By the Committee on Water & Resource Management and Representatives Westbrook, Rayson and Laurent

1 A bill to be entitled An act relating to water resources; creating 2 3 the Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River Basin Compact; providing for enactment by 4 certain state legislatures and the United 5 6 States Congress; providing purposes; providing 7 scope; providing parties; providing definitions; providing for legal viability; 8 9 creating the Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River Basin Commission; providing for 10 appointments, organization, powers, and duties; 11 providing for development of an allocation 12 13 formula for the equitable apportionment of surface waters; providing for termination of 14 15 the compact; providing for completion of certain water resource studies; providing for 16 17 relationship of the compact to other laws; 18 providing for public participation; providing for funding of the commission's operations; 19 providing procedures for resolution of 20 disputes; providing for enforcement actions; 21 providing for inapplicability to other stream 22 systems; preserving certain water-use rights 23 within a member state; providing agreements 24 regarding water quality; providing for effect 25 26 of underuse of a state's water allocation; 27 providing severability; providing for notice of 28 ratifications; requiring signatures to and recording of compact; providing an effective 29 30 date. 31

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 2 3 Section 1. APALACHICOLA-CHATTAHOOCHEE-FLINT RIVER 4 BASIN COMPACT 5 The states of Alabama, Florida and Georgia and the 6 United States of America hereby agree to the following compact 7 which shall become effective upon enactment of concurrent legislation by each respective state legislature and the 8 9 Congress of the United States. 10 SHORT TITLE This Act shall be known and may be cited as the 11 "Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River Basin Compact" and 12 13 shall be referred to hereafter in this document as the "ACF Compact" or "Compact." 14 15 ARTICLE I COMPACT PURPOSES 16 This Compact among the states of Alabama, Florida and 17 18 Georgia and the United States of America has been entered into 19 for the purposes of promoting interstate comity, removing causes of present and future controversies, equitably 20 21 apportioning the surface waters of the ACF, engaging in water planning, and developing and sharing common data bases. 23 ARTICLE II 24 SCOPE OF THE COMPACT This Compact shall extend to all of the waters arising 25 within the drainage basin of the ACF in the states of Alabama, 26 27 Florida and Georgia. 2.8 ARTICLE III 29 PARTIES 30 The parties to this Compact are the states of Alabama, Florida and Georgia and the United States of America.

ARTICLE IV

DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Compact, the following words, phrases and terms shall have the following meanings:

- (a) "ACF Basin" or "ACF" means the area of natural drainage into the Apalachicola River and its tributaries, the Chattahoochee River and its tributaries, and the Flint River and its tributaries. Any reference to the rivers within this Compact will be designated using the letters "ACF" and when so referenced will mean each of these three rivers and each of the tributaries to each such river.
- (b) "Allocation formula" means the methodology, in whatever form, by which the ACF Basin Commission determines an equitable apportionment of surface waters within the ACF Basin among the three states. Such formula may be represented by a table, chart, mathematical calculation or any other expression of the Commission's apportionment of waters pursuant to this compact.
- (c) "Commission" or "ACF Basin Commission" means the Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River Basin Commission created and established pursuant to this Compact.
- (d) "Ground waters" means waters within a saturated zone or stratum beneath the surface of land, whether or not flowing through known and definite channels.
- (e) "Person" means any individual, firm, association, organization, partnership, business, trust, corporation, public corporation, company, the United States of America, any state, and all political subdivisions, regions, districts, municipalities, and public agencies thereof.
- (f) "Surface waters" means waters upon the surface of the earth, whether contained in bounds created naturally or

 artificially or diffused. Water from natural springs shall be considered "surface waters" when it exits from the spring onto the surface of the earth.

- (g) "United States" means the executive branch of the
 government of the United States of America, and any
 department, agency, bureau or division thereof.
- (h) "Water Resource Facility" means any facility or project constructed for the impoundment, diversion, retention, control or regulation of waters within the ACF Basin for any purpose.
- (i) "Water resources," or "waters" means all surface waters and ground waters contained or otherwise originating within the ACF Basin.

ARTICLE V

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO LEGAL VIABILITY OF THE COMPACT

This Compact shall not be binding on any party until it has been enacted into law by the legislatures of the states of Alabama, Florida and Georgia and by the Congress of the United States of America.

ARTICLE VI

ACF BASIN COMMISSION CREATED

(a) There is hereby created an interstate
administrative agency to be known as the "ACF Basin

Commission." The Commission shall be comprised of one member representing the state of Alabama, one member representing the state of Florida, one member representing the state of

Georgia, and one non-voting member representing the United

States of America. The state members shall be known as "State Commissioners" and the federal member shall be known as the

"Federal Commissioner." The ACF Basin Commission is a body

politic and corporate, with succession for the duration of this Compact.

- the State Commissioner for his or her state. Each State
 Commissioner shall appoint one or more alternate members and one of such alternates as designated by the State Commissioner shall serve in the State Commissioner's place and carry out the functions of the State Commissioner, including voting on Commission matters, in the event the State Commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the Commission. The alternate members from each state shall be knowledgeable in the field of water resources management. Unless otherwise provided by law of the state for which an alternate State Commissioner is appointed, each alternate State Commissioner shall serve at the pleasure of the State Commissioner. In the event of a vacancy in the office of an alternate, it shall be filled in the same manner as an original appointment.
- shall appoint the Federal Commissioner who shall serve as the representative of all federal agencies with an interest in the ACF. The President shall also appoint an alternate Federal Commissioner to attend and participate in the meetings of the Commission in the event the Federal Commissioner is unable to attend meetings. When at meetings, the alternate Federal Commissioner shall possess all of the powers of the Federal Commissioner. The Federal Commissioner and alternate appointed by the President shall serve until they resign or their replacements are appointed.
- (d) Each state shall have one vote on the ACF Basin Commission and the Commission shall make all decisions and exercise all powers by unanimous vote of the three State

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conduct;

jurisdiction;

following general powers:

vote, but shall attend and participate in all meetings of the 2 ACF Basin Commission to the same extent as the State 3 4 Commissioners. 5 (e) The ACF Basin Commission shall meet at least once 6 a year at a date set at its initial meeting. Such initial 7 meeting shall take place within ninety days of the 8 ratification of the Compact by the Congress of the United 9 States and shall be called by the chairman of the Commission. Special meetings of the Commission may be called at the 10 discretion of the chairman of the Commission and shall be 11 called by the chairman of the Commission upon written request 12 13 of any member of the Commission. All members shall be notified of the time and place designated for any regular or 14 15 special meeting at least five days prior to such meeting in one of the following ways: by written notice mailed to the 16 17 last mailing address given to the Commission by each member, 18 by facsimile, telegram or by telephone. The Chairmanship of the Commission shall rotate annually among the voting members 19 20 of the Commission on an alphabetical basis, with the first 21 chairman to be the State Commissioner representing the State 22 of Alabama. 23 (f) All meetings of the Commission shall be open to 24 the public.

Commissioners. The Federal Commissioner shall not have a

(1) to adopt bylaws and procedures governing its

(2) to sue and be sued in any court of competent

(g) The ACF Basin Commission, so long as the exercise

of power is consistent with this Compact, shall have the

1	(3) to retain and discharge professional, technical,
2	clerical and other staff and such consultants as are necessary
3	to accomplish the purposes of this Compact;
4	(4) to receive funds from any lawful source and expend
5	funds for any lawful purpose;
6	(5) to enter into agreements or contracts, where
7	appropriate, in order to accomplish the purposes of this
8	Compact;
9	(6) to create committees and delegate
10	responsibilities;
11	(7) to plan, coordinate, monitor, and make
12	recommendations for the water resources of the ACF Basin for
13	the purposes of, but not limited to, minimizing adverse
14	impacts of floods and droughts and improving water quality,
15	water supply, and conservation as may be deemed necessary by
16	the Commission;
17	(8) to participate with other governmental and
18	non-governmental entities in carrying out the purposes of this
19	<pre>Compact;</pre>
20	(9) to conduct studies, to generate information
21	regarding the water resources of the ACF Basin, and to share
22	this information among the Commission members and with others;
23	(10) to cooperate with appropriate state, federal, and
24	local agencies or any other person in the development,
25	ownership, sponsorship, and operation of water resource
26	facilities in the ACF Basin; provided, however, that the
27	Commission shall not own or operate a federally-owned water
28	resource facility unless authorized by the United States
29	Congress;
30	(11) to acquire, receive, hold and convey such
31	personal and real property as may be necessary for the

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performance of its duties under the Compact; provided,
however, that nothing in this Compact shall be construed as
granting the ACF Basin Commission authority to issue bonds or
to exercise any right of eminent domain or power of
condemnation;

- (12) to establish and modify an allocation formula for apportioning the surface waters of the ACF Basin among the states of Alabama, Florida and Georgia; and
- (13) to perform all functions required of it by this

 Compact and to do all things necessary, proper or convenient

 in the performance of its duties hereunder, either

 independently or in cooperation with any state or the United

 States.

ARTICLE VII

EQUITABLE APPORTIONMENT

(a) It is the intent of the parties to this Compact to develop an allocation formula for equitably apportioning the surface waters of the ACF Basin among the states while protecting the water quality, ecology and biodiversity of the ACF, as provided in the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Sections 1251 et seq., the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. Sections 1532 et seq., the National Environmental Policy Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 4321 et seq., the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899, 33 U.S.C. Sections 401 et seq., and other applicable federal laws. For this purpose, all members of the ACF Basin Commission, including the Federal Commissioner, shall have full rights to notice of and participation in all meetings of the ACF Basin Commission and technical committees in which the basis and terms and conditions of the allocation formula are to be discussed or negotiated. When an allocation formula is unanimously approved by the State Commissioners, there shall

be an agreement among the states regarding an allocation formula. The allocation formula thus agreed upon shall become 2 3 effective and binding upon the parties to this Compact upon 4 receipt by the Commission of a letter of concurrence with said 5 formula from the Federal Commissioner. If, however, the 6 Federal Commissioner fails to submit a letter of concurrence 7 to the Commission within two hundred ten (210) days after the 8 allocation formula is agreed upon by the State Commissioners, the Federal Commissioner shall within forty-five (45) days 9 thereafter submit to the ACF Basin Commission a letter of 10 nonconcurrence with the allocation formula setting forth 11 12 therein specifically and in detail the reasons for 13 nonconcurrence; provided, however, the reasons for nonconcurrence as contained in the letter of nonconcurrence 14 15 shall be based solely upon federal law. The allocation formula shall also become effective and binding upon the 16 17 parties to this Compact if the Federal Commissioner fails to 18 submit to the ACF Basin Commission a letter of nonconcurrence in accordance with this Article. Once adopted pursuant to 19 20 this Article, the allocation formula may only be modified by 21 unanimous decision of the State Commissioners and the 22 concurrence by the Federal Commissioner in accordance with the 23 procedures set forth in this Article. (b) The parties to this Compact recognize that the 24 25 United States operates certain projects within the ACF Basin 26 that may influence the water resources within the ACF Basin. 27 The parties to this Compact further acknowledge and recognize 28 that various agencies of the United States have responsibilities for administering certain federal laws and 29 exercising certain federal powers that may influence the water 30 resources within the ACF Basin. It is the intent of the

parties to this Compact, including the United States, to achieve compliance with the allocation formula adopted in 2 accordance with this Article. Accordingly, once an allocation 3 formula is adopted, each and every officer, agency, and 4 5 instrumentality of the United States shall have an obligation 6 and duty, to the maximum extent practicable, to exercise their 7 powers, authority, and discretion in a manner consistent with 8 the allocation formula so long as the exercise of such powers, 9 authority, and discretion is not in conflict with federal law. 10 (c) Between the effective date of this Compact and the approval of the allocation formula under this Article, the 11 signatories to this Compact agree that any person who is 12 13 withdrawing, diverting, or consuming water resources of the ACF Basin as of the effective date of this Compact, may 14 15 continue to withdraw, divert or consume such water resources in accordance with the laws of the state where such person 16 17 resides or does business and in accordance with applicable 18 federal laws. The parties to this Compact further agree that 19 any such person may increase the amount of water resources withdrawn, diverted or consumed to satisfy reasonable 20 increases in the demand of such person for water between the 21 22 effective date of this Compact and the date on which an 23 allocation formula is approved by the ACF Basin Commission as permitted by applicable law. Each of the state parties to 24 25 this Compact further agree to provide written notice to each 26 of the other parties to this Compact in the event any person 27 increases the withdrawal, diversion or consumption of such 28 water resources by more than 10 million gallons per day on an average annual daily basis, or in the event any person, who 29 was not withdrawing, diverting or consuming any water 30 resources from the ACF Basin as of the effective date of this

Compact, seeks to withdraw, divert or consume more than one million gallons per day on an average annual daily basis from such resources. This Article shall not be construed as granting any permanent, vested or perpetual rights to the amounts of water used between January 3, 1992 and the date on which the Commission adopts an allocation formula.

- (d) As the owner, operator, licensor, permitting authority or regulator of a water resource facility under its jurisdiction, each state shall be responsible for using its best efforts to achieve compliance with the allocation formula adopted pursuant to this Article. Each such state agrees to take such actions as may be necessary to achieve compliance with the allocation formula.
- (e) This Compact shall not commit any state to agree to any data generated by any study or commit any state to any allocation formula not acceptable to such state.

ARTICLE VIII

CONDITIONS RESULTING IN TERMINATION OF THE COMPACT

- (a) This Compact shall be terminated and thereby be void and of no further force and effect if any of the following events occur:
- (1) The legislatures of the states of Alabama, Florida and Georgia each agree by general laws enacted by each state within any three consecutive years that this Compact should be terminated.
- (2) The United States Congress enacts a law expressly repealing this Compact.
- (3) The States of Alabama, Florida and Georgia fail to agree on an equitable apportionment of the surface waters of the ACF as provided in Article VII(a) of this Compact by

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December 31, 1998, unless the voting members of the ACF Basin Commission unanimously agree to extend this deadline.

- (4) The Federal Commissioner submits to the Commission a letter of nonconcurrence in the initial allocation formula in accordance with Article VII(a) of the Compact, unless the voting members of the ACF Basin Commission unanimously agree to allow a single 45 day period in which the non-voting Federal Commissioner and the voting State Commissioners may renegotiate an allocation formula and the Federal Commissioner withdraws the letter of nonconcurrence upon completion of this renegotiation.
- (b) If the Compact is terminated in accordance with this Article it shall be of no further force and effect and shall not be the subject of any proceeding for the enforcement thereof in any federal or state court. Further, if so terminated, no party shall be deemed to have acquired a specific right to any quantity of water because it has become a signatory to this Compact.

ARTICLE IX

COMPLETION OF STUDIES PENDING ADOPTION OF ALLOCATION FORMULA

The ACF Basin Commission, in conjunction with one or more interstate, federal, state or local agencies, is hereby authorized to participate in any study in process as of the effective date of this Compact, including, without limitation, all or any part of the

Alabama-Coosa-Tallapoosa/Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River Basin Comprehensive Water Resource Study, as may be determined by the Commission in its sole discretion.

ARTICLE X

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS

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- (a) It is the intent of the party states and of the United States Congress by ratifying this Compact, that all state and federal officials enforcing, implementing or administering other state and federal laws affecting the ACF Basin shall, to the maximum extent practicable, enforce, implement or administer those laws in furtherance of the purposes of this Compact and the allocation formula adopted by the Commission insofar as such actions are not in conflict with applicable federal laws.
- (b) Nothing contained in this Compact shall be deemed to restrict the executive powers of the President in the event of a national emergency.
- (c) Nothing contained in this Compact shall impair or affect the constitutional authority of the United States or any of its powers, rights, functions or jurisdiction under other existing or future laws in and over the area or waters which are the subject of the Compact, including projects of the Commission, nor shall any act of the Commission have the effect of repealing, modifying or amending any federal law. All officers, agencies and instrumentalities of the United States shall exercise their powers and authority over water resources in the ACF Basin and water resource facilities, and to the maximum extent practicable, shall exercise their discretion in carrying out their responsibilities, powers, and authorities over water resources in the ACF Basin and water resource facilities in the ACF Basin in a manner consistent with and that effectuates the allocation formula developed pursuant to this Compact or any modification of the allocation formula so long as the actions are not in conflict with any applicable federal law. The United States Army Corps of Engineers, or its successors, and all other federal agencies

and instrumentalities shall cooperate with the ACF Basin

Commission in accomplishing the purposes of the Compact and

fulfilling the obligations of each of the parties to the

Compact regarding the allocation formula.

(d) Once adopted by the three states and ratified by the United States Congress, this Compact shall have the full force and effect of federal law, and shall supersede state and local laws operating contrary to the provisions herein or the purposes of this Compact; provided, however, nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed as affecting or intending to affect or in any way to interfere with the laws of the respective signatory states relating to water quality, and riparian rights as among persons exclusively within each state.

ARTICLE XI

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

All meetings of the Commission shall be open to the public. The signatory parties recognize the importance and necessity of public participation in activities of the Commission, including the development and adoption of the initial allocation formula and any modification thereto.

Prior to the adoption of the initial allocation formula, the Commission shall adopt procedures ensuring public participation in the development, review, and approval of the initial allocation formula and any subsequent modification thereto. At a minimum, public notice to interested parties and a comment period shall be provided. The Commission shall respond in writing to relevant comments.

ARTICLE XII

FUNDING AND EXPENSES OF THE COMMISSION

Commissioners shall serve without compensation from the ACF Basin Commission. All general operational funding required by the Commission and agreed to by the voting members shall obligate each state to pay an equal share of such agreed upon funding. Funds remitted to the Commission by a state in payment of such obligation shall not lapse; provided, however, that if any state fails to remit payment within 90 days after payment is due, such obligation shall terminate and any state which has made payment may have such payment returned. Costs of attendance and participation at meetings of the Commission by the Federal Commissioner shall be paid by the United States.

ARTICLE XIII

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- (a) In the event of a dispute between two or more voting members of this Compact involving a claim relating to compliance with the allocation formula adopted by the Commission under this Compact, the following procedures shall govern:
- (1) Notice of claim shall be filed with the Commission by a voting member of this Compact and served upon each member of the Commission. The notice shall provide a written statement of the claim, including a brief narrative of the relevant matters supporting the claimant's position.
- (2) Within twenty (20) days of the Commission's receipt of a written statement of a claim, the party or parties to the Compact against whom the complaint is made may prepare a brief narrative of the relevant matters and file it with the Commission and serve it upon each member of the Commission.

- (3) Upon receipt of a claim and any response or responses thereto, the Commission shall convene as soon as reasonably practicable, but in no event later than twenty (20) days from receipt of any response to the claim, and shall determine if a resolution of the dispute is possible.
- (4) A resolution of a dispute under this Article through unanimous vote of the State Commissioners shall be binding upon the state parties and any state party determined to be in violation of the allocation formula shall correct such violation without delay.
- within 10 days from the date of the meeting convened pursuant to subparagraph (a)(3) of this Article, the Commission shall select, by unanimous decision of the voting members of the Commission, an independent mediator to conduct a non-binding mediation of the dispute. The mediator shall not be a resident or domiciliary of any member state, shall not be an employee or agent of any member of the Commission, shall be a person knowledgeable in water resource management issues, and shall disclose any and all current or prior contractual or other relations to any member of the Commission. The expenses of the mediator shall be paid by the Commission. If the mediator becomes unwilling or unable to serve, the Commission by unanimous decision of the voting members of the Commission, shall appoint another independent mediator.
- (6) If the Commission fails to appoint an independent mediator to conduct a non-binding mediation of the dispute within seventy-five (75) days of the filing of the original claim or within thirty (30) days of the date on which the Commission learns that a mediator is unwilling or unable to serve, the party submitting the claim shall have no further

obligation to bring the claim before the Commission and may proceed by pursuing any appropriate remedies, including any and all judicial remedies.

- (7) If an independent mediator is selected, the mediator shall establish the time and location for the mediation session or sessions and may request that each party to the Compact submit, in writing, to the mediator a statement of its position regarding the issue or issues in dispute.

 Such statements shall not be exchanged by the parties except upon the unanimous agreement of the parties to the mediation.
- information disclosed to the mediator by the parties or by witnesses, if any, in the course of the mediation. All records, reports, or other documents received by a mediator while serving as a mediator shall be considered confidential. The mediator shall not be compelled in any adversary proceeding or judicial forum to divulge the contents of such documents or the fact that such documents exist or to testify in regard to the mediation.
- (9) Each party to the mediation shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received during the mediation and shall not rely on or introduce in any judicial proceeding as evidence:
- <u>a. Views expressed or suggestions made by another</u> party regarding a settlement of the dispute;
- $\underline{\text{b. Proposals made or views expressed by the mediator;}}$ $\underline{\text{or}}$
- c. The fact that another party to the hearing had or had not indicated a willingness to accept a proposal for settlement of the dispute.

- mediation session or sessions whenever, in the judgment of the mediator, further efforts to resolve the dispute would not lead to a resolution of the dispute between or among the parties. Any party to the dispute may terminate the mediation process at any time by giving written notification to the mediator and the Commission. If terminated prior to reaching a resolution, the party submitting the original claim to the Commission shall have no further obligation to bring its claim before the Commission and may proceed by pursuing any appropriate remedies, including any and all judicial remedies.
- the parties to enter into a settlement of any dispute regarding the Compact. The mediator may simply attempt to assist the parties in reaching a mutually acceptable resolution of their dispute. The mediator is authorized to conduct joint and separate meetings with the parties to the mediation and to make oral or written recommendations for a settlement of the dispute.
- (12) At any time during the mediation process, the

 Commission is encouraged to take whatever steps it deems

 necessary to assist the mediator or the parties to resolve the dispute.
- (13) In the event of a proceeding seeking enforcement of the allocation formula, this Compact creates a cause of action solely for equitable relief. No action for money damages may be maintained. The party or parties alleging a violation of the Compact shall have the burden of proof.
- (b) In the event of a dispute between any voting member and the United States relating to a state's noncompliance with the allocation formula as a result of

actions or a refusal to act by officers, agencies or instrumentalities of the United States, the provisions set forth in paragraph (a) of this Article (other than the provisions of subparagraph (a)(4)) shall apply.

- (c) The United States may initiate dispute resolution under paragraph (a) in the same manner as other parties to this Compact.
- (d) Any signatory party who is affected by any action of the Commission, other than the adoption or enforcement of or compliance with the allocation formula, may file a complaint before the ACF Basin Commission seeking to enforce any provision of this Compact.
- (1) The Commission shall refer the dispute to an independent hearing officer or mediator, to conduct a hearing or mediation of the dispute. If the parties are unable to settle their dispute through mediation, a hearing shall be held by the Commission or its designated hearing officer.

 Following a hearing conducted by a hearing officer, the hearing officer shall submit a report to the Commission setting forth findings of fact and conclusions of law, and making recommendations to the Commission for the resolution of the dispute.
- (2) The Commission may adopt or modify the recommendations of the hearing officer within 60 days of submittal of the report. If the Commission is unable to reach unanimous agreement on the resolution of the dispute within 60 days of submittal of the report with the concurrence of the Federal Commissioner in disputes involving or affecting federal interests, the affected party may file an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this Compact. The hearing officer's report shall be of no

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and persuasion.

force and effect and shall not be admissible as evidence in 2 any further proceedings. 3 (e) All actions under this Article shall be subject to 4 the following provisions: 5 (1) The Commission shall adopt guidelines and 6 procedures for the appointment of hearing officers or 7 independent mediators to conduct all hearings and mediations required under this Article. The hearing officer or mediator 8 9 appointed under this Article shall be compensated by the 10 Commission. (2) All hearings or mediations conducted under this 11 article may be conducted utilizing the Federal Administrative 12 13 Procedures Act, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and the Federal Rules of Evidence. The Commission may also choose to 14 15 adopt some or all of its own procedural and evidentiary rules for the conduct of hearings or mediations under this Compact. 16 17 (3) Any action brought under this Article shall be 18 limited to equitable relief only. This Compact shall not give 19 rise to a cause of action for money damages. (4) Any signatory party bringing an action before the 20 21 Commission under this Article shall have the burdens of proof

ARTICLE XIV

ENFORCEMENT

The Commission may, upon unanimous decision, bring an action against any person to enforce any provision of this Compact, other than the adoption or enforcement of or compliance with the allocation formula, in any court of competent jurisdiction.

ARTICLE XV

IMPACTS ON OTHER STREAM SYSTEMS

1 This Compact shall not be construed as establishing any 2 general principle or precedent applicable to any other 3 interstate streams. 4 ARTICLE XVI 5 IMPACT OF COMPACT ON USE OF WATER 6 WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE COMPACTING STATES 7 The provisions of this Compact shall not interfere with 8 the right or power of any state to regulate the use and 9 control of water within the boundaries of the state, providing such state action is not inconsistent with the allocation 10 formula. 11 12 ARTICLE XVII 13 AGREEMENT REGARDING WATER QUALITY (a) The States of Alabama, Florida, and Georgia 14 15 mutually agree to the principle of individual State efforts to 16 control man-made water pollution from sources located and 17 operating within each State and to the continuing support of 18 each State in active water pollution control programs. 19 (b) The States of Alabama, Florida, and Georgia agree 20 to cooperate, through their appropriate State agencies, in the 21 investigation, abatement, and control of sources of alleged 22 interstate pollution within the ACF River Basin whenever such 23 sources are called to their attention by the Commission. (c) The States of Alabama, Florida, and Georgia agree 24 25 to cooperate in maintaining the quality of the waters of the 26 ACF River Basin. 27 (d) The States of Alabama, Florida, and Georgia agree 28 that no State may require another state to provide water for 29 the purpose of water quality control as a substitute for or in 30 lieu of adequate waste treatment.

EFFECT OF OVER OR UNDER DELIVERIES UNDER THE COMPACT

No state shall acquire any right or expectation to the use of water because of any other state's failure to use the full amount of water allocated to it under this Compact.

ARTICLE XIX

SEVERABILITY

If any portion of this Compact is held invalid for any reason, the remaining portions, to the fullest extent possible, shall be severed from the void portion and given the fullest possible force, effect, and application.

ARTICLE XX

NOTICE AND FORMS OF SIGNATURE

Notice of ratification of this Compact by the legislature of each state shall promptly be given by the Governor of the ratifying state to the Governors of the other participating states. When all three state legislatures have ratified the Compact, notice of their mutual ratification shall be forwarded to the Congressional delegation of the signatory states for submission to the Congress of the United States for ratification. When the Compact is ratified by the Congress of the United States, the President, upon signing the federal ratification legislation, shall promptly notify the Governors of the participating states and appoint the Federal Commissioner. The Compact shall be signed by all four Commissioners as their first order of business at their first meeting and shall be filed of record in the party states.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a

law.