THE FLORIDA SENATE 2011 SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION PASSED

Committee on Banking and Insurance

HB 331 — Firesafety

by Rep. Weinstein and others (SB 534 by Senator Wise)

The bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 633.01, 633.021, 633.081, 1013.12, 1013.371, and 1013.38.

Additional Clarification of Duties of the State Fire Marshal

The bill requires the State Fire Marshal to consult with the Department of Education regarding the adoption of rules pertaining to safety and health standards at educational facilities. In the event that a county does not employ or appoint a certified firesafety inspector, the bill provides that the State Fire Marshal shall take the place of the local county, municipality, or independent special fire control district regarding firesafety inspections of educational property.

Elimination of Special Fire Safety Inspector

As of July 1, 2013, the classification of "special state firesafety inspector" is abolished. Special state firesafety inspectors may, however, be grandfathered in as full firesafety inspectors provided that the following conditions are met:

- The inspector has at least five years of experience as of July 1, 2011, and passes the firesafety inspection examination prior to July 1, 2013;
- The inspector does not have five years of experience as a special state firesafety inspector but takes an additional 80 hours of courses and passes the examination; or
- The inspector has at least five years of experience, fails the examination, but takes 80 additional hours of courses, retakes, and passes the examination.

The bill redefines the term "firesafety inspector" as a person who is certified by the State Fire Marshal, pursuant to s. 633.081, F.S.

Streamlining of Process

The bill requires all administration and enforcement of uniform firesafety standards and the alternate evaluation system to be conducted by certified fire officials. Effective July 1, 2013, all firesafety inspectors are subject to the same certification process. The bill also reduces the number of mandatory annual inspections from two to one and the report generated remains at the local level.

The bill deletes the requirement for the State Fire Marshal to compile each local report into one document for submission to the Legislature, the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, the State Board of Education, and the Board of Governors.

School District Fire Safety Inspections (Including Charter and Postsecondary Schools)

The bill establishes parity for firesafety inspections for district schools, other public secondary schools (charter schools), and postsecondary institutions.

Inspection of Property by District School Boards

Boards 18 are responsible for appointing certified firesafety inspectors to conduct annual inspections on educational and ancillary plant property. The bill requires inspections to begin no sooner than one year after a building certificate of occupancy is issued. The applicable board must submit a copy of the report to the county, municipality, or independent special fire control district providing fire protection services within 10 business days after the inspection, unless immediate corrective action is required, due to life-threatening deficiencies. The entity conducting the fire safety inspection is required to certify to the State Fire Marshal that the annual inspection has occurred.

Inspection of Educational Property by Other Public Agencies

Annual firesafety inspections must be conducted on educational and ancillary plant property operated by a school board or public college. The bill requires inspections to begin no sooner than one year after a building certificate of occupancy is issued. Immediate corrective action is required by the county, municipality, or independent special fire control district in conjunction with the appointed fire official where life-threatening deficiencies are noted.

Inspection of Charter Schools Not Located on Board-owned or Leased Property, or Otherwise Operated by a School Board

The bill creates a new subsection 5 in s. 1013.12, F.S., to require a firesafety inspection to be conducted each fiscal year on educational facilities not owned or leased by the board or a public college, in accordance with State Fire Marshal standards. The bill clarifies that the inspection report is to be submitted to the charter school sponsor. The inspector must include a corrective plan of action in the report, with prompt response for life-threatening deficiencies. If corrective action is not taken, the county, municipality, or independent special fire control district must immediately report the deficiency to the State Fire Marshal and the charter school sponsor. The bill also expressly extends the State Fire Marshal's enforcement authority to charter school educational facilities and property.

Inspections of Public Postsecondary Education Facilities

The bill requires inspections of public college facilities, including charter schools located on board-owned or board-leased facilities or otherwise operated by public college boards, to comply with the Florida Fire Prevention Code, without exception via local amendment. Both an annual inspection by a certified inspector and a corrective plan of action are required by this bill. The public college must provide a copy of the report to the appropriate county, municipality, or independent special fire control district. Firesafety inspections of state universities must comply

with the Florida Fire Prevention Code. If a school board, public college board, or charter school does not take corrective action, the bill requires the inspecting authority to immediately report the deficiency to the State Fire Marshal.

Approval of New Construction/Site Plans

Each board must provide for a periodic inspection of proposed educational or ancillary plants to ensure that the construction complies with the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code, in addition to the currently mandated State Requirements for Educational Facilities.

The bill requires local boards to submit for approval new facility site plans to the local county, municipality, or independent special fire control district, and outlines the process for compliance and informal appeal. Site plans must also be submitted for new facility additions that exceed 2,500 feet in size. The State Fire Marshal has final administrative authority to resolve disputes pertaining to the requirements or application of the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

If approved by the Governor, these provisions take effect July 1, 2011 *Vote: Senate 37-0; House 118-0*