Florida Senate - 1998

 ${\bf By}$ the Committee on Judiciary and Senators Sullivan, Williams, Horne, Cowin and Latvala

	308-2081-98			
1	A bill to be entitled			
2	An act relating to medical malpractice			
3	insurance; amending s. 766.301, F.S.;			
4	clarifying legislative intent; amending s.			
5	766.304, F.S.; providing exclusive jurisdiction			
6	of administrative law judges in claims filed			
7	under ss. 766.301-766.316, F.S.; providing a			
8	limitation on bringing a civil action under			
9	certain circumstances; amending s. 766.315,			
10	F.S.; authorizing the association to invest			
11	plan funds only in investments and securities			
12	described in s. 215.47, F.S.; amending s.			
13	766.316, F.S.; providing hospitals and			
14	physicians with alternative means of providing			
15	notices to obstetrical patients relating to the			
16	no-fault alternative for birth-related			
17	neurological injuries; prescribing conditions;			
18	providing for applicability of amendments;			
19	requiring the Auditor General to conduct a			
20	study of the effects of expanding eligibility			
21	for compensation under the plan; providing an			
22	effective date.			
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24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:			
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26	Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section			
27	766.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:			
28	766.301 Legislative findings and intent			
29	(1) The Legislature makes the following findings:			
30	(d) The costs of birth-related neurological injury			
31	claims are particularly high and warrant the establishment of			
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CODING. Words strictor are deletions: words underlined are additions				

a limited system of compensation irrespective of fault. The 1 issue of whether such claims are covered by this act must be 2 3 determined exclusively in an administrative proceeding. Section 2. Section 766.304, Florida Statutes, is 4 5 amended to read: б 766.304 Administrative law judge to determine 7 claims. -- The administrative law judge shall hear and determine all claims filed pursuant to ss. 766.301-766.316 and shall 8 9 exercise the full power and authority granted to her or him in 10 chapter 120, as necessary, to carry out the purposes of such 11 sections. The administrative law judge has exclusive jurisdiction to determine whether a claim filed under this act 12 is compensable. No civil action may be brought until the 13 determinations under s. 766.309 have been made by the 14 administrative law judge. If the administrative law judge 15 determines that the claimant is entitled to compensation from 16 17 the association, no civil action may be brought or continued in violation of the exclusiveness of remedy provisions of s. 18 19 766.303. If it is determined that a claim filed under this act is not compensable, the doctrine of neither collateral 20 estoppel nor res judicata shall prohibit the claimant from 21 pursuing any and all civil remedies available under common law 22 and statutory law. The findings of fact and conclusions of law 23 24 of the administrative law judge shall not be admissible in any 25 subsequent proceeding; however, the sworn testimony of any person and the exhibits introduced into evidence in the 26 27 administrative case are admissible as impeachment in any subsequent civil action only against a party to the 28 29 administrative proceeding, subject to the Rules of Evidence. 30 An action may not be brought under ss. 766.301-766.316 if the 31 claimant recovers or final judgment is entered. The division 2

may adopt rules to promote the efficient administration of, 1 2 and to minimize the cost associated with, the prosecution of 3 claims. Section 3. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 4 5 766.315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 766.315 Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury 7 Compensation Association; board of directors .--8 (5) 9 Funds held on behalf of the plan are funds only in (e) 10 the investments and securities described in s. 215.47 and are 11 subject to the limitations on investments contained in that section. Any funds held on behalf of the plan must be invested 12 13 in interest-bearing investments by the association. All income derived from such investments will be credited to the 14 15 plan. Section 4. Section 766.316, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 766.316 Notice to obstetrical patients of 18 19 participation in the plan.--Each hospital with a participating 20 physician on its staff and each participating physician, other 21 than residents, assistant residents, and interns deemed to be participating physicians under s. 766.314(4)(c), under the 22 Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan 23 24 shall provide notice to the obstetrical patients thereof as to the limited no-fault alternative for birth-related 25 neurological injuries. Such notice shall be provided on forms 26 furnished by the association and shall include a clear and 27 28 concise explanation of a patient's rights and limitations 29 under the plan. The hospital or the participating physician may elect to have the patient sign a form acknowledging 30 31 receipt of the notice form. Signature of the patient

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1	acknowledging receipt of the notice form raises a rebuttable			
2	presumption that the notice requirements of this section have			
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4	patient has an emergency medical condition as defined in s.			
+ 5	395.002(8)(b) or when notice is not practicable.			
	Section 5. (1) The Auditor General shall conduct an			
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8	analysis of the reserve adequacy and funding rates in order to determine the actuarial soundness of the Florida Birth-Related			
9	Neurological Injury Compensation Plan. The study shall include			
10	an evaluation of future medical costs for the existing plan			
11	claimants, including life expectancy evaluation, and			
12	utilization of appropriate discount rates based on annual			
13	funding for expected future losses, estimated annual cost to			
14	lower the birth weight to 2,000 grams or 1,000 grams, and the			
15	estimated cost for lowering the birth weight for multiple			
16	births. The Auditor General shall contract with an actuarial			
17	consulting firm that has never previously conducted an			
18	actuarial analysis of the NICA program.			
19	(2) To assist the Auditor General in the development			
20	and performance of the actuarial analysis of the plan, a			
21	technical advisory group shall be appointed which shall be			
22	composed of the following members: one selected by the			
23	Florida Hospital Association representing general acute care			
24	hospitals; one selected by the Academy of Florida Trial			
25	Lawyers; one selected by the Florida League of Health Systems			
26	representing for-profit hospitals; one selected by the			
27	Association of Community Hospitals and Health Systems of			
28	Florida representing private not-for-profit hospitals; one			
29	selected by the Florida Obstetrical and Gynecological Society;			
30	one selected by the Physician Insurers Association of America			
31	who provides obstetrical medical malpractice insurance			
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1 coverage in Florida; one medical malpractice insurer selected by the Florida Insurance Council; the Board of Regents Vice 2 3 Chancellor of Health Affairs, or her or his designee; one property and casualty insurer selected by the Florida 4 5 Association of Insurance Agents; the chairman of the Board of б the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Association, or his or her designee; and one selected by the 7 8 Florida Medical Association who is a practicing neonatologist. The technical advisory group will assist the Auditor General 9 10 in developing the specific elements to be studied as part of 11 the actuarial analysis; review an interim report and provide feedback to the Auditor General; and provide a written 12 response that will be included in the final report of the 13 14 Auditor General. The Auditor General shall submit the required 15 (3) report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 16 17 House of Representatives and their designees by January 1, 1999. 18 19 Section 6. The amendments to sections 766.301 and 766.304, Florida Statutes, shall take effect July 1, 1998, and 20 shall apply only to claims filed on or after that date and to 21 22 that extent shall apply retroactively regardless of the date of birth. 23 24 Section 7. Amendments to section 766.316, Florida 25 Statutes, shall take effect July 1, 1998, and shall apply only to causes of action accruing on or after that date. 26 27 Section 8. Except as otherwise provided in this act, 28 this act shall take effect July 1, 1998. 29 30 31

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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR			
2		Senate Bill 1070		
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4	The	Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 1070:		
5 6	-	Deletes portions of bill that would have lowered infant eligibility weight from 2,500 grams to 1,800 grams;		
0 7	-	Provides that certain testimony and documents may be used in a subsequent civil action for the purpose of impeachment, subject to the rules of evidence;		
8	8 - Retains current law regarding notice to obstetrical			
9		patients as to medical personnel's participation in NICA;		
10	-	Specifies approved vehicles for investment of NICA funds;		
11	-	Provides for a study by the auditor general to evaluate the NICA reserve adequacy and funding rates; and		
12	_	Provides effective dates.		
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