By the Committee on Health Care and Senator Williams

317-1801-98

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records and meetings; creating s. 395.3036, F.S.; providing that the records of a private corporation that leases a public hospital or other public health care facility are confidential and exempt from public records requirements, and the meetings of the governing board of such corporation are exempt from public meeting requirements, except under specified circumstances; providing for future review and repeal; subjecting certain exempt private corporations to s. 155.40(5), F.S.; providing for accountability for expenditure of public funds; providing applicability; providing a finding of public necessity; providing for the continued applicability of the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and statutory provisions relating to discoverability in civil actions to records and information made exempt in the act; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Section 395.3036, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 395.3036 Confidentiality of records and meetings; corporations that lease public hospitals and other public health care facilities. -- The records of a private corporation that leases a public hospital or other public health care

 $\underline{\text{facility}}$ are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, and the meetings of the governing board of such a private corporation are exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution unless:

- (1) The governing board of the entity that owns the public hospital or other public health care facility was involved in the formation of the private corporation; or
- (2) More than one-third of the members of the governing board of the private corporation are concurrently members of the governing board of the entity that owns the public hospital or other public health care facility.

This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15, and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2003, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 2. Any private corporation that is exempt from the Public Records Law or Public Meetings Law under section 395.3036, Florida Statutes, is subject to the requirements of subsection 155.40(5), Florida Statutes, relating to accountability for the expenditure of public funds.

Section 3. This act applies to all existing lease arrangements with respect to public hospitals or other public health care facilities and to all new lease arrangements that meet the requirements of this act.

Section 4. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that all records of a private corporation and all meetings of the governing board of the private corporation be confidential and exempt from public records and public meeting requirements when the private corporation leases a public hospital or other public health care facility and the private

corporation is not owned or controlled by the public entity

that owns the hospital or other facility. This exemption is a

public necessity because:

- (1) Public hospitals and other public health care facilities must be able to lease their facilities to private corporations in order to increase access to health care in Florida.
- (2) In the absence of the ability to lease the facility to a private corporation, the public entity's only choice is to sell the facility to a private corporation. Such sales may result in a loss to the public.
- (3) The ability to lease the hospital or other health care facility is often the more desirable option and often leads to more income for the public entity that owns the hospital. Without this exemption, public hospitals and other public health care facilities will be unable to attract private corporations to assume responsibility for the operations of public hospitals or other public health care facilities.
- (4) The privatization of hospitals and other health care facilities, through lease arrangements, is critical to the delivery of health care in Florida.
- (5) More than 20 public hospitals have been leased to private corporations that were not formed by and are not controlled by the public entity that owns the hospital. Those leases were expressly authorized by section 155.40, Florida Statutes, or by special acts of the Legislature.
- Section 5. This act does not change existing law relating to discovery of records and information that are otherwise discoverable under the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure or any statutory provision allowing discovery or

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presuit disclosure of such records and information for the
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                  purpose of civil actions.
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                                                   Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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                   law.
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                                                       STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
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                                                                                                                                                 SB 1044
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              This bill makes confidential and exempt from the statutory Public Records and Public Meetings Laws the records of a private corporation that leases a public hospital or other public health care facility. The confidentiality and exemption protections do not apply if the governing board of a public entity is involved in the formation of the private corporation that leases the public facility or more than one-third of the members of the governing board members of the private corporation are concurrently members of the governing board of the entity that owns the public facility. The exemptions are scheduled for Sunset review or repeal by October 2, 2003. A private corporation that leases a public hospital or other public health care facility and is exempted from the Public Records Law and the Public Meetings Law must participate in the public entity's appropriations process to receive more than $100,000 from the public entity that owns such a facility. The confidentiality and Public Records Law and Public Meetings Law exemptions are made to apply retroactively and prospectively to all existing public health facility lease arrangements that meet the requirements of the act. A statement of public necessity is provided. The applicability of current law relating to civil actions and the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure continue for records and information made confidential and exempt in the bill.
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                  This bill makes confidential and exempt from the statutory
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