.087(2) and (3), F.S., the Criminal Punishment Code, the Criminal Punishment Code worksheet, and the Control Release Authority, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 775.087, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

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    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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         Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), and (6) of section
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    775.087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
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         775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery;
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    felony reclassification; minimum sentence.-
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          (2) (a) 1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an
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    attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a
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    weapon is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
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         a. Murder;
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         b. Sexual battery;
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         c. Robbery;
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         d. Burglary;
         e. Arson;
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         f. Aggravated assault;
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         f.g. Aggravated battery;
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         g.h. Kidnapping;
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         h.i. Escape;
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         i. j. Aircraft piracy;
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         j.k. Aggravated child abuse;
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         k.l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled
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    adult;
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         1.m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
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    destructive device or bomb;
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         m.n. Carjacking;
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         n. o. Home-invasion robbery;
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         o.p. Aggravated stalking;
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         p.g. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
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capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gammahydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 893.135(1); or

q.r. Possession of a firearm by a felon

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and during the commission of the offense, such person actually possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, except that a person who is convicted for aggravated assault, possession of a firearm by a felon, or burglary of a conveyance shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years if such person possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" during the commission of the offense. However, if an offender who is convicted of the offense of possession of a firearm by a felon has a previous conviction of committing or attempting to commit a felony listed in s. 775.084(1)(b)1. and actually possessed a firearm or destructive device during the commission of the prior felony, the offender shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years.

2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-p. (a)1.a.- q_{r} , regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of

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the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

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- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-p. (a)1.a.-q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

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(c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as required in this section.

(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who actually possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use firearms or destructive devices be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.

(3) (a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:

- a. Murder;
- b. Sexual battery;
 - c. Robbery;
- 142 d. Burglary;

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- e. Arson;
- 144 f. Aggravated assault;
- f.q. Aggravated battery;

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Florida Senate - 2016 CS for SB 228

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146
           g.h. Kidnapping;
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          h.i. Escape;
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          i. + Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,
149
     manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance;
150
          i.k. Aircraft piracy;
151
           k. 1. Aggravated child abuse;
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          1.m. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled
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     adult;
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           m.n. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
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     destructive device or bomb;
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          n.o. Carjacking;
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          o.p. Home-invasion robbery;
           p.q. Aggravated stalking; or
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          q.r. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
      capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
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      capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
     phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking
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     in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone,
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      trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine,
165
     trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-
     hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol,
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      trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s.
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     893.135(1);
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     and during the commission of the offense, such person possessed
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     a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box
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     magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be
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     sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.
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           2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to
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commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s.

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 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

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944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

- (c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as required in this section.
- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001 be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.
 - (e) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire cartridges.
 - 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is capable

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233 of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions 234 of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform 235 a portion of the operating cycle. (6) Notwithstanding s. 27.366, the sentencing court shall 236 not impose the mandatory minimum sentence required by subsection 237 (2) or subsection (3) for a conviction for aggravated assault if 238 239 the court makes written findings that: 240 (a) The defendant had a good faith belief that the 241 aggravated assault was justifiable pursuant to chapter 776. 242 (b) The aggravated assault was not committed in the course 243 of committing another criminal offense. 244 (c) The defendant does not pose a threat to public safety. 245 (d) The totality of the circumstances involved in the 246 offense do not justify the imposition of such sentence. 247 Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 248 985.557, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 249 985.557 Direct filing of an information; discretionary and 250 mandatory criteria .-251 (2) MANDATORY DIRECT FILE.-252 (d)1. With respect to any child who was 16 or 17 years of 253 age at the time the alleged offense was committed, the state 254 attorney shall file an information if the child has been charged 255 with committing or attempting to commit an offense listed in s. 256 775.087(2)(a)1.a.-p. $s. \frac{775.087(2)(a)1.a.-q.}{a}$, and, during the 2.57 commission of or attempt to commit the offense, the child: 258 a. Actually possessed a firearm or destructive device, as 259 those terms are defined in s. 790.001. 2.60 b. Discharged a firearm or destructive device, as described in s. 775.087(2)(a)2. 261

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- c. Discharged a firearm or destructive device, as described in s. 775.087(2)(a)3., and, as a result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person.
 - 2. Upon transfer, any child who is:

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- a. Charged under sub-subparagraph 1.a. and who has been previously adjudicated or had adjudication withheld for a forcible felony offense or any offense involving a firearm, or who has been previously placed in a residential commitment program, shall be subject to sentencing under s. 775.087(2)(a), notwithstanding s. 985.565.
- b. Charged under sub-subparagraph 1.b. or sub-subparagraph 1.c., shall be subject to sentencing under s. 775.087(2)(a), notwithstanding s. 985.565.
- 3. Upon transfer, any child who is charged under this paragraph, but who does not meet the requirements specified in subparagraph 2., shall be sentenced under s. 985.565; however, if the court imposes a juvenile sanction, the court must commit the child to a high-risk or maximum-risk juvenile facility.
- 4. This paragraph shall not apply if the state attorney has good cause to believe that exceptional circumstances exist that preclude the just prosecution of the child in adult court.
- 5. The Department of Corrections shall make every reasonable effort to ensure that any child 16 or 17 years of age who is convicted and sentenced under this paragraph be completely separated such that there is no physical contact with adult offenders in the facility, to the extent that it is consistent with chapter 958.
- Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a

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reference thereto, section 27.366, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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27.366 Legislative intent and policy in cases meeting criteria of s. 775.087(2) and (3).-It is the intent of the Legislature that convicted criminal offenders who meet the criteria in s. 775.087(2) and (3) be sentenced to the minimum mandatory prison terms provided therein. It is the intent of the Legislature to establish zero tolerance of criminals who use, threaten to use, or avail themselves of firearms in order to commit crimes and thereby demonstrate their lack of value for human life. It is also the intent of the Legislature that prosecutors should appropriately exercise their discretion in those cases in which the offenders' possession of the firearm is incidental to the commission of a crime and not used in furtherance of the crime, used in order to commit the crime, or used in preparation to commit the crime. For every case in which the offender meets the criteria in this act and does not receive the mandatory minimum prison sentence, the state attorney must explain the sentencing deviation in writing and place such explanation in the case file maintained by the state attorney.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.—

(2) The offense severity ranking chart has 10 offense levels, ranked from least severe, which are level 1 offenses, to most severe, which are level 10 offenses, and each felony

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591-00708-16 2016228c1 320 offense is assigned to a level according to the severity of the 321 offense. For purposes of determining which felony offenses are 322 specifically listed in the offense severity ranking chart and which severity level has been assigned to each of these offenses, the numerical statutory references in the left column 324 325 of the chart and the felony degree designations in the middle 326 column of the chart are controlling; the language in the right 327 column of the chart is provided solely for descriptive purposes. 328 Reclassification of the degree of the felony through the 329 application of s. 775.0845, s. 775.0861, s. 775.0862, s. 775.087, s. 775.0875, s. 794.023, or any other law that provides 331 an enhanced penalty for a felony offense, to any offense listed 332 in the offense severity ranking chart in this section shall not 333 cause the offense to become unlisted and is not subject to the 334 provisions of s. 921.0023. 335 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a 336 337 reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 338 921.0024, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

scoresheets.(1)

(b) WORKSHEET KEY:

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Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations;

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Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation and each successive community sanction violation, unless any of the following apply:

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- 1. If the community sanction violation includes a new felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction.
- 2. If the community sanction violation is committed by a violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s. 948.06:
- a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where:
- I. The violation does not include a new felony conviction; and
- II. The community sanction violation is not based solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments.
- b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where the violation includes a new felony conviction.

Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

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379 Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary 380 offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single 382 assessment of thirty (30) points shall be added. For purposes of 383 this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the 386 offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or 387 other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, 389 is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any additional offense was committed. 390

Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were committed in this state.

404 Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun: 405 If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to 406 commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2)

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407 while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in 408 s. 790.001(6), an additional eighteen (18) sentence points are 409 assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or 410 attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her possession a 411 semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine 412 413 gun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional twenty-five (25) 414 sentence points are assessed. 415 416 Sentencing multipliers: 417 418 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 419 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 420 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 421 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 422 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of 423 a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 424 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 425 426 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 427 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 428 775.0823(2), (3), or (4), the subtotal sentence points are 429 multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 430 775.0823(5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of 431 432 s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement 433 Protection Act under s. 775.0823(10) or (11), the subtotal 434 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 435

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436	Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand
437	theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the
438	offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of
439	the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal
440	sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.
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442	Offense related to a criminal gang: If the offender is convicted
443	of the primary offense and committed that offense for the
444	purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of
445	a criminal gang as defined in s. 874.03, the subtotal sentence
446	points are multiplied by 1.5. If applying the multiplier results
447	in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory
448	maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the
449	court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the
450	defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.
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452	Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is
453	convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a
454	crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was
455	committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who
456	is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) with
457	the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are
458	multiplied by 1.5.
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460	Adult-on-minor sex offense: If the offender was 18 years of age
461	or older and the victim was younger than 18 years of age at the
462	time the offender committed the primary offense, and if the
463	primary offense was an offense committed on or after October 1,
464	2014, and is a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the

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violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 800.04; or s. 847.0135(5), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 947.146. Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

947.146 Control Release Authority.-

(3) Within 120 days prior to the date the state correctional system is projected pursuant to s. 216.136 to exceed 99 percent of total capacity, the authority shall determine eligibility for and establish a control release date for an appropriate number of parole ineligible inmates committed to the department and incarcerated within the state who have been determined by the authority to be eligible for discretionary early release pursuant to this section. In establishing control release dates, it is the intent of the Legislature that the authority prioritize consideration of eligible inmates closest to their tentative release date. The authority shall rely upon commitment data on the offender information system maintained by the department to initially

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identify inmates who are to be reviewed for control release consideration. The authority may use a method of objective risk assessment in determining if an eligible inmate should be released. Such assessment shall be a part of the department's management information system. However, the authority shall have sole responsibility for determining control release eligibility, establishing a control release date, and effectuating the release of a sufficient number of inmates to maintain the inmate population between 99 percent and 100 percent of total capacity. Inmates who are ineligible for control release are inmates who are parole eligible or inmates who: (b) Are serving the mandatory minimum portion of a sentence

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In making control release eligibility determinations under this subsection, the authority may rely on any document leading to or generated during the course of the criminal proceedings, including, but not limited to, any presentence or postsentence investigation or any information contained in arrest reports relating to circumstances of the offense.

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

enhanced under s. 775.087(2) or (3), or s. 784.07(3);

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The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

То:	Senator Anitere Flores, Chair Committee on Fiscal Policy				
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request				
Date:	November 3, 2015				
I respectfully placed on the	request that Senate Bill #228 , relating to Mandatory Minimum Sentencing, be:				
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.				
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.				

Senator Aaron Bean Florida Senate, District 4

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	<i>Ə></i> 8
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Mandators Minimum Sentence Amend	lment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Frank Fabrico	
Job Title Chief of Police, Ponce Inlet PD	
Address 430 5. Peninsula Phone 386-3	236-2160
City Ponce Inlet FL 32127 Email Ffabrit	ube pone-inlet.og
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Superior (The Chair will read this information)	
Representing The Florida Police Chiefs Ausciano	~
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislatu	ıre: Yes 🔽 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to sp meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible o	peak to be heard at this can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

November 19, 2015	les of this form to the Senator o	s Seliale Professional C	228
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable
Topic Mandatory Minimum Sentence	es		Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Honorable Nancy Daniels			
Job Title Public Defender, 2nd Judio	ial Circuit		<u>.</u>
Address 301 South Monroe Street			Phone 850.606.1000
Street Tallahassee	Florida	32301	Email nancy.daniels@flpd2.com
City	State	Zip	
Speaking: ✓ For Against	Information		Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Public De	fender Association, Ir	ıc.	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes √ No	Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes 🔽 N
	e public testimony, time	may not permit a ks so that as man	ll persons wishing to speak to be heard at this y persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record t	for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepa	ared By: The	Professional S	taff of the Committe	ee on Fiscal Polic	СУ
BILL:	SB 288					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Sm	nith				
SUBJECT:	State Desig	gnations				
DATE:	November	18, 2015	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Istler		Rogers		EP	Favorable	
2. Jones		Hrdlick	a	FP	Favorable	_

I. Summary:

SB 288 redesignates the John U. Lloyd Beach State Park as the Eula Johnson State Park and directs the Department of Environmental Protection to erect suitable markers designating the state park.

II. Present Situation:

A leading civil rights issue in the mid-20th century was the lack of public access to beaches for African-Americans in south Florida. In 1946, a delegation from the Negro Professional and Business Men's League, Inc., petitioned the Broward County Commission "seeking a 'public bathing beach for colored people in Broward County."

In 1954, Broward County acquired a barrier island site and dedicated it as an African-American beach.² However, by 1960, there was still no road access to the beach and no facilities were constructed.³ On July 4, 1961, Eula Johnson, the president of the local chapter of the NAACP, led the first of a series of protest wade-ins at the white-only Fort Lauderdale beaches.⁴ The City of Fort Lauderdale filed a lawsuit requesting an injunction to end the wade-ins.⁵ The court denied the city's request, which effectively ended segregation of public beaches in Broward County.⁶

¹ William G. Crawford, Jr., *The Long Hard Fight for Equal Rights: A History of Broward County's Colored Beach and the Fort Lauderdale Beach 'Wade-Ins' of the Summer of 1961*, TEQUESTA: THE JOURNAL OF THE HISTORICAL ASS'N OF S. FLA., 19, 21 (2007), *available at* http://www.historymiamiarchives.org/pdfs/Tequesta2007-p19-51.pdf (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

² See Id. at 25.

³ *Id*. at 30. ⁴ *Id*.

⁵ *Id.* at 34

⁶ *Id*. at 42.

BILL: SB 288 Page 2

In 1973, the state purchased the land from Broward County. Chapter 76-300, L.O.F., redesignated the Broward Beach State Recreation Area as the John U. Lloyd Beach State Park in recognition of John U. Lloyd's efforts in the acquisition of the lands. Today, the park encompasses 310 acres, stretching from the Port Everglades Inlet to Dania Beach.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill redesignates the John U. Lloyd Beach State Park as the Eula Johnson State Park.

The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection to erect suitable markers designating the "Eula Johnson State Park."

The bill is effective July 1, 2016.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The estimated cost to erect the designated markers required under this bill is indeterminate at this time.

⁷ Department of Environmental Protection, *Welcome to the John U. Lloyd Beach State Park*, *available at* https://www.floridastateparks.org/park-history/Lloyd-Beach (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

⁸ Chapter 76-300, L.O.F.

⁹ Supra note 7.

BILL: SB 288 Page 3

VI		Iへへり	nical	I I 100±	ICIAN	cies:
v	-	ICUI	HILLA	I DEI	ICICII	ILIES.

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates an undesignated section of Florida law.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 288

By Senator Smith

31-00181A-16

2016288 A bill to be entitled An act relating to state designations; providing an honorary designation of a certain state park in a specified county; directing the Department of Environmental Protection to erect suitable markers; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 Section 1. (1) The John U. Lloyd Beach State Park in 11 Broward County is redesignated as the "Eula Johnson State Park." 12 (2) The Department of Environmental Protection is directed 13 to erect suitable markers designating the Eula Johnson State 14 Park as described in subsection (1). 15 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Fiscal Policy PCS/SB 376 (170500) BILL: Fiscal Policy (Recommended by Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government) INTRODUCER: and Senator Hukill Individuals with Disabilities SUBJECT: DATE: November 18, 2015 REVISED: **ANALYST** STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE **ACTION** Johnson Knudson ΒI **Favorable** 2. Betta DeLoach **AGG Recommend: Fav/CS** FP 3. Pace Hrdlicka **Pre-meeting**

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

SB 376 creates the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Financial Services (DFS). The goal of the program is to promote economic independence and successful employment of individuals with developmental disabilities by providing education, outreach, and resources on specific issues. For individuals with developmental disabilities these issues include financial education, financial and health benefit programs and services, job training and employment opportunities, and the impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for federal and state programs. For employers of the state, the issues include strategies to make program and educational materials available to their employees with developmental disabilities.

The bill requires the DFS to establish on its website a clearinghouse for information regarding the program and other resources and to develop a brochure that describes the program. The bill also requires that financial institutions participating in the qualified public depository program participate in the Financial Literacy Program as a condition of eligibility for the qualified public depository program.

The bill appropriates the recurring amount of \$69,570 from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund within the DFS.

II. Present Situation:

Financial Literacy and Economic Independence

According to the United States Census Bureau, individuals who have a disability make up approximately 13.4 percent of the population of Florida, and 10.1 percent of individuals ages 18 to 64 (working age) have a disability. In 2014, over 20 percent of working aged individuals who have a disability lived below the federal poverty line in Florida, compared with 13.7 percent of individuals without a disability.²

Individuals who have a disability experience significant disparities in employment and participation in the workforce.³ For example, 17.9 percent of individuals who have a disability are employed in Florida, while over 61 percent of those who do not have a disability are employed.⁴ Nationally in December 2104, there was an 11.2 percent unemployment rate for individuals who have a disability and a 5.1 percent unemployment rate for individuals without a disability.⁵ According to the National Disability Institute (NDI), many of these individuals would like to find employment, but are concerned if they earn more money it will cause them to lose disability and health benefits.⁶

Financial education and literacy are critical components for gaining economic independence. A 2014 report by the National Disability Institute (NDI) evaluated the financial capability among individuals with and without disabilities based on information derived from the FINRA⁷ Investor Education Foundation's 2012 National Financial Capability Study. The NDI report found that individuals with disabilities have greater difficulty in meeting monthly expenses, are less likely to have access to emergency funds, are more likely to carry credit card balances and use non-

¹ U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Disability Characteristics*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1810, searchable database (select advanced search) available at: http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

² U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Selected Economic Characteristics for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population by Disability Status*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1811, searchable database available at: http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

³ American Institutes for Research, *An Uneven Playing Field: The Lack of Equal Pay for People with Disabilities*, p. 2, December 2014, available at:

http://www.air.org/sites/default/files/Lack%20of%20Equal%20Pay%20for%20People%20with%20Disabilities Dec%2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

⁴ Supra note 2. Note, 78.5 percent of individuals who have a disability are not in the labor force.

⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *BLS Data Viewer: Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, Series IDs LNU04074593 and LNU04074597*, (for 2014, not seasonally adjusted), available at: http://beta.bls.gov/dataViewer/view/641a3c05bb5b4578b313b2f20ca886cc (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

⁶ National Disability Institute with support from the Florida Development Disabilities Council, *The Changing Face of Benefits Knowledge for Successful Employment and Asset Development*, p. 1, March 2013, available at: http://www.realeconomicimpact.org/data/files/other%20documents/changing_face_of_benefits_2013.pdf.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

⁷ FINRA is the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, which is an independent, not-for-profit organization authorized by Congress that is charged with regulatory oversight of all securities broker-dealers conducting business with the public in the United States.

⁸ Nicole E. Conroy, et. al., *Financial Capabilities of Adults with Disabilities, Findings from the FINRA Investor Education Foundation 2012 National Financial Capability Study*, National Disability Institute, July 22, 2014, available at: http://www.realeconomicimpact.org/data/files/reports/ndi-financial capability report-july 2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 11, 2015).

bank methods of borrowing, are less likely to have received financial education, and have lower financial literacy. The report concluded that individuals with disabilities "are generally marginalized from the economic mainstream, as indicated by the notably lower levels of overall financial capability and economic security compared to persons without disabilities." The report advocated, "innovative approaches that increase access for individuals with disabilities to financial tools and services that foster informed decision making, build financial confidence, and improve financial capability."

Individuals with disabilities must navigate a complex set of federal and state regulations to access resources and obtain financial and medical benefits. Some individuals are born with disabilities, while others may experience a short-term or long-term disability, whether through accidents, employment-related injuries or illnesses, disease, or aging. Individuals may also have mental disorders or developmental disabilities. The definition of the term "disability," for purposes of eligibility for state and federal benefits and employment programs, varies among the different programs.

Federal Disability Resources

The Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)¹² and Supplemental Security Income (SSI)¹³ programs are two types of disability programs administered by the federal Social Security Administration. Applicants for each of the programs must meet strict medical requirements to qualify for disability benefits. Under the programs, disability is defined as the inability to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA) due to a medically determinable physical or mental impairment expected to result in death or last at least 12 months.¹⁴ Generally, a person who is earning more than a certain monthly amount is considered to be engaging in SGA. The SSI recipients living alone or in a household where all members receive SSI benefits are generally also eligible for Medicaid.

The SSDI program is an insurance program that provides benefits to individuals who have contributed to the Social Security system and meet certain minimum work requirements. In contrast, SSI is a means-tested program for aged, blind, or disabled individuals who meet certain income and resource limitations; however, there are no contribution or minimum work requirements. The SSI program provides cash payments¹⁵ assuring a minimum income for aged, blind, or disabled individuals who have very limited income and assets.¹⁶ As of December 2014,

⁹ *Id.* at 7-8.

¹⁰ *Id.* at 40.

¹¹ *Id.* at 42.

¹² 42 U.S.C. ss. 401-434.

¹³ 42 U.S.C. ss. 1381-1385.

¹⁴ See Social Security Administration, *Disability Evaluation Under Social Security*, available at: http://www.socialsecurity.gov/disability/professionals/bluebook/general-info.htm (last accessed Nov. 9, 2015).

¹⁵ For 2016, the maximum monthly federal benefit rate is \$733 for an eligible individual and \$1,100 for an eligible individual with an eligible spouse. Generally, the maximum monthly payment changes yearly due to changes in the Consumer Price Index. The 2016 schedule is available at: http://www.socialsecurity.gov/OACT/COLA/SSI.html (last accessed Nov. 9, 2015). ¹⁶ Countable income is the amount subtracted from the maximum monthly federal benefit rate to determine SSI eligibility and compute monthly payment amount. The countable income limit for SSI eligibility is \$2,000 for individuals and \$3,000 for couples with exclusions. See Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Resources, available at https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-resources-ussi.htm (last accessed Nov. 10, 2015).

there were 560,809 SSI recipients (aged, blind, or disabled) and 560,856 disabled workers that were recipients of SSDI in Florida. ¹⁷

State Disability Resources

Various state agencies provide services, benefits, and resources for individuals with disabilities. These agencies include the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), and the Department of Education. Many state and regional advocacy groups also provide resources and services.

Section 393.063(9), F.S., defines a developmental disability to mean "a disorder or syndrome that is attributable to intellectual disability, cerebral palsy, autism, spina bifida, or Prader-Willi syndrome; that manifests before the age of 18; and that constitutes a substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue indefinitely."

The Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD) currently serves approximately 55,000 clients with developmental disabilities. ¹⁸ The total population of individuals in Florida with developmental disabilities is indeterminate at this time. However, the APD estimates that the population of individuals with developmental disabilities could be between 300,000 to 600,000. ¹⁹

Department of Financial Services

The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the State of Florida is the head of the Department of Financial Services. ²⁰ The CFO has established various outreach and education programs to increase the financial literacy of Florida residents and to protect them from financial fraud. These initiatives include a comprehensive online financial literacy and education initiative to provide Hispanic Floridians and their families with important personal financial information, a program to educate and protect seniors from financial schemes, and financial education for military service members. ²¹

The CFO administers the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (act), ²² which authorizes local and state governmental units (public depositors) to place public deposits in qualified public depositories (QPD). ²³ Public deposits are funds in excess of amounts required to meet

¹⁷ Social Security Administration *Annual Statistical Supplement*, 2015, available at: https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2015/7b.html and https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2015/5j.html #table 5.J2 (last accessed Nov. 9, 2015).

¹⁸ Email from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, Summary of Active Clients, January 11, 2015 (on file with the Senate Banking and Insurance Committee).

¹⁹ Email from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, January 13, 2015 (On file with the Senate Banking and Insurance Committee).

²⁰ Section 20.121(1), F.S.

²¹ See Your Money Matter\$, a one-stop website to access the CFO's financial literacy resources, available at: http://www.myfloridacfo.com/sitePages/services/flow.aspx?ut=Financial+Literacy (last accessed on Nov. 9, 2015).

²² Chapter 280, F.S.

²³ A qualified public depository is organized under the laws of the United States or any state or territory of the United States; has a principal place of business or branch office in this state authorized to receive deposits; has federally-insured deposits, has procedures and practices that accurately report and collateralize public deposits; meets the requirements of the act; and has been designated as a qualified public depository by the CFO. See s. 280.02(26), F.S.

disbursement needs or expenses. A QPD can be a bank, savings bank, or savings association that meets specific criteria, including collateral requirements, under the act. The CFO is responsible for designating financial institutions as qualified public depositories.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill creates the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer who heads the Department of Financial Services (DFS). The goal of the program is to promote economic independence and successful employment of individuals with developmental disabilities by providing resources, outreach, and education on specific issues. For individuals with developmental disabilities these issues include financial education, identification of financial and health benefit programs and services, job training and employment opportunities, and the impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for federal and state programs. For employers the issues include strategies to make program and educational materials available to their employees with developmental disabilities.

The bill provides that the DFS, in consultation with public and private stakeholders, will develop and implement the program. Banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks will be key participants in the development and promotion of the program. The DFS will establish a clearinghouse on its website for information regarding the program and other available resources for individuals with developmental disabilities and their employers. The DFS will publish a brochure that describes the program and make the brochure accessible through its website.

The bill requires financial institutions participating in the qualified public depository program to participate in the Financial Literacy Program as condition of eligibility for the qualified public depository program. Within 90 days of the DFS establishing the program and publishing the brochure, each participating financial institution must make the brochures available at each Florida branch office that has in-person teller services by having available copies or printing a copy of the brochure upon request. A financial institution or other program participant is not subject to a civil cause of action arising from the distribution or nondistribution of program information. Each participating financial institution website must also provide a hyperlink to the department's website for the program.

The bill provides \$69,570 of recurring funds from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund within the DFS to develop and manage the new program, which includes printing and postage costs for the brochures.

The effective date of the bill is January 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Implementation of the Financial Literacy Program will provide individuals with developmental disabilities an opportunity to obtain a better understanding of financial products and services, financial management, employment options, and federal and state benefits. Employers will also benefit from resources that will facilitate employment of individuals with developmental disabilities.

Financial institutions may incur indeterminate costs associated with providing brochures about the program at their places of business and revising their websites to provide a link to access the Financial Literacy Program's website.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill provides the recurring amount of \$69,570 from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund within the Department of Financial Services (DFS) to implement this program. This appropriation funds the costs associated with printing and shipping 50 brochures to an estimated 4,500 financial institution branch offices in Florida.²⁴ The bill requires the DFS to make copies of the brochure available to a bank, savings association, or savings bank upon request of such financial institution.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill substantially amends section 280.16 of the Florida Statutes.

²⁴ Department of Financial Services, Senate Bill 376 Analysis (Oct. 5, 2015) (on file with the Senate Committee on Banking and Insurance).

The bill creates section 17.68 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

Recommended CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government on November 3, 2015:

The committee substitute reduces the amount appropriated to the Department of Financial Services to implement the program.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Fiscal Policy (Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government)

A bill to be entitled An act relating to individuals with disabilities; creating s. 17.68, F.S.; providing legislative findings; establishing the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Financial Services; requiring the department to develop and implement the program in consultation with specified stakeholders; providing for the participation of banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks; requiring the program to provide information, resources, outreach, and education on specified issues to individuals with developmental disabilities and employers in this state; requiring the department to establish on its website a clearinghouse for information regarding the program and to publish a brochure describing the program; requiring, by a specified date, qualified public depositories to make copies of the department's brochure available and provide a hyperlink on their websites to the department's website for the program; providing that qualified public depositories are not subject to civil liability arising from the distribution and contents of the brochure and the program website information; amending s. 280.16, F.S.; requiring a qualified public depository to participate in the program; providing an appropriation; providing an effective date.

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Florida Senate - 2016

Bill No. SB 376

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 17.68, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

17.68 Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities .-

(1) The Legislature finds that the state has a compelling interest in promoting the economic independence and successful employment of individuals with developmental disabilities as defined in s. 393.063. In comparison with the general population, individuals with developmental disabilities experience lower rates of educational achievement, employment, and annual earnings and are more likely to live in poverty. Additionally, such individuals must navigate a complex network of federal and state programs in order to be eligible for financial and health benefits. Thus, it is essential that these individuals have sufficient financial management knowledge and skills to effectively participate in benefit eligibility determination processes and make informed decisions regarding financial services and products provided by financial institutions. Enhancing the financial literacy of such individuals will provide a pathway for economic independence and successful employment.

(2) The Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities is established within the Department of Financial Services. The department, in consultation with public and private stakeholders, shall develop and implement the program, which must be designed to promote the economic

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- independence and successful employment of individuals with developmental disabilities. Banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks will be key participants in the development and promotion of the program, which must provide information, resources, outreach, and education in the following areas:
 - (a) For individuals with developmental disabilities:
- 1. Financial education, including instruction on money management skills and the effective use of financial services and products, to promote income preservation and asset development.
- 2. Identification of available financial and health benefit programs and services.
- 3. Job training programs and employment opportunities, including work incentives and state and local workforce development programs.
- 4. The impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for federal and state financial and health benefit programs, and options to manage such impact.
- (b) For employers in this state, strategies to make program information and educational materials available to their employees with developmental disabilities.
 - (3) The department shall:
- (a) Establish on its website a clearinghouse for information regarding the program and other resources available for individuals with developmental disabilities and their employers.
- (b) Publish a brochure describing the program, which is also accessible on its website.

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Florida Senate - 2016

Bill No. SB 376

- (4) Within 90 days after the department establishes the website clearinghouse and publishes the brochure, each bank, savings association, and savings bank that is a qualified public depository as defined in s. 280.02 shall:
- (a) Make copies of the department's brochures available, upon the request of the consumer, at its principal place of business and each branch office located in this state which has in-person teller services by having copies of the brochure available or having the capability to print a copy of the brochure from the department's website. Upon request, the department shall provide copies of the brochure to a bank, savings association, or savings bank.
- (b) Provide on its website a hyperlink to the department's website clearinghouse. If the department changes the website address for the clearinghouse, the bank, savings association, or savings bank must update the hyperlink within 90 days after notification by the department of such change.
- (5) A participating qualified public depository is not subject to civil liability arising from the distribution or nondistribution of the brochure or program website information. The contents of the brochure or the program website information may not be attributed to a participating qualified public depository by virtue of its distribution, and do not constitute financial or investment advice by, nor create a fiduciary duty on, the participating qualified public depository to the recipient.
- Section 2. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of section 280.16, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 280.16 Requirements of qualified public depositories;

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Florida Senate - 2016 Bill No. SB 376

PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE



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- (1) In addition to any other requirements specified in this chapter, qualified public depositories shall:
- (e) Participate in the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities as required under s. 17.68.

Section 3. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sum of \$69,570 in recurring funds from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund is appropriated to the Consumer Assistance Program within the Department of Financial Services for the purpose of implementing the program created by this act.

Section 4. This act shall take effect January 1, 2017.

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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Fiscal Policy CS/SB 376 BILL: Fiscal Policy Committee (Recommended by Appropriations Subcommittee on General INTRODUCER: Government) and Senator Hukill Individuals with Disabilities SUBJECT: DATE: November 19, 2015 **REVISED: ANALYST** STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE **ACTION** Johnson Knudson ΒI **Favorable** 2. Betta DeLoach **AGG Recommend: Fav/CS** FP 3. Pace Hrdlicka Fav/CS

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 376 creates the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Financial Services (DFS). The goal of the program is to promote economic independence and successful employment of individuals with developmental disabilities by providing education, outreach, and resources on specific issues. For individuals with developmental disabilities these issues include financial education, financial and health benefit programs and services, job training and employment opportunities, and the impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for federal and state programs. For employers of the state, the issues include strategies to make program and educational materials available to their employees with developmental disabilities.

The bill requires the DFS to establish on its website a clearinghouse for information regarding the program and other resources and to develop a brochure that describes the program. The bill also requires that financial institutions participating in the qualified public depository program participate in the Financial Literacy Program as a condition of eligibility for the qualified public depository program.

The bill appropriates the recurring amount of \$69,570 from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund within the DFS.

II. Present Situation:

Financial Literacy and Economic Independence

According to the United States Census Bureau, individuals who have a disability make up approximately 13.4 percent of the population of Florida, and 10.1 percent of individuals ages 18 to 64 (working age) have a disability. In 2014, over 20 percent of working aged individuals who have a disability lived below the federal poverty line in Florida, compared with 13.7 percent of individuals without a disability.²

Individuals who have a disability experience significant disparities in employment and participation in the workforce.³ For example, 17.9 percent of individuals who have a disability are employed in Florida, while over 61 percent of those who do not have a disability are employed.⁴ Nationally, in December 2014, there was an 11.2 percent unemployment rate for individuals who have a disability and a 5.1 percent unemployment rate for individuals without a disability.⁵ According to the National Disability Institute (NDI), many of these individuals would like to find employment, but are concerned if they earn more money it will cause them to lose disability and health benefits.⁶

Financial education and literacy are critical components for gaining economic independence. A 2014 report by the National Disability Institute (NDI) evaluated the financial capability among individuals with and without disabilities based on information derived from the FINRA⁷ Investor Education Foundation's 2012 National Financial Capability Study. The NDI report found that individuals with disabilities have greater difficulty in meeting monthly expenses, are less likely to have access to emergency funds, are more likely to carry credit card balances and use non-

¹ U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Disability Characteristics*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1810, searchable database (select advanced search) available at: http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

² U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Selected Economic Characteristics for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population by Disability Status*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1811, searchable database available at: http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

³ American Institutes for Research, *An Uneven Playing Field: The Lack of Equal Pay for People with Disabilities*, p. 2, December 2014, available at:

http://www.air.org/sites/default/files/Lack%20of%20Equal%20Pay%20for%20People%20with%20Disabilities Dec%2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

⁴ Supra note 2. Note, 78.5 percent of individuals who have a disability are not in the labor force.

⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *BLS Data Viewer: Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, Series IDs LNU04074593 and LNU04074597*, (for 2014, not seasonally adjusted), available at: http://beta.bls.gov/dataViewer/view/641a3c05bb5b4578b313b2f20ca886cc (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

⁶ National Disability Institute with support from the Florida Development Disabilities Council, *The Changing Face of Benefits Knowledge for Successful Employment and Asset Development*, p. 1, March 2013, available at: http://www.realeconomicimpact.org/data/files/other%20documents/changing_face_of_benefits_2013.pdf.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

⁷ FINRA is the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, which is an independent, not-for-profit organization authorized by Congress that is charged with regulatory oversight of all securities broker-dealers conducting business with the public in the United States.

⁸ Nicole E. Conroy, et. al., Financial Capabilities of Adults with Disabilities, Findings from the FINRA Investor Education Foundation 2012 National Financial Capability Study, National Disability Institute, July 22, 2014, available at: http://www.realeconomicimpact.org/data/files/reports/ndi-financial capability report-july 2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 11, 2015).

bank methods of borrowing, are less likely to have received financial education, and have lower financial literacy. The report concluded that individuals with disabilities "are generally marginalized from the economic mainstream, as indicated by the notably lower levels of overall financial capability and economic security compared to persons without disabilities." The report advocated, "innovative approaches that increase access for individuals with disabilities to financial tools and services that foster informed decision making, build financial confidence, and improve financial capability." In

Individuals with disabilities must navigate a complex set of federal and state regulations to access resources and obtain financial and medical benefits. Some individuals are born with disabilities, while others may experience a short-term or long-term disability, whether through accidents, employment-related injuries or illnesses, disease, or aging. Individuals may also have mental disorders or developmental disabilities. The definition of the term "disability," for purposes of eligibility for state and federal benefits and employment programs, varies among the different programs.

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The SSDI program is an insurance program that provides benefits to individuals who have contributed to the Social Security system and meet certain minimum work requirements. In contrast, SSI is a means-tested program for aged, blind, or disabled individuals who meet certain income and resource limitations; however, there are no contribution or minimum work requirements. The SSI program provides cash payments¹⁵ assuring a minimum income for aged, blind, or disabled individuals who have very limited income and assets.¹⁶ As of December 2014,

⁹ *Id.* at 7-8.

¹⁰ *Id.* at 40.

¹¹ *Id.* at 42.

¹² 42 U.S.C. ss. 401-434.

¹³ 42 U.S.C. ss. 1381-1385.

¹⁴ See Social Security Administration, *Disability Evaluation Under Social Security*, available at: http://www.socialsecurity.gov/disability/professionals/bluebook/general-info.htm (last accessed Nov. 9, 2015).

¹⁵ For 2016, the maximum monthly federal benefit rate is \$733 for an eligible individual and \$1,100 for an eligible individual with an eligible spouse. Generally, the maximum monthly payment changes yearly due to changes in the Consumer Price Index. The 2016 schedule is available at: http://www.socialsecurity.gov/OACT/COLA/SSI.html (last accessed Nov. 9, 2015). ¹⁶ Countable income is the amount subtracted from the maximum monthly federal benefit rate to determine SSI eligibility and compute monthly payment amount. The countable income limit for SSI eligibility is \$2,000 for individuals and \$3,000 for couples with exclusions. See Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Resources, available at https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-resources-ussi.htm (last accessed Nov. 10, 2015).

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Section 393.063(9), F.S., defines a developmental disability to mean "a disorder or syndrome that is attributable to intellectual disability, cerebral palsy, autism, spina bifida, or Prader-Willi syndrome; that manifests before the age of 18; and that constitutes a substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue indefinitely."

The Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD) currently serves approximately 55,000 clients with developmental disabilities. ¹⁸ The total population of individuals in Florida with developmental disabilities is indeterminate at this time. However, the APD estimates that the population of individuals with developmental disabilities could be between 300,000 to 600,000. ¹⁹

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The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the State of Florida is the head of the Department of Financial Services. ²⁰ The CFO has established various outreach and education programs to increase the financial literacy of Florida residents and to protect them from financial fraud. These initiatives include a comprehensive online financial literacy and education initiative to provide Hispanic Floridians and their families with important personal financial information, a program to educate and protect seniors from financial schemes, and financial education for military service members. ²¹

The CFO administers the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (act), ²² which authorizes local and state governmental units (public depositors) to place public deposits in qualified public depositories (QPD). ²³ Public deposits are funds in excess of amounts required to meet

¹⁷ Social Security Administration *Annual Statistical Supplement*, 2015, available at: https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2015/7b.html and https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2015/5j.html #table 5.J2 (last accessed Nov. 9, 2015).

¹⁸ Email from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, Summary of Active Clients, January 11, 2015 (on file with the Senate Banking and Insurance Committee).

¹⁹ Email from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, January 13, 2015 (On file with the Senate Banking and Insurance Committee).

²⁰ Section 20.121(1), F.S.

²¹ See Your Money Matter\$, a one-stop website to access the CFO's financial literacy resources, available at: http://www.myfloridacfo.com/sitePages/services/flow.aspx?ut=Financial+Literacy (last accessed on Nov. 9, 2015).

²² Chapter 280, F.S.

²³ A qualified public depository is organized under the laws of the United States or any state or territory of the United States; has a principal place of business or branch office in this state authorized to receive deposits; has federally-insured deposits, has procedures and practices that accurately report and collateralize public deposits; meets the requirements of the act; and has been designated as a qualified public depository by the CFO. See s. 280.02(26), F.S.

disbursement needs or expenses. A QPD can be a bank, savings bank, or savings association that meets specific criteria, including collateral requirements, under the act. The CFO is responsible for designating financial institutions as qualified public depositories.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill creates the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer who heads the Department of Financial Services (DFS). The goal of the program is to promote economic independence and successful employment of individuals with developmental disabilities by providing resources, outreach, and education on specific issues. For individuals with developmental disabilities these issues include financial education, identification of financial and health benefit programs and services, job training and employment opportunities, and the impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for federal and state programs. For employers the issues include strategies to make program and educational materials available to their employees with developmental disabilities.

The bill provides that the DFS, in consultation with public and private stakeholders, will develop and implement the program. Banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks will be key participants in the development and promotion of the program. The DFS will establish a clearinghouse on its website for information regarding the program and other available resources for individuals with developmental disabilities and their employers. The DFS will publish a brochure that describes the program and make the brochure accessible through its website.

The bill requires financial institutions participating in the qualified public depository program to participate in the Financial Literacy Program as condition of eligibility for the qualified public depository program. Within 90 days of the DFS establishing the program and publishing the brochure, each participating financial institution must make the brochures available at each Florida branch office that has in-person teller services by having available copies or printing a copy of the brochure upon request. A financial institution or other program participant is not subject to a civil cause of action arising from the distribution or nondistribution of program information. Each participating financial institution website must also provide a hyperlink to the department's website for the program.

The bill provides \$69,570 of recurring funds from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund within the DFS to develop and manage the new program, which includes printing and postage costs for the brochures.

The effective date of the bill is January 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Implementation of the Financial Literacy Program will provide individuals with developmental disabilities an opportunity to obtain a better understanding of financial products and services, financial management, employment options, and federal and state benefits. Employers will also benefit from resources that will facilitate employment of individuals with developmental disabilities.

Financial institutions may incur indeterminate costs associated with providing brochures about the program at their places of business and revising their websites to provide a link to access the Financial Literacy Program's website.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill provides the recurring amount of \$69,570 from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund within the Department of Financial Services (DFS) to implement this program. This appropriation funds the costs associated with printing and shipping 50 brochures to an estimated 4,500 financial institution branch offices in Florida.²⁴ The bill requires the DFS to make copies of the brochure available to a bank, savings association, or savings bank upon request of such financial institution.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill substantially amends section 280.16 of the Florida Statutes.

²⁴ Department of Financial Services, Senate Bill 376 Analysis (Oct. 5, 2015) (on file with the Senate Committee on Banking and Insurance).

The bill creates section 17.68 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Fiscal Policy on November 19, 2015:

As recommended by Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government the committee substitute reduces the amount appropriated to the Department of Financial Services to implement the program.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 376

By Senator Hukill

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to individuals with disabilities; creating s. 17.68, F.S.; providing legislative findings; establishing the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Financial Services; requiring the department to develop and implement the program in consultation with specified stakeholders; providing for the participation of banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks; requiring the program to provide information, resources, outreach, and education on specified issues to individuals with developmental disabilities and employers in this state; requiring the department to establish on its website a clearinghouse for information regarding the program and to publish a brochure describing the program; requiring, by a specified date, qualified public depositories to make copies of the department's brochure available and provide a hyperlink on their websites to the department's website for the program; providing that qualified public depositories are not subject to civil liability arising from the distribution and contents of the brochure and the program website information; amending s. 280.16, F.S.; requiring a qualified public depository to participate in the program; providing an appropriation; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Page 1 of 5

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Florida Senate - 2016 SB 376

2016376

8-00267A-16

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30	
31	Section 1. Section 17.68, Florida Statutes, is created to
32	read:
33	17.68 Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with
34	Developmental Disabilities.—
35	(1) The Legislature finds that the state has a compelling
36	interest in promoting the economic independence and successful
37	employment of individuals with developmental disabilities as
38	defined in s. 393.063. In comparison with the general
39	population, individuals with developmental disabilities
40	experience lower rates of educational achievement, employment,
41	and annual earnings and are more likely to live in poverty.
42	Additionally, such individuals must navigate a complex network
43	of federal and state programs in order to be eligible for
44	financial and health benefits. Thus, it is essential that these
45	individuals have sufficient financial management knowledge and
46	skills to effectively participate in benefit eligibility
47	determination processes and make informed decisions regarding
48	financial services and products provided by financial
49	institutions. Enhancing the financial literacy of such
50	individuals will provide a pathway for economic independence and
51	successful employment.
52	(2) The Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with
53	Developmental Disabilities is established within the Department
54	of Financial Services. The department, in consultation with
55	public and private stakeholders, shall develop and implement the
56	program, which must be designed to promote the economic
57	independence and successful employment of individuals with
58	developmental disabilities. Banks, credit unions, savings

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associations, and savings banks will be key participants in the
development and promotion of the program, which must provide
information, resources, outreach, and education in the following
areas:
(a) For individuals with developmental disabilities:
1. Financial education, including instruction on money
management skills and the effective use of financial services
and products, to promote income preservation and asset
development.
2. Identification of available financial and health benefit
programs and services.
3. Job training programs and employment opportunities,
including work incentives and state and local workforce
development programs.
4. The impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for
federal and state financial and health benefit programs, and
options to manage such impact.
(b) For employers in this state, strategies to make program
information and educational materials available to their
employees with developmental disabilities.
(3) The department shall:
(a) Establish on its website a clearinghouse for
information regarding the program and other resources available
for individuals with developmental disabilities and their
employers.
(b) Publish a brochure describing the program, which is
also accessible on its website.

Page 3 of 5

(4) Within 90 days after the department establishes the website clearinghouse and publishes the brochure, each bank,

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Florida Senate - 2016 SB 376

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88	savings association, and savings bank that is a qualified public
89	depository as defined in s. 280.02 shall:
90	(a) Make copies of the department's brochures available,
91	upon the request of the consumer, at its principal place of
92	business and each branch office located in this state which has
93	in-person teller services by having copies of the brochure
94	available or having the capability to print a copy of the
95	brochure from the department's website. Upon request, the
96	department shall provide copies of the brochure to a bank,
97	savings association, or savings bank.
98	(b) Provide on its website a hyperlink to the department's
99	website clearinghouse. If the department changes the website
.00	address for the clearinghouse, the bank, savings association, or
01	savings bank must update the hyperlink within 90 days after
.02	notification by the department of such change.
.03	(5) A participating qualified public depository is not
.04	subject to civil liability arising from the distribution or
.05	nondistribution of the brochure or program website information.
.06	The contents of the brochure or the program website information
.07	may not be attributed to a participating qualified public
.08	depository by virtue of its distribution, and do not constitute
09	financial or investment advice by, nor create a fiduciary duty
.10	on, the participating qualified public depository to the
.11	recipient.
.12	Section 2. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
.13	section 280.16, Florida Statutes, to read:
.14	280.16 Requirements of qualified public depositories;
.15	confidentiality
16	(1) In addition to any other requirements specified in this

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Florida Senate - 2016 SB 376

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117	chapter, qualified public depositories shall:
118	(e) Participate in the Financial Literacy Program for
119	Individuals with Developmental Disabilities as required under s.
120	<u>17.68.</u>
121	Section 3. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sums of
122	\$63,664 in recurring funds and \$73,570 in nonrecurring funds
123	from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund are appropriated to the
124	Consumer Assistance Program within the Department of Financial
125	Services, and one full-time equivalent position with associated
126	salary rate of 41,114 is authorized, for the purpose of
127	implementing the program created by this act.
128	Section 4. This act shall take effect January 1, 2017.

Page 5 of 5

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SENATOR DOROTHY L. HUKILL 8th District Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Finance and Tax, Chair
Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities,
Vice Chair
Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development
Banking and Insurance
Fiscal Policy

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

November 3, 2015

The Honorable Anitere Flores 225 Knott Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Re: Senate Bill 376 – Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities

Dear Chairwoman Flores:

Senate Bill 376, relating Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities has been referred to the Fiscal Policy Committee. I am requesting your consideration on placing SB 376 on your next agenda. Should you need any additional information please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

cc:

Dorothy L. Hukill, District 8

Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director of the Fiscal Policy Committee

Tamra Lyon, Administrative Assistant of the Fiscal Policy Committee

REPLY TO:

☐ 209 Dunlawton Avenue, Unit 17, Port Orange, Florida 32127 (386) 304-7630 FAX: (888) 263-3818 ☐ Ocala City Hall, 110 SE Watula Avenue, 3rd Floor, Ocala, Florida 34471 (352) 694-0160

Senate's Website: www.fisenate.gov

ANDY GARDINER President of the Senate

GARRETT RICHTER President Pro Tempore

APPEARANCE RECORD

1-19-45 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic SB 376 (2S) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Morganet J. Hoope
Job Title Public Policy Cooldinator.
Address 124 Marriot Drive #203 Phone 850-921-7263
Street Jahassee FL 3230 Email Margar + BPFDDC State Zip Email Margar + BPFDDC
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Developmentel Disabilives Courcil
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

11-19-2015	376
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name BriAN Pitts	<u> </u>
Job Title <u>Trustee</u>	
Address 1119 Newton Ave S	Phone 727/897-9291
Street St Petersburg FL City State	<u> </u>
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Fiscal Policy								
BILL:	SB 388							
INTRODUCER:	Senator De	etert						
SUBJECT:	Individuals	s with Disa	bilities					
DATE:	November	18, 2015	REVISED:					
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION			
. McKay		McKay		CM	Favorable			
2. Gusky		Miller		ATD	Recommend: Favorable			
3. Jones		Hrdlicka		FP	Favorable			

I. Summary:

SB 388 creates the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program to recognize business entities that employ individuals who have a disability, contribute to organizations that support the independence of individuals who have a disability, or establish or contribute to the establishment of a program that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a disability. A business that receives the designation must annually re-certify that it continues to meet the criteria for the designation.

The bill requires the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) to:

- Work with state agencies and CareerSource Florida, Inc., to create the program;
- Work with disability organizations to develop a logo for the program;
- Maintain a website that provides the list of businesses that have been designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner;
- Identify businesses with the designation on the Employ Florida Marketplace system;
- Provide VISIT Florida with the list of businesses that have been designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner for consideration for use in any marketing campaigns, especially those targeting individuals who have a disability or their families; and
- Report to the Legislature on its progress in implementing the program by January 1, 2017, and then annually thereafter on the program's progress.

For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the bill appropriates \$100,000 in recurring funds and \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund to fund the development, implementation, and administration of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program.

The bill is effective July 1, 2016.

BILL: SB 388 Page 2

II. Present Situation:

According to the United States Census Bureau, individuals who have a disability make up approximately 13.4 percent of the population of Florida, and 10.1 percent of individuals ages 18 to 64 (working age) have a disability. In 2014, over 20 percent of working aged individuals who have a disability lived below the federal poverty line in Florida, compared with 13.7 percent of individuals without a disability.²

Individuals who have a disability experience significant disparities in employment and participation in the workforce.³ For example, 17.9 percent of individuals who have a disability are employed in Florida, while over 61 percent of those who do not have a disability are employed.⁴ Nationally, in December 2014 there was an 11.2 percent unemployment rate for individuals who have a disability and a 5 percent unemployment rate for individuals without a disability.⁵ According to the National Disability Institute (NDI), many of these individuals would like to find employment, but are concerned if they earn more money it will cause them to lose disability and health benefits.⁶

Corporate Social Responsibility and Consumer Response

Corporate social responsibility is now a standard practice in the business world. Corporate social responsibility is defined as a company's sense of responsibility toward the community and environment, which may be expressed through support of issues and programs like engaging in ethical supply sourcing or contributing to specific social programs. In 2013, corporations in the United States gave approximately \$18.7 billion, consisting of both cash and non-cash donations, such as product donations and employee volunteer hours. Corporate philanthropy is considered

¹ U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Disability Characteristics*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1810, searchable database (select "advanced search") available at http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

² U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Selected Economic Characteristics for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population by Disability Status*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1811, searchable database available at http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

³ American Institutes for Research, *An Uneven Playing Field: The Lack of Equal Pay for People with Disabilities*, p. 2, December 2014, *available at*

http://www.air.org/sites/default/files/Lack%20of%20Equal%20Pay%20for%20People%20with%20Disabilities Dec%2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

⁴ Supra note 2. Note, 78.5 percent of individuals who have a disability are not in the labor force.

⁵ U.S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *BLS Data Viewer: Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, Series IDs LNU04074593 and LNU04074597*, (for 2014, not seasonally adjusted), *available at* http://beta.bls.gov/dataViewer/view/641a3c05bb5b4578b313b2f20ca886cc (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

⁶ National Disability Institute with support from the Florida Development Disabilities Council, *The Changing Face of Benefits Knowledge for Successful Employment and Asset Development*, p. 1, March 2013, *available at* http://www.realeconomicimpact.org/data/files/other%20documents/changing_face_of_benefits_2013.pdf.pdf (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

⁷ Illia, Laura et al., *Communicating Corporate Social Responsibility to a Cynical Public*, MIT SLOAN MANAGEMENT REVIEW, Feb. 21, 2013, *available at* http://sloanreview.mit.edu/article/communicating-corporate-social-responsibility-to-a-cynical-public/?use_credit=db34fbf0a135038c9c9102e028c614be (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

⁸ BusinessDictionary.com, *available at* http://www.businessdictionary.com/definition/corporate-social-responsibility.html (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

⁹ Adams, Susan, *America's Most Generous Companies*, FORBES, July 15, 2014, *available at* http://www.forbes.com/sites/susanadams/2014/07/15/americas-most-generous-companies/ (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

BILL: SB 388 Page 3

advantageous to a business because it provides the company with a bolstered public image, improved community relations, and increased employee morale.¹⁰

Studies suggest that people value businesses that support causes that are important to them. A recent Nielsen survey found that 55 percent of global respondents indicated a willingness to pay extra for goods and services from businesses that are committed to making a positive social and environmental impact. Consumers are becoming "more deliberate and purposeful" in their shopping decisions by patronizing businesses that have similar values to their own. Consumers are also more likely to be loyal to those brands that share their values or are engaged in the support of those causes that are important to them. People may even base their employment decisions on such values.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 of the bill creates the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program to be administered by the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO). The purpose of the program is to recognize businesses that demonstrate a commitment to the independence of individuals who have a disability. The DEO must consult with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Divisions of Vocational Rehabilitation and Blind Services of the Department of Education, and CareerSource Florida, Inc., in creating the program.

The bill defines "individuals who have a disability" as persons who have a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, persons who have a history or record of such an impairment, or persons who are perceived by others as having such an impairment.

In order to be designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner, a business must submit an application to the DEO, indicating that the business would qualify for the designation by:

- Employing individuals who have a disability;
- Contributing to local or national disability organizations; or
- Contributing to or establishing a program that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a disability.

¹⁰ Montini, Laura, *Corporate Altruism Is on the Rise (Infographic)*, INC., Aug. 27, 2014, *available at* http://www.inc.com/laura-montini/infographic/the-benefits-of-community-service.html (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

¹¹ The Nielsen Company, *Doing Well by Doing Good* (June 2014), *available at* http://www.nielsen.com/content/dam/corporate/us/en/reports-downloads/2014%20Reports/global-corporate-social-responsibility-report-june-2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

¹² Solomon, Micah, *Six Customer Trends That Will Build or Break Your Business As We Enter 2015*, FORBES, Dec. 25, 2014, *available at* http://www.forbes.com/sites/micahsolomon/2014/12/25/six-deep-customer-trends-that-will-build-or-break-your-business-as-we-enter-2015/ (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

¹³ Irwin, Julie, *Ethical Consumerism Isn't Dead, It Just Needs Better Marketing*, HARVARD BUSINESS REVIEW, Jan. 12, 2015, available at https://hbr.org/2015/01/ethical-consumerism-isnt-dead-it-just-needs-better-marketing (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

¹⁴ Supra note 11.

At a minimum, to qualify for the designation, a business must:

• Employ at least one Florida resident, who has a disability, for at least 9 months before applying for the designation; the DEO may not require the employer to provide any personally identifiable information about its employees;

- Make a financial or in-kind contribution, including employee volunteer hours, to a local or national disability organization or a contribution in support of individuals who have a disability;¹⁵ or
- Establish or contribute to the establishment of a program that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a disability. 16

The DEO may also consider nominations from members of the community regarding a local business entity's qualification for designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner. The nomination must identify the business entity's achievements in one or more of the above-referenced categories. Upon receipt of a nomination, the DEO must determine whether the nominee meets the requirements of the program based on the information provided and may request additional information from the nominee if needed. If the nominee meets the requirements, the DEO must notify the nominated business and provide the business the qualifying criteria asserted in the nomination. The nominee has 30 days from the receipt of notice to certify that the information in the notice is true and correct and to either accept or decline the nomination. If a business does not accept the nomination within 30 days of receiving notice, the DEO may not award the designation.

A business must annually certify that it continues to meet the requirements to be designated a Florida Unique Abilities Partner. Failure to submit the annual certification will result in the removal of the business' designation. A business may elect to discontinue its use of the designation by notifying the DEO of such decision.

The DEO must adopt procedures for the application, nomination, and designation processes for the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program. The bill specifies that the DEO's designation under this program does not constitute final agency action, and therefore is not subject to the Florida Administrative Procedures Act in ch. 120, F.S.

The bill directs the DEO, in partnership with the disability community, to develop a logo that may be used to identify a business that has been designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner. The DEO is responsible for developing guidelines and requirements for the use and display of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program logo. A business that has not received the designation or has elected to discontinue its designation may not display the logo.

The DEO must maintain a website that, at a minimum, provides:

• The list of businesses, by county, that currently have the Florida Unique Abilities Partners designation, updated quarterly;

¹⁵ Contributions must be documented by providing copies of written receipts, program materials, or letters of acknowledgment from recipients, volunteers, or donees. A business entity with 100 or fewer employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution of at least \$1,000, and a business entity with more than 100 employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution of at least \$5,000.

• Information on the eligibility requirements for the designation and the methods of application and nomination; and

• The best practices for businesses to facilitate the inclusion of individuals who have a disability, updated annually.

The website may provide links to the websites of organizations or other resources that will aid business entities in the employment or support individuals who have a disability. The Agency for Persons with Disabilities must provide a link to the DEO website for the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program on its website. On the Employ Florida Marketplace website or successor system, the DEO and CareerSource Florida, Inc., must identify the employers that currently have a designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner.

The DEO is required to provide a list of businesses that have a designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner to VISIT Florida¹⁷ on a quarterly basis. VISIT Florida must consider using the program and the designees in marketing campaigns, including campaigns that target individuals who have a disability or their families.

The DEO must report its progress in implementing the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program to the Legislature by January 1, 2017. Beginning in 2017, the DEO must describe the progress and use of the program in its annual report required under s. 20.60, F.S. ¹⁸

Section 2 amends s. 20.60, F.S., to add the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program to the list of programs the DEO must include in its annual report.

Section 3 provides an appropriation to the DEO to develop, implement, and administer the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program in Fiscal Year 2016-2017 (*See* Section V).

Section 4 provides an effective date of July 1, 2016, unless the bill expressly provides otherwise. The requirement that the DEO include information regarding the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program in the department's annual report has an effective date of January 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

Α.	. Municipality/County Mandates Restriction			
	None.			
B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:			
	None.			
C.	Trust Funds Restrictions:			
	None.			

Musicinality/County/Mondotos Destrictions

¹⁷ VISIT Florida is statutorily referred to as the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation. See s. 288.1226, F.S.

¹⁸ The DEO's annual report is due to the Legislature on November 1 of each year.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Under the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program a business that receives a designation may experience greater patronage due to the designation. Local or national disability organizations may receive additional donations from businesses seeking a designation under the program.

C. Government Sector Impact:

For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the bill appropriates \$100,000 in recurring funds and \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund for the development, implementation, and administration of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program. Sufficient revenue is available in that fund to support the recurring and nonrecurring appropriations.

According to the DEO, there will be costs associated with staff time to develop the program, process applications, determine compliance, and designate businesses, and also staff time for IT personnel to create, maintain, and update the website that is required by the bill.¹⁹

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill directs the DEO to adopt rules to administer the program.

Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), employers are prohibited from inquiring about whether a person has a disability or the nature of a disability prior to employment. However, an employer may inquire about the applicant's ability to perform job-related functions. Upon employment, an employer may require a medical examination it is required of all employees, is job-related, and consistent with business necessity. Any medical information obtained from the medical examination must be maintained in a separate file. If an employee requests a reasonable accommodation, an employer is permitted to request documentation sufficient to substantiate the need for the reasonable accommodation. ²¹

¹⁹ The Department of Economic Opportunity, *2015 Senate Bill Analysis for Senate Bill 1246* (Mar. 5, 2015), which included substantively similar provisions (on file with the Senate Commerce and Tourism Committee).

²⁰ See 42 U.S.C. s. 12112.

²¹ EEOC, No. 915.002, *EEOC Enforcement Guidance of Disability-Related Inquiries and Medical Examinations of Employees Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)*, July 27, 2000, *available at* http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/guidance-inquiries.html (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 20.60 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill creates an unnumbered section of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Detert

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28-00549-16 2016388

A bill to be entitled An act relating to individuals with disabilities; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity, in consultation with other entities, to create the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program; defining terms; authorizing a business entity to apply to the department for designation; requiring the department to consider nominations of business entities for designation; requiring the department to adopt procedures for application, nomination, and designation processes; establishing criteria for a business entity to be designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner; requiring a business entity to certify that it continues to meet the established criteria for designation each year; requiring the department to remove the designation if a business entity does not submit yearly certification of continued eligibility; authorizing a business entity to discontinue its designated status; requiring the department, in consultation with the disability community, to develop a logo for business entities designated as Florida Unique Abilities Partners; requiring the department to adopt guidelines and requirements for the use of the logo; authorizing the department to allow a designated business entity to display a logo; prohibiting the use of a logo if a business entity does not have a current designation; requiring the department to maintain a website with specified information; requiring the Agency for

Page 1 of 9

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 388

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30	Persons with Disabilities to provide a link on its
31	website to the department's website for the program;
32	requiring the department to provide the Florida
33	Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation with certain
34	information; requiring the department and CareerSource
35	Florida, Inc., to identify employment opportunities
36	posted by business entities that receive the Florida
37	Unique Abilities Partner designation on the workforce
38	information system; requiring a report to the
39	Legislature; providing report requirements; requiring
40	the department to adopt rules; amending s. 20.60,
41	F.S.; revising requirements for the department's
42	annual report to conform to changes made by the act;
43	providing appropriations; providing effective dates.
44	
45	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
46	
47	Section 1. Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program
48	(1) CREATION AND PURPOSE.—The Department of Economic
49	Opportunity shall establish the Florida Unique Abilities Partner
50	Program to designate a business entity as a Florida Unique
51	Abilities Partner if the business entity demonstrates
52	<pre>commitment, through employment or support, to the independence</pre>
53	of individuals who have a disability. The department shall
54	consult with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the
55	Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of
56	Education, the Division of Blind Services of the Department of
57	Education, and CareerSource Florida, Inc., in creating the
58	program.

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- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- $\underline{\mbox{(a) "Department" means the Department of Economic}}$ Opportunity.
- (b) "Individuals who have a disability" means persons who have a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, persons who have a history or record of such an impairment, or persons who are perceived by others as having such an impairment.
 - (3) DESIGNATION.-

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- (a) A business entity may apply to the department to be designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner, based on the business entity's achievements in at least one of the following categories:
 - 1. Employment of individuals who have a disability.
- $\underline{\mbox{2. Contributions}}$ to local or national disability organizations.
- 3. Contributions to, or the establishment of, a program that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a disability.
- (b) As an alternative to application by a business entity, the department must consider nominations from members of the community where the business entity is located. The nomination must identify the business entity's achievements in at least one of the categories provided in paragraph (a).
- (c) The name, location, and contact information of the business entity must be included in the business entity's application or nomination.
- (d) The department shall adopt procedures for the application, nomination, and designation processes for the

Page 3 of 9

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 388

	28-00549-16 2016388
88	Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program. Designation as a
89	Florida Unique Abilities Partner does not establish or involve
90	licensure, does not affect the substantial interests of a party,
91	and does not constitute a final agency action. The Florida
92	Unique Abilities Partner Program and designation are not subject
93	to chapter 120, Florida Statutes.
94	(4) ELIGIBILITY AND AWARD.—In determining the eligibility
95	for the designation of a business entity as a Florida Unique
96	Abilities Partner, the department shall consider, at a minimum,
97	the following criteria:
98	(a) For a designation based on an application by a business
99	entity, the business entity must certify that:
100	1. It employs at least one individual who has a disability.
101	Such employees must be residents of this state and must have
102	been employed by the business entity for at least 9 months
103	before the business entity's application for the designation.
104	The department may not require the employer to provide
105	personally identifiable information about its employees;
106	2. It has made contributions to local and national
107	disability organizations or contributions in support of
108	individuals who have a disability. Contributions may be
109	accomplished through financial or in-kind contributions,
110	including employee volunteer hours. Contributions must be
111	documented by providing copies of written receipts or letters of
112	acknowledgment from recipients or donees. A business entity with
113	100 or fewer employees must make a financial or in-kind
114	contribution of at least \$1,000, and a business entity with more
115	than 100 employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution
116	of at least \$5,000; or

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3. It has established, or has contributed to the establishment of, a program that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a disability. Contributions must be documented by providing copies of written receipts, a summary of the program, program materials, or letters of acknowledgment from program participants or volunteers. A business entity with 100 or fewer employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution of at least \$1,000 in the program, and a business entity with more than 100 employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution of at least \$5,000.

A business entity that applies to the department to be designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner shall be awarded the designation upon meeting the requirements of this section.

- (b) For a designation based upon receipt of a nomination of a business entity:
- 1. The department shall determine whether the nominee, based on the information provided by the nominating person or entity, meets the requirements of paragraph (a). The department may request additional information from the nominee.
- 2. If the nominee meets the requirements, the department shall provide notice, including the qualification criteria provided in the nomination, to the nominee regarding the nominee's eligibility to be awarded a designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner.
- 3. The nominee shall be provided 30 days after receipt of the notice to certify that the information in the notice is true and accurate and accept the nomination, to provide corrected

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CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

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146	information for consideration by the department and indicate an
147	intention to accept the nomination, or to decline the
148	nomination. If the nominee accepts the nomination, the
149	department shall award the designation. The department may not
150	award the designation if the nominee declines the nomination or
151	has not accepted the nomination within 30 days of receiving
152	<pre>notice.</pre>
153	(5) ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.—After an initial designation as a
154	Florida Unique Abilities Partner, a business entity must certify
155	each year that it continues to meet the criteria for the
156	designation. If the business entity does not submit the yearly
157	certification of continued eligibility, the department shall
158	remove the designation. The business entity may elect to
159	discontinue its designation status at any time by notifying the
160	department of such decision.
161	(6) LOGO DEVELOPMENT.—
162	(a) The department, in consultation with members of the
163	disability community, shall develop a logo that identifies a
164	business entity that is designated as a Florida Unique Abilities
165	Partner.
166	(b) The department shall adopt guidelines and requirements
167	for the use of the logo, including how the logo may be used in
168	advertising. The department may allow a business entity to
169	display a Florida Unique Abilities Partner logo upon
170	$\underline{\text{designation.}}$ A business entity that has not been designated as a
171	Florida Unique Abilities Partner or has elected to discontinue
172	its designated status may not display the logo.
173	(7) WEBSITE.—The department shall maintain a website for
174	the program. At a minimum, the website must provide a list of

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L75	business entities, by county, which currently have the Florida
L76	Unique Abilities Partner designation, updated quarterly;
L77	information regarding the eligibility requirements for the
L78	designation and the method of application or nomination; and
L79	best practices for business entities to facilitate the inclusion
L80	of individuals who have a disability, updated annually. The
181	website may provide links to the websites of organizations or
182	other resources that will aid business entities to employ or
L83	support individuals who have a disability.
L84	(8) INTERAGENCY COLLABORATION
L85	(a) The Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall provide
L86	a link on its website to the department's website for the
L87	Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program.
L88	(b) On a quarterly basis, the department shall provide the
L89	Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation with a current
L90	list of all businesses that are designated as Florida Unique
L91	Abilities Partners. The Florida Tourism Industry Marketing
192	Corporation must consider the Florida Unique Abilities Partner
L93	Program in the development of marketing campaigns, and
L94	specifically in any targeted marketing campaign for individuals
L95	who have a disability or their families.
L96	(c) The department and CareerSource Florida, Inc., shall
L97	identify employment opportunities posted by business entities
L98	that currently have the Florida Unique Abilities Partner
L99	designation on the workforce information system under s.
200	445.011, Florida Statutes.
201	(9) REPORT.—
202	(a) By January 1, 2017, the department shall provide a
203	report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the

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 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

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204	House of Representatives on the status of the implementation of
205	this section, including the adoption of rules, development of
206	the logo, and development of application procedures.
207	(b) Beginning in 2017 and each year thereafter, the
208	department's annual report required under s. 20.60, Florida
209	Statutes, must describe in detail the progress and use of the
210	program. At a minimum, the report must include, for the most
211	recent year: the number of applications and nominations
212	received; the number of nominations accepted and declined; the
213	number of designations awarded; annual certifications; the use
214	of information provided under subsection (8); and any other
215	information deemed necessary to evaluate the program.
216	(10) RULES.—The department shall adopt rules to administer
217	this section.
218	Section 2. Effective January 1, 2017, paragraph (b) of
219	subsection (10) of section 20.60, Florida Statutes, is amended
220	to read:
221	20.60 Department of Economic Opportunity; creation; powers
222	and duties.—
223	(10) The department, with assistance from Enterprise
224	Florida, Inc., shall, by November 1 of each year, submit an
225	annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
226	the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the condition of
227	the business climate and economic development in the state.
228	(b) The report must incorporate annual reports of other
229	programs, including:
230	1. The displaced homemaker program established under s.
231	446.50.
232	2. Information provided by the Department of Revenue under

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s. 290.014.

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- 3. Information provided by enterprise zone development agencies under s. 290.0056 and an analysis of the activities and accomplishments of each enterprise zone.
- 4. The Economic Gardening Business Loan Pilot Program established under s. 288.1081 and the Economic Gardening Technical Assistance Pilot Program established under s. 288.1082.
- 5. A detailed report of the performance of the Black Business Loan Program and a cumulative summary of quarterly report data required under s. 288.714.
- 6. The Rural Economic Development Initiative established under s. 288.0656.
 - 7. The Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program.

Section 3. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sums of \$100,000 in recurring funds and \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund are appropriated to the Department of Economic Opportunity, for the purpose of funding the development, implementation, and administration of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program created by this act.

Section 4. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

То:	Senator Anitere Flores, Chair Committee on Fiscal Policy			
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request			
Date:	November 4, 2015			
I respectfu the:	lly request that Senate Bill #388 , relating to Individuals with Disabilities, be placed on			
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.			
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.			
	Senator Nancy C. Detert			
	Florida Senate, District 28			



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Commerce and Tourism, Chair
Education Pre-K - 12, Vice Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development
Banking and Insurance
Children, Families, and Elder Affairs

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Administrative Procedures Committee

SENATOR NANCY C. DETERT 28th District

November 18, 2015

The Honorable Anitere Flores Chair Senate Fiscal Policy Committee 225 Knott Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Madame Chair:

Thank you for hearing my SB 388-Individuals with Disabilities in Fiscal Policy tomorrow. I need to be in the Senate Children, Families, and Elder Affairs Committee as I have a bill on the agenda which has several amendments to it, and I need to be there to address those.

In the event that I am unable to get to your committee in time, I respectfully request that you allow my aide, Charlie Anderson, to present my SB 388 to your committee.

I appreciate your consideration of this request.

Sincerely,

Nancy C. Detert

NCD/ca

cc: Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director

REPLY TO:

□ 417 Commercial Court, Suite D, Venice, Florida 34292 (941) 480-3547 FAX: (941) 480-3549 □ 416 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5028

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 56 388 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic SB 388 Name Margaret J. Hooper	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Public Police Cool	Dinto
Address 124 Marrist Drive	2 #203 Phone 850-921-7263
city la lahassee fl	32301 Email Margaret DR FODZ
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Developm	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Ves No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this s so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

11-19-2015		388
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
NameBriAN_P;HS		·
Job Title Trustee		-
Address 1119 Newton Aue S		Phone 727/897-929/
St Petersburg FL City State	33705 Zip	Email
Speaking: For Against Information		peaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Justice-2-Jesus</u>		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 1 No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes Yo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, tim meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their rema	e may not permit a rks so that as man	Il persons wishing to speak to be heard at this y persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prep	ared By: The Professional S	Staff of the Committe	ee on Fiscal Policy
BILL:	CS/SB 410	6		
INTRODUCER:	R: Community Affairs Committee and Senator Flores			
SUBJECT:	Location of Utilities			
DATE:	November	: 18, 2015 REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Present		Yeatman	CA	Fav/CS
2. Price		Eichin	TR	Favorable
3. Pace		Hrdlicka	FP	Favorable

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 416 requires a state or local government to bear the responsibility for the cost of relocating utility facilities in a public easement, absent an agreement to the contrary. Specifically, the bill provides that a governmental authority must bear the cost of utility work required to eliminate an unreasonable interference if the utility is located within an existing and valid utility easement granted by recorded plat, regardless of whether such land was subsequently acquired by the governmental authority, by dedication, transfer of fee, or otherwise.

Currently, both statute and common law require a utility to pay for the cost of relocating its facilities within a public easement, absent an agreement to the contrary. Both the statute and common law were reaffirmed in a recent court case by the Second District Court of Appeals requiring a utility to pay for the cost of relocating its utility facilities.

The bill also reduces a county's authority to grant licenses for lines to only locations under, on, over, across, or *within the right-of-way limits* of a county highway or public road, as opposed to under, on, over, across and *along* such highways or roads.

According to the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), the bill is expected to have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact on state expenditures relating to the cost of utility relocation on state roads. To the extent funds are expended for such relocations, projects currently planned in the Work Program may need to be adjusted.

The bill is also expected to have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact on local governments that may now be responsible for the cost of utility relocations.

II. Present Situation:

Specific Grant of Authority to Counties to Issue Licenses to Utilities

Section 125.42, F.S., gives counties specific authority to grant a license to any person or private corporation to construct, maintain, repair, operate, and remove, within the unincorporated areas of a county, water, sewage, gas, power, telephone, other public utilities, and television transmission lines located "under, on, over, across and along" any county road or highway. The statutory phrase "under, on, over, across and along" county roads or highways has been in the statute since 1947.

Specific Grant of Authority to Regulate the Placement and Maintenance of Utility Lines

Chapter 337, F.S., relates to public contracts and the acquisition, disposal, and use of property. The FDOT and local governmental entities³ prescribe and enforce reasonable rules or regulations related to the placement and maintenance of the utility lines along, across, or on any public road or rail corridor.⁴ "Utility" in this context means any electric transmission, telephone, telegraph, or other communication services lines; pole lines; poles; railways; ditches; sewers; water, heat or gas mains; pipelines; fences; gasoline tanks and pumps; or other structures that the statute refers to as a "utility." Florida local governments have enacted ordinances regulating utilities located within city rights-of-way or public easements.⁶

Payment for Moving or Removing Utilities and Exceptions

Since 1957, Florida law expressly has provided that in the event of widening, repair, or reconstruction of a county's public road or highway, the licensee, i.e., the utility provider, must move or remove the lines at no cost to the county. In 2009, that requirement was made subject to a provision in s. 337.403(1), F.S., relating to agreements entered into after July 1, 2009. In 2014, it was made subject to an additional requirement that the authority find the utility is "unreasonably interfering" with the convenient, safe, or continuous use, or the maintenance, improvement, extension, or expansion, of such public road or publicly owned rail corridor.

Additionally, beginning in 1957, Florida statutorily required utilities to bear the costs of relocating a utility placed upon, under, over, or along any public road the authority finds

¹ Section 125.42(1), F.S.

² Chapter 23850, ss. 1-3, Laws of Fla., now codified at s. 125.42, F.S.

³ These are referred in ss. 337.401-337.404, F.S., as an "authority." s. 337.401(1)(a), F.S.

⁴ Section 337.401, F.S.

⁵ Section 337.401(1) (a), F.S.

⁶ See City of Cape Coral Code of Ordinances, ch. 25; City of Jacksonville Code of Ordinances, Title XXI, ch. 711; City of Orlando Code of Ordinances, Ch. 23, all of which include public easements within the definition of right-of-way.

⁷ Chapter 57-777, s. 1, Laws of Fla., now codified at s. 125.42(5), F.S.

⁸ Chapter 2009-85, s. 2, Laws of Fla., now codified at s. 125.42(5), F.S.

⁹ "[A]uthority" means the FDOT and local governmental entities. Section 337.401(1), F.S.

¹⁰ Chapter 2014-169, s. 1, Laws of Fla., now codified at s. 125.42(5), F.S.

unreasonably interferes in any way with the convenient, safe, or continuous use, or the maintenance, improvement, extension or expansion of a road. In 1994, that law was amended to include utilities placed upon, under, over, or along any publicly owned rail corridor. Utility owners, upon 30 days' notice, must eliminate the unreasonable interference within a reasonable time or an agreed time, at their own expense. The general rule remains that utilities bear the costs of relocating a utility unless governmental participation in such costs is agreed upon. Since 1987, numerous exceptions to that general rule have been enacted, and can be found in s. 337.403(1)(a)-(i), F.S.

Utility Relocation under Common Law and the Cape Coral Decision

Legal scholarship has addressed the common law implications of utility relocation.¹⁴ Under common law, a utility will bear the costs of moving or relocating its utility lines or facilities if they are within the right-of-way or a public utility easement, unless an agreement exists providing otherwise or a *private* easement exists in which the utility locates and runs its lines or facilities.

An easement¹⁵ differs from a right-of-way.¹⁶ An easement gives a reserved right to use property in a specified manner,¹⁷ but "does not involve title to or an estate in the land itself."¹⁸ In accordance with s. 177.081(3), F.S., in the case of a platted public easement, the reserved right to use the property is granted *to the public* for the specified use.

On the other hand, the term right-of-way "has been construed to mean ... a right of passage over the land of another It does not necessarily mean a legal and enforceable incorporeal [or intangible] right such as an easement." ¹⁹

In 2014, the Florida Second District Court of Appeal (DCA) ruled in *Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc. v. City of Cape Coral* that the requirement for utilities to pay for relocation within a right-of-way is well established in the common law.²⁰ That court found that, absent another arrangement by agreement between a governmental entity and the utility, or a statute

¹¹ Chapter 57-1978, s. 1, Laws of Fla., now codified at s. 337.403, F.S.

¹² Chapter 1994-247, s. 28, Laws of Fla., now codified at s. 337.403(1), F.S.

¹³ Section 337.403(1), F.S.

¹⁴ Michael L. Stokes, Moving the Lines: The Common Law of Utility Relocation, 45 Val. U.L. Rev. 457 (Winter, 2011).

¹⁵ See s. 177.031(7)(a), F.S. An easement is defined as any strip of land creased by a subdivider for public or private utilities, drainage, sanitation, or other specified uses having limitations, the title to which shall remain in the name of the property owner, subject to the right of use designated in the reservation of the servitude.

¹⁶ See s. 177.031(16), F.S. A right-of-way is defined as land dedicated, deeded, used, or to be used for a street, alley, walkway, boulevard, drainage facility, access for ingress and egress, or other purpose by the public, certain designated individuals, or governing bodies.

¹⁷ Southeast Seminole Civic Ass'n v. Adkins, 604 So. 2d 523, 527 (Fla. 5th DCA 1992) ("[E]asements are mere rights to make certain limited use of lands and at common law, they did not have, and in the absence of contractual provisions, do not have, obligations corollary to the easement rights.").

¹⁸ Estate of Johnston v. TPE Hotels, Inc., 719 So. 2d 22, 26 (Fla. 5th DCA 1998) (citations omitted).

¹⁹ City of Miami Beach v. Carner, 579 So. 2d 248, 253 (Fla. 3d DCA 1991).

²⁰ Lee County Electric Coop., Inc. v. City of Cape Coral, 159 So. 3d 126, 130 (Fla. 2d DCA 2014), review denied, 151 So. 3d 1226 (Fla. 2014), quoting Norfolk Redevelopment & Hous. Auth. v. Chesapeake & Potomac Tel. Co. of Va., 464 U.S. 30, 35 (1983).

dictating otherwise, the common law principle governs.²¹ This case involved a platted public utility easement on each side of the boundary for each home site in a subdivision, in which the electric utility had installed lines and other equipment.

The easement was "along" the public right-of-way and was dedicated *to the public*, not to any utility owner, for the purpose of furnishing utilities. No reserved right to use the property was granted to the Lee County Electric Cooperative by virtue of the platted public easement. The municipality and the utility had a franchise agreement granting the utility the right to operate its electric utility in the public easement. Although many agreements do, the subject franchise agreement did not address who would be responsible for the cost of moving the utility's equipment if the municipality required the utility to do so. The Second DCA held that the utility would bear the burden of the cost of moving a utility line located within a public utility easement to another public utility easement as part of the municipality's expansion of an existing road.²²

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Generally, the bill shifts utility relocation costs from the utility owner and its users to taxpayers when a utility line must be relocated from a public easement. The bill reduces the responsibility of a utility provider to pay for relocating a utility located upon, under, over, *or along* the road or rail corridor, limiting such responsibility to those utilities located upon, under, over, or *within the right-of-way limits* of the road or rail corridor. Relocation costs of utilities located in public easements located along a road or corridor will become the responsibility of the government.

Section 1 amends s. 125.42, F.S., relating to licenses for water, sewage, gas, power, telephone, other public utilities, and television lines. The bill reduces a county's authority to grant licenses for lines to only locations under, on, over, across, or within the right-of-way limits of a county highway or public road, as opposed to "under, on, over, across and along" such highways or roads. Specifically, the bill provides that the authority of a county to grant a license to construct, maintain, repair, operate, or remove, within the unincorporated areas of the county, lines for the transmission of water, sewage, gas, power, telephone, other public utilities, television lines, and other communications services²³ is limited to those lines located within the right-of-way limits of any county roads or highways. Accordingly, this change narrows a county's ability to grant licenses to construct such lines within a public easement, running along a road or highway but not within the actual right-of-way.

The bill also makes a conforming change, substituting a reference to ss. 337.403(1)(d) through (i), F.S., with ss. 337.403(1)(d) through (j), F.S., to correspond with the new exception set forth in Section 3 of the bill.

²¹ Id.

²² *Id.* at 133. In reaching this conclusion, the Second DCA distinguished *Panhandle E. Pipe Line Co.*, noting that case concerned "a private easement the utility purchased from a property owner, rather than pursuant to a franchise agreement that allows the utility to use public property." *Id.* at 129. The Second DCA in its opinion also distinguished an earlier Second DCA case, *Pinellas County v. General Tel. Co. of Fla.*, 229 So. 2d 9 (Fla. 2d DCA 1969). In *Pinellas County*, without citing or discussing relevant cases or statutes, the court determined that the utility, which had a franchise agreement with the city of St. Petersburg, had a property right in the agreement, and held that the county had to pay the utility's costs in moving its telephone lines located within a right-of-way of an alley dedicated to the city and which was within property the county was purchasing as part of a county building construction.

²³ The bill adds "other communications services" to the list of utilities in current law. See s. 207.11(1), F.S.

Section 2 amends s. 337.401, F.S., relating to FDOT and local government jurisdiction and control of public roads or rail corridors. The bill narrows the authority of the FDOT and local governmental entities to prescribe and enforce rules or regulations related to the placing and maintaining of a utility²⁴ to across, on, or *within the right-of-way limits*, as opposed to *along*, across, or on any public road or publicly owned rail corridor. By deleting the word "along" and changing the language to "right-of-way," the bill appears to eliminate the FDOT and local governments' authority to prescribe and enforce rules and regulations regarding the placement and maintenance of utilities within a public easement. The bill also changes the expression "other structures referred to as a utility" to mean those structures referred to in ss. 337.401-337.404, F.S., instead of just those found in s. 337.401, F.S.

Section 3 amends s. 337.403, F.S., relating to alleviating an interference that a utility causes to a public road or publicly owned rail corridor. The bill limits the responsibility of utility providers to pay for relocating their lines and facilities under certain circumstances. Specifically, the bill limits the responsibility of a utility provider to pay for relocating a utility that is located upon, under, over, or *within the right-of-way limits* of the road or rail corridor, rather than upon, under, over, *or along* the road or rail corridor.

Furthermore, if a utility is located within an existing and valid utility easement granted by recorded plat, regardless of whether such land was subsequently acquired by the governmental authority, by dedication, transfer of fee, or otherwise, the authority must bear the cost of the utility work required to eliminate an unreasonable interference. The bill also provides that if an authority is required to bear such a cost, the authority is required to pay the entire expense properly attributable to such work after deducting any increase in the value of a new facility and any salvage value derived from an old facility.

These changes overturn the results reached by the Second DCA in *Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc. v. City of Cape Coral,* which held that the cost of relocating utilities from a public easement in the absence of a permit or other agreement is the responsibility of the utility owner. ²⁵ Under the bill, if a utility is located in a public easement and no permit or agreement is in place to address relocation, the state or local government will be required to pay relocation costs because the utility is located *along* a public right-of-way.

The provisions extend beyond the issue before the court in the Lee County case. For example, current law defers to private property rights by requiring the state or local government to pay for relocation when a utility is located on a *private* easement, i.e., on property for which the utility has paid for the right to use or occupy. The bill's provisions seemingly extend private property rights to public property by requiring the governmental entity to pay for utility relocation even when the governmental entity possesses a *public* easement, i.e., property dedicated *to the public* in general, not to any specific utility owner, effectively bestowing a compensable property right to private users of a public easement, even when such users were granted the right to use the public property without compensation.

²⁴ Section 337.401(1)(a), F.S., provides that utilities include "electric transmission, telephone, telegraph, or other communication services lines; pole lines; poles; railways; ditches; sewers; water, heat or gas mains; pipelines; fences; gasoline tanks and pumps; or other structures referred to in this section as the 'utility'."

²⁵ Lee County Electric Coop., Inc., 159 So. 3d at 133.

Section 4 provides that the Legislature finds that the bill fulfills an important state interest by clarifying a utility's responsibility for relocation of its facilities.

Section 5 provides that the act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Subsection (a) of s. 18, Art. VII of the Florida Constitution provides in pertinent part that "no county or municipality shall be bound by any general law requiring such county or municipality to spend funds ... unless the legislature has determined that such law fulfills an important state interest and unless: ... the expenditure is required to comply with a law that applies to all persons similarly situated."

The bill applies to all persons similarly situated, including the state and local governments. The bill includes a legislative finding that the bill fulfills an important state interest.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The bill would have an indeterminate positive impact on the private sector, depending upon the number of eligible reimbursements for relocation made to utilities by the FDOT, local governments, or other entities.

C. Government Sector Impact:

State and local governments would bear costs associated with relocation of utilities previously borne by the utility and its customers. State and local governments would be required to bear the cost of utility work when a utility is located within an existing and valid utility easement granted by recorded plat, regardless of how such land was subsequently acquired by the local government, even where the state or local government subsequently acquired the property by outright purchase.

While the extent is unknown, potential negative fiscal impacts appear to exist, given that utility facilities are located along the public right-of-way throughout the state. The increased responsibility of state and local governments, and nonusers of utilities, to bear the cost of utility relocation previously borne by the utility owner and its users may delay or even prevent needed transportation improvements, particularly for local governments.

According to the FDOT the bill is expected to have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact on state expenditures relating to the cost of utility relocation on state roads. ²⁶ To the extent funds are expended for such relocations, projects currently planned in the Work Program may need to be adjusted.

The bill is also expected to have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact on local governments, based on the number of situations in which local governments will be responsible for the cost of certain utility relocations.²⁷

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The provisions extend beyond the issue before the court in the Lee County case. For example, current law defers to private property rights by requiring the state or local government to pay for relocation when a utility is located on a *private* easement, i.e., on property for which the utility has paid for the right to use or occupy. The bill's provisions seemingly extend private property rights to public property by requiring the governmental entity to pay for utility relocation even when the governmental entity possesses a *public* easement, i.e., property dedicated *to the public* in general, not to any specific utility owner, effectively bestowing a compensable property right to private users of a public easement, even when such users were granted the right to use the public property without compensation.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 125.42, 337.401, and 337.403.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Community Affairs on October 20, 2015:

Removes two provisions that prohibited a municipality or county from requiring a utility or a provider of communication services to provide proprietary maps of facilities that were previously subject to a permit from the authority. The bill also removes several provisions regarding the allocations of costs when relocation of a utility is required.

²⁶ Florida Dep't of Transportation, 2016 Legislative Bill Analysis SB 416, at 3 (October 28, 2015).

²⁷ *Id*.

Specifically, the bill removes a provision that required an authority to bear the cost of relocating a utility if the authority required the relocation of the utility for purposes other than an unreasonable interference with the use, maintenance, improvement, extension, or expansion of a publicly owned road or publicly owned rail corridor. The bill also removes a provision that required an entity other than the authority to bear the cost of relocating a utility if the relocation was required as a condition or result of a project by that entity. Furthermore, the bill removes several corresponding provisions relating to the impairment of the rights of a holder of a private railroad right-of-way; the obligations of a holder of a private railroad right-of-way; and contracts between an authority and a utility before October 1, 2015.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By the Committee on Community Affairs; and Senator Flores

578-00904-16 2016416c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the location of utilities; amending s. 125.42, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a board of county commissioners is authorized to grant to a person or private corporation a license for specified projects related to lines for the transmission of certain public utilities and communication services; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 337.401, F.S.; authorizing the Department 10 of Transportation and certain local governmental 11 entities to prescribe and enforce rules or regulations 12 regarding the placement and maintenance of specified 13 structures and lines within the right-of-way limits of 14 roads or publicly owned rail corridors under their 15 respective jurisdictions; conforming cross-references; 16 amending s. 337.403, F.S.; specifying that the owner 17 of a utility located within certain right-of-way 18 limits must initiate and bear the cost necessary to 19 alleviate any interference to the use of certain 20 public roads or rail corridors under certain 21 circumstances; conforming a cross-reference; requiring 22 the authority to bear the cost of the utility work 23 necessary to eliminate an unreasonable interference if 24 the utility is lawfully located within a certain 2.5 utility easement, subject to certain deductions; 26 providing findings of an important state interest; 27 providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2.8

Page 1 of 9

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2016 CS for SB 416

578-00904-16 2016416c1

Section 1. Section 125.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to

read:

125.42 Water, sewage, gas, power, telephone, other utility,
and television lines within the right-of-way limits of along
county roads and highways.—

(1) The board of county commissioners, with respect to
property located without the corporate limits of any
municipality, is authorized to grant a license to any person or
private corporation to construct, maintain, repair, operate, and
remove lines for the transmission of water, sewage, gas, power,

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provisions:

- remove lines for the transmission of water, sewage, gas, power, telephone, other public utilities, and television, or other communications services as defined in s. 202.11(1) under, on, over, across, or within the right-of-way limits of and along any county highway or any public road or highway acquired by the county or public by purchase, gift, devise, dedication, or prescription. However, the board of county commissioners shall include in any instrument granting such license adequate
 - (a) To prevent the creation of any obstructions or conditions which are or may become dangerous to the traveling public;
 - (b) To require the licensee to repair any damage or injury to the road or highway by reason of the exercise of the privileges granted in any instrument creating such license and to repair the road or highway promptly, restoring it to a condition at least equal to that which existed immediately prior to the infliction of such damage or injury;
 - (c) Whereby the licensee shall hold the board of county

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commissioners and members thereof harmless from the payment of any compensation or damages resulting from the exercise of the privileges granted in any instrument creating the license; and

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- (d) As may be reasonably necessary, for the protection of the county and the public.
- (2) A license may be granted in perpetuity or for a term of years, subject, however, to termination by the licensor, in the event the road or highway is closed, abandoned, vacated, discontinued, or reconstructed.
- (3) The board of county commissioners is authorized to grant exclusive or nonexclusive licenses for the purposes stated herein for television.
- (4) This law is intended to provide an additional method for the granting of licenses and shall not be construed to repeal any law now in effect relating to the same subject.
- (5) In the event of widening, repair, or reconstruction of any such road, the licensee shall move or remove such water, sewage, gas, power, telephone, and other utility lines and television lines at no cost to the county should they be found by the county to be unreasonably interfering, except as provided in s. 337.403(1)(d)-(j) s. 337.403(1)(d)-(i).

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 337.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to regulation; permit; fees.—

(1) (a) The department and local governmental entities, referred to in this section and in ss. 337.402, 337.403, and $\frac{337.404}{337.404}$ ss. $\frac{337.404}{337.404}$ as the "authority," that have jurisdiction and control of public roads or publicly owned rail

Page 3 of 9

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Florida Senate - 2016 CS for SB 416

2016416c1

corridors are authorized to prescribe and enforce reasonable rules or regulations with reference to the placing and maintaining along, across, or on, or within the right-of-way limits of any road or publicly owned rail corridors under their respective jurisdictions any electric transmission, telephone, telegraph, or other communications services lines; pole lines; 93 poles; railways; ditches; sewers; water, heat, or gas mains; pipelines; fences; gasoline tanks and pumps; or other structures referred to in this section and in ss. 337.402, 337.403, and 337.404 as the "utility." The department may enter into a permit-delegation agreement with a governmental entity if issuance of a permit is based on requirements that the 100 department finds will ensure the safety and integrity of 101 facilities of the Department of Transportation; however, the permit-delegation agreement does not apply to facilities of electric utilities as defined in s. 366.02(2). 103 104 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 337.403, Florida

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337.403 Interference caused by utility; expenses.-

Statutes, is amended to read:

(1) If a utility that is placed upon, under, over, or within the right-of-way limits of along any public road or publicly owned rail corridor is found by the authority to be unreasonably interfering in any way with the convenient, safe, or continuous use, or the maintenance, improvement, extension, or expansion, of such public road or publicly owned rail corridor, the utility owner shall, upon 30 days' written notice to the utility or its agent by the authority, initiate the work necessary to alleviate the interference at its own expense except as provided in paragraphs (a)-(j) (a)-(i). The work must

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be completed within such reasonable time as stated in the notice or such time as agreed to by the authority and the utility owner.

- (a) If the relocation of utility facilities, as referred to in s. 111 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, Pub. L. No. 84-627, is necessitated by the construction of a project on the federal-aid interstate system, including extensions thereof within urban areas, and the cost of the project is eligible and approved for reimbursement by the Federal Government to the extent of 90 percent or more under the Federal Aid Highway Act, or any amendment thereof, then in that event the utility owning or operating such facilities shall perform any necessary work upon notice from the department, and the state shall pay the entire expense properly attributable to such work after deducting therefrom any increase in the value of a new facility and any salvage value derived from an old facility.
- (b) When a joint agreement between the department and the utility is executed for utility work to be accomplished as part of a contract for construction of a transportation facility, the department may participate in those utility work costs that exceed the department's official estimate of the cost of the work by more than 10 percent. The amount of such participation is limited to the difference between the official estimate of all the work in the joint agreement plus 10 percent and the amount awarded for this work in the construction contract for such work. The department may not participate in any utility work costs that occur as a result of changes or additions during the course of the contract.
 - (c) When an agreement between the department and utility is

Page 5 of 9

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Florida Senate - 2016 CS for SB 416

578-00904-16 2016416c1

executed for utility work to be accomplished in advance of a contract for construction of a transportation facility, the department may participate in the cost of clearing and grubbing necessary to perform such work.

- (d) If the utility facility was initially installed to exclusively serve the authority or its tenants, or both, the authority shall bear the costs of the utility work. However, the authority is not responsible for the cost of utility work related to any subsequent additions to that facility for the purpose of serving others. For a county or municipality, if such utility facility was installed in the right-of-way as a means to serve a county or municipal facility on a parcel of property adjacent to the right-of-way and if the intended use of the county or municipal facility is for a use other than transportation purposes, the obligation of the county or municipality to bear the costs of the utility work shall extend only to utility work on the parcel of property on which the facility of the county or municipality originally served by the utility facility is located.
- (e) If, under an agreement between a utility and the authority entered into after July 1, 2009, the utility conveys, subordinates, or relinquishes a compensable property right to the authority for the purpose of accommodating the acquisition or use of the right-of-way by the authority, without the agreement expressly addressing future responsibility for the cost of necessary utility work, the authority shall bear the cost of removal or relocation. This paragraph does not impair or restrict, and may not be used to interpret, the terms of any such agreement entered into before July 1, 2009.

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(f) If the utility is an electric facility being relocated underground in order to enhance vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian safety and in which ownership of the electric facility to be placed underground has been transferred from a private to a public utility within the past 5 years, the department shall incur all costs of the necessary utility work.

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- (g) An authority may bear the costs of utility work required to eliminate an unreasonable interference when the utility is not able to establish that it has a compensable property right in the particular property where the utility is located if:
- 1. The utility was physically located on the particular property before the authority acquired rights in the property;
- 2. The utility demonstrates that it has a compensable property right in adjacent properties along the alignment of the utility or, after due diligence, certifies that the utility does not have evidence to prove or disprove that it has a compensable property right in the particular property where the utility is located; and
- 3. The information available to the authority does not establish the relative priorities of the authority's and the utility's interests in the particular property.
- (h) If a municipally owned utility or county-owned utility is located in a rural area of opportunity, as defined in s. 288.0656(2), and the department determines that the utility is unable, and will not be able within the next 10 years, to pay for the cost of utility work necessitated by a department project on the State Highway System, the department may pay, in whole or in part, the cost of such utility work performed by the

Page 7 of 9

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Florida Senate - 2016 CS for SB 416

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204 department or its contractor.

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- (i) If the relocation of utility facilities is necessitated by the construction of a commuter rail service project or an intercity passenger rail service project and the cost of the project is eligible and approved for reimbursement by the Federal Government, then in that event the utility owning or operating such facilities located by permit on a departmentowned rail corridor shall perform any necessary utility relocation work upon notice from the department, and the department shall pay the expense properly attributable to such utility relocation work in the same proportion as federal funds are expended on the commuter rail service project or an intercity passenger rail service project after deducting therefrom any increase in the value of a new facility and any salvage value derived from an old facility. In no event shall the state be required to use state dollars for such utility relocation work. This paragraph does not apply to any phase of the Central Florida Commuter Rail project, known as SunRail.
- (j) If a utility is lawfully located within an existing and valid utility easement granted by recorded plat, regardless of whether such land was subsequently acquired by the authority by dedication, transfer of fee, or otherwise, the authority must bear the cost of the utility work required to eliminate an unreasonable interference. The authority shall pay the entire expense properly attributable to such work after deducting any increase in the value of a new facility and any salvage value derived from an old facility.

231 Section 4. The Legislature finds that a proper and
232 legitimate state purpose is served by clarifying a utility's

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	578-00904-16 2016416c1
233	responsibility for relocating its facilities within a utility
234	easement granted by recorded plat. Therefore, the Legislature
235	determines and declares that this act fulfills an important
236	state interest.
237	Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting	the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Relocation of Utilities	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name_CASey Keed	
Job Title State Director Leg. A GAIRS	
Address 150 & College que St 400 Phone	850-591-6002
Street 3230/ Email_	CR8243 CAH, Con
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking:	In Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing #	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with	Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons we meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as	ishing to speak to be heard at this spossible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

	00/50/11/
Topic UTILITY RELOCATION	Bill Number $\frac{CS/SB4/6}{(if applicable)}$
Name TRACY HATCH	Amendment Barcode
Job Title GENERAL ATTORNEY	(if applicable)
Address 150 S. MONROE ST SUITE 400	Phone 404-927-5291
Street TALLAHASSEE FL 3230 City State Zip	E-mail th 9467@att.com
Speaking: Against Information	
Representing ATTT	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address 516 State Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: | In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing HSSOCIAted Industries of Florida Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

November 19, 2015 (Del	iver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting) CS/SB 416	;
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if appli	cable)
Topic Location of Utilitie	s		Amendment Barcode (if appl	licable)
Name Frank C. Walker, I	II			ŕ
Job Title Vice President	of Governmental Affairs			
Address 136 S. Bronoug	h Street		Phone850.521.1200	
Street Tallahass ee	Florida	32301	Email fwalker@flchamber.com	
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: For A	gainstInformation		peaking:	
Representing Florida	Chamber of Commerce		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Appearing at request of C	Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: 🗹 Yes 🗌	No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Telecom	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Doug Mannheim	
Job Title attny	
Address 216 S. Monroe St.	Swtx 400 Phone
Street	31302 Email
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Sprint	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimon meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their	y, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 416 11/19/15 Bill Number (if applicable) Meeting Date Topic Location of Utilities Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Jim Smith Job Title Director of Government Relations Phone (850)599-1779 Address 315 S. Calhoun St. Street Email james.smith@centurylink.com Tallahassee FL 32301 City State Zip In Support Information Waive Speaking: Speaking: Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) CenturyLink Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

11/19/15

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

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	(20.10.20 11.00p.0		or denate radiessionar	stan conducting the meeting)	
Meeting Date					Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	lities fo	locator-		Amend	dment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	yles Duc	ley		_	
Job Title	General	Counsel		_	į
Address\O	8 S. Mo	une H.		Phone 681	0024
	ell.	fc	32301	Email Cand	lego Flathalthrees
City		State	Zip		
Speaking: For	Against	Information		peaking: In Su air will read this inform	• • • • • •
Representing	FL Cabl	e Teleton		A survey sur	,
Appearing at reques	st of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislat	ure: Ves No
While it is a Senate trad meeting. Those who do	ition to encourage p speak may be aske	oublic testimony, time ed to limit their remar	e may not permit al ks so that as many	l persons wishing to s persons as possible	peak to be heard at this can be heard.
This form is part of the	public record for	this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Solution Staff conducting the meeting Solution Staff conducting the meeting Solution Staff conducting the meeting
Topic SB416 Relocation of Name Brett Bacot	
Job Title Lobbyist	
Address 101 N. Monroe St.	Phone 850 - 681 - 0411
Tallahassee FL	32301 Email brett bacet@bipc.com
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing City of Ft. M	4005
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 58 46 58 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 6
Topic <u>UNLIM RELOCATION</u> Name JIM BURCH	Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title CITY COUNCIL MEMBER C	APE CORAL
Address POBOX 150027	Phone <u>239 · 574 · 6437</u>
CAPE CORAL FC 3 City State	Email Jburche capecaral. Ne
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing CAPE CURAL	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this as so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senato	or or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Second Conducting Second Se
Topic LOCATION OF UTILITIES	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name MEGAN SIGNE-SAMPLES	
Job Title VEGISVATIVE ADVOCATE	100 00 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Address D.O. BOX 1757	Phone 850.701.3455
TAMAHASSE FL	32301 Email MSIEJANESAMPLES COM
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against
·	(The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FUNDA VEAGUE OF C	ITTES
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: X Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, tim meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their rema	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this rks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

11-19-2015	a of this faith to the condition		4/16
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name BriAN Pitts			
Job Title <u>Trustee</u>			
Address 1119 Newton Ave .	5		Phone <u>7깇7/897~%깇9/</u>
Street	FL	33705	Email
City	State	Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information	Waive S (The Cha	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Justic	e-2-Jesus		
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes Wo	Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be ask	public testimony, tim ked to limit their rema	ne may not permit al orks so that as many	I persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Florida Senate - 2016 Bill No. PCS (186950) for SB 7010 COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

382240

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	-	House
Comm: RCS	-	
11/19/2015	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Fiscal Policy (Hukill) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

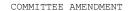
Section 1. Section 17.68, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

17.68 Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities.-

(1) The Legislature finds that the state has a compelling interest in promoting the economic independence and successful

Page 1 of 26

11/17/2015 9:25:35 AM 594-01149-16 Florida Senate - 2016 Bill No. PCS (186950) for SB 7010





1	amalaumant of individuals with dayalanmantal dischilitias as
	employment of individuals with developmental disabilities as
2	defined in s. 393.063. In comparison with the general
3	population, individuals with developmental disabilities
4	experience lower rates of educational achievement, employment,
5	and annual earnings and are more likely to live in poverty.
5	Additionally, such individuals must navigate a complex network
'	of federal and state programs in order to be eligible for
	financial and health benefits. Thus, it is essential that these
)	individuals have sufficient financial management knowledge and
	skills to effectively participate in benefit eligibility
	determination processes and make informed decisions regarding
	financial services and products provided by financial
	institutions. Enhancing the financial literacy of such
	individuals will provide a pathway for economic independence an
	successful employment.
;	(2) The Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with
	Developmental Disabilities is established within the Department
:	of Financial Services. The department, in consultation with
	public and private stakeholders, shall develop and implement th
	program, which must be designed to promote the economic
	independence and successful employment of individuals with
	developmental disabilities. Banks, credit unions, savings
	associations, and savings banks will be key participants in the
	development and promotion of the program, which must provide
	information, resources, outreach, and education in the followin
5	areas:
	(a) For individuals with developmental disabilities:
	1. Financial education, including instruction on money
	management skills and the effective use of financial services

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and	products,	to	promote	income	preservation	and	asset
deve	elopment.						

- 2. Identification of available financial and health benefit programs and services.
- 3. Job training programs and employment opportunities, including work incentives and state and local workforce development programs.
- 4. The impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for federal and state financial and health benefit programs, and options to manage such impact.
- (b) For employers in this state, strategies to make program information and educational materials available to their employees with developmental disabilities.
 - (3) The department shall:
- (a) Establish on its website a clearinghouse for information regarding the program and other resources available for individuals with developmental disabilities and their employers.
- (b) Publish a brochure describing the program, which is also accessible on its website.
- (4) Within 90 days after the department establishes the website clearinghouse and publishes the brochure, each bank, savings association, and savings bank that is a qualified public depository as defined in s. 280.02 shall:
- (a) Make copies of the department's brochures available, upon the request of the consumer, at its principal place of business and each branch office located in this state which has in-person teller services by having copies of the brochure available or having the capability to print a copy of the

Page 3 of 26

11/17/2015 9:25:35 AM 594-01149-16



Florida Senate - 2016

Bill No. PCS (186950) for SB 7010

382240

69	brochure from the department's website. Upon request, the
70	department shall provide copies of the brochure to a bank,
71	savings association, or savings bank.
72	(b) Provide on its website a hyperlink to the department's
73	website clearinghouse. If the department changes the website
74	address for the clearinghouse, the bank, savings association, or
75	savings bank must update the hyperlink within 90 days after
76	notification by the department of such change.
77	(5) A participating qualified public depository is not
78	subject to civil liability arising from the distribution or
79	nondistribution of the brochure or program website information.
30	The contents of the brochure or the program website information
31	may not be attributed to a participating qualified public
32	depository by virtue of its distribution, and do not constitute
3	financial or investment advice by, nor create a fiduciary duty
84	on, the participating qualified public depository to the
35	recipient.
36	Section 2. Effective January 1, 2017, paragraph (b) of
87	subsection (10) of section 20.60, Florida Statutes, is amended
88	to read:
39	20.60 Department of Economic Opportunity; creation; powers
90	and duties
91	(10) The department, with assistance from Enterprise
92	Florida, Inc., shall, by November 1 of each year, submit an
93	annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
94	the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the condition of
95	the business climate and economic development in the state.
96	(b) The report must incorporate annual reports of other

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programs, including:

1. The displaced homemaker program established under s.
446.50.
2. Information provided by the Department of Revenue under
s. 290.014.
3. Information provided by enterprise zone development
agencies under s. 290.0056 and an analysis of the activities and
accomplishments of each enterprise zone.
4. The Economic Gardening Business Loan Pilot Program
established under s. 288.1081 and the Economic Gardening
Technical Assistance Pilot Program established under s.
288.1082.
5. A detailed report of the performance of the Black
Business Loan Program and a cumulative summary of quarterly
report data required under s. 288.714.
6. The Rural Economic Development Initiative established
under s. 288.0656.
7. The Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program.
Section 3. Section 110.107, Florida Statutes, is reordered
and amended to read:
110.107 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
(5) (1) "Department" means the Department of Management
Services.
(28) (2) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Management
Services.
(11) (3) "Furlough" means a temporary reduction in the
regular hours of employment in a pay period, or temporary leave
without pay for one or more pay periods, with a commensurate

in any fund that supports salary and benefit appropriations. The Page 5 of 26

reduction in pay, $\underline{\text{which is}}$ necessitated by a projected deficit

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127	deficit must be projected by the Revenue Estimating Conference
128	pursuant to s. 216.136(3).
129	(30) (4) "State agency" or "agency" means any official,
130	officer, commission, board, authority, council, committee, or
131	department of the executive branch or the judicial branch of
132	state government as defined in chapter 216.
133	(21) "Position" means the work, consisting of duties and
134	responsibilities, assigned to be performed by an officer or
135	employee.
136	(10) (6) "Full-time position" means a position authorized
137	for the entire normally established work period, whether daily,
138	weekly, monthly, or annually.
139	(18) (7) "Part-time position" means a position authorized
140	for less than the entire normally established work period,
141	whether daily, weekly, monthly, or annually.
142	(16) (8) "Occupation" means all positions that which are
143	sufficiently similar in knowledge, skills, and abilities, and
144	the sufficiently similar as to kind or subject matter of work.
145	(17) (9) "Occupational group" means a group of occupations
146	<u>that</u> which are sufficiently similar in <u>the</u> kind of work
147	performed to warrant the use of the same performance factors in
148	determining the level of complexity for all occupations in that
149	occupational group.
150	(3) (10) "Classification plan" means a formal description of
151	the concepts, rules, job family definitions, occupational group
152	characteristics, and occupational profiles used in the
153	classification of positions.
154	(20)-(11) "Pay plan" means a formal description of the

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philosophy, methods, procedures, and salary schedules for

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competitively compensating employees at market-based rates for work performed.

(27) (12) "Salary schedule" means an official document that which contains a complete list of occupation titles, broadband level codes, and pay bands.

(1) (13) "Authorized position" means a position included in an approved budget. In counting the number of authorized positions, part-time positions may be converted to full-time equivalents.

(8) (14) "Established position" means an authorized position that which has been classified in accordance with a classification and pay plan as provided by law.

(22) (15) "Position number" means the identification number assigned to an established position.

(26) (16) "Reclassification" means the changing of an established position in one broadband level in an occupational group to a higher or lower broadband level in the same occupational group or to a broadband level in a different occupational group.

(24) (17) "Promotion" means the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having a higher maximum salary; or the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having the same or a lower maximum salary but a higher level of responsibility.

(4) (18) "Demotion" means the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having a lower maximum salary; or the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having the same or a higher maximum salary but a lower level of responsibility.

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(32) (19) "Transfer" means moving an employee from one geographic location of the state to a different geographic location more than in excess of 50 miles from the employee's current work location.

(25) (20) "Reassignment" means moving an employee from a position in one broadband level to a different position in the same broadband level or to a different broadband level having the same maximum salary.

(6) (21) "Dismissal" means a disciplinary action taken by an agency pursuant to s. 110.227 against an employee which results resulting in the termination of his or her employment.

(31) "Suspension" means a disciplinary action taken by an agency pursuant to s. 110.227 against an employee which to temporarily relieves relieve the employee of his or her duties and places place him or her on leave without pay.

(15) (23) "Layoff" means termination of employment due to a shortage of funds or work, or a material change in the duties or organization of an agency, including the outsourcing or privatization of an activity or function previously performed by career service employees.

(7) (24) "Employing agency" means any agency authorized to employ personnel to carry out the responsibilities of the agency under the provisions of chapter 20 or other law statutory authority.

(29) (25) "Shared employment" means part-time career employment in which whereby the duties and responsibilities of a full-time position in the career service are divided among parttime employees who are eligible for the position and who receive career service benefits and wages pro rata. The term does not In

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no case shall "shared employment" include the employment of persons paid from other-personal-services funds.

(9) (26) "Firefighter" means a firefighter certified under chapter 633.

(14) (27) "Law enforcement or correctional officer" means a law enforcement officer, special agent, correctional officer, correctional probation officer, or institutional security specialist required to be certified under chapter 943.

(23) (28) "Professional health care provider" means registered nurses, physician's assistants, dentists, psychologists, nutritionists or dietitians, pharmacists, psychological specialists, physical therapists, and speech and hearing therapists.

(13) (29) "Job family" means a defined grouping of one or more occupational groups.

(19) "Pay band" means the minimum salary, the maximum salary, and intermediate rates that which are payable for work in a specific broadband level.

(2) (31) "Broadband level" means all positions that which are sufficiently similar in knowledge, skills, and abilities; the, and sufficiently similar as to kind or subject matter of work; the, level of difficulty or the level of responsibility; responsibilities, and the qualification requirements of the work so as to warrant the same treatment with respect as to title, pay band, and other personnel transactions.

(12) "Individual who has a disability" means a person who has a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; a person who has a history or record of such an impairment; or a person who is

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perceived by others as having such an impairment.
Section 4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 110.112,
Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (3) through
(6) of that section are redesignated as subsections (4) through
(7), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that
section, to read:
110.112 Affirmative action; equal employment opportunity
(1) It \underline{is} shall be the policy of \underline{this} the state to assist
in providing the assurance of equal employment opportunity
through programs of affirmative and positive action that will
allow full utilization of women, and minorities, and individuals
who have a disability.
(2)(a) The head of each executive agency shall develop and

- implement an affirmative action plan in accordance with rules adopted by the department and approved by a majority vote of the Administration Commission before their adoption.
- (b) Each executive agency shall establish annual goals for ensuring full utilization of groups underrepresented in the agency's its workforce, including women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability, as compared to the relevant labor market, as defined by the agency. Each executive agency shall design its affirmative action plan to meet its established goals.
- (c) Each executive agency shall annually report to the department regarding the agency's progress toward increasing employment among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability.
- (d) (c) An affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer shall be appointed by the head of each executive agency.

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The affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer's responsibilities must include determining annual goals, monitoring agency compliance, and providing consultation to managers regarding progress, deficiencies, and appropriate corrective action.

(e) (d) The department shall report information in its annual workforce report relating to the implementation, continuance, updating, and results of each executive agency's affirmative action plan for the previous fiscal year. The annual workforce report must also include data for each executive agency relating to employment levels among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability.

(f) (e) The department shall provide to all supervisory personnel of the executive agencies training in the principles of equal employment opportunity and affirmative action, the development and implementation of affirmative action plans, and the establishment of annual affirmative action goals. The department may contract for training services, and each participating agency shall reimburse the department for costs incurred through such contract. After the department approves the contents of the training program for the agencies, the department may delegate this training to the executive agencies.

(3) (a) The department, in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and the Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education, the Department of Economic Opportunity, and the Executive Office of the Governor, shall develop and implement programs that incorporate internships, mentoring, onthe-job training, unpaid work experience, situational

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301	assessments, and other innovative strategies that are
302	specifically geared toward individuals who have a disability.
303	(b) By January 1, 2017, the department shall develop
304	mandatory training programs for human resources personnel and
305	hiring managers of executive agencies which support the
306	employment of individuals who have a disability.
307	(c)1. By January 1, 2017, each executive agency shall
308	develop an agency-specific plan that addresses how to promote
309	employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability.
310	2. The department shall assist executive agencies in the
311	implementation of agency-specific plans. The department shall
312	regularly report to the Governor, the President of the Senate,
313	and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the progress of
314	executive agencies in implementing these plans. Such reports
315	shall be made at least biannually.
316	(d) The department shall compile data regarding the hiring
317	practices of executive agencies with regard to individuals who
318	have a disability and make such data available on its website.
319	(e) The department shall assist executive agencies in
320	identifying and implementing strategies for retaining employees
321	who have a disability which include, but are not limited to,
322	training programs, funding reasonable accommodations, increasing
323	access to appropriate technologies, and ensuring accessibility
324	of physical and virtual workplaces.
325	(f) The department shall adopt rules relating to forms that
326	provide for the voluntary self-identification of individuals who
327	have a disability who are employed by an executive agency.
328	(g) This subsection does not create any substantive or
329	procedural right or benefit enforceable at law or in equity

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330	against the state or a state agency, or an officer, employee, or
331	agent thereof.
332	Section 5. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
333	section 280.16, Florida Statutes, to read:
334	280.16 Requirements of qualified public depositories;
335	confidentiality
336	(1) In addition to any other requirements specified in this
337	chapter, qualified public depositories shall:
338	(e) Participate in the Financial Literacy Program for
339	Individuals with Developmental Disabilities as required under s.
340	<u>17.68.</u>
341	Section 6. Subsection (9) of section 393.063, Florida
342	Statutes, is amended to read:
343	393.063 Definitions.—For the purposes of this chapter, the
344	term:
345	(9) "Developmental disability" means a disorder or syndrome
346	that is attributable to intellectual disability, cerebral palsy,
347	autism, <u>Down syndrome</u> , spina bifida, or Prader-Willi syndrome;
348	that manifests before the age of 18; and that constitutes a
349	substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue
350	indefinitely.
351	Section 7. Employment First Act
352	(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the
353	"Employment First Act."
354	(2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENTThe Legislature finds
355	that employment is the most direct and cost-effective means to
356	assist an individual in achieving independence and fulfillment;
357	however, individuals with disabilities are confronted by unique
358	barriers to employment which inhibit their opportunities to

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359	compete fairly in the labor force. It is the intent of the
360	Legislature to provide a framework for a long-term commitment to
361	improving employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities
362	in this state through the implementation of this act.
363	(3) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this act is to prioritize
364	employment of individuals with disabilities and to change the
365	employment system to better integrate individuals with
366	disabilities into the workforce. This act encourages a
367	collaborative effort between state agencies and organizations to
368	achieve better employment outcomes for individuals with
369	<u>disabilities.</u>
370	(4) INTERAGENCY COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—The following state
371	agencies and organizations, and others, as appropriate, shall
372	develop an interagency cooperative agreement to implement this
373	act:
374	(a) The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the
375	Department of Education.
376	(b) The Division of Blind Services of the Department of
377	Education.
378	(c) The Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student
379	Services of the Department of Education.
380	(d) The Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
381	(e) The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Program of the
382	Department of Children and Families.
383	(f) The Department of Economic Opportunity.
384	(g) CareerSource Florida, Inc.
385	(h) The Florida Developmental Disabilities Council.
386	(i) The Florida Association of Rehabilitation Facilities.
387	(j) Other appropriate organizations.

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(5) ROLES, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND OBJECTIVES.—The
interagency cooperative agreement must identify the roles and
responsibilities of the state agencies and organizations
identified in subsection (4) and the objectives of the
interagency cooperative agreement, which must include all of the
<pre>following:</pre>
(a) Establishing a commitment by leadership of the state
agencies and organizations to maximize resources and
coordination to improve employment outcomes for individuals with
disabilities who seek publicly funded services.
(b) Developing strategic goals and benchmarks to assist the
state agencies and organizations in the implementation of this
agreement.
(c) Identifying financing and contracting methods that will
help to prioritize employment for individuals with disabilities
by state agencies and organizations.
(d) Establishing training methods to better integrate
individuals with disabilities into the workforce.
(e) Ensuring collaborative efforts between multiple
agencies to achieve the purposes of this act.
(f) Promoting service innovations to better assist
individuals with disabilities in the workplace.
(g) Identifying accountability measures to ensure the
sustainability of this agreement.
Section 8. Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program.—
(1) CREATION AND PURPOSE.—The Department of Economic
Opportunity shall establish the Florida Unique Abilities Partner
Program to designate a business entity as a Florida Unique
Abilities Partner if the business entity demonstrates

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417	commitment, through employment or support, to the independence
418	of individuals who have a disability. The department shall
419	consult with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the
420	Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of
421	Education, the Division of Blind Services of the Department of
422	Education, and CareerSource Florida, Inc., in creating the
423	program.
424	(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
425	(a) "Department" means the Department of Economic
426	Opportunity.
427	(b) "Individuals who have a disability" means persons who
428	have a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially
429	limits one or more major life activities, persons who have a
430	history or record of such an impairment, or persons who are
431	perceived by others as having such an impairment.
432	(3) DESIGNATION
433	(a) A business entity may apply to the department to be
434	designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner, based on the
435	business entity's achievements in at least one of the following
436	<pre>categories:</pre>
437	1. Employment of individuals who have a disability.
438	2. Contributions to local or national disability
439	organizations.
440	3. Contributions to, or the establishment of, a program
441	that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a
442	disability.
443	(b) As an alternative to application by a business entity,
444	the department must consider nominations from members of the
445	community where the business entity is located. The nomination

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of t	he	categoi	ries	provided	in	paragr	aph	(a).				

- (c) The name, location, and contact information of the business entity must be included in the business entity's application or nomination.
- (d) The department shall adopt procedures for the application, nomination, and designation processes for the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program. Designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner does not establish or involve licensure, does not affect the substantial interests of a party, and does not constitute a final agency action. The Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program and designation are not subject to chapter 120, Florida Statutes.
- (4) ELIGIBILITY AND AWARD.—In determining the eligibility for the designation of a business entity as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner, the department shall consider, at a minimum, the following criteria:
- (a) For a designation based on an application by a business entity, the business entity must certify that:
- 1. It employs at least one individual who has a disability. Such employees must be residents of this state and must have been employed by the business entity for at least 9 months before the business entity's application for the designation. The department may not require the employer to provide personally identifiable information about its employees;
- 2. It has made contributions to local and national disability organizations or contributions in support of individuals who have a disability. Contributions may be accomplished through financial or in-kind contributions,

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475	including employee volunteer hours. Contributions must be
476	documented by providing copies of written receipts or letters of
477	acknowledgment from recipients or donees. A business entity with
478	100 or fewer employees must make a financial or in-kind
479	contribution of at least \$1,000, and a business entity with more
480	than 100 employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution
481	of at least \$5,000; or
482	3. It has established, or has contributed to the
483	establishment of, a program that contributes to the independence
484	of individuals who have a disability. Contributions must be
485	documented by providing copies of written receipts, a summary of
486	the program, program materials, or letters of acknowledgment
487	from program participants or volunteers. A business entity with
488	100 or fewer employees must make a financial or in-kind
489	contribution of at least \$1,000 in the program, and a business
490	entity with more than 100 employees must make a financial or in-
491	kind contribution of at least \$5,000.
492	
493	A business entity that applies to the department to be
494	designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner shall be
495	awarded the designation upon meeting the requirements of this
496	section.
497	(b) For a designation based upon receipt of a nomination of
498	a business entity:
499	1. The department shall determine whether the nominee,
500	based on the information provided by the nominating person or
501	entity, meets the requirements of paragraph (a). The department
502	may request additional information from the nominee.
503	2. If the nominee meets the requirements, the department

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shall provide notice, including the qualification criteria provided in the nomination, to the nominee regarding the nominee's eligibility to be awarded a designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner.

- 3. The nominee shall be provided 30 days after receipt of the notice to certify that the information in the notice is true and accurate and accept the nomination, to provide corrected information for consideration by the department and indicate an intention to accept the nomination, or to decline the nomination. If the nominee accepts the nomination, the department shall award the designation. The department may not award the designation if the nominee declines the nomination or has not accepted the nomination within 30 days of receiving notice.
- (5) ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.-After an initial designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner, a business entity must certify each year that it continues to meet the criteria for the designation. If the business entity does not submit the yearly certification of continued eligibility, the department shall remove the designation. The business entity may elect to discontinue its designation status at any time by notifying the department of such decision.

(6) LOGO DEVELOPMENT.-

- (a) The department, in consultation with members of the disability community, shall develop a logo that identifies a business entity that is designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner.
- (b) The department shall adopt quidelines and requirements for the use of the logo, including how the logo may be used in

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533	advertising. The department may allow a business entity to
534	display a Florida Unique Abilities Partner logo upon
535	designation. A business entity that has not been designated as a
536	Florida Unique Abilities Partner or has elected to discontinue
537	its designated status may not display the logo.
538	(7) WEBSITE.—The department shall maintain a website for
539	the program. At a minimum, the website must provide a list of
540	business entities, by county, which currently have the Florida
541	Unique Abilities Partner designation, updated quarterly;
542	information regarding the eligibility requirements for the
543	designation and the method of application or nomination; and
544	best practices for business entities to facilitate the inclusion
545	of individuals who have a disability, updated annually. The
546	website may provide links to the websites of organizations or
547	other resources that will aid business entities to employ or
548	support individuals who have a disability.
549	(8) INTERAGENCY COLLABORATION
550	(a) The Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall provide
551	a link on its website to the department's website for the
552	Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program.
553	(b) On a quarterly basis, the department shall provide the
554	Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation with a current
555	list of all businesses that are designated as Florida Unique
556	Abilities Partners. The Florida Tourism Industry Marketing
557	Corporation must consider the Florida Unique Abilities Partner
558	Program in the development of marketing campaigns, and
559	specifically in any targeted marketing campaign for individuals
560	who have a disability or their families.
561	(c) The department and CareerSource Florida, Inc., shall

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identify employment opportunities posted by business entities that currently have the Florida Unique Abilities Partner designation on the workforce information system under s. 445.011, Florida Statutes.

(9) REPORT.-

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- (a) By January 1, 2017, the department shall provide a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the status of the implementation of this section, including the adoption of rules, development of the logo, and development of application procedures.
- (b) Beginning in 2017 and each year thereafter, the department's annual report required under s. 20.60, Florida Statutes, must describe in detail the progress and use of the program. At a minimum, the report must include, for the most recent year: the number of applications and nominations received; the number of nominations accepted and declined; the number of designations awarded; annual certifications; the use of information provided under subsection (8); and any other information deemed necessary to evaluate the program.
- (10) RULES.—The department shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 9. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sum of \$69,570 in recurring funds from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund is appropriated to the Consumer Assistance Program within the Department of Financial Services for the purpose of implementing the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities created by this act.

Section 10. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the following sums are appropriated for the purpose of implementing the

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591	amendments made by this act to s. 110.112, Florida Statutes,
592	relating to the employment of individuals who have a disability:
593	(1) The sums of \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in
594	nonrecurring funds are appropriated from the State Personnel
595	System Trust Fund to the Department of Management Services, and
596	two full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate
597	of 92,762 are authorized.
598	(2) The recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue
599	Fund and \$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of
600	\$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust
601	funds are appropriated to Administered Funds for distribution
602	among agencies for the increase in the human resource
603	assessment.
604	Section 11. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sums of
605	\$100,000 in recurring funds and \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds
606	from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund
607	are appropriated to the Department of Economic Opportunity, for
608	the purpose of funding the development, implementation, and
609	administration of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program
610	created by this act.
611	Section 12. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
612	act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2016.
613	
614	======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =======
615	And the title is amended as follows:
616	Delete everything before the enacting clause
617	and insert:
618	A bill to be entitled
619	An act relating to individuals with disabilities;

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creating s. 17.68, F.S.; providing legislative findings; establishing the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Financial Services; requiring the department to develop and implement the program in consultation with specified stakeholders; providing for the participation of banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks; requiring the program to provide information, resources, outreach, and education on specified issues to individuals with developmental disabilities and employers in this state; requiring the department to establish on its website a clearinghouse for information regarding the program and to publish a brochure describing the program; requiring, by a specified date, qualified public depositories to make copies of the department's brochure available and provide a hyperlink on their websites to the department's website for the program; providing that qualified public depositories are not subject to civil liability arising from the distribution and contents of the brochure and the program website information; amending s. 20.60, F.S.; revising requirements for the Department of Economic Opportunity's annual report to conform to changes made by the act; reordering and amending s. 110.107, F.S.; revising definitions and defining the term "individual who has a disability"; amending s. 110.112, F.S.; revising the state's equal employment opportunity policy to include individuals who have a disability;

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649	requiring each executive agency to annually report to
650	the Department of Management Services regarding the
651	agency's progress in increasing employment among
652	certain underrepresented groups; revising the required
653	content of the department's annual workforce report;
654	requiring the department to develop and implement
655	certain programs geared toward individuals who have a
656	disability; requiring the department to develop
657	training programs by a specified date; requiring each
658	executive agency to develop a plan regarding the
659	employment of individuals who have a disability by a
660	specified date; requiring the department to report to
661	the Governor and the Legislature regarding
662	implementation; requiring the department to compile
663	and post data regarding the hiring practices of
664	executive agencies regarding the employment of
665	individuals who have a disability; requiring the
666	department to assist executive agencies in identifying
667	strategies to retain employees who have a disability;
668	requiring the department to adopt certain rules;
669	specifying that the act does not create any
670	enforceable right or benefit; amending s. 280.16,
671	F.S.; requiring a qualified public depository to
672	participate in the Financial Literacy Program for
673	Individuals with Developmental Disabilities; amending
674	s. 393.063, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
675	"developmental disability" to include Down syndrome;
676	creating the "Employment First Act"; providing
677	legislative findings and intent; providing a purpose;

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requiring specified state agencies and organizations to develop and implement an interagency cooperative agreement; requiring the interagency cooperative agreement to provide the roles, responsibilities, and objectives of state agencies and organizations; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity, in consultation with other entities, to create the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program; defining terms; authorizing a business entity to apply to the department for designation; requiring the department to consider nominations of business entities for designation; requiring the department to adopt procedures for application, nomination, and designation processes; establishing criteria for a business entity to be designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner; requiring a business entity to certify that it continues to meet the established criteria for designation each year; requiring the department to remove the designation if a business entity does not submit yearly certification of continued eligibility; authorizing a business entity to discontinue its designated status; requiring the department, in consultation with the disability community, to develop a logo for business entities designated as Florida Unique Abilities Partners; requiring the department to adopt guidelines and requirements for the use of the logo; authorizing the department to allow a designated business entity to display a logo; prohibiting the use of a logo if a

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business entity does not have a current designation;
requiring the department to maintain a website with
specified information; requiring the Agency for
Persons with Disabilities to provide a link on its
website to the department's website for the program;
requiring the department to provide the Florida
Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation with certain
information; requiring the department and ${\tt CareerSource}$
Florida, Inc., to identify employment opportunities
posted by business entities that receive the Florida
Unique Abilities Partner designation on the workforce
information system; requiring a report to the
Legislature; providing report requirements; requiring
the department to adopt rules; providing
appropriations; providing effective dates.

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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Fiscal Policy									
BILL: PCS/SB 7010 (186950)										
INTRODUCER:	Fiscal Policy (Recommended by Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government) and Governmental Oversight and Accountability Committee									
SUBJECT:	Individual	Individuals with Disabilities								
DATE:	November 18, 2015 REVISED:									
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION					
Peacock		McVaney			GO Submitted as Committee Bill					
1. Davis		DeLoach		AGG	Recommend: Fav/CS					
2. Pace		Hrdlicka		FP	Pre-meeting					

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

PCS/SB 7010 modifies the State of Florida's employment policy to provide enhanced opportunities for persons who have a disability to be employed by executive branch agencies. Specifically, the bill requires each executive agency to:

- Establish annual goals in its affirmative action plan that ensures full utilization of underrepresented groups in agency's workforce, including individuals who have a disability;
- Report annually its progress toward increasing employment of individuals who have a disability; and
- Develop by January 1, 2017, an agency-specific plan on promoting employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability.

Additionally, the bill directs the Department of Management Services (DMS) to:

- Develop and implement programs geared toward individuals who have a disability in consultation with Agency for Persons with Disabilities, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education, Department of Economic Opportunity, and the Executive Office of the Governor;
- Develop mandatory training programs for human resources personnel and hiring managers of executive agencies that support the employment of individuals who have a disability;
- Assist executive agencies with implementing the agency-specific plans and strategies for retaining employees who have a disability;

- Compile data on hiring practices of executive agencies regarding hiring of individuals who have a disability and post this information on the agency's website; and
- Adopt rules relating to forms providing for voluntary self-identification of individuals who have a disability who are employed by executive agency.

The bill creates the Employment First Act requiring an interagency cooperative agreement among specified state agencies and organizations to ensure a long-term commitment to improve employment for individuals who have a disability.

The bill appropriates \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in nonrecurring funds from the State Personnel System Trust Fund to the Department of Management Services and authorizes two full time equivalent (FTE) positions for the DMS to implement this act. In addition, the recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue Fund and \$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of \$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust funds are appropriated to Administered Funds for distribution among agencies for the increase in the human resource assessment.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2016.

II. Present Situation:

According to the United States Census Bureau, individuals who have a disability make up approximately 13.4 percent of the population of Florida, and 10.1 percent of individuals ages 18 to 64 (working age) have a disability. In 2014, over 20 percent of working aged individuals who have a disability lived below the federal poverty line in Florida, compared with 13.7 percent of individuals without a disability.²

Individuals who have a disability experience significant disparities in employment and participation in the workforce.³ For example, 17.9 percent of individuals who have a disability are employed in Florida, while over 61 percent of those who do not have a disability are employed.⁴ Nationally in December 2104, there was an 11.2 percent unemployment rate for individuals who have a disability and a 5.1 percent unemployment rate for individuals without a disability.⁵ According to the National Disability Institute (NDI), many of these individuals would

¹ U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Disability Characteristics*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1810, searchable database (select advanced search) available at http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

² U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Selected Economic Characteristics for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population by Disability Status*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1811, searchable database *available at* http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

³ American Institutes for Research, *An Uneven Playing Field: The Lack of Equal Pay for People with Disabilities*, p. 2, December 2014, *available at*

http://www.air.org/sites/default/files/Lack%20of%20Equal%20Pay%20for%20People%20with%20Disabilities_Dec%2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

⁴ Supra note 2. Note, 78.5 percent of individuals who have a disability are not in the labor force.

⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *BLS Data Viewer: Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, Series IDs LNU04074593 and LNU04074597*, (for 2014, not seasonally adjusted), *available at* http://beta.bls.gov/dataViewer/view/641a3c05bb5b4578b313b2f20ca886cc (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

like to find employment, but are concerned if they earn more money it will cause them to lose disability and health benefits.⁶

State Equal Employment Policy

Section 110.112, F.S., declares that the policy of the state is to afford equal employment opportunities through programs of affirmative and positive action allowing for the full utilization of women and minorities. Each executive agency is required to develop and implement an affirmative action plan;⁷ establish annual goals in its affirmative action plan for ensuring full utilization of groups underrepresented in the agency's workforce as compared to relevant labor market;⁸ and appoint an affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer.⁹

The DMS is required to issue an annual workforce report¹⁰ and provide training to all supervisory personnel of executive agencies.¹¹ The annual workforce report must include information relating to implementation, continuance, any update, and the results of each executive agency's affirmative action plan for the previous fiscal year.¹²

Presently, s. 110.112, F.S., does not contain a definition of the term "individual who has a disability" and does not specifically address equal employment opportunity and affirmative action for this group.

State Disability Resources

Various state agencies provide services, benefits, and resources for individuals with disabilities. These agencies include the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD), the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), and the Department of Education. Many state and regional advocacy groups also provide resources and services.

Section 393.063(9), F.S., defines developmental disability to mean "a disorder or syndrome that is attributable to intellectual disability, cerebral palsy, autism, spina bifida, or Prader-Willi syndrome; that manifests before the age of 18; and that constitutes a substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue indefinitely."

⁶ National Disability Institute with support from the Florida Development Disabilities Council, *The Changing Face of Benefits Knowledge for Successful Employment and Asset Development*, p. 1, March 2013, *available at* http://www.realeconomicimpact.org/data/files/other%20documents/changing_face_of_benefits_2013.pdf.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

⁷ Section 110.112(2)(a), F.S.

⁸ Section 110.112(2)(b), F.S.

⁹ Section 110.112(2)(c), F.S., provides that the duties of the affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer include "determining annual goals, monitoring agency compliance, and providing consultation to managers regarding progress, deficiencies, and appropriate corrective action."

¹⁰ Section 110.112(2)(d), F.S.

¹¹ Section 110.112(2)(e), F.S., provides that the training will be in the principals of equal employment opportunity and affirmative action, the development and implementation of affirmative action plans, and establishment of annual affirmative action goals.

¹² Section 110.112(2)(d), F.S.

The APD currently serves approximately 55,000 clients with developmental disabilities.¹³ The total population of individuals in Florida with developmental disabilities is indeterminate at this time. However, the APD estimates the population of individuals with developmental disabilities in Florida could be between 300,000 to 600,000 people.¹⁴

Governor's Commission on Jobs for Floridians with Disabilities

On July 26, 2011, Governor Rick Scott created the Governor's Commission on Jobs for Floridians with Disabilities (Commission) to advance job and employment opportunities for persons with disabilities in order to help those individuals achieve greater independence. The Commission found that "the state's disability system does not effectively connect employers to candidates with disabilities and inform them about the resources available to support these individuals in the workplace." The Commission recommended that the DEO serve as a single-point of contact to assist employers in finding these resources and services in order to help employers recruit, hire, and retain individuals with disabilities. The Commission further recommended the DEO provide information on available services and support that make it possible for persons with disabilities to succeed in the workforce. The "Abilities Work" web portal within the Employ Florida Marketplace website was developed to meet the needs of Florida employers looking to hire qualified job seekers with disabilities and of individuals with disabilities who are seeking to find employment.

Employment First Initiative

On October 8, 2013, Governor Scott issued Executive Order 13-284 requiring an interagency cooperative agreement between state agencies and other disability service organizations to ensure a long-term commitment to improving employment for individuals who have a disability. The Executive Order directed state agencies and organizations to develop methods to increase the number and percentage of growth in competitive employment for individuals who have a disability. In 2014, a five-year interagency cooperative agreement identified as the Employment First Initiative was executed by the following agencies and organizations:

- Agency for Persons with Disabilities;
- Department of Education, Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services;
- Department of Education, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation:
- Department of Education, Division of Blind Services;
- Department of Economic Opportunity;

¹⁵ Executive Order 11-161, *available at* http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/07/11-161-Commission-on-Jobs-for-Floridians-with-Disabilities.pdf (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

¹³ E-mail from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, Summary of Active Clients, Jan. 28, 2015(on file with the Senate Banking and Insurance Committee).

¹⁴ *Id*.

¹⁶ Commission, 2013 Commission Report, (Aug. 15, 2013), available at http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/pdfs/governors commission on jobs for floridians with disabilities 2013 report.pdf (last visited Nov. 12, 2015).

¹⁷ The Abilities Work website, *available at https://abilitieswork.employflorida.com/vosnet/Default.aspx#* (last visited Nov. 9, 2014).

¹⁸ Employ Florida Marketplace is a partnership of CareerSource Florida, Inc., and the DEO.

¹⁹ See Executive Order 13-284, *available at* http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/orders/2013/13-284-disabilities.pdf (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

- Workforce Florida, Inc.;²⁰
- Department of Children and Families, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Office;
- Florida Developmental Disabilities Council, Inc.; and
- Florida Association of Rehabilitation Facilitates, Inc.²¹

Corporate Social Responsibility and Consumer Response

Corporate social responsibility is now a standard practice in the business world.²² Corporate social responsibility is defined as a company's sense of responsibility toward the community and environment, which may be expressed through support of issues and programs, like engaging in ethical supply sourcing or contributing to a specific social program. In 2013, corporations in the United States gave approximately \$18.7 billion, consisting of both cash and non-cash donations, such as product donations and employee volunteer hours.²⁴ Corporate philanthropy is considered advantageous to a business because it provides the company with a bolstered public image, improved community relations, and increased employee morale.²⁵

Studies suggest that people value businesses that support causes that are important to them. A recent Nielsen survey found that 55 percent of global respondents indicated a willingness to pay extra for goods and services from businesses that are committed to making a positive social and environmental impact.²⁶ Consumers are becoming "more deliberate and purposeful" in their shopping decisions by patronizing businesses that have similar values to their own.²⁷ Consumers are also more likely to be loyal to those brands that share their values or are engaged in the support of those causes that are important to them.²⁸ People may even base their employment decisions on such values.²⁹

²⁰ Workforce Florida, Inc. was renamed as CareerSource Florida, Inc. *See* ch. 2015-98, Laws of Florida; *see also* HB 7019 (reg. session 2015).

²¹ Interagency Cooperative Agreement, Employment First Initiative (2014), FLDOE Contract No.: IA-556, http://www.fddc.org/sites/default/files/2.Employment%20First%20Interagency%20Cooperative%20Agreement.5.7.14.pdf (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

²² Illia, Laura et al., *Communicating Corporate Social Responsibility to a Cynical Public*, MIT SLOAN MANAGEMENT REVIEW, Feb. 21, 2013, *available at* http://sloanreview.mit.edu/article/communicating-corporate-social-responsibility-to-acynical-public/?use credit=db34fbf0a135038c9c9102e028c614be (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

²³ Business Dictionary.com, *available at* http://www.businessdictionary.com/definition/corporate-social-responsibility.html (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

²⁴ Adams, Susan, *America's Most Generous Companies*, FORBES, July 15, 2014, *available at*http://www.forbes.com/sites/susanadams/2014/07/15/americas-most-generous-companies/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

²⁵ Montini, Laura, *Corporate Altruism Is on the Rise (Infographic)*, INC., Aug. 27, 2014, *available at*

http://www.inc.com/laura-montini/infographic/the-benefits-of-community-service.html (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

²⁶ The Nielsen Company, *Doing Well by Doing Good* (June 2014), *available at* http://www.nielsen.com/content/dam/corporate/us/en/reports-downloads/2014%20Reports/global-corporate-social-responsibility-report-june-2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

²⁷ Solomon, Micah, *Six Customer Trends That Will Build or Break Your Business As We Enter 2015*, FORBES, Dec. 25, 2014, available at http://www.forbes.com/sites/micahsolomon/2014/12/25/six-deep-customer-trends-that-will-build-or-break-your-business-as-we-enter-2015/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

²⁸ Irwin, Julie, *Ethical Consumerism Isn't Dead, It Just Needs Better Marketing*, HARVARD BUSINESS REVIEW, Jan. 12, 2015, available at https://hbr.org/2015/01/ethical-consumerism-isnt-dead-it-just-needs-better-marketing (last visited Nov. 5, 2015). ²⁹ Supra note 11.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 reorders, amends, and revises definitions contained in s. 110.107, F.S., and defines the term "individual who has a disability" as a person who has a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; a person who has a history or record of such an impairment; or a person who is perceived by others as having such an impairment.

The definition of "individual who has a disability" mirrors the federal definition of "disability" contained in the American with Disabilities Act (ADA),³⁰ with the exceptions of the following:

- The federal term "mental impairment" is replaced with "intellectual impairment"; and
- The federal phrase "being regarding" is replaced with "who is perceived by others".

Section 2 amends s. 110.112, F.S., and revises and broadens the state's equal employment opportunity policy to include individuals who have a disability.

Each executive agency is required to:

- Set annual goals in its affirmative action plan to ensure the full utilization of underrepresented groups, specifically including individuals who have a disability as compared to the relevant labor market;
- Report annually to the DMS on the agency's progress toward increasing employment of individuals who have a disability; and
- Develop an agency-specific plan by January 1, 2017, addressing how to promote employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability.

The DMS is required to:

- Include data for each executive agency related to employment levels among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability in its annual workforce report;
- Develop and implement programs specifically geared toward individuals who have a disability in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education, the Department of Economic Opportunity, and the Executive Office of the Governor;³³
- Develop mandatory training programs by January 1, 2017, for human resources personnel
 and hiring managers of executive agencies that support the employment of individuals who
 have a disability;
- Assist executive agencies in implementing agency-specific plans; and identifying and implementing strategies for retaining employees who have a disability.³⁴
- Biannually report on the progress of executive agencies in implementing their plans to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

32 Id

³⁰ 42 U.S.C. s. 12102.

³¹ *Id*.

³³ These programs may incorporate internships, mentoring, on-the-job training, unpaid work experience, situational assessments, and other innovative strategies.

³⁴ Some of these strategies include training programs, funding reasonable accommodations, increasing access to technologies, and ensuring accessibility of physical and virtual workplaces.

- Compile data regarding the hiring practices of executive agencies in regards to individuals who have a disability and make this data available on its website; and
- Adopt rules regarding forms that provide for voluntary self-identification of individuals who have a disability who are employed by an executive agency.

The bill also contains a provision that specifically states that no substantive or procedural right or benefit enforceable at law or in equity against the state, state agency, officer, employee, or agent thereof is created by this legislation.

The bill applies to the State Personnel System comprised of positions in the Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, or Senior Management Service within all executive branch agencies. This bill is not applicable to the personnel systems of the State University System, the Florida Lottery, the Legislature, the Justice Administration System, or the State Courts System.

Section 3 creates the "Employment First Act." This section provides a short title, legislative intent, and purpose, which is to improve the employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities, to prioritize employment of individuals with disabilities, and to change the employment system to integrate individuals with disabilities into the workforce.

This section also requires an interagency cooperative agreement be developed among the following:

- Agency for Person with Disabilities;
- Department of Education, Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services;
- Department of Education, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation;
- Department of Education, Division of Blind Services;
- Department of Economic Opportunity;
- CareerSource Florida, Inc.;
- Department of Children and Families, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Office;
- Florida Developmental Disabilities Council:
- Florida Association of Rehabilitation Facilities: and
- Other appropriate organizations.

The interagency cooperative agreement must outline the roles and responsibilities of the parties to the agreement.

The bill requires the objectives of the interagency agreement to include the following:

- Establishing a commitment by state leadership to maximize resources and coordination to improve employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities;
- Developing strategic goals and benchmarks to assist state agencies and organizations in the implementation of agreement;
- Identifying financing and contracting methods to help prioritize employment for individuals with disabilities by state agencies and organizations;
- Establishing training methods to better integrate persons with disabilities into the workforce;
- Ensuring collaborative efforts between agencies;
- Promoting service innovations to better assist individuals with disabilities in the workplace; and

• Identifying accountability measures to ensure sustainability of agreement.

Section 4 appropriates for Fiscal Year 2016-2017, the sums of \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in nonrecurring funds from the State Personnel System Trust Fund to the DMS, and authorizes two FTE positions for the purpose of implementing the new responsibilities of the DMS, relating to employment of individuals who have a disability.

In addition, the recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue Fund and \$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of \$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust funds are appropriated to Administered Funds for distribution among agencies for the increase in the human resource assessment.

Section 5 provides an effective date of July 1, 2016.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Indeterminate.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The DMS staff estimates the implementation of the bill will require two additional full-time positions. The total cost for two Human Resource Consultant positions with the standard expense package is \$146,456.³⁵

In addition, the People First system, the state's human resource information system, will need to be enhanced to add an "individual who has a disability" indicator to fully

³⁵ Department of Management Services, *SB* 7010 Analysis, October 9, 2105 (on file with the Senate Fiscal Policy Committee).

implement the reporting requirements of this bill. The DMS estimates a cost of \$18,500 to implement these changes.³⁶

The bill appropriates \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in nonrecurring funds from the State Personnel System Trust Fund to DMS, and authorizes two positions. The bill also appropriates the recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue Fund and \$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of \$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust funds to Administered Funds, which provide the revenue source to support the appropriation provided to the DMS, for distribution among the agencies.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill directs the DMS to adopt rules to relating to forms that provide for the voluntary self-identification of individuals who have a disability.

Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), employers are prohibited from inquiring about whether a person has a disability or the nature of a disability prior to employment.³⁷ However, an employer may inquire about the applicant's ability to perform job-related functions. Upon employment, an employer may require a medical examination if it is required of all employees, is job-related, and consistent with business necessity. Any medical information obtained from the medical examination must be maintained in a separate file. If an employee requests a reasonable accommodation, an employer is permitted to request documentation sufficient to substantiate the need for the reasonable accommodation.³⁸

The DMS uses data from the Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Tabulation that is published by the U.S. Census Bureau for information on women and minorities. The EEO Tabulation provides detailed occupational statistics by race, ethnicity, and sex in the labor market by location-based geography. The state's data center, DEO, has informed the DMS that data for individuals who have a disability is not available at the occupational level. Data is only available in broad categories (employed/unemployed, full-time/less than full-time). Accordingly, it might be difficult for agencies to establish numerical goals on such limited data.³⁹

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the sections 110.107 and 110.112 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill creates an undesignated section of Florida Law.

³⁷ See 42 U.S.C. s. 12112.

³⁶ Id.

³⁸ EEOC, No. 915.002, EEOC Enforcement Guidance of Disability-Related Inquiries and Medical Examinations of Employees Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), July 27, 2000, http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/guidance-inquiries.html (last visited Sept. 29, 2015).

³⁹ Supra note 35.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

(Summarzing university of the committee Substitute and the profession of the office

Recommended CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government on November 3, 2015:

The committee substitute specifies the recurring and nonrecurring amounts appropriated to Administered Funds.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Fiscal Policy (Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government)

A bill to be entitled An act relating to individuals with disabilities; reordering and amending s. 110.107, F.S.; revising definitions and defining the term "individual who has a disability"; amending s. 110.112, F.S.; revising the state's equal employment opportunity policy to include individuals who have a disability; requiring each executive agency to annually report to the Department of Management Services regarding the agency's progress in increasing employment among certain underrepresented groups; revising the required content of the department's annual workforce report; requiring the department to develop and implement certain programs geared toward individuals who have a disability; requiring the department to develop training programs by a specified date; requiring each executive agency to develop a plan regarding the employment of individuals who have a disability by a specified date; requiring the department to report to the Governor and the Legislature regarding implementation; requiring the department to compile and post data regarding the hiring practices of executive agencies regarding the employment of individuals who have a disability; requiring the department to assist executive agencies in identifying strategies to retain employees who have a disability; requiring the department to adopt certain rules;

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Florida Senate - 2016

Bill No. SB 7010

specifying that the act does not create any enforceable right or benefit; creating the "Employment First Act"; providing legislative findings and intent; providing a purpose; requiring specified state agencies and organizations to develop and implement an interagency cooperative agreement; requiring the interagency cooperative agreement to provide the roles, responsibilities, and objectives of state agencies and organizations; providing appropriations; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 110.107, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

110.107 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term: (5) (1) "Department" means the Department of Management Services.

(28) (2) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Management Services.

(11) (3) "Furlough" means a temporary reduction in the regular hours of employment in a pay period, or temporary leave without pay for one or more pay periods, with a commensurate reduction in pay, which is necessitated by a projected deficit in any fund that supports salary and benefit appropriations. The deficit must be projected by the Revenue Estimating Conference pursuant to s. 216.136(3).

(30) (4) "State agency" or "agency" means any official, officer, commission, board, authority, council, committee, or

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department of the executive branch or the judicial branch of state government as defined in chapter 216.

(21) (5) "Position" means the work, consisting of duties and responsibilities, assigned to be performed by an officer or emplovee.

(10) (6) "Full-time position" means a position authorized for the entire normally established work period, whether daily, weekly, monthly, or annually.

(18) (7) "Part-time position" means a position authorized for less than the entire normally established work period, whether daily, weekly, monthly, or annually.

(16) (8) "Occupation" means all positions that which are sufficiently similar in knowledge, skills, and abilities, and the sufficiently similar as to kind or subject matter of work.

(17) (9) "Occupational group" means a group of occupations that which are sufficiently similar in the kind of work performed to warrant the use of the same performance factors in determining the level of complexity for all occupations in that occupational group.

(3) (10) "Classification plan" means a formal description of the concepts, rules, job family definitions, occupational group characteristics, and occupational profiles used in the classification of positions.

(20) (11) "Pay plan" means a formal description of the philosophy, methods, procedures, and salary schedules for competitively compensating employees at market-based rates for work performed.

(27) (12) "Salary schedule" means an official document that which contains a complete list of occupation titles, broadband

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level codes, and pay bands.

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(1) (13) "Authorized position" means a position included in an approved budget. In counting the number of authorized positions, part-time positions may be converted to full-time equivalents.

(8) (14) "Established position" means an authorized position that which has been classified in accordance with a classification and pay plan as provided by law.

(22) (15) "Position number" means the identification number assigned to an established position.

(26) (16) "Reclassification" means the changing of an established position in one broadband level in an occupational group to a higher or lower broadband level in the same occupational group or to a broadband level in a different occupational group.

(24) (17) "Promotion" means the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having a higher maximum salary; or the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having the same or a lower maximum salary but a higher level of responsibility.

(4) (18) "Demotion" means the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having a lower maximum salary; or the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having the same or a higher maximum salary but a lower level of responsibility.

(32) (19) "Transfer" means moving an employee from one geographic location of the state to a different geographic location more than in excess of 50 miles from the employee's current work location.

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(25) (20) "Reassignment" means moving an employee from a position in one broadband level to a different position in the same broadband level or to a different broadband level having the same maximum salary.

(6) (21) "Dismissal" means a disciplinary action taken by an agency pursuant to s. 110.227 against an employee which results resulting in the termination of his or her employment.

(31) (22) "Suspension" means a disciplinary action taken by an agency pursuant to s. 110.227 against an employee which to temporarily relieves relieve the employee of his or her duties and places place him or her on leave without pay.

(15) (23) "Layoff" means termination of employment due to a shortage of funds or work, or a material change in the duties or organization of an agency, including the outsourcing or privatization of an activity or function previously performed by career service employees.

(7) (24) "Employing agency" means any agency authorized to employ personnel to carry out the responsibilities of the agency under the provisions of chapter 20 or other law statutory authority.

(29) (25) "Shared employment" means part-time career employment in which whereby the duties and responsibilities of a full-time position in the career service are divided among parttime employees who are eligible for the position and who receive career service benefits and wages pro rata. The term In no case shall "shared employment" does not include the employment of persons paid from other-personal-services funds.

(9) (26) "Firefighter" means a firefighter certified under chapter 633.

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(14) (27) "Law enforcement or correctional officer" means a law enforcement officer, special agent, correctional officer, correctional probation officer, or institutional security specialist required to be certified under chapter 943.

(23) (28) "Professional health care provider" means registered nurses, physician's assistants, dentists, psychologists, nutritionists or dietitians, pharmacists, psychological specialists, physical therapists, and speech and hearing therapists.

(13) (29) "Job family" means a defined grouping of one or more occupational groups.

(19) $\frac{(30)}{(30)}$ "Pay band" means the minimum salary, the maximum salary, and intermediate rates that which are payable for work in a specific broadband level.

(2) (31) "Broadband level" means all positions that which are sufficiently similar in knowledge, skills, and abilities; the, and sufficiently similar as to kind or subject matter of work; the, level of difficulty or the level of responsibilities; τ and the qualification requirements of the work so as to warrant the same treatment with respect as to title, pay band, and other personnel transactions.

(12) "Individual who has a disability" means a person who has a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; a person who has a history or record of such an impairment; or a person who is perceived by others as having such an impairment.

Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 110.112, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (3) through (6) of that section are redesignated as subsections (4) through

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- (7), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:
 - 110.112 Affirmative action; equal employment opportunity.
- (1) It is shall be the policy of this the state to assist in providing the assurance of equal employment opportunity through programs of affirmative and positive action that will allow full utilization of women, and minorities, and individuals who have a disability.
- (2) (a) The head of each executive agency shall develop and implement an affirmative action plan in accordance with rules adopted by the department and approved by a majority vote of the Administration Commission before their adoption.
- (b) Each executive agency shall establish annual goals for ensuring full utilization of groups underrepresented in the agency's its workforce, including women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability, as compared to the relevant labor market, as defined by the agency. Each executive agency shall design its affirmative action plan to meet its established goals.
- (c) Each executive agency shall annually report to the department regarding the agency's progress toward increasing employment among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability.
- (d) (c) An affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer shall be appointed by the head of each executive agency. The affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer's responsibilities must include determining annual goals, monitoring agency compliance, and providing consultation to managers regarding progress, deficiencies, and appropriate

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corrective action.

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(e) (d) The department shall report information in its annual workforce report relating to the implementation, continuance, updating, and results of each executive agency's affirmative action plan for the previous fiscal year. The annual workforce report must also include data for each executive agency relating to employment levels among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability.

(f) (e) The department shall provide to all supervisory personnel of the executive agencies training in the principles of equal employment opportunity and affirmative action, the development and implementation of affirmative action plans, and the establishment of annual affirmative action goals. The department may contract for training services, and each participating agency shall reimburse the department for costs incurred through such contract. After the department approves the contents of the training program for the agencies, the department may delegate this training to the executive agencies.

(3) (a) The department, in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and the Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education, the Department of Economic Opportunity, and the Executive Office of the Governor, shall develop and implement programs that incorporate internships, mentoring, onthe-job training, unpaid work experience, situational assessments, and other innovative strategies that are specifically geared toward individuals who have a disability. (b) By January 1, 2017, the department shall develop

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mandatory training programs for human resources personnel and



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hiring mana	agers	of exe	cutive	agencie	es which	support	the
employment	of in	dividu	als who	have a	a disabi	lity.	

- (c) 1. By January 1, 2017, each executive agency shall develop an agency-specific plan that addresses how to promote employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability.
- 2. The department shall assist executive agencies in the implementation of agency-specific plans. The department shall regularly report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the progress of executive agencies in implementing these plans. Such reports shall be made at least biannually.
- (d) The department shall compile data regarding the hiring practices of executive agencies with regard to individuals who have a disability and make such data available on its website.
- (e) The department shall assist executive agencies in identifying and implementing strategies for retaining employees who have a disability which include, but are not limited to, training programs, funding reasonable accommodations, increasing access to appropriate technologies, and ensuring accessibility of physical and virtual workplaces.
- (f) The department shall adopt rules relating to forms that provide for the voluntary self-identification of individuals who have a disability who are employed by an executive agency.
- (g) This subsection does not create any substantive or procedural right or benefit enforceable at law or in equity against the state or a state agency, or an officer, employee, or agent thereof.

Section 3. Employment First Act.-

(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the

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"Employment First Act."

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- (2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.-The Legislature finds that employment is the most direct and cost-effective means to assist an individual in achieving independence and fulfillment; however, individuals with disabilities are confronted by unique barriers to employment which inhibit their opportunities to compete fairly in the labor force. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a framework for a long-term commitment to improving employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities in this state through the implementation of this act.
- (3) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this act is to prioritize employment of individuals with disabilities and to change the employment system to better integrate individuals with disabilities into the workforce. This act encourages a collaborative effort between state agencies and organizations to achieve better employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities.
- (4) INTERAGENCY COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—The following state agencies and organizations, and others, as appropriate, shall develop an interagency cooperative agreement to implement this act:
- (a) The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of Education.
- (b) The Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education.
- (c) The Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services of the Department of Education.
 - (d) The Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
 - (e) The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Program of the

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289	Department of Children and Families.
290	(f) The Department of Economic Opportunity.
291	(g) CareerSource Florida, Inc.
292	(h) The Florida Developmental Disabilities Council.
293	(i) The Florida Association of Rehabilitation Facilities.
294	(j) Other appropriate organizations.
295	(5) ROLES, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND OBJECTIVES.—The
296	interagency cooperative agreement must identify the roles and
297	responsibilities of the state agencies and organizations
298	identified in subsection (4) and the objectives of the
299	interagency cooperative agreement, which must include all of the
300	following:
301	(a) Establishing a commitment by leadership of the state
302	agencies and organizations to maximize resources and
303	coordination to improve employment outcomes for individuals with
304	disabilities who seek publicly funded services.
305	(b) Developing strategic goals and benchmarks to assist the
306	state agencies and organizations in the implementation of this
307	agreement.
308	(c) Identifying financing and contracting methods that will
309	help to prioritize employment for individuals with disabilities
310	by state agencies and organizations.
311	(d) Establishing training methods to better integrate
312	individuals with disabilities into the workforce.
313	(e) Ensuring collaborative efforts between multiple
314	agencies to achieve the purposes of this act.
315	(f) Promoting service innovations to better assist
316	individuals with disabilities in the workplace.
317	(g) Identifying accountability measures to ensure the

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sustainability of this agreement.

Section 4. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the following sums are appropriated for the purpose of implementing the amendments made by this act to s. 110.112, Florida Statutes, relating to the employment of individuals who have a disability:

(1) The sums of \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in nonrecurring funds are appropriated from the State Personnel

System Trust Fund to the Department of Management Services, and two full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 92,762 are authorized.

(2) The recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue Fund and \$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of \$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust funds are appropriated to Administered Funds for distribution among agencies for the increase in the human resource assessment.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

2. Pace		Hrdlicka		FP	Fav/CS			
1. Davis		DeLoach		AGG	Recommend: Fav/CS			
Peacock		McVaney			GO Submitted as Committee Bill			
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION			
DATE:	November 20, 2015 REVISED:							
SUBJECT:	Individual	Individuals with Disabilities						
INTRODUCER:	Fiscal Policy Committee (Recommended by Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government) Governmental Oversight and Accountability Committee							
BILL: CS/SB 7010								
	Prep	ared By: The	Professional S	staff of the Committe	ee on Fiscal Policy			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 7010 addresses the employment and economic independence of individuals with disabilities. Specifically, the bill:

- Creates the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the Department of Financial Services (DFS) to provide information and outreach to individuals and employers;
- Modifies the state's equal employment policy to provide enhanced executive agency employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability;
- Creates the Employment First Act requiring an interagency cooperative agreement among specified state agencies and organizations to ensure a long-term commitment to improve employment for individuals who have a disability; and
- Creates the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program to recognize businesses that employ or support the independence of individuals who have a disability.

The bill makes several appropriations to implement the programs and activities required under the bill. Specifically, the bill:

- Appropriates \$69,570 in recurring funds from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund to the DFS to implement the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities;
- Appropriates \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in nonrecurring funds from the State Personnel System Trust Fund to the Department of Management Services (DMS), and

authorizes two FTE positions for the DMS to implement the provisions relating to enhancing executive agency employment opportunities;

- Appropriates the recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue Fund and \$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of \$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust funds to Administered Funds for distribution among agencies for the increase in the human resource assessment; and
- Appropriates \$100,000 in recurring and \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund to the Department of Economic Opportunity to implement the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program.

II. Present Situation:

According to the United States Census Bureau, individuals who have a disability make up approximately 13.4 percent of the population of Florida, and 10.1 percent of individuals ages 18 to 64 (working age) have a disability. In 2014, over 20 percent of working aged individuals who have a disability lived below the federal poverty line in Florida, compared with 13.7 percent of individuals without a disability.²

Individuals who have a disability experience significant disparities in employment and participation in the workforce.³ For example, 17.9 percent of individuals who have a disability are employed in Florida, while over 61 percent of those who do not have a disability are employed.⁴ Nationally, in December 2014, there was an 11.2 percent unemployment rate for individuals who have a disability and a 5.1 percent unemployment rate for individuals without a disability.⁵ According to the National Disability Institute (NDI), many of these individuals would like to find employment, but are concerned if they earn more money it will cause them to lose disability and health benefits.⁶

State Equal Employment Policy

Section 110.112, F.S., declares that the policy of the state is to afford equal employment opportunities through programs of affirmative and positive action allowing for the full utilization

¹ U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Disability Characteristics*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1810, searchable database (select advanced search) available at http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

² U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder, *Selected Economic Characteristics for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population by Disability Status*, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates, Report S1811, searchable database available at http://factfinder.census.gov/ (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

³ American Institutes for Research, *An Uneven Playing Field: The Lack of Equal Pay for People with Disabilities*, p. 2, December 2014, *available at*

http://www.air.org/sites/default/files/Lack%20of%20Equal%20Pay%20for%20People%20with%20Disabilities Dec%2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

⁴ Supra note 2. Note, 78.5 percent of individuals who have a disability are not in the labor force.

⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *BLS Data Viewer: Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, Series IDs LNU04074593 and LNU04074597*, (for 2014, not seasonally adjusted), *available at* http://beta.bls.gov/dataViewer/view/641a3c05bb5b4578b313b2f20ca886cc (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

⁶ National Disability Institute with support from the Florida Development Disabilities Council, *The Changing Face of Benefits Knowledge for Successful Employment and Asset Development*, p. 1, March 2013, *available at* http://www.realeconomicimpact.org/data/files/other%20documents/changing face of benefits 2013.pdf.pdf (last visited Nov. 5, 2015).

of women and minorities. Each executive agency is required to develop and implement an affirmative action plan;⁷ establish annual goals in its affirmative action plan for ensuring full utilization of groups underrepresented in the agency's workforce as compared to relevant labor market;⁸ and appoint an affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer.⁹

The DMS is required to issue an annual workforce report¹⁰ and provide training to all supervisory personnel of executive agencies.¹¹ The annual workforce report must include information relating to implementation, continuance, any update, and the results of each executive agency's affirmative action plan for the previous fiscal year.¹²

Presently, s. 110.112, F.S., does not contain a definition of the term "individual who has a disability" and does not specifically address equal employment opportunity and affirmative action for this group.

State Disability Resources

Various state agencies provide services, benefits, and resources for individuals with disabilities. These agencies include the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD), the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), and the Department of Education. Many state and regional advocacy groups also provide resources and services.

Section 393.063(9), F.S., defines developmental disability to mean "a disorder or syndrome that is attributable to intellectual disability, cerebral palsy, autism, spina bifida, or Prader-Willi syndrome; that manifests before the age of 18; and that constitutes a substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue indefinitely."

The APD currently serves approximately 55,000 clients with developmental disabilities.¹³ The total population of individuals in Florida with developmental disabilities is indeterminate at this time. However, the APD estimates the population of individuals with developmental disabilities in Florida could be between 300,000 to 600,000 people.¹⁴

Governor's Commission on Jobs for Floridians with Disabilities

On July 26, 2011, Governor Rick Scott created the Governor's Commission on Jobs for Floridians with Disabilities (Commission) to advance job and employment opportunities for

⁷ Section 110.112(2)(a), F.S.

⁸ Section 110.112(2)(b), F.S.

⁹ Section 110.112(2)(c), F.S., provides that the duties of the affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer include "determining annual goals, monitoring agency compliance, and providing consultation to managers regarding progress, deficiencies, and appropriate corrective action."

¹⁰ Section 110.112(2)(d), F.S.

¹¹ Section 110.112(2)(e), F.S., provides that the training will be in the principals of equal employment opportunity and affirmative action, the development and implementation of affirmative action plans, and establishment of annual affirmative action goals.

¹² Section 110.112(2)(d), F.S.

¹³ E-mail from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, Summary of Active Clients, Jan. 28, 2015(on file with the Senate Banking and Insurance Committee).

¹⁴ *Id*.

persons with disabilities in order to help those individuals achieve greater independence. ¹⁵ The Commission found that "the state's disability system does not effectively connect employers to candidates with disabilities and inform them about the resources available to support these individuals in the workplace." ¹⁶ The Commission recommended that the DEO serve as a single-point of contact to assist employers in finding these resources and services in order to help employers recruit, hire, and retain individuals with disabilities. The Commission further recommended the DEO provide information on available services and support that make it possible for persons with disabilities to succeed in the workforce. The "Abilities Work" web portal ¹⁷ within the Employ Florida Marketplace ¹⁸ website was developed to meet the needs of Florida employers looking to hire qualified job seekers with disabilities and of individuals with disabilities who are seeking to find employment.

Employment First Initiative

On October 8, 2013, Governor Scott issued Executive Order 13-284 requiring an interagency cooperative agreement between state agencies and other disability service organizations to ensure a long-term commitment to improving employment for individuals who have a disability. The Executive Order directed state agencies and organizations to develop methods to increase the number and percentage of growth in competitive employment for individuals who have a disability. In 2014, a five-year interagency cooperative agreement identified as the Employment First Initiative was executed by the following agencies and organizations:

- Agency for Persons with Disabilities;
- Department of Education, Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services;
- Department of Education, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation;
- Department of Education, Division of Blind Services;
- Department of Economic Opportunity;
- Workforce Florida, Inc.;²⁰
- Department of Children and Families, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Office;
- Florida Developmental Disabilities Council, Inc.; and
- Florida Association of Rehabilitation Facilitates, Inc. 21

¹⁵ Executive Order 11-161, *available at* http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/07/11-161-Commission-on-Jobs-for-Floridians-with-Disabilities.pdf (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

¹⁶ Commission, 2013 Commission Report, (Aug. 15, 2013), available at http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/pdfs/governors_commission_on_jobs_for_floridians_with_disabilities_2013_report.pdf (last visited Nov. 12, 2015).

¹⁷ The Abilities Work website, *available at https://abilitieswork.employflorida.com/vosnet/Default.aspx#* (last visited Nov. 9, 2014).

¹⁸ Employ Florida Marketplace is a partnership of CareerSource Florida, Inc., and the DEO.

¹⁹ See Executive Order 13-284, *available at* http://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/orders/2013/13-284-disabilities.pdf (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

²⁰ Workforce Florida, Inc. was renamed as CareerSource Florida, Inc. *See* ch. 2015-98, Laws of Florida; *see also* HB 7019 (reg. session 2015).

²¹ Interagency Cooperative Agreement, Employment First Initiative (2014), FLDOE Contract No.: IA-556, http://www.fddc.org/sites/default/files/2.Employment%20First%20Interagency%20Cooperative%20Agreement.5.7.14.pdf (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

Department of Financial Services

The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the State of Florida is the head of the DFS.²² The CFO has established outreach and education programs to increase the financial literacy of Florida residents and to protect them from financial fraud. These initiatives include, among others, a comprehensive online financial literacy and education initiative to provide Hispanic Floridians and their families with important financial information and resources, a program to educate and protect seniors from financial scams and identity theft, and financial education for military service members.²³

Presently, the CFO has not established an outreach or education program to address the financial literacy of individuals with developmental disabilities.

The CFO administers the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (act),²⁴ which authorizes local and state governmental units (public depositors) to place public deposits in qualified public depositories (QPD).²⁵ Public deposits are funds in excess of amounts required to meet disbursement needs or expenses. A QPD can be a bank, savings bank, or savings association that meets specific criteria, including collateral requirements, under the act. The CFO is responsible for designating financial institutions as qualified public depositories.

Corporate Social Responsibility and Consumer Response

Corporate social responsibility is now a standard practice in the business world. ²⁶ Corporate social responsibility is defined as a company's sense of responsibility toward the community and environment, ²⁷ which may be expressed through support of issues and programs like engaging in ethical supply sourcing or contributing to specific social programs. In 2013, corporations in the United States gave approximately \$18.7 billion, consisting of both cash and non-cash donations, such as product donations and employee volunteer hours. ²⁸ Corporate philanthropy is considered advantageous to a business because it provides the company with a bolstered public image, improved community relations, and increased employee morale. ²⁹

²² Section 20.121(1), F.S.

²³ See Your Money Matter\$, a one-stop website to access the DFS's financial literacy resources, *available at* http://www.myfloridacfo.com/ymm/ (last visited Nov. 9, 2015).

²⁴ Chapter 280, F.S.

²⁵ A qualified public depository is organized under the laws of the United States or any state or territory of the United States; has a principal place of business or branch office in this state authorized to receive deposits; has federally-insured deposits, has procedures and practices that accurately report and collateralize public deposits; meets the requirements of the act; and has been designated as a qualified public depository by the CFO. See s. 280.02(26), F.S.

²⁶ Illia, Laura et al., *Communicating Corporate Social Responsibility to a Cynical Public*, MIT SLOAN MANAGEMENT REVIEW, Feb. 21, 2013, *available at* http://sloanreview.mit.edu/article/communicating-corporate-social-responsibility-to-acynical-public/?use_credit=db34fbf0a135038c9c9102e028c614be (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

²⁷ BusinessDictionary.com, *available at* http://www.businessdictionary.com/definition/corporate-social-responsibility.html (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

²⁸ Adams, Susan, *America's Most Generous Companies*, FORBES, July 15, 2014, *available at* http://www.forbes.com/sites/susanadams/2014/07/15/americas-most-generous-companies/ (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

²⁹ Montini, Laura, *Corporate Altruism Is on the Rise (Infographic)*, INC., Aug. 27, 2014, *available at* http://www.inc.com/laura-montini/infographic/the-benefits-of-community-service.html (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

Studies suggest that people value businesses that support causes that are important to them. A recent Nielsen survey found that 55 percent of global respondents indicated a willingness to pay extra for goods and services from businesses that are committed to making a positive social and environmental impact. Consumers are becoming "more deliberate and purposeful" in their shopping decisions by patronizing businesses that have similar values to their own. Consumers are also more likely to be loyal to those brands that share their values or are engaged in the support of those causes that are important to them. People may even base their employment decisions on such values.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Financial Literacy Program

(Section 1, creating s. 17.68, F.S.; and Section 5, amending s. 280.16(1)(e), F.S.)

The bill creates the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer who heads the Department of Financial Services (DFS). The goal of the program is to promote economic independence and successful employment of individuals with developmental disabilities by providing resources, outreach, and education on specific issues. For individuals with developmental disabilities these issues include financial education, identification of financial and health benefit programs and services, job training and employment opportunities, and the impact of earnings and assets on eligibility for federal and state programs. For employers the issues include strategies to make program and educational materials available to their employees with developmental disabilities.

The bill provides that the DFS, in consultation with public and private stakeholders, will develop and implement the program. Banks, credit unions, savings associations, and savings banks will be key participants in the development and promotion of the program. By October 1, 2016, the DFS must establish a clearinghouse on its website for information regarding the program and other available resources for individuals with developmental disabilities and their employers. The DFS must also publish a brochure that describes the program and make the brochure accessible through its website.

The bill requires financial institutions participating in the qualified public depository program to participate in the Financial Literacy Program as condition of eligibility for the qualified public depository program. Within 90 days of the DFS establishing the program and publishing the brochure, each participating financial institution must make the brochures available at each Florida branch office that has in-person teller services by having available copies or printing a copy of the brochure upon request. A financial institution or other program participant is not

³⁰ The Nielsen Company, *Doing Well by Doing Good* (June 2014), *available at* http://www.nielsen.com/content/dam/corporate/us/en/reports-downloads/2014%20Reports/global-corporate-social-responsibility-report-june-2014.pdf (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

³¹ Solomon, Micah, *Six Customer Trends That Will Build or Break Your Business As We Enter 2015*, FORBES, Dec. 25, 2014, *available at* http://www.forbes.com/sites/micahsolomon/2014/12/25/six-deep-customer-trends-that-will-build-or-break-your-business-as-we-enter-2015/ (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

³² Irwin, Julie, *Ethical Consumerism Isn't Dead, It Just Needs Better Marketing*, HARVARD BUSINESS REVIEW, Jan. 12, 2015, available at https://hbr.org/2015/01/ethical-consumerism-isnt-dead-it-just-needs-better-marketing (last visited Nov. 16, 2015).

³³ Supra note 11.

subject to a civil cause of action arising from the distribution or nondistribution of program information. Each participating financial institution website must also provide a hyperlink to the department's website for the program.

For FY 2016-2017, the sum of \$69,570 in recurring funds from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund is appropriated to the Consumer Assistance Program within the DFS to develop and manage the Financial Literacy Program, which includes printing and postage costs for brochures (Section 9).

The bill redefines the term "developmental disability" to include individuals who have a disability that is attributable to Down syndrome (Section 6, amending s. 393.063(9), F.S.)

State Equal Employment Policy

(Section 3, amending s. 110.107, F.S. and Section 4, amending s. 110.112, F.S.)

The bill modifies the state's employment policy to provide enhanced executive agency employment opportunities for persons who have a disability. Specifically, the bill reorders, amends, and revises definitions contained in s. 110.107, F.S., and defines the term "individual who has a disability" as a person who has a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; a person how has a history or record of such an impairment; or a person who is perceived by others as having such an impairment.

The definition of "individual who has a disability" mirrors the federal definition of "disability" contained in the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA),³⁴ with the exception of the following:

- The federal term "mental impairment" is replaced with "intellectual impairment"; and
- The federal phrase "being regarded" is replaced with "who is perceived by others."

Each executive agency is required to:

- Set annual goals in its affirmative action plan to ensure the full utilization of underrepresented groups, specifically including individuals who have a disability as compared to the relevant labor market;
- Report annually to the DMS on the agency's progress toward increasing employment of individuals who have a disability; and
- Develop an agency-specific plan by January 1, 2017, addressing how to promote employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability.

The DMS is required to:

- Include data for each executive agency related to employment levels among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability in its annual workforce report;
- Develop and implement programs specifically geared toward individuals who have a
 disability in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Division of
 Vocational Rehabilitation and Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education,
 the Department of Economic Opportunity, and the Executive Office of the Governor;³⁵

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³⁴ 42 U.S.C. s. 12102.

³⁵ These programs may incorporate internships, mentoring, on-the-job training, unpaid work experience, situational assessments, and other innovative strategies.

Develop mandatory training programs by January 1, 2017, for human resources personnel
and hiring managers of executive agencies that support the employment of individuals who
have a disability;

- Assist executive agencies in implementing agency-specific plans; and identifying and implementing strategies for retaining employees who have a disability.³⁶
- Report biannually on the progress of executive agencies in implementing their plans to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- Compile data regarding the hiring practices of executive agencies in regards to individuals who have a disability and make this data available on its website; and
- Adopt rules regarding forms that provide for voluntary self-identification of individuals who have a disability who are employed by an executive agency.

The bill also contains a provision that specifically states that no substantive or procedural right or benefit enforceable at law or in equity against the state, state agency, officer, employee, or agent thereof is created by this legislation.

The bill applies to the State Personnel System comprised of positions in the Career Service, Selected Exempt Service, or Senior Management Service within all executive branch agencies. This bill is not applicable to the personnel systems of the State University System, the Florida Lottery, the Legislature, the Justice Administration System, or the State Courts System.

For FY 2016-2017 the sums of \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in nonrecurring funds are appropriated from the State Personnel System Trust Fund to the DMS, and two FTE positions are authorized for the purpose of implementing the amendments made by the bill to s. 110.112, F.S., relating to individuals who have a disability (Section 10).

In addition, the recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue Fund and \$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of \$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust funds are appropriated to Administered Funds for distribution among agencies for the increase in the human resource assessment (Section 10).

Employment First Act

(Section 7)

The bill creates the Employment First Act to improve the employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities, to prioritize employment of individuals with disabilities, and to change the employment system to integrate individuals with disabilities into the workforce.

The bill requires an interagency cooperative agreement to be developed among the following state agencies and organizations:

- Agency for Person with Disabilities;
- Department of Education, Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services;
- Department of Education, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation;

³⁶ Some of these strategies include training programs, funding reasonable accommodations, increasing access to technologies, and ensuring accessibility of physical and virtual workplaces.

- Department of Education, Division of Blind Services;
- Department of Economic Opportunity;
- CareerSource Florida, Inc.;
- Department of Children and Families, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Program; and
- Other appropriate organizations.

The interagency cooperative agreement must outline the roles and responsibilities of the parties to the agreement.

The bill requires the objectives of the interagency agreement to include the following:

- Establishing commitment by state leadership to maximize resources and coordination to improve employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities;
- Developing strategic goals and benchmarks to assist the state agencies and organizations in the implementation of the agreement;
- Identifying financing and contracting methods to help prioritize employment for individuals with disabilities by state agencies and organizations;
- Establishing training methods to better integrate persons with disabilities into the workforce;
- Ensuring collaborative efforts between agencies;
- Promoting service innovations to better assist individuals with disabilities in the workplace;
 and
- Identifying accountability measures to ensure sustainability of the agreement.

Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program

(Section 8 and Section 2, amending s. 20.60)

The bill creates the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program to recognize businesses that employ or support the independence of individuals who have a disability. The program is created within the DEO. The DEO is required to consult with the APD, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education (DOE), and CareerSource Florida, Inc., in creating the program.

In order to be designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner, a business must submit an application to the DEO, indicating that the business would qualify for the designation by:

- Employing individuals who have a disability;
- Contributing to local or national disability organizations; or
- Contributing to or the establishment of a program that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a disability.

At a minimum, to qualify for the designation, a business must:

• Employ at least one Florida resident who has a disability for at least 9 months before applying for the designation; the employer may not be required to provide personally identifiable information about its employees;

 Make a financial or in-kind contribution, including employee volunteer hours, to a local or national disability organization or a contribution in support of individuals who have a disability; ³⁷ or

• Establish or contribute to the establishment of a program that contributes to the independence of individuals who have a disability.³⁸

The DEO may also consider nominations from members of the community regarding a local business entity's qualification for designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner. The nomination must identify the business entity's achievements in one or more of the above-referenced categories.

A business must annually certify that it continues to meet the requirements to be designated a Florida Unique Abilities Partner. Failure to submit the annual certification will result in the removal of the business' designation. A business may elect to discontinue its use of the designation by notifying the DEO of such decision.

The DEO must adopt procedures for the application, nomination, and designation processes for the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program. The bill specifies that the DEO's designation under this program does not constitute final agency action, and therefore is not subject to the Florida Administrative Procedures Act in ch. 120, F.S.

The bill directs the DEO, in partnership with the disability community, to develop a logo that may be used to identify a business that has been designated as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner. The DEO is responsible for developing guidelines and requirements for the use and display of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program logo. A business that has not received the designation or has elected to discontinue its designation may not display the logo.

The DEO must maintain a website that, at a minimum, provides:

- A list of businesses, by county, that currently have the Florida Unique Abilities Partners designation, updated quarterly;
- Information on the eligibility requirements for the designation and the method of application of nomination; and
- The best practices for businesses to facilitate the inclusion of individuals who have a disability, updated annually.

The website may provide links to the websites of organizations or other resources that will aid business entities to employ or support individuals who have a disability. The APD must provide on its website a link to the DEO website for the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program. On the Employ Florida Marketplace, the DEO and CareerSource, Florida, Inc., must identify the employers that currently have a designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner designation.

³⁷ Contributions must be documented by providing copies of written receipts, program materials, or letters of acknowledgment from recipients, volunteers, or donees. A business entity with 100 or fewer employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution of at least \$1,000, and a business entity with more than 100 employees must make a financial or in-kind contribution of at least \$5,000.

³⁸ Id.

The DEO is required to provide a list of businesses that have a designation as a Florida Unique Abilities Partner to VISIT Florida³⁹ on a quarterly basis. VISIT Florida must consider using the program and the designees in marketing campaigns, including campaigns that target individuals who have a disability or their families.

The DEO must report its progress in implementing the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program to the Legislature by January 1, 2017. Beginning in 2017, the DEO must describe the progress and use of the program in its annual report required under s. 20.60, F.S.⁴⁰

For FY 2016-2017, the sums of \$100,000 in recurring funds and \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund are appropriated to the DEO for the development, implementation, and administration of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program (Section 11).

Effective Date

Except as otherwise provided, the bill takes effect on July 1, 2016 (Section 12).

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Financial Literacy Program

Implementation of the Financial Literacy Program will provide individuals with developmental disabilities an opportunity to obtain a better understanding of financial products and services, financial management, employment options, and federal and state

³⁹ VISIT Florida is statutorily referred to as the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation. s. 288.1226, F.S.

⁴⁰ This report is due to the Legislature on November 1 annually.

benefits. Employers will also benefit from resources that will facilitate employment of individuals with developmental disabilities.

Financial institutions may incur indeterminate costs associated with providing brochures about the program at their places of business and revising their websites to provide a link to access the Financial Literacy Program's website.

State Equal Employment Policy

Indeterminate.

Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program

Under the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program a business that receives a designation may experience greater patronage due to the designation. Local or national disability organizations may receive additional donations from businesses seeking a designation under the program.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Financial Literacy

The bill provides the recurring amount of \$69,570 from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund within the Department of Financial Services (DFS) to implement this program. This appropriation funds the costs associated with printing and shipping 50 brochures to an estimated 4,500 financial institution branch offices in Florida. The bill requires the DFS to make copies of the brochure available to a bank, savings association, or savings bank upon request of such financial institution.

State Equal Employment Policy

The DMS staff estimates the implementation of the bill will require two additional full-time positions. The total cost for two Human Resource Consultant positions with the standard expense package is \$146,456. 42

In addition, the People First system, the state's human resource information system, will need to be enhanced to add an "individual who has a disability" indicator to fully implement the reporting requirements of this bill. The DMS estimates a cost of \$18,500 to implement these changes. 43

The bill appropriates \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in nonrecurring funds from the State Personnel System Trust Fund to DMS, and authorizes two positions. The bill also appropriates the recurring sums of \$74,234 from the General Revenue Fund and

⁴¹ Department of Financial Services, Senate Bill 376 Analysis (Oct. 5, 2015) (on file with the Senate Committee on Banking and Insurance).

⁴² Department of Management Services, *SB 7010 Analysis*, October 9, 2105 (on file with the Senate Fiscal Policy Committee).

⁴³ Id.

\$64,458 from trust funds and the nonrecurring sums of \$14,051 from the General Revenue Fund and \$12,213 from trust funds to Administered Funds, which provide the revenue source to support the appropriation provided to the DMS, for distribution among the agencies.

Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program

For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the bill appropriates \$100,000 in recurring funds and \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund for the development, implementation, and administration of the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program. Sufficient revenue is available in that fund to support the recurring and nonrecurring appropriations.

According to the DEO, there will be costs associated with staff time to develop the program, process applications, determine compliance, and designate businesses, and also staff time for IT personnel to create, maintain, and update the website that is required by the bill.⁴⁴

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill directs the DMS and the DEO to adopt rules to implement the provisions of the bill.

Under the ADA, employers are prohibited from inquiring about whether a person has a disability or the nature of a disability prior to employment. However, an employer may inquire about the applicant's ability to perform job-related functions. Upon employment, an employer may require a medical examination if it is required of all employees, is job-related, and consistent with business necessity. Any medical information obtained from the medical examination must be maintained in a separate file. If an employee requests a reasonable accommodation, an employer is permitted to request documentation sufficient to substantiate the need for the reasonable accommodation.

The DMS uses data from the Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Tabulation that is published by the U.S. Census Bureau for information on women and minorities. The EEO Tabulation provides detailed occupational statistics by race, ethnicity, and sex in the labor market by location-based geography. The state's data center, DEO, has informed the DMS that data for individuals who have a disability is not available at the occupational level. Data is only available

⁴⁴ Department of Economic Opportunity, *2015 Senate Bill Analysis for Senate Bill 1246* (Mar. 5, 2015), which included substantively similar provisions (on file with the Senate Commerce and Tourism Committee).

⁴⁵ See 42 U.S.C. s. 12112.

⁴⁶ EEOC, No. 915.002, *EEOC Enforcement Guidance of Disability-Related Inquiries and Medical Examinations of Employees Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)*, July 27, 2000, http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/guidance-inquiries.html (last visited Sept. 29, 2015).

in broad categories (employed/unemployed, full-time/less than full-time). Accordingly, it might be difficult for agencies to establish numerical goals on such limited data.⁴⁷

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill substantially amends sections 20.60, 110.107, 110.112, 280.16, and 393.063 of the Florida Statutes.

The bill creates section 17.68 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill creates two undesignated sections of Florida Law.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Fiscal Policy on November 19, 2015:

The committee substitute modifies the state's equal opportunity policy and creates several programs related to the economic independence of individuals who have disabilities. Specifically, the bill:

- Creates the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities within the DFS;
- Modifies the state's employment policy to provide enhanced executive agency employment opportunities for persons who have a disability;
- Creates the Employment First Act requiring an interagency cooperative agreement among specified state agencies and organizations to ensure a long-term commitment to improve employment for individuals who have a disability;
- Creates the Florida Unique Abilities Partner program within the DEO to recognize businesses that employ or support the independence of individuals who have a disability; and
- Makes appropriations to implement the programs.

As recommended by Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government the committee substitute specifies the recurring and nonrecurring amounts appropriated to Administered Funds.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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⁴⁷ Supra note 35.

By the Committee on Governmental Oversight and Accountability

585-00726-16 20167010

A bill to be entitled An act relating to individuals with disabilities; reordering and amending s. 110.107, F.S.; revising definitions and defining the term "individual who has a disability"; amending s. 110.112, F.S.; revising the state's equal employment opportunity policy to include individuals who have a disability; requiring each executive agency to annually report to the Department of Management Services regarding the agency's progress in increasing employment among certain underrepresented groups; revising the required content of the department's annual workforce report; requiring the department to develop and implement certain programs geared toward individuals who have a disability; requiring the department to develop training programs by a specified date; requiring each executive agency to develop a plan regarding the employment of individuals who have a disability by a specified date; requiring the department to report to the Governor and the Legislature regarding implementation; requiring the department to compile and post data regarding the hiring practices of executive agencies regarding the employment of individuals who have a disability; requiring the department to assist executive agencies in identifying strategies to retain employees who have a disability; requiring the department to adopt certain rules; specifying that the act does not create any enforceable right or benefit; creating the "Employment

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30	First Act"; providing legislative findings and intent;
31	providing a purpose; requiring specified state
32	agencies and organizations to develop and implement an
33	interagency cooperative agreement; requiring the
34	interagency cooperative agreement to provide the
35	roles, responsibilities, and objectives of state
36	agencies and organizations; providing appropriations;
37	providing an effective date.
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39	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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41	Section 1. Section 110.107, Florida Statutes, is reordered
42	and amended to read:
43	110.107 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
44	(5) "Department" means the Department of Management
45	Services.
46	(28) (2) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Management
47	Services.
48	(11) "Furlough" means a temporary reduction in the
49	regular hours of employment in a pay period, or temporary leave
50	without pay for one or more pay periods, with a commensurate
51	reduction in pay, which is necessitated by a projected deficit
52	in any fund that supports salary and benefit appropriations. The
53	deficit must be projected by the Revenue Estimating Conference
54	pursuant to s. 216.136(3).
55	(30) (4) "State agency" or "agency" means any official,
56	officer, commission, board, authority, council, committee, or
57	department of the executive branch or the judicial branch of
58	state government as defined in chapter 216.

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(21) "Position" means the work, consisting of duties and responsibilities, assigned to be performed by an officer or employee.

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(10)(6) "Full-time position" means a position authorized for the entire normally established work period, whether daily, weekly, monthly, or annually.

 $\underline{\text{(18)}}$ "Part-time position" means a position authorized for less than the entire normally established work period, whether daily, weekly, monthly, or annually.

(16)(8) "Occupation" means all positions that which are sufficiently similar in knowledge, skills, and abilities, and the sufficiently similar as to kind or subject matter of work.

(17) "Occupational group" means a group of occupations that which are sufficiently similar in the kind of work performed to warrant the use of the same performance factors in determining the level of complexity for all occupations in that occupational group.

 $\underline{(3)}$ "Classification plan" means a formal description of the concepts, rules, job family definitions, occupational group characteristics, and occupational profiles used in the classification of positions.

(20)(11) "Pay plan" means a formal description of the philosophy, methods, procedures, and salary schedules for competitively compensating employees at market-based rates for work performed.

 $\underline{(27)}$ "Salary schedule" means an official document $\underline{\text{that}}$ which contains a complete list of occupation titles, broadband level codes, and pay bands.

(1) (13) "Authorized position" means a position included in

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an approved budget. In counting the number of authorized positions, part-time positions may be converted to full-time 90 equivalents. (8) (14) "Established position" means an authorized position that which has been classified in accordance with a 93 classification and pay plan as provided by law. (22) (15) "Position number" means the identification number assigned to an established position. (26) (16) "Reclassification" means the changing of an 96 97 established position in one broadband level in an occupational group to a higher or lower broadband level in the same occupational group or to a broadband level in a different 99 occupational group. 100 101 (24) (17) "Promotion" means the changing of the classification of an employee to a broadband level having a higher maximum salary; or the changing of the classification of 103 an employee to a broadband level having the same or a lower 104 105 maximum salary but a higher level of responsibility. 106 (4) (18) "Demotion" means the changing of the classification 107 of an employee to a broadband level having a lower maximum salary; or the changing of the classification of an employee to 108 a broadband level having the same or a higher maximum salary but 110 a lower level of responsibility. 111 (32) (19) "Transfer" means moving an employee from one geographic location of the state to a different geographic 112 location more than in excess of 50 miles from the employee's 113 114 current work location. 115 (25) (20) "Reassignment" means moving an employee from a

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position in one broadband level to a different position in the

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same broadband level or to a different broadband level having the same maximum salary.

(6) (21) "Dismissal" means a disciplinary action taken by an agency pursuant to s. 110.227 against an employee which results resulting in the termination of his or her employment.

 $\underline{(15)}$ "Layoff" means termination of employment due to a shortage of funds or work, or a material change in the duties or organization of an agency, including the outsourcing or privatization of an activity or function previously performed by career service employees.

 $\underline{(7)}$ "Employing agency" means any agency authorized to employ personnel to carry out the responsibilities of the agency under the provisions of chapter 20 or other $\underline{\text{law}}$ statutory authority.

 $\underline{\text{(9)}}$ "Firefighter" means a firefighter certified under chapter 633.

(14) (27) "Law enforcement or correctional officer" means a law enforcement officer, special agent, correctional officer,

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146	correctional probation officer, or institutional security
147	specialist required to be certified under chapter 943.
148	(23) (28) "Professional health care provider" means
149	registered nurses, physician's assistants, dentists,
150	psychologists, nutritionists or dietitians, pharmacists,
151	psychological specialists, physical therapists, and speech and
152	hearing therapists.
153	(13) (29) "Job family" means a defined grouping of one or
154	more occupational groups.
155	(19) "Pay band" means the minimum salary, the maximum
156	salary, and intermediate rates $\underline{\text{that}}$ which are payable for work
157	in a specific broadband level.
158	(2)(31) "Broadband level" means all positions that which
159	are sufficiently similar in knowledge, skills, and abilities $\underline{\boldsymbol{\cdot}}$
160	the, and sufficiently similar as to kind or subject matter of
161	work; the r level of difficulty or the level of
162	responsibilities $\underline{\underline{i}_{\mathcal{T}}}$ and $\underline{\underline{\text{the}}}$ qualification requirements of the
163	work $\underline{\text{so as}}$ to warrant the same treatment $\underline{\text{with respect}}$ as to
164	title, pay band, and other personnel transactions.
165	(12) "Individual who has a disability" means a person who
166	has a physical or intellectual impairment that substantially
167	limits one or more major life activities; a person who has a
168	history or record of such an impairment; or a person who is
169	perceived by others as having such an impairment.
170	Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 110.112,
171	Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (3) through
172	(6) of that section are redesignated as subsections (4) through
173	(7), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that
174	section, to read:

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110.112 Affirmative action; equal employment opportunity.-

- (1) It is shall be the policy of this the state to assist in providing the assurance of equal employment opportunity through programs of affirmative and positive action that will allow full utilization of women, and minorities, and individuals who have a disability.
- (2) (a) The head of each executive agency shall develop and implement an affirmative action plan in accordance with rules adopted by the department and approved by a majority vote of the Administration Commission before their adoption.
- (b) Each executive agency shall establish annual goals for ensuring full utilization of groups underrepresented in the agency's its workforce, including women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability, as compared to the relevant labor market, as defined by the agency. Each executive agency shall design its affirmative action plan to meet its established goals.
- (c) Each executive agency shall annually report to the department regarding the agency's progress toward increasing employment among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability.
- (d) (c) An affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer shall be appointed by the head of each executive agency. The affirmative action-equal employment opportunity officer's responsibilities must include determining annual goals, monitoring agency compliance, and providing consultation to managers regarding progress, deficiencies, and appropriate corrective action.
 - (e) (d) The department shall report information in its

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585-00726-16 20167010 204 annual workforce report relating to the implementation, 205 continuance, updating, and results of each executive agency's 206 affirmative action plan for the previous fiscal year. The annual workforce report must also include data for each executive 208 agency relating to employment levels among women, minorities, and individuals who have a disability. 209 210

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(f) (e) The department shall provide to all supervisory personnel of the executive agencies training in the principles of equal employment opportunity and affirmative action, the development and implementation of affirmative action plans, and the establishment of annual affirmative action goals. The department may contract for training services, and each participating agency shall reimburse the department for costs incurred through such contract. After the department approves the contents of the training program for the agencies, the department may delegate this training to the executive agencies.

(3) (a) The department, in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and the Division of Blind Services of the Department of Education, the Department of Economic Opportunity, and the Executive Office of the Governor, shall develop and implement programs that incorporate internships, mentoring, onthe-job training, unpaid work experience, situational assessments, and other innovative strategies that are specifically geared toward individuals who have a disability.

229 (b) By January 1, 2017, the department shall develop mandatory training programs for human resources personnel and 230 231 hiring managers of executive agencies which support the employment of individuals who have a disability. 232

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(c)1. By January 1, 2017, each executive agency shall develop an agency-specific plan that addresses how to promote employment opportunities for individuals who have a disability.

- 2. The department shall assist executive agencies in the implementation of agency-specific plans. The department shall regularly report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the progress of executive agencies in implementing these plans. Such reports shall be made at least biannually.
- (d) The department shall compile data regarding the hiring practices of executive agencies with regard to individuals who have a disability and make such data available on its website.
- (e) The department shall assist executive agencies in identifying and implementing strategies for retaining employees who have a disability which include, but are not limited to, training programs, funding reasonable accommodations, increasing access to appropriate technologies, and ensuring accessibility of physical and virtual workplaces.
- (f) The department shall adopt rules relating to forms that provide for the voluntary self-identification of individuals who have a disability who are employed by an executive agency.
- (g) This subsection does not create any substantive or procedural right or benefit enforceable at law or in equity against the state or a state agency, or an officer, employee, or agent thereof.

Section 3. Employment First Act.-

- - (2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.—The Legislature finds

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 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 7010

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262	that employment is the most direct and cost-effective means to
263	assist an individual in achieving independence and fulfillment;
264	however, individuals with disabilities are confronted by unique
265	barriers to employment which inhibit their opportunities to
266	compete fairly in the labor force. It is the intent of the
267	Legislature to provide a framework for a long-term commitment to
268	improving employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities
269	in this state through the implementation of this act.
270	(3) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this act is to prioritize
271	employment of individuals with disabilities and to change the
272	employment system to better integrate individuals with
273	disabilities into the workforce. This act encourages a
274	collaborative effort between state agencies and organizations to
275	achieve better employment outcomes for individuals with
276	disabilities.
277	(4) INTERAGENCY COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—The following state
278	agencies and organizations, and others, as appropriate, shall
279	develop an interagency cooperative agreement to implement this
280	act:
281	(a) The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the
282	Department of Education.
283	(b) The Division of Blind Services of the Department of
284	Education.
285	(c) The Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student
286	Services of the Department of Education.
287	(d) The Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
288	(e) The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Program of the
289	Department of Children and Families.
290	(f) The Department of Economic Opportunity.

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291	(g) CareerSource Florida, Inc.
292	(h) The Florida Developmental Disabilities Council.
293	(i) The Florida Association of Rehabilitation Facilities.
294	(j) Other appropriate organizations.
295	(5) ROLES, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND OBJECTIVES.—The
296	interagency cooperative agreement must identify the roles and
297	responsibilities of the state agencies and organizations
298	identified in subsection (4) and the objectives of the
299	interagency cooperative agreement, which must include all of the
300	following:
301	(a) Establishing a commitment by leadership of the state
302	agencies and organizations to maximize resources and
303	coordination to improve employment outcomes for individuals with
304	disabilities who seek publicly funded services.
305	(b) Developing strategic goals and benchmarks to assist the
306	state agencies and organizations in the implementation of this
307	agreement.
308	(c) Identifying financing and contracting methods that will
309	help to prioritize employment for individuals with disabilities
310	by state agencies and organizations.
311	(d) Establishing training methods to better integrate
312	individuals with disabilities into the workforce.
313	(e) Ensuring collaborative efforts between multiple
314	agencies to achieve the purposes of this act.
315	(f) Promoting service innovations to better assist
316	individuals with disabilities in the workplace.
317	(g) Identifying accountability measures to ensure the
318	sustainability of this agreement.
319	Section 4. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the following
,	

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 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

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320	sums are appropriated for the purpose of implementing the	
321	amendments made by this act to s. 110.112, Florida Statutes,	
322	relating to the employment of individuals who have a disability:	
323	(1) The sums of \$138,692 in recurring funds and \$26,264 in	
324	nonrecurring funds are appropriated from the State Personnel	
325	System Trust Fund to the Department of Management Services, and	
326	two full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate	
327	of 92,762 are authorized.	
328	(2) The sum of \$88,285 from the General Revenue Fund and	
329	the sum of \$76,671 from trust funds are appropriated to	
330	Administered Funds in the "Special Categories - Transfer to	
331	Department of Management Services - Human Resources Services	
332	Purchased per Statewide Contract" appropriations category for	
333	distribution among agencies.	
334	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.	

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Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Governmental Oversight and Accountability, Chair
Judiciary, Vice Chair
Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on Education
Children, Families, and Elder Affairs
Commerce and Tourism

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Select Committee on Collective Bargaining

SENATOR JEREMY RING 29th District

November 18, 2015

Senator Anitere Flores, Chair Committee on Fiscal Policy 225 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Madam Chair:

I appreciate you including SB 7010, relating to Individuals with Disabilities, on the Committee on Fiscal Policy agenda. Unfortunately, due to a scheduling conflict, I will not be able to present the bill in committee. Therefore, I respectfully request that my Legislative Assistant J.J. Piskadlo be allowed to present the bill on my behalf.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you or your staff have any questions.

Very Truly Yours,

Jeremy Ring

Senator District 29

Juny Rung

cc: Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director
Tamra Lyon, Committee Administrative Assistant

REPLY TO:

☐ 5790 Margate Boulevard, Margate, Florida 33063 (954) 917-1392 FAX: (954) 917-1394

☐ 405 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5029

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

ANDY GARDINER President of the Senate

GARRETT RICHTER President Pro Tempore

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)			
Topic SB 7010 (as amended CS) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name Wargaret S. Flooder			
Job Title Police Coordinates			
Address 124 Massiat Prive # 203 Phone 850-921-7263			
Street Jahassee FL 32301 Email Margard Deformation			
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: Hr Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)			
Representing Florida			
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No			
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.			
This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)			

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

11-19-2015	7010
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Brian Pitts	
Job Title <u>Trustee</u>	
Address 1119 Newton Ave S. Street	Phone 727/897-929/
St Petersbung FL City State	33705 Email
Speaking: Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Justice-2-Jesus</u>	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Vo
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, timeeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remains	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Education Pre-K - 12, Chair Ethics and Elections, Vice Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Education Fiscal Policy Government Oversight and Accountability Higher Education

Legg.John.web@FLSenate.gov

SENATOR JOHN LEGG

17th District

November 18, 2015

The Honorable Anitere Flores Committee on Fiscal Policy, Chair 225 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

RE: Excused Absence

Dear Chair Flores:

I am unable to attend the Committee on Fiscal Policy on Thursday, November 19, 2015 and I respectfully request that this absence be excused. Your leadership and consideration are appreciated.

Sincerely,

John Legg

State Senator, District 17

cc:

Jennifer Hrdlicka Staff Director

Tamra Lyon, Administrative Assistant

□ 316 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5017

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Regulated industries, Vice Chair
Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government
Banking and Insurance
Finance and Tax
Fiscal Policy

SENATOR GWEN MARGOLIS

35th District

November 19, 2015

Senator Anitere Flores, Chair Fiscal Policy Committee Suite 413 Senate Office Building Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Dear Chair Flores:

This letter is to request that I be excused from the Fiscal Policy Committee meeting which was held on Thursday, November 19, 2015. My inability to attend was due to circumstances beyond my control.

Your consideration of my request would be very much appreciated.

Sincerely,

Gwen Margolis

State Senator District 35

cc: Ms. Jennifer Hrdlicka, Staff Director

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: KN 412 Case No.: Type:

Caption: Senate Fiscal Policy Committee Judge:

Started: 11/19/2015 9:02:52 AM

Ends: 11/19/2015 10:18:09 AM Length: 01:15:18

9:02:50 AM Meeting called to order9:03:18 AM Vice-Chair Bradley calls the Fiscal Policy Committee to order

9:03:20 AM Roll call

9:03:24 AM Quorum present

9:03:42 AM SB 288 Sen. Smith Presenting

9:04:04 AM Sen. Smith closes 9:04:56 AM Roll call on SB 288 9:05:02 AM SB 288 passes 9:05:19 AM CS/CS/SB 130

9:05:48 AM Presented by Sen. Richter's aide Michael Nachef 9:06:11 AM Chief Frank Fabrizio FL Police Chiefs Association

9:07:34 AM Casey Cook FL League of Cities

9:08:36 AM Sally Everett City of St. Petersburg

9:08:47 AM Brian Pitts Justice-2-Jesus

9:11:40 AM Sen. Flores recognized for debate
9:12:53 AM Michael Nachef recognized to close
0:12:53 AM Pall called an CS/CS/SR 120

9:13:53 AM Roll called on CS/CS/SB 130

9:14:02 AM CS/CS/SB 130 passes

9:14:17 AM Sen. Flores shown to be voting in favor of SB 288

9:14:41 AM SB 194 Presented by Sen. Hukill Sen. Clemens recognized for question

9:15:59 AM Sen. Hukill with response

9:16:07 AM Sen. Clemens with follow-up question

9:16:29 AM Sen. Hukill response 9:16:52 AM Sen. Clemens response 9:17:45 AM Sen. Hukill response

9:17:54 AM Appearances

9:18:03 AM Darrick McGhee Halifax Health 9:18:14 AM Brian Pitts Justice-2-Jesus

9:20:01 AM Sen. Clemens recognized in debate Sen. Hukill recognized to close

9:21:38 AM Roll called on SB 194

9:21:59 AM SB 194 passes

9:22:17 AM SB 376

9:22:31 AM SB 376 presented by Sen. Hukill 9:22:46 AM No objections to taking up PCS

9:23:06 AM Procedure change

9:23:50 AM PCS 170500 presented by Sen. Hukill

9:24:14 AM Appearances

9:24:55 AM Margaret Hooper FL Developmental Disabilities Council

9:25:08 AM Brian Pitts Justice-2-Jesus

9:25:51 AM No debate

9:26:50 AM Sen. Hukill closes on PCS 9:26:57 AM PCS 170500 adopted 9:27:02 AM Roll called on SB 376 9:27:09 AM CS/SB 376 passes

9:27:21 AM SB 7010

9:27:39 AM SB 7010 PCS taken up without objection

9:27:55 AM Sen. Hukill recognized to explain amendment #382240

9:29:08 AM Margaret Hooper waives in support

9:30:09 AM Brian Pitts Justice-2-Jesus

9:32:43 AM Sen. Hukill recognized to speak on SB 7010 PCS as amended

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9:33:42 AM
               Sen. Hukill recognized to close on the bill as amended
9:33:55 AM
               CS/SB 7010 roll call
               CS/SB 7010 passes
9:34:16 AM
               SB 388 presented by Charlie Anderson, Sen. Detert's aide
9:34:30 AM
9:34:50 AM
               Appearances
               Margaret Hooper waives in support
9:35:47 AM
               Brian Pitts waives time
9:35:53 AM
               SB 388 roll call
9:36:02 AM
9:36:08 AM
               SB 388 passes
               CS/SB 228 presented by Sen. Bean
9:36:20 AM
9:36:37 AM
               Appearances
9:36:55 AM
               Hon. Nancy Daniels Public Defender Assoc, waives in support
9:37:10 AM
               Frank Fabrizio of FL Police Chiefs Assoc. waives in support
9:37:23 AM
               Sen. Sachs comment
9:37:34 AM
               Senator Bean closes
               Roll call on CS/SB 228
9:37:41 AM
9:37:50 AM
               CS/SB 228 passes
9:38:04 AM
               Sen, Flores turns chair over to Sen, Bradley
9:38:11 AM
               Sen. Flores presents CS/SB 416 Location of Utilities
               Speakers on CS/SB 416
9:38:24 AM
9:39:00 AM
               Casev Reed AT&T waives in support
               Megan Samples FL League of Cities
9:39:18 AM
               Sen. Hays with question for Ms. Samples
9:40:46 AM
9:41:47 AM
               Megan Samples response
9:41:57 AM
               Sen. Hays follow-up
               Sen. Clemens recognized with question
9:42:26 AM
9:42:37 AM
               Megan Samples response
9:42:44 AM
               Sen. Clemens with another question
9:43:29 AM
               Megan Samples respones
9:43:32 AM
               Tracy Hatch with AT&T
9:48:05 AM
               Sen. Clemens with question for Mr. Hatch
9:48:16 AM
               Tracy Hatch response
9:48:31 AM
               Sen. Bradley with question
9:48:48 AM
               Tracy Hatch response to Sen. Bradley's question
9:49:43 AM
               Sen. Bradley with follow-up
9:50:43 AM
               Tracy Hatch response
9:51:03 AM
               Sen. Sachs recognized with question
9:51:41 AM
               Tracy Hatch response
               Sen. Sachs with follow-up question
9:51:44 AM
9:52:05 AM
               Tracy Hatch response
               Brewster Bevis AIF waives in support
9:52:15 AM
               Jim Burch of Cape Coral recognized to speak
9:52:48 AM
10:04:10 AM
               Sen. Hays with question for Jim Burch
10:05:10 AM
               Jim Burch response
               Sen. Hays with follow-up question
10:05:17 AM
               Jim Burch response
10:05:22 AM
               Frank Walker III FL Chamber of Commerce waives in support
10:06:39 AM
10:07:40 AM
               Doug Mannheimer with Sprint waives in support
               Jim Smith with Century Link waives in support
10:07:51 AM
               Brett Bacot with City of Ft. Meyers waives in opposition
10:08:01 AM
10:08:14 AM
               Charles Dudley of FL Cable Telecom. Assoc. waives in support
10:08:32 AM
               Brian Pitts with Justice-2-Jesus recognized to speak
10:09:50 AM
               Debate on CS/SB 416
10:10:50 AM
               No debate
              Sen. Flores recognized to close
10:11:02 AM
10:15:59 AM
              Roll call on CS/SB 416
              CS/SB 416 passes
10:17:00 AM
              Chair turned back over to Sen. Flores
10:17:22 AM
               Motion by Sen. Abruzzo to be shown as voting "yea" for the bills he missed
10:17:28 AM
10:17:49 AM
              Motion by Senator Bean to be shown on the record as voting "yea" for the bills he missed
10:18:00 AM
              Adjourned
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