#### The Florida Senate

### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

MILITARY AND VETERANS AFFAIRS, SPACE, AND DOMESTIC SECURITY
Senator Altman, Chair
Senator Gibson, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, April 1, 2014

**TIME:** 3:00 —6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Mallory Horne Committee Room, 37 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Altman, Chair; Senator Gibson, Vice Chair; Senators Abruzzo, Bullard, Dean, Evers,

Gardiner, Legg, and Sachs

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	CS/SB 296 Criminal Justice / Brandes (Similar CS/CS/H 209)	Carrying a Concealed Weapon or a Concealed Firearm; Providing an exemption from criminal penalties for carrying a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm when complying with a mandatory evacuation order during a declared state of emergency, etc.  CJ 03/03/2014 Fav/CS	Fav/CS Yeas 5 Nays 4
		MS 03/19/2014 Temporarily Postponed MS 03/25/2014 Temporarily Postponed MS 04/01/2014 Fav/CS CA	

Other Related Meeting Documents

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security					
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 296				
INTRODUCER:	Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security Committee; Criminal Justice Committee; and Senator Brandes				
SUBJECT:	Carrying a C	Concealed Weapon or a	a Concealed Firea	arm	
DATE:	April 2, 201	4 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
1. Cellon		Cannon	CJ	Fav/CS	
2. Ryon		Ryon	MS	Fav/CS	
3.			CA		

### Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

**COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes** 

### I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 296 creates an exception to s. 790.01, F.S. Section 790.01, F.S., is the statute that prohibits carrying concealed weapons or firearms unless a person is licensed to do so or if the weapon is a self-defense chemical spray or nonlethal stun gun or similar device designed for defensive purposes.

The exception provided in the bill allows a person to carry a concealed weapon, or firearm if he or she may otherwise lawfully possess a firearm, while in the act of complying with a mandatory evacuation order issued during a state of emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to ch. 252, F.S., or declared by a local authority pursuant to ch. 870, F.S., regardless of licensure status.

### **II.** Present Situation:

Under current Florida law, it is lawful for a person to carry a concealed weapon without a concealed weapon license for purposes of lawful self-defense, so long as the weapon is limited to self-defense chemical spray, a nonlethal stun gun, a dart-firing stun gun, or other nonlethal electric weapon or device that is designed solely for defensive purposes.<sup>1</sup>

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> s. 790.01(4), F.S.

Without licensure, carrying a different type of concealed weapon,<sup>2</sup> electric weapon, or device other than one designed solely for defensive purposes is a first degree misdemeanor.<sup>3</sup> Carrying a concealed firearm without proper licensure is a third degree felony offense.<sup>4</sup>

It is lawful for a person to openly carry a self-defense chemical spray, nonlethal stun gun or dartfiring stun gun, or other nonlethal electric weapon or device that is designed solely for defensive purposes.<sup>5</sup>

Certain persons under particular circumstances are exempt from the limitations on the open carry of weapons in s. 790.053, F.S., and the concealed firearm carry licensure requirements in s. 790.06, F.S., when the weapons and firearms are lawfully owned, possessed, and used. These persons and circumstances include:

- Members of the Militia, National Guard, Florida State Defense Force, Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, organized reserves, and other armed forces of the state and of the United States, when on duty, when training or preparing themselves for military duty, or while subject to recall or mobilization;
- Citizens of this state subject to duty in the Armed Forces under s. 2, Art. X of the State Constitution, under chs. 250 and 251, F.S., and under federal laws, when on duty or when training or preparing themselves for military duty;
- Persons carrying out or training for emergency management duties under ch. 252, F.S.;
- Sheriffs, marshals, prison or jail wardens, police officers, Florida highway patrol officers, game wardens, revenue officers, forest officials, special officers appointed under the provisions of ch. 354, F.S., and other peace and law enforcement officers and their deputies and assistants and full-time paid peace officers of other states and of the Federal Government who are carrying out official duties while in this state;
- Guards or messengers of common carriers, express companies, armored car carriers, mail
  carriers, banks, and other financial institutions, while actually employed in and about the
  shipment, transportation, or delivery of any money, treasure, bullion, bonds, or other thing of
  value within this state;
- Officers or employees of the state or United States duly authorized to carry a concealed weapon;
- Regularly enrolled members of any organization duly authorized to purchase or receive
  weapons from the United States or from this state, or regularly enrolled members of clubs
  organized for target, skeet, or trap shooting, while at or going to or from shooting practice; or
  regularly enrolled members of clubs organized for modern or antique firearms collecting,
  while such members are at or going to or from their collectors' gun shows, conventions, or
  exhibits;
- A person engaged in fishing, camping, or lawful hunting or going to or returning from a fishing, camping, or lawful hunting expedition;

\_\_\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A concealed weapon, under s. 790.001(3)(a), F.S., means any dirk, metallic knuckles, slungshot, billie, tear gas gun, chemical weapon or device, or other deadly weapon carried on or about a person in such a manner as to conceal the weapon from the ordinary sight of another person. The weapons listed in this definition require licensure to carry them in a concealed manner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> s. 790.01(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> s. 790.01(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> s. 790.053, F.S.

 A person engaged in the business of manufacturing, repairing, or dealing in firearms, or the agent or representative of any such person while engaged in the lawful course of such business;

- A person firing weapons for testing or target practice under safe conditions and in a safe place not prohibited by law or going to or from such place;
- A person firing weapons in a safe and secure indoor range for testing and target practice;
- A person traveling by private conveyance when the weapon is securely encased or in a public conveyance when the weapon is securely encased and not in the person's manual possession;
- A person while carrying a pistol unloaded and in a secure wrapper, concealed or otherwise, from the place of purchase to his or her home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his or her home or place of business;
- A person possessing arms at his or her home or place of business; and
- Investigators employed by the public defenders and capital collateral regional counsel of the state, while actually carrying out official duties.<sup>6</sup>

### **Concealed Weapons and Firearm Licensure**

The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS) is authorized to issue concealed weapon and firearm licenses to those applicants that qualify. Concealed weapons or concealed firearms are defined as a handgun, electronic weapon or device, tear gas gun, knife, or billie but not a machine gun for purposes of the licensure law.

To obtain a concealed weapons or firearm license, a person must complete, under oath, an application that includes:

- The name, address, place and date of birth, race, and occupation of the applicant;
- A full frontal view color photograph of the applicant which must be taken within the preceding 30 days;
- A statement that the applicant has been furnished with a copy of ch. 790, F.S., relating to weapons and firearms and is knowledgeable of its provisions;
- A warning that the application is executed under oath with penalties for falsifying or substituting false documents;
- A statement that the applicant desires a concealed weapon or firearms license as a means of lawful self-defense;
- A full set of fingerprints;
- Documented proof of completion of a firearms safety and training course; and
- A nonrefundable license fee.<sup>9</sup>

Additionally, the applicant must attest that he or she is in compliance with the criteria contained in subsections (2) and (3) of s. 790.06, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> s. 790.25(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> s. 790.06(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> s. 790.06(1)-(5), F.S.

Subsection (2) of s. 790.06, F.S., requires DACS to issue the license to carry a concealed weapon, if all other requirements are met, and the applicant:

- Is a resident of the United States and a citizen of the United States or a permanent resident alien of the United States, as determined by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, or is a consular security official of a foreign government that maintains diplomatic relations and treaties of commerce, friendship, and navigation with the United States and is certified as such by the foreign government and by the appropriate embassy in this country;
- Is 21 years of age or older;
- Does not suffer from a physical infirmity which prevents the safe handling of a weapon or firearm:
- Is not ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23, F.S., by virtue of having been convicted of a felony;
- Has not been committed for the abuse of a controlled substance or been found guilty of a crime under the provisions of ch. 893, F.S., or similar laws of any other state relating to controlled substances within a 3-year period immediately preceding the date on which the application is submitted;
- Does not chronically and habitually use alcoholic beverages or other substances to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired. It shall be presumed that an applicant chronically and habitually uses alcoholic beverages or other substances to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired if the applicant has been committed under ch. 397, F.S., or under the provisions of former ch. 396, F.S., or has been convicted under s. 790.151, F.S., or has been deemed a habitual offender under s. 856.011(3), F.S., or has had two or more convictions under s. 316.193, F.S., or similar laws of any other state, within the 3-year period immediately preceding the date on which the application is submitted;
- Has not been adjudicated an incapacitated person under s. 744.331, F.S., or similar laws of any other state, unless 5 years have elapsed since the applicant's restoration to capacity by court order;
- Has not been committed to a mental institution under ch. 394, F.S., or similar laws of any other state, unless the applicant produces a certificate from a licensed psychiatrist that he or she has not suffered from disability for at least 5 years prior to the date of submission of the application;
- Has not had adjudication of guilt withheld or imposition of sentence suspended on any felony
  or misdemeanor crime of domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or
  any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled, or the record has been sealed or
  expunged;
- Has not been issued an injunction that is currently in force and effect and that restrains the applicant from committing acts of domestic violence or acts of repeat violence; and
- Is not prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by any other provision of Florida or federal law. 10

DACS must deny the application if the applicant has been found guilty of, had adjudication of guilt withheld for, or had imposition of sentence suspended for one or more crimes of violence

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> s. 790.06(2), F.S.

constituting a misdemeanor, unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or the record has been sealed or expunged.<sup>11</sup>

DACS shall revoke a license if the licensee has been found guilty of, had adjudication of guilt withheld for, or had imposition of sentence suspended for one or more crimes of violence within the preceding 3 years.<sup>12</sup>

DACS shall, upon notification by a law enforcement agency, a court, or the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and subsequent written verification, suspend a license or the processing of an application for a license if the licensee or applicant is arrested or formally charged with a crime that would disqualify such person from having a license under this section, until final disposition of the case. <sup>13</sup> DACS shall suspend a license or the processing of an application for a license if the licensee or applicant is issued an injunction that restrains the licensee or applicant from committing acts of domestic violence or acts of repeat violence. <sup>14</sup>

In addition, DACS is required to suspend or revoke a concealed weapons license if the licensee:

- Is found to be ineligible under the criteria set forth in s. 790.06(2), F.S.;
- Develops or sustains a physical infirmity which prevents the safe handling of a weapon or firearm:
- Is convicted of a felony which would make the licensee ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23, F.S.;
- Is found guilty of a crime under the provisions of ch. 893, F.S., or similar laws of any other state, relating to controlled substances;
- Is committed as a substance abuser under ch. 397, F.S., or is deemed a habitual offender under s. 856.011(3), F.S., or similar laws of any other state;
- Is convicted of a second violation of s. 316.193, F.S., or a similar law of another state, within 3 years of a previous conviction of such section, or similar law of another state, even though the first violation may have occurred prior to the date on which the application was submitted;
- Is adjudicated an incapacitated person under s. 744.331, F.S., or similar laws of any other state; or
- Is committed to a mental institution under ch. 394, F.S., or similar laws of any other state. 15

Licensees must carry their license and valid identification any time they are in actual possession of a concealed weapon or firearm and display both documents upon demand by a law enforcement officer. <sup>16</sup> Failure to have proper documentation and display it upon demand is a second degree misdemeanor. <sup>17</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> s. 790.06(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> s. 790.06(10), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> s. 790.790.06(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> s. 790.06(1), F.S.

A concealed weapon or firearms license does not authorize a person to carry a weapon or firearm in a concealed manner into:

- Any place of nuisance as defined in s. 823.05, F.S.;
- Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol station;
- Any detention facility, prison, or jail;
- Any courthouse;
- Any courtroom, except that nothing in this section would preclude a judge from carrying a
  concealed weapon or determining who will carry a concealed weapon in his or her
  courtroom;
- Any polling place;
- Any meeting of the governing body of a county, public school district, municipality, or special district;
- Any meeting of the Legislature or a committee thereof;
- Any school, college, or professional athletic event not related to firearms;
- Any school administration building;
- Any portion of an establishment licensed to dispense alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises, which portion of the establishment is primarily devoted to such purpose;
- Any elementary or secondary school facility;
- Any career center;
- Any college or university facility unless the licensee is a registered student, employee, or faculty member of such college or university and the weapon is a stun gun or nonlethal electric weapon or device designed solely for defensive purposes and the weapon does not fire a dart or projectile;
- Inside the passenger terminal and sterile area of any airport, provided that no person shall be
  prohibited from carrying any legal firearm into the terminal, which firearm is encased for
  shipment for purposes of checking such firearm as baggage to be lawfully transported on any
  aircraft; or
- Any place where the carrying of firearms is prohibited by federal law.

Any person who willfully violates any of the above-listed provisions commits a misdemeanor of the second degree. <sup>18</sup>

#### **Firearms in Vehicles**

It is lawful for a person 18 years of age or older to possess a concealed firearm or other weapon for self-defense or other lawful purpose within the interior of a private conveyance, without a license, if the firearm or other weapon is securely encased or is otherwise not readily accessible for immediate use. The same is true for a legal long gun, without the need for encasement, when it is carried in the private conveyance for a lawful purpose.<sup>19</sup>

"Securely encased" means in a glove compartment, whether or not locked; snapped in a holster; in a gun case, whether or not locked; in a zippered gun case; or in a closed box or container

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> s. 790.06(12), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> s. 790.25(5), F.S.

which requires a lid or cover to be opened for access.<sup>20</sup> The term "readily accessible for immediate use" means that a firearm or other weapon is carried on the person or within such close proximity and in such a manner that it can be retrieved and used as easily and quickly as if carried on the person.<sup>21</sup>

### Reciprocity

DACS provides an up-to-date list of the states that honor Florida concealed carry licenses.<sup>22</sup> It should be noted that travel with a concealed weapon or firearm into states that do not honor Florida's concealed carry licenses, or when a person does not possess a concealed carry license subjects the person to the laws of that state.

### Limitations on Purchase of a Firearm

Florida law prohibits transfer of a firearm by a federally licensed firearm dealer to a person who:

- Has been convicted of a felony and is prohibited from receipt or possession of a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23, F.S.;
- Has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence;
- Has had an adjudication of guilt withheld or imposition of sentence suspended on any felony
  or misdemeanor crime of domestic violence unless three years have elapsed since probation
  or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or expunction has occurred;
- Has been indicted or has had an information filed against her or him for an offense that is a felony under state or federal law (pending disposition information that indicates the potential buyer is not prohibited);
- Has had an injunction for protection against domestic violence entered against him or her under s. 741.30, F.S.;
- Has had an injunction for protection against repeat violence entered against him or her under s. 784.046, F.S.; or
- Has been arrested for a dangerous crime as specified under s. 907.041(4)(a), F.S., or the crimes listed in s. 790.065(2)(c), F.S., (pending disposition information that indicates the potential buyer is not prohibited).

### **Emergency Management Powers of the Governor**

Section 252.36(1), F.S., states that the Governor is responsible for meeting the dangers presented to this state and its people by emergencies. Under that authority the Governor can declare a state of emergency.

Section 252.36(2), F.S., provides that the state of emergency shall continue until the Governor finds that the threat or danger has been dealt with to the extent that the emergency conditions no longer exist and she or he terminates the state of emergency by executive order or proclamation, but no state of emergency may continue for longer than 60 days unless renewed by the Governor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> s. 790.001(17), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> s. 790.001(16), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> http://www.freshfromflorida.com/content/download/7444/118465/ReciprocityList.pdf

The Legislature by concurrent resolution may terminate a state of emergency at any time. Thereupon, the Governor shall issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state of emergency.

In addition, pursuant to s. 252.36(5), F.S., the Governor may:

- Direct and compel the evacuation of all or part of the population from any stricken or threatened area within the state;<sup>23</sup> and
- Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives, and combustibles. However, nothing contained in ss. 252.31-252.90, F.S., shall be construed to authorize the seizure, taking, or confiscation of firearms that are lawfully possessed, unless a person is engaged in the commission of a criminal act.<sup>24</sup>

### **Local States of Emergency for Overt Acts of Violence**

Section 870.043, F.S., authorizes sheriffs and designated city officials to declare a state of emergency if he or she determines that there has been an act of violence or a flagrant and substantial defiance of, or resistance to, a lawful exercise of public authority and that, on account thereof, there is reason to believe that there exists a clear and present danger of a riot or other general public disorder, widespread disobedience of the law, and substantial injury to persons or to property, all of which constitute an imminent threat to public peace or order and to the general welfare of the jurisdiction affected or a part or parts thereof. The state of emergency commences upon its declaration and terminates 72 hours thereafter unless, prior to the end of the 72-hour period, the public official, Governor, county commission, or city council terminate it.<sup>25</sup>

Whenever a sheriff or city official declares a state of emergency, he or she may order and promulgate all or any of the following emergency measures, in whole or in part, with any limitations and conditions he or she deems appropriate:

- The establishment of curfews, including, but not limited to, the prohibition of or restrictions on pedestrian and vehicular movement, standing, and parking;
- The prohibition of the sale or distribution of any alcoholic beverage;
- The prohibition of the possession on any person in a public place of any portable container containing any alcoholic beverage;
- The closing of places of public assemblage with designated exceptions;
- The prohibition of the sale or other transfer of possession, with or without consideration, of gasoline or any other flammable or combustible liquid altogether or except by delivery into a tank properly affixed to an operable motor-driven vehicle, bike, scooter, boat, or airplane and necessary for the propulsion thereof; and
- The prohibition of the possession in a public place of any portable container containing gasoline or any other flammable or combustible liquid.<sup>26</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> s. 252.36(5)(e), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> s. 252.36(5)(h), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> s. 870.047, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> s. 870.045, F.S.

In addition to the above-described measures that a local public official has discretion to order, the following acts are prohibited during a state of emergency declared under ch. 870, F.S.:

- The sale of, or offer to sell, with or without consideration, any ammunition or gun or other firearm of any size or description;
- The intentional display, after the emergency is declared, by or in any store or shop of any ammunition or gun or other firearm of any size or description; and
- The intentional possession in a public place of a firearm by any person, except a duly authorized law enforcement official or person in military service acting in the official performance of her or his duty.<sup>27</sup>

A violation of any of the above-described provisions is a first degree misdemeanor.

### III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill creates an exception to s. 790.01, F.S., the statute that prohibits carrying concealed weapons or firearms unless a person is licensed to do so. If the weapon is a self-defense chemical spray or nonlethal stun gun or similar device designed for defensive purposes, a person may carry it concealed without a license.

The exception provided in the bill allows a person to carry a concealed weapon or firearm on or about his or her person, regardless of licensure status, while in the act of complying with a mandatory evacuation order issued during a state of emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to ch. 252, F.S., or declared by a local authority pursuant to ch. 870, F.S. In order to carry a firearm the person must be lawfully able to possess the firearm.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2014.

### IV. Constitutional Issues:

Α.

	1 , ,
	None.
B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:
	None.
C.	Trust Funds Restrictions:
	None.

Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> s. 870.044, F.S.

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference considered SB 296 on January 30, 2014 and determined that it would have an insignificant prison bed impact.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Section 870.044(3), F.S., prohibits a person from intentionally possessing a firearm in a public place during a state of emergency declared by a local authority. This provision appears to conflict with the bill, which allows a person to carry a concealed weapon or firearm while complying with a mandatory evacuation order issued during a state of emergency declared by a local authority. This apparent conflict may be resolved with a notwithstanding clause.

### VII. Related Issues:

None.

### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 790.01 of the Florida Statutes.

### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

## CS/CS by Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security on April 1, 2014:

Expands the concealed weapon or firearm licensure exception to apply while a person is in the act of complying with a mandatory evacuation order issued during a state of emergency declared by a local authority pursuant to ch. 870, F.S.

### CS by Criminal Justice on March 3, 2014:

Clarifies that convicted felons who are not permitted to possess a firearm under any circumstances are not permitted to do so while following an evacuation order.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/01/2014		
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security (Evers) recommended the following:

### Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

2 3

4

5

1

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

6 read:

Section 1. Section 790.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to

7 8

790.01 Unlicensed carrying of concealed weapons or concealed firearms.-

9 10

(1) Except as provided in subsection (3) (4), a person who is not licensed under s. 790.06 and who carries a concealed

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39



weapon or electric weapon or device on or about his or her person commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person who is not licensed under s. 790.06 and who carries a concealed firearm on or about his or her person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) This section does not apply to: a person licensed to carry a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm pursuant to the provisions of s. 790.06.
- (a) A person who carries a concealed weapon, or a person who may lawfully possess a firearm and who carries a concealed firearm, on or about his or her person while in the act of complying with a mandatory evacuation order issued during a state of emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to chapter 252 or declared by a local authority pursuant to chapter 870.
- (b) (4) It is not a violation of this section for A person who carries to carry for purposes of lawful self-defense, in a concealed manner:
  - 1. (a) A self-defense chemical spray.
- 2.(b) A nonlethal stun gun or dart-firing stun gun or other nonlethal electric weapon or device that is designed solely for defensive purposes.
- (4) (4) (5) This section does not preclude any prosecution for the use of an electric weapon or device, a dart-firing stun qun, or a self-defense chemical spray during the commission of any criminal offense under s. 790.07, s. 790.10, s. 790.23, or s. 790.235, or for any other criminal offense.



40 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014. 41 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 42 And the title is amended as follows: 43 44 Delete everything before the enacting clause 45 and insert: 46 A bill to be entitled 47 An act relating to carrying a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm; amending s. 790.01, F.S.; providing 48 an exemption from criminal penalties for carrying a 49 50 concealed weapon or a concealed firearm while in the 51 act of complying with a mandatory evacuation order 52 during a declared state of emergency; providing an 53 effective date.

Florida Senate - 2014 CS for SB 296

By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Brandes

591-02083-14 2014296c1 A bill to be entitled

22 23 24

> 25 26 27

28

An act relating to carrying a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm; amending s. 790.01, F.S.; providing an exemption from criminal penalties for carrying a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm when complying with a mandatory evacuation order during a declared state of emergency; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 790.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.01 Carrying concealed weapons or concealed firearms.-

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) (4), a person who carries a concealed weapon or electric weapon or device on or about his or her person commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person who carries a concealed firearm on or about his or her person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
  - (3) This section does not apply to:
- (a) A person licensed to carry a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm pursuant to the provisions of s. 790.06.
- (b) A person who carries a concealed weapon or a person who may lawfully possess a firearm and who carries a concealed firearm on or about his or her person while complying with a mandatory evacuation order issued during a state of emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to chapter 252.

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2014 CS for SB 296

	591-02083-14 2014296c1
30	(c) (4) It is not a violation of this section for A person
31	who carries to carry for purposes of lawful self-defense, in a
32	concealed manner:
33	1.(a) A self-defense chemical spray.
34	$2. ext{(b)}$ A nonlethal stun gun or dart-firing stun gun or other
35	nonlethal electric weapon or device that is designed solely for
36	defensive purposes.
37	(4) (5) This section does not preclude any prosecution for

or a self-defense chemical spray during the commission of any criminal offense under s. 790.07, s. 790.10, s. 790.23, or s. 790.235, or for any other criminal offense.

the use of an electric weapon or device, a dart-firing stun gun,

39

40

42

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	
Topic Name <u>EleCtva BuSfle</u>	Bill Number 296  Amendment Barcode (6/53) (if applicable) (if applicable)
Job Title	•
Address	Phone
City State Zip	E-mail
Speaking: For Against Information  Representing Fouda Shufts Associal	75 N
	st registered with Legislature: Tyes No.
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not perm meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as m	it all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this eany persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/20/11)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	
Topic Firearms-Concealed Carry	Bill Number 50 296
Name Eric Friday	Amendment Barcode 6/5304 (if applicable)
Job Title General Course, Florida Carry	
Address 541 E Monroe St.	Phone 904-353-7733
Ctuact	E-mail chida pareiros
Chy State Dip	efriday@ fletcher and phillips.com
Speaking: For Against Information	phillips.com
Representing Florida Carry	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobby	vist registered with Legislature: Yes 🔲 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Topic	MANDATORY EVACUA	ATION		Bill Number 5B-294
	MARION P. HAM.			Amendment Barcode 6/5304 (if applicable)
Job Title	e			· ·
Address	P.O. BOX 1387			Phone 850-222-9518
	Street TALLHHASSEE City	FL State	32302	E-mail
Speakir	ng: For Against	Inform	ation	
Rep	resenting NRA (NATIONA	AL RIFLE 1	AssociATION)	UDIFIED SPORTSMENOF FLORIDA
	ng at request of Chair: Yes 📝			registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

### APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number 296 (if applicable) 1864ca **Amendment Barcode** (if applicable) Job Title Phone 850.61 State ✓ Against Information Speaking: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: Yes While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/20/11)

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession  Meeting Date	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic <u>Concealed Carry Juring Evacuation</u> Name <u>Chris Dawson</u> Job Title	Bill Number 296 (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 301 E. Pine Street, Suite 1400  Street  Orlando FL 32806  City State Zip	Phone 850-444-0066  E-mail Chris.dawson@gray-robinson.lon
Speaking: For Against Information  Representing Florida Swart Justice Alliance  Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	t registered with Legislature: XYes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as m	it all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this any persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/20/11)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

### APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

91.	(Deliver BOTH copies or this form to the Senator of Senate From	,,,,
2 APR 14		
Meeting Date		

Topic	Bill Number 58 296 (if applicable)
Name MG DON TYRE	Amendment Barcode
Job Title ASSISTANT ARTUNIANT GENERAL	
Address 400 S, MONKOR ST,	Phone (850) 414 - 9049
Street  TALLAHASSEE FL. 32399  City State Zip	E-mail
Speaking: Against Information	,
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Yes X No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession  Meeting Date	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic <u>Frrearms</u> Name <u>Evic Friday</u> Job Title General Course   Florida Carry	Bill Number 58296 (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address $\frac{S41}{Street}$ $\frac{E}{Street}$ $\frac{Street}{City}$ $\frac{State}{State}$ $\frac{32202}{State}$ Speaking: $$ Against $$ Information	Phone 914-353-7733 E-mail efriday of letcherand phillips.com
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	t registered with Legislature: Yes  No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as me	any persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/20/11)

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4/1/14 Marting Data

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Topic	MANDATORY EVACU	ATION		Bill Number <u>5B-294</u>
Name _	MARION P. HAM	MER		Amendment Barcode
Job Title	9	·		' (if applicable)
Address	P.O. BOX 1387 Street			Phone 850-222-9518
-	TALLAHA 55EE	FL State	32322 Zip	E-mail
	g: For Against			
Repr	esenting NRA (NATION)	AL RIFLE A	SSOCIATION)	UDIFIED SANTAMENOF FLORIDA
Appearir	ng at request of Chair: Yes 📝	]No	Lobbyist	registered with Legislature: Ves No
While it is	a Sanata tradition to anacurage publi	io factionaus, tim	may not normit	all paragraphics to analytic to the section of

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/20/11)

### **CourtSmart Tag Report**

Room: LL 37 Case: Type: Caption: Senate Military and Veterans Affairs, Space and Domestic Security Judge: Started: 4/1/2014 3:05:38 PM Ends: 4/1/2014 3:23:13 PM Length: 00:17:36 **3:05:41 PM** Meeting called to order by Chairman Altman 3:05:50 PM Roll call by Administrative Assistant, Lois Graham 3:06:10 PM Chairman Altman reminds everyone to turn off all electronics and to fill out an appearance card 3:06:32 PM TAB 1 - CS/SB 296 by Senator Brandes - Carrying a Concealed Weapon or a Concealed Firearm 3:06:52 PM Amendment 615304 Delete-all, courtesy by Senator Evers 3:07:08 PM Chairman Altman ask Senator Brandes to explain the amendment **3:07:09 PM** Explanation of Amendment 615304 by Senator Brandes 3:07:16 PM Chairman Altman ask if there were questions from the members 3:07:23 PM Speaker Electra Bustle, Florida Sheriffs Association speaks in opposition 3:07:41 PM Speaker Eric Friday, General Counsel, Florida Carry in support 3:07:54 PM Speaker Marion Hammer, National Rifle Association and Unified Sportsmen of Florida in support 3:08:13 PM Chairman Altman ask for discussion or debate on the amendment 3:08:23 PM Amendment 615304 is adopted 3:08:29 PM Comments from Chairman Altman 3:08:45 PM Speaker Electra Bustle, Florida Sheriffs Association against the bill 3:13:10 PM Comments from Chairman Altman 3:13:20 PM Chris Dawson, Florida Smart Justice Alliance, waives in support 3:13:37 PM Speaker Don Tyre, Assistant Adjuntant General, DMA 3:14:34 PM Speaker Eric Friday, General Counsel, Florida Carry in support 3:17:35 PM Comments/question from Chairman Altman 3:17:50 PM Response from Eric Friday 3:18:40 PM Speaker Marion Hammer, National Rifle Association Unified Sportsmen of Florida 3:21:03 PM Comments from Chairman Altman 3:21:11 PM Chairman Altman ask for discussion or debate 3:21:22 PM Senator Brandes waives his closing 3:21:29 PM Senator Evers moves for CS 3:21:38 PM Chairman Altman ask for roll call on CS/CS/SB 296 3:21:47 PM Roll call by Administrative Assistant, Lois Graham 3:21:55 PM The bill passes 3:22:00 PM Chairman Altman thanks everyone for coming to the meeting 3:22:32 PM Chairman Altman states that this would probably be the last meeting, unless something else comes up 3:22:32 PM Chairman Altman thanks staff for doing a great job 3:22:32 PM Chairman Altman thanks the members 3:22:32 PM Additional comments from Chairman Altman 3:22:32 PM Chairman Altman gives a special thanks to the military for their service

3:22:58 PM Senator Bullard moves to rise



### The Florida Senate

### **Committee Agenda Request**

То:	Senator Thad Altman, Chair Committee on Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request
Date:	March 24, 2014
	ly request that <b>Senate Bill #296</b> , relating to Carrying a Concealed Weapon or Firearm, be placed on the:  committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.  next committee agenda.

Senator Jeff Brandes Florida Senate, District 22

# The Florida Senate COMMITTEE VOTE RECORD

**COMMITTEE:** Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security

ITEM: CS/SB 296

FINAL ACTION: Favorable with Committee Substitute

**MEETING DATE:** Tuesday, April 1, 2014 **TIME:** 3:00 —6:00 p.m.

PLACE: 37 Senate Office Building

FINAL VOTE			3/19/2014 Amendmei	Amendment 615304		Motion to Temporarily Postpone			
Yea Nay		SENATORS	Evers <b>Yea</b>	Evers Yea Nay		Altman <b>Yea Nay</b>		Evers Nay	
X	Nay	Abruzzo	ı ca	IVay	1 Ga	INAY	1 ea	INay	
	Х	Bullard							
	X	Dean							
Χ		Evers							
X		Gardiner							
X		Legg							
	Х	Sachs							
	X	Gibson, VICE CHAIR							
Χ		Altman, CHAIR							
		Attilian, OriAin							
		1							
		1							
		1							
5	4	TOTALO	PEND	-	FAV	-	RCS	-	
Yea	Nay	TOTALS	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	

CODES: FAV=Favorable

UNF=Unfavorable -R=Reconsidered

RCS=Replaced by Committee Substitute RE=Replaced by Engrossed Amendment RS=Replaced by Substitute Amendment TP=Temporarily Postponed VA=Vote After Roll Call VC=Vote Change After Roll Call WD=Withdrawn OO=Out of Order AV=Abstain from Voting

# The Florida Senate COMMITTEE VOTE RECORD

**COMMITTEE:** Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security

ITEM: CS/SB 296

FINAL ACTION: Favorable with Committee Substitute

**MEETING DATE:** Tuesday, April 1, 2014 **TIME:** 3:00 —6:00 p.m.

PLACE: 37 Senate Office Building

	4/01/2014 Motion to i Committee	report as e Substitute						
CENATORS.	Evers <b>Yea</b>	Nev	Yea	Nov	Vac	Nev	Vac	Nov
SENATORS Abruzzo	rea	Nay	rea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay
Bullard								
Dean								
Evers								
Gardiner								
Legg								
Sachs								
Gibson, VICE CHAIR								
Altman, CHAIR								
,								
TOTALS	FAV	-						
	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay	Yea	Nay

CODES: FAV=Favorable

UNF=Unfavorable -R=Reconsidered

RCS=Replaced by Committee Substitute RE=Replaced by Engrossed Amendment RS=Replaced by Substitute Amendment TP=Temporarily Postponed VA=Vote After Roll Call VC=Vote Change After Roll Call WD=Withdrawn OO=Out of Order AV=Abstain from Voting